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HOUSE BILL NO. 1625

Offered January 16, 2020

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 15.2-1812, 15.2-1812.1, and 18.2-137 of the Code of Virginia and to repeal Chapter 119 of the Acts of Assembly of 1890, relating to war memorials for veterans.

Patrons—Hudson, Jones, Kory, Lopez, Aird, Bagby, Bourne, Carroll Foy, Carter, Cole, J.G., Guy, Hayes, Hope, Jenkins, Keam, Levine, Lindsey, Plum, Price, Rasoul, Samirah and Scott

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Referred to Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

10 1. That §§ 15.2-1812, 15.2-1812.1, and 18.2-137 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted 11 as follows:

§ 15.2-1812. Memorials for war veterans.

A locality may, within the geographical limits of the locality, authorize and permit the erection of 13 14 monuments or memorials for the veterans of any war or conflict, or for any engagement of such war or 15 conflict, to include the following monuments or memorials: Algonquin (1622), French and Indian (1754-1763), Revolutionary (1775-1783), War of 1812 (1812-1815), Mexican (1846-1848), Confederate 16 or Union monuments or memorials of the Civil War Between the States (1861-1865), Spanish-American 17 (1898), World War I (1917-1918), World War II (1941-1945), Korean (1950-1953), Vietnam 18 (1965-1973), Operation Desert Shield-Desert Storm (1990-1991), Global War on Terrorism (2000-), 19 20 Operation Enduring Freedom (2001-), and Operation Iraqi Freedom (2003-). If such are erected, it 21 shall be unlawful for the authorities of the locality, or any other person or persons, to disturb or 22 interfere with any monuments or memorials so erected, or to prevent its citizens from taking proper 23 measures and exercising proper means for the protection, preservation and care of same. For purposes of 24 this section, "disturb or interfere with" includes removal of, damaging or defacing monuments or 25 memorials, or, in the case of the War Between the States, the placement of Union markings or monuments on previously designated Confederate memorials or the placement of Confederate markings 26 27 or monuments on previously designated Union memorials Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 28 general or special, a locality may remove, relocate, or alter any such monument or memorial on the 29 locality's public property upon the affirmative vote of its governing body, regardless of when the 30 monument or memorial was erected.

31 The governing body may appropriate a sufficient sum of money out of its funds to complete or aid 32 in the erection, *contextualization*, *removal*, *relocation*, *or alteration* of monuments or memorials to the 33 veterans of such wars or conflicts, or any engagement of such wars or conflicts. The governing body 34 may also make a special levy to raise the money necessary for the erection or completion of any such monuments or memorials, or to supplement the funds already raised or that may be raised by private 35 36 persons, Veterans of Foreign Wars, the American Legion, or other organizations. It may also 37 appropriate, out of any funds of such locality, a sufficient sum of money to permanently care for, 38 protect, and preserve such monuments or memorials and may expend the same thereafter as other funds 39 are expended.

§ 15.2-1812.1. Action for damage to memorials for war veterans.

A. If any monument, marker or memorial for war veterans as designated in §§ § 15.2-1812 and
 18.2-137 is violated or encroached upon damaged or defaced, an action for the recovery of damages
 may be commenced by the following as follows:

1. For a publicly owned monument, marker or memorial, such action may be commenced against a *person other than a locality or its duly authorized officers, employees, or agents* by the attorney for the
locality in which it is located; or, if no such action has commenced within sixty days following any
such violation or encroachment, by any person having an interest in the matter with the consent of the *governing body or public officer having control of the monument or memorial*; and

49 2. For a privately owned monument, marker or memorial on a locality's public property, such action
50 may be commenced against a person other than the locality or its duly authorized officers, employees,
51 or agents by the private organization, society, or museum that owns it or any member of such organization, society, or museum.

53 Damages may be awarded in such amounts as necessary for the purposes of rebuilding, repairing, 54 preserving, and restoring such memorials or monuments to preencroachment condition. Damages other 55 than those litigation costs recovered from any such action shall be used exclusively for said purposes.

56 B. Punitive damages may be recovered for reckless, willful, or wanton conduct resulting in the 57 defacement of, malicious destruction of, unlawful removal of, or placement of improper markings, 58 monuments or statues on memorials for war veterans.

59 C. The party who initiates and prevails in an action authorized by this section shall be entitled to an award of the cost of the litigation, including reasonable attorney's attorney fees. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to limit the rights of any person, organization, society, or museum to pursue any additional civil remedy otherwise allowed by law.

63 § 18.2-137. Injuring, etc., any property, monument, etc.

64 A. If any person unlawfully destroys, defaces, damages, or removes without the intent to steal any property, real or personal, not his own, or breaks down, destroys, defaces, damages, or removes without 65 the intent to steal, any monument or memorial for war veterans, not his own, described in § 15.2-1812; 66 any monument erected for the purpose of marking to mark the site of any engagement fought during the 67 *Civil* War between the States, or for the purpose of designating any memorial to designate the 68 boundaries of any city, town, tract of land, or any tree marked for that purpose, he shall be guilty of a 69 70 Class 3 misdemeanor; provided that the court may, in its discretion, dismiss the charge if the locality or organization that owns or is responsible for maintaining the injured property, monument, or memorial 71 files a written affidavit with the court stating it has received full payment for the injury. 72

B. If any person *who is not the owner of such property* intentionally causes such injury, he shall be guilty of (i) a Class 1 misdemeanor if the value of or damage to the property, memorial or monument is less than \$1,000 or (ii) a Class 6 felony if the value of or damage to the property, memorial or monument is \$1,000 or more. The amount of loss caused by the destruction, defacing, damage or removal of such property, memorial or monument may be established by proof of the fair market cost of repair or fair market replacement value. Upon conviction, the court may order that the defendant pay restitution.

80 2. That Chapter 119 of the Acts of Assembly of 1890 is repealed.