2020 SESSION

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1284
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the House Committee on Public Safety
4 5	on January 31, 2020) (Petrop Prior to Substitute – Delegate Hone)
5 6	(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Hope) A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 53.1-39.2 and 66-20.1 relating to
7	correctional facilities; use of isolated confinement.
8	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
9	1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 53.1-39.2 and 66-20.1 as
10	follows:
11 12	<i>§ 53.1-39.2. Isolated confinement; restrictions on use.</i> A. As used in this section:
12	"Facility administrator" means the superintendent, warden, or person otherwise in charge of the
14	correctional facility.
15	"Isolated confinement" means confinement of a prisoner to a cell, alone or with another prisoner, for
16	20 hours or more per day.
17	"Medical practitioner" means a physician, physician's assistant, or nurse practitioner licensed to
18 19	practice medicine in the Commonwealth or in the jurisdiction where the treatment is to be rendered or withheld.
20	B. No prisoner in a state correctional facility shall be placed in isolated confinement, other than for
21	the purpose of providing medical or mental health treatment. Cell confinement that is implemented due
22	to medical or mental health treatment shall be done in a manner that is consistent with the signed
23 24	recommendations of a medical practitioner and within a clinical area in the correctional facility or in
24 25	as close proximity to a medical or mental health unit as possible. C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, isolated confinement may be permitted for a
26	prisoner in a state correctional facility in the following circumstances:
27	1. If the facility administrator determines that the prisoner needs to be placed in isolated
28	confinement to prevent an imminent threat of physical harm to the prisoner or another person, the
29 30	prisoner may be placed in isolated confinement for no longer than 48 hours, and the facility administrator shall:
31	a. Make a written record of the facts and circumstances that necessitated the prisoner's placement in
32	isolated confinement, to be kept in the prisoner's institutional file;
33	b. Prepare a written action plan, to be kept in the prisoner's institutional file, describing how the
34	correctional facility will transition the prisoner out of isolated confinement at the earliest opportunity;
35 36	c. Ensure that the prisoner receives an initial medical and mental health evaluation within eight hours of placement in isolated confinement and a personal and comprehensive medical and mental
37	health evaluation within 24 hours; and
38	d. Notify the Director in writing that the prisoner was placed in isolated confinement in accordance
39	with this subdivision 1.
40	2. For any prisoner placed in isolated confinement under subdivision 1 or retained in isolated
41 42	confinement under this subdivision, if a facility administrator finds that the prisoner continues to pose an ongoing and realistic threat of imminent physical harm to another person after 48 hours of isolated
43	confinement, the prisoner may be retained in isolated confinement for no more than an additional 48
44	consecutive hours, and the facility administrator shall:
45	a. Certify that other methods for ensuring the safety of the threatened person have been considered
46 47	and determined insufficient, impracticable, or inappropriate; b. Ensure that the prisoner is placed in isolated confinement for the shortest time period necessary
48	and under the least restrictive conditions practicable;
49	c. Make a written record of the facts and circumstances that necessitated the prisoner's continued
50	placement in isolated confinement, to be kept in the prisoner's institutional file;
51 52	d. Prepare a written action plan, to be kept in the prisoner's institutional file, describing how the
52 53	correctional facility will transition the prisoner out of isolated confinement at the earliest opportunity; e. Ensure that the prisoner receives an additional medical and mental health evaluation within eight
55 54	hours of a decision to retain the prisoner in isolated confinement and additional medical and mental
55	health evaluations as indicated; and
56	f. Notify the Director in writing that the prisoner was retained in isolated confinement in accordance
57 58	with this subdivision 2.
50 59	3. If the facility administrator determines that a facility-wide lockdown is required to ensure the safety of the prisoners in the facility, and also requires isolated confinement of one or more prisoners,
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HB1284H1

then such prisoners may be placed in isolated confinement provided that the facility administrator
documents in writing specific reasons why any lockdown lasting for more than 24 hours is necessary,
and why less restrictive interventions are insufficient to accomplish the facility's safety goals. Such
documentation shall be provided to the Director and published on the Department's website.

64 4. If the facility administrator determines that the prisoner needs to be placed in isolated 65 confinement for his own protection, but only as follows:

a. A prisoner may be placed in isolated confinement with informed, voluntary consent when there is
reasonable cause to believe that such confinement is necessary to prevent reasonably foreseeable harm
to the prisoner, provided that:

(1) When a prisoner makes an informed voluntary request to be placed in an isolated confinement
 setting for his own protection, the facility shall bear the burden of establishing a basis for refusing the
 request; and

(2) A prisoner who is in isolated confinement for his own protection based on his informed voluntary
 request may opt out of that status by providing informed voluntary refusal of that status.

b. A prisoner may be placed in isolated confinement for his own protection without his informed,
voluntary consent when there is clear and convincing evidence that such confinement is necessary to
prevent reasonably foreseeable harm to the prisoner.

c. Before placing the prisoner in isolated confinement for his own protection, the facility
administrator shall place a prisoner in a less-restrictive setting, including by transfer to the general
population of another institution or to a special-purpose housing unit for prisoners who face similar
threats, unless the prisoner faces a security risk so great that no less-restrictive setting would be
sufficient or practicable to ensure the prisoner's safety.

82 d. A prisoner placed in isolated confinement for his own protection shall receive similar
83 opportunities for activities, movement, and social interaction, taking into account his safety and the
84 safety of others, as are provided to prisoners in the general population of the facility.

e. A prisoner who has been placed in isolated confinement for his own protection and is subject to
removal from such confinement shall be provided with a timely and meaningful opportunity to contest
the removal.

f. All voluntary and involuntary placements in isolated confinement under this subdivision 4 shall be
reviewed every 48 hours and the reason why a less-restrictive setting could not be utilized must be
recorded in writing by the facility administrator and placed in the prisoner's institutional file.

D. All prisoners who are neither in isolated confinement nor in full privilege general population shall be offered a minimum of three hours of out-of-cell programmatic interventions or other congregate activities per day, including classes, work assignments, or therapeutic treatment aimed at promoting personal development or addressing underlying causes of problematic behavior, in addition to a minimum of one hour of recreation per day. Such recreation shall take place in a congregate setting unless exceptional circumstances mean doing so would create a significant and unreasonable risk to the safety and security of other prisoners, staff, or the facility.

98 *E.* Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the placement of prisoners in protective 99 custody settings that do not constitute isolated confinement.

F. In any event of a prisoner's placement in isolated confinement, the facility administrator shall
document the date and duration of such placement, as well as the statutory basis under this section for
such placement. Such documentation shall be included in the prisoner's institutional file.

103 G. The Director shall develop policies and procedures, and submit proposed regulations, to 104 effectuate the provisions of this section.

105 § 66-20.1. Isolated confinement; restrictions on use.

106 *A. As used in this section:*

107 "Facility administrator" means the superintendent, warden, or person otherwise in charge of the juvenile correctional facility.

109 "Isolated confinement" means confinement of a juvenile to a cell, alone or with someone else, for 17 110 hours or more per day.

111 "Medical practitioner" means a physician, physician's assistant, or nurse practitioner licensed to 112 practice medicine in the Commonwealth or in the jurisdiction where the treatment is to be rendered or 113 withheld.

B. No juvenile in a juvenile correctional facility shall be placed in isolated confinement, other than
for the purpose of providing medical or mental health treatment. Cell confinement that is implemented
due to medical or mental health treatment shall be done in a manner that is consistent with the signed
recommendations of a medical practitioner and within a clinical area in the correctional facility or in
as close proximity to a medical or mental health unit as possible.

119 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, isolated confinement may be permitted for a 120 juvenile in a juvenile correctional facility in the following circumstances:

121 1. If the facility administrator determines that the juvenile needs to be placed in isolated confinement

HB1284H1

to prevent an imminent threat of physical harm to the juvenile or another person, the juvenile may beplaced in isolated confinement for no longer than 24 hours, and the facility administrator shall:

a. Make a written record of the facts and circumstances that necessitated the juvenile's placement in isolated confinement, to be kept in the juvenile's institutional file;

b. Prepare a written action plan, to be kept in the juvenile's institutional file, describing how the
 correctional facility will transition the juvenile out of isolated confinement at the earliest opportunity;

128 c. Ensure that the juvenile receives an initial medical and mental health evaluation within four hours129 of placement in isolated confinement and follow-up evaluations at least every hour; and

d. Notify the Director in writing that the juvenile was placed in isolated confinement in accordancewith this subdivision 1.

132 2. For any juvenile placed in isolated confinement under subdivision 1 or retained in isolated
133 confinement under this subdivision, if a facility administrator finds that the juvenile continues to pose an
134 ongoing and realistic threat of imminent physical harm to another person after 24 hours of isolated
135 confinement, the juvenile may be retained in isolated confinement for no more than an additional 24
136 consecutive hours, and the facility administrator shall:

a. Certify that other methods for ensuring the safety of the threatened person have been considered
 and determined insufficient, impracticable, or inappropriate;

b. Ensure that the juvenile is placed in isolated confinement for the shortest time period necessaryand under the least restrictive conditions practicable;

141 c. Make a written record of the facts and circumstances that necessitated the juvenile's continued 142 placement in isolated confinement, to be kept in the juvenile's institutional file;

d. Prepare a written action plan, to be kept in the juvenile's institutional file, describing how the correctional facility will transition the juvenile out of isolated confinement at the earliest opportunity;

e. Ensure that the juvenile receives an additional medical and mental health evaluation within four
hours of a decision to retain the prisoner in isolated confinement and additional medical and mental
health evaluations as indicated; and

f. Notify the Director in writing that the juvenile was retained in isolated confinement in accordancewith this subdivision 2.

150 3. If the facility administrator determines that the juvenile needs to be placed in isolated confinement
151 for his own protection, but only when such confinement is necessary to prevent reasonably foreseeable
152 harm to the juvenile, provided that:

a. Before placing the juvenile in isolated confinement for his own protection, the facility
administrator shall place the juvenile in a lessrestrictive setting, including transfer to another institution,
unless the juvenile faces a security risk so great that no less-restrictive setting would be sufficient or
practicable to ensure the juvenile's safety.

b. A juvenile placed in isolated confinement for his own protection shall receive similar opportunities
for activities, programming, movement, and social interaction, taking into account his safety and the
safety of others, as are provided to other juveniles in the facility who are not in isolated confinement.

c. A juvenile who has been placed in isolated confinement for his own protection and is subject to
 removal from such confinement shall be provided with a timely and meaningful opportunity to contest the removal.

d. All placements in isolated confinement under this subdivision 3 shall be reviewed every 48 hours
and the reason why a less-restrictive setting could not be utilized must be recorded in writing by the
facility administrator and placed in the juvenile's institutional file.

D. All juveniles who are neither in isolated confinement nor in full privilege general population shall
be offered a minimum of four hours of out-of-cell programmatic interventions or other congregate
activities per day, including classes, work assignments, or therapeutic treatment aimed at promoting
personal development or addressing underlying causes of problematic behavior, in addition to a
minimum of two hours of recreation per day. Such recreation shall take place in a congregate setting
unless exceptional circumstances mean doing so would create a significant and unreasonable risk to the
safety and security of other juveniles, staff, or the facility.

173 *E.* Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the placement of juveniles in protective 174 custody settings that do not constitute isolated confinement.

F. In any event of a juvenile's placement in isolated confinement, the facility administrator shall
document the date and duration of such placement, as well as the statutory basis under this section for
such placement. Such documentation shall be included in the juvenile's institutional file.

178 *G.* The Director shall develop policies and procedures, and submit proposed regulations, to **179** effectuate the provisions of this section.

180 2. That the provisions of the first enactment of this act shall become effective on July 1, 2021.

181 3. That the Board of Corrections (the Board) shall review the standards and requirements 182 governing, and the application and use of, isolated confinement in local jails. In completing its 183 work, the Board shall form a stakeholder work group for the purpose of gathering input. The 184 stakeholder work group shall be composed of interested parties as well as sheriffs and regional jail 185 superintendents. The Board shall provide a report of its findings and recommendations no later 186 than November 1, 2020, to the Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security and the Chairs 187 of the House Committee for Courts of Justice, the House Committee on Public Safety, the Senate 188 Committee on the Judiciary, and the Senate Committee on Rehabilitation and Social Services.