DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION 2019 Fiscal Impact Statement

1.	Patro	n Lashrecse D. Aird	2.	Bill Number HB 2003	
				House of Origin:	
3.	Comn	nittee Passed House and Senate		Introduced	
				Substitute	
				Engrossed	
4.	Title	Major Business Facility Job Tax Credit;			
		Sunset date extension and annual report		Second House:In CommitteeSubstituteX_Enrolled	

5. Summary/Purpose:

This bill would extend the sunset date of the Major Business Facility Job Tax Credit, so that it would be effective for taxable years beginning before July 1, 2022. The credit is currently set to expire after Taxable Year 2019.

This bill would also require the Department of Taxation ("the Department") to publish an annual report for Taxable Year 2019 and thereafter regarding the credit. Such report would be due by November 1 of each year for the twelve-month period ending on the preceding December 31. Because Taxable Year 2019 returns will be filed during 2020, the first report would be due on November 1, 2021.

If enacted during the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly, this bill would become effective July 1, 2019.

This is a Virginia Economic Development Partnership bill.

6. Budget amendment necessary: No.

7. No Fiscal Impact: (See Line 8.)

8. Fiscal implications:

Administrative Cost

The Virginia Economic Development Partnership ("VEDP") and the Department consider implementation of this bill as routine, and do not require additional funding.

Revenue Impact

Because the extension of the sunset date of the Major Business Facility Job Tax Credit is assumed in the official General Fund revenue forecast, this bill would have no impact on General Fund revenue. For Fiscal Year 2012 through Fiscal Year 2018, the Major Business Facility Job Tax Credit was claimed by taxpayers as follows:

HB 2003 - Enrolled -1- 02/21/19

Fiscal Year	Number	Amount
2012	138	\$4,297,690
2013	195	\$2,773,843
2014	121	\$1,310,327
2015	74	\$4,109,769
2016	22	\$772,996
2017	17	\$6,766,397
2018	11	\$1,843,973 (preliminary)

9. Specific agency or political subdivisions affected:

Virginia Economic Development Partnership Department of Taxation

10. Technical amendment necessary: No.

11. Other comments:

Current Law

Under current law, a taxpayer may claim the Major Business Facility Job Tax Credit if the taxpayer creates at least 50 new full-time jobs in connection with the establishment or expansion of a major business facility and the company is engaged in a qualifying industry in Virginia. If a taxpayer is located in an enterprise zone or in an economically distressed area (as defined by the Virginia Economic Development Partnership), the threshold is reduced from 50 jobs to 25. The credit is equal to \$1,000 for each qualifying new job in excess of 50 jobs (25 jobs for a taxpayer located in an enterprise zone or economically distressed area). A "major business facility" is a company that is engaged in any business in the Commonwealth, except a retail trade business, if such trade is the principal activity of an individual facility in the Commonwealth.

The Major Business Facility Job Tax Credit can generally be claimed ratably over two taxable years, beginning with the taxable year following the year in which the facility is established or expanded, or the new qualifying jobs are added. The amount of credit allowed cannot exceed the tax imposed for such taxable year. Any credit not used in the taxable year the credit was allowed may be carried forward for the next 10 succeeding taxable years.

In cases where the number of qualified full-time employees in any of the five years succeeding the credit year decreases below the average number of employees during the credit year, the taxpayer is required to recapture part or all of the credit by increasing the tax in such taxable years. The amount of tax increase is determined by (i) recomputing the credit which would have been earned for the original credit year, using the decreased number of qualified full-time employees and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously earned. In the event that the average number of qualifying full-time employees employed at a major business facility falls below the threshold of 50 (25 in economically distressed areas or enterprise zones) in any of the five taxable years

succeeding the credit year, all credits earned with respect to such major business facility must be recaptured.

The Major Business Facilities Job Tax Credit is currently scheduled to expire for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020.

Proposed Legislation

This bill would extend the sunset date of the Major Business Facility Job Tax Credit, so that it would be effective for taxable years beginning before July 1, 2022. The credit is currently set to expire after Taxable Year 2019.

This bill would also require the Department to publish an annual report for Taxable Year 2019 and thereafter regarding the credit. Such report would be required to include the following information:

- Locations of sites used for major business facilities for which a credit was claimed;
- North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes used for the major business facilities for which a credit was claimed;
- Number of qualified full time employees for whom a credit was claimed; and
- Total cost to the Commonwealth's General Fund of the credits claimed.

The Department would be required to publish such information, regardless of how few taxpayers claim the credit, in a manner that prevents the identification of particular taxpayers, reports, returns, or items. Such report would be due by November 1 of each year for the twelve-month period ending on the preceding December 31. Because Taxable Year 2019 returns will be filed during 2020, the first report would be due on November 1, 2021.

If enacted during the 2019 Regular Session of the General Assembly, this bill would become effective July 1, 2019.

cc : Secretary of Finance

Date: 2/21/2019 RWC HB2003FER161