20105088D HOUSE BILL NO. 977 1 2 Offered January 8, 2020 3 Prefiled January 7, 2020 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-3833, 58.1-3834, and 58.1-3842 of the Code of Virginia, relating 5 to food and beverage tax; removal of referendum requirement. 6 Patron—Krizek 7 8 Referred to Committee on Finance 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 58.1-3833, 58.1-3834, and 58.1-3842 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted 11 12 as follows: 13 § 58.1-3833. County food and beverage tax. 14 A. 1. Any county is hereby authorized to levy a tax on food and beverages sold, for human 15 consumption, by a restaurant, as such term is defined in § 35.1-1, not to exceed four percent of the 16 amount charged for such food and beverages. Such tax shall not be levied on food and beverages sold through vending machines or by (i) boardinghouses that do not accommodate transients; (ii) cafeterias 17 operated by industrial plants for employees only; (iii) restaurants to their employees as part of their 18 compensation when no charge is made to the employee; (iv) volunteer fire departments and volunteer 19 emergency medical services agencies; nonprofit churches or other religious bodies; or educational, 20 21 charitable, fraternal, or benevolent organizations the first three times per calendar year and, beginning with the fourth time, on the first \$100,000 of gross receipts per calendar year from sales of food and 22 23 beverages (excluding gross receipts from the first three times), as a fundraising activity, the gross 24 proceeds of which are to be used by such church, religious body or organization exclusively for 25 nonprofit educational, charitable, benevolent, or religious purposes; (v) churches that serve meals for their members as a regular part of their religious observances; (vi) public or private elementary or 26 27 secondary schools or institutions of higher education to their students or employees; (vii) hospitals, 28 medical clinics, convalescent homes, nursing homes, or other extended care facilities to patients or 29 residents thereof; (viii) day care centers; (ix) homes for the aged, infirm, handicapped, battered women, 30 narcotic addicts, or alcoholics; or (x) age-restricted apartment complexes or residences with restaurants, 31 not open to the public, where meals are served and fees are charged for such food and beverages and are included in rental fees. Also, the tax shall not be levied on food and beverages: (a) when used or 32 33 consumed and paid for by the Commonwealth, any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or the 34 United States; or (b) provided by a public or private nonprofit charitable organization or establishment 35 to elderly, infirm, blind, handicapped, or needy persons in their homes, or at central locations; or (c) 36 provided by private establishments that contract with the appropriate agency of the Commonwealth to 37 offer food, food products, or beverages for immediate consumption at concession prices to elderly, 38 infirm, blind, handicapped, or needy persons in their homes or at central locations. 39 2. Grocery stores and convenience stores selling prepared foods ready for human consumption at a 40

41 selling such items. 3. This tax shall be levied only if the tax is approved in a referendum within the county which shall 42 43 be held in accordance with §-24.2-684 and initiated either by a resolution of the board of supervisors or on the filing of a petition signed by a number of registered voters of the county equal in number to 10 44 percent of the number of voters registered in the county, as appropriate on January 1 of the year in 45 which the petition is filed with the court of such county. However, no referendum initiated by a 46 47 resolution of the board of supervisors shall be authorized in a county in the three calendar years subsequent to the electoral defeat of any referendum held pursuant to this section in such county. The **48** 49 elerk of the circuit court shall publish notice of the election in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for three consecutive weeks prior to the election. If the voters affirm the levy of a 50 51 local meals tax, the tax shall be effective in an amount and on such terms as the governing body may 52 by ordinance prescribe. If such resolution of the board of supervisors or such petition states for what 53 projects and/or purposes the revenues collected from the tax are to be used, then the question on the ballot for the referendum shall include language stating for what projects and/or purposes the revenues 54

55 collected from the tax are to be used. 4. Any referendum held for the purpose of approving a county food and beverage tax pursuant to 56 this section shall, in the language of the ballot question presented to voters, contain the following text in 57 58 a paragraph unto itself: "If this food and beverage tax is adopted and a maximum tax rate of four

delicatessen counter shall be subject to the tax, for that portion of the grocery store or convenience store

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59 percent is imposed, then the total tax imposed on all prepared food and beverage shall be ..." followed 60 by the total, expressed as a percentage, of all existing ad valorem taxes applicable to the transaction 61 added to the four percent county food and beverage tax to be approved by the referendum.

5. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a county that has not imposed a county
food and beverage tax adopts an ordinance or resolution pursuant to subdivision 1 of § 15.2-2607
providing for the payment of the principal and premium, if any, and interest on bonds issued in
accordance with the Public Finance Act (§ 15.2-2600 et seq.) from revenue collected from a county
food and beverage tax, then the ballot may provide, as a single question:

67 a. The purpose or purposes of the bonds to be issued;

b. The estimated maximum amount of such bonds proposed in the notice required in subsection A of § 15.2-2606;

c. The request for approval by the voters of a county food and beverage tax authorized and levied in
 accordance with subdivision 3;

d. The language required to be included in the ballot question as set forth in subdivision 4; and

e. An explanation that the bonds shall be issued only if the county food and beverage tax is
 approved in the referendum.

75 Any referendum placed on the ballot pursuant to this subdivision 5 shall be submitted according to 76 the procedures specified in § 24.2-684.

The term B. For the purposes of this section, "beverage" as set forth herein shall mean means
alcoholic beverages as defined in § 4.1-100 and nonalcoholic beverages served as part of a meal. The
tax shall be in addition to the sales tax currently imposed by the county pursuant to the authority of
Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.). Collection of such tax shall be in a manner prescribed by the governing
body.

82 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, Roanoke County, Rockbridge County, Frederick 83 County, Arlington County, and Montgomery County are hereby authorized to levy a tax on food and beverages sold for human consumption by a restaurant, as such term is defined in §-35.1-1 and as 84 85 modified in subsection A and subject to the same exemptions, not to exceed four percent of the amount charged for such food and beverages, provided that the governing body of the respective county holds a 86 87 public hearing before adopting a local food and beverage tax, and the governing body by unanimous 88 vote adopts such tax by local ordinance. The tax shall be effective in an amount and on such terms as 89 the governing body may by ordinance prescribe.

C. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county, city or town to levy a meals tax. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to § 58.1-3711 shall apply to any tax levied under this section, mutatis mutandis. All food and beverage tax collections and all meals tax collections shall be deemed to be held in trust for the county, city or town imposing the applicable tax. The wrongful and fraudulent use of such collections other than remittance of the same as provided by law shall constitute embezzlement pursuant to § 18.2-111.

96 D. No county which has heretofore adopted an ordinance pursuant to subsection A shall be required
 97 to submit an amendment to its meals tax ordinance to the voters in a referendum.

98 E_{τ} D. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no locality shall levy any tax under this 99 section upon (i) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a discretionary gratuity in addition 100 to the sales price; (ii) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a mandatory gratuity or 101 service charge added by the restaurant in addition to the sales price, but only to the extent that such 102 mandatory gratuity or service charge does not exceed 20 percent of the sales price; or (iii) alcoholic beverages sold in factory sealed containers and purchased for off-premises consumption or food 103 purchased for human consumption as "food" is defined in the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. § 2012, as amended, and federal regulations adopted pursuant to that act, except for the following items: 104 105 sandwiches, salad bar items sold from a salad bar, prepackaged single-serving salads consisting primarily 106 107 of an assortment of vegetables, and nonfactory sealed beverages.

§ 58.1-3834. Apportionment of food and beverage or meals tax.

In any case where a business is located partially within two or more local jurisdictions by reason of the boundary line between the local jurisdictions passing through such place of business, and one or more of the local jurisdictions imposes the food and beverage or meals tax, the tax rate shall be computed by applying the apportionment formula in § 58.1-3709 to the food and beverage or meals tax rate of each applicable local jurisdiction. Such apportioned rate shall be rounded to the nearest one-half percent; provided, the total tax rate shall not exceed the rate authorized in § 58.1-3833.

§ 58.1-3842. Combined transient occupancy and food and beverage tax.

A. Rappahannock County and Madison County, by duly adopted ordinance, are hereby authorized to levy a tax on occupancy in a bed and breakfast establishment on which the county is authorized to levy a transient occupancy tax under § 58.1-3819 and on food and beverages sold for human consumption within such establishment on which the county is authorized to levy a food and beverage tax under § 58.1-3833, when the charges for the occupancy of the room or space and for the sale of food and

121 beverages are assessed in the aggregate and not separately stated. Such tax shall not exceed four percent 122 of the total amount charged for the occupancy of the room or space occupied and for the food and 123 beverages. Such tax shall be in such amount and on such terms as the governing body may, by 124 ordinance, prescribe. The tax shall be in addition to the sales tax currently imposed by the county 125 pursuant to the authority of Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.). Collection of such tax shall be in a manner 126 prescribed by the governing body. All taxes collected under the authority of this article shall be deemed 127 to be held in trust for the county imposing the tax.

B. If a bed and breakfast establishment separately states charges for the occupancy of the room or space and for the sale of food and beverages, a transient occupancy tax levied under § 58.1-3819 and a food and beverage tax levied under § 58.1-3833 shall apply to such separately stated charges, as applicable.

132 C. Any tax imposed pursuant to this article shall not apply within the limits of any town located in
133 such county, where such town now, or hereafter, imposes a town meals tax or a town transient
134 occupancy tax on the same subject. If the governing body of any town within a county, however,
135 provides that a county tax authorized by this article shall apply within the limits of such town, then such
136 tax may be imposed within such towns.

D. This tax shall be levied only if a food and beverage tax has been approved in a referendum within the county as provided by subsection A of § 58.1-3833. No county in which the levy of a food and beverage tax has been approved in a referendum pursuant to subsection A of § 58.1-3833 shall be required to submit an amendment to its meals tax ordinance or a further question to the voters in a referendum prior to adopting an ordinance adopting or amending the tax authorized by this article.

142 E. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county to levy a 143 food and beverage tax or a transient occupancy tax.