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HOUSE BILL NO. 1603

Offered January 15, 2020

3 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 46.2-1023, 46.2-1029.2, and 46.2-1030 of the Code of Virginia, 4 relating to traffic incident management vehicles. 5

Patron—Austin

Referred to Committee on Transportation

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 46.2-1023, 46.2-1029.2, and 46.2-1030 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 10 reenacted as follows: 11 12

§ 46.2-1023. Flashing red or red and white warning lights.

13 A. As used in this section, "traffic incident management vehicle" means (i) a Department of 14 Transportation vehicle when operating at or en route to the scene of a traffic accident or similar emergency, (ii) a vehicle operated pursuant to the Department of Transportation safety service patrol 15 16 program or pursuant to a contract with the Department of Transportation that includes traffic incident management services, or (iii) any other vehicle designated as a traffic incident management vehicle by 17 18 the Commissioner of the Department of Transportation.

19 B. Fire apparatus, forest warden vehicles, emergency medical services vehicles, vehicles of the 20 Department of Emergency Management, vehicles of the Department of Environmental Quality, vehicles of the Virginia National Guard Civil Support Team and the Virginia National Guard Chemical, 21 Biological, Radiological, Nuclear and High Yield Explosive (CBRNE) Enhanced Response Force 22 23 Package (CERFP) when responding to an emergency, vehicles of county, city, or town Departments of 24 Emergency Management, vehicles of the Office of Emergency Medical Services, traffic incident 25 management vehicles, animal warden vehicles, and vehicles used by security personnel of the Huntington Ingalls Industries, Bassett-Walker, Inc., the Winchester Medical Center, the National Aeronautics and 26 27 Space Administration's Wallops Flight Facility, and, within those areas specified in their orders of 28 appointment, by special conservators of the peace and policemen for certain places appointed pursuant to 29 §§ 19.2-13 and 19.2-17 may be equipped with flashing, blinking, or alternating red or red and white combination warning lights of types approved by the Superintendent. Such warning lights may be of 30 types constructed within turn signal housings or motorcycle headlight housings, subject to approval by 31 32 the Superintendent. 33

§ 46.2-1029.2. Certain vehicles may be equipped with secondary warning lights.

34 In addition to other lights authorized by this article, any (i) fire apparatus, (ii) government-owned 35 vehicle operated on official business by a local fire chief or other local fire official, and (iii) emergency 36 medical services vehicle, or (iv) traffic incident management vehicle as defined in § 46.2-1023 may be 37 equipped with alternating, blinking, or flashing red or red and white secondary warning lights mounted 38 inside the vehicle's taillights or marker lights of a type approved by the Superintendent of State Police.

39 § 46.2-1030. When lights to be lighted; number of lights to be lighted at any time; use of 40 warning lights.

A. Every vehicle in operation on a highway in the Commonwealth shall display lighted headlights 41 42 and illuminating devices as required by this article (i) from sunset to sunrise; (ii) during any other time when, because of rain, smoke, fog, snow, sleet, insufficient light, or other unfavorable atmospheric 43 conditions, visibility is reduced to a degree whereby persons or vehicles on the highway are not clearly 44 45 discernible at a distance of 500 feet; and (iii) whenever windshield wipers are in use as a result of fog, 46 rain, sleet, or snow. The provisions of this subsection, however, shall not apply to instances when 47 windshield wipers are used intermittently in misting rain, sleet, or snow.

48 B. Not more than four lights used to provide general illumination ahead of the vehicle, including at 49 least two headlights and any other combination of fog lights or other auxiliary lights approved by the Superintendent, shall be lighted at any time. However, motorcycles may be equipped with and use not 50 51 more than five approved lights in order to provide general illumination ahead of the motorcycle. These 52 limitations shall not preclude the display of warning lights authorized in §§ 46.2-1020 through 53 46.2-1027, or other lights as may be authorized by the Superintendent.

46.2-1020 through 46.2-1027 shall 54 C. Vehicles equipped with warning lights authorized in §§ 55 display lighted warning lights as authorized in such sections at all times when responding to emergency calls, responding to traffic accidents or similar incidents, towing disabled vehicles, or constructing, 56 57 repairing, and maintaining public highways or utilities on or along public highways, except that amber 58 lights on vehicles designed with a ramp on wheels and a hydraulic lift with a capacity to haul or tow

another vehicle, commonly referred to as "rollbacks," need not be lit while the vehicle is in motionunless it is actually towing a vehicle.

D. The failure to display lighted headlights and illuminating devices under the conditions set forth in
clause (iii) of subsection A shall not constitute negligence per se, nor shall violation of clause (iii) of
subsection A constitute a defense to any claim for personal injury or recovery of medical expenses for
injuries sustained in a motor vehicle accident.

E. No demerit points shall be assessed for failure to display lighted headlights and illuminating devices during periods of fog, rain, sleet, or snow in violation of clause (iii) of subsection A.

F. No citation for a violation of clause (iii) of subsection A shall be issued unless the officer issuing
such citation has cause to stop or arrest the driver of such motor vehicle for the violation of some other
provision of this Code or local ordinance relating to the operation, ownership, or maintenance of a
motor vehicle or any criminal statute.