2019 SESSION

	19101084D
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1705
1 2 3	Offered January 9, 2019
	Prefiled December 12, 2018
4 5	A BILL to amend and reenact § 33.2-501 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the Dulles Airport Access
5	Road; high-occupancy vehicles.
U	Patrons—Reid and Delaney
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8	Referred to Committee on Transportation
9 10	Poit exected by the Concerci Assembly of Virginia
10 11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 33.2-501 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 33.2-501. Designation of HOV lanes; use of such lanes; penalties.
13	A. In order to facilitate the rapid and orderly movement of traffic to and from urban areas during
14	peak traffic periods, the Board may designate one or more lanes of any highway in the Interstate
15	System, primary state highway system, or secondary state highway system as HOV lanes. When lanes
16 17	have been so designated and have been appropriately marked with signs or other markers as the Board may prescribe, they shall be reserved during periods designated by the Board for the exclusive use of
18	buses and high-occupancy vehicles. Any local governing body may also, with respect to highways under
19	its exclusive jurisdiction, designate HOV lanes and impose and enforce restrictions on the use of such
20	lanes. Any highway for which the locality receives highway maintenance funds pursuant to § 33.2-319
21	shall be deemed to be within the exclusive jurisdiction of the local governing body for the purposes of
22 23	this section. HOV lanes shall be reserved for high-occupancy vehicles of a specified number of
23 24	occupants as determined by the Board or, for HOV lanes designated by a local governing body, by that local governing body. However, no designation of any lane or lanes of any highway as HOV lanes shall
25	apply to the use of any such lanes by:
26	1. Emergency vehicles such as firefighting vehicles and emergency medical services vehicles;
27	2. Law-enforcement vehicles;
28	3. Motorcycles;
29 30	4. a. Transit and commuter buses designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver; b. Any vehicle operating under a certificate issued under § 46.2-2075, 46.2-2080, 46.2-2096,
31	46.2-2099.4, or 46.2-2099.44;
32	5. Vehicles of public utility companies operating in response to an emergency call;
33	6. Vehicles bearing clean special fuel vehicle license plates issued pursuant to § 46.2-749.3, provided
34	such use is in compliance with federal law;
35 36	7. Taxicabs having two or more occupants, including the driver; or 8. (Contingent effective date) Any active duty military member in uniform who is utilizing Interstate
37	264 and Interstate 64 for the purposes of traveling to or from a military facility in the Hampton Roads
38	Planning District.
39	In the Hampton Roads Planning District, HOV restrictions may be temporarily lifted and HOV lanes
40	opened to use by all vehicles when restricting use of HOV lanes becomes impossible or undesirable and
41 42	the temporary lifting of HOV limitations is indicated by signs along or above the affected portion of highway.
43	The Commissioner of Highways shall implement a program of the HOV facilities in the Hampton
44	Roads Planning District beginning not later than May 1, 2000. This program shall include the temporary
45	lifting of HOV restrictions and the opening of HOV lanes to all traffic when an incident resulting from
46	nonrecurring causes within the general lanes occurs such that a lane of traffic is blocked or is expected
47 48	to be blocked for 10 minutes or longer. The HOV restrictions for the facility shall be reinstated when the general long is no longer blocked and is available for use
40 49	the general lane is no longer blocked and is available for use. The Commissioner of Highways shall maintain necessary records to evaluate the effects of such
50	openings on the operation of the general lanes and the HOV lanes. This program will terminate if the
51	Federal Highway Administration requires repayment of any federal highway construction funds because
52 52	of the program's impact on the HOV facilities in Hampton Roads.
53 54	B. In designating any lane or lanes of any highway as HOV lanes, the Board or local governing body shall specify the hour or hours of each day of the week during which the lanes shall be so
54 55	reserved, and the hour or hours shall be plainly posted at whatever intervals along the lanes the Board
56	or local governing body deems appropriate. Any person driving a motor vehicle in a designated HOV
57	lane in violation of this section is guilty of a traffic infraction, which shall not be a moving violation,
58	and on conviction shall be fined \$100. However, violations committed within the boundaries of Planning

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59 District 8 shall be punishable as follows:

- 60 1. For a first offense, by a fine of \$125;
- 61 2. For a second offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$250;

62 3. For a third offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$500; and

63 4. For a fourth or subsequent offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of64 \$1,000.

Upon a conviction under this section, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the Department
of Motor Vehicles in accordance with § 46.2-383 an abstract of the record of such conviction, which
shall become a part of the person's driving record. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-492, no
driver demerit points shall be assessed for any violation of this section, except that persons convicted of
second, third, fourth, or subsequent violations within five years of a first offense committed in Planning
District 8 shall be assessed three demerit points for each such violation.

71 C. In the prosecution of an offense, committed in the presence of a law-enforcement officer, of failure to obey a road sign restricting a highway, or portion thereof, to the use of high-occupancy 72 vehicles, proof that the vehicle described in the HOV violation summons was operated in violation of 73 74 this section, together with proof that the defendant was at the time of such violation the registered 75 owner of the vehicle, shall constitute in evidence a rebuttable presumption that such registered owner of the vehicle was the person who committed the violation. Such presumption shall be rebutted if the 76 77 registered owner of the vehicle testifies in open court under oath that he was not the operator of the 78 vehicle at the time of the violation. A summons for a violation of this section may be executed in accordance with § 19.2-76.2. Such rebuttable presumption shall not arise when the registered owner of 79 80 the vehicle is a rental or leasing company.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 19.2-76, whenever a summons for a violation of this section
is served in any locality, it may be executed by mailing by first-class mail a copy thereof to the address
of the owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles. If the
summoned person fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons mailed pursuant to this
section, the summons shall be executed in the manner set out in § 19.2-76.3.

86 No proceedings for contempt or arrest of a person summoned by mailing shall be instituted for his87 failure to appear on the return date of the summons.

E. Notwithstanding § 33.2-613, high-occupancy vehicles having three or more occupants (HOV-3)
may be permitted to use the Omer L. Hirst-Adelard L. Brault Expressway (Dulles Toll Road) without
paying a toll. Notwithstanding the contrary provisions of this section, a high-occupancy vehicle having
two or more occupants (HOV-2) shall be permitted to use the eastbound lanes of the Dulles Airport
Access Road regardless of whether such vehicle is being used for airport-related purposes.

F. (Effective until January 1, 2020) Notwithstanding the contrary provisions of this section, the HOV-2 designation of Interstate 66 shall not be changed to HOV-3 or any more restrictive designation.

95 F. (Effective January 1, 2020) Notwithstanding the contrary provisions of this section, the following
96 conditions shall be met before the HOV-2 designation of Interstate 66 can be changed to HOV-3 or any
97 more restrictive designation:

98 1. The Department of Transportation shall publish a notice of its intent to change the existing
99 designation and also immediately provide similar notice of its intent to all members of the General
100 Assembly representing districts that touch or are directly impacted by traffic on Interstate 66.

101 2. The Department of Transportation shall hold public hearings in the corridor to receive comments102 from the public.

103 3. The Department of Transportation shall make a finding of the need for a change in such designation, based on public hearings and its internal data, and present this finding to the Board for approval.

4. The Board shall make written findings and a decision based upon the following criteria:

a. Is changing the HOV-2 designation to HOV-3 in the public interest?

b. Is there quantitative and qualitative evidence that supports the argument that HOV-3 will facilitatethe flow of traffic on Interstate 66?

110 c. Is changing the HOV-2 designation beneficial to comply with the federal Clean Air Act 111 Amendments of 1990?

d. Has the change in designation been screened and evaluated by the Department of Transportation according to the process established pursuant to § 33.2-257?