ENGROSSED

SB1342E

2017 SESSION

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	17103446D
1	SENATE BILL NO. 1342
2 3	Senate Amendments in [] — February 1, 2017
	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-77 and 16.1-107 of the Code of Virginia, relating to district
4	courts; attorney fees.
5	
6	Patron Prior to Engrossment—Senator Surovell
7 8	Defermed to Committee for Courts of Justice
8 9	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That §§ 16.1-77 and 16.1-107 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 16.1-77. Civil jurisdiction of general district courts.
13	Except as provided in Article 5 (§ 16.1-122.1 et seq.), each general district court shall have, within
14	the limits of the territory it serves, civil jurisdiction as follows:
15	(1) Exclusive original jurisdiction of any claim to specific personal property or to any debt, fine or
16	other money, or to damages for breach of contract or for injury done to property, real or personal, or for
17	any injury to the person that would be recoverable by action at law or suit in equity, when the amount
18 19	of such claim does not exceed \$4,500 exclusive of interest and any attorney's attorney fees contracted for in the instrument, and concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit courts having jurisdiction in such
20	territory of any such claim when the amount thereof exceeds \$4,500 but does not exceed \$25,000,
21	exclusive of interest and any attorney's attorney fees contracted for in the instrument. However, this
22	\$25,000 limit shall not apply with respect to distress warrants under the provisions of § 55-230, cases
23	involving liquidated damages for violations of vehicle weight limits pursuant to § 46.2-1135, nor cases
24	involving forfeiture of a bond pursuant to § 19.2-143.
25	(2) Jurisdiction to try and decide attachment cases when the amount of the plaintiff's claim does not
26	exceed \$25,000 exclusive of interest and any attorney's attorney fees contracted for in the instrument.
27 28	(3) Jurisdiction of actions of unlawful entry or detainer as provided in Article 13 (§ 8.01-124 et seq.)
20 29	of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01, and in Chapter 13 (§ 55-217 et seq.) of Title 55, and the maximum jurisdictional limits prescribed in subdivision (1) shall not apply to any claim, counter-claim or
3 0	cross-claim in an unlawful detainer action that includes a claim for damages sustained or rent against
31	any person obligated on the lease or guarantee of such lease.
32	(4) Except where otherwise specifically provided, all jurisdiction, power and authority over any civil
33	action or proceeding conferred upon any general district court judge or magistrate under or by virtue of
34	any provisions of the Code.
35	(5) Jurisdiction to try and decide suits in interpleader involving personal or real property where the
36	amount of money or value of the property is not more than the maximum jurisdictional limits of the
37 38	general district court. However, the maximum jurisdictional limits prescribed in subdivision (1) shall not apply to any claim, counter-claim, or cross-claim in an interpleader action that is limited to the
30 39	disposition of an earnest money deposit pursuant to a real estate purchase contract. The action shall be
40	brought in accordance with the procedures for interpleader as set forth in § 8.01-364. However, the
41	general district court shall not have any power to issue injunctions. Actions in interpleader may be
42	brought by either the stakeholder or any of the claimants. The initial pleading shall be either by motion
43	for judgment, by warrant in debt, or by other uniform court form established by the Supreme Court of
44	Virginia. The initial pleading shall briefly set forth the circumstances of the claim and shall name as
45	defendant all parties in interest who are not parties plaintiff.
46 47	(6) Jurisdiction to try and decide any cases pursuant to § 2.2-3713 of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) or § 2.2-3809 of the Government Data Collection and
4 7 4 8	Dissemination Practices Act (§ 2.2-3800 et seq.), for writs of mandamus or for injunctions.
49	(7) Concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit courts having jurisdiction in such territory to adjudicate
50	habitual offenders pursuant to the provisions of Article 9 (§ 46.2-355.1 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title
51	46.2.
52	(8) Jurisdiction to try and decide cases alleging a civil violation described in § 18.2-76.
53	(9) Jurisdiction to try and decide any cases pursuant to § 55-79.80:2 of the Condominium Act
54	(§ 55-79.39 et seq.) or § 55-513 of the Property Owners' Association Act (§ 55-508 et seq.).
55 54	(10) Concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit courts to submit matters to arbitration pursuant to
56	Chapter 21 (§ 8.01-577 et seq.) of Title 8.01 where the amount in controversy is within the jurisdictional

56 Chapter 21 (§ 8.01-577 et seq.) of Title 8.01 where the amount in controversy is within the jurisdictional limits of the general district court. Any party that disagrees with an order by a general district court granting an application to compel arbitration may appeal such decision to the circuit court pursuant to § 8.01-581.016.

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60 § 16.1-107. Requirements for appeal.

No appeal shall be allowed unless and until the party applying for the same or someone for him 61 62 shall give bond, in an amount and with sufficient surety approved by the judge or by his clerk if there 63 is one, or in an amount sufficient to satisfy the judgment of the court in which it was rendered. Either 64 such amount shall include the award of attorney fees, if any. Such bond shall be posted within 30 days 65 from the date of judgment, except for an appeal from the judgment of a general district court on an 66 unlawful detainer pursuant to § 8.01-129. However, no appeal bond shall be required of a plaintiff in a civil case where the defendant has not asserted a counterclaim, the Commonwealth or when an appeal is 67 68 proper to protect the estate of a decedent, an infant, a convict, or an insane person, or the interest of a county, city, town or transportation district created pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 69 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of Title 33.2. No appeal bond shall be required of a defendant with indemnity coverage through a policy of liability insurance sufficient to satisfy the judgment if the defendant's 70 71 72 insurer provides a written irrevocable confirmation of coverage in the amount of the judgment. If defendant's insurer does not provide a written irrevocable confirmation of coverage in the amount of the 73 74 judgment then an appeal bond will be required. In all civil cases, except trespass, ejectment, unlawful 75 detainer against a former owner based upon a foreclosure against that owner, or any [unlawful detainer 76] action involving the recovering rents, no indigent person shall be required to post an appeal bond. In 77 cases of unlawful detainer against a former owner based upon a foreclosure against that owner, a person 78 who has been determined to be indigent pursuant to the guidelines set forth in § 19.2-159 shall post an 79 appeal bond within 30 days from the date of judgment.

80 If such bond is furnished by or on behalf of any party against whom judgment has been rendered for
81 money or property or both, the bond shall be conditioned for the performance and satisfaction of such
82 judgment or order as may be entered against such party on appeal, and for the payment of all costs and
83 damages which may be awarded against him in the appellate court. If the appeal is by a party against
84 whom there is no recovery except for costs, the bond shall be conditioned for the payment of such costs
85 and damages as may be awarded against him on the appeal.

In addition to the foregoing, any party applying for appeal shall, within 30 days from the date of the judgment, pay to the clerk of the court from which the appeal is taken the amount of the writ tax of the court to which the appeal is taken and costs as required by subdivision A 13 of § 17.1-275, including all fees for service of process of the notice of appeal in the circuit court pursuant to § 16.1-112.