

20108384D

HOUSE BILL NO. 785

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations
on February 19, 2020)

(Patrons Prior to Substitute—Delegates Watts and Krizek [HB 977])

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-3818, 58.1-3819, 58.1-3823, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, 58.1-3825.3, 58.1-3830, 58.1-3833, and 58.1-3842 of the Code of Virginia and to repeal §§ 58.1-3818.01, 58.1-3818.03, 58.1-3818.04, 58.1-3820, 58.1-3821, and 58.1-3831, relating to local taxing authority.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 58.1-3818, 58.1-3819, 58.1-3823, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, 58.1-3825.3, 58.1-3830, 58.1-3833, and 58.1-3842 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 58.1-3818. Admissions tax in counties.

A. Fairfax, Arlington, Dinwiddie, Prince George and Brunswick Counties are Any county, except for James City and York counties, is hereby authorized to levy a tax on admissions charged for attendance at any event. The tax shall not exceed 10 percent of the amount of charge for admission to any such event. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the governing bodies of such counties shall prescribe by ordinance the terms, conditions, and amount of such tax and may classify between events conducted for charitable purposes and those events conducted for noncharitable purposes.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, Culpeper County and New Kent County are hereby authorized to levy a tax on admissions charged for attendance at any event as set forth in subsection A.

C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, Charlotte County, Clarke County, Madison County, Nelson County, and Sussex County are hereby authorized to levy a tax on admissions charged for attendance at any spectator event; however, a tax shall not be levied on admissions charged to participants in order to participate in any event. The tax shall not exceed 10 percent of the amount of charge for admission to any event. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the governing body of such county shall prescribe by ordinance the terms, conditions and amount of such tax and may classify between the events as set forth in § 58.1-3817.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A, B and C subsection A, localities may, by ordinance, elect not to levy an admissions tax on admission to an event, provided that the purpose of the event is solely to raise money for charitable purposes and that the net proceeds derived from the event will be transferred to an entity or entities that are exempt from sales and use tax pursuant to § 58.1-609.11.

§ 58.1-3819. Transient occupancy tax.

A. 1. Any county, by duly adopted ordinance, may levy a transient occupancy tax on hotels, motels, boarding houses, travel campgrounds, and other facilities offering guest rooms rented out for continuous occupancy for fewer than 30 consecutive days. Such tax shall be in such amount and on such terms as the governing body may, by ordinance, prescribe. Such tax shall not exceed two five percent of the amount of charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied; however, Accomack County, Albemarle County, Alleghany County, Amherst County, Augusta County, Bedford County, Bland County, Botetourt County, Brunswick County, Campbell County, Caroline County, Carroll County, Craig County, Cumberland County, Dickenson County, Dinwiddie County, Floyd County, Franklin County, Frederick County, Giles County, Gloucester County, Goochland County, Grayson County, Greene County, Greensville County, Halifax County, Highland County, Isle of Wight County, James City County, King George County, Loudoun County, Madison County, Mecklenburg County, Montgomery County, Nelson County, Northampton County, Page County, Patrick County, Powhatan County, Prince Edward County, Prince George County, Prince William County, Pulaski County, Rockbridge County, Rockingham County, Russell County, Smyth County, Spotsylvania County, Stafford County, Tazewell County, Warren County, Washington County, Wise County, Wythe County, and York County may levy a transient occupancy tax not to exceed five percent, and.

2. Unless otherwise provided in this article, any county that imposes a transient occupancy tax at a rate greater than two percent shall, by ordinance, provide that (i) any excess from a rate over two percent shall be designated and spent solely for such purpose as was authorized under this article prior to January 1, 2020, or (ii) if clause (i) is inapplicable, any excess from a rate over two percent shall be designated and spent solely for tourism and travel, marketing of tourism or initiatives that, as determined after consultation with the local tourism industry organizations, including representatives of lodging properties located in the county, attract travelers to the locality, increase occupancy at lodging

60 properties, and generate tourism revenues in the locality. If any locality has enacted an additional
61 transient occupancy tax pursuant to subsection C of § 58.1-3823, then the governing body of the locality
62 shall be deemed to have complied with the requirement that it consult with local tourism industry
63 organizations, including lodging properties. If there are no local tourism industry organizations in the
64 locality, the governing body shall hold a public hearing prior to making any determination relating to
65 how to attract travelers to the locality and generate tourism revenues in the locality.

66 B. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied
67 by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days in hotels, motels, boarding
68 houses, travel campgrounds, and other facilities offering guest rooms. In addition, that portion of any tax
69 imposed hereunder in excess of two percent shall not apply to travel campgrounds in Stafford County.

70 C. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county, city or town
71 to levy such a transient occupancy tax. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to § 58.1-3711 shall
72 apply to any tax levied under this section, mutatis mutandis.

73 D. Any county, city or town that requires local hotel and motel businesses, or any class thereof, to
74 collect, account for and remit to such locality a local tax imposed on the consumer may allow such
75 businesses a commission for such service in the form of a deduction from the tax remitted. Such
76 commission shall be provided for by ordinance, which shall set the rate thereof at no less than three
77 percent and not to exceed five percent of the amount of tax due and accounted for. No commission shall
78 be allowed if the amount due was delinquent.

79 E. All transient occupancy tax collections shall be deemed to be held in trust for the county, city or
80 town imposing the tax.

81 **§ 58.1-3823. (For contingent expiration date, see Acts 2018, c. 850) Additional transient**
82 **occupancy tax for certain counties.**

83 A. In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ ~~58.1-3819 through~~
84 ~~58.1-3821~~, Hanover County, Chesterfield County, and Henrico County may impose:

85 1. An additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed four percent of the amount of the charge for
86 the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or
87 spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or
88 more days. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for promoting
89 tourism, travel or business that generates tourism or travel in the Richmond metropolitan area; and

90 2. An additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed two percent of the amount of the charge for
91 the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or
92 spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or
93 more days. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for expanding
94 the Richmond Centre, a convention and exhibition facility in the City of Richmond.

95 3. An additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed one percent of the amount of the charge for
96 the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or
97 spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or group of individuals for 30 or more
98 days. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for the development
99 and improvement of the Virginia Performing Arts Foundation's facilities in Richmond, for promoting the
100 use of the Richmond Centre and for promoting tourism, travel or business that generates tourism and
101 travel in the Richmond metropolitan area.

102 B. ~~In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through~~
103 ~~58.1-3821~~, any Any county with the county manager plan of government may impose an additional
104 transient occupancy tax not to exceed two percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any
105 room or space occupied, provided the county's governing body approves the construction of a county
106 conference center. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and
107 continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days. The
108 revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for the design, construction,
109 debt payment, and operation of such conference center.

110 C. ~~In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through~~
111 ~~58.1-3821~~, the The Counties of James City and York may impose an additional transient occupancy tax
112 not to exceed \$2 per room per night for the occupancy of any overnight guest room. The tax imposed
113 by this subsection shall not apply to travel campground sites or to rooms or spaces rented and
114 continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days. Of the
115 revenues generated by the tax authorized by this subsection, one-half of the revenues generated from
116 each night of occupancy of an overnight guest room shall be deposited into the Historic Triangle
117 Marketing Fund, created pursuant to subdivision E 1 of § 58.1-603.2, and one-half of the revenues shall
118 be retained by the locality in which the tax is imposed.

119 D. ~~In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through~~
120 ~~58.1-3822~~, Bedford County may impose an additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed two percent
121 of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed

hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days.

The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent solely for tourism and travel; marketing of tourism; or initiatives that, as determined after consultation with local tourism industry organizations, including representatives of lodging properties located in the county, attract travelers to the locality, increase occupancy at lodging properties, and generate tourism revenues in the locality.

E. ~~In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through 58.1-3822,~~ Botetourt County may impose an additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed two percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days.

The revenue generated and collected from the two percent tax rate increase shall be designated and expended solely for advertising the Roanoke metropolitan area as an overnight tourist destination by members of the Roanoke Valley Convention and Visitors Bureau. For purposes of this subsection, "advertising the Roanoke metropolitan area as an overnight tourism destination" means advertising that is intended to attract visitors from a sufficient distance so as to require an overnight stay.

F. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to § 58.1-3711 shall apply to any tax levied under this section, mutatis mutandis.

G. *The authority to impose a tax pursuant to this section shall be in addition to the authority provided by the provisions of § 58.1-3819.*

§ 58.1-3823. (For contingent effective date, see Acts 2018, c. 850) Additional transient occupancy tax for certain counties.

A. ~~In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through 58.1-3821,~~ Hanover County, Chesterfield County and Henrico County may impose:

1. An additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed four percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for promoting tourism, travel or business that generates tourism or travel in the Richmond metropolitan area; and

2. An additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed two percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for expanding the Richmond Centre, a convention and exhibition facility in the City of Richmond.

3. An additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed one percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or group of individuals for 30 or more days. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for the development and improvement of the Virginia Performing Arts Foundation's facilities in Richmond, for promoting the use of the Richmond Centre and for promoting tourism, travel or business that generates tourism and travel in the Richmond metropolitan area.

B. ~~In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through 58.1-3821,~~ any Any county with the county manager plan of government may impose an additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed two percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied, provided the county's governing body approves the construction of a county conference center. The tax imposed hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for the design, construction, debt payment, and operation of such conference center.

C. 1. ~~In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through 58.1-3821,~~ the The Counties of James City and York may impose an additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed \$2 per room per night for the occupancy of any overnight guest room. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and expended solely for advertising the Historic Triangle area, which includes all of the City of Williamsburg and the Counties of James City and York, as an overnight tourism destination by the members of the Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee of the Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance. The tax imposed by this subsection shall not apply to travel campground sites or to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual or same group of individuals for 30 or more days.

2. The Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee shall consist of the members as provided herein. The governing bodies of the City of Williamsburg, the County of James City, and the

183 County of York shall each designate one of their members to serve as members of the Williamsburg
184 Area Destination Marketing Committee. These three members of the Committee shall have two votes
185 apiece. In no case shall a person who is a member of the Committee by virtue of the designation of a
186 local governing body be eligible to be selected a member of the Committee pursuant to subdivision a.

187 a. Further, one member of the Committee shall be selected by the Board of Directors of the
188 Williamsburg Hotel and Motel Association; one member of the Committee shall be from The Colonial
189 Williamsburg Foundation and shall be selected by the Foundation; one member of the Committee shall
190 be an employee of Busch Gardens Europe/Water Country USA and shall be selected by Busch Gardens
191 Europe/Water Country USA; one member of the Committee shall be from the Jamestown-Yorktown
192 Foundation and shall be selected by the Foundation; one member of the Committee shall be selected by
193 the Executive Committee of the Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance; and one member
194 of the Committee shall be the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Virginia Tourism Authority
195 who shall serve ex officio. Each of these six members of the Committee shall have one vote apiece. The
196 President of the Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance shall serve ex officio with
197 nonvoting privileges unless chosen by the Executive Committee of the Greater Williamsburg Chamber
198 and Tourism Alliance to serve as its voting representative. The Executive Director of the Williamsburg
199 Hotel and Motel Association shall serve ex officio with nonvoting privileges unless chosen by the Board
200 of Directors of the Williamsburg Hotel and Motel Association to serve as its voting representative.

201 In no case shall more than one person of the same local government, including the governing body
202 of the locality, serve as a member of the Committee at the same time.

203 If at any time a person who has been selected to the Committee by other than a local governing
204 body becomes or is (a) a member of the local governing body of the City of Williamsburg, the County
205 of James City, or the County of York, or (b) an employee of one of such local governments, the person
206 shall be ineligible to serve as a member of the Committee while a member of the local governing body
207 or an employee of one of such local governments. In such case, the body that selected the person to
208 serve as a member of the Commission shall promptly select another person to serve as a member of the
209 Committee.

210 3. The Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee shall maintain all authorities granted by
211 this section. The Greater Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance shall serve as the fiscal agent for
212 the Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee with specific responsibilities to be defined in a
213 contract between such two entities. The contract shall include provisions to reimburse the Greater
214 Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance for annual audits and any other agreed-upon expenditures.
215 The Williamsburg Area Destination Marketing Committee shall also contract with the Greater
216 Williamsburg Chamber and Tourism Alliance to provide administrative support services as the entities
217 shall mutually agree.

218 4. The provisions in subdivision 2 relating to the composition and voting powers of the Williamsburg
219 Area Destination Marketing Committee shall be a condition of the authority to impose the tax provided
220 herein.

221 For purposes of this subsection, "advertising the Historic Triangle area" as an overnight tourism
222 destination means advertising that is intended to attract visitors from a sufficient distance so as to
223 require an overnight stay of at least one night.

224 D. ~~In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through~~
225 ~~58.1-3822~~, Bedford County may impose an additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed two percent
226 of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed
227 hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual
228 or same group of individuals for 30 or more days.

229 The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent solely for tourism and
230 travel; marketing of tourism; or initiatives that, as determined after consultation with local tourism
231 industry organizations, including representatives of lodging properties located in the county, attract
232 travelers to the locality, increase occupancy at lodging properties, and generate tourism revenues in the
233 locality.

234 E. ~~In addition to such transient occupancy taxes as are authorized by §§ 58.1-3819 through~~
235 ~~58.1-3822~~, Botetourt County may impose an additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed two
236 percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The tax imposed
237 hereunder shall not apply to rooms or spaces rented and continuously occupied by the same individual
238 or same group of individuals for 30 or more days.

239 The revenue generated and collected from the two percent tax rate increase shall be designated and
240 expended solely for advertising the Roanoke metropolitan area as an overnight tourist destination by
241 members of the Roanoke Valley Convention and Visitors Bureau. For purposes of this subsection,
242 "advertising the Roanoke metropolitan area as an overnight tourism destination" means advertising that
243 is intended to attract visitors from a sufficient distance so as to require an overnight stay.

244 F. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to § 58.1-3711 shall apply to any tax levied under

this section, mutatis mutandis.

G. The authority to impose a tax pursuant to this section shall be in addition to the authority provided by the provisions of § 58.1-3819.

§ 58.1-3825.3. Additional transient occupancy tax in Arlington County.

In addition to ~~such the~~ transient occupancy taxes as are tax authorized by §§ § 58.1-3819 and ~~58.1-3820~~, beginning July 1, 2018, and ending July 1, 2021, Arlington County may impose an additional transient occupancy tax not to exceed one-fourth of one percent of the amount of the charge for the occupancy of any room or space occupied. The revenues collected from the additional tax shall be designated and spent for the purpose of promoting tourism and business travel in the county.

§ 58.1-3830. Local cigarette and liquid nicotine taxes authorized; use of dual die or stamp to evidence payment.

A. ~~No provision of Chapter 10 (§ 58.1-1000 et seq.) of this title shall be construed to deprive counties, cities, and towns of the right~~ Any county, city, or town is authorized to levy taxes upon the sale or use of cigarettes; ~~provided such county, city or town had such power prior to January 1, 1977.~~ The governing body of any county, city, or town which that levies a cigarette tax and permits the use of meter impressions or stamps to evidence its payment may authorize an officer of the county, city, or town or joint enforcement authority to enter into an arrangement with the Department of Taxation under which a tobacco wholesaler who so desires may use a dual die or stamp to evidence the payment of both the county, city, or town tax, and the state tax, and the Department is hereby authorized to enter into such an arrangement. The procedure under such an arrangement shall be such as may be agreed upon by and between the authorized county, city, town or joint enforcement authority officer and the Department.

B. Any county cigarette tax imposed shall not apply within the limits of any town located in such county where such town now, or hereafter, imposes a town cigarette tax. However, if the governing body of any such town shall provide that a county cigarette tax, as well as the town cigarette tax, shall apply within the limits of such town, then such cigarette tax may be imposed by the county within such town.

C. The maximum tax rate imposed by a locality on cigarettes pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be as follows:

1. If such locality is (i) a city or town that, on January 1, 2020, had in effect a rate not exceeding 2 cents per cigarette sold or (ii) a county, then the maximum rate shall be 2 cents per cigarette sold.

2. If such locality is a city or town that, on January 1, 2020, had in effect a rate exceeding 2 cents per cigarette sold, then the maximum rate shall be the rate in effect on January 1, 2020.

§ 58.1-3833. County food and beverage tax.

A. 1. Any county is hereby authorized to levy a tax on food and beverages sold, for human consumption, by a restaurant, as such term is defined in § 35.1-1, not to exceed ~~four~~ six percent of the amount charged for such food and beverages. Such tax shall not be levied on food and beverages sold through vending machines or by (i) boardinghouses that do not accommodate transients; (ii) cafeterias operated by industrial plants for employees only; (iii) restaurants to their employees as part of their compensation when no charge is made to the employee; (iv) volunteer fire departments and volunteer emergency medical services agencies; nonprofit churches or other religious bodies; or educational, charitable, fraternal, or benevolent organizations the first three times per calendar year and, beginning with the fourth time, on the first \$100,000 of gross receipts per calendar year from sales of food and beverages (excluding gross receipts from the first three times), as a fundraising activity, the gross proceeds of which are to be used by such church, religious body or organization exclusively for nonprofit educational, charitable, benevolent, or religious purposes; (v) churches that serve meals for their members as a regular part of their religious observances; (vi) public or private elementary or secondary schools or institutions of higher education to their students or employees; (vii) hospitals, medical clinics, convalescent homes, nursing homes, or other extended care facilities to patients or residents thereof; (viii) day care centers; (ix) homes for the aged, infirm, handicapped, battered women, narcotic addicts, or alcoholics; or (x) age-restricted apartment complexes or residences with restaurants, not open to the public, where meals are served and fees are charged for such food and beverages and are included in rental fees. Also, the tax shall not be levied on food and beverages: (a) when used or consumed and paid for by the Commonwealth, any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or the United States; ~~or~~ (b) provided by a public or private nonprofit charitable organization or establishment to elderly, infirm, blind, handicapped, or needy persons in their homes, or at central locations; or (c) provided by private establishments that contract with the appropriate agency of the Commonwealth to offer food, food products, or beverages for immediate consumption at concession prices to elderly, infirm, blind, handicapped, or needy persons in their homes or at central locations.

2. Grocery stores and convenience stores selling prepared foods ready for human consumption at a delicatessen counter shall be subject to the tax, for that portion of the grocery store or convenience store

306 selling such items.

307 3. This tax shall be levied only if the tax is approved in a referendum within the county which shall
308 be held in accordance with ~~§ 24.2-684~~ and initiated either by a resolution of the board of supervisors or
309 on the filing of a petition signed by a number of registered voters of the county equal in number to 10
310 percent of the number of voters registered in the county, as appropriate on January 1 of the year in
311 which the petition is filed with the court of such county. However, no referendum initiated by a
312 resolution of the board of supervisors shall be authorized in a county in the three calendar years
313 subsequent to the electoral defeat of any referendum held pursuant to this section in such county. The
314 clerk of the circuit court shall publish notice of the election in a newspaper of general circulation in the
315 county once a week for three consecutive weeks prior to the election. If the voters affirm the levy of a
316 local meals tax, the tax shall be effective in an amount and on such terms as the governing body may
317 by ordinance prescribe. If such resolution of the board of supervisors or such petition states for what
318 projects and/or purposes the revenues collected from the tax are to be used, then the question on the
319 ballot for the referendum shall include language stating for what projects and/or purposes the revenues
320 collected from the tax are to be used.

321 4. Any referendum held for the purpose of approving a county food and beverage tax pursuant to
322 this section shall, in the language of the ballot question presented to voters, contain the following text in
323 a paragraph unto itself: "If this food and beverage tax is adopted and a maximum tax rate of four
324 percent is imposed, then the total tax imposed on all prepared food and beverage shall be ..." followed
325 by the total, expressed as a percentage, of all existing ad valorem taxes applicable to the transaction
326 added to the four percent county food and beverage tax to be approved by the referendum.

327 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a county that has not imposed a county
328 food and beverage tax adopts an ordinance or resolution pursuant to subdivision 1 of ~~§ 15.2-2607~~
329 providing for the payment of the principal and premium, if any, and interest on bonds issued in
330 accordance with the Public Finance Act (~~§ 15.2-2600 et seq.~~) from revenue collected from a county food
331 and beverage tax, then the ballot may provide, as a single question:

332 a. The purpose or purposes of the bonds to be issued;

333 b. The estimated maximum amount of such bonds proposed in the notice required in subsection A of
334 ~~§ 15.2-2606~~;

335 c. The request for approval by the voters of a county food and beverage tax authorized and levied in
336 accordance with subdivision 3;

337 d. The language required to be included in the ballot question as set forth in subdivision 4; and

338 e. An explanation that the bonds shall be issued only if the county food and beverage tax is
339 approved in the referendum.

340 Any referendum placed on the ballot pursuant to this subdivision 5 shall be submitted according to
341 the procedures specified in ~~§ 24.2-684~~.

342 The term "beverage" as set forth herein shall mean alcoholic beverages as defined in ~~§ 4.1-100~~ and
343 nonalcoholic beverages served as part of a meal. The tax shall be in addition to the sales tax currently
344 imposed by the county pursuant to the authority of Chapter 6 (~~§ 58.1-600 et seq.~~). Collection of such tax
345 shall be in a manner prescribed by the governing body.

346 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, Roanoke County, Rockbridge County, Frederick
347 County, Arlington County, and Montgomery County are hereby authorized to levy a tax on food and
348 beverages sold for human consumption by a restaurant, as such term is defined in ~~§ 35.1-1~~ and as
349 modified in subsection A and subject to the same exemptions, not to exceed four percent of the amount
350 charged for such food and beverages, provided that the governing body of the respective county holds a
351 public hearing before adopting a local food and beverage tax, and the governing body by unanimous
352 vote adopts such tax by local ordinance. The tax shall be effective in an amount and on such terms as
353 the governing body may by ordinance prescribe.

354 C. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county, city or
355 town to levy a meals tax. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to ~~§ 58.1-3711~~ shall apply to any
356 tax levied under this section, mutatis mutandis. All food and beverage tax collections and all meals tax
357 collections shall be deemed to be held in trust for the county, city or town imposing the applicable tax.
358 The wrongful and fraudulent use of such collections other than remittance of the same as provided by
359 law shall constitute embezzlement pursuant to ~~§ 18.2-111~~.

360 D. No county which has heretofore adopted an ordinance pursuant to subsection A shall be required
361 to submit an amendment to its meals tax ordinance to the voters in a referendum.

362 E. C. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no locality shall levy any tax under this
363 section upon (i) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a discretionary gratuity in addition
364 to the sales price; (ii) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a mandatory gratuity or
365 service charge added by the restaurant in addition to the sales price, but only to the extent that such
366 mandatory gratuity or service charge does not exceed 20 percent of the sales price; or (iii) alcoholic
367 beverages sold in factory sealed containers and purchased for off-premises consumption or food

purchased for human consumption as "food" is defined in the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. § 2012, as amended, and federal regulations adopted pursuant to that act, except for the following items: sandwiches, salad bar items sold from a salad bar, prepackaged single-serving salads consisting primarily of an assortment of vegetables, and nonfactory sealed beverages.

§ 58.1-3842. Combined transient occupancy and food and beverage tax.

A. Rappahannock County and Madison County, by duly adopted ordinance, are hereby authorized to levy a tax on occupancy in a bed and breakfast establishment on which the county is authorized to levy a transient occupancy tax under § 58.1-3819 and on food and beverages sold for human consumption within such establishment on which the county is authorized to levy a food and beverage tax under § 58.1-3833, when the charges for the occupancy of the room or space and for the sale of food and beverages are assessed in the aggregate and not separately stated. Such tax shall not exceed ~~four~~ 11 percent of the total amount charged for the occupancy of the room or space occupied and for the food and beverages. Such tax shall be in such amount and on such terms as the governing body may, by ordinance, prescribe. The tax shall be in addition to the sales tax currently imposed by the county pursuant to the authority of Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.). Collection of such tax shall be in a manner prescribed by the governing body. All taxes collected under the authority of this article shall be deemed to be held in trust for the county imposing the tax.

B. If a bed and breakfast establishment separately states charges for the occupancy of the room or space and for the sale of food and beverages, a transient occupancy tax levied under § 58.1-3819 and a food and beverage tax levied under § 58.1-3833 shall apply to such separately stated charges, as applicable.

C. Any tax imposed pursuant to this article shall not apply within the limits of any town located in such county, where such town now, or hereafter, imposes a town meals tax or a town transient occupancy tax on the same subject. If the governing body of any town within a county, however, provides that a county tax authorized by this article shall apply within the limits of such town, then such tax may be imposed within such towns.

D. This tax shall be levied only if a food and beverage tax has been approved in a referendum within the county as provided by subsection A of § ~~58.1-3833~~. No county in which the levy of a food and beverage tax has been approved in a referendum pursuant to subsection A of § ~~58.1-3833~~ shall be required to submit an amendment to its meals tax ordinance or a further question to the voters in a referendum prior to adopting an ordinance adopting or amending the tax authorized by this article.

E. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county to levy a food and beverage tax or a transient occupancy tax.

2. That §§ 58.1-3818.01, 58.1-3818.03, 58.1-3818.04, 58.1-3820, 58.1-3821, and 58.1-3831 of the Code of Virginia are repealed.

3. That the provisions of the first and second enactments of this act shall become effective on July 1, 2021.

4. That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, any county in which a referendum was held on or after July 1, 2016, but before July 1, 2020, pursuant to § 58.1-3833 of the Code of Virginia as it existed prior to July 1, 2020, and in which such referendum was defeated shall not be authorized to impose a tax pursuant to § 58.1-3833 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, until July 1, 2022.

5. That the Division of Legislative Services (the Division) shall convene a work group of stakeholders to identify and make recommendations as to other amendments necessary, including repealing obsolete provisions and making technical amendments to existing provisions, to the Code of Virginia to effectuate the provisions of this act. The Division also shall identify the different legal authorities and requirements that apply to cities and counties that are not related to taxation, including those related to the provision of local services and related to sovereign immunity. The Division shall submit a summary of its recommendations and a draft of any recommended changes to the Chairmen of the House Committees on Appropriations and Finance and the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations no later than October 31, 2020.

6. That the Department of Taxation (the Department) shall convene a work group of stakeholders to identify and make recommendations for (i) modernizing the process for using stamps to certify that tax has been paid on cigarettes and (ii) unifying the stamping process so that it is administered solely by the Department of Taxation. The Department shall submit a summary of its recommendations, including any proposed amendments to the Code of Virginia, to the Chairmen of the House Committees on Appropriations and Finance and the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations no later than October 31, 2020.