2020 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 791

Offered January 7, 2020

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 32.1-45.4 and 54.1-3466 of the Code of Virginia, and to repeal the third enactment of Chapter 183 of the Acts of Assembly of 2017, relating to comprehensive harm reduction programs.

Patrons-Plum, Adams, D.M., Carr, Rasoul and Samirah

Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

That §§ 32.1-45.4 and 54.1-3466 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
 § 32.1-45.4. (Expires July 1, 2020) Comprehensive harm reduction programs.

13 A. The Commissioner, the director of a local department of health, or any other organization that 14 promotes scientifically proven methods of mitigating health risks associated with drug use and other 15 high-risk behaviors may establish and operate local or regional comprehensive harm reduction programs during a declared public health emergency that include the provision of sterile hypodermic needles and 16 syringes and disposal of used hypodermic needles and syringes. The objectives of such programs shall 17 be to (i) reduce the spread of HIV, viral hepatitis, and other blood-borne diseases in Virginia the 18 Commonwealth; (ii) reduce the transmission of blood-borne diseases through needlestick injuries to 19 20 law-enforcement and other emergency personnel; and (iii) provide information to individuals who inject drugs regarding addiction recovery treatment services and encourage such individuals to participate in 21 22 evidence-based substance use treatment programs; (iv) prevent opioid overdose deaths through distribution of naloxone or other opioid antagonists; and (v) incentivize the safe return and disposal of 23 24 hypodermic needles and syringes. Such programs shall be located in communities where data indicate, in 25 accordance with criteria established pursuant to subsection B, a risk of transmission of, or increases in 26 the transmission of, HIV, viral hepatitis, or other blood borne disease as a result of injection drug use. 27 Such Comprehensive harm reduction programs established by the Commissioner pursuant to this section 28 shall be operated by local health departments or affiliated organizations with which the Department 29 contracts.

30 B. The Department shall establish criteria to determine the level of risk and the level of readiness for 31 comprehensive harm reduction of a community. Such criteria shall address the extent to which unsafe 32 injection of drugs is occurring, socioeconomic factors, and readiness for comprehensive harm reduction 33 and shall utilize data that address, at a minimum, (i) HIV and hepatitis disease morbidity, (ii) drug overdose deaths, (iii) poverty level, (iv) unemployment rate, (v) prescription opioid volume, (vi) potential to provide medication-assisted treatment, (vii) prevalence of treatment for drug overdose, (viii) 34 35 emergency medical services utilization for drug overdose, (ix) administration of naloxone, (x) 36 37 substance-use disorder admissions to behavioral health facilities, (xi) arrests for drug possession or sales 38 or other drug related crime, (xii) the support of the local governing body, (xiii) the support of law 39 enforcement, (xiv) the existence of a local entity with programmatic administrative capacity, and (xv) 40 access to health care and behavioral health care services.

41 C. Comprehensive A comprehensive harm reduction programs program established pursuant to this section shall be administered pursuant to standards and protocols established by the Commissioner after 42 the declaration of a public health emergency and approved by the Secretary of Health and Human 43 Resources and the Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security. Such standards and protocols shall 44 address include (i) the disposal of used hypodermic needles and syringes; (ii) the provision of 45 hypodermic needles and syringes and other injection supplies at no cost and in quantities sufficient to 46 47 ensure that needles, hypodermic syringes, and other injection supplies are not shared or reused; (iii) reasonable and adequate security of program sites, equipment, and personnel; (iv) the provision of 48 49 educational materials concerning (a) substance use disorder prevention, (b) overdose prevention, (c) the 50 prevention of transmission of HIV, viral hepatitis, and other blood-borne diseases, (d) available mental 51 health treatment options, including referrals for mental health treatment, and (e) available substance use 52 disorder treatment options, which shall include options for medication assisted treatment of substance 53 use disorder, including referrals for treatment; (v) access to overdose prevention kits that contain naloxone or other opioid antagonist approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for opioid 54 overdose reversal; (vi) individual harm reduction counseling, including individual consultations 55 regarding appropriate mental health or substance use disorder treatment; and (vii) verification that a 56 hypodermic needle or syringe or other injection supplies were obtained from a comprehensive harm 57 reduction program established pursuant to this section. 58

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59 C. The director of a local health department or representative of any other organization that wishes to establish a comprehensive harm reduction program pursuant to this section shall notify the Department, in a manner and form specified by the Department, of his intent to establish a 60 61 62 comprehensive harm reduction program. Such notice shall include (i) the name of the local health 63 department or organization that will operate the comprehensive harm reduction program, (ii) a 64 description of the geographic area and population to be served by the comprehensive harm reduction 65 program, and (iii) a description of the methods by which the comprehensive harm reduction program will comply with the requirements of subsection B, including a written security plan that provides for the 66 reasonable and adequate security of the comprehensive harm reduction program site, equipment, and 67 68 personnel.

D. The Commissioner may authorize persons who are not otherwise authorized by law to dispense or
 distribute Written security plans required pursuant to clause (iii) of subsection C shall be filed annually
 with each local law-enforcement agency serving the jurisdiction in which the comprehensive harm
 reduction program is located.

E. The provisions of §§ 18.2-250, 18.2-265.3, and 54.1-3466 shall not apply to a person who
 dispenses or distributes hypodermic needles and syringes to dispense or distribute hypodermic needles
 and syringes as part of a comprehensive harm reduction program during a declared public health
 emergency and in accordance with standards and protocols established pursuant to subsection C this
 section.

F. The provisions of §§ 18.2-250, 18.2-265.3, and 54.1-3466 relating to possession of a controlled substance, drug paraphernalia, and controlled paraphernalia shall not apply to such authorized persons who are acting in accordance with the standards and protocols of any person acting on behalf or for the benefit of a comprehensive harm reduction program for the duration of the declared public health emergency when such possession is incidental to the provision of services as part of a comprehensive harm reduction program to this section.

G. The provisions of §§ 18.2-250, 18.2-265.3, and 54.1-3466 relating to possession of a controlled 84 85 substance, drug paraphernalia, and controlled paraphernalia shall not apply to any person receiving services from a comprehensive harm reduction program established pursuant to this section, when (i) 86 87 such controlled substance is a residual amount contained in a used needle, used hypodermic syringe, or 88 used injection supplies obtained from or returned to a comprehensive harm reduction program 89 established pursuant to this section, or (ii) such paraphernalia is obtained from a comprehensive harm 90 reduction program established pursuant to this section, as evidenced by the verification required 91 pursuant to clause (vii) of subsection B.

92 H. Every local health department or other organization operating a comprehensive harm reduction 93 program pursuant to this section shall report annually by July 1 to the Department regarding, for the 94 previous calendar year, (i) the number of individuals served by the comprehensive harm reduction 95 program; (ii) the number of needles, hypodermic syringes, and other injection supplies distributed by the 96 comprehensive harm reduction program; (iii) the number of overdose prevention kits described in clause 97 (v) of subsection B distributed by the comprehensive harm reduction program; and (iv) the number and 98 type of referrals to mental health or substance use disorder treatment services provided to individuals 99 served by the comprehensive harm reduction program, including the number of individuals referred to 100 programs that provide naloxone or other opioid antagonists approved by the U.S. Food and Drug 101 Administration for opioid overdose reversal.

102 I. Except in the case of a comprehensive harm reduction program established by the Commissioner,
 103 no state funds shall be used to purchase needles or hypodermic syringes distributed by a comprehensive
 104 harm reduction program established pursuant to this section.

105 § 54.1-3466. Possession or distribution of controlled paraphernalia; definition of controlled 106 paraphernalia; evidence; exceptions.

107 A. For purposes of this chapter, "controlled paraphernalia" means (i) a hypodermic syringe, needle, 108 or other instrument or implement or combination thereof adapted for the administration of controlled 109 dangerous substances by hypodermic injections under circumstances that reasonably indicate an intention to use such controlled paraphernalia for purposes of illegally administering any controlled drug or (ii) 110 111 gelatin capsules, glassine envelopes, or any other container suitable for the packaging of individual quantities of controlled drugs in sufficient quantity to and under circumstances that reasonably indicate 112 113 an intention to use any such item for the illegal manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of any such controlled drug. Evidence of such circumstances shall include, but not be limited to, close proximity of 114 115 any such controlled paraphernalia to any adulterants or equipment commonly used in the illegal manufacture and distribution of controlled drugs including, but not limited to, scales, sieves, strainers, 116 measuring spoons, staples and staplers, or procaine hydrochloride, mannitol, lactose, quinine, or any 117 controlled drug, or any machine, equipment, instrument, implement, device, or combination thereof that 118 119 is adapted for the production of controlled drugs under circumstances that reasonably indicate an intention to use such item or combination thereof to produce, sell, or dispense any controlled drug in 120

violation of the provisions of this chapter. "Controlled paraphernalia" does not include narcotic testingproducts used to determine whether a controlled substance contains fentanyl or a fentanyl analog.

123 B. Except as authorized in this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to possess controlled 124 paraphernalia.

125 C. Except as authorized in this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to distribute controlled 126 paraphernalia.

D. A violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

128 E. The provisions of this section shall not apply to persons who have acquired possession and control 129 of controlled paraphernalia in accordance with the provisions of this article or to any person who owns 130 or is engaged in breeding or raising livestock, poultry, or other animals to which hypodermic injections 131 are customarily given in the interest of health, safety, or good husbandry; or to hospitals, physicians, 132 pharmacists, dentists, podiatrists, veterinarians, funeral directors and embalmers, persons to whom a permit has been issued, manufacturers, wholesalers, or their authorized agents or employees when in the 133 134 usual course of their business, if the controlled paraphernalia lawfully obtained continue to be used for 135 the legitimate purposes for which they were obtained.

F. The provisions of this section and of § 18.2-265.3 shall not apply to (i) a person who dispenses naloxone in accordance with the provisions of subsection Y of § 54.1-3408 and who, in conjunction with such dispensing of naloxone, dispenses or distributes hypodermic needles and syringes for injecting such naloxone or (ii) a person who possesses naloxone that has been dispensed in accordance with the provisions of subsection Y of § 54.1-3408 and possesses hypodermic needles and syringes for injecting such naloxone in conjunction with such possession of naloxone.

G. The provisions of this section and of § 18.2-265.3 shall not apply to (i) a person who possesses
or distributes controlled paraphernalia on behalf of or for the benefit of a comprehensive harm
reduction program established pursuant to § 32.1-45.4 or (ii) a person who possesses controlled
paraphernalia obtained from a comprehensive harm reduction program established pursuant to §

146 *32.1-45.4*.

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147 2. That the third enactment of Chapter 183 of the Acts of Assembly of 2017 is repealed.

148 3. That an emergency exists and this act is in force from its passage.

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