2018 SESSION

ENROLLED

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 32.1-127.1:03, 53.1-40.10, and 53.1-133.03 of the Code of Virginia, 3 relating to disclosure of health records; state and local correctional facilities.

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Approved

6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

7 1. That § 32.1-127.1:03, 53.1-40.10, and 53.1-133.03 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 8 reenacted as follows: 9

§ 32.1-127.1:03. Health records privacy.

10 A. There is hereby recognized an individual's right of privacy in the content of his health records. Health records are the property of the health care entity maintaining them, and, except when permitted 11 12 or required by this section or by other provisions of state law, no health care entity, or other person 13 working in a health care setting, may disclose an individual's health records.

14 Pursuant to this subsection:

15 1. Health care entities shall disclose health records to the individual who is the subject of the health record, except as provided in subsections E and F and subsection B of § 8.01-413. 16

17 2. Health records shall not be removed from the premises where they are maintained without the 18 approval of the health care entity that maintains such health records, except in accordance with a court 19 order or subpoena consistent with subsection C of § 8.01-413 or with this section or in accordance with 20 the regulations relating to change of ownership of health records promulgated by a health regulatory 21 board established in Title 54.1.

22 3. No person to whom health records are disclosed shall redisclose or otherwise reveal the health 23 records of an individual, beyond the purpose for which such disclosure was made, without first 24 obtaining the individual's specific authorization to such redisclosure. This redisclosure prohibition shall 25 not, however, prevent (i) any health care entity that receives health records from another health care 26 entity from making subsequent disclosures as permitted under this section and the federal Department of 27 Health and Human Services regulations relating to privacy of the electronic transmission of data and 28 protected health information promulgated by the United States Department of Health and Human 29 Services as required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)(42 U.S.C. 30 § 1320d et seq.) or (ii) any health care entity from furnishing health records and aggregate or other data, 31 from which individually identifying prescription information has been removed, encoded or encrypted, to 32 qualified researchers, including, but not limited to, pharmaceutical manufacturers and their agents or 33 contractors, for purposes of clinical, pharmaco-epidemiological, pharmaco-economic, or other health 34 services research.

35 4. Health care entities shall, upon the request of the individual who is the subject of the health 36 record, disclose health records to other health care entities, in any available format of the requester's 37 choosing, as provided in subsection E. 38

B. As used in this section:

39 "Agent" means a person who has been appointed as an individual's agent under a power of attorney 40 for health care or an advance directive under the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.).

41 "Certification" means a written representation that is delivered by hand, by first-class mail, by 42 overnight delivery service, or by facsimile if the sender obtains a facsimile-machine-generated 43 confirmation reflecting that all facsimile pages were successfully transmitted.

44 "Guardian" means a court-appointed guardian of the person.

"Health care clearinghouse" means, consistent with the definition set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, a public or private entity, such as a billing service, repricing company, community health management 45 46 information system or community health information system, and "value-added" networks and switches, 47 that performs either of the following functions: (i) processes or facilitates the processing of health 48 49 information received from another entity in a nonstandard format or containing nonstandard data content 50 into standard data elements or a standard transaction; or (ii) receives a standard transaction from another entity and processes or facilitates the processing of health information into nonstandard format or 51 nonstandard data content for the receiving entity. 52

53 "Health care entity" means any health care provider, health plan or health care clearinghouse.

54 "Health care provider" means those entities listed in the definition of "health care provider" in § 8.01-581.1, except that state-operated facilities shall also be considered health care providers for the 55 56 purposes of this section. Health care provider shall also include all persons who are licensed, certified,

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57 registered or permitted or who hold a multistate licensure privilege issued by any of the health 58 regulatory boards within the Department of Health Professions, except persons regulated by the Board of 59 Funeral Directors and Embalmers or the Board of Veterinary Medicine.

60 "Health plan" means an individual or group plan that provides, or pays the cost of, medical care. 61 "Health plan" includes any entity included in such definition as set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103.

62 "Health record" means any written, printed or electronically recorded material maintained by a health care entity in the course of providing health services to an individual concerning the individual and the 63 services provided. "Health record" also includes the substance of any communication made by an 64 65 individual to a health care entity in confidence during or in connection with the provision of health 66 services or information otherwise acquired by the health care entity about an individual in confidence 67 and in connection with the provision of health services to the individual.

68 "Health services" means, but shall not be limited to, examination, diagnosis, evaluation, treatment, 69 pharmaceuticals, aftercare, habilitation or rehabilitation and mental health therapy of any kind, as well as 70 payment or reimbursement for any such services.

71 "Individual" means a patient who is receiving or has received health services from a health care 72 entity.

73 "Individually identifying prescription information" means all prescriptions, drug orders or any other 74 prescription information that specifically identifies an individual. 75

"Parent" means a biological, adoptive or foster parent.

76 "Psychotherapy notes" means comments, recorded in any medium by a health care provider who is a 77 mental health professional, documenting or analyzing the contents of conversation during a private counseling session with an individual or a group, joint, or family counseling session that are separated from the rest of the individual's health record. "Psychotherapy notes" does not include annotations 78 79 80 relating to medication and prescription monitoring, counseling session start and stop times, treatment modalities and frequencies, clinical test results, or any summary of any symptoms, diagnosis, prognosis, 81 functional status, treatment plan, or the individual's progress to date. 82 83

C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any of the following:

84 1. The status of and release of information governed by §§ 65.2-604 and 65.2-607 of the Virginia 85 Workers' Compensation Act; 86

2. Except where specifically provided herein, the health records of minors; or

3. The release of juvenile health records to a secure facility or a shelter care facility pursuant to 87 88 § 16.1-248.3; or

89 4. The release of health records to a state correctional facility pursuant to § 53.1-40.10 or a local or 90 regional correctional facility pursuant to § 53.1-133.03.

91 D. Health care entities may, and, when required by other provisions of state law, shall, disclose 92 health records:

93 1. As set forth in subsection E, pursuant to the written authorization of (i) the individual or (ii) in the case of a minor, (a) his custodial parent, guardian or other person authorized to consent to treatment of minors pursuant to § 54.1-2969 or (b) the minor himself, if he has consented to his own treatment pursuant to § 54.1-2969, or (iii) in emergency cases or situations where it is impractical to obtain an 94 95 96 97 individual's written authorization, pursuant to the individual's oral authorization for a health care 98 provider or health plan to discuss the individual's health records with a third party specified by the 99 individual;

100 2. In compliance with a subpoena issued in accord with subsection H, pursuant to a search warrant 101 or a grand jury subpoena, pursuant to court order upon good cause shown or in compliance with a subpoena issued pursuant to subsection C of § 8.01-413. Regardless of the manner by which health 102 103 records relating to an individual are compelled to be disclosed pursuant to this subdivision, nothing in 104 this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit any staff or employee of a health care entity from providing information about such individual to a law-enforcement officer in connection with such 105 106 subpoena, search warrant, or court order;

3. In accord with subsection F of § 8.01-399 including, but not limited to, situations where disclosure 107 108 is reasonably necessary to establish or collect a fee or to defend a health care entity or the health care 109 entity's employees or staff against any accusation of wrongful conduct; also as required in the course of 110 an investigation, audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct by a duly authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review entity; 111

4. In testimony in accordance with §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2; 112 113

5. In compliance with the provisions of \S 8.01-413;

6. As required or authorized by law relating to public health activities, health oversight activities, 114 115 serious threats to health or safety, or abuse, neglect or domestic violence, relating to contagious disease, public safety, and suspected child or adult abuse reporting requirements, including, but not limited to, 116 those contained in §§ 16.1-248.3, 32.1-36, 32.1-36.1, 32.1-40, 32.1-41, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-276.5, 117

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32.1-283, 32.1-283.1, 32.1-320, 37.2-710, 37.2-839, 53.1-40.10, 53.1-133.03, 54.1-2400.6, 54.1-2400.7, 118

54.1-2400.9, 54.1-2403.3, 54.1-2506, 54.1-2966, 54.1-2967, 54.1-2968, 54.1-3408.2, 63.2-1509, and 119 120 63.2-1606;

7. Where necessary in connection with the care of the individual;

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122 8. In connection with the health care entity's own health care operations or the health care operations 123 of another health care entity, as specified in 45 C.F.R. § 164.501, or in the normal course of business in 124 accordance with accepted standards of practice within the health services setting; however, the 125 maintenance, storage, and disclosure of the mass of prescription dispensing records maintained in a 126 pharmacy registered or permitted in Virginia shall only be accomplished in compliance with 127 §§ 54.1-3410, 54.1-3411, and 54.1-3412; 128

9. When the individual has waived his right to the privacy of the health records;

129 10. When examination and evaluation of an individual are undertaken pursuant to judicial or 130 administrative law order, but only to the extent as required by such order;

131 11. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney representing the respondent in the course of a 132 guardianship proceeding of an adult patient who is the respondent in a proceeding under Chapter 20 133 (§ 64.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 64.2;

134 12. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney appointed by the court to represent an individual who 135 is or has been a patient who is the subject of a commitment proceeding under § 19.2-169.6, Article 5 136 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 137 16.1, or a judicial authorization for treatment proceeding pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 37.2-1100 et seq.) of 138 Title 37.2;

- 139 13. To a magistrate, the court, the evaluator or examiner required under Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et 140 seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1 or § 37.2-815, a community services board or behavioral health authority or a designee of a community services board or behavioral health authority, or a 141 142 law-enforcement officer participating in any proceeding under Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1, § 19.2-169.6, or Chapter 8 (§ 37.2-800 et seq.) of Title 37.2 regarding the subject of 143 144 the proceeding, and to any health care provider evaluating or providing services to the person who is the 145 subject of the proceeding or monitoring the person's adherence to a treatment plan ordered under those 146 provisions. Health records disclosed to a law-enforcement officer shall be limited to information 147 necessary to protect the officer, the person, or the public from physical injury or to address the health 148 care needs of the person. Information disclosed to a law-enforcement officer shall not be used for any 149 other purpose, disclosed to others, or retained;
- 150 14. To the attorney and/or guardian ad litem of a minor who represents such minor in any judicial or 151 administrative proceeding, if the court or administrative hearing officer has entered an order granting the 152 attorney or guardian ad litem this right and such attorney or guardian ad litem presents evidence to the 153 health care entity of such order;
- 154 15. With regard to the Court-Appointed Special Advocate (CASA) program, a minor's health records 155 in accord with \S 9.1-156;

156 16. To an agent appointed under an individual's power of attorney or to an agent or decision maker 157 designated in an individual's advance directive for health care or for decisions on anatomical gifts and 158 organ, tissue or eye donation or to any other person consistent with the provisions of the Health Care 159 Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.);

17. To third-party payors and their agents for purposes of reimbursement;

161 18. As is necessary to support an application for receipt of health care benefits from a governmental 162 agency or as required by an authorized governmental agency reviewing such application or reviewing benefits already provided or as necessary to the coordination of prevention and control of disease, 163 164 injury, or disability and delivery of such health care benefits pursuant to § 32.1-127.1:04;

19. Upon the sale of a medical practice as provided in § 54.1-2405; or upon a change of ownership 165 or closing of a pharmacy pursuant to regulations of the Board of Pharmacy; 166

20. In accord with subsection B of § 54.1-2400.1, to communicate an individual's specific and 167 168 immediate threat to cause serious bodily injury or death of an identified or readily identifiable person;

169 21. Where necessary in connection with the implementation of a hospital's routine contact process for 170 organ donation pursuant to subdivision B 4 of § 32.1-127;

171 22. In the case of substance abuse records, when permitted by and in conformity with requirements 172 of federal law found in 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2 and 42 C.F.R. Part 2;

173 23. In connection with the work of any entity established as set forth in § 8.01-581.16 to evaluate the 174 adequacy or quality of professional services or the competency and qualifications for professional staff 175 privileges;

176 24. If the health records are those of a deceased or mentally incapacitated individual to the personal 177 representative or executor of the deceased individual or the legal guardian or committee of the 178 incompetent or incapacitated individual or if there is no personal representative, executor, legal guardian 179 or committee appointed, to the following persons in the following order of priority: a spouse, an adult
180 son or daughter, either parent, an adult brother or sister, or any other relative of the deceased individual
181 in order of blood relationship;

182 25. For the purpose of conducting record reviews of inpatient hospital deaths to promote
183 identification of all potential organ, eye, and tissue donors in conformance with the requirements of
184 applicable federal law and regulations, including 42 C.F.R. § 482.45, (i) to the health care provider's
185 designated organ procurement organization certified by the United States Health Care Financing
186 Administration and (ii) to any eye bank or tissue bank in Virginia certified by the Eye Bank Association
187 of America or the American Association of Tissue Banks;

188 26. To the Office of the State Inspector General pursuant to Chapter 3.2 (§ 2.2-307 et seq.) of Title2.2;

190 27. To an entity participating in the activities of a local health partnership authority established191 pursuant to Article 6.1 (§ 32.1-122.10:001 et seq.) of Chapter 4, pursuant to subdivision 1;

192 28. To law-enforcement officials by each licensed emergency medical services agency, (i) when the individual is the victim of a crime or (ii) when the individual has been arrested and has received emergency medical services or has refused emergency medical services and the health records consist of the prehospital patient care report required by § 32.1-116.1;

196 29. To law-enforcement officials, in response to their request, for the purpose of identifying or 197 locating a suspect, fugitive, person required to register pursuant to § 9.1-901 of the Sex Offender and 198 Crimes Against Minors Registry Act, material witness, or missing person, provided that only the 199 following information may be disclosed: (i) name and address of the person, (ii) date and place of birth 200 of the person, (iii) social security number of the person, (iv) blood type of the person, (v) date and time 201 of treatment received by the person, (vi) date and time of death of the person, where applicable, (vii) 202 description of distinguishing physical characteristics of the person, and (viii) type of injury sustained by 203 the person;

30. To law-enforcement officials regarding the death of an individual for the purpose of alerting law
 enforcement of the death if the health care entity has a suspicion that such death may have resulted
 from criminal conduct;

207 31. To law-enforcement officials if the health care entity believes in good faith that the information208 disclosed constitutes evidence of a crime that occurred on its premises;

209 32. To the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-48.015 when such records are those of a
210 person or persons who are subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article
211 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2;

33. To the Commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry or his designee by each licensed
emergency medical services agency when the records consist of the prehospital patient care report
required by § 32.1-116.1 and the patient has suffered an injury or death on a work site while performing
duties or tasks that are within the scope of his employment;

216 34. To notify a family member or personal representative of an individual who is the subject of a proceeding pursuant to Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1 or Chapter 8 217 (§ 37.2-800 et seq.) of Title 37.2 of information that is directly relevant to such person's involvement 218 219 with the individual's health care, which may include the individual's location and general condition, 220 when the individual has the capacity to make health care decisions and (i) the individual has agreed to 221 the notification, (ii) the individual has been provided an opportunity to object to the notification and 222 does not express an objection, or (iii) the health care provider can, on the basis of his professional 223 judgment, reasonably infer from the circumstances that the individual does not object to the notification. 224 If the opportunity to agree or object to the notification cannot practicably be provided because of the 225 individual's incapacity or an emergency circumstance, the health care provider may notify a family 226 member or personal representative of the individual of information that is directly relevant to such 227 person's involvement with the individual's health care, which may include the individual's location and 228 general condition if the health care provider, in the exercise of his professional judgment, determines 229 that the notification is in the best interests of the individual. Such notification shall not be made if the 230 provider has actual knowledge the family member or personal representative is currently prohibited by 231 court order from contacting the individual;

35. To a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4, by a
public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805, or by a private nonprofit institution of
higher education; and

36. To a regional emergency medical services council pursuant to § 32.1-116.1, for purposes limited
to monitoring and improving the quality of emergency medical services pursuant to § 32.1-111.3.

237 Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 1 through 35, a health care entity shall obtain an
238 individual's written authorization for any disclosure of psychotherapy notes, except when disclosure by
239 the health care entity is (i) for its own training programs in which students, trainees, or practitioners in

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mental health are being taught under supervision to practice or to improve their skills in group, joint,
family, or individual counseling; (ii) to defend itself or its employees or staff against any accusation of
wrongful conduct; (iii) in the discharge of the duty, in accordance with subsection B of § 54.1-2400.1,
to take precautions to protect third parties from violent behavior or other serious harm; (iv) required in
the course of an investigation, audit, review, or proceeding regarding a health care entity's conduct by a
duly authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review entity; or (v) otherwise
required by law.

247 E. Health care records required to be disclosed pursuant to this section shall be made available 248 electronically only to the extent and in the manner authorized by the federal Health Information 249 Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (P.L. 111-5) and implementing regulations and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq.) and implementing 250 251 regulations. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, a health care entity shall not be 252 required to provide records in an electronic format requested if (i) the electronic format is not 253 reasonably available without additional cost to the health care entity, (ii) the records would be subject to 254 modification in the format requested, or (iii) the health care entity determines that the integrity of the records could be compromised in the electronic format requested. Requests for copies of or electronic 255 256 access to health records shall (a) be in writing, dated and signed by the requester; (b) identify the nature 257 of the information requested; and (c) include evidence of the authority of the requester to receive such 258 copies or access such records, and identification of the person to whom the information is to be 259 disclosed; and (d) specify whether the requester would like the records in electronic format, if available, 260 or in paper format. The health care entity shall accept a photocopy, facsimile, or other copy of the 261 original signed by the requester as if it were an original. Within 30 days of receipt of a request for 262 copies of or electronic access to health records, the health care entity shall do one of the following: (1) 263 furnish such copies of or allow electronic access to the requested health records to any requester 264 authorized to receive them in electronic format if so requested; (2) inform the requester if the 265 information does not exist or cannot be found; (3) if the health care entity does not maintain a record of 266 the information, so inform the requester and provide the name and address, if known, of the health care entity who maintains the record; or (4) deny the request (A) under subsection F, (B) on the grounds that 267 268 the requester has not established his authority to receive such health records or proof of his identity, or 269 (C) as otherwise provided by law. Procedures set forth in this section shall apply only to requests for 270 health records not specifically governed by other provisions of state law.

271 F. Except as provided in subsection B of § 8.01-413, copies of or electronic access to an individual's 272 health records shall not be furnished to such individual or anyone authorized to act on the individual's 273 behalf when the individual's treating physician or the individual's treating clinical psychologist has made 274 a part of the individual's record a written statement that, in the exercise of his professional judgment, the 275 furnishing to or review by the individual of such health records would be reasonably likely to endanger 276 the life or physical safety of the individual or another person, or that such health record makes reference 277 to a person other than a health care provider and the access requested would be reasonably likely to 278 cause substantial harm to such referenced person. If any health care entity denies a request for copies of 279 or electronic access to health records based on such statement, the health care entity shall inform the 280 individual of the individual's right to designate, in writing, at his own expense, another reviewing 281 physician or clinical psychologist, whose licensure, training and experience relative to the individual's 282 condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose opinion the 283 denial is based. The designated reviewing physician or clinical psychologist shall make a judgment as to 284 whether to make the health record available to the individual.

285 The health care entity denying the request shall also inform the individual of the individual's right to 286 request in writing that such health care entity designate, at its own expense, a physician or clinical 287 psychologist, whose licensure, training, and experience relative to the individual's condition are at least 288 equivalent to that of the physician or clinical psychologist upon whose professional judgment the denial 289 is based and who did not participate in the original decision to deny the health records, who shall make 290 a judgment as to whether to make the health record available to the individual. The health care entity 291 shall comply with the judgment of the reviewing physician or clinical psychologist. The health care 292 entity shall permit copying and examination of the health record by such other physician or clinical 293 psychologist designated by either the individual at his own expense or by the health care entity at its 294 expense.

Any health record copied for review by any such designated physician or clinical psychologist shall be accompanied by a statement from the custodian of the health record that the individual's treating physician or clinical psychologist determined that the individual's review of his health record would be reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical safety of the individual or would be reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to a person referenced in the health record who is not a health care provider.

300 Further, nothing herein shall be construed as giving, or interpreted to bestow the right to receive

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301 copies of, or otherwise obtain access to, psychotherapy notes to any individual or any person authorized 302 to act on his behalf. 303 G. A written authorization to allow release of an individual's health records shall substantially include 304 the following information: 305 AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH RECORDS 306 Individual's Name Health Care Entity's Name 307 Person, Agency, or Health Care Entity to whom disclosure is to be made 308 309 Information or Health Records to be disclosed 310 311 312 Purpose of Disclosure or at the Request of the Individual 313 314 As the person signing this authorization, I understand that I am giving my permission to the 315 above-named health care entity for disclosure of confidential health records. I understand that the health 316 care entity may not condition treatment or payment on my willingness to sign this authorization unless 317 the specific circumstances under which such conditioning is permitted by law are applicable and are set 318 forth in this authorization. I also understand that I have the right to revoke this authorization at any 319 time, but that my revocation is not effective until delivered in writing to the person who is in possession 320 of my health records and is not effective as to health records already disclosed under this authorization. 321 A copy of this authorization and a notation concerning the persons or agencies to whom disclosure was 322 made shall be included with my original health records. I understand that health information disclosed 323 under this authorization might be redisclosed by a recipient and may, as a result of such disclosure, no longer be protected to the same extent as such health information was protected by law while solely in 324 325 the possession of the health care entity. 326 This authorization expires on (date) or (event) Signature of Individual or Individual's Legal Representative if Individual is Unable to Sign 327 328 329 Relationship or Authority of Legal Representative 330 331 Date of Signature H. Pursuant to this subsection: 332 333 1. Unless excepted from these provisions in subdivision 9, no party to a civil, criminal or 334 administrative action or proceeding shall request the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum for another 335 party's health records or cause a subpoena duces tecum to be issued by an attorney unless a copy of the 336 request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the other party's counsel or to the other party if pro se, simultaneously with filing the request or issuance of the 337 subpoena. No party to an action or proceeding shall request or cause the issuance of a subpoena duces 338 339 tecum for the health records of a nonparty witness unless a copy of the request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the nonparty witness simultaneously with filing the 340 341 request or issuance of the attorney-issued subpoena. 342 No subpoena duces tecum for health records shall set a return date earlier than 15 days from the date 343 of the subpoena except by order of a court or administrative agency for good cause shown. When a 344 court or administrative agency directs that health records be disclosed pursuant to a subpoena duces 345 tecum earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoena, a copy of the order shall accompany the subpoena. 346 347 Any party requesting a subpoena duces tecum for health records or on whose behalf the subpoena 348 duces tecum is being issued shall have the duty to determine whether the individual whose health 349 records are being sought is pro se or a nonparty. 350 In instances where health records being subpoenaed are those of a pro se party or nonparty witness, the party requesting or issuing the subpoena shall deliver to the pro se party or nonparty witness 351 together with the copy of the request for subpoena, or a copy of the subpoena in the case of an 352 353 attorney-issued subpoena, a statement informing them of their rights and remedies. The statement shall 354 include the following language and the heading shall be in **boldface** capital letters: NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL 355 356 The attached document means that (insert name of party requesting or causing issuance of the subpoena) has either asked the court or administrative agency to issue a subpoena or a subpoena has 357 358 been issued by the other party's attorney to your doctor, other health care providers (names of health 359 care providers inserted here) or other health care entity (name of health care entity to be inserted here)

360 requiring them to produce your health records. Your doctor, other health care provider or other health care entity is required to respond by providing a copy of your health records. If you believe your health

362 records should not be disclosed and object to their disclosure, you have the right to file a motion with 363 the clerk of the court or the administrative agency to quash the subpoena. If you elect to file a motion 364 to quash, such motion must be filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued subpoena. You may contact the clerk's office or the administrative agency to determine the requirements 365 366 that must be satisfied when filing a motion to quash and you may elect to contact an attorney to 367 represent your interest. If you elect to file a motion to quash, you must notify your doctor, other health 368 care provider(s), or other health care entity, that you are filing the motion so that the health care 369 provider or health care entity knows to send the health records to the clerk of court or administrative 370 agency in a sealed envelope or package for safekeeping while your motion is decided.

371 2. Any party filing a request for a subpoend duces tecum or causing such a subpoend to be issued
372 for an individual's health records shall include a Notice in the same part of the request in which the
373 recipient of the subpoend duces tecum is directed where and when to return the health records. Such
374 notice shall be in boldface capital letters and shall include the following language:

375 NOTICE TO HEALTH CÂRE ENTITIES

A COPY OF THIS SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM HAS BEEN PROVIDED TO THE INDIVIDUAL
WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE BEING REQUESTED OR HIS COUNSEL. YOU OR THAT
INDIVIDUAL HAS THE RIGHT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH (OBJECT TO) THE ATTACHED
SUBPOENA. IF YOU ELECT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH, YOU MUST FILE THE MOTION
WITHIN 15 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS SUBPOENA.

381 YOU MUST NOT RESPOND TO THIS SUBPOENA UNTIL YOU HAVE RECEIVED WRITTEN
382 CERTIFICATION FROM THE PARTY ON WHOSE BEHALF THE SUBPOENA WAS ISSUED
383 THAT THE TIME FOR FILING A MOTION TO QUASH HAS ELAPSED AND THAT:

384 NO MOTION TO QUASH WAS FILED; OR

385 ANY MOTION TO QUASH HAS BEEN RESOLVED BY THE COURT OR THE
 386 ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY AND THE DISCLOSURES SOUGHT ARE CONSISTENT WITH
 387 SUCH RESOLUTION.

388 IF YOU RECEIVE NOTICE THAT THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE
389 BEING REQUESTED HAS FILED A MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, OR IF YOU FILE A
390 MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, YOU MUST SEND THE HEALTH RECORDS ONLY TO
391 THE CLERK OF THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY THAT ISSUED THE SUBPOENA
392 OR IN WHICH THE ACTION IS PENDING AS SHOWN ON THE SUBPOENA USING THE
393 FOLLOWING PROCEDURE:

PLACE THE HEALTH RECORDS IN A SEALED ENVELOPE AND ATTACH TO THE SEALED
ENVELOPE A COVER LETTER TO THE CLERK OF COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY
WHICH STATES THAT CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH RECORDS ARE ENCLOSED AND ARE TO BE
HELD UNDER SEAL PENDING A RULING ON THE MOTION TO QUASH THE SUBPOENA.
THE SEALED ENVELOPE AND THE COVER LETTER SHALL BE PLACED IN AN OUTER
ENVELOPE OR PACKAGE FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE
AGENCY.

401 3. Upon receiving a valid subpoena duces tecum for health records, health care entities shall have the duty to respond to the subpoena in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8.

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4. Except to deliver to a clerk of the court or administrative agency subpoenaed health records in a
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405 sealed envelope as set forth, health care entities shall not respond to a subpoena duces tecum for such
405 health records until they have received a certification as set forth in subdivision 5 or 8 from the party on
406 whose behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued.

407 If the health care entity has actual receipt of notice that a motion to quash the subpoena has been 408 filed or if the health care entity files a motion to quash the subpoena for health records, then the health 409 care entity shall produce the health records, in a securely sealed envelope, to the clerk of the court or 410 administrative agency issuing the subpoena or in whose court or administrative agency the action is pending. The court or administrative agency shall place the health records under seal until a 411 412 determination is made regarding the motion to quash. The securely sealed envelope shall only be opened 413 on order of the judge or administrative agency. In the event the court or administrative agency grants 414 the motion to quash, the health records shall be returned to the health care entity in the same sealed 415 envelope in which they were delivered to the court or administrative agency. In the event that a judge or 416 administrative agency orders the sealed envelope to be opened to review the health records in camera, a 417 copy of the order shall accompany any health records returned to the health care entity. The health 418 records returned to the health care entity shall be in a securely sealed envelope.

5. If no motion to quash is filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued
subpoena, the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued shall have the duty to certify to the
subpoenaed health care entity that the time for filing a motion to quash has elapsed and that no motion
to quash was filed. Any health care entity receiving such certification shall have the duty to comply

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with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the specified health records by either the return date on thesubpoena or five days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

425 6. In the event that the individual whose health records are being sought files a motion to quash the 426 subpoena, the court or administrative agency shall decide whether good cause has been shown by the 427 discovering party to compel disclosure of the individual's health records over the individual's objections. 428 In determining whether good cause has been shown, the court or administrative agency shall consider (i) 429 the particular purpose for which the information was collected; (ii) the degree to which the disclosure of 430 the records would embarrass, injure, or invade the privacy of the individual; (iii) the effect of the 431 disclosure on the individual's future health care; (iv) the importance of the information to the lawsuit or 432 proceeding; and (v) any other relevant factor.

433 7. Concurrent with the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, if subpoenaed health records have been submitted by a health care entity to the court or administrative 434 435 agency in a sealed envelope, the court or administrative agency shall: (i) upon determining that no 436 submitted health records should be disclosed, return all submitted health records to the health care entity 437 in a sealed envelope; (ii) upon determining that all submitted health records should be disclosed, provide 438 all the submitted health records to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued; or (iii) upon 439 determining that only a portion of the submitted health records should be disclosed, provide such portion 440 to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued and return the remaining health records to the 441 health care entity in a sealed envelope.

8. Following the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, the party on whose
behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued shall have the duty to certify in writing to the subpoenaed
health care entity a statement of one of the following:

a. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution; and, therefore, the
health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative
a. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution; and, therefore, the
health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative

b. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution and that, since no
health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care
entity, the health care entity shall comply with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the health records
designated in the subpoena by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of certification,
whichever is later;

455 c. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
456 disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution; therefore, no
457 health records shall be disclosed and all health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the
458 clerk of the court or administrative agency will be returned to the health care entity;

459 d. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the 460 disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and that only limited disclosure has been authorized. The certification shall state that only the portion of the health 461 462 records as set forth in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, shall 463 be disclosed. The certification shall also state that health records that were previously delivered to the 464 court or administrative agency for which disclosure has been authorized will not be returned to the 465 health care entity; however, all health records for which disclosure has not been authorized will be 466 returned to the health care entity; or

e. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and, since no health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care entity, the health care entity shall return only those health records specified in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

473 A copy of the court or administrative agency's ruling shall accompany any certification made 474 pursuant to this subdivision.

475 9. The provisions of this subsection have no application to subpoenas for health records requested
476 under § 8.01-413, or issued by a duly authorized administrative agency conducting an investigation,
477 audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct.

478 The provisions of this subsection shall apply to subpoen s for the health records of both minors and adults.

480 Nothing in this subsection shall have any effect on the existing authority of a court or administrative
481 agency to issue a protective order regarding health records, including, but not limited to, ordering the
482 return of health records to a health care entity, after the period for filing a motion to quash has passed.

483 A subpoena for substance abuse records must conform to the requirements of federal law found in 42

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484 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart E.

485 I. Health care entities may testify about the health records of an individual in compliance with 486 §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2.

487 J. If an individual requests a copy of his health record from a health care entity, the health care 488 entity may impose a reasonable cost-based fee, which shall include only the cost of supplies for and 489 labor of copying the requested information, postage when the individual requests that such information 490 be mailed, and preparation of an explanation or summary of such information as agreed to by the 491 individual. For the purposes of this section, "individual" shall subsume a person with authority to act on 492 behalf of the individual who is the subject of the health record in making decisions related to his health 493 care.

494 K. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a health care provider who prescribes or dispenses a 495 controlled substance required to be reported to the Prescription Monitoring Program established pursuant 496 to Chapter 25.2 (§ 54.1-2519 et seq.) of Title 54.1 to a patient from disclosing information obtained 497 from the Prescription Monitoring Program and contained in a patient's health care record to another 498 health care provider when such disclosure is related to the care or treatment of the patient who is the 499 subject of the record.

500 § 53.1-40.10. Exchange of medical and mental health information and records.

501 Medical Whenever a person is committed to a state correctional facility, the person in charge of the 502 facility or his designee shall be entitled to obtain medical records concerning such person from a health 503 care provider. In addition, medical and mental health information and records of any person committed 504 to the Department of Corrections may be exchanged among the following:

505 1. Administrative personnel for the facility in which the prisoner is imprisoned when there is 506 reasonable cause to believe that such information is necessary to maintain the security and safety of the 507 facility, its employees, or other prisoners. The information exchanged shall continue to be confidential 508 and disclosure shall be limited to that necessary to ensure the safety and security of the facility.

509 2. Members of the Parole Board, as specified in § 53.1-138, in order to conduct the investigation 510 required under § 53.1-155. 511

3. Probation and parole officers for use in parole and probation planning, release and supervision.

512 4. Officials within the Department for the purpose of formulating recommendations for treatment and 513 rehabilitative programs; classification, security and work assignments; and determining the necessity for 514 medical, dental and mental health care, treatment and programs.

515 5. Medical and mental health hospitals and facilities, both public and private, including community 516 service boards, for use in planning for and supervision of post-incarceration medical and mental health 517 care, treatment, and programs.

518 6. The Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services, the Department of Social Services, and any 519 local department of social services in the Commonwealth for the purposes of reentry planning and 520 post-incarceration placement and services.

521 Substance abuse records subject to federal regulations, Confidentiality of Alcohol and Drug Abuse 522 Patient Records, 42 C.F.R. § 2.11 et seq., shall not be subject to the provisions of this section. The 523 disclosure of results of a test for human immunodeficiency virus shall not be permitted except as 524 provided in § 32.1-36.1.

525 The release of medical and mental health information and records to any other agency or individual 526 shall be subject to all regulations promulgated by the Department which govern confidentiality of such 527 records. Medical and mental health information concerning a prisoner which has been exchanged 528 pursuant to this section may be used only as provided herein and shall otherwise remain confidential and 529 protected from disclosure.

530 § 53.1-133.03. Exchange of medical and mental health information and records.

531 Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to disclosure and confidentiality of patient 532 records maintained by a health care provider, whenever a person is committed to a local or regional 533 correctional facility, the person in charge of the facility or his designee shall be entitled to obtain 534 medical records concerning such person from a health care provider. In addition, medical and mental 535 health information and records of any person committed to jail, and transferred to another correctional 536 facility, may be exchanged among the following:

1. Administrative personnel of the correctional facilities involved and of the administrative personnel 537 538 within the holding facility when there is reasonable cause to believe that such information is necessary 539 to maintain the security and safety of the holding facility, its employees, or prisoners. The information 540 exchanged shall continue to be confidential and disclosure shall be limited to that necessary to ensure 541 the safety and security of the facility.

542 2. Members of the Parole Board or its designees, as specified in § 53.1-138, in order to conduct the 543 investigation required under § 53.1-155.

544 3. Probation and parole officers for use in parole and probation planning, release and supervision.

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545 4. Officials of the facilities involved and officials within the holding facility for the purpose of
546 formulating recommendations for treatment and rehabilitative programs; classification, security and work
547 assignments; and determining the necessity for medical, dental and mental health care, treatment and
548 other such programs.

549 5. Medical and mental health hospitals and facilities, both public and private, including community
550 service boards and health departments, for use in treatment while committed to jail or a correctional
551 facility while under supervision of a probation or parole officer.

Substance abuse records subject to federal regulations, Confidentiality of Alcohol and Drug Abuse
Patient Records, 42 C.F.R. § 2.11 et seq., shall not be subject to the provisions of this section. The
disclosure of results of a test for human immunodeficiency virus shall not be permitted except as
provided in §§ 32.1-36.1 and 32.1-116.3.

The release of medical and mental health information and records to any other agency or individual
shall be subject to all regulations promulgated by the Board of Corrections which govern confidentiality
of such records. Medical and mental health information concerning a prisoner which has been exchanged
pursuant to this section may be used only as provided herein and shall otherwise remain confidential and
protected from disclosure.

561 Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit the release of records to the Department of Health 562 Professions or health regulatory boards consistent with Subtitle III (§ 54.1-2400 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of

563 the Code of Virginia.