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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1544
2	Offered January 19, 2018
3	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 18.2-308.2:3, and 19.2-386.28
4	of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered
5	18.2-308.1:6, relating to purchase, possession, and transport of firearms following certain
6	convictions; permit to restore rights; penalties.
7	
8	Patron—Murphy
9	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
10	
11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 18.2-308.2:3, and 19.2-386.28 of the Code of
13	Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section
14	numbered 18.2-308.1:6 as follows:
15	§ 18.2-308.09. Disqualifications for a concealed handgun permit.
16	The following persons shall be deemed disqualified from obtaining a permit:
17 18	1. An individual who is ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, or 18.2-308.1:3, or 18.2-308.1:6 or the substantially similar law of any other state or of the United States.
19	2. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 and who was
20	discharged from the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to § 19.2-182.7 less than five years before
$\overline{21}$	the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.
22	3. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 and whose
23	competency or capacity was restored pursuant to § 64.2-2012 less than five years before the date of his
24	application for a concealed handgun permit.
25	4. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:3 and who was released
26 27	from commitment less than five years before the date of this application for a concealed handgun permit.
2 7 28	5. An individual who is subject to a restraining order, or to a protective order and prohibited by
29	§ 18.2-308.1:4 from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm.
30	6. An individual who is prohibited by § 18.2-308.2 from possessing or transporting a firearm, except
31	that a permit may be obtained in accordance with subsection \overline{C} of that section.
32	7. An individual who has been convicted of two or more misdemeanors within the five-year period
33 34	immediately preceding the application, if one of the misdemeanors was a Class 1 misdemeanor, but the
34 35	judge shall have the discretion to deny a permit for two or more misdemeanors that are not Class 1. Traffic infractions and misdemeanors set forth in Title 46.2 shall not be considered for purposes of this
36	disqualification.
37	8. An individual who is addicted to, or is an unlawful user or distributor of, marijuana, synthetic
38	cannabinoids, or any controlled substance.
39	9. An individual who has been convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar local
40	ordinance, or of public drunkenness, or of a substantially similar offense under the laws of any other
41 42	state, the District of Columbia, the United States, or its territories within the three-year period immediately preceding the application, or who is a habitual drunkard as determined pursuant to
43	§ 4.1-333.
44	10. An alien other than an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States.
45	11. An individual who has been discharged from the armed forces of the United States under
46	dishonorable conditions.
47	12. An individual who is a fugitive from justice.
48	13. An individual who the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, based on specific acts by
49 50	the applicant, is likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth may submit to the court a sworn, written statement
50 51	indicating that, in the opinion of such sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth, based
52	upon a disqualifying conviction or upon the specific acts set forth in the statement, the applicant is
53	likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The statement of the sheriff, chief
54	of police, or the attorney for the Commonwealth shall be based upon personal knowledge of such
55	individual or of a deputy sheriff, police officer, or assistant attorney for the Commonwealth of the
56	specific acts, or upon a written statement made under oath before a notary public of a competent person
57	having personal knowledge of the specific acts.

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58 14. An individual who has been convicted of any assault, assault and battery, sexual battery,

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discharging of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-280 or 18.2-286.1 or brandishing of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-282 within the three-year period immediately preceding the application.

61 15. An individual who has been convicted of stalking.

16. An individual whose previous convictions or adjudications of delinquency were based on an 62 63 offense that would have been at the time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws 64 of any state, the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories. For purposes of this 65 disqualifier, only convictions occurring within 16 years following the later of the date of (i) the conviction or adjudication or (ii) release from any incarceration imposed upon such conviction or 66 adjudication shall be deemed to be "previous convictions." Disqualification under this subdivision shall not apply to an individual with previous adjudications of delinquency who has completed a term of 67 68 service of no less than two years in the Armed Forces of the United States and, if such person has been 69 70 discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States, received an honorable discharge.

71 17. An individual who has a felony charge pending or a charge pending for an offense listed in72 subdivision 14 or 15.

18. An individual who has received mental health treatment or substance abuse treatment in aresidential setting within five years prior to the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

19. An individual not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, who, within the three-year period
immediately preceding the application for the permit, was found guilty of any criminal offense set forth
in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or former § 18.2-248.1:1 or of a criminal offense of illegal possession
or distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any controlled substance, under the laws of any
state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

20. An individual, not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, with respect to whom, within the three-year period immediately preceding the application, upon a charge of any criminal offense set forth in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or former § 18.2-248.1:1 or upon a charge of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any controlled substance under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories, the trial court found that the facts of the case were sufficient for a finding of guilt and disposed of the case pursuant to § 18.2-251 or the substantially similar law of any other state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

§ 18.2-308.1:6. Purchase, possession, or transportation of firearms following certain criminal
 convictions; process to restore rights; penalty.

A. 1. Any person who knowingly and intentionally purchases, possesses, or transports any firearm
following a misdemeanor conviction for an offense that occurred on or after July 1, 2018, for the
offense of (i) stalking in violation of § 18.2-60.3, (ii) sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.4, (iii)
assault and battery of a family or household member, (iv) brandishing a firearm in violation of
§ 18.2-282, or (v) any offense substantially similar to clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) in the laws of any
other state or of the United States is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

96 2. Any person who knowingly and intentionally purchases, possesses, or transports any firearm
97 following two or more misdemeanor convictions for offenses that occurred on or after July 1, 2018, for
98 the offense of (i) assault and battery in violation of § 18.2-57 or (ii) any offense substantially similar to
99 clause (i) in the laws of any other state or of the United States is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

100 B. Any person prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm described under this 101 section may, no earlier than two years from the date of conviction, petition the circuit court of the jurisdiction in which he resides, or the circuit court of the county or city where he was last convicted of 102 103 an offense listed in subsection A, for a permit to possess or carry a firearm. A copy of the petition shall be mailed or delivered to the attorney for the Commonwealth for the jurisdiction where the petition was 104 filed, who shall be entitled to respond and represent the interests of the Commonwealth. The court shall 105 conduct a hearing if requested by either party. The court may, in its discretion and for good cause 106 shown, grant such petition and issue a permit. The prohibitions of subsection A shall not apply to any 107 108 person who has been granted a permit pursuant to this subsection. The clerk of court shall certify and forward forthwith to the Central Criminal Records Exchange, on a form provided by the Exchange, a 109 110 copy of any such order.

111 *C.* For the purposes of this section, "family or household member" has the same meaning as in \$16.1-228.

§ 18.2-308.2:1. Prohibiting the selling, etc., of firearms to certain persons.

114 Any person who sells, barters, gives or furnishes, or has in his possession or under his control with 115 the intent of selling, bartering, giving or furnishing, any firearm to any person he knows is prohibited 116 from possessing or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:3, 117 18.2-308.1:6, 18.2-308.2, subsection B of § 18.2-308.2:01, or § 18.2-308.7 shall be *is* guilty of a Class 118 4 felony. However, this prohibition shall not be applicable when the person convicted of the felony *or* 119 *misdemeanor*, adjudicated delinquent or acquitted by reason of insanity has (i) been issued a permit 120 pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-308.2 *or subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:6* or been granted relief pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:1, or § 18.2-308.1:2 or 18.2-308.1:3; (ii) been pardoned or had
his political disabilities removed in accordance with subsection B of § 18.2-308.2; or (iii) obtained a
permit to ship, transport, possess or receive firearms pursuant to the laws of the United States.

124 § 18.2-308.2:2. Criminal history record information check required for the transfer of certain 125 firearms.

126 A. Any person purchasing from a dealer a firearm as herein defined shall consent in writing, on a 127 form to be provided by the Department of State Police, to have the dealer obtain criminal history record 128 information. Such form shall include only the written consent; the name, birth date, gender, race, 129 citizenship, and social security number and/or any other identification number; the number of firearms 130 by category intended to be sold, rented, traded, or transferred; and answers by the applicant to the 131 following questions: (i) has the applicant been convicted of a felony offense or a misdemeanor listed in 132 § 18.2-308.1.6 or found guilty or adjudicated delinquent as a juvenile 14 years of age or older at the time of the offense of a delinquent act that if committed by an adult would be a felony if committed by 133 an adult or is a misdemeanor listed in § 18.2-308.1:6; (ii) is the applicant subject to a court order 134 135 restraining the applicant from harassing, stalking, or threatening the applicant's child or intimate partner, 136 or a child of such partner, or is the applicant subject to a protective order; and (iii) has the applicant 137 ever been acquitted by reason of insanity and prohibited from purchasing, possessing or transporting a 138 firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction, been 139 adjudicated legally incompetent, mentally incapacitated or adjudicated an incapacitated person and 140 prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 or any substantially similar law of any 141 other jurisdiction, or been involuntarily admitted to an inpatient facility or involuntarily ordered to 142 outpatient mental health treatment and prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:3 143 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction.

144 B. 1. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade or transfer from his inventory any such firearm to any other 145 person who is a resident of Virginia until he has (i) obtained written consent and the other information 146 on the consent form specified in subsection A, and provided the Department of State Police with the 147 name, birth date, gender, race, citizenship, and social security and/or any other identification number and 148 the number of firearms by category intended to be sold, rented, traded or transferred and (ii) requested 149 criminal history record information by a telephone call to or other communication authorized by the 150 State Police and is authorized by subdivision $\hat{2}$ to complete the sale or other such transfer. To establish 151 personal identification and residence in Virginia for purposes of this section, a dealer must require any 152 prospective purchaser to present one photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the 153 Commonwealth or by the United States Department of Defense that demonstrates that the prospective 154 purchaser resides in Virginia. For the purposes of this section and establishment of residency for firearm 155 purchase, residency of a member of the armed forces shall include both the state in which the member's 156 permanent duty post is located and any nearby state in which the member resides and from which he 157 commutes to the permanent duty post. A member of the armed forces whose photo identification issued 158 by the Department of Defense does not have a Virginia address may establish his Virginia residency 159 with such photo identification and either permanent orders assigning the purchaser to a duty post, 160 including the Pentagon, in Virginia or the purchaser's Leave and Earnings Statement. When the photo 161 identification presented to a dealer by the prospective purchaser is a driver's license or other photo identification issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, and such identification form contains a date 162 163 of issue, the dealer shall not, except for a renewed driver's license or other photo identification issued by 164 the Department of Motor Vehicles, sell or otherwise transfer a firearm to the prospective purchaser until 165 30 days after the date of issue of an original or duplicate driver's license unless the prospective purchaser also presents a copy of his Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles driver's record showing 166 167 that the original date of issue of the driver's license was more than 30 days prior to the attempted 168 purchase.

In addition, no dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any assault firearm to any person who is not a citizen of the United States or who is not a person lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall (a)
review its criminal history record information to determine if the buyer or transferee is prohibited from
possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law, (b) inform the dealer if its record indicates
that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited, and (c) provide the dealer with a unique reference number
for that inquiry.

177 2. The State Police shall provide its response to the requesting dealer during the dealer's request, or
178 by return call without delay. If the criminal history record information check indicates the prospective
179 purchaser or transferee has a disqualifying criminal record or has been acquitted by reason of insanity
180 and committed to the custody of the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services,
181 the State Police shall have until the end of the dealer's next business day to advise the dealer if its

182 records indicate the buyer or transferee is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm by state 183 or federal law. If not so advised by the end of the dealer's next business day, a dealer who has fulfilled 184 the requirements of subdivision I may immediately complete the sale or transfer and shall not be 185 deemed in violation of this section with respect to such sale or transfer. In case of electronic failure or other circumstances beyond the control of the State Police, the dealer shall be advised immediately of 186 187 the reason for such delay and be given an estimate of the length of such delay. After such notification, 188 the State Police shall, as soon as possible but in no event later than the end of the dealer's next business 189 day, inform the requesting dealer if its records indicate the buyer or transferee is prohibited from 190 possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law. A dealer who fulfills the requirements of 191 subdivision 1 and is told by the State Police that a response will not be available by the end of the dealer's next business day may immediately complete the sale or transfer and shall not be deemed in 192 193 violation of this section with respect to such sale or transfer.

194 3. Except as required by subsection D of § 9.1-132, the State Police shall not maintain records longer 195 than 30 days, except for multiple handgun transactions for which records shall be maintained for 12 196 months, from any dealer's request for a criminal history record information check pertaining to a buyer 197 or transferee who is not found to be prohibited from possessing and transporting a firearm under state or 198 federal law. However, the log on requests made may be maintained for a period of 12 months, and such 199 log shall consist of the name of the purchaser, the dealer identification number, the unique approval 200 number and the transaction date.

201 4. On the last day of the week following the sale or transfer of any firearm, the dealer shall mail or 202 deliver the written consent form required by subsection A to the Department of State Police. The State 203 Police shall immediately initiate a search of all available criminal history record information to 204 determine if the purchaser is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm under state or federal 205 law. If the search discloses information indicating that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited from 206 possessing or transporting a firearm, the State Police shall inform the chief law-enforcement officer in 207 the jurisdiction where the sale or transfer occurred and the dealer without delay.

208 5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, rifles and shotguns may be purchased by 209 persons who are citizens of the United States or persons lawfully admitted for permanent residence but 210 residents of other states under the terms of subsections A and B upon furnishing the dealer with one photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the person's state of residence and one 211 212 other form of identification determined to be acceptable by the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

213 6. For the purposes of this subsection, the phrase "dealer's next business day" shall not include 214 December 25.

215 C. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade or transfer from his inventory any firearm, except when the transaction involves a rifle or a shotgun and can be accomplished pursuant to the provisions of subdivision B 5 to any person who is not a resident of Virginia unless he has first obtained from the 216 217 218 Department of State Police a report indicating that a search of all available criminal history record information has not disclosed that the person is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm 219 under state or federal law. The dealer shall obtain the required report by mailing or delivering the 220 221 written consent form required under subsection A to the State Police within 24 hours of its execution. If 222 the dealer has complied with the provisions of this subsection and has not received the required report 223 from the State Police within 10 days from the date the written consent form was mailed to the 224 Department of State Police, he shall not be deemed in violation of this section for thereafter completing 225 the sale or transfer.

226 D. Nothing herein shall prevent a resident of the Commonwealth, at his option, from buying, renting 227 or receiving a firearm from a dealer in Virginia by obtaining a criminal history record information check 228 through the dealer as provided in subsection C.

229 E. If any buyer or transferee is denied the right to purchase a firearm under this section, he may 230 exercise his right of access to and review and correction of criminal history record information under 231 § 9.1-132 or institute a civil action as provided in § 9.1-135, provided any such action is initiated within 232 30 days of such denial.

233 F. Any dealer who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history 234 record information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to 235 disseminate criminal history record information except as authorized in this section shall be guilty of a 236 Class 2 misdemeanor. 237

G. For purposes of this section:

238 "Actual buyer" means a person who executes the consent form required in subsection B or C, or 239 other such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law. 240

"Antique firearm" means:

1. Any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of 241 242 ignition system) manufactured in or before 1898;

243 2. Any replica of any firearm described in subdivision 1 of this definition if such replica (i) is not

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244 designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition or (ii) uses rimfire 245 or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that 246 is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade;

247 3. Any muzzle-loading rifle, muzzle-loading shotgun, or muzzle-loading pistol that is designed to use 248 black powder, or a black powder substitute, and that cannot use fixed ammunition. For purposes of this 249 subdivision, the term "antique firearm" shall not include any weapon that incorporates a firearm frame 250 or receiver, any firearm that is converted into a muzzle-loading weapon, or any muzzle-loading weapon that can be readily converted to fire fixed ammunition by replacing the barrel, bolt, breech-block, or any 251 252 combination thereof; or 253

4. Any curio or relic as defined in this subsection.

254 "Assault firearm" means any semi-automatic center-fire rifle or pistol which expels single or multiple 255 projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material and is equipped at the time of the 256 offense with a magazine which will hold more than 20 rounds of ammunition or designed by the 257 manufacturer to accommodate a silencer or equipped with a folding stock.

258 "Curios or relics" means firearms that are of special interest to collectors by reason of some quality 259 other than is associated with firearms intended for sporting use or as offensive or defensive weapons. To 260 be recognized as curios or relics, firearms must fall within one of the following categories:

261 1. Firearms that were manufactured at least 50 years prior to the current date, which use rimfire or 262 conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is 263 not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade, but not including replicas thereof;

264 2. Firearms that are certified by the curator of a municipal, state, or federal museum that exhibits 265 firearms to be curios or relics of museum interest; and

266 3. Any other firearms that derive a substantial part of their monetary value from the fact that they are novel, rare, bizarre, or because of their association with some historical figure, period, or event. 267 268 Proof of qualification of a particular firearm under this category may be established by evidence of 269 present value and evidence that like firearms are not available except as collectors' items, or that the 270 value of like firearms available in ordinary commercial channels is substantially less. 271

"Dealer" means any person licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.

272 "Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be 273 converted to expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.

274 "Handgun" means any pistol or revolver or other firearm originally designed, made and intended to 275 fire single or multiple projectiles by means of an explosion of a combustible material from one or more 276 barrels when held in one hand.

277 "Lawfully admitted for permanent residence" means the status of having been lawfully accorded the 278 privilege of residing permanently in the United States as an immigrant in accordance with the 279 immigration laws, such status not having changed.

280 H. The Department of Criminal Justice Services shall promulgate regulations to ensure the identity, 281 confidentiality and security of all records and data provided by the Department of State Police pursuant 282 to this section.

I. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) transactions between persons who are licensed 283 284 as firearms importers or collectors, manufacturers or dealers pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.; (ii) 285 purchases by or sales to any law-enforcement officer or agent of the United States, the Commonwealth 286 or any local government, or any campus police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of 287 Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; or (iii) antique firearms, curios or relics.

288 J. The provisions of this section shall not apply to restrict purchase, trade or transfer of firearms by a resident of Virginia when the resident of Virginia makes such purchase, trade or transfer in another 289 290 state, in which case the laws and regulations of that state and the United States governing the purchase, 291 trade or transfer of firearms shall apply. A National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) 292 check shall be performed prior to such purchase, trade or transfer of firearms.

293 J1. All licensed firearms dealers shall collect a fee of \$2 for every transaction for which a criminal 294 history record information check is required pursuant to this section, except that a fee of \$5 shall be 295 collected for every transaction involving an out-of-state resident. Such fee shall be transmitted to the 296 Department of State Police by the last day of the month following the sale for deposit in a special fund 297 for use by the State Police to offset the cost of conducting criminal history record information checks 298 under the provisions of this section.

299 K. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the consent form 300 required in subsection B or C or on such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law, 301 shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

302 L. Except as provided in § 18.2-308.2:1, any dealer who willfully and intentionally sells, rents, trades 303 or transfers a firearm in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.

304 L1. Any person who attempts to solicit, persuade, encourage, or entice any dealer to transfer or 305 otherwise convey a firearm other than to the actual buyer, as well as any other person who willfully and
306 intentionally aids or abets such person, shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. This subsection shall not
307 apply to a federal law-enforcement officer or a law-enforcement officer as defined in § 9.1-101, in the
308 performance of his official duties, or other person under his direct supervision.

309 M. Any person who purchases a firearm with the intent to (i) resell or otherwise provide such 310 firearm to any person who he knows or has reason to believe is ineligible to purchase or otherwise 311 receive from a dealer a firearm for whatever reason or (ii) transport such firearm out of the 312 Commonwealth to be resold or otherwise provided to another person who the transferor knows is 313 ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive a firearm, shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and sentenced to 314 a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of one year. However, if the violation of this subsection involves such a transfer of more than one firearm, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory 315 minimum term of imprisonment of five years. The prohibitions of this subsection shall not apply to the 316 317 purchase of a firearm by a person for the lawful use, possession, or transport thereof, pursuant to § 18.2-308.7, by his child, grandchild, or individual for whom he is the legal guardian if such child, 318 319 grandchild, or individual is ineligible, solely because of his age, to purchase a firearm.

N. Any person who is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive or possess a firearm in the
 Commonwealth who solicits, employs or assists any person in violating subsection M shall be guilty of
 a Class 4 felony and shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years.

323 O. Any mandatory minimum sentence imposed under this section shall be served consecutively with 324 any other sentence.

P. All driver's licenses issued on or after July 1, 1994, shall carry a letter designation indicatingwhether the driver's license is an original, duplicate or renewed driver's license.

Q. Prior to selling, renting, trading, or transferring any firearm owned by the dealer but not in his
inventory to any other person, a dealer may require such other person to consent to have the dealer
obtain criminal history record information to determine if such other person is prohibited from
possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law. The Department of State Police shall
establish policies and procedures in accordance with 28 C.F.R. § 25.6 to permit such determinations to
be made by the Department of State Police, and the processes established for making such
determinations shall conform to the provisions of this section.

§ 18.2-308.2:3. Criminal background check required for employees of a gun dealer to transfer
 firearms; exemptions; penalties.

A. No person, corporation, or proprietorship licensed as a firearms dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C.
§ 921 et seq. shall employ any person to act as a seller, whether full-time or part-time, permanent, temporary, paid or unpaid, for the transfer of firearms under § 18.2-308.2:2, if such employee would be prohibited from possessing a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, or 18.2-308.1:3, subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:4, or § 18.2-308.1:6, 18.2-308.2; or 18.2-308.2:01, or is an illegal alien, or is prohibited from purchasing or transporting a firearm pursuant to subsection A of § 18.2-308.1:4 or § 18.2-308.1:5.

B. Prior to permitting an applicant to begin employment, the dealer shall obtain a written statement
or affirmation from the applicant that he is not disqualified from possessing a firearm and shall submit
the applicant's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central Criminal Records
Exchange to be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of obtaining
national criminal history record information regarding the applicant.

C. Prior to August 1, 2000, the dealer shall obtain written statements or affirmations from persons
employed before July 1, 2000, to act as a seller under § 18.2-308.2:2 that they are not disqualified from
possessing a firearm. Within five working days of the employee's next birthday, after August 1, 2000,
the dealer shall submit the employee's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central
Criminal Records Exchange to be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the
purpose of obtaining national criminal history record information regarding the request.

353 C1. In lieu of submitting fingerprints pursuant to this section, any dealer holding a valid federal 354 firearms license (FFL) issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) may submit a 355 sworn and notarized affidavit to the Department of State Police on a form provided by the Department, 356 stating that the dealer has been subjected to a record check prior to the issuance and that the FFL was 357 issued by the ATF. The affidavit may also contain the names of any employees that have been subjected to a record check and approved by the ATF. This exemption shall apply regardless of whether the FFL 358 359 was issued in the name of the dealer or in the name of the business. The affidavit shall contain the valid 360 FFL number, state the name of each person requesting the exemption, together with each person's identifying information, including their social security number and the following statement: "I hereby 361 swear, under the penalty of perjury, that as a condition of obtaining a federal firearms license, each 362 363 person requesting an exemption in this affidavit has been subjected to a fingerprint identification check by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms 364 365 subsequently determined that each person satisfied the requirements of 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq. I 366 understand that any person convicted of making a false statement in this affidavit is guilty of a Class 5

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367 felony and that in addition to any other penalties imposed by law, a conviction under this section shall368 result in the forfeiture of my federal firearms license."

369 D. The Department of State Police, upon receipt of an individual's record or notification that no
370 record exists, shall submit an eligibility report to the requesting dealer within 30 days of the applicant
371 beginning his duties for new employees or within 30 days of the applicant's birthday for a person
372 employed prior to July 1, 2000.

E. If any applicant is denied employment because of information appearing on the criminal history
record and the applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was based, the Central Criminal
Records Exchange shall, upon written request, furnish to the applicant the procedures for obtaining a
copy of the criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The information provided
to the dealer shall not be disseminated except as provided in this section.

F. The applicant shall bear the cost of obtaining the criminal history record unless the dealer, at his option, decides to pay such cost.

380 G. Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall
381 establish a unique number for that firearm seller. Beginning September 1, 2001, the firearm seller's signature, firearm seller's number and the dealer's identification number shall be on all firearm transaction forms. The State Police shall void the firearm seller's number when a disqualifying record is discovered. The State Police may suspend a firearm seller's identification number upon the arrest of the firearm seller for a potentially disqualifying crime.

386 H. This section shall not restrict the transfer of a firearm at any place other than at a dealership or at387 any event required to be registered as a gun show.

388 I. Any person who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history
389 record information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to
390 disseminate criminal history record information except as authorized by this section and § 18.2-308.2:2,
391 shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

J. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the personal descriptive information required in this section shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony. Any person who offers for transfer any firearm in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Any dealer who willfully and knowingly employs or permits a person to act as a firearm seller in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

397 K. There is no civil liability for any seller for the actions of any purchaser or subsequent transferee398 of a firearm lawfully transferred pursuant to this section.

399 L. The provisions of this section requiring a seller's background check shall not apply to a licensed400 dealer.

401 M. Any person who willfully and intentionally makes a false statement in the affidavit as set out in402 subdivision C 1 shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

403 N. For purposes of this section:

404 "Dealer" means any person, corporation or proprietorship licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. **405** § 921 et seq.

406 "Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.

408 "Place of business" means any place or premises where a dealer may lawfully transfer firearms.

409 "Seller" means for the purpose of any single sale of a firearm any person who is a dealer or an agent
410 of a dealer, who may lawfully transfer firearms and who actually performs the criminal background
411 check in accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-308.2:2.

412 "Transfer" means any act performed with intent to sell, rent, barter, trade or otherwise transfer413 ownership or permanent possession of a firearm at the place of business of a dealer.

414 § 19.2-386.28. Forfeiture of weapons that are concealed, possessed, transported or carried in 415 violation of law.

416 Any firearm, *any* stun weapon as defined by § 18.2-308.1, or any weapon concealed, possessed,
417 transported, or carried in violation of § 18.2-283.1, 18.2-287.01, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:3,
418 18.2-308.1:4, 18.2-308.1:6, 18.2-308.2, 18.2-308.2:01, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-308.5, 18.2-308.7,
419 or 18.2-308.8 shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth and disposed of as provided in § 19.2-386.29.

420 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 421 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot 422 be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 423 836 of the Acts of Assembly of 2017 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to 424 assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the 425 necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the 426 Department of Juvenile Justice.