INTRODUCED

HB469

20102680D **HOUSE BILL NO. 469** 1 2 Offered January 8, 2020 3 Prefiled January 3, 2020 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-609.10 and 58.1-611.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to sales 5 and use tax exemption for menstrual supplies. 6 Patron-Keam 7 8 Referred to Committee on Finance 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 58.1-609.10 and 58.1-611.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 11 12 follows: 13 § 58.1-609.10. Miscellaneous exemptions. 14 The tax imposed by this chapter or pursuant to the authority granted in §§ 58.1-605 and 58.1-606 15 shall not apply to the following: 1. Artificial or propane gas, firewood, coal or home heating oil used for domestic consumption. 16 "Domestic consumption" means the use of artificial or propane gas, firewood, coal or home heating oil 17 by an individual purchaser for other than business, commercial or industrial purposes. The Tax 18 Commissioner shall establish by regulation a system for use by dealers in classifying individual 19 20 purchases for domestic or nondomestic use based on the principal usage of such gas, wood, coal or oil. 21 Any person making a nondomestic purchase and paying the tax pursuant to this chapter who uses any portion of such purchase for domestic use may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth 22 23 day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for a refund of the tax paid on the 24 domestic use portion. 25 2. An occasional sale, as defined in § 58.1-602. A nonprofit organization that is eligible to be granted 26 an exemption on its purchases pursuant to  $\S$  58.1-609.11, and that is otherwise eligible for the exemption 27 pursuant to this subdivision, shall be exempt pursuant to this subdivision on its sales of (i) food, 28 prepared food and meals and (ii) tickets to events that include the provision of food, prepared food and 29 meals, so long as such sales take place on fewer than 24 occasions in a calendar year. 30 3. Tangible personal property for future use by a person for taxable lease or rental as an established 31 business or part of an established business, or incidental or germane to such business, including a 32 simultaneous purchase and taxable leaseback. 33 4. Delivery of tangible personal property outside the Commonwealth for use or consumption outside 34 of the Commonwealth. Delivery of goods destined for foreign export to a factor or export agent shall be 35 deemed to be delivery of goods for use or consumption outside of the Commonwealth. 36 5. Tangible personal property purchased with food coupons issued by the United States Department of Agriculture under the Food Stamp Program or drafts issued through the Virginia Special 37 38 Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children. 39 6. Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption in the performance of maintenance and repair services at Nuclear Regulatory Commission-licensed nuclear power plants located outside the 40 41 Commonwealth. 7. Beginning July 1, 1997, and ending July 1, 2006, a professional's provision of original, revised, 42 edited, reformatted or copied documents, including but not limited to documents stored on or transmitted 43 by electronic media, to its client or to third parties in the course of the professional's rendition of 44 45 services to its clientele. 46 8. School lunches sold and served to pupils and employees of schools and subsidized by government; 47 school textbooks sold by a local board or authorized agency thereof; and school textbooks sold for use by students attending a college or other institution of learning, when sold (i) by such institution of 48 49 learning or (ii) by any other dealer, when such textbooks have been certified by a department or 50 instructor of such institution of learning as required textbooks for students attending courses at such 51 institution. 52 9. Medicines, drugs, hypodermic syringes, artificial eyes, contact lenses, eyeglasses, eyeglass cases, 53 and contact lens storage containers when distributed free of charge, all solutions or sterilization kits or other devices applicable to the wearing or maintenance of contact lenses or eyeglasses when distributed 54 55 free of charge, and hearing aids dispensed by or sold on prescriptions or work orders of licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists, ophthalmologists, opticians, audiologists, hearing aid dealers and 56 fitters, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and veterinarians; controlled drugs purchased for use by 57 58 a licensed physician, optometrist, licensed nurse practitioner, or licensed physician assistant in his

59 professional practice, regardless of whether such practice is organized as a sole proprietorship, partnership, or professional corporation, or any other type of corporation in which the shareholders and 60 61 operators are all licensed physicians, optometrists, licensed nurse practitioners, or licensed physician 62 assistants engaged in the practice of medicine, optometry, or nursing; medicines and drugs purchased for 63 use or consumption by a licensed hospital, nursing home, clinic, or similar corporation not otherwise exempt under this section; and samples of prescription drugs and medicines and their packaging 64 65 distributed free of charge to authorized recipients in accordance with the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.A. § 301 et seq., as amended). With the exceptions of those medicines and 66 drugs used for agricultural production animals that are exempt to veterinarians under subdivision 1 of § 67 68 58.1-609.2, any veterinarian dispensing or selling medicines or drugs on prescription shall be deemed to 69 be the user or consumer of all such medicines and drugs.

70 10. Wheelchairs and parts therefor, braces, crutches, prosthetic devices, orthopedic appliances, 71 catheters, urinary accessories, other durable medical equipment and devices, and related parts and 72 supplies specifically designed for those products; and insulin and insulin syringes, and equipment, 73 devices or chemical reagents that may be used by a diabetic to test or monitor blood or urine, when 74 such items or parts are purchased by or on behalf of an individual for use by such individual. Durable medical equipment is equipment that (i) can withstand repeated use, (ii) is primarily and customarily 75 used to serve a medical purpose, (iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or 76 77 injury, and (iv) is appropriate for use in the home. 78

11. Drugs and supplies used in hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.

79 12. Special equipment installed on a motor vehicle when purchased by a handicapped person to 80 enable such person to operate the motor vehicle.

81 13. Special typewriters and computers and related parts and supplies specifically designed for those 82 products used by handicapped persons to communicate when such equipment is prescribed by a licensed 83 physician.

84 14. a. (i) Any nonprescription drugs and proprietary medicines purchased for the cure, mitigation, 85 treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings and (ii) any samples of nonprescription drugs and proprietary medicines distributed free of charge by the manufacturer, including packaging materials and 86 87 constituent elements and ingredients.

88 b. The terms "nonprescription drugs" and "proprietary medicines" shall be defined pursuant to 89 regulations promulgated by the Department of Taxation. The exemption authorized in this subdivision 90 shall not apply to cosmetics.

91 15. Tangible personal property withdrawn from inventory and donated to (i) an organization exempt 92 from taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) the Commonwealth, any political 93 subdivision of the Commonwealth, or any school, agency, or instrumentality thereof.

16. Tangible personal property purchased by nonprofit churches that are exempt from taxation under 94 95 § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or whose real property is exempt from local taxation pursuant to the provisions of § 58.1-3606, for use (i) in religious worship services by a congregation or church 96 97 membership while meeting together in a single location and (ii) in the libraries, offices, meeting or 98 counseling rooms or other rooms in the public church buildings used in carrying out the work of the 99 church and its related ministries, including kindergarten, elementary and secondary schools. The 100 exemption for such churches shall also include baptistries; bulletins, programs, newspapers and 101 newsletters that do not contain paid advertising and are used in carrying out the work of the church; gifts including food for distribution outside the public church building; food, disposable serving items, 102 103 cleaning supplies and teaching materials used in the operation of camps or conference centers by the church or an organization composed of churches that are exempt under this subdivision and which are 104 105 used in carrying out the work of the church or churches; and property used in caring for or maintaining property owned by the church including, but not limited to, mowing equipment; and building materials 106 107 installed by the church, and for which the church does not contract with a person or entity to have 108 installed, in the public church buildings used in carrying out the work of the church and its related 109 ministries, including, but not limited to worship services; administrative rooms; and kindergarten, 110 elementary, and secondary schools.

17. Medical products and supplies, which are otherwise taxable, such as bandages, gauze dressings, 111 incontinence products and wound-care products, when purchased by a Medicaid recipient through a 112 113 Department of Medical Assistance Services provider agreement.

18. Beginning July 1, 2007, and ending July 1, 2012, multifuel heating stoves used for heating an 114 individual purchaser's residence. "Multifuel heating stoves" are stoves that are capable of burning a wide 115 variety of alternative fuels, including, but not limited to, shelled corn, wood pellets, cherry pits, and 116 117 olive pits.

19. Fabrication of animal meat, grains, vegetables, or other foodstuffs when the purchaser (i) supplies 118 119 the foodstuffs and they are consumed by the purchaser or his family, (ii) is an organization exempt from taxation under \$501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (iii) donates the foodstuffs to an 120

121 organization exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

20. Beginning July 1, 2018, and ending July 1, 2022, parts, engines, and supplies used for maintaining, repairing, or reconditioning aircraft or any aircraft's avionics system, engine, or component parts. This exemption shall not apply to tools and other equipment not attached to or that does not become a part of the aircraft. For purposes of this subdivision, "aircraft" shall include both manned and unmanned systems.

127 21. Menstrual cups and pads, pantyliners, sanitary napkins, tampons, and other products used to 128 absorb or contain menstrual flow.

129 § 58.1-611.1. Rate of tax on sales of food purchased for human consumption and essential 130 personal hygiene products.

A. The tax imposed by §§ 58.1-603 and 58.1-604 on food purchased for human consumption and essential personal hygiene products shall be one and one-half percent of the gross sales price. The revenue from the tax shall be distributed as follows: (i) the revenue from the tax at the rate of one-half percent shall be distributed as provided in subsection A of § 58.1-638 and (ii) the revenue from the tax at the rate of one percent shall be distributed as provided in subsections B, C and D of § 58.1-638.

B. The provisions of this section shall not affect the imposition of tax on food purchased for humanconsumption and essential personal hygiene products pursuant to §§ 58.1-605 and 58.1-606.

138 C. 1. As used in this section, "food purchased for human consumption" has the same meaning as 139 "food" defined in the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. § 2012, as amended, and federal regulations 140 adopted pursuant to that Act, except it shall does not include seeds and plants which that produce food 141 for human consumption. For the purpose of this section, "food purchased for human consumption" shall 142 does not include food sold by any retail establishment where the gross receipts derived from the sale of 143 food prepared by such retail establishment for immediate consumption on or off the premises of the 144 retail establishment constitutes more than 80 percent of the total gross receipts of that retail establishment, including but not limited to motor fuel purchases, regardless of whether such prepared 145 food is consumed on the premises of that retail establishment. For purposes of this section, "retail 146 establishment" means each place of business for which any "dealer," as defined in § 58.1-612, is 147 148 required to apply for and receive a certificate of registration pursuant to § 58.1-613.

149 2. As used in this section, "essential personal hygiene products" means (i) nondurable incontinence
150 products such as diapers, disposable undergarments, pads, and bed sheets and (ii) menstrual cups and
151 pads, pantyliners, sanitary napkins, tampons, and other products used to absorb or contain menstrual
152 flow. "Essential personal hygiene products" does not include menstrual supplies exempt pursuant to
153 subdivision 21 of § 58.1-609.10 or any item that is otherwise exempt pursuant to this chapter.

154 2. That this act shall be known as The Dignity Act.

HB469