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## SENATE BILL NO. 1763

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE  
(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor  
on January 31, 2019)

(Patrons Prior to Substitute—Senators Sturtevant, Chase [SB 1228], McDougale [SB 1354], and Wagner [SB 1360])

*A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 38.2-3438 and 38.2-3445 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 38.2-3445.1, relating to health insurance; payment to out-of-network providers.*

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

**1. That §§ 38.2-3438 and 38.2-3445 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 38.2-3445.1 as follows:**

**§ 38.2-3438. Definitions.**

As used this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Child" means a son, daughter, stepchild, adopted child, including a child placed for adoption, foster child or any other child eligible for coverage under the health benefit plan.

"Codes" has the same meaning ascribed to the term in § 65.2-605.

"Cost-sharing requirement" means a deductible, copayment amount, or coinsurance rate.

"Covered benefits" or "benefits" means those health care services to which an individual is entitled under the terms of a health benefit plan.

"Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber, enrollee, participant, or other individual covered by a health benefit plan.

"Dependent" means the spouse or child of an eligible employee, subject to the applicable terms of the policy, contract, or plan covering the eligible employee.

"Emergency medical condition" means, regardless of the final diagnosis rendered to a covered person, a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, so that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in (i) serious jeopardy to the mental or physical health of the individual, (ii) danger of serious impairment to bodily functions, (iii) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part, or (iv) in the case of a pregnant woman, serious jeopardy to the health of the fetus.

"Emergency services" means with respect to an emergency medical condition: (i) a medical screening examination as required under § 1867 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. § 1395dd) that is within the capability of the emergency department of a hospital, including ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department to evaluate such emergency medical condition and (ii) such further medical examination and treatment, to the extent they are within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at the hospital, as are required under § 1867 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. § 1395dd (e)(3)) to stabilize the patient.

"ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

"Essential health benefits" include the following general categories and the items and services covered within the categories in accordance with regulations issued pursuant to the PPACA: (i) ambulatory patient services; (ii) emergency services; (iii) hospitalization; (iv) laboratory services; (v) maternity and newborn care; (vi) mental health and substance abuse disorder services, including behavioral health treatment; (vii) pediatric services, including oral and vision care; (viii) prescription drugs; (ix) preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and (x) rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices.

"Facility" means an institution providing health care related services or a health care setting, including but not limited to hospitals and other licensed inpatient centers; ambulatory surgical or treatment centers; skilled nursing centers; residential treatment centers; diagnostic, laboratory, and imaging centers; and rehabilitation and other therapeutic health settings.

"Fair market value" means the price that is determined on the basis of the amounts billed to and the amounts accepted from health carriers or managed care plans by similar providers for comparable out-of-network emergency services in the community where the services are rendered, including amounts accepted under single case agreements, emergency-only participation agreements, and rental network agreements. Fair market value determinations do not include amounts accepted by providers for patients covered by Medicare or Medicaid.

"Genetic information" means, with respect to an individual, information about: (i) the individual's genetic tests; (ii) the genetic tests of the individual's family members; (iii) the manifestation of a disease or disorder in family members of the individual; or (iv) any request for, or receipt of, genetic services,

60 or participation in clinical research that includes genetic services, by the individual or any family  
61 member of the individual. "Genetic information" does not include information about the sex or age of  
62 any individual. As used in this definition, "family member" includes a first-degree, second-degree,  
63 third-degree, or fourth-degree relative of a covered person.

64 "Genetic services" means (i) a genetic test; (ii) genetic counseling, including obtaining, interpreting,  
65 or assessing genetic information; or (iii) genetic education.

66 "Genetic test" means an analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, proteins, or metabolites, if the  
67 analysis detects genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes. "Genetic test" does not include an  
68 analysis of proteins or metabolites that is directly related to a manifested disease, disorder, or  
69 pathological condition.

70 "Grandfathered plan" means coverage provided by a health carrier to (i) a small employer on March  
71 23, 2010, or (ii) an individual that was enrolled on March 23, 2010, including any extension of coverage  
72 to an individual who becomes a dependent of a grandfathered enrollee after March 23, 2010, for as long  
73 as such plan maintains that status in accordance with federal law.

74 "Group health insurance coverage" means health insurance coverage offered in connection with a  
75 group health benefit plan.

76 "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan as defined in § 3(1) of ERISA to the  
77 extent that the plan provides medical care within the meaning of § 733(a) of ERISA to employees,  
78 including both current and former employees, or their dependents as defined under the terms of the plan  
79 directly or through insurance, reimbursement, or otherwise.

80 "Health benefit plan" means a policy, contract, certificate, or agreement offered by a health carrier to  
81 provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care services. "Health  
82 benefit plan" includes short-term and catastrophic health insurance policies, and a policy that pays on a  
83 cost-incurred basis, except as otherwise specifically exempted in this definition. "Health benefit plan"  
84 does not include the "excepted benefits" as defined in § 38.2-3431.

85 "Health care professional" means a physician or other health care practitioner licensed, accredited, or  
86 certified to perform specified health care services consistent with state law.

87 "Health care provider" or "provider" means a health care professional or facility.

88 "Health care services" means services for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a  
89 health condition, illness, injury, or disease.

90 "Health carrier" means an entity subject to the insurance laws and regulations of the Commonwealth  
91 and subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission that contracts or offers to contract to provide, deliver,  
92 arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care services, including an insurer licensed  
93 to sell accident and sickness insurance, a health maintenance organization, a health services plan, or any  
94 other entity providing a plan of health insurance, health benefits, or health care services.

95 "Health maintenance organization" means a person licensed pursuant to Chapter 43 (§ 38.2-4300 et  
96 seq.).

97 "Health status-related factor" means any of the following factors: health status; medical condition,  
98 including physical and mental illnesses; claims experience; receipt of health care services; medical  
99 history; genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out of acts of domestic  
100 violence; disability; or any other health status-related factor as determined by federal regulation.

101 "Individual health insurance coverage" means health insurance coverage offered to individuals in the  
102 individual market, which includes a health benefit plan provided to individuals through a trust  
103 arrangement, association, or other discretionary group that is not an employer plan, but does not include  
104 coverage defined as "excepted benefits" in § 38.2-3431 or short-term limited duration insurance. Student  
105 health insurance coverage shall be considered a type of individual health insurance coverage.

106 "Individual market" means the market for health insurance coverage offered to individuals other than  
107 in connection with a group health plan.

108 "Managed care plan" means a health benefit plan that either requires a covered person to use, or  
109 creates incentives, including financial incentives, for a covered person to use health care providers  
110 managed, owned, under contract with, or employed by the health carrier.

111 "Network" means the group of participating providers providing services to a managed care plan.

112 "Nonprofit data services organization" means the nonprofit organization with which the  
113 Commissioner of Health negotiates and enters into contracts or agreements for the compilation, storage,  
114 analysis, and evaluation of data submitted by health care providers pursuant to § 32.1-276.4.

115 "Open enrollment" means, with respect to individual health insurance coverage, the period of time  
116 during which any individual has the opportunity to apply for coverage under a health benefit plan  
117 offered by a health carrier and must be accepted for coverage under the plan without regard to a  
118 preexisting condition exclusion.

119 "Out-of-network services" means services rendered to a covered person by a health care provider  
120 that does not have an in-network participation agreement with the health carrier or managed care plan  
121 that governs reimbursement of such services.

"Participating health care professional" means a health care professional who, under contract with the health carrier or with its contractor or subcontractor, has agreed to provide health care services to covered persons with an expectation of receiving payments, other than ~~coinsurance, copayments, or deductibles~~ *cost-sharing requirements*, directly or indirectly from the health carrier.

"PPACA" means the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (P.L. 111-148), as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-152), and as it may be further amended.

"Preexisting condition exclusion" means a limitation or exclusion of benefits, including a denial of coverage, based on the fact that the condition was present before the effective date of coverage, or if the coverage is denied, the date of denial, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before the effective date of coverage. "Preexisting condition exclusion" also includes a condition identified as a result of a pre-enrollment questionnaire or physical examination given to an individual, or review of medical records relating to the pre-enrollment period.

"Premium" means all moneys paid by an employer, eligible employee, or covered person as a condition of coverage from a health carrier, including fees and other contributions associated with the health benefit plan.

"Primary care health care professional" means a health care professional designated by a covered person to supervise, coordinate, or provide initial care or continuing care to the covered person and who may be required by the health carrier to initiate a referral for specialty care and maintain supervision of health care services rendered to the covered person.

*"Regional average for commercial payments" means the fixed price, based on data submitted by data suppliers in 2017 pursuant to subdivisions B 1 and 2 of § 32.1-276.7:1 and reported to the Commission's Bureau of Insurance by the nonprofit data services organization, that is determined on the basis of the amounts paid to and the amounts accepted by health care providers, from health carriers, by category of providers for comparable out-of-network emergency services, identified by codes, in the community where the services were rendered, including amounts accepted under single case agreements, emergency-only participation agreements, and rental network agreements. Regional average for commercial payments determinations do not include amounts accepted by providers for patients covered by Medicare, TRICARE, or Medicaid. The regional average for commercial payments value shall be adjusted annually by the Bureau of Insurance in an amount equal to the annual increases for that same period in the United States Average Consumer Price Index (CPI) for medical care for the South region, as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor.*

"Rescission" means a cancellation or discontinuance of coverage under a health benefit plan that has a retroactive effect. "Rescission" does not include:

1. A cancellation or discontinuance of coverage under a health benefit plan if the cancellation or discontinuance of coverage has only a prospective effect, or the cancellation or discontinuance of coverage is effective retroactively to the extent it is attributable to a failure to timely pay required premiums or contributions towards the cost of coverage; or

2. A cancellation or discontinuance of coverage when the health benefit plan covers active employees and, if applicable, dependents and those covered under continuation coverage provisions, if the employee pays no premiums for coverage after termination of employment and the cancellation or discontinuance of coverage is effective retroactively back to the date of termination of employment due to a delay in administrative recordkeeping.

"Stabilize" means with respect to an emergency medical condition, to provide such medical treatment as may be necessary to assure, within reasonable medical probability, that no material deterioration of the condition is likely to result from or occur during the transfer of the individual from a facility, or, with respect to a pregnant woman, that the woman has delivered, including the placenta.

"Student health insurance coverage" means a type of individual health insurance coverage that is provided pursuant to a written agreement between an institution of higher education, as defined by the Higher Education Act of 1965, and a health carrier and provided to students enrolled in that institution of higher education and their dependents, and that does not make health insurance coverage available other than in connection with enrollment as a student, or as a dependent of a student, in the institution of higher education, and does not condition eligibility for health insurance coverage on any health status-related factor related to a student or a dependent of the student.

"Wellness program" means a program offered by an employer that is designed to promote health or prevent disease.

#### **§ 38.2-3445. Patient access to emergency services.**

A. Notwithstanding any provision of § 38.2-3407.11, or 38.2-4312.3, or any other section of this title to the contrary, if a health carrier providing individual or group health insurance coverage provides any benefits with respect to services in an emergency department of a hospital, the health carrier shall provide coverage for emergency services:

183 1. Without the need for any prior authorization determination, regardless of whether the emergency  
184 services are provided on an in-network or out-of-network basis;

185 2. Without regard to *the final diagnosis rendered to the covered person* or whether the health care  
186 provider furnishing the emergency services is a participating health care provider with respect to such  
187 services;

188 3. If such services are provided out-of-network, without imposing any administrative requirement or  
189 limitation on coverage that is more restrictive than the requirements or limitations that apply to such  
190 services received from an in-network provider;

191 4. If such services are provided out-of-network, any cost-sharing requirement ~~expressed as copayment~~  
192 ~~amount or coinsurance rate~~ cannot exceed the cost-sharing requirement that would apply if such services  
193 were provided in-network. ~~However, an individual may be required to pay the excess of the amount the~~  
194 ~~out-of-network provider charges over the amount the health carrier is required to pay under this section~~  
195 *A covered person shall not be required to pay an out-of-network provider any amount other than the*  
196 *cost-sharing requirement.* The health carrier complies with this requirement if the health carrier provides  
197 benefits with respect to an emergency service in an amount equal to the greatest of (i) the amount  
198 negotiated with in-network providers for the emergency service; or, if more than one amount is  
199 negotiated, the median of these amounts; (ii) the amount for the emergency service calculated using the  
200 same method the health carrier generally uses to determine payments for out-of-network services, such  
201 as the usual, customary, and reasonable amount; ~~and~~ (iii) the amount that would be paid under Medicare  
202 for the emergency service; ~~and~~ (iv) *if out-of-network services are provided (a) by a health care*  
203 *professional, the regional average for commercial payments for such service, or (b) by a facility, the*  
204 *fair market value for such services. The health carrier shall pay any amount due the health care*  
205 *provider pursuant to this subdivision directly, less any cost-sharing requirement.*

206 A deductible may be imposed with respect to out-of-network emergency services only as a part of a  
207 deductible that generally applies to out-of-network benefits. If an out-of-pocket maximum generally  
208 applies to out-of-network benefits, that out-of-pocket maximum shall apply to out-of-network emergency  
209 services; and

210 5. Without regard to any term or condition of such coverage other than the exclusion of or  
211 coordination of benefits or an affiliation or waiting period.

212 *B. If, after the health care provider receives an explanation of benefits, remittance advice, or similar*  
213 *documentation from a health carrier, the health care provider determines that the amount determined by*  
214 *the health carrier as the appropriate reimbursement for emergency services does not comply with the*  
215 *requirements of subdivision A 4, the health care provider shall notify the health carrier of such*  
216 *determination within 90 days of its determination. The health care provider and the health carrier shall*  
217 *make a good faith effort to reach a resolution on the appropriate amount of reimbursement for the*  
218 *emergency services provided.*

219 *C. If a resolution is not reached between the health care provider and the health carrier within 30*  
220 *days of notification under subsection B, either party may request the Commission to review the disputed*  
221 *reimbursement amount and make a determination as to whether such amount complies with subdivision*  
222 *A 4.*

223 *D. Claims presenting common codes for the health carrier may be reviewed together by the*  
224 *Commission.*

225 *E. Except as provided in subsections B, C, and D, the Commission shall have no jurisdiction to*  
226 *adjudicate disputes arising out of this section.*

227 **§ 38.2-3445.1. Patient access to elective services.**

228 A. As used in this section:

229 "Cost-sharing requirement" means a deductible, copayment amount, or coinsurance rate.

230 "Elective services" means health care services rendered to a covered person that are not emergency  
231 services.

232 "In-network provider" means a health care provider or provider group having a contract with a  
233 carrier to provide health care services to a covered person under a health benefit plan as a member of  
234 the health benefit plan's network.

235 "Provider group" means a group of multispecialty or single-specialty health care providers who  
236 contract with a facility to exclusively provide multispecialty or single-specialty health care services at  
237 such facility.

238 "Required notice" means notice by a facility to a covered person (i) that health care services  
239 provided by a provider group will be billed separately from the facility and (ii) that some health care  
240 services may not be provided by an in-network provider.

241 B. In a facility where a covered person receives scheduled elective services, the facility shall post the  
242 required notice or inform the covered person of the required notice at the time of pre-admission or  
243 pre-registration.

244 C. The facility shall inform the covered person or his legal representative (i) of the names of all

245 *provider groups providing health care services at the facility, (ii) that consultation with the covered*  
246 *person's managed care plan is recommended to determine if the provider groups providing health care*  
247 *services at the facility are in-network providers, and (iii) that the covered person may be financially*  
248 *responsible for health care services performed by a provider that is not an in-network provider, in*  
249 *addition to any cost-sharing requirements.*

250 **2. That the nonprofit data services organization (the nonprofit organization) with which the**  
251 **Commissioner of Health negotiates and enters into contracts or agreements for the compilation,**  
252 **storage, analysis, and evaluation of data submitted by health care providers pursuant to**  
253 **§ 32.1-276.4 of the Code of Virginia shall submit a report (the report) by July 1, 2019, to the State**  
254 **Corporation Commission's Bureau of Insurance (Bureau) establishing the regional average for**  
255 **commercial payments, as defined in this act, for emergency services. The report shall not identify**  
256 **individual health plans or health care provider-specific reimbursement amounts. Prior to**  
257 **submission of the report to the Bureau, the nonprofit organization shall submit the report to the**  
258 **Virginia All-Payer Claims Database Data Review Committee for review and approval.**