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HOUSE BILL NO. 1656

Offered January 17, 2020

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 56-585.1 and 56-596.2:1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to electric utility regulation; incentives for energy conservation measures and solar energy equipment.

Patron—O'Quinn

Referred to Committee on Labor and Commerce

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

10 1. That §§ 56-585.1 and 56-596.2:1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
 § 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or
 12 expire.

13 A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for 14 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, 15 distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such 16 proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity 17 18 applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return 19 20 shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and 21 Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by not 22 less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other 23 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return 24 more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined 25 in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, 26 27 and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the 28 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine 29 the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the 30 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined 31 rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to 32 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 33 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on 34 common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall 35 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the 36 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the 37 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than 38 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to 39 direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above 40 the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the 41 42 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target 43 rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design 44 base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall 45 46 conduct reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and 47 transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following 48 provisions:

49 1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, 50 and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. Pursuant to subsection A of 51 § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall conduct a review for a Phase I Utility in 2020, utilizing the three 52 successive 12-month test periods beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2019. Thereafter, 53 reviews for a Phase I Utility will be on a triennial basis with subsequent proceedings utilizing the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such 54 55 review proceeding is conducted. Pursuant to subsection A of § 56-585.1.1, the Commission shall conduct a review for a Phase II Utility in 2021, utilizing the four successive 12-month test periods 56 beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2020, with subsequent reviews on a triennial basis 57 58 utilizing the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year

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in which such review proceeding is conducted. All such reviews occurring after December 31, 2017,
shall be referred to as triennial reviews. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an
investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case
settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a
Phase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, the fair rate of return on common equity applicable
separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
combined, and for any rate adjustment clauses approved under subdivision 5 or 6, shall be determined
by the Commission during each such triennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the
public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity
reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which
such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in
subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such
triennial review, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such
average.

75 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities, the Commission shall first remove from such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported returns of 76 77 the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported returns of the 78 group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining in such peer group. In 79 its final order regarding such triennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer 80 group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its principal operations are 81 conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in either the states of West 82 Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a 83 vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and distribution services whose 84 facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state where its principal 85 operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of 86 87 at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such triennial review, and (iv) it is not 88 an affiliate of the utility subject to such triennial review.

c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease the utility's combined rate of return based on the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance.

92 d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 93 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 94 95 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 96 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 97 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current 98 Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall 99 be made without regard to any enhanced rate of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the 100 provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration 101 of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of 102 103 goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other 104 factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that 105 use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, 106 107 then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for 108 such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average 109 Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 110 111 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined 112 the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

113 "Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that 114 require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for 115 a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial 116 Return for such utility.

"Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required forany Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

119 "Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility 120 by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection

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121 pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

125 f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and 126 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to 127 facilities described in subdivision 6.

128 g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by the generation and distribution 129 services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined or, for any test 130 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 131 Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined, 132 such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for 133 any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31, 134 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, earned 135 below the return as so determined, whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the 136 return as so determined, the utility may petition the Commission for approval of an increase in rates in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis points below a 137 138 fair combined rate of return, and such proceeding shall otherwise be conducted in accordance with the 139 provisions of this section. The provisions of this subdivision are subject to the provisions of subdivision 140 8.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent triennial review.

144 3. Each such utility shall make a triennial filing by March 31 of every third year, with such filings 145 commencing for a Phase I Utility in 2020, and such filings commencing for a Phase II Utility in 2021, 146 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 147 applications. Such filing shall encompass the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 148 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted, except that the filing for a 149 Phase II Utility in 2021 shall encompass the four successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 150 2020, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be 151 segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate 152 153 adjustment clauses previously implemented related to facilities utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines 154 described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the utility's costs, revenues and investments until the 155 amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall 156 combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues and investments only after it makes its initial 157 determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or credits to customers' bills, and the amounts 158 thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein specified, they shall thereafter be considered part 159 of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the purposes of future triennial review proceedings. 160 In a triennial filing under this subdivision that does not result in an overall rate change a utility may 161 propose an adjustment to one or more tariffs that are revenue neutral to the utility.

162 4. (Expires December 31, 2023) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed 163 reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional 164 transmission entity of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and 165 conditions approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 166 167 and administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member; and (iii) costs 168 incurred by the utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in order to provide service to a business park. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the expiration or 169 170 termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without limitation, costs for 171 172 transmission service; charges for new and existing transmission facilities, including costs incurred by the 173 utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in order to provide 174 service to a business park; administrative charges; and ancillary service charges designed to recover 175 transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to 176 recover these costs shall be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate 177 schedules.

178 4. (Effective January 1, 2024) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable
179 and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity
180 of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved
181 by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated

with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and 182 183 administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a 184 utility at any time after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 185 12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission 186 187 facilities, administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, 188 shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall 189 be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

190 5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
191 once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
192 clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1, 2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving
programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public
interest; provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable;

201 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency 202 programs, including a margin to be recovered on operating expenses, which margin for the purposes of this section shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in 203 204 subdivision 2. Any such petition shall include a proposed budget for the design, implementation, and operation of the energy efficiency program. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it 205 206 finds that the program is in the public interest. If the Commission determines that an energy efficiency 207 program or portfolio of programs is not in the public interest, its final order shall include all work 208 product and analysis conducted by the Commission's staff in relation to that program that has bearing 209 upon the Commission's determination. Such order shall adhere to existing protocols for extraordinarily 210 sensitive information. As part of such cost recovery, the Commission, if requested by the utility, shall 211 allow for the recovery of revenue reductions related to energy efficiency programs. The Commission 212 shall only allow such recovery to the extent that the Commission determines such revenue has not been 213 recovered through margins from incremental off-system sales as defined in § 56-249.6 that are directly 214 attributable to energy efficiency programs.

215 None of the costs of new energy efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of 216 revenue reductions, shall be assigned to any large general service customer. A large general service 217 customer is a customer that has a verifiable history of having used more than 500 kilowatts of demand 218 from a single meter of delivery. A utility shall not charge such large general service customer, as 219 defined by the Commission, for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond what is 220 required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the customer 221 provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant proceedings 222 pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic 223 development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of participation in a renewable energy portfolio standard program
pursuant to § 56-585.2 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
a petition allowing the recovery of such costs as are provided for in a program approved pursuant to
§ 56-585.2;

e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to comply with
state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the
utility's native load obligations. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs
are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations; and

f. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of distribution
rights-of-way. No costs shall be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the
large general service rate classes for a Phase II Utility or that are served at subtransmission or
transmission voltage, or take delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or transmission
voltage, for a Phase I Utility; and

g. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
programs approved by the Commission to provide incentives to (i) low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals or (ii) organizations providing residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals for the installation of, or access to, equipment to generate electric energy derived from
sunlight, provided the low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, or organizations providing
residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, first participate in incentive

244 programs for the installation of measures that reduce heating or cooling costs.

Any rate adjustment clause approved under subdivision 5 c by the Commission shall remain in effect
until the utility exhausts the approved budget for the energy efficiency program. The Commission shall
have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any other rate adjustment clause
approved under this subdivision.

249 6. To ensure the generation and delivery of a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the 250 utility's projected native load obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any 251 time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate 252 adjustment clause for recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a 253 coal-fueled generation facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the 254 Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or 255 without the utility's service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, (iii) one or more major 256 unit modifications of generation facilities, including the costs of any system or equipment upgrade, 257 system or equipment replacement, or other cost reasonably appropriate to extend the combined operating 258 license for or the operating life of one or more generation facilities utilizing nuclear power, (iv) one or 259 more new underground facilities to replace one or more existing overhead distribution facilities of 69 260 kilovolts or less located within the Commonwealth, (v) one or more pumped hydroelectricity generation 261 and storage facilities that utilize on-site or off-site renewable energy resources as all or a portion of their 262 power source and such facilities and associated resources are located in the coalfield region of the 263 Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or 264 without the utility's service territory, or (vi) one or more electric distribution grid transformation 265 projects; however, subject to the provisions of the following sentence, the utility shall not file a petition 266 under clause (iv) more often than annually and, in such petition, shall not seek any annual incremental 267 increase in the level of investments associated with such a petition that exceeds five percent of such 268 utility's distribution rate base, as such rate base was determined for the most recently ended 12-month 269 test period in the utility's latest review proceeding conducted pursuant to subdivision 3 and concluded by 270 final order of the Commission prior to the date of filing of such petition under clause (iv). In all 271 proceedings regarding petitions filed under clause (iv) or (vi), the level of investments approved for 272 recovery in such proceedings shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, levels of investments previously 273 approved for recovery in prior proceedings under clause (iv) or (vi), as applicable. As of December 1, 274 2028, any costs recovered by a utility pursuant to clause (iv) shall be limited to any remaining costs 275 associated with conversions of overhead distribution facilities to underground facilities that have been 276 previously approved or are pending approval by the Commission through a petition by the utility under 277 this subdivision. Such a petition concerning facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, 278 facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a Phase I Utility, or facilities 279 described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or termination of capped rates. A utility 280 that constructs or makes modifications to any such facility, or purchases any facility consisting of at 281 least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the 282 Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more 283 Virginia businesses, shall have the right to recover the costs of the facility, as accrued against income, 284 through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, and any associated allowance for 285 funds used during construction, planning, development and construction or acquisition costs, life-cycle 286 costs, costs related to assessing the feasibility of potential sites for new underground facilities, and costs 287 of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate 288 of return on common equity calculated as specified below; however, in determining the amounts 289 recoverable under a rate adjustment clause for new underground facilities, the Commission shall not 290 consider, or increase or reduce such amounts recoverable because of (a) the operation and maintenance 291 costs attributable to either the overhead distribution facilities being replaced or the new underground 292 facilities or (b) any other costs attributable to the overhead distribution facilities being replaced. 293 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the costs described in clauses (a) and (b) thereof shall remain 294 eligible for recovery from customers through the utility's base rates for distribution service. A utility 295 filing a petition for approval to construct or purchase a facility consisting of at least one megawatt of 296 generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that 297 utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses may 298 propose a rate adjustment clause based on a market index in lieu of a cost of service model for such 299 facility. A utility seeking approval to construct or purchase a generating facility described in clause (i) 300 or (ii) shall demonstrate that it has considered and weighed alternative options, including third-party 301 market alternatives, in its selection process. The costs of the facility, other than return on projected 302 construction work in progress and allowance for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered 303 prior to the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility 304

305 consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and
306 located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one
307 or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities are classified by the utility as plant
308 in service.

309 Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used during 310 construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility and shall 311 thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the facility. The 312 first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the Commission shall 313 determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the range specified in 314 the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and shall reflect the 315 Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the energy needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the facility. After the 316 317 first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of return shall be 318 applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service life of the 319 facility shall be deemed to begin on the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause 320 (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased 321 generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from 322 sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in 323 part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities or new electric 324 distribution grid transformation projects are classified by the utility as plant in service, and such service 325 life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's 326 depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by adding the 327 basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. Allowance for 328 329 funds used during construction shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual 330 capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as 331 determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. 332 The construction of any facility described in clause (i) or (v) is in the public interest, and in determining 333 whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The 334 construction or purchase by a utility of one or more generation facilities with at least one megawatt of 335 generating capacity, and with an aggregate rated capacity that does not exceed 5,000 megawatts, 336 including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and with an aggregate 337 capacity of 50 megawatts, that use energy derived from sunlight or from wind and are located in the 338 Commonwealth or off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, regardless of whether any of such 339 facilities are located within or without the utility's service territory, is in the public interest, and in 340 determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of 341 this title. A utility may enter into short-term or long-term power purchase contracts for the power 342 derived from sunlight generated by such generation facility prior to purchasing the generation facility. 343 The replacement of any subset of a utility's existing overhead distribution tap lines that have, in the 344 aggregate, an average of nine or more total unplanned outage events-per-mile over a preceding 10-year 345 period with new underground facilities in order to improve electric service reliability is in the public 346 interest. In determining whether to approve petitions for rate adjustment clauses for such new 347 underground facilities that meet this criteria, and in determining the level of costs to be recovered 348 thereunder, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title.

349 The conversion of any such facilities on or after September 1, 2016, is deemed to provide local and 350 system-wide benefits and to be cost beneficial, and the costs associated with such new underground facilities are deemed to be reasonably and prudently incurred and, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection C or D, shall be approved for recovery by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, 351 352 353 provided that the total costs associated with the replacement of any subset of existing overhead 354 distribution tap lines proposed by the utility with new underground facilities, exclusive of financing 355 costs, shall not exceed an average cost per customer of \$20,000, with such customers, including those 356 served directly by or downline of the tap lines proposed for conversion, and, further, such total costs 357 shall not exceed an average cost per mile of tap lines converted, exclusive of financing costs, of 358 \$750,000. A utility shall, without regard for whether it has petitioned for any rate adjustment clause pursuant to clause (vi), petition the Commission, not more than once annually, for approval of a plan for 359 360 electric distribution grid transformation projects. Any plan for electric distribution grid transformation projects shall include both measures to facilitate integration of distributed energy resources and measures 361 362 to enhance physical electric distribution grid reliability and security. In ruling upon such a petition, the Commission shall consider whether the utility's plan for such projects, and the projected costs associated 363 therewith, are reasonable and prudent. Such petition shall be considered on a stand-alone basis without 364 regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility; without regard to whether the 365 costs associated with such projects will be recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this 366

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367 subdivision or through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services; and without regard to 368 whether such costs will be the subject of a customer credit offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 369 8 d. The Commission's final order regarding any such petition for approval of an electric distribution 370 grid transformation plan shall be entered by the Commission not more than six months after the date of 371 filing such petition. The Commission shall likewise enter its final order with respect to any petition by a 372 utility for a certificate to construct and operate a generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived 373 from sunlight, pursuant to subsection D of § 56-580, within six months after the date of filing such 374 petition. The basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate 375 of return on common equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced 376 rate of return shall be applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table:

010	The of retain shall be applied, shall vary by type of racinty, as specified in the ronowing table.		
377	Type of Generation Facility	Basis Points	First Portion of Service Life
378	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
379	Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
380	Renewable powered, other than landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
381	Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years
382	Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
383	Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion turbine	100	Between 10 and 20 years
204			1 (")

For generating facilities other than those utilizing nuclear power constructed pursuant to clause (ii) or those utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, as of July 1, 2013, only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was filed with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return on common equity as specified in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life.

391 For generating facilities within the Commonwealth utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy 392 derived from offshore wind projects located in waters off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, such 393 facilities shall continue to be eligible for an enhanced rate of return on common equity during the 394 construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life of between 12 and 25 395 years in the case of a facility utilizing nuclear power and for a service life of between 5 and 15 years in 396 the case of a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, provided, however, that, as of July 1, 397 2013, the enhanced return for such facilities constructed pursuant to clause (ii) shall be 100 basis points, 398 which shall be added to the utility's general rate of return as determined under subdivision 2. Thirty 399 percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing nuclear power that the utility incurred between July 1, 400 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be deferred 401 by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the 402 Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of 403 all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall 404 not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such 405 remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next review filed after July 1, 2014. 406 407 Thirty percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind that the utility 408 incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 409 31, 2013, may be deferred by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this 410 subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment 411 clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 412 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under 413 this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through 414 existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next 415 review filed after July 1, 2014.

416 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the
417 adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development
418 activities for a new nuclear generation facility or facilities are in the public interest.

In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from onshore or offshore wind are in the public interest.

423 Construction, purchasing, or leasing activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating 424 facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from wind with an aggregate capacity of 425 5,000 megawatts, including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and 426 with an aggregate capacity of 50 megawatts, together with a new test or demonstration project for a 427 utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from offshore 428 wind with an aggregate capacity of not more than 16 megawatts, are in the public interest. To the extent 429 that a utility elects to recover the costs of any such new generation facility or facilities through its rates 430 for generation and distribution services and does not petition and receive approval from the Commission 431 for recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (ii), the Commission 432 shall, upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a customer credit 433 reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs deemed 434 reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding pursuant to subsection D of § 56-580 or in a 435 triennial review proceeding.

436 Electric distribution grid transformation projects are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility 437 elects to recover the costs of such electric distribution grid transformation projects through its rates for 438 generation and distribution services, and does not petition and receive approval from the Commission for 439 recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (vi), the Commission shall, 440 upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a customer credit 441 reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs deemed 442 reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding for approval of a plan for electric 443 distribution grid transformation projects pursuant to subdivision 6 or in a triennial review proceeding.

444 Neither generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines nor 445 new underground facilities shall receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described 446 herein, but instead shall receive the utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the 447 facility and, thereafter, for the entire service life of the facility. No rate adjustment clause for new 448 underground facilities shall allocate costs to, or provide for the recovery of costs from, customers that 449 are served within the large power service rate class for a Phase I Utility and the large general service 450 rate classes for a Phase II Utility. New underground facilities are hereby declared to be ordinary 451 extensions or improvements in the usual course of business under the provisions of § 56-265.2.

As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (1) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility 452 453 is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.1-361.1, produced from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (2) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by 454 455 methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of 456 biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used 457 458 in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from 459 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is 460 combusted.

461 For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity as it is determined by the Commission for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the triennial 463 464 review conducted for a Phase II Utility in 2021 that such utility has not filed applications for all 465 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 466 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 467 468 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or 469 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 470 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 471 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 472 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 473 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 474 subdivision.

475 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if a Phase II utility obtains approval from 476 the Commission of a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 associated with a test or 477 demonstration project involving a generation facility utilizing energy from offshore wind, and such 478 utility has not, as of July 1, 2023, commenced construction as defined for federal income tax purposes 479 of an offshore wind generation facility or facilities with a minimum aggregate capacity of 250 480 megawatts, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may direct that the costs associated 481 with any such rate adjustment clause involving said test or demonstration project shall thereafter no 482 longer be recovered through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 and shall instead be 483 recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, with no change in such rates 484 for generation and distribution services as a result of the combination of such costs with the other costs, 485 revenues, and investments included in the utility's rates for generation and distribution services. Any 486 such costs shall remain combined with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments included in its **487** rates for generation and distribution services until such costs are fully recovered.

488 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the

491 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to subdivision 5 a, or 492 that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, or that are related to 493 new underground facilities described in clause (iv) of subdivision 6, shall be deferred on the books and 494 records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any 495 applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Except as otherwise provided in 496 subdivision 6, any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of 497 such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in 498 such petition and that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) or clause (iii) of 499 subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of 500 subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the 501 books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the 502 implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs 503 prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters described 504 in subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be deferred beginning only upon the expiration or termination of capped 505 rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any parties with respect 506 to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a regulatory asset 507 508 for regulatory accounting and ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its operation and 509 maintenance costs incurred in connection with (i) the refueling of any nuclear-powered generating plant 510 and (ii) other work at such plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The utility shall 511 amortize such deferred costs over the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, beginning 512 with the month in which such plant resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling cycle shall be 513 the applicable period of time between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of January 1, 2014, 514 such amortized costs are a component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only ratably over the 515 refueling cycle rather than when such outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling costs recoverable 516 in base rates. This provision shall apply to any nuclear-powered generating plant refueling outage 517 commencing after December 31, 2013, and the Commission shall treat the deferred and amortized costs 518 of such regulatory asset as part of the utility's costs for the purpose of proceedings conducted (a) with 519 respect to triennial filings under subdivision 3 made on and after July 1, 2014, and (b) pursuant to 520 § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications as provided in subsection 521 B. This provision shall not be deemed to change or reset base rates.

The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

527 8. In any triennial review proceeding, for the purposes of reviewing earnings on the utility's rates for 528 generation and distribution services, the following utility generation and distribution costs not proposed 529 for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the utility for 530 financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods under 531 review and deemed fully recovered in the period recorded: costs associated with asset impairments 532 related to early retirement determinations made by the utility for utility generation facilities fueled by 533 coal, natural gas, or oil or for automated meter reading electric distribution service meters; costs 534 associated with projects necessary to comply with state or federal environmental laws, regulations, or 535 judicial or administrative orders relating to coal combustion by-product management that the utility does 536 not petition to recover through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 5 e; costs associated 537 with severe weather events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to 538 have been recovered from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect 539 during the test periods under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the 540 utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and 541 distribution services, result in the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the 542 combined test periods under review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of 543 return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after 544 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to fall 545 more than 70 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 for 546 such periods. In such cases, the Commission shall, in such triennial review proceeding, authorize 547 deferred recovery of such costs and allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over 548 future periods as determined by the Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not 549 exceed an amount that would, together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be 550 recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its 551 generation and distribution services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2, less

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552 50 basis points, for the combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after 553 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall 554 555 limit the Commission's authority, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2, following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a triennial 556 557 review, for normalization of nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, 558 in determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution 559 services pursuant to subdivision 8 a or 8 c.

If the Commission determines as a result of such triennial review that:

561 a. The utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, 562 for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 563 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its 564 565 generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the 566 567 Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully 568 recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair combined rate of 569 return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the amount of 570 the rate increase necessary. However, in the first triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 571 2021, for a Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order a rate increase, and in all triennial reviews 572 of a Phase I or Phase II utility, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds that the 573 resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of 574 providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 575 576 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently 577 ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate increase under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and provided that, solely in connection with making 578 579 its determination concerning the necessity for such a rate increase or the amount thereof, the 580 Commission shall, in any triennial review proceeding conducted prior to July 1, 2028, exclude from this 581 most recently ended 12-month test period any remaining investment levels associated with a prior 582 customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to subdivision d.

583 b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 584 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 585 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of 586 587 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any 588 return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 589 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivisions 8 d and 9, direct that 60 percent of 590 the amount of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing 591 after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 592 70 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 70 basis points, above such fair 593 combined rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be 594 credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as 595 determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, 596 and shall be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer 597 class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last 598 approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates; or

599 c. In any triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2020, for a Phase I Utility or after 600 January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility in which the utility has, during the test period or test periods 601 under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of 602 return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 603 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis **604** points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in 605 subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter determined with respect 606 to facilities described in subdivision 6, and the combined aggregate level of capital investment that the 607 Commission has approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for 608 recovery pursuant to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the 609 test periods under review in that triennial review proceeding in new utility-owned generation facilities 610 utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and in electric distribution grid transformation projects, as determined pursuant to subdivision 8 d, does not equal or exceed 100 percent of the 611 earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its 612 613 generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under review in that triennial review

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614 proceeding, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the actions authorized in subdivision b, also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. 615 616 However, in the first triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility, any reduction to the utility's rates ordered by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision shall not 617 618 exceed \$50 million in annual revenues, with any reduction allocated to the utility's rates for generation 619 services, and in each triennial review of a Phase I or Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order 620 such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to 621 fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return 622 on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return 623 on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, 624 using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any 625 rate reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and

d. (Expires July 1, 2028) In any triennial review proceeding conducted after December 31, 2017, 626 627 upon the request of the utility, the Commission shall determine, prior to directing that 70 percent of 628 earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its 629 generation and distribution services for the test period or periods under review be credited to customer 630 bills pursuant to subdivision 8 b, the aggregate level of prior capital investment that the Commission has 631 approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for recovery pursuant 632 to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the test period or 633 periods under review in both (i) new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from 634 sunlight, or from onshore or offshore wind, and (ii) electric distribution grid transformation projects, as determined by the utility's plant in service and construction work in progress balances related to such 635 636 investments as recorded per books by the utility for financial reporting purposes as of the end of the most recent test period under review. Any such combined capital investment amounts shall offset any 637 customer bill credit amounts, on a dollar for dollar basis, up to the aggregate level of invested or 638 639 committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii). The aggregate level of qualifying invested or committed 640 capital under clauses (i) and (ii) is referred to in this subdivision as the customer credit reinvestment 641 offset, which offsets the customer bill credit amount that the utility has invested or will invest in new 642 solar or wind generation facilities or electric distribution grid transformation projects for the benefit of 643 customers, in amounts up to 100 percent of earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the 644 utility's fair rate of return on its generation and distribution services, and thereby reduce or eliminate 645 otherwise incremental rate adjustment clause charges and increases to customer bills, which is deemed to 646 be in the public interest. If 100 percent of the amount of earnings that are more than 70 basis points 647 above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined 648 in subdivision 2, exceeds the aggregate level of invested capital in new utility-owned generation 649 facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and electric distribution grid transformation projects, as provided in clauses (i) and (ii), during the test period or periods under 650 651 review, then 70 percent of the amount of such excess shall be credited to customer bills as provided in 652 subdivision 8 b in connection with the triennial review proceeding. The portion of any costs associated 653 with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or 654 electric distribution grid transformation projects that is the subject of any customer credit reinvestment 655 offset pursuant to this subdivision shall not thereafter be recovered through the utility's rates for 656 generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities and shall not thereafter be 657 included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial review proceedings conducted 658 pursuant to subdivision 2 and shall not be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to 659 subdivision 6. The portion of any costs associated with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing 660 energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric distribution grid transformation projects that is not the subject of any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision may be recovered **661** through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities 662 and shall be included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial review 663 664 proceedings conducted pursuant to subdivision 2 until such costs are fully recovered, and if such costs 665 are recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, they shall not be the 666 subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to subdivision 6. Only the portion of such costs of 667 new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric 668 distribution grid transformation projects that has not been included in any customer credit reinvestment 669 offset pursuant to this subdivision, and not otherwise recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, may be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition by the utility pursuant 670 671 to subdivision 6.

672 The Commission's final order regarding such triennial review shall be entered not more than eight
673 months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more
674 than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined

pursuant to subdivision 2 in such triennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire three successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent triennial review filing under subdivision 3 and shall apply to applicable rate adjustment clauses under subdivisions 5 and 6 prospectively from the date the Commission's final order in the triennial review proceeding, utilizing rate adjustment clause true-up protocols as the Commission in its discretion may determine.

681 9. If, as a result of a triennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has **682** 683 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the **684** Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility **685** has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis 686 687 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 688 689 Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 690 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 691 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate **692** regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently ended 12-month test period exceeded the 693 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 694 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, 695 compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as 696 determined pursuant to the review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless it finds 697 that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c are more consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods under **698** 699 review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more 700 701 than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to customers' bills, in lieu 702 of the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c, provided that no credits shall be provided pursuant to this 703 subdivision in connection with any triennial review unless such bill credits would be payable pursuant to 704 the provisions of subdivision 8 d, and any credits under this subdivision shall be calculated net of any 705 customer credit reinvestment offset amounts under subdivision 8 d. Any such credits shall be amortized 706 and allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this 707 subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to subdivision 8
a; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in effect as
of July 1, 2009.

720 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any 721 utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital 722 structure and cost of capital of such utility, excluding any debt associated with securitized bonds that are 723 the obligation of non-Virginia jurisdictional customers, unless the Commission finds that the debt to 724 equity ratio of such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may 725 utilize a debt to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate 726 adjustment pursuant to subdivisions 8 a and c, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, 727 revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In 728 particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs 729 for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's 730 apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the 731 utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any 732 733 consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its 734 affiliates.

735 B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying
736 for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase

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737 applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined
738 pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and
739 purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation, transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

744 D. The Commission may determine, during any proceeding authorized or required by this section, the 745 reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection 746 with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the Commission regarding the reasonableness or 747 prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the 748 reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et 749 seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a utility providing energy and capacity to its 750 customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission shall consider the extent to which such renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by contract, further the objectives of the Commonwealth Energy Policy set forth in §§ 67-101 and 67-102, and shall also consider whether the 751 752 753 costs of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases in rates paid by customers.

E. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

§ 56-596.2:1. Incentives for energy conservation measures and solar energy equipment.

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A. Each Phase I and Phase II Utility, as such terms are defined in subdivision A 1 of § 56-585.1,
shall submit a petition for approval to design, implement, and operate a three-year program of energy conservation measures providing:

760 1. Incentives incentives to low income low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals in an amount not 761 to exceed \$25 million in the aggregate for the installation of measures that reduce residential heating and or cooling costs and enhance the health and safety of residents, including repairs and improvements 762 763 to home heating and or cooling systems and installation of energy-saving measures in the house, such as 764 insulation and air sealing. In developing such incentive program, each utility shall utilize the stakeholder process set forth in § 56-596.2. The utility may provide such incentives directly to customers or to 765 766 organizations that assist low income low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals. Such incentive program shall be deemed to be a part of the \$140 million in energy efficiency programs that a Phase I 767 utility is required to develop pursuant to § 56-596.2 and a part of the \$870 million in energy efficiency 768 769 programs that a Phase II utility is required to develop pursuant to § 56-596.2; provided that no portion 770 of such incentive programs shall be deemed to be a part of the required five percent of such energy 771 conservation measures set aside for low income low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals.

2. Incentives to low income, elderly, and disabled individuals, who also participate in the incentive 772 773 program described above for the installation of measures that reduce residential heating and cooling 774 costs, in an amount not to exceed \$25 million in the aggregate for the installation of B. For (i) 775 low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals or (ii) organizations providing residential services to 776 low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals who participate in, or have already participated in, an 777 incentive program, including the incentive program described in subsection A, for the installation of 778 measures that reduce heating or cooling costs at any premises where people reside, each Phase I and 779 Phase II Utility shall submit a petition for approval to design, implement, and operate a separate 780 three-year incentive program, in an amount not to exceed \$25 million in the aggregate, to enable the 781 *installation of, or access to,* equipment to develop generate electric energy derived from sunlight. The 782 utility may provide such incentives directly to customers or to organizations that assist low income 783 low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals. Such incentive program may include installation of 784 equipment directly on the premises or access to equipment located elsewhere, provided such installation 785 or access reduces the total energy costs for persons described in clause (i) or (ii). Such incentive program shall not be deemed to be a part of the \$140 million in energy efficiency programs that a 786 787 Phase I utility is required to develop pursuant to § 56-596.2 nor a part of the \$870 million in energy 788 efficiency programs that a Phase II utility is required to develop pursuant to § 56-596.2.

789 B. C. In developing such incentive programs, each utility shall give consideration to low income
 790 low-income, elderly, and disabled persons residing in housing that a redevelopment and housing
 791 authority owns or controls.