## 2018 SESSION

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 52
2	Offered January 10, 2018
3	Prefiled November 27, 2017
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 16.1-249 of the Code of Virginia, relating to places of confinement for
5	juveniles.
6	
7	Patrons—Spruill; Delegate: Kory
7 8	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
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10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That § 16.1-249 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 16.1-249. Places of confinement for juveniles.
13	A. If it is ordered that a juvenile remain in detention or shelter care pursuant to § 16.1-248.1, such
14	juvenile may be detained, pending a court hearing, in the following places:
15	1. An approved foster home or a home otherwise authorized by law to provide such care;
16	2. A facility operated by a licensed child welfare agency;
17 18	3. If a juvenile is alleged to be delinquent, in a detention home or group home approved by the Department;
10 19	4. Any other suitable place designated by the court and approved by the Department;
20	5. To the extent permitted by federal law, a separate juvenile detention facility located upon the site
21	of an adult regional jail facility established by any county, city or any combination thereof constructed
22	after 1994, approved by the Department of Juvenile Justice and certified by the Board of Juvenile
23	Justice for the holding and detention of juveniles.
24	B. No juvenile shall be detained or confined in any jail or other facility for the detention of adult
25	offenders or persons charged with crime except as provided in subsection D, E, F or G of this section.
26 27	C. The official in charge of a jail or other facility for the detention of adult offenders or persons charged with crime shall inform the court immediately when a juvenile who is or appears to be under
28	the age of 18 years is received at the facility, and shall deliver him to the court upon request, or transfer
29	him to a detention facility designated by the court.
30	D. When a case is transferred to the circuit court in accordance with the provisions of subsection A
31	of § 16.1-269.1 and an order is entered by the circuit court in accordance with § 16.1-269.6, or in
32	accordance with the provisions of § 16.1-270 where the juvenile has waived the jurisdiction of the
33	district court, or when the district court has certified a charge to the grand jury pursuant to subsection B
34	or C of § 16.1-269.1, the juvenile, if in confinement, shall be placed in a juvenile secure facility, unless
35 36	the court determines that the juvenile is a threat to the security or safety of the other juveniles detained or the staff of the facility, in which case the court may transfer the juvenile to a jail or other facility for
37	the detention of adults and need no longer be entirely separate and removed from adults, provided that
38	the facility is approved by the State Board of Corrections for the detention of juveniles.
39	É. If, in the judgment of the custodian, a juvenile has demonstrated that he is a threat to the security
40	or safety of the other juveniles detained or the staff of the home or facility, the judge shall determine
41	whether such juvenile should be transferred to another juvenile facility or, if the child is 14 years of age
42	or older, a jail or other facility for the detention of adults;, provided, that (i) the detention is in a room
43 44	or ward entirely separate and removed from adults, (ii) adequate supervision is provided, and (iii) the facility is approved by the State Board of Corrections for detention of juveniles.
44 45	F. If, in the judgment of the custodian, it has been demonstrated that the presence of a juvenile in a
46	facility creates a threat to the security or safety of the other juveniles detained or the staff of the home
47	or facility, the custodian may transfer the juvenile to another juvenile facility, or, if the child is 14 years
48	of age or older, a jail or other facility for the detention of adults pursuant to the limitations of clauses
49	(i), (ii) and (iii) of subsection E for a period not to exceed six hours prior to a court hearing and an
50	additional six hours after the court hearing unless a longer period is ordered pursuant to subsection E.
51	G. If a juvenile 14 years of age or older is charged with an offense which, if committed by an adult,
52 53	would be a felony or Class 1 misdemeanor, and the judge or intake officer determines that secure determines in product for the sofety of the inventile or the community such inventile may be detained for a
53 54	detention is needed for the safety of the juvenile or the community, such juvenile may be detained for a period not to exceed six hours prior to a court hearing and six hours after the court hearing in a
54 55	temporary lock-up room or ward for juveniles while arrangements are completed to transfer the juvenile
56	to a juvenile facility. Such room or ward may be located in a building which also contains a jail or
57	other facility for the detention of adults, provided <i>that</i> (i) such room or ward is totally separate and
58	removed from adults or juveniles transferred to the circuit court pursuant to Article 7 (§ 16.1-269.1 et

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seq.) of this chapter, (ii) constant supervision is provided, and (iii) the facility is approved by the State
Board of Corrections for the detention of juveniles. The State Board of Corrections is authorized and

61 directed to prescribe minimum standards for temporary lock-up rooms and wards based on the 62 requirements set out in this subsection.

63 G1. Any juvenile who has been ordered detained in a secure detention facility pursuant to 64 § 16.1-248.1 may be held incident to a court hearing (i) in a court holding cell for a period not to 65 exceed six hours, provided *that* the juvenile is entirely separate and removed from detained adults, or 66 (ii) in a nonsecure area, provided *that* constant supervision is provided.

67 H. If a judge, intake officer or magistrate orders the predispositional detention of persons 18 years of
68 age or older, such detention shall be in an adult facility; however, if the predispositional detention is
69 ordered for a violation of the terms and conditions of release from a juvenile correctional center, the
70 judge, intake officer or magistrate may order such detention be in a juvenile facility.

71 I. The Departments of Corrections, Juvenile Justice and Criminal Justice Services shall assist the 72 localities or combinations thereof in implementing this section and ensuring compliance herewith.