2020 SESSION

ENROLLED

[H 1437]

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact § 16.1-292 of the Code of Virginia, relating to juvenile confinement for 3 violation of court order.

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Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6 7

1. That § 16.1-292 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 8

§ 16.1-292. Violation of court order by any person.

9 A. Any person violating an order of the juvenile court entered pursuant to §§ 16.1-278.2 through 10 16.1-278.19 or § 16.1-284, including a parent subject to an order issued pursuant to subdivision 3 of § 16.1-278.8, may be proceeded against (i) by an order requiring the person to show cause why the order of the court entered pursuant to §§ 16.1-278.2 through 16.1-278.19 has not been complied with, 11 12 13 (ii) for contempt of court pursuant to § 16.1-69.24 or as otherwise provided in this section, or (iii) by both. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, nothing in this chapter shall deprive the court of its 14 15 power to punish summarily for contempt for such acts as set forth in § 18.2-456, or to punish for contempt after notice and an opportunity for a hearing on the contempt except that confinement in the 16 17 case of a juvenile shall be in a secure facility for juveniles rather than in jail and shall not exceed a period of ten seven days for each offense. However, if the person violating the order was a juvenile at 18 19 the time of the original act and is eighteen 18 years of age or older when the court enters a disposition 20 for violation of the order, the judge may order confinement in jail. If a juvenile is found to have 21 violated a court order as a status offender, any order of disposition of such violation confining the juvenile in a secure facility for juveniles shall (a) identify the valid court order that has been violated; 22 23 (b) specify the factual basis for determining that there is reasonable cause to believe that the juvenile 24 has violated such order; (c) state the findings of fact that support a determination that there is no appropriate less restrictive alternative available to placing the juvenile in such a facility, with due 25 26 consideration to the best interest of the juvenile; (d) specify the length of time of such confinement, not 27 to exceed seven days; and (e) include a plan for the juvenile's release from such facility. Such order of 28 confinement shall not be renewed or extended.

29 B. Upon conviction of any party for contempt of court in failing or refusing to comply with an order 30 of a juvenile court for spousal support or child support under § 16.1-278.15, the court may commit and 31 sentence such party to confinement in a jail, workhouse, city farm, or work squad as provided in §§ 20-61 and 20-62, for a fixed or indeterminate period or until the further order of the court. In no 32 33 event, however, shall such sentence be imposed for a period of more than twelve 12 months. The sum 34 or sums as provided for in § 20-63 shall be paid as therein set forth, to be used for the support and 35 maintenance of the spouse or the child or children for whose benefit such order or decree provided.

C. Notwithstanding the contempt power of the court, the court shall be limited in the actions it may 36 37 take with respect to a child violating the terms and conditions of an order to those which the court 38 could have taken at the time of the court's original disposition pursuant to §§ 16.1-278.2 through 39 16.1-278.10, except as hereinafter provided. However, this limitation shall not be construed to deprive 40 the court of its power to (i) punish a child summarily for contempt for acts set forth in § 18.2-456 41 subject to the provisions of subsection A or (ii) punish a child for contempt for violation of a dispositional order in a delinquency proceeding after notice and an opportunity for a hearing regarding 42 43 such contempt, including acts of disobedience of the court's dispositional order which are committed 44 outside the presence of the court.

D. In the event a child in need of services is found to have willfully and materially violated for a 45 second or subsequent time the order of the court pursuant to § 16.1-278.4, the dispositional alternatives 46 specified in subdivision 9 of § 16.1-278.8 shall be available to the court. 47

E. In the event *that* a child in need of supervision is found to have willfully and materially violated 48 49 an order of the court pursuant to § 16.1-278.5, the court may enter any of the following orders of 50 disposition: 51

1. Suspend the child's motor vehicle driver's license;

52 2. Order any such child fourteen 14 years of age or older to be (i) placed in a foster home, group 53 home, or other nonsecure residential facility, or, (ii) if the court finds that such placement is not likely 54 to meet the child's needs, that all other treatment options in the community have been exhausted, and 55 that secure placement is necessary in order to meet the child's service needs, detained in a secure facility 56 for a period of time not to exceed ten seven consecutive days for violation of any order of the court

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57 arising out of the same petition. The court shall state in its order for detention the basis for all findings 58 required by this section. In addition, any order of disposition for such violation confining the child in a 59 secure facility for juveniles shall (a) identify the valid court order that has been violated; (b) specify the 60 factual basis for determining that there is reasonable cause to believe that the child has violated such order; (c) state the findings of fact that support a determination that there is no appropriate less 61 62 restrictive alternative available to placing the child in such a facility, with due consideration to the best interest of the child; (iv) specify the length of time of such confinement, not to exceed seven days; and 63 (v) include a plan for the child's release from such facility. Such order of confinement shall not be 64 renewed or extended. When any child is detained in a secure facility pursuant to this section, the court 65 66 shall direct the agency evaluating the child pursuant to § 16.1-278.5 to reconvene the interdisciplinary 67 team participating in such evaluation as promptly as possible to review its evaluation, develop further treatment plans as may be appropriate and submit its report to the court for its determination as to **68** further treatment efforts either during or following the period the child is in secure detention. A juvenile 69 70 may only be detained pursuant to this section in a detention home or other secure facility in compliance 71 with standards established by the State Board. Any order issued pursuant to this subsection is a final 72 order and is appealable to the circuit court as provided by law.

F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to reclassify a child in need of services or in need of supervision as a delinquent.