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## **SENATE BILL NO. 1280**

Offered January 11, 2017

Prefiled January 10, 2017

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 19.2-354, 46.2-301, 46.2-395, 46.2-416, and 46.2-1200.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to suspension of license for failure or refusal to pay fines or costs.

Patron—Ebbin

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 19.2-354, 46.2-301, 46.2-395, 46.2-416, and 46.2-1200.1 of the Code of Virginia are 11 12 amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 19.2-354. Authority of court to order payment of fine, costs, forfeitures, penalties or 13 14 restitution in installments or upon other terms and conditions; community work in lieu of 15 payment.

16 A. Whenever (i) a defendant, convicted of a traffic infraction or a violation of any criminal law of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof, or found not innocent in the case of a 17 18 juvenile, is sentenced to pay a fine, restitution, forfeiture or penalty and (ii) the defendant is unable to make payment of the fine, restitution, forfeiture, or penalty and costs within 30 days of sentencing, the 19 20 court shall order the defendant to pay such fine, restitution, forfeiture or penalty and any costs which the defendant may be required to pay in deferred payments or installments. The court assessing the fine, 21 restitution, forfeiture, or penalty and costs may authorize the clerk to establish and approve individual 22 23 deferred or installment payment agreements. Any payment agreement authorized under this section shall 24 be consistent with the Rules of Supreme Court of Virginia, including any required minimum payments 25 or other required conditions. The requirements established by the Rules of Supreme Court of Virginia shall be posted in the clerk's office and on the court's website, if a website is available. As a condition 26 27 of every such agreement, a defendant who enters into an installment or deferred payment agreement 28 shall promptly inform the court of any change of mailing address during the term of the agreement. If 29 the defendant is unable to make payment within 30 days of sentencing, the court may assess a one-time 30 fee not to exceed \$10 to cover the costs of management of the defendant's account until such account is paid in full. This one-time fee shall not apply to cases in which costs are assessed pursuant to § 17.1-275.1, 17.1-275.2, 17.1-275.3, 17.1-275.4, 17.1-275.7, 17.1-275.8, or 17.1-275.9. Installment or 31 32 33 deferred payment agreements shall include terms for payment if the defendant participates in a program as provided in subsection B or C. The court, if such sum or sums are not paid in full by the date 34 35 ordered, shall proceed in accordance with § 19.2-358.

36 B. When a person sentenced to the Department of Corrections or a local correctional facility owes 37 any fines, costs, forfeitures, restitution or penalties, he shall be required as a condition of participating in 38 any work release, home/electronic incarceration or nonconsecutive days program as set forth in 39 § 53.1-60, 53.1-131, 53.1-131.1, or 53.1-131.2 to either make full payment or make payments in accordance with his installment or deferred payment agreement while participating in such program. If, 40 41 after the person has an installment or deferred payment agreement, the person fails to pay as ordered, his participation in the program may be terminated until all fines, costs, forfeitures, restitution and 42 penalties are satisfied. The Director of the Department of Corrections and any sheriff or other 43 administrative head of any local correctional facility shall withhold such ordered payments from any 44 amounts due to such person. Distribution of the money collected shall be made in the following order of 45 46 priority to:

47 1. Meet the obligation of any judicial or administrative order to provide support and such funds shall be disbursed according to the terms of such order; 48 49

2. Pay any fines, restitution or costs as ordered by the court;

50 3. Pay travel and other such expenses made necessary by his work release employment or 51 participation in an education or rehabilitative program, including the sums specified in § 53.1-150; and 52

4. Defray the offender's keep.

The balance shall be credited to the offender's account or sent to his family in an amount the 53 54 offender so chooses.

55 The Board of Corrections shall promulgate regulations governing the receipt of wages paid to persons participating in such programs, the withholding of payments and the disbursement of appropriate 56 57 funds.

58 C. The court shall establish a program and may provide an option to any person upon whom a fine 59 and costs have been imposed to discharge all or part of the fine or costs by earning credits for the 60 performance of community service work before or after imprisonment. The program shall specify the rate at which credits are earned and provide for the manner of applying earned credits against the fine 61 62 or costs. The court shall have such other authority as is reasonably necessary for or incidental to 63 carrying out this program.

64 D. When the court has authorized deferred payment or installment payments, the clerk shall give 65 notice to the defendant that upon his failure to pay as ordered he may be fined or imprisoned pursuant 66 to § 19.2-358 and his privilege to operate a motor vehicle will be suspended pursuant to § 46.2-395.

E. The failure of the defendant to enter into a deferred payment or installment payment agreement 67 with the court or the failure of the defendant to make payments as ordered by the agreement shall allow 68 the Tax Commissioner to act in accordance with § 19.2-349 to collect all fines, costs, forfeitures and 69 70 penalties. 71

## § 46.2-301. Driving while license, permit, or privilege to drive suspended or revoked.

A. In addition to any other penalty provided by this section, any motor vehicle administratively 72 73 impounded or immobilized under the provisions of § 46.2-301.1 may, in the discretion of the court, be 74 impounded or immobilized for an additional period of up to 90 days upon conviction of an offender for 75 driving while his driver's license, learner's permit, or privilege to drive a motor vehicle has been suspended or revoked for (i) a violation of § 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, 18.2-272, or 46.2-341.24 76 77 or a substantially similar ordinance or law in any other jurisdiction or (ii) driving after adjudication as 78 an habitual offender, where such adjudication was based in whole or in part on an alcohol-related 79 offense, or where such person's license has been administratively suspended under the provisions of § 46.2-391.2. However, if, at the time of the violation, the offender was driving a motor vehicle owned 80 81 by another person, the court shall have no jurisdiction over such motor vehicle but may order the impoundment or immobilization of a motor vehicle owned solely by the offender at the time of arrest. 82 83 All costs of impoundment or immobilization, including removal or storage expenses, shall be paid by the offender prior to the release of his motor vehicle. 84

85 B. Except as provided in §§ 46.2-304 and 46.2-357, no resident or nonresident (i) whose driver's 86 license, learner's permit, or privilege to drive a motor vehicle has been suspended or revoked or (ii) who 87 has been directed not to drive by any court or by the Commissioner, or (iii) who has been forbidden, as 88 prescribed by operation of any statute of the Commonwealth or a substantially similar ordinance of any 89 county, city or town, to operate a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth shall thereafter drive any motor 90 vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment on any highway in the Commonwealth until the 91 period of such suspension or revocation has terminated or the privilege has been reinstated or a 92 restricted license is issued pursuant to subsection E. A clerk's notice of suspension of license for failure 93 to pay fines or costs given in accordance with pursuant to a court order as provided in § 46.2-395 shall 94 be sufficient notice for the purpose of maintaining a conviction under this section. For the purposes of 95 this section, the phrase "motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment" shall not include 96 mopeds.

97 C. A violation of subsection B is a Class 1 misdemeanor. A third or subsequent offense occurring 98 within a 10-year period shall include a mandatory minimum term of confinement in jail of 10 days. 99 However, the court shall not be required to impose a mandatory minimum term of confinement in any 100 case where a motor vehicle is operated in violation of this section in a situation of apparent extreme 101 emergency which requires such operation to save life or limb.

102 D. Upon a violation of subsection B, the court shall suspend the person's license or privilege to drive 103 a motor vehicle for the same period for which it had been previously suspended or revoked. In the event the person violated subsection B by driving during a period of suspension or revocation which was not 104 105 for a definite period of time, the court shall suspend the person's license, permit or privilege to drive for 106 an additional period not to exceed 90 days, to commence upon the expiration of the previous suspension 107 or revocation or to commence immediately if the previous suspension or revocation has expired.

108 E. Any person who is otherwise eligible for a restricted license may petition each court that suspended his license pursuant to subsection D for authorization for a restricted license, provided that 109 110 the period of time for which the license was suspended by the court pursuant to subsection D, if 111 measured from the date of conviction, has expired, even though the suspension itself has not expired. A 112 court may, for good cause shown, authorize the Department of Motor Vehicles to issue a restricted 113 license for any of the purposes set forth in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1. No restricted license shall be issued unless each court that issued a suspension of the person's license pursuant to subsection D 114 115 authorizes the Department to issue a restricted license. Any restricted license issued pursuant to this subsection shall be in effect until the expiration of any and all suspensions issued pursuant to subsection 116 117 D, except that it shall automatically terminate upon the expiration, cancellation, suspension, or revocation of the person's license or privilege to drive for any other cause. No restricted license issued 118 119 pursuant to this subsection shall permit a person to operate a commercial motor vehicle as defined in the Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). The court shall forward to the Commissioner a 120

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121 copy of its authorization entered pursuant to this subsection, which shall specifically enumerate the 122 restrictions imposed and contain such information regarding the person to whom such a license is issued 123 as is reasonably necessary to identify the person. The court shall also provide a copy of its authorization to the person, who may not operate a motor vehicle until receipt from the Commissioner of a restricted 124 125 license. A copy of the restricted license issued by the Commissioner shall be carried at all times while 126 operating a motor vehicle.

127 F. Any person who operates a motor vehicle or any self-propelled machinery or equipment in 128 violation of the terms of a restricted license issued pursuant to subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 is not guilty 129 of a violation of this section but is guilty of a violation of § 18.2-272.

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§ 46.2-395. Suspension of license for failure or refusal to pay fines or costs.

A. Any person, whether licensed by Virginia or not, who drives a motor vehicle on the highways in 132 the Commonwealth shall thereby, as a condition of such driving, consent to pay all lawful fines, court 133 costs, forfeitures, restitution, and penalties assessed against him for violations of the laws of the 134 Commonwealth; of any county, city, or town; or of the United States. For the purpose of this section, 135 such fines and costs shall be deemed to include any fee assessed by the court under the provisions of 136 § 18.2-271.1 for entry by a person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-51.4 or 18.2-266 into an alcohol 137 safety action program.

138 B. In addition to any penalty provided by law and subject to the limitations on collection under 139 §§ 19.2-340 and 19.2-341, when any person is convicted of any violation of the law of the 140 Commonwealth or of the United States or of any valid local ordinance and fails or refuses to provide 141 for immediate payment in full of any fine, costs, forfeitures, restitution, or penalty within 90 days of 142 being lawfully assessed against him, or fails to make deferred payments or installment payments as 143 ordered by the court, the court shall forthwith suspend the person's privilege to drive a motor vehicle on 144 the highways in the Commonwealth. The driver's license of the person shall continue suspended until the 145 fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution, or penalty has been paid in full. However, if the defendant, after 146 having his license suspended, pays the reinstatement fee to the Department of Motor Vehicles and enters 147 into an agreement under § 19.2-354 that is acceptable to the court to make deferred payments or 148 installment payments of unpaid fines, costs, forfeitures, restitution, or penalties as ordered by the court, 149 the defendant's driver's license shall thereby be restored may, upon its own motion, require such person 150 to show cause why his driver's license shall not be suspended. Upon a finding that the defendant's 151 default was not due to an intentional refusal of the defendant to obey the sentence of the court, nor 152 attributable to a failure on the defendant's part to make a good faith effort to obtain the necessary funds 153 for payment, the court shall not suspend the defendant's driver's license but may enter an order (i) 154 providing additional time for payment, (ii) reducing the amount of each installment, (iii) assigning the 155 person to perform community service in lieu of payment, or (iv) waiving the unpaid portion in whole or 156 in part. Upon a finding that the defendant intentionally refused to obey the sentence of the court or 157 failed to make a good faith effort to obtain the necessary funds for payment, the court may suspend the 158 defendant's driver's license until such time as the defendant pays in full or enters into a payment plan 159 pursuant to § 19.2-354. If the person has not obtained a license as provided in this chapter, or is a 160 nonresident, the court may direct in the judgment of conviction that the person shall not drive any motor 161 vehicle in Virginia for a period to coincide with the nonpayment of the amounts due.

162 C. Before transmitting to the Commissioner a record of the person's failure or refusal to pay all or 163 part of any fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution, or penalty or a failure to comply with an order issued 164 pursuant to § 19.2-354, the clerk of the court that convicted the person shall provide or cause to be sent 165 to the person written notice of the suspension of his license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle in Virginia, effective 30 days from the date of conviction, if the fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution, or 166 167 penalty is not paid prior to the effective date of the suspension as stated on the notice. Notice shall be 168 provided to the person at the time of trial or shall be mailed by first-class mail to the address certified 169 on the summons or bail recognizance document as the person's current mailing address, or to such 170 mailing address as the person has subsequently provided to the court as a change of address. If so 171 mailed on the date of conviction or within five business days thereof, or if delivered to the person at the 172 time of trial, such notice shall be adequate notice of the license suspension and of the person's ability to 173 avoid suspension by paying the fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution, or penalty prior to the effective date. 174 No other notice shall be required to make the suspension effective. A record of the person's failure or 175 refusal and of the license suspension shall be sent to the Commissioner if the fine, costs, forfeiture, 176 restitution, or penalty remains unpaid on the effective date of the suspension specified in the notice or 177 on the failure to make a scheduled payment.

178 C1. Whenever a person provides for payment of a fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution or penalty other 179 than by cash and such provision for payment fails, the clerk of the court that convicted the person shall 180 cause to be sent to the person written notice of the failure and of the suspension of his license or 181 privilege to drive in Virginia. The license suspension shall be effective 10 days from the date of the 182 notice. The notice shall be effective notice of the suspension and of the person's ability to avoid the 183 suspension by paying the full amount owed by cash, cashier's check or certified check prior to the 184 effective date of the suspension if the notice is mailed by first class mail to the address provided by the 185 person to the court pursuant to subsection C or § 19.2-354. Upon such a failure of payment and notice, 186 the fine, costs, forfeiture, restitution or penalty due shall be paid only in cash, cashier's check or 187 certified check, unless otherwise ordered by the court, for good cause shown.

188 D. C. If the person pays the amounts assessed against him subsequent to the time the suspended 189 license has been transmitted to the Department, and his license is not under suspension or revocation for 190 any other lawful reason, except pursuant to this section, then the Commissioner shall return the license 191 to the person on presentation of the official report of the court evidencing the payment of the fine, costs, 192 forfeiture, restitution, or penalty.

E. D. Any person otherwise eligible for a restricted license may petition each court that suspended 193 194 his license pursuant to this section for authorization for a restricted license. A court may, upon written 195 verification of employment and for good cause shown, authorize the Department of Motor Vehicles to 196 issue a restricted license to operate a motor vehicle for any of the purposes set forth in subsection E of 197 18.2-271.1. No restricted license may be issued unless each court which suspended the person's § 198 license pursuant to this section provides authorization for a restricted license. Such restricted license 199 shall not be issued for more than a six-month period. No restricted license issued pursuant to this 200 subsection shall permit a person to operate a commercial motor vehicle as defined in the Commercial 201 Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).

202 The court shall forward to the Commissioner a copy of its authorization entered pursuant to this 203 section, which shall specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such information regarding the person to whom such a license is issued as is reasonably necessary to identify the person. 204 205 The court shall also provide a copy of its authorization to the person, who may not operate a motor 206 vehicle until receipt from the Commissioner of a restricted license. A copy of the restricted license 207 issued by the Commissioner shall be carried at all times while operating a motor vehicle. Any person 208 who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions imposed pursuant to this section shall be 209 punished as provided in subsection C of § 46.2-301. 210

## § 46.2-416. Notice of suspension or revocation of license.

211 A. Whenever it is provided in this title that a driver's license may or shall be suspended or revoked 212 either by the Commissioner or by a court, notice of the suspension or revocation or any certified copy 213 of the decision or order of the Commissioner may be sent by the Department by certified mail to the 214 driver at the most recent address of the driver on file at the Department. If the driver has previously 215 been notified by mail or in person of the suspension or revocation or of an impending suspension for failure to pay fines and costs pursuant to § 46.2-395, whether notice is given by the court or 216 217 law-enforcement officials as provided by law, and the Department has been notified by the court that 218 notice was so given and the fines and costs were not paid within 30 days, no notice of suspension shall 219 be sent by the Department to the driver. If the certificate of the Commissioner or someone designated 220 by him for that purpose shows that the notice or copy has been so sent or provided, it shall be deemed 221 prima facie evidence that the notice or copy has been sent and delivered or otherwise provided to the 222 driver for all purposes involving the application of the provisions of this title. In the discretion of the 223 Commissioner, service may be made as provided in § 8.01-296, which service on the driver shall be 224 made by delivery in writing to the driver in person in accordance with subdivision 1 of § 8.01-296 by a 225 sheriff or deputy sheriff in the county or city in which the address is located, who shall, as directed by 226 the Commissioner, take possession of any suspended or revoked license, registration card, or set of 227 license plates or decals and return them to the office of the Commissioner. No such service shall be 228 made if, prior to service, the driver has complied with the requirement which caused the issuance of the 229 decision or order. In any such case, return shall be made to the Commissioner.

230 B. In lieu of making a direct payment to sheriffs as a fee for delivery of the Department's processes, 231 the Commissioner shall effect a transfer of funds, on a monthly basis, to the Compensation Board to be 232 used to provide additional support to sheriffs' departments. The amount of funds so transferred shall be 233 as provided in the general appropriation act.

234 C. The Department may contract with the United States Postal Service or an authorized agent to use 235 the National Change of Address System for the purpose of obtaining current address information for a 236 person whose name appears in customer records maintained by the Department. If the Department 237 receives information from the National Change of Address System indicating that a person whose name 238 appears in a Department record has submitted a permanent change of address to the Postal Service, the 239 Department may then update its records with the mailing address obtained from the National Change of 240 Address System. 241

## § 46.2-1200.1. Abandoning motor vehicles prohibited; penalty.

242 No person shall cause any motor vehicle to become an abandoned motor vehicle as defined in 243 § 46.2-1200. In any prosecution for a violation of this section, proof that the defendant was, at the time that the vehicle was found abandoned, the owner of the vehicle shall constitute in evidence a rebuttable
presumption that the owner was the person who committed the violation. Such presumption, however,
shall not arise if the owner of the vehicle provided notice to the Department, as provided in § 46.2-604,
that he had sold or otherwise transferred the ownership of the vehicle.

A summons for a violation of this section shall be executed by mailing a copy of the summons by first-class mail to the address of the owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles. If the person fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons, a new summons shall be issued and delivered to the sheriff of the county, city, or town for service on the accused personally. If the person so served then fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons, proceedings for contempt shall be instituted.

Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of no more than
 \$500. If any person fails to pay any such penalty, his privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the highways
 of the Commonwealth shall be suspended as provided in § 46.2-395.

All penalties collected under this section shall be paid into the state treasury to be credited to the Literary Fund as provided in § 46.2-114.