	19103769D
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1967
2	Offered January 9, 2019
2 3 4	Prefiled January 7, 2019
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 32.1-127, 32.1-134.1, 38.2-2806, 38.2-4214, and 38.2-4319 of the
5	Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 34 of Title
6	38.2 a section numbered 38.2-3407.20 and by adding a section numbered 54.1-2912.1:1, relating to
7	physicians; requirement of medical specialty board certification prohibited.
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•	Patrons—Rasoul and Adams, D.M.
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10	Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor
11 12	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 32.1-127, 32.1-134.1, 38.2-2806, 38.2-4214, and 38.2-4319 of the Code of Virginia are
13	amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Article 1 of
15	Chapter 34 of Title 38.2 a section numbered 38.2-3407.20 and by adding a section numbered
16	54.1-2912.1:1 as follows:
17	§ 32.1-127. Regulations.
18	A. The regulations promulgated by the Board to carry out the provisions of this article shall be in
19	substantial conformity to the standards of health, hygiene, sanitation, construction and safety as
20	established and recognized by medical and health care professionals and by specialists in matters of
21	public health and safety, including health and safety standards established under provisions of Title
22	XVIII and Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and to the provisions of Article 2 (§ 32.1-138 et seq.).
23	B. Such regulations:
24	1. Shall include minimum standards for (i) the construction and maintenance of hospitals, nursing
25	homes and certified nursing facilities to ensure the environmental protection and the life safety of its
26	patients, employees, and the public; (ii) the operation, staffing and equipping of hospitals, nursing homes
27 28	and certified nursing facilities; (iii) qualifications and training of staff of hospitals, nursing homes and certified nursing facilities, except those professionals licensed or certified by the Department of Health
28 29	Professions; (iv) conditions under which a hospital or nursing home may provide medical and nursing
<u>30</u>	services to patients in their places of residence; and (v) policies related to infection prevention, disaster
31	preparedness, and facility security of hospitals, nursing homes, and certified nursing facilities. For
32	purposes of this paragraph, facilities in which five or more first trimester abortions per month are
33	performed shall be classified as a category of "hospital";
34	2. Shall provide that at least one physician who is licensed to practice medicine in this
35	Commonwealth shall be on call at all times, though not necessarily physically present on the premises,
36	at each hospital which operates or holds itself out as operating an emergency service;
37	3. May classify hospitals and nursing homes by type of specialty or service and may provide for
38	licensing hospitals and nursing homes by bed capacity and by type of specialty or service;
<b>39</b>	4. Shall also require that each hospital establish a protocol for organ donation, in compliance with
40 41	federal law and the regulations of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), particularly
42	42 C.F.R. § 482.45. Each hospital shall have an agreement with an organ procurement organization designated in CMS regulations for routine contact, whereby the provider's designated organ procurement
43	organization certified by CMS (i) is notified in a timely manner of all deaths or imminent deaths of
44	patients in the hospital and (ii) is authorized to determine the suitability of the decedent or patient for
45	organ donation and, in the absence of a similar arrangement with any eye bank or tissue bank in
46	Virginia certified by the Eye Bank Association of America or the American Association of Tissue
47	Banks, the suitability for tissue and eye donation. The hospital shall also have an agreement with at least
48	one tissue bank and at least one eye bank to cooperate in the retrieval, processing, preservation, storage,
49	and distribution of tissues and eyes to ensure that all usable tissues and eyes are obtained from potential
50	donors and to avoid interference with organ procurement. The protocol shall ensure that the hospital
51	collaborates with the designated organ procurement organization to inform the family of each potential
52	donor of the option to donate organs, tissues, or eyes or to decline to donate. The individual making
53 54	contact with the family shall have completed a course in the methodology for approaching potential denor families and requesting areas or tissue denotion that (a) is affered or approaching the areas
54 55	donor families and requesting organ or tissue donation that (a) is offered or approved by the organ
55 56	procurement organization and designed in conjunction with the tissue and eye bank community and (b)
50 57	encourages discretion and sensitivity according to the specific circumstances, views, and beliefs of the relevant family. In addition, the hospital shall work cooperatively with the designated organ procurement
57 58	organization in educating the staff responsible for contacting the organ procurement organization's
50	organization in educating the start responsible for contacting the organ procurement organization's

59 personnel on donation issues, the proper review of death records to improve identification of potential donors, and the proper procedures for maintaining potential donors while necessary testing and placement of potential donated organs, tissues, and eyes takes place. This process shall be followed, without exception, unless the family of the relevant decedent or patient has expressed opposition to organ donation, the chief administrative officer of the hospital or his designee knows of such opposition, and no donor card or other relevant document, such as an advance directive, can be found;

5. Shall require that each hospital that provides obstetrical services establish a protocol for admissionor transfer of any pregnant woman who presents herself while in labor;

6. Shall also require that each licensed hospital develop and implement a protocol requiring written 67 68 discharge plans for identified, substance-abusing, postpartum women and their infants. The protocol shall 69 require that the discharge plan be discussed with the patient and that appropriate referrals for the mother and the infant be made and documented. Appropriate referrals may include, but need not be limited to, 70 71 treatment services, comprehensive early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities 72 and their families pursuant to Part H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 73 § 1471 et seq., and family-oriented prevention services. The discharge planning process shall involve, to 74 the extent possible, the father of the infant and any members of the patient's extended family who may 75 participate in the follow-up care for the mother and the infant. Immediately upon identification, pursuant 76 to § 54.1-2403.1, of any substance-abusing, postpartum woman, the hospital shall notify, subject to 77 federal law restrictions, the community services board of the jurisdiction in which the woman resides to 78 appoint a discharge plan manager. The community services board shall implement and manage the 79 discharge plan;

80 7. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility fully disclose to the applicant81 for admission the home's or facility's admissions policies, including any preferences given;

82 8. Shall require that each licensed hospital establish a protocol relating to the rights and
83 responsibilities of patients which shall include a process reasonably designed to inform patients of such
84 rights and responsibilities. Such rights and responsibilities of patients, a copy of which shall be given to
85 patients on admission, shall be consistent with applicable federal law and regulations of the Centers for
86 Medicare and Medicaid Services;

9. Shall establish standards and maintain a process for designation of levels or categories of care in neonatal services according to an applicable national or state-developed evaluation system. Such standards may be differentiated for various levels or categories of care and may include, but need not be limited to, requirements for staffing credentials, staff/patient ratios, equipment, and medical protocols;

91 10. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility train all employees who are
92 mandated to report adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation pursuant to § 63.2-1606 on such reporting
93 procedures and the consequences for failing to make a required report;

11. Shall permit hospital personnel, as designated in medical staff bylaws, rules and regulations, or 94 95 hospital policies and procedures, to accept emergency telephone and other verbal orders for medication or treatment for hospital patients from physicians, and other persons lawfully authorized by state statute 96 97 to give patient orders, subject to a requirement that such verbal order be signed, within a reasonable 98 period of time not to exceed 72 hours as specified in the hospital's medical staff bylaws, rules and 99 regulations or hospital policies and procedures, by the person giving the order, or, when such person is not available within the period of time specified, co-signed by another physician or other person 100 101 authorized to give the order;

102 12. Shall require, unless the vaccination is medically contraindicated or the resident declines the offer
103 of the vaccination, that each certified nursing facility and nursing home provide or arrange for the
administration to its residents of (i) an annual vaccination against influenza and (ii) a pneumococcal
105 vaccination, in accordance with the most recent recommendations of the Advisory Committee on
106 Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;

107 13. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility register with the Department of
108 State Police to receive notice of the registration or reregistration of any sex offender within the same or
109 a contiguous zip code area in which the home or facility is located, pursuant to § 9.1-914;

14. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility ascertain, prior to admission,
whether a potential patient is a registered sex offender, if the home or facility anticipates the potential
patient will have a length of stay greater than three days or in fact stays longer than three days;

113 15. Shall require that each licensed hospital include in its visitation policy a provision allowing each 114 adult patient to receive visits from any individual from whom the patient desires to receive visits, 115 subject to other restrictions contained in the visitation policy including, but not limited to, those related 116 to the patient's medical condition and the number of visitors permitted in the patient's room 117 simultaneously;

118 16. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility shall, upon the request of the
 119 facility's family council, send notices and information about the family council mutually developed by
 120 the family council and the administration of the nursing home or certified nursing facility, and provided

121 to the facility for such purpose, to the listed responsible party or a contact person of the resident's 122 choice up to six times per year. Such notices may be included together with a monthly billing statement 123 or other regular communication. Notices and information shall also be posted in a designated location 124 within the nursing home or certified nursing facility. No family member of a resident or other resident 125 representative shall be restricted from participating in meetings in the facility with the families or 126 resident representatives of other residents in the facility;

127 17. Shall require that each nursing home and certified nursing facility maintain liability insurance
128 coverage in a minimum amount of \$1 million, and professional liability coverage in an amount at least
129 equal to the recovery limit set forth in § 8.01-581.15, to compensate patients or individuals for injuries
130 and losses resulting from the negligent or criminal acts of the facility. Failure to maintain such
131 minimum insurance shall result in revocation of the facility's license;

132 18. Shall require each hospital that provides obstetrical services to establish policies to follow when a
133 stillbirth, as defined in § 32.1-69.1, occurs that meet the guidelines pertaining to counseling patients and
134 their families and other aspects of managing stillbirths as may be specified by the Board in its
135 regulations;

136 19. Shall require each nursing home to provide a full refund of any unexpended patient funds on
137 deposit with the facility following the discharge or death of a patient, other than entrance-related fees
138 paid to a continuing care provider as defined in § 38.2-4900, within 30 days of a written request for
139 such funds by the discharged patient or, in the case of the death of a patient, the person administering
140 the person's estate in accordance with the Virginia Small Estates Act (§ 64.2-600 et seq.);

141 20. Shall require that each hospital that provides inpatient psychiatric services establish a protocol 142 that requires, for any refusal to admit (i) a medically stable patient referred to its psychiatric unit, direct 143 verbal communication between the on-call physician in the psychiatric unit and the referring physician, 144 if requested by such referring physician, and prohibits on-call physicians or other hospital staff from 145 refusing a request for such direct verbal communication by a referring physician and (ii) a patient for 146 whom there is a question regarding the medical stability or medical appropriateness of admission for 147 inpatient psychiatric services due to a situation involving results of a toxicology screening, the on-call 148 physician in the psychiatric unit to which the patient is sought to be transferred to participate in direct 149 verbal communication, either in person or via telephone, with a clinical toxicologist or other person who 150 is a Certified Specialist in Poison Information employed by a poison control center that is accredited by 151 the American Association of Poison Control Centers to review the results of the toxicology screen and 152 determine whether a medical reason for refusing admission to the psychiatric unit related to the results 153 of the toxicology screen exists, if requested by the referring physician;

154 21. Shall require that each hospital that is equipped to provide life-sustaining treatment shall develop 155 a policy governing determination of the medical and ethical appropriateness of proposed medical care, 156 which shall include (i) a process for obtaining a second opinion regarding the medical and ethical 157 appropriateness of proposed medical care in cases in which a physician has determined proposed care to 158 be medically or ethically inappropriate; (ii) provisions for review of the determination that proposed 159 medical care is medically or ethically inappropriate by an interdisciplinary medical review committee 160 and a determination by the interdisciplinary medical review committee regarding the medical and ethical 161 appropriateness of the proposed health care; and (iii) requirements for a written explanation of the decision reached by the interdisciplinary medical review committee, which shall be included in the 162 163 patient's medical record. Such policy shall ensure that the patient, his agent, or the person authorized to 164 make medical decisions pursuant to § 54.1-2986 (a) are informed of the patient's right to obtain his 165 medical record and to obtain an independent medical opinion and (b) afforded reasonable opportunity to participate in the medical review committee meeting. Nothing in such policy shall prevent the patient, 166 167 his agent, or the person authorized to make medical decisions pursuant to § 54.1-2986 from obtaining 168 legal counsel to represent the patient or from seeking other remedies available at law, including seeking court review, provided that the patient, his agent, or the person authorized to make medical decisions 169 170 pursuant to § 54.1-2986, or legal counsel provides written notice to the chief executive officer of the 171 hospital within 14 days of the date on which the physician's determination that proposed medical 172 treatment is medically or ethically inappropriate is documented in the patient's medical record;

22. Shall require every hospital with an emergency department to establish protocols to ensure that
security personnel of the emergency department, if any, receive training appropriate to the populations
served by the emergency department, which may include training based on a trauma-informed approach
in identifying and safely addressing situations involving patients or other persons who pose a risk of
harm to themselves or others due to mental illness or substance abuse or who are experiencing a mental
health crisis; and

179 23. (Effective March 1, 2019) Shall require that each hospital establish a protocol requiring that,
180 before a health care provider arranges for air medical transportation services for a patient who does not have an emergency medical condition as defined in 42 U.S.C. § 1395dd(e)(1), the hospital shall provide

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182 the patient or his authorized representative with written or electronic notice that the patient (i) may have 183 a choice of transportation by an air medical transportation provider or medically appropriate ground 184 transportation by an emergency medical services provider and (ii) will be responsible for charges 185 incurred for such transportation in the event that the provider is not a contracted network provider of the 186 patient's health insurance carrier or such charges are not otherwise covered in full or in part by the 187 patient's health insurance plan; and

188 24. Shall provide that a hospital or nursing home that employs a person licensed to practice 189 medicine in the Commonwealth may consider active certification of the physician by a medical specialty 190 board of the American Board of Medical Specialties, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, 191 the American Osteopathic Association, the National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or 192 any other nationally recognized entity providing medical specialty certification as a criterion for 193 employment, but shall not require such certification as a prerequisite of employment. For the purposes 194 of this subdivision, "active certification" means satisfactory completion of a continuing education 195 program in the practice of medicine or surgery that is approved by the American Board of Medical 196 Specialties or an affiliate thereof, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, the American 197 Osteopathic Association, the National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or any other nationally recognized entity providing medical specialty certification. 198

C. Upon obtaining the appropriate license, if applicable, licensed hospitals, nursing homes, andcertified nursing facilities may operate adult day care centers.

201 D. All facilities licensed by the Board pursuant to this article which provide treatment or care for 202 hemophiliacs and, in the course of such treatment, stock clotting factors, shall maintain records of all lot 203 numbers or other unique identifiers for such clotting factors in order that, in the event the lot is found to be contaminated with an infectious agent, those hemophiliacs who have received units of this 204 contaminated clotting factor may be apprised of this contamination. Facilities which have identified a lot 205 206 which is known to be contaminated shall notify the recipient's attending physician and request that he notify the recipient of the contamination. If the physician is unavailable, the facility shall notify by mail, 207 208 return receipt requested, each recipient who received treatment from a known contaminated lot at the 209 individual's last known address.

210 § 32.1-134.1. When denial, etc., to duly licensed physician of staff membership or professional 211 privileges improper.

212 It shall be an improper practice for the governing body of a hospital which has twenty-five beds or 213 more and which A. As used in this section, "active certification" means satisfactory completion of a 214 continuing education program in the practice of medicine or surgery that is approved by the American 215 Board of Medical Specialties or an affiliate thereof, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, the 216 American Osteopathic Association, the National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or any 217 other nationally recognized entity providing medical specialty certification.

218 B. No hospital or other entity that has an organized medical staff or a process for credentialing 219 physicians as members of staff or employees or enters into contracts for employment with physicians 220 and that is required by state law to be licensed to refuse or shall (i) fail or refuse to act within sixty 221 days of a completed on an application for staff membership or professional privileges or submitted by a 222 *licensed physician*, (ii) deny or withhold from a duly licensed physician staff membership or 223 professional privileges in such hospital, or to or other entity from a licensed physician, (iii) exclude or 224 expel a licensed physician from staff membership in such hospital or other entity, or (iv) curtail, 225 terminate, or diminish in any way a physician's the professional privileges of a licensed physician in 226 such hospital or other entity, without stating in writing the reason or reasons therefor, a copy of which 227 shall be provided to the physician. If the reason or reasons stated are unrelated to standards of patient 228 care, patient welfare, violation of the rules and regulations of the institution or staff, the objectives or 229 efficient operations of the institution, or the character or competency of the applicant, or misconduct in 230 any such hospital or other entity, it such failure, refusal, denial, withholding, exclusion, expulsion, 231 curtailment, termination, or diminishment shall be deemed an improper practice.

C. A hospital or other entity described in subsection A may consider active certification of the physician by a medical specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, the American Osteopathic Association, the National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or any other nationally recognized entity providing medical specialty certification as a criterion for the granting or continuing of staff membership or professional privileges to a licensed physician, but shall not require such certification as a prerequisite of the granting or continuing of staff membership or professional privileges to a licensed physician.

D. Any licensed physician licensed in this Commonwealth to practice medicine who is aggrieved by
any violation of this section shall have the right to seek an injunction from the circuit court of the city
or county in which the hospital alleged to have violated this section is located prohibiting any such
further violation. The provisions of this section shall not be deemed to impair or affect any other right
or remedy; provided that a violation of this section shall not constitute a violation of the provisions of

this article for the purposes of § 32.1-135.

§ 38.2-2806. Policy forms; applicants to be issued policies; cancellation of policies; rates;
 examination of business of association.

A. All policies issued by the association shall be subject to the group retrospective premium adjustment and to the stabilization reserve fund required by § 38.2-2807. No policy form shall be used by the association unless it has been filed with the Commission and either (i) the Commission has approved it or (ii) thirty days have elapsed and the Commission has not disapproved the form or endorsement for one or more of the reasons enumerated in subsection A of § 38.2-317.

B. Policies shall be issued by the association, after receipt of the premium or portion of the premium prescribed by the plan of operation, to applicants that (i) meet the minimum underwriting standards, and
(ii) have no unpaid or uncontested premium due as evidenced by the applicant having failed to make written objection to premium charges within thirty days after billing.

C. Any policy issued by the association may be cancelled for any one of the following reasons: (i) nonpayment of premium or portion of the premium; (ii) suspension or revocation of the insured's license; (iii) failure of the insured to meet the minimum underwriting standards; (iv) failure of the insured to meet other minimum standards prescribed by the plan of operation; and (v) nonpayment of any stabilization reserve fund charge.

261 D. The rates, rating plans, rating rules, rating classifications, premium payment plans and territories 262 applicable to the insurance written by the association, and related statistics shall be subject to the 263 provisions of Chapter 20 (§ 38.2-2000 et seq.) of this title. Due consideration shall be given to the past 264 and prospective loss and expense experience for medical malpractice insurance written and to be written 265 in this Commonwealth, trends in the frequency and severity of losses, the investment income of the 266 association, and other information the Commission requires. All rates shall be on an actuarially sound basis, giving due consideration to the stabilization reserve fund, and shall be calculated to be 267 268 self-supporting. The Commission shall take all appropriate steps to make available to the association the 269 loss and expense experience of insurers writing or having written medical malpractice insurance in this 270 Commonwealth.

271 E. All policies issued by the association shall be subject to a nonprofit group retrospective premium 272 adjustment to be approved by the Commission under which the final premium for all policyholders of 273 the association, as a group, will be calculated based upon the experience of all policyholders. The 274 experience of all policyholders shall be calculated following the end of each fiscal period and shall be 275 based upon earned premiums, administrative expenses, loss and loss adjustment expenses, and taxes, plus 276 a reasonable allowance for contingencies and servicing. Policyholders shall be given full credit for all 277 investment income, net of expenses and a reasonable management fee on policyholder supplied funds. 278 Any final premium resulting from a retrospective premium adjustment will be collected from the 279 stabilization fund set forth in § 38.2-2807. The maximum premium for all policyholders as a group shall be limited as provided in § 38.2-2807. 280

F. 1. The association shall certify to the Commission the estimated amount of any deficit remaining
after the stabilization reserve fund has been exhausted in payment of the maximum final premium for all
policyholders of the association. Within sixty days after such certification, the Commission shall
authorize the association to recover from the members their respective share of the deficit.

285 2. Members shall be permitted to recover any assessment made by the association under subdivision
286 1 by deducting the members' share of the deficit from future premium taxes due the Commonwealth.
287 The amount of premium tax deduction for each member's share of the deficit shall be apportioned by
288 the Commission so that the amount of each member's premium tax deduction in each of the ten calendar
289 years following the payment of the member's assessment is equal to ten percent of the assessment paid
290 by the member.

G. In the event that sufficient funds are not available for the sound financial operation of the association, subject to recoupment as provided in this chapter and the plan of operation, all members shall, on a temporary basis, contribute to the financial requirements of the association in the manner provided in this chapter. The contribution shall be reimbursed to the members by the procedure set forth in subdivision F 2.

H. The Commission shall examine the business of the association as often as it deems appropriate to
make certain that the group retrospective premium adjustments are being calculated and applied in a
manner consistent with this section. If the Commission finds that they are not being calculated and
applied in a manner consistent with this section, it shall issue an order to the association, specifying (i)
how the calculation and application are not consistent and (ii) stating what corrective action shall be
taken.

302 I. Minimum underwriting criteria for determining eligibility of an applicant for coverage may include
 303 active certification of the physician by a medical specialty board of the American Board of Medical
 304 Specialties, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, the American Osteopathic Association, the

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305 National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or any other nationally recognized entity 306 providing medical specialty certification, but shall not require such certification as a prerequisite of 307 coverage. As used in this subsection, "active certification" means satisfactory completion of a continuing 308 education program in the practice of medicine or surgery that is approved by the American Board of 309 Medical Specialties or an affiliate thereof, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, the American 310 Osteopathic Association, the National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or any other 311 nationally recognized entity providing medical specialty certification.

§ 38.2-3407.20. Requirement of medical specialty board certification prohibited. 312

A. As used in this section, "active certification" means satisfactory completion of a continuing 313 314 education program in the practice of medicine or surgery that is approved by the American Board of 315 Medical Specialties or an affiliate thereof, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, the American Osteopathic Association, the National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or any other 316 317 nationally recognized entity providing medical specialty certification.

318 B. An insurer proposing to issue individual or group accident and sickness insurance policies 319 providing hospital, medical and surgical, or major medical coverage on an expense-incurred basis; 320 corporation providing individual or group accident and sickness subscription contracts; or health maintenance reorganization providing a health care plan for health care services may consider active 321 322 certification of the physician by a medical specialty board of the American Board of Medical 323 Specialties, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, the American Osteopathic Association, the 324 National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or any other nationally recognized entity providing medical specialty certification as a criterion for participation in a provider network established for a managed care health insurance plan, as defined in Chapter 58 (§ 38.2-5800 et seq.), 325 326 327 or reimbursement for a service covered under such a policy, contract, or plan, but shall not require 328 such certification as a prerequisite for participation or reimbursement. 329

§ 38.2-4214. Application of certain provisions of law.

330 No provision of this title except this chapter and, insofar as they are not inconsistent with this 331 chapter, §§ 38.2-200, 38.2-203, 38.2-209 through 38.2-213, 38.2-218 through 38.2-225, 38.2-230, 332 38.2-322, 38.2-305, 38.2-316, 38.2-316.1, 38.2-322, 38.2-325, 38.2-326, 38.2-400, 38.2-402 through 333 38.2-413, 38.2-500 through 38.2-515, 38.2-600 through 38.2-620, 38.2-700 through 38.2-705, 38.2-900 through 38.2-904, 38.2-1017, 38.2-1018, 38.2-1038, 38.2-1040 through 38.2-1044, Articles 1 334 335 (§ 38.2-1300 et seq.) and 2 (§ 38.2-1306.2 et seq.) of Chapter 13, §§ 38.2-1312, 38.2-1314, 38.2-1315.1, 336 38.2-1317 through 38.2-1328, 38.2-1334, 38.2-1340, 38.2-1400 through 38.2-1442, 38.2-1446, 337 38.2-1447, 38.2-1800 through 38.2-1836, 38.2-3400, 38.2-3401, 38.2-3404, 38.2-3405, 38.2-3405.1, 338 38.2-3406.1, 38.2-3406.2, 38.2-3407.1 through 38.2-3407.6:1, 38.2-3407.9 through 38.2-3407.19 *38.2-3407.20*, *38.2-3409*, *38.2-3411* through *38.2-3419.1*, *38.2-3430.1* through *38.2-3454*, *38.2-3501*, *38.2-3502*, subdivision 13 of § *38.2-3503*, subdivision 8 of § *38.2-3504*, §§ *38.2-3514.1*, *38.2-3514.2*, 339 340 §§ 38.2-3516 through 38.2-3520 as they apply to Medicare supplement policies, §§ 38.2-3522.1 through 38.2-3523.4, 38.2-3525, 38.2-3540.1, 38.2-3541 through 38.2-3542, 38.2-3543.2, Article 5 (§ 38.2-3551 341 342 et seq.) of Chapter 35, Chapter 35.1 (§ 38.2-3556 et seq.), §§ 38.2-3600 through 38.2-3607, Chapter 52 343 344 (§ 38.2-5200 et seq.), Chapter 55 (§ 38.2-5500 et seq.), and Chapter 58 (§ 38.2-5800 et seq.) of this 345 title shall apply to the operation of a plan.

## § 38.2-4319. Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.

347 A. No provisions of this title except this chapter and, insofar as they are not inconsistent with this chapter, §§ 38.2-100, 38.2-136, 38.2-200, 38.2-203, 38.2-209 through 38.2-213, 38.2-216, 38.2-218 348 349 through 38.2-225, 38.2-229, 38.2-232, 38.2-305, 38.2-316, 38.2-316.1, 38.2-322, 38.2-325, 38.2-326, 350 38.2-400, 38.2-402 through 38.2-413, 38.2-500 through 38.2-515, 38.2-600 through 38.2-620, Chapter 9 38.2-900 et seq.), §§ 38.2-1016.1 through 38.2-1023, 38.2-1057, 38.2-1306.1, Article 2 38.2-1306.2 et seq.), § 38.2-1315.1, Articles 3.1 (§ 38.2-1316.1 et seq.), 4 (§ 38.2-1317 et seq.), 5 351 (§ 352 (§ 353 (§ 38.2-1322 et seq.), 5.1 (§ 38.2-1334.3 et seq.), and 5.2 (§ 38.2-1334.11 et seq.) of Chapter 13, 354 Articles 1 (§ 38.2-1400 et seq.), 2 (§ 38.2-1412 et seq.), and 4 (§ 38.2-1446 et seq.) of Chapter 14, Chapter 15 (§ 38.2-1500 et seq.), Chapter 17 (§ 38.2-1700 et seq.), §§ 38.2-1800 through 38.2-1836, 38.2-3401, 38.2-3405, 38.2-3405.1, 38.2-3406.1, 38.2-3407.2 through 38.2-3407.6:1, 38.2-3407.9 through 355 356 357 38.2-3407.19 38.2-3407.20, 38.2-3411, 38.2-3411.2, 38.2-3411.3, 38.2-3411.4, 38.2-3412.1, 38.2-3414.1, 358 38.2-3418.1 through 38.2-3418.17, 38.2-3419.1, 38.2-3430.1 through 38.2-3454, 38.2-3500, subdivision 359 13 of § 38.2-3503, subdivision 8 of § 38.2-3504, §§ 38.2-3514.1, 38.2-3514.2, 38.2-3522.1 through 38.2-3523.4, 38.2-3525, 38.2-3540.1, 38.2-3540.2, 38.2-3541.2, 38.2-3542, 38.2-3543.2, Article 5 360 (§ 38.2-3551 et seq.) of Chapter 35, Chapter 35.1 (§ 38.2-3556 et seq.), Chapter 52 (§ 38.2-5200 et 361 seq.), Chapter 55 (§ 38.2-5500 et seq.), and Chapter 58 (§ 38.2-5800 et seq.) shall be applicable to any 362 363 health maintenance organization granted a license under this chapter. This chapter shall not apply to an 364 insurer or health services plan licensed and regulated in conformance with the insurance laws or Chapter 365 42 (§ 38.2-4200 et seq.) except with respect to the activities of its health maintenance organization.

366 B. For plans administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services that provide benefits

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367 pursuant to Title XIX or Title XXI of the Social Security Act, as amended, no provisions of this title 368 except this chapter and, insofar as they are not inconsistent with this chapter, §§ 38.2-100, 38.2-136, 38.2-200, 38.2-203, 38.2-209 through 38.2-213, 38.2-216, 38.2-218 through 38.2-225, 38.2-229, 38.2-322, 38.2-322, 38.2-325, 38.2-400, 38.2-402 through 38.2-413, 38.2-500 through 38.2-515, 38.2-600 369 370 371 through 38.2-620, Chapter 9 (§ 38.2-900 et seq.), §§ 38.2-1016.1 through 38.2-1023, 38.2-1057, 38.2-1306.1, Article 2 (§ 38.2-1306.2 et seq.), § 38.2-1315.1, Articles 3.1 (§ 38.2-1316.1 et seq.), 4 372 (§ 38.2-1317 et seq.), 5 (§ 38.2-1322 et seq.), 5.1 (§ 38.2-1334.3 et seq.), and 5.2 (§ 38.2-1334.11 et 373 seq.) of Chapter 13, Articles 1 (§ 38.2-1400 et seq.), 2 (§ 38.2-1412 et seq.), and 4 (§ 38.2-1446 et seq.) 374 of Chapter 14, §§ 38.2-3401, 38.2-3405, 38.2-3407.2 through 38.2-3407.5, 38.2-3407.6, 38.2-3407.6:1, 375 376 38.2-3407.9, 38.2-3407.9:01, and 38.2-3407.9:02, subdivisions F 1, F 2, and F 3 of § 38.2-3407.10, 377 §§ 38.2-3407.11, 38.2-3407.11:3, 38.2-3407.13, 38.2-3407.13:1, 38.2-3407.14, 38.2-3411.2, 38.2-3418.1, 38.2-3418.2, 38.2-3419.1, 38.2-3430.1 through 38.2-3437, 38.2-3500, subdivision 13 of § 38.2-3503, subdivision 8 of § 38.2-3504, §§ 38.2-3514.1, 38.2-3514.2, 38.2-3522.1 through 38.2-3523.4, 38.2-3525, 378 379 38.2-3540.1, 38.2-3540.2, 38.2-3541.2, 38.2-3542, 38.2-3543.2, Chapter 52 (§ 38.2-5200 et seq.), Chapter 55 (§ 38.2-5500 et seq.), and Chapter 58 (§ 38.2-5800 et seq.) shall be applicable to any health 380 381 382 maintenance organization granted a license under this chapter. This chapter shall not apply to an insurer 383 or health services plan licensed and regulated in conformance with the insurance laws or Chapter 42 (§ 384 38.2-4200 et seq.) except with respect to the activities of its health maintenance organization.

385 C. Solicitation of enrollees by a licensed health maintenance organization or by its representatives 386 shall not be construed to violate any provisions of law relating to solicitation or advertising by health 387 professionals.

388 D. A licensed health maintenance organization shall not be deemed to be engaged in the unlawful 389 practice of medicine. All health care providers associated with a health maintenance organization shall 390 be subject to all provisions of law.

391 E. Notwithstanding the definition of an eligible employee as set forth in § 38.2-3431, a health 392 maintenance organization providing health care plans pursuant to § 38.2-3431 shall not be required to 393 offer coverage to or accept applications from an employee who does not reside within the health 394 maintenance organization's service area.

395 F. For purposes of applying this section, "insurer" when used in a section cited in subsections A and 396 B shall be construed to mean and include "health maintenance organizations" unless the section cited 397 clearly applies to health maintenance organizations without such construction. 398

§ 54.1-2912.1:1. Requirement of Maintenance of Certification prohibited.

399 A. As used in this section, "active certification" means satisfactory completion of a continuing 400 education program in the practice of medicine or surgery that is approved by the American Board of 401 Medical Specialties or an affiliate thereof, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, the American 402 Osteopathic Association, the National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or any other 403 nationally recognized entity providing medical specialty certification.

404 B. The Board shall not require active certification as a condition of licensure to practice medicine in 405 the Commonwealth.

406 C. A physician licensed to practice medicine in the Commonwealth who has received initial 407 certification in an area of medical specialty from the American Board of Medical Specialties or an affiliate thereof, the National Board of Physicians and Surgeons, the American Osteopathic Association, 408 409 the National Board of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, or any other nationally recognized entity 410 providing medical specialty certification shall be considered board-certified in that medical specialty.

411 D. Nothing in this section shall exempt a licensed physician from continuing medical education

412 requirements established by the Board of Medicine pursuant to § 54.1-2912.1.