INTRODUCED

HB1207

20104031D

HOUSE BILL NO. 1207

Offered January 8, 2020

- Prefiled January 7, 2020
- 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 19.2-392.1, 19.2-392.2, and 19.2-392.4 of the Code of Virginia, 5 relating to expungement of police and court records; certain misdemeanor and felony larceny 6 convictions. 7

Patron-Tran

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 11

1. That §§ 19.2-392.1, 19.2-392.2, and 19.2-392.4 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 12 reenacted as follows: 13 14

§ 19.2-392.1. Statement of policy.

15 The General Assembly finds that arrest records can be a hindrance to an innocent citizen's ability to 16 obtain employment, an education and to obtain credit. It further finds that the police and court records of those of its citizens who have been absolutely pardoned for crimes for which they have been unjustly 17 18 convicted, or who have successfully demonstrated their rehabilitation, can also be a hindrance. This 19 chapter is intended to protect such persons from the unwarranted damage which may occur as a result of 20 being arrested and convicted. 21

§ 19.2-392.2. Expungement of police and court records.

A. If a person is charged with the commission of a crime or any offense defined in Title 18.2, and 1. Is (i) the person is acquitted, or

24 2. A; (ii) a nolle prosequi is taken or; (iii) the charge is otherwise dismissed, including dismissal by 25 accord and satisfaction pursuant to § 19.2-151; or (iv) the person is convicted of a misdemeanor or felony larceny offense where the value of the property stolen was less than \$500 and (a) such person 26 27 has completed all terms of probation and postrelease supervision imposed as a result of such conviction; (b) at least five years have passed from the date of conviction, if no active term of 28 29 incarceration was imposed as a result of such conviction, or the date of completion of an active sentence of incarceration, if an active term of incarceration was imposed as a result of such conviction; 30 31 and (c) such person has no subsequent criminal convictions and no pending criminal proceeding, he 32 may file a petition setting forth the relevant facts and requesting expungement of the police records and 33 the court records relating to the charge or conviction.

34 B. If any person whose name or other identification has been used without his consent or 35 authorization by another person who has been charged or arrested using such name or identification, he 36 may file a petition with the court disposing of the charge for relief pursuant to this section. Such person 37 shall not be required to pay any fees for the filing of a petition under this subsection. A petition filed 38 under this subsection shall include one complete set of the petitioner's fingerprints obtained from a 39 law-enforcement agency.

40 C. The petition with a copy of the warrant or indictment if reasonably available shall be filed in the 41 circuit court of the county or city in which the case was disposed of by acquittal or being otherwise 42 dismissed and shall contain, except where not reasonably available, the date of arrest and the name of the arresting agency. Where this information is not reasonably available, the petition shall state the 43 reason for such unavailability. The petition shall further state the specific criminal charge or conviction 44 45 to be expunded, the date of final disposition of the charge or conviction as set forth in the petition, the 46 petitioner's date of birth, and the full name used by the petitioner at the time of arrest.

47 D. A copy of the petition shall be served on the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or 48 county in which the petition is filed. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file an objection or 49 answer to the petition or may give written notice to the court that he does not object to the petition within 21 days after it is served on him. 50

51 E. The petitioner shall obtain from a law-enforcement agency one complete set of the petitioner's 52 fingerprints and shall provide that agency with a copy of the petition for expungement. The 53 law-enforcement agency shall submit the set of fingerprints to the Central Criminal Records Exchange (CCRE) with a copy of the petition for expungement attached. The CCRE shall forward under seal to 54 55 the court a copy of the petitioner's criminal history, a copy of the source documents that resulted in the CCRE entry that the petitioner wishes to expunge, and the set of fingerprints. Upon completion of the 56 57 hearing, the court shall return the fingerprint card to the petitioner. If no hearing was conducted, upon 58 the entry of an order of expungement or an order denying the petition for expungement, the court shall

cause the fingerprint card to be destroyed unless, within 30 days of the date of the entry of the order,the petitioner requests the return of the fingerprint card in person from the clerk of the court or providesthe clerk of the court a self-addressed, stamped envelope for the return of the fingerprint card.

F. After receiving the criminal history record information from the CCRE, the court shall conduct a 62 63 hearing on the petition. If the court finds that the continued existence and possible dissemination of 64 information relating to the arrest, *charge*, or *conviction* of the petitioner causes or may cause 65 circumstances which that constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner, it shall enter an order requiring the expungement of the police and court records, including electronic records, relating to the arrest, 66 charge, or conviction. Otherwise, it shall deny the petition. However, if the petitioner has no prior 67 criminal record and the arrest, charge, or conviction was for a misdemeanor violation, the petitioner 68 shall be entitled, in the absence of good cause shown to the contrary by the Commonwealth, to 69 70 expungement of the police and court records relating to the arrest, charge, or conviction, and the court 71 shall enter an order of expungement. If the attorney for the Commonwealth of the county or city in which the petition is filed (i) gives written notice to the court pursuant to subsection D that he does not 72 73 object to the petition and (ii) when the charge to be expunded is a felony, stipulates in such written 74 notice that the continued existence and possible dissemination of information relating to the arrest of the 75 petitioner causes or may cause circumstances which that constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner, the court may enter an order of expungement without conducting a hearing. 76

G. The Commonwealth shall be made party defendant to the proceeding. Any party aggrieved by the decision of the court may appeal, as provided by law in civil cases.

H. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, when the *a* charge is dismissed because the court finds that the person arrested or charged is not the person named in the summons, warrant, indictment, or presentment, the court dismissing the charge shall, upon motion of the person improperly arrested or charged, enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge. Such order shall contain a statement that the dismissal and expungement are ordered pursuant to this subsection and shall be accompanied by the complete set of the petitioner's fingerprints filed with his petition. Upon the entry of such order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K.

86 I. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, upon receiving a copy pursuant to § 2.2-402
87 of an absolute pardon for the commission of a crime that a person did not commit, the court shall enter
88 an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge and conviction.
89 Such order shall contain a statement that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this subsection. Upon
90 the entry of such order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K.

J. Upon receiving a copy of a writ vacating a conviction pursuant to § 19.2-327.5 or 19.2-327.13, the court shall enter an order requiring expungement of the police and court records relating to the charge and conviction. Such order shall contain a statement that the expungement is ordered pursuant to this subsection. Upon the entry of the order, it shall be treated as provided in subsection K.

K. Upon the entry of an order of expungement, the clerk of the court shall cause a copy of such order to be forwarded to the Department of State Police, which shall, pursuant to rules and regulations adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134, direct the manner by which the appropriate expungement or removal of such records shall be effected.

99 L. Costs shall be as provided by § 17.1-275, but shall not be recoverable against the Commonwealth.100 If the court enters an order of expungement, the clerk of the court shall refund to the petitioner such costs paid by the petitioner.

102 M. Any order entered where (i) the court or parties failed to strictly comply with the procedures set 103 forth in this section or (ii) the court enters an order of expungement contrary to law, shall be voidable 104 upon motion and notice made within three years of the entry of such order.

105 § 19.2-392.4. Prohibited practices by employers, educational institutions, agencies, etc., of state 106 and local governments.

107 A. An employer or educational institution shall not, in any application, interview, or otherwise, 108 require an applicant for employment or admission to disclose information concerning any arrest ΘF , 109 criminal charge against him, *or conviction* that has been expunged. An applicant need not, in answer to 110 any question concerning any arrest ΘF , criminal charge that has not resulted in a conviction, *or* 111 *conviction*, include a reference to or information concerning arrests ΘF , charges, *or convictions* that have 112 been expunged.

113 B. Agencies, officials, and employees of the state and local governments shall not, in any 114 application, interview, or otherwise, require an applicant for a license, permit, registration, or 115 governmental service to disclose information concerning any arrest or, criminal charge against him, or conviction that has been expunded. An applicant need not, in answer to any question concerning any 116 117 arrest or, criminal charge that has not resulted in a conviction, or conviction, include a reference to or information concerning arrests, charges, or convictions that have been expunged. Such an application 118 119 may not be denied solely because of the applicant's refusal to disclose information concerning any arrest 120 or, criminal charge against him, or conviction that has been expunged.

121 C. A person who willfully violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor for each violation.