## **2020 SESSION**

20107083D

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1688

## AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE (Proposed by the House Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate McQuinn)

House Amendments in [] - February 10, 2020

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- A BILL to amend and reenact § 15.2-901 of the Code of Virginia, relating to cemeteries; grass cutting. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
- 8 1. That § 15.2-901 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

9 § 15.2-901. Locality may provide for removal or disposal of trash, cutting of grass, weeds, and 10 running bamboo; penalty in certain counties; penalty.

A. Any locality may, by ordinance, provide that:

1. The owners of property therein shall, at such time or times as the governing body may prescribe, 12 remove therefrom any and all trash, garbage, refuse, litter and other substances which might endanger 13 the health or safety of other residents of such locality; or may, whenever the governing body deems it 14 15 necessary, after reasonable notice, have such trash, garbage, refuse, litter and other like substances which 16 might endanger the health of other residents of the locality, removed by its own agents or employees, in 17 which event the cost or expenses thereof shall be chargeable to and paid by the owners of such property and may be collected by the locality as taxes are collected; 18

2. Trash, garbage, refuse, litter and other debris shall be disposed of in personally owned or privately 19 20 owned receptacles that are provided for such use and for the use of the persons disposing of such matter 21 or in authorized facilities provided for such purpose and in no other manner not authorized by law;

22 3. The owners of occupied or vacant developed or undeveloped property therein, including such 23 property upon which buildings or other improvements are located, shall cut the grass, weeds and other 24 foreign growth, including running bamboo as defined in § 15.2-901.1, on such property or any part 25 thereof at such time or times as the governing body shall prescribe; or may, whenever the governing body deems it necessary, after reasonable notice as determined by the locality, have such grass, weeds 26 27 or other foreign growth cut by its agents or employees, in which event the cost and expenses thereof 28 shall be chargeable to and paid by the owner of such property and may be collected by the locality as 29 taxes are collected. For purposes of this provision, one written notice per growing season to the owner 30 of record of the subject property shall be considered reasonable notice. No such ordinance adopted by 31 any county shall have any force and effect within the corporate limits of any town. No such ordinance 32 adopted by any county having a density of population of less than 500 per square mile shall have any force or effect except within the boundaries of platted subdivisions or any other areas zoned for 33 34 residential, business, commercial or industrial use. No such ordinance shall be applicable to land zoned 35 for or in active farming operation.

36 4. The owners of any land, regardless of zoning classification, used for the interment of human 37 remains shall cut the grass, weeds, and other foreign growth, including running bamboo as defined in 38 § 15.2-901.1, on such property or any part thereof at such time or times as the governing body shall 39 prescribe; or may, whenever the governing body deems it necessary, after reasonable notice as 40 determined by the locality, have such grass, weeds, or other foreign growth cut by its agents or 41 employees, in which event the cost and expenses thereof shall be chargeable to and paid by the owner 42 of such property and may be collected by the locality as taxes are collected. For purposes of this 43 provision, one written notice per growing season to the owner of record of the subject property shall be considered reasonable notice. No such ordinance shall be applicable to land owned by an individual, 44 family, [property owners' association as defined in § 55.1-1800, ] or church. 45

B. Every charge authorized by this section with which the owner of any such property shall have 46 47 been assessed and which remains unpaid shall constitute a lien against such property ranking on a parity with liens for unpaid local real estate taxes and enforceable in the same manner as provided in Articles **48** 3 (§ 58.1-3940 et seq.) and 4 (§ 58.1-3965 et seq.) of Chapter 39 of Title 58.1. A locality may waive 49 such liens in order to facilitate the sale of the property. Such liens may be waived only as to a 50 purchaser who is unrelated by blood or marriage to the owner and who has no business association with 51 the owner. All such liens shall remain a personal obligation of the owner of the property at the time the 52 53 liens were imposed.

54 C. The governing body of any locality may by ordinance provide that violations of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty, not to exceed \$50 for the first violation, or violations arising from the 55 same set of operative facts. The civil penalty for subsequent violations not arising from the same set of 56 57 operative facts within 12 months of the first violation shall not exceed \$200. Each business day during which the same violation is found to have existed shall constitute a separate offense. In no event shall a 58 59 series of specified violations arising from the same set of operative facts result in civil penalties that

60 exceed a total of \$3,000 in a 12-month period.

D. Except as provided in this subsection, adoption of an ordinance pursuant to subsection C shall be
in lieu of criminal penalties and shall preclude prosecution of such violation as a misdemeanor. The
governing body of any locality may, however, by ordinance provide that such violations shall be a Class
3 misdemeanor in the event three civil penalties have previously been imposed on the same defendant

65 for the same or similar violation, not arising from the same set of operative facts, within a 24-month

66 period. Classifying such subsequent violations as criminal offenses shall preclude the imposition of civil

67 penalties for the same violation.