

18101858D

HOUSE BILL NO. 392

Offered January 10, 2018

Prefiled January 5, 2018

A *BILL to amend and reenact §§ 56-577 and 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to electric utility regulation; solar energy.*

Patron—Keam

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 56-577 and 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 56-577. Schedule for transition to retail competition; Commission authority; exemptions; pilot programs.

A. Retail competition for the purchase and sale of electric energy shall be subject to the following provisions:

1. Each incumbent electric utility owning, operating, controlling, or having an entitlement to transmission capacity shall join or establish a regional transmission entity, which entity may be an independent system operator, to which such utility shall transfer the management and control of its transmission system, subject to the provisions of § 56-579.

2. The generation of electric energy shall be subject to regulation as specified in this chapter.

3. From January 1, 2004, until the expiration or termination of capped rates, all retail customers of electric energy within the Commonwealth, regardless of customer class, shall be permitted to purchase electric energy from any supplier of electric energy licensed to sell retail electric energy within the Commonwealth. After the expiration or termination of capped rates, and subject to the provisions of subdivisions 4 and 5, only individual retail customers of electric energy within the Commonwealth, regardless of customer class, whose demand during the most recent calendar year exceeded five megawatts but did not exceed one percent of the customer's incumbent electric utility's peak load during the most recent calendar year unless such customer had noncoincident peak demand in excess of 90 megawatts in calendar year 2006 or any year thereafter, shall be permitted to purchase electric energy from any supplier of electric energy licensed to sell retail electric energy within the Commonwealth, except for any incumbent electric utility other than the incumbent electric utility serving the exclusive service territory in which such a customer is located, subject to the following conditions:

a. If such customer does not purchase electric energy from licensed suppliers after that date, such customer shall purchase electric energy from its incumbent electric utility.

b. Except as provided in subdivision 4, the demands of individual retail customers may not be aggregated or combined for the purpose of meeting the demand limitations of this provision, any other provision of this chapter to the contrary notwithstanding. For the purposes of this section, each noncontiguous site will nevertheless constitute an individual retail customer even though one or more such sites may be under common ownership of a single person.

c. If such customer does purchase electric energy from licensed suppliers after the expiration or termination of capped rates, it shall not thereafter be entitled to purchase electric energy from the incumbent electric utility without giving five years' advance written notice of such intention to such utility, except where such customer demonstrates to the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, through clear and convincing evidence that its supplier has failed to perform, or has anticipatorily breached its duty to perform, or otherwise is about to fail to perform, through no fault of the customer, and that such customer is unable to obtain service at reasonable rates from an alternative supplier. If, as a result of such proceeding, the Commission finds it in the public interest to grant an exemption from the five-year notice requirement, such customer may thereafter purchase electric energy at the costs of such utility, as determined by the Commission pursuant to subdivision 3 d hereof, for the remainder of the five-year notice period, after which point the customer may purchase electric energy from the utility under rates, terms and conditions determined pursuant to § 56-585.1. However, such customer shall be allowed to individually purchase electric energy from the utility under rates, terms, and conditions determined pursuant to § 56-585.1 if, upon application by such customer, the Commission finds that neither such customer's incumbent electric utility nor retail customers of such utility that do not choose to obtain electric energy from alternate suppliers will be adversely affected in a manner contrary to the public interest by granting such petition. In making such determination, the Commission shall take into consideration, without limitation, the impact and effect of any and all other previously approved petitions of like type with respect to such incumbent electric utility. Any customer

INTRODUCED

HB392

59 that returns to purchase electric energy from its incumbent electric utility, before or after expiration of
60 the five-year notice period, shall be subject to minimum stay periods equal to those prescribed by the
61 Commission pursuant to subdivision C 1.

62 d. The costs of serving a customer that has received an exemption from the five-year notice
63 requirement under subdivision 3 c hereof shall be the market-based costs of the utility, including (i) the
64 actual expenses of procuring such electric energy from the market, (ii) additional administrative and
65 transaction costs associated with procuring such energy, including, but not limited to, costs of
66 transmission, transmission line losses, and ancillary services, and (iii) a reasonable margin as determined
67 pursuant to the provisions of subdivision A 2 of § 56-585.1. The methodology established by the
68 Commission for determining such costs shall ensure that neither utilities nor other retail customers are
69 adversely affected in a manner contrary to the public interest.

70 4. After the expiration or termination of capped rates, two or more individual nonresidential retail
71 customers of electric energy within the Commonwealth, whose individual demand during the most recent
72 calendar year did not exceed five megawatts, may petition the Commission for permission to aggregate
73 or combine their demands, for the purpose of meeting the demand limitations of subdivision 3, so as to
74 become qualified to purchase electric energy from any supplier of electric energy licensed to sell retail
75 electric energy within the Commonwealth under the conditions specified in subdivision 3. The
76 Commission may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, approve such petition if it finds that:

77 a. Neither such customers' incumbent electric utility nor retail customers of such utility that do not
78 choose to obtain electric energy from alternate suppliers will be adversely affected in a manner contrary
79 to the public interest by granting such petition. In making such determination, the Commission shall take
80 into consideration, without limitation, the impact and effect of any and all other previously approved
81 petitions of like type with respect to such incumbent electric utility; and

82 b. Approval of such petition is consistent with the public interest.

83 If such petition is approved, all customers whose load has been aggregated or combined shall
84 thereafter be subject in all respects to the provisions of subdivision 3 and shall be treated as a single,
85 individual customer for the purposes of said subdivision. In addition, the Commission shall impose
86 reasonable periodic monitoring and reporting obligations on such customers to demonstrate that they
87 continue, as a group, to meet the demand limitations of subdivision 3. If the Commission finds, after
88 notice and opportunity for hearing, that such group of customers no longer meets the above demand
89 limitations, the Commission may revoke its previous approval of the petition, or take such other actions
90 as may be consistent with the public interest.

91 5. After the expiration or termination of capped rates, individual retail customers of electric energy
92 within the Commonwealth, regardless of customer class, shall be permitted:

93 a. To purchase electric energy provided 100 percent from renewable energy from any supplier of
94 electric energy licensed to sell retail electric energy within the Commonwealth, other than any
95 incumbent electric utility that is not the incumbent electric utility serving the exclusive service territory
96 in which such a customer is located, if the incumbent electric utility serving the exclusive service
97 territory does not offer an approved tariff for electric energy provided 100 percent from renewable
98 energy; and

99 b. To continue purchasing renewable energy pursuant to the terms of a power purchase agreement in
100 effect on the date there is filed with the Commission a tariff for the incumbent electric utility that serves
101 the exclusive service territory in which the customer is located to offer electric energy provided 100
102 percent from renewable energy, for the duration of such agreement.

103 6. A tariff for one or more classes of residential customers filed with the Commission for approval
104 by a cooperative on or after July 1, 2010, shall be deemed to offer a tariff for electric energy provided
105 100 percent from renewable energy if it provides undifferentiated electric energy and the cooperative
106 retires a quantity of renewable energy certificates equal to 100 percent of the electric energy provided
107 pursuant to such tariff. A tariff for one or more classes of nonresidential customers filed with the
108 Commission for approval by a cooperative on or after July 1, 2012, shall be deemed to offer a tariff for
109 electric energy provided 100 percent from renewable energy if it provides undifferentiated electric
110 energy and the cooperative retires a quantity of renewable energy certificates equal to 100 percent of the
111 electric energy provided pursuant to such tariff. For purposes of this section, "renewable energy
112 certificate" means, with respect to cooperatives, a tradable commodity or instrument issued by a regional
113 transmission entity or affiliate or successor thereof in the United States that validates the generation of
114 electricity from renewable energy sources or that is certified under a generally recognized renewable
115 energy certificate standard. One renewable energy certificate equals 1,000 kWh or one MWh of
116 electricity generated from renewable energy. A cooperative offering electric energy provided 100 percent
117 from renewable energy pursuant to this subdivision that involves the retirement of renewable energy
118 certificates shall disclose to its retail customers who express an interest in purchasing energy pursuant to
119 such tariff (i) that the renewable energy is comprised of the retirement of renewable energy certificates,
120 (ii) the identity of the entity providing the renewable energy certificates, and (iii) the sources of

121 renewable energy being offered.

122 B. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement
123 the provisions of this section.

124 C. 1. By January 1, 2002, the Commission shall promulgate regulations establishing whether and, if
125 so, for what minimum periods, customers who request service from an incumbent electric utility
126 pursuant to subsection D of § 56-582 or a default service provider, after a period of receiving service
127 from other suppliers of electric energy, shall be required to use such service from such incumbent
128 electric utility or default service provider, as determined to be in the public interest by the Commission.

129 2. Subject to (i) the availability of capped rate service under § 56-582, and (ii) the transfer of the
130 management and control of an incumbent electric utility's transmission assets to a regional transmission
131 entity after approval of such transfer by the Commission under § 56-579, retail customers of such utility
132 (a) purchasing such energy from licensed suppliers and (b) otherwise subject to minimum stay periods
133 prescribed by the Commission pursuant to subdivision 1, shall nevertheless be exempt from any such
134 minimum stay obligations by agreeing to purchase electric energy at the market-based costs of such
135 utility or default providers after a period of obtaining electric energy from another supplier. Such costs
136 shall include (i) the actual expenses of procuring such electric energy from the market, (ii) additional
137 administrative and transaction costs associated with procuring such energy, including, but not limited to,
138 costs of transmission, transmission line losses, and ancillary services, and (iii) a reasonable margin. The
139 methodology of ascertaining such costs shall be determined and approved by the Commission after
140 notice and opportunity for hearing and after review of any plan filed by such utility to procure electric
141 energy to serve such customers. The methodology established by the Commission for determining such
142 costs shall be consistent with the goals of (a) promoting the development of effective competition and
143 economic development within the Commonwealth as provided in subsection A of § 56-596, and (b)
144 ensuring that neither incumbent utilities nor retail customers that do not choose to obtain electric energy
145 from alternate suppliers are adversely affected.

146 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection D of § 56-582 and subsection C of § 56-585,
147 however, any such customers exempted from any applicable minimum stay periods as provided in
148 subdivision 2 shall not be entitled to purchase retail electric energy thereafter from their incumbent
149 electric utilities, or from any distributor required to provide default service under subsection B of
150 § 56-585, at the capped rates established under § 56-582, unless such customers agree to satisfy any
151 minimum stay period then applicable while obtaining retail electric energy at capped rates.

152 4. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement
153 the provisions of this subsection, which rules and regulations shall include provisions specifying the
154 commencement date of such minimum stay exemption program.

155 *D. It is in the public interest for the electrical supply of the Commonwealth to include at least 10*
156 *percent electricity derived from sunlight from facilities located in the Commonwealth, including*
157 *distributed generation facilities owned or operated by or on behalf of customers.*

158 **§ 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or**
159 **expire.**

160 A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for
161 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation,
162 distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such
163 proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified
164 herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity
165 applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use
166 any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return
167 shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and
168 Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by not
169 less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other
170 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return
171 more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined
172 in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined
173 rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service,
174 and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the
175 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine
176 the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the
177 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined
178 rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to
179 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less
180 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on
181 common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall

182 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the
183 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the
184 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than
185 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to
186 direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above
187 the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event
188 such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the
189 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer
190 classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target
191 rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design
192 base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall
193 conduct biennial reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution
194 and transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following
195 provisions:

196 1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis,
197 and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. The first such review shall
198 utilize the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010. However, the Commission
199 may, in its discretion, elect to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities by utilizing the two successive
200 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, and utilizing the two successive
201 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility, with subsequent proceedings
202 utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year
203 in which such proceeding is conducted. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an
204 investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case
205 settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a
206 Phase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

207 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, fair rates of return on common equity applicable
208 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
209 combined, shall be determined by the Commission during each such biennial review, as follows:

210 a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the
211 public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity
212 reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which
213 such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in
214 subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such
215 biennial review, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such
216 average.

217 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities, the Commission shall
218 first remove from such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported returns of
219 the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported returns of the
220 group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining in such peer group. In
221 its final order regarding such biennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer
222 group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an
223 investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its principal operations are
224 conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in either the states of West
225 Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a
226 vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and distribution services whose
227 facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state where its principal
228 operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of
229 at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such biennial review, and (iv) it is not
230 an affiliate of the utility subject to such biennial review.

231 c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the
232 enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease the utility's
233 combined rate of return based on the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance.

234 d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has
235 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a
236 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers
237 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since
238 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an
239 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current
240 Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall
241 be made without regard to any enhanced rate of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the
242 provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration
243 of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and

244 industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of
 245 goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if
 246 less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other
 247 factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that
 248 use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest,
 249 then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for
 250 such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a
 251 percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average
 252 Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor
 253 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined
 254 the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

255 "Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that
 256 require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for
 257 a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial
 258 Return for such utility.

259 "Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for
 260 any Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

261 "Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility
 262 by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection
 263 pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

264 e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
 265 section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
 266 with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

267 f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and
 268 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to
 269 facilities described in subdivision 6.

270 g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by the generation and distribution
 271 services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined or, for any test
 272 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a
 273 Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined,
 274 such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for
 275 any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31,
 276 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, earned
 277 below the return as so determined, whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the
 278 return as so determined, the utility may petition the Commission for approval of an increase in rates in
 279 accordance with the provisions of subdivision 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis points below a
 280 fair combined rate of return, and such proceeding shall otherwise be conducted in accordance with the
 281 provisions of this section.

282 h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
 283 pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
 284 any subsequent biennial review.

285 3. Each such utility shall make a biennial filing by March 31 of every other year, beginning in 2011,
 286 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
 287 applications; however, if the Commission elects to stagger the dates of the biennial reviews of utilities
 288 as provided in subdivision 1, then each Phase I Utility shall commence biennial filings in 2011 and each
 289 Phase II Utility shall commence biennial filings in 2012. Such filing shall encompass the two successive
 290 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is
 291 conducted, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be
 292 segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates
 293 should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate
 294 adjustment clauses previously implemented pursuant to subdivision 5 or those related to facilities
 295 utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the
 296 utility's costs, revenues and investments until the amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment
 297 clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues
 298 and investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or
 299 credits to customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein
 300 specified, they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the
 301 purposes of future biennial review proceedings. A Phase I Utility shall delay for one year the filing of
 302 its biennial review from March 31, 2013, to March 31, 2014, and shall not defer on its books for future
 303 recovery any costs incurred during calendar year 2011, other than as provided in subdivision 7 or
 304 § 56-249.6, and its subsequent biennial filing shall be made by March 31, 2016, and every two years

305 thereafter.

306 4. The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for
307 transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a
308 member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy
309 Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response
310 programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and administered by the regional
311 transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the
312 expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the
313 Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without
314 limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission facilities,
315 administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, shall be
316 recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall be
317 designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

318 5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
319 once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
320 clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

321 a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1,
322 2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring
323 such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of
324 § 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that
325 comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

326 b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving
327 programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public
328 interest; provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable;

329 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency
330 programs, including a margin to be recovered on operating expenses, which margin for the purposes of
331 this section shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in
332 subdivision 2. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the
333 public interest. As part of such cost recovery, the Commission, if requested by the utility, shall allow for
334 the recovery of revenue reductions related to energy efficiency programs. The Commission shall only
335 allow such recovery to the extent that the Commission determines such revenue has not been recovered
336 through margins from incremental off-system sales as defined in § 56-249.6 that are directly attributable
337 to energy efficiency programs.

338 None of the costs of new energy efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of
339 revenue reductions, shall be assigned to any customer that has a verifiable history of having used more
340 than 10 megawatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. Nor shall any of the costs of new energy
341 efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of revenue reductions, be incurred by any
342 large general service customer as defined herein that has notified the utility of non-participation in such
343 energy efficiency program or programs. A large general service customer is a customer that has a
344 verifiable history of having used more than 500 kilowatts of demand from a single meter of delivery.
345 Non-participation in energy efficiency programs shall be allowed by the Commission if the large general
346 service customer has, at the customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have
347 produced or will produce measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other
348 regulatory criteria stated in this section. The Commission shall, no later than November 15, 2009,
349 promulgate rules and regulations to accommodate the process under which such large general service
350 customers shall file notice for such an exemption and (i) establish the administrative procedures by
351 which eligible customers will notify the utility and (ii) define the standard criteria that must be satisfied
352 by an applicant in order to notify the utility. In promulgating such rules and regulations, the
353 Commission may also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking
354 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process as well as its administration of
355 energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. The notice of
356 non-participation by a large general service customer, to be given by March 1 of a given year, shall be
357 for the duration of the service life of the customer's energy efficiency program. The Commission on its
358 own motion may initiate steps necessary to verify such non-participants' achievement of energy
359 efficiency if the Commission has a body of evidence that the non-participant has knowingly
360 misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement. A utility shall not charge such large general service
361 customer, as defined by the Commission, for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond
362 what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the
363 customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant
364 proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic
365 development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

366 d. Projected and actual costs of participation in a renewable energy portfolio standard program

367 pursuant to § 56-585.2 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
368 a petition allowing the recovery of such costs as are provided for in a program approved pursuant to
369 § 56-585.2;

370 e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to comply with
371 state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the
372 utility's native load obligations. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs
373 are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations; and

374 f. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
375 programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of distribution
376 rights-of-way. No costs shall be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the
377 large general service rate classes for a Phase II Utility or that are served at subtransmission or
378 transmission voltage, or take delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or transmission
379 voltage, for a Phase I Utility.

380 The Commission shall have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any
381 adjustment clause approved under this subdivision.

382 6. To ensure the generation and delivery of a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the
383 utility's projected native load obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any
384 time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate
385 adjustment clause for recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a
386 coal-fueled generation facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the
387 Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or
388 without the utility's service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, (iii) one or more major
389 unit modifications of generation facilities, including the costs of any system or equipment upgrade,
390 system or equipment replacement, or other cost reasonably appropriate to extend the combined operating
391 license for or the operating life of one or more generation facilities utilizing nuclear power, (iv) one or
392 more new underground facilities to replace one or more existing overhead distribution facilities of 69
393 kilovolts or less located within the Commonwealth, or (v) one or more pumped hydroelectricity
394 generation and storage facilities that utilize on-site or off-site renewable energy resources as all or a
395 portion of their power source and such facilities and associated resources are located in the coalfield
396 region of the Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located
397 within or without the utility's service territory; however, subject to the provisions of the following
398 sentence, the utility shall not file a petition under clause (iv) more often than annually and, in such
399 petition, shall not seek any annual incremental increase in the level of investments associated with such
400 a petition that exceeds five percent of such utility's distribution rate base, as such rate base was
401 determined for the most recently ended 12-month test period in the utility's latest biennial review
402 proceeding conducted pursuant to subdivision 3 and concluded by final order of the Commission prior to
403 the date of filing of such petition under clause (iv). In all proceedings regarding petitions filed under
404 clause (iv), the level of investments approved for recovery in such proceedings shall be in addition to,
405 and not in lieu of, levels of investments previously approved for recovery in prior proceedings under
406 clause (iv). Such a petition concerning facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power,
407 facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a Phase I Utility, or facilities
408 described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or termination of capped rates. A utility
409 that constructs or makes modifications to any such facility, or purchases any facility consisting of at
410 least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the
411 Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more
412 Virginia businesses, shall have the right to recover the costs of the facility, as accrued against income,
413 through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, and any associated allowance for
414 funds used during construction, planning, development and construction or acquisition costs, life-cycle
415 costs, costs related to assessing the feasibility of potential sites for new underground facilities, and costs
416 of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate
417 of return on common equity calculated as specified below; however, in determining the amounts
418 recoverable under a rate adjustment clause for new underground facilities, the Commission shall not
419 consider, or increase or reduce such amounts recoverable because of (a) the operation and maintenance
420 costs attributable to either the overhead distribution facilities being replaced or the new underground
421 facilities or (b) any other costs attributable to the overhead distribution facilities being replaced.
422 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the costs described in clauses (a) and (b) thereof shall remain
423 eligible for recovery from customers through the utility's base rates for distribution service. A utility
424 filing a petition for approval to construct or purchase a facility consisting of at least one megawatt of
425 generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that
426 utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses may
427 propose a rate adjustment clause based on a market index in lieu of a cost of service model for such

428 facility. A utility seeking approval to construct or purchase a generating facility described in clause (i)
 429 or (ii) shall demonstrate that it has considered and weighed alternative options, including third-party
 430 market alternatives, in its selection process. The costs of the facility, other than return on projected
 431 construction work in progress and allowance for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered
 432 prior to the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) begins
 433 commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility
 434 consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and
 435 located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one
 436 or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities are classified by the utility as plant
 437 in service. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used
 438 during construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility
 439 and shall thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the
 440 facility. The first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the
 441 Commission shall determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the
 442 range specified in the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and
 443 shall reflect the Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the
 444 energy needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the
 445 facility. After the first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of
 446 return shall be applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service
 447 life of the facility shall be deemed to begin on the date a facility constructed by the utility and described
 448 in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a
 449 purchased generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy
 450 derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in
 451 whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities are
 452 classified by the utility as plant in service, and such service life shall be deemed equal in years to the
 453 life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return
 454 on common equity shall be calculated by adding the basis points specified in the table below to the
 455 utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of return shall apply only to the facility that is the
 456 subject of such rate adjustment clause. Allowance for funds used during construction shall be calculated
 457 for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an
 458 enhanced rate of return on common equity as determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such
 459 construction work in progress is included in rates. The construction of any facility described in clause (i)
 460 or (v) is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission
 461 shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The construction or purchase by a utility of one or
 462 more generation facilities with at least one megawatt of generating capacity, and with an aggregate rated
 463 capacity that does not exceed ~~500~~ 15,000 megawatts, that use energy derived from sunlight and are
 464 located in the Commonwealth, regardless of whether any of such facilities are located within or without
 465 the utility's service territory, is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such
 466 facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. A utility may enter into
 467 short-term or long-term power purchase contracts for the power derived from sunlight generated by such
 468 generation facility prior to purchasing the generation facility. The replacement of any subset of a utility's
 469 existing overhead distribution tap lines that have, in the aggregate, an average of nine or more total
 470 unplanned outage events-per-mile over a preceding 10-year period with new underground facilities in
 471 order to improve electric service reliability is in the public interest. In determining whether to approve
 472 petitions for rate adjustment clauses for such new underground facilities that meet this criteria, and in
 473 determining the level of costs to be recovered thereunder, the Commission shall liberally construe the
 474 provisions of this title. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the conversion of such facilities will
 475 provide local and system-wide benefits, that such new underground facilities are cost beneficial, and that
 476 the costs associated with such new underground facilities are reasonably and prudently incurred. The
 477 basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate of return on
 478 common equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced rate of return
 479 shall be applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table:

| 480 | Type of Generation Facility | Basis Points | First Portion of Service Life |
|-----|--|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 481 | Nuclear-powered | 200 | Between 12 and 25 years |
| 482 | Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered | 200 | Between 10 and 20 years |
| 483 | Renewable powered, other than landfill gas powered | 200 | Between 5 and 15 years |
| 484 | Coalbed methane gas powered | 150 | Between 5 and 15 years |
| 485 | Landfill gas powered | 200 | Between 5 and 15 years |
| 486 | Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion turbine | 100 | Between 10 and 20 years |

487 For generating facilities other than those utilizing nuclear power constructed pursuant to clause (ii) or
 488 those utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, as of July 1, 2013, only those facilities as to which a
 489 rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously approved by the Commission, or as to

490 which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was filed with the Commission, on or
 491 before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return on common equity as specified
 492 in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its
 493 service life.

494 For generating facilities within the Commonwealth utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy
 495 derived from offshore wind projects located in waters off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, such
 496 facilities shall continue to be eligible for an enhanced rate of return on common equity during the
 497 construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life of between 12 and 25
 498 years in the case of a facility utilizing nuclear power and for a service life of between 5 and 15 years in
 499 the case of a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, provided, however, that, as of July 1,
 500 2013, the enhanced return for such facilities constructed pursuant to clause (ii) shall be 100 basis points,
 501 which shall be added to the utility's general rate of return as determined under subdivision 2. Thirty
 502 percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing nuclear power that the utility incurred between July 1,
 503 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be deferred
 504 by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the
 505 Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of
 506 all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall
 507 not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such
 508 remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by
 509 the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next biennial review filed after July 1,
 510 2014. Thirty percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind that the
 511 utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after
 512 December 31, 2013, may be deferred by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under
 513 this subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment
 514 clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1,
 515 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under
 516 this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through
 517 existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next
 518 biennial review filed after July 1, 2014.

519 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the
 520 adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development
 521 activities for a new nuclear generation facility or facilities are in the public interest.

522 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the
 523 adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development
 524 activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy
 525 derived from sunlight with an aggregate capacity of ~~500~~ 15,000 megawatts, or from offshore wind, are
 526 in the public interest.

527 Neither generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines nor
 528 new underground facilities shall receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described
 529 herein, but instead shall receive the utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the
 530 facility and, thereafter, for the entire service life of the facility. No rate adjustment clause for new
 531 underground facilities shall allocate costs to, or provide for the recovery of costs from, customers that
 532 are served within the large power service rate class for a Phase I Utility and the large general service
 533 rate classes for a Phase II Utility. New underground facilities are hereby declared to be ordinary
 534 extensions or improvements in the usual course of business under the provisions of § 56-265.2.

535 As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (1) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility
 536 is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.1-361.1, produced
 537 from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (2) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by
 538 methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of
 539 biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board.
 540 A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used
 541 in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from
 542 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is
 543 combusted.

544 For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on
 545 common equity as it is determined by the Commission from time to time for such utility pursuant to
 546 subdivision 2. In any proceeding under this subdivision conducted prior to the conclusion of the first
 547 biennial review for such utility, the Commission shall determine a general rate of return for such utility
 548 in the same manner as it would in a biennial review proceeding.

549 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the biennial
 550 review conducted for a Phase II Utility in 2018 that such utility has not filed applications for all

551 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled
552 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the
553 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals
554 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or
555 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after
556 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a
557 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility
558 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general
559 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this
560 subdivision.

561 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a
562 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any
563 costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the
564 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to subdivision 5 a, or
565 that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, or that are related to
566 new underground facilities described in clause (iv) of subdivision 6, shall be deferred on the books and
567 records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any
568 applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Except as otherwise provided in
569 subdivision 6, any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of
570 such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in
571 such petition and that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) or clause (iii) of
572 subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of
573 subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the
574 books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the
575 implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs
576 prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters described
577 in subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be deferred beginning only upon the expiration or termination of capped
578 rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any parties with respect
579 to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia
580 Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a regulatory asset
581 for regulatory accounting and ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its operation and
582 maintenance costs incurred in connection with (i) the refueling of any nuclear-powered generating plant
583 and (ii) other work at such plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The utility shall
584 amortize such deferred costs over the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, beginning
585 with the month in which such plant resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling cycle shall be
586 the applicable period of time between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of January 1, 2014,
587 such amortized costs are a component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only ratably over the
588 refueling cycle rather than when such outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling costs recoverable
589 in base rates. This provision shall apply to any nuclear-powered generating plant refueling outage
590 commencing after December 31, 2013, and the Commission shall treat the deferred and amortized costs
591 of such regulatory asset as part of the utility's costs for the purpose of proceedings conducted (a) with
592 respect to biennial filings under subdivision 3 made on and after July 1, 2014, and (b) pursuant to
593 § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications as provided in subsection
594 B. This provision shall not be deemed to change or reset base rates.

595 The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be
596 entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing
597 of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment
598 clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the
599 expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

600 8. In any biennial review proceeding, the following utility generation and distribution costs not
601 proposed for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the
602 utility for financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods
603 under review: costs associated with asset impairments related to early retirement determinations made by
604 the utility prior to December 31, 2012, for utility generation plant; costs associated with severe weather
605 events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to have been recovered
606 from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect during the test periods
607 under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the utility's other costs,
608 revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, result in
609 the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under
610 review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under
611 subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase
612 II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to fall more than 70 basis points below the

613 fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods. In such cases, the
614 Commission shall, in such biennial review proceeding, authorize deferred recovery of such costs and
615 allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over future periods as determined by the
616 Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not exceed an amount that would,
617 together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for
618 generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution
619 services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2, less 50 basis points, for the
620 combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a
621 Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed the fair rate of return
622 authorized under subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall limit the Commission's
623 authority, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2,
624 following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a biennial review, for
625 normalization of nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, in
626 determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution
627 services pursuant to subdivision 8 a or 8 c.

628 If the Commission determines as a result of such biennial review that:

629 a. The utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more
630 than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or,
631 for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31,
632 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its
633 generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on
634 common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the
635 Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully
636 recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair combined rate of
637 return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the amount of
638 the rate increase necessary. However, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds
639 that the resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs
640 of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation
641 and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity
642 or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently
643 ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate increase under the
644 standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof;

645 b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned
646 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution
647 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after
648 December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of
649 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any
650 return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision
651 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9, direct that 60 percent of the amount
652 of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing after
653 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 70
654 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined
655 rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be credited to
656 customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at
657 the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, and shall be
658 allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of
659 return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation
660 of revenues used to design base rates; or

661 c. Such biennial review is the second consecutive biennial review in which the utility has, during the
662 test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above
663 a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period
664 commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I
665 Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution
666 services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter
667 determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, subject to the
668 provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the actions authorized in subdivision b, also order
669 reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. However, the Commission may not order such rate
670 reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to fully
671 recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on its
672 generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on
673 common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using

674 the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate
675 reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof.

676 The Commission's final order regarding such biennial review shall be entered not more than eight
677 months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more
678 than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined
679 pursuant to subdivision 2 in such biennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's
680 earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire two successive 12-month test
681 periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent biennial review
682 filing under subdivision 3.

683 9. If, as a result of a biennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to
684 any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has
685 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later
686 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the
687 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility
688 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis
689 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test
690 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a
691 Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and
692 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or
693 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate
694 regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently-ended 12-month test period exceeded the
695 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers
696 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor,
697 compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as
698 determined pursuant to the biennial review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless
699 it finds that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c are
700 more consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods
701 under review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period
702 commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I
703 Utility, more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to
704 customers' bills, in lieu of the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c. Any such credits shall be amortized
705 and allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this
706 subdivision:

707 "Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected
708 to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December
709 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test
710 period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this
711 subdivision, whichever is later.

712 "Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
713 for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
714 2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
715 implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to subdivision 8
716 a; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
717 applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in effect as
718 of July 1, 2009.

719 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any
720 utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital
721 structure and cost of capital of such utility, unless the Commission finds that the debt to equity ratio of
722 such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may utilize a debt
723 to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate adjustment pursuant
724 to subdivisions 8 a and c, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, revenues, expenses
725 or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In particular, and without
726 limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs for any such utility
727 that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's apportioned state income
728 tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the utility had not filed a
729 consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax costs shall be calculated
730 according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax liability or
731 benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its affiliates.

732 B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying
733 for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
734 applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined
735 pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and

736 purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

737 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the
738 rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation,
739 transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the
740 provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

741 D. The Commission may determine, during any proceeding authorized or required by this section, the
742 reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection
743 with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the Commission regarding the reasonableness or
744 prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the
745 reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et
746 seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a utility providing energy and capacity to its
747 customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission shall consider the extent to which such
748 renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by contract, further the objectives of the
749 Commonwealth Energy Policy set forth in §§ 67-101 and 67-102, and shall also consider whether the
750 costs of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases in rates paid by consumers.

751 E. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement
752 the provisions of this section.