2017 SESSION

ENROLLED

[H 2074]

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-322 and 58.1-402 of the Code of Virginia, relating to income tax 3 subtraction; Virginia venture capital account income.

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Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6

7 1. That §§ 58.1-322 and 58.1-402 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 8 § 58.1-322. Virginia taxable income of residents.

9 A. The Virginia taxable income of a resident individual means his federal adjusted gross income for 10 the taxable year, which excludes combat pay for certain members of the Armed Forces of the United States as provided in § 112 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and with the modifications 11 12 specified in this section.

B. To the extent excluded from federal adjusted gross income, there shall be added:

14 1. Interest, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal income, on 15 obligations of any state other than Virginia, or of a political subdivision of any such other state unless created by compact or agreement to which Virginia is a party; 16

2. Interest or dividends, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal 17 taxable income, on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the 18 19 United States, which the laws of the United States exempt from federal income tax but not from state 20 income taxes; 21

3. Unrelated business taxable income as defined by § 512 of the Internal Revenue Code;

22 4. The amount of a lump sum distribution from a qualified retirement plan, less the minimum 23 distribution allowance and any amount excludable for federal income tax purposes that is excluded from 24 federal adjusted gross income solely by virtue of an individual's election to use the averaging provisions 25 under § 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; 26

5 through 8. [Repealed.]

27 9. The amount required to be included in income for the purpose of computing the partial tax on an 28 accumulation distribution pursuant to § 667 of the Internal Revenue Code;

29 10. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2014, any loss for the taxable year that was 30 deducted as a capital loss for federal income tax purposes by an account holder attributable to such 31 person's first-time home buyer savings account established pursuant to Chapter 32 (§ 55-555 et seq.) of 32 Title 55. For purposes of this subdivision, "account holder" and "first-time home buyer savings account" 33 mean the same as those terms are defined in § 55-555; and

34 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, to the extent that tax credit is allowed 35 for the same donation pursuant to § 58.1-439.12:12, any amount claimed as a federal income tax deduction for such donation under § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended or renumbered. 36 37

C. To the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, there shall be subtracted:

38 1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States 39 and on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to 40 the extent exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States including, but not limited 41 to, stocks, bonds, treasury bills, and treasury notes, but not including interest on refunds of federal taxes, 42 interest on equipment purchase contracts, or interest on other normal business transactions.

43 2. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations of this Commonwealth 44 or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of the Commonwealth.

3. [Repealed.] 45

46 4. Benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits subject to federal income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code. 47

4a. Through December 31, 2000, the same amount used in computing the federal credit allowed 48 49 under § 22 of the Internal Revenue Code by a retiree under age 65 who qualified for such retirement on 50 the basis of permanent and total disability and who is a qualified individual as defined in § 22(b)(2) of 51 the Internal Revenue Code; however, any person who claims a deduction under subdivision D 5 may not also claim a subtraction under this subdivision. 52

53 4b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, up to \$20,000 of disability income, as 54 defined in § 22(c)(2)(B)(iii) of the Internal Revenue Code; however, any person who claims a deduction 55 under subdivision D 5 may not also claim a subtraction under this subdivision.

56 5. The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by the

57 Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction.

58 6. The amount of wages or salaries eligible for the federal Targeted Jobs Credit which was not 59 deducted for federal purposes on account of the provisions of § 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

60 7, 8. [Repealed.]

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9. [Expired.] 62

10. Any amount included therein less than \$600 from a prize awarded by the Virginia Lottery.

63 11. The wages or salaries received by any person for active and inactive service in the National 64 Guard of the Commonwealth of Virginia, not to exceed the amount of income derived from 39 calendar 65 days of such service or \$3,000, whichever amount is less; however, only those persons in the ranks of 66 O3 and below shall be entitled to the deductions specified herein.

12. Amounts received by an individual, not to exceed \$1,000 in any taxable year, as a reward for 67 information provided to a law-enforcement official or agency, or to a nonprofit corporation created 68 exclusively to assist such law-enforcement official or agency, in the apprehension and conviction of 69 70 perpetrators of crimes. This provision shall not apply to the following: an individual who is an employee 71 of, or under contract with, a law-enforcement agency, a victim or the perpetrator of the crime for which 72 the reward was paid, or any person who is compensated for the investigation of crimes or accidents.

13. [Repealed.]

14. [Expired.]

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15, 16. [Repealed.]

76 17. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1995, the amount of "qualified research 77 expenses" or "basic research expenses" eligible for deduction for federal purposes, but which were not 78 deducted, on account of the provisions of § 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and which shall be 79 available to partners, shareholders of S corporations, and members of limited liability companies to the 80 extent and in the same manner as other deductions may pass through to such partners, shareholders, and 81 members.

18. [Repealed.]

83 19. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1996, any income received during the taxable 84 year derived from a qualified pension, profit-sharing, or stock bonus plan as described by § 401 of the 85 Internal Revenue Code, an individual retirement account or annuity established under § 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, a deferred compensation plan as defined by § 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, 86 87 or any federal government retirement program, the contributions to which were deductible from the 88 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, but only to the extent the contributions to such plan or 89 program were subject to taxation under the income tax in another state.

90 20. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1997, any income attributable to a 91 distribution of benefits or a refund from a prepaid tuition contract or savings trust account with the 92 Virginia College Savings Plan, created pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1. The 93 subtraction for any income attributable to a refund shall be limited to income attributable to a refund in 94 the event of a beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a scholarship.

21. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all military pay and allowances, to the 95 96 extent included in federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise subtracted, deducted or exempted 97 under this section, earned by military personnel while serving by order of the President of the United 98 States with the consent of Congress in a combat zone or qualified hazardous duty area which is treated 99 as a combat zone for federal tax purposes pursuant to § 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.

22. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, but before January 1, 2015, the gain 100 derived from the sale or exchange of real property or the sale or exchange of an easement to real 101 102 property which results in the real property or the easement thereto being devoted to open-space use, as that term is defined in § 58.1-3230, for a period of time not less than 30 years. To the extent a 103 104 subtraction is taken in accordance with this subdivision, no tax credit under this chapter for donating 105 land for its preservation shall be allowed for three years following the year in which the subtraction is 106 taken.

107 23. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, \$15,000 of military basic 108 pay for military service personnel on extended active duty for periods in excess of 90 days; however, the subtraction amount shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount which the taxpayer's military 109 110 basic pay exceeds \$15,000 and shall be reduced to zero if such military basic pay amount is equal to or exceeds \$30,000. 111

112 24. Effective for all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, the first \$15,000 of salary 113 for each federal and state employee whose total annual salary from all employment for the taxable year 114 is \$15,000 or less. 115

25. Unemployment benefits taxable pursuant to § 85 of the Internal Revenue Code.

26. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, any amount received as military 116 retirement income by an individual awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor. 117

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118 27. Effective for all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1999, income received as a 119 result of (i) the "Master Settlement Agreement," as defined in § 3.2-3100; and (ii) the National Tobacco 120 Grower Settlement Trust dated July 19, 1999, by (a) tobacco farmers; (b) any person holding a tobacco marketing quota, or tobacco farm acreage allotment, under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938; or 121 122 (c) any person having the right to grow tobacco pursuant to such a quota or allotment, but only to the 123 extent that such income has not been subtracted pursuant to subdivision C 18 of § 58.1-402.

124 28. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, items of income attributable to, 125 derived from or in any way related to (i) assets stolen from, hidden from or otherwise lost by an 126 individual who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution or (ii) damages, reparations, or other 127 consideration received by a victim or target of Nazi persecution to compensate such individual for 128 performing labor against his will under the threat of death, during World War II and its prelude and 129 direct aftermath. This subtraction shall not apply to assets acquired with such items of income or with 130 the proceeds from the sale of assets stolen from, hidden from or otherwise lost to, during World War II 131 and its prelude and direct aftermath, a victim or target of Nazi persecution. The provisions of this 132 subdivision shall only apply to an individual who was the first recipient of such items of income and 133 who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution, or a spouse, widow, widower, or child or stepchild of 134 such victim.

135 "Victim or target of Nazi persecution" means any individual persecuted or targeted for persecution by 136 the Nazi regime who had assets stolen from, hidden from or otherwise lost as a result of any act or 137 omission in any way relating to (i) the Holocaust; (ii) World War II and its prelude and direct 138 aftermath; (iii) transactions with or actions of the Nazi regime; (iv) treatment of refugees fleeing Nazi 139 persecution; or (v) the holding of such assets by entities or persons in the Swiss Confederation during 140 World War II and its prelude and aftermath. A victim or target of Nazi persecution shall also include 141 any individual forced into labor against his will, under the threat of death, during World War II and its prelude and direct aftermath. As used in this subdivision, "Nazi regime" means the country of Nazi 142 143 Germany, areas occupied by Nazi Germany, those European countries allied with Nazi Germany, or any 144 other neutral European country or area in Europe under the influence or threat of Nazi invasion. 145

29, 30. [Repealed.]

146 31. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, the military death gratuity 147 payment made after September 11, 2001, to the survivor of deceased military personnel killed in the line 148 of duty, pursuant to Chapter 75 of Title 10 of the United States Code; however, the subtraction amount 149 shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount that the survivor may exclude from his federal gross 150 income in accordance with § 134 of the Internal Revenue Code.

151 32. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the death benefit payments 152 from an annuity contract that are received by a beneficiary of such contract provided that (i) the death 153 benefit payment is made pursuant to an annuity contract with an insurance company and (ii) the death 154 benefit payment is paid solely by lump sum. The subtraction under this subdivision shall be allowed 155 only for that portion of the death benefit payment that is included in federal adjusted gross income.

156 33. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized from the sale of 157 launch services to space flight participants, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, or launch services intended 158 to provide individuals the training or experience of a launch, without performing an actual launch. To 159 qualify for a deduction under this subdivision, launch services must be performed in Virginia or 160 originate from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

161 34. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized as a result of 162 resupply services contracts for delivering payload, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, entered into with the Commercial Orbital Transportation Services division of the National Aeronautics and Space 163 164 Administration or other space flight entity, as defined in § 8.01-227.8, and launched from an airport or 165 spaceport in Virginia.

166 35. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, any income taxed as a long-term capital 167 gain for federal income tax purposes, or any income taxed as investment services partnership interest 168 income (otherwise known as investment partnership carried interest income) for federal income tax purposes. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, such income shall be attributable to an 169 investment in a "qualified business," as defined in § 58.1-339.4, or in any other technology business 170 171 approved by the Secretary of Technology, provided the business has its principal office or facility in the 172 Commonwealth and less than \$3 million in annual revenues in the fiscal year prior to the investment. To 173 qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made between the dates of April 174 1, 2010, and June 30, 2020. No taxpayer who has claimed a tax credit for an investment in a "gualified business" under § 58.1-339.4 shall be eligible for the subtraction under this subdivision for an 175 176 investment in the same business.

177 36. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2014, any income of an account holder for 178 the taxable year taxed as (i) a capital gain for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's

179 first-time home buyer savings account established pursuant to Chapter 32 (§ 55-555 et seq.) of Title 55 180 and (ii) interest income or other income for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's 181 first-time home buyer savings account.

182 Notwithstanding the statute of limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any subtraction 183 taken under this subdivision shall be subject to recapture in the taxable year or years in which moneys 184 or funds withdrawn from the first-time home buyer savings account were used for any purpose other than the payment of eligible costs by or on behalf of a qualified beneficiary, as provided under 185 § 55-558. The amount subject to recapture shall be a portion of the amount withdrawn in the taxable 186 year that was used for other than the payment of eligible costs, computed by multiplying the amount 187 188 withdrawn and used for other than the payment of eligible costs by the ratio of the aggregate earnings in 189 the account at the time of the withdrawal to the total balance in the account at such time.

190 However, recapture shall not apply to the extent of moneys or funds withdrawn that were (i) 191 withdrawn by reason of the qualified beneficiary's death or disability, (ii) a disbursement of assets of the 192 account pursuant to a filing for protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101 193 through 1330, or (iii) transferred from an account established pursuant to Chapter 32 (§ 55-555 et seq.) 194 of Title 55 into another account established pursuant to such chapter for the benefit of another qualified 195 beneficiary.

196 For purposes of this subdivision, "account holder," "eligible costs," "first-time home buyer savings 197 account," and "qualified beneficiary" mean the same as those terms are defined in § 55-555.

198 37. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, any income for the taxable year 199 attributable to the discharge of a student loan solely by reason of the student's death. For purposes of 200 this subdivision, "student loan" means the same as that term is defined under § 108(f) of the Internal 201 Revenue Code.

202 38. a. Income, including investment services partnership interest income (otherwise known as 203 investment partnership carried interest income), attributable to an investment in a Virginia venture 204 capital account. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or after January 1, 2018, but before December 31, 2023. No subtraction shall be allowed under this 205 206 subdivision for an investment in a company that is owned or operated by a family member or an 207 affiliate of the taxpayer. No subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for a taxpayer who has 208 claimed a subtraction under subdivision 35 or a tax credit under § 58.1-339.4 for the same investment. 209

b. As used in this subdivision 38:

210 "Qualified portfolio company" means a company that (i) has its principal place of business in the 211 Commonwealth; (ii) has a primary purpose of production, sale, research, or development of a product 212 or service other than the management or investment of capital; and (iii) provides equity in the company 213 to the Virginia venture capital account in exchange for a capital investment. "Qualified portfolio 214 company" does not include a company that is an individual or sole proprietorship.

"Virginia venture capital account" means an investment fund that has been certified by the 215 216 Department as a Virginia venture capital account. In order to be certified as a Virginia venture capital account, the operator of the investment fund shall register the investment fund with the Department 217 218 prior to December 31, 2023, (i) indicating that it intends to invest at least 50 percent of the capital 219 committed to its fund in qualified portfolio companies and (ii) providing documentation that it employs 220 at least one investor who has at least four years of professional experience in venture capital investment 221 or substantially equivalent experience. "Substantially equivalent experience" includes, but is not limited 222 to, an undergraduate degree from an accredited college or university in economics, finance, or a similar 223 field of study. The Department may require an investment fund to provide documentation of the 224 investor's training, education, or experience as deemed necessary by the Department to determine 225 substantial equivalency. If the Department determines that the investment fund employs at least one 226 investor with the experience set forth herein, the Department shall certify the investment fund as a 227 Virginia venture capital account at such time as the investment fund actually invests at least 50 percent 228 of the capital committed to its fund in qualified portfolio companies.

229 D. In computing Virginia taxable income there shall be deducted from Virginia adjusted gross 230 income as defined in § 58.1-321:

231 1. a. The amount allowable for itemized deductions for federal income tax purposes where the 232 taxpayer has elected for the taxable year to itemize deductions on his federal return, but reduced by the 233 amount of income taxes imposed by the Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction and deducted 234 on such federal return and increased by an amount which, when added to the amount deducted under 235 § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code for mileage, results in a mileage deduction at the state level for 236 such purposes at a rate of 18 cents per mile; or

237 b. Three thousand dollars for single individuals and \$6,000 for married persons (one-half of such amounts in the case of a married individual filing a separate return) for taxable years beginning on and 238 239 after January 1, 2005; provided that the taxpayer has not itemized deductions for the taxable year on his

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federal income tax return. For purposes of this section, any person who may be claimed as a dependenton another taxpayer's return for the taxable year may compute the deduction only with respect to earnedincome.

243 2. a. A deduction in the amount of \$900 for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2005,
but before January 1, 2008; and \$930 for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2008, for each
245 personal exemption allowable to the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes.

b. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1987, each blind or aged taxpayer as defined
under § 63(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be entitled to an additional personal exemption in the
amount of \$800.

249 The additional deduction for blind or aged taxpayers allowed under this subdivision shall be
250 allowable regardless of whether the taxpayer itemizes deductions for the taxable year for federal income
251 tax purposes.

3. A deduction equal to the amount of employment-related expenses upon which the federal credit is
based under § 21 of the Internal Revenue Code for expenses for household and dependent care services
necessary for gainful employment.

4. An additional \$1,000 deduction for each child residing for the entire taxable year in a home under
permanent foster care placement as defined in § 63.2-908, provided the taxpayer can also claim the child
as a personal exemption under § 151 of the Internal Revenue Code.

5. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, a deduction in the amount of \$12,000
for individuals born on or before January 1, 1939.

b. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, a deduction in the amount of \$12,000
for individuals born after January 1, 1939, who have attained the age of 65. This deduction shall be
reduced by \$1 for every \$1 that the taxpayer's adjusted federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000
for single taxpayers or \$75,000 for married taxpayers. For married taxpayers filing separately, the
deduction will be reduced by \$1 for every \$1 the total combined adjusted federal adjusted gross income
of both spouses exceeds \$75,000.

For the purposes of this subdivision, "adjusted federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted
gross income minus any benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits
subject to federal income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

6. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1997, the amount an individual pays as a fee
for an initial screening to become a possible bone marrow donor, if (i) the individual is not reimbursed
for such fee or (ii) the individual has not claimed a deduction for the payment of such fee on his federal
income tax return.

273 7. a. A deduction shall be allowed to the purchaser or contributor for the amount paid or contributed 274 during the taxable year for a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account entered into with 275 the Virginia College Savings Plan, pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1. Except as 276 provided in subdivision 7 c, the amount deducted on any individual income tax return in any taxable 277 year shall be limited to \$4,000 per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account. No 278 deduction shall be allowed pursuant to this section if such payments or contributions are deducted on the 279 purchaser's or contributor's federal income tax return. If the purchase price or annual contribution to a 280 college savings trust account exceeds \$4,000, the remainder may be carried forward and subtracted in 281 future taxable years until the purchase price or college savings trust contribution has been fully 282 deducted; however, except as provided in subdivision 7 c, in no event shall the amount deducted in any 283 taxable year exceed \$4,000 per contract or college savings trust account. Notwithstanding the statute of 284 limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any deduction taken hereunder shall be subject to 285 recapture in the taxable year or years in which distributions or refunds are made for any reason other 286 than (i) to pay qualified higher education expenses, as defined in § 529 of the Internal Revenue Code or 287 (ii) the beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a scholarship. For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "purchaser" or "contributor" means the person shown as such on the records of the Virginia 288 289 College Savings Plan as of December 31 of the taxable year. In the case of a transfer of ownership of a 290 prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account, the transferee shall succeed to the transferor's 291 tax attributes associated with a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account, including, but 292 not limited to, carryover and recapture of deductions.

b. The amount paid for a prepaid tuition contract during taxable years beginning on or after January
1, 1996, but before January 1, 1998, shall be deducted in taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
1998, and shall be subject to the limitations set out in subdivision 7 a.

c. A purchaser of a prepaid tuition contract or contributor to a college savings trust account who has
attained age 70 shall not be subject to the limitation that the amount of the deduction not exceed \$4,000
per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account in any taxable year. Such taxpayer shall be
allowed a deduction for the full amount paid for the contract or contributed to a college savings trust
account, less any amounts previously deducted.

8. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, the total amount an individual actually
contributed in funds to the Virginia Public School Construction Grants Program and Fund, established in
Chapter 11.1 (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1, provided the individual has not claimed a deduction for
such amount on his federal income tax return.

9. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1999, an amount equal to 20 percent of the tuition costs incurred by an individual employed as a primary or secondary school teacher licensed pursuant to Chapter 15 (§ 22.1-289.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1 to attend continuing teacher education courses that are required as a condition of employment; however, the deduction provided by this subsection shall be available only if (i) the individual is not reimbursed for such tuition costs and (ii) the individual has not claimed a deduction for the payment of such tuition costs on his federal income tax return.

10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, the amount an individual pays annually
in premiums for long-term health care insurance, provided the individual has not claimed a deduction for
federal income tax purposes, or, for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2014, a credit under
§ 58.1-339.11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, no such deduction for long-term
health care insurance premiums paid by the individual during the taxable year shall be allowed if the
individual has claimed a federal income tax deduction for such taxable year for long-term health care

318 11. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2006, contract payments to a producer of quota tobacco or a tobacco quota holder, or their spouses, as provided under the American Jobs Creation
320 Act of 2004 (P.L. 108-357), but only to the extent that such payments have not been subtracted pursuant to subsection D of § 58.1-402, as follows:

a. If the payment is received in installment payments, then the recognized gain, including any gain
 recognized in taxable year 2005, may be subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year
 in which the installment payment is received.

b. If the payment is received in a single payment, then 10 percent of the recognized gain may be
subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year in which the single payment is received.
The taxpayer may then deduct an equal amount in each of the nine succeeding taxable years.

12. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2007, an amount equal to 20 percent of the 328 329 sum paid by an individual pursuant to Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), not to exceed \$500 in each taxable 330 year, in purchasing for his own use the following items of tangible personal property: (i) any clothes 331 washers, room air conditioners, dishwashers, and standard size refrigerators that meet or exceed the 332 applicable energy star efficiency requirements developed by the United States Environmental Protection 333 Agency and the United States Department of Energy; (ii) any fuel cell that (a) generates electricity using 334 an electrochemical process, (b) has an electricity-only generation efficiency greater than 35 percent, and 335 (c) has a generating capacity of at least two kilowatts; (iii) any gas heat pump that has a coefficient of 336 performance of at least 1.25 for heating and at least 0.70 for cooling; (iv) any electric heat pump hot water heater that yields an energy factor of at least 1.7; (v) any electric heat pump that has a heating 337 338 system performance factor of at least 8.0 and a cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.0; 339 (vi) any central air conditioner that has a cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.5; (vii) 340 any advanced gas or oil water heater that has an energy factor of at least 0.65; (viii) any advanced 341 oil-fired boiler with a minimum annual fuel-utilization rating of 85; (ix) any advanced oil-fired furnace 342 with a minimum annual fuel-utilization rating of 85; and (x) programmable thermostats.

13. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the lesser of \$5,000 or the amount
actually paid by a living donor of an organ or other living tissue for unreimbursed out-of-pocket
expenses directly related to the donation that arose within 12 months of such donation, provided the
donor has not taken a medical deduction in accordance with the provisions of § 213 of the Internal
Revenue Code for such expenses. The deduction may be taken in the taxable year in which the donation
is made or the taxable year in which the 12-month period expires.

349 14. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, the amount an individual age 66 or older with earned income of at least \$20,000 for the year and federal adjusted gross income not in 350 excess of \$30,000 for the year pays annually in premiums for (i) a prepaid funeral insurance policy 351 352 covering the individual or (ii) medical or dental insurance for any person for whom individual tax filers 353 may claim a deduction for such premiums under federal income tax laws. "Earned income" means the 354 same as that term is defined in § 32(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or renumbered. The deduction shall not be allowed for any portion of such premiums paid for which the 355 individual has (a) been reimbursed, (b) claimed a deduction for federal income tax purposes, (c) claimed 356 357 a deduction or subtraction under another provision of this section, or (d) claimed a federal income tax 358 credit or any income tax credit pursuant to this chapter.

E. There shall be added to or subtracted from federal adjusted gross income, as the case may be, the individual's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of the Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined under § 58.1-361.

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362 F. There shall be added or subtracted, as the case may be, the amounts provided in § 58.1-315 as 363 transitional modifications.

364 G. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, there shall be (i) subtracted from federal adjusted gross income by a 365 366 shareholder of an electing small business corporation (S corporation) that is subject to the bank franchise 367 tax imposed under Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) for the calendar year in which such taxable year 368 begins, the shareholder's allocable share of the income or gain of such electing small business 369 corporation (S corporation), and (ii) added back to federal adjusted gross income such that, federal 370 adjusted gross income shall be increased, by a shareholder of an electing small business corporation (S 371 corporation) that is subject to the bank franchise tax imposed under Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) for 372 the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, the shareholder's allocable share of the losses or 373 deductions of such electing small business corporation (S corporation).

374 Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, to the extent excluded from 375 federal adjusted gross income, there shall be added to federal adjusted gross income by a shareholder of 376 an electing small business corporation (S corporation) that is subject to the bank franchise tax imposed 377 under Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) for the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, the 378 value of any distribution paid or distributed to the shareholder by such electing small business 379 corporation (S corporation).

380 H. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the income from any disposition of real property 381 which is held by the taxpayer for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or 382 business, as defined in § 453(1)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, of property made on or after 383 January 1, 2009, may, at the election of the taxpayer, be recognized under the installment method 384 described under § 453 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that (i) the election relating to the dealer 385 disposition of the property has been made on or before the due date prescribed by law (including 386 extensions) for filing the taxpayer's return of the tax imposed under this chapter for the taxable year in which the disposition occurs, and (ii) the dealer disposition is in accordance with restrictions or 387 388 conditions established by the Department, which shall be set forth in guidelines developed by the 389 Department. Along with such restrictions or conditions, the guidelines shall also address the recapture of 390 such income under certain circumstances. The development of the guidelines shall be exempt from the 391 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

§ 58.1-402. Virginia taxable income.

393 A. For purposes of this article, Virginia taxable income for a taxable year means the federal taxable 394 income and any other income taxable to the corporation under federal law for such year of a corporation 395 adjusted as provided in subsections B, C, D, and E.

396 For a regulated investment company and a real estate investment trust, such term means the "investment company taxable income" and "real estate investment trust taxable income," respectively, to 397 398 which shall be added in each case any amount of capital gains and any other income taxable to the 399 corporation under federal law which shall be further adjusted as provided in subsections B, C, D, and E. 400 B. There shall be added to the extent excluded from federal taxable income:

401 1. Interest, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal taxable income, on 402 obligations of any state other than Virginia, or of a political subdivision of any such other state unless 403 created by compact or agreement to which the Commonwealth is a party;

404 2. Interest or dividends, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal 405 taxable income, on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the 406 United States, which the laws of the United States exempt from federal income tax but not from state 407 income taxes; 408

3. [Repealed.]

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409 4. The amount of any net income taxes and other taxes, including franchise and excise taxes, which 410 are based on, measured by, or computed with reference to net income, imposed by the Commonwealth 411 or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent deducted in determining federal taxable income;

5. Unrelated business taxable income as defined by § 512 of the Internal Revenue Code;

6. [Repealed.]

414 7. The amount required to be included in income for the purpose of computing the partial tax on an 415 accumulation distribution pursuant to § 667 of the Internal Revenue Code;

8. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, the amount of any intangible 416 417 expenses and costs directly or indirectly paid, accrued, or incurred to, or in connection directly or 418 indirectly with one or more direct or indirect transactions with one or more related members to the 419 extent such expenses and costs were deductible or deducted in computing federal taxable income for 420 Virginia purposes. This addition shall not be required for any portion of the intangible expenses and 421 costs if one of the following applies:

422 (1) The corresponding item of income received by the related member is subject to a tax based on or

423 measured by net income or capital imposed by Virginia, another state, or a foreign government that has424 entered into a comprehensive tax treaty with the United States government;

(2) The related member derives at least one-third of its gross revenues from the licensing of intangible property to parties who are not related members, and the transaction giving rise to the expenses and costs between the corporation and the related member was made at rates and terms comparable to the rates and terms of agreements that the related member has entered into with parties who are not related members for the licensing of intangible property; or

(3) The corporation can establish to the satisfaction of the Tax Commissioner that the intangible
expenses and costs meet both of the following: (i) the related member during the same taxable year
directly or indirectly paid, accrued or incurred such portion to a person who is not a related member,
and (ii) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expenses and costs between the corporation and the
related member did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of any portion of the tax due under
this chapter.

436 b. A corporation required to add to its federal taxable income intangible expenses and costs pursuant to subdivision a may petition the Tax Commissioner, after filing the related income tax return for the 437 438 taxable year and remitting to the Tax Commissioner all taxes, penalties, and interest due under this 439 article for such taxable year including tax upon any amount of intangible expenses and costs required to 440 be added to federal taxable income pursuant to subdivision a, to consider evidence relating to the 441 transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member or members that resulted in the 442 corporation's taxable income being increased, as required under subdivision a, for such intangible 443 expenses and costs.

444 If the corporation can demonstrate to the Tax Commissioner's sole satisfaction, by clear and 445 convincing evidence, that the transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member or members resulting in such increase in taxable income pursuant to subdivision a had a valid business 446 447 purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of the tax due under this chapter, the Tax Commissioner 448 shall permit the corporation to file an amended return. For purposes of such amended return, the requirements of subdivision a shall not apply to any transaction for which the Tax Commissioner is 449 450 satisfied (and has identified) that the transaction had a valid business purpose other than the avoidance 451 or reduction of the tax due under this chapter. Such amended return shall be filed by the corporation 452 within one year of the written permission granted by the Tax Commissioner and any refund of the tax 453 imposed under this article shall include interest at a rate equal to the rate of interest established under § 58.1-15 and such interest shall accrue as provided under § 58.1-1833. However, upon the filing of 454 455 such amended return, any related member of the corporation that subtracted from taxable income 456 amounts received pursuant to subdivision C 21 shall be subject to the tax imposed under this article on 457 that portion of such amounts for which the corporation has filed an amended return pursuant to this 458 subdivision. In addition, for such transactions identified by the Tax Commissioner herein by which he 459 has been satisfied by clear and convincing evidence, the Tax Commissioner may permit the corporation 460 in filing income tax returns for subsequent taxable years to deduct the related intangible expenses and 461 costs without making the adjustment under subdivision a.

462 The Tax Commissioner may charge a fee for all direct and indirect costs relating to the review of
463 any petition pursuant to this subdivision, to include costs necessary to secure outside experts in
464 evaluating the petition. The Tax Commissioner may condition the review of any petition pursuant to this
465 subdivision upon payment of such fee.

466 No suit for the purpose of contesting any action of the Tax Commissioner under this subdivision467 shall be maintained in any court of this Commonwealth.

468 c. Nothing in subdivision B 8 shall be construed to limit or negate the Department's authority under
469 § 58.1-446;

9. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, the amount of any interest expenses
and costs directly or indirectly paid, accrued, or incurred to, or in connection directly or indirectly with
one or more direct or indirect transactions with one or more related members to the extent such
expenses and costs were deductible or deducted in computing federal taxable income for Virginia
purposes. This addition shall not be required for any portion of the interest expenses and costs, if:

475 (1) The related member has substantial business operations relating to interest-generating activities, in
476 which the related member pays expenses for at least five full-time employees who maintain, manage,
477 defend or are otherwise responsible for operations or administration relating to the interest-generating
478 activities; and

479 (2) The interest expenses and costs are not directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with
480 the direct or indirect acquisition, maintenance, management, sale, exchange, or disposition of intangible
481 property; and

(3) The transaction giving rise to the expenses and costs between the corporation and the relatedmember has a valid business purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation and payments

484 between the parties are made at arm's length rates and terms; and 485

(4) One of the following applies:

486 (i) The corresponding item of income received by the related member is subject to a tax based on or 487 measured by net income or capital imposed by Virginia, another state, or a foreign government that has 488 entered into a comprehensive tax treaty with the United States government;

489 (ii) Payments arise pursuant to a pre-existing contract entered into when the parties were not related 490 members provided the payments continue to be made at arm's length rates and terms;

491 (iii) The related member engages in transactions with parties other than related members that 492 generate revenue in excess of \$2 million annually; or

(iv) The transaction giving rise to the interest payments between the corporation and a related 493 494 member was done at arm's length rates and terms and meets any of the following: (a) the related 495 member uses funds that are borrowed from a party other than a related member or that are paid, 496 incurred or passed-through to a person who is not a related member; (b) the debt is part of a regular and 497 systematic funds management or portfolio investment activity conducted by the related member, whereby 498 the funds of two or more related members are aggregated for the purpose of achieving economies of 499 scale, the internal financing of the active business operations of members, or the benefit of centralized 500 management of funds; (c) financing the expansion of the business operations; or (d) restructuring the 501 debt of related members, or the pass-through of acquisition-related indebtedness to related members.

502 b. A corporation required to add to its federal taxable income interest expenses and costs pursuant to 503 subdivision a may petition the Tax Commissioner, after filing the related income tax return for the 504 taxable year and remitting to the Tax Commissioner all taxes, penalties, and interest due under this 505 article for such taxable year including tax upon any amount of interest expenses and costs required to be 506 added to federal taxable income pursuant to subdivision a, to consider evidence relating to the 507 transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member or members that resulted in the 508 corporation's taxable income being increased, as required under subdivision a, for such interest expenses 509 and costs.

510 If the corporation can demonstrate to the Tax Commissioner's sole satisfaction, by clear and 511 convincing evidence, that the transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member 512 or members resulting in such increase in taxable income pursuant to subdivision a had a valid business 513 purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of the tax due under this chapter and that the related 514 payments between the parties were made at arm's length rates and terms, the Tax Commissioner shall 515 permit the corporation to file an amended return. For purposes of such amended return, the requirements 516 of subdivision a shall not apply to any transaction for which the Tax Commissioner is satisfied (and has 517 identified) that the transaction had a valid business purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of the 518 tax due under this chapter and that the related payments between the parties were made at arm's length 519 rates and terms. Such amended return shall be filed by the corporation within one year of the written 520 permission granted by the Tax Commissioner and any refund of the tax imposed under this article shall 521 include interest at a rate equal to the rate of interest established under § 58.1-15 and such interest shall 522 accrue as provided under § 58.1-1833. However, upon the filing of such amended return, any related 523 member of the corporation that subtracted from taxable income amounts received pursuant to subdivision 524 C 21 shall be subject to the tax imposed under this article on that portion of such amounts for which the 525 corporation has filed an amended return pursuant to this subdivision. In addition, for such transactions 526 identified by the Tax Commissioner herein by which he has been satisfied by clear and convincing 527 evidence, the Tax Commissioner may permit the corporation in filing income tax returns for subsequent 528 taxable years to deduct the related interest expenses and costs without making the adjustment under 529 subdivision a.

530 The Tax Commissioner may charge a fee for all direct and indirect costs relating to the review of 531 any petition pursuant to this subdivision, to include costs necessary to secure outside experts in 532 evaluating the petition. The Tax Commissioner may condition the review of any petition pursuant to this 533 subdivision upon payment of such fee.

534 No suit for the purpose of contesting any action of the Tax Commissioner under this subdivision 535 shall be maintained in any court of this Commonwealth.

536 c. Nothing in subdivision B 9 shall be construed to limit or negate the Department's authority under 537 § 58.1-446. 538

d. For purposes of subdivision B 9:

539 "Arm's-length rates and terms" means that (i) two or more related members enter into a written 540 agreement for the transaction, (ii) such agreement is of a duration and contains payment terms substantially similar to those that the related member would be able to obtain from an unrelated entity, 541 542 (iii) the interest is at or below the applicable federal rate compounded annually for debt instruments 543 under § 1274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code that was in effect at the time of the agreement, and (iv) the borrower or payor adheres to the payment terms of the agreement governing the transaction or any 544

545 amendments thereto.

546 "Valid business purpose" means one or more business purposes that alone or in combination constitute the motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction 548 improves, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer, as further defined by regulation.

549 10. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, the amount of dividends deductible 550 under §§ 561 and 857 of the Internal Revenue Code by a Captive Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT). 551 For purposes of this subdivision, a REIT is a Captive REIT if:

(1) It is not regularly traded on an established securities market;

552 553 (2) More than 50 percent of the voting power or value of beneficial interests or shares of which, at any time during the last half of the taxable year, is owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by a 554 555 single entity that is (i) a corporation or an association taxable as a corporation under the Internal 556 Revenue Code; and (ii) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to § 501(a) of the Internal 557 Revenue Code; and

(3) More than 25 percent of its income consists of rents from real property as defined in § 856(d) of 558 559 the Internal Revenue Code.

560 b. For purposes of applying the ownership test of subdivision 10 a (2), the following entities shall not be considered a corporation or an association taxable as a corporation: 561

562 (1) Any REIT that is not treated as a Captive REIT;

563 (2) Any REIT subsidiary under § 856 of the Internal Revenue Code other than a qualified REIT 564 subsidiary of a Captive REIT;

565 (3) Any Listed Australian Property Trust, or an entity organized as a trust, provided that a Listed 566 Australian Property Trust owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 75 percent or more of the voting or 567 value of the beneficial interests or shares of such trust; and

568 (4) Any Oualified Foreign Entity.

c. For purposes of subdivision B 10, the constructive ownership rules prescribed under § 318(a) of 569 the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by § 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in 570 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any person. 571 572

d. For purposes of subdivision B 10:

573 "Listed Australian Property Trust" means an Australian unit trust registered as a Management 574 Investment Scheme, pursuant to the Australian Corporations Act, in which the principal class of units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in Australia and is regularly traded on an established securities 575 576 market.

"Qualified Foreign Entity" means a corporation, trust, association or partnership organized outside the 577 578 laws of the United States and that satisfies all of the following criteria:

579 (1) At least 75 percent of the entity's total asset value at the close of its taxable year is represented by real estate assets, as defined in § 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, thereby including shares 580 or certificates of beneficial interest in any REIT, cash and cash equivalents, and U.S. Government 581 582 securities;

583 (2) The entity is not subject to a tax on amounts distributed to its beneficial owners, or is exempt 584 from entity level tax;

(3) The entity distributes, on an annual basis, at least 85 percent of its taxable income, as computed 585 586 in the jurisdiction in which it is organized, to the holders of its shares or certificates of beneficial 587 interest;

588 (4) The shares or certificates of beneficial interest of such entity are regularly traded on an 589 established securities market or, if not so traded, not more than 10 percent of the voting power or value 590 in such entity is held directly, indirectly, or constructively by a single entity or individual; and 591

(5) The entity is organized in a country that has a tax treaty with the United States.

592 e. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, for purposes of subdivision B 10, any voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares in a REIT that is held in a segregated asset 593 594 account of a life insurance corporation as described in § 817 of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be 595 taken into consideration when determining if such REIT is a Captive REIT.

11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, to the extent that tax credit is allowed for the same donation pursuant to § 58.1-439.12:12, any amount claimed as a federal income tax 596 597 **598** deduction for such donation under § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended or renumbered.

599 C. There shall be subtracted to the extent included in and not otherwise subtracted from federal 600 taxable income:

1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States 601 602 and on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to 603 the extent exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States including, but not limited to, stocks, bonds, treasury bills, and treasury notes, but not including interest on refunds of federal taxes, 604 interest on equipment purchase contracts, or interest on other normal business transactions. 605

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606 2. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations of this Commonwealth607 or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of this Commonwealth.

608 3. Dividends upon stock in any domestic international sales corporation, as defined by § 992 of the
609 Internal Revenue Code, 50 percent or more of the income of which was assessable for the preceding
610 year, or the last year in which such corporation has income, under the provisions of the income tax laws
611 of the Commonwealth.

612 4. The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this 613 Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction.

614 5. Any amount included therein by the operation of the provisions of § 78 of the Internal Revenue615 Code (foreign dividend gross-up).

616 6. The amount of wages or salaries eligible for the federal Targeted Jobs Credit which was not deducted for federal purposes on account of the provisions of § 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

618 7. Any amount included therein by the operation of § 951 of the Internal Revenue Code (subpart F 619 income).

8. Any amount included therein which is foreign source income as defined in § 58.1-302.

9. [Repealed.]

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622 10. The amount of any dividends received from corporations in which the taxpaying corporation623 owns 50 percent or more of the voting stock.

624 11. [Repealed.]

625 12, 13. [Expired.]

626 14. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, the amount for "qualified research expenses" or "basic research expenses" eligible for deduction for federal purposes, but which were not deducted, on account of the provisions of § 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

629 15. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, the total amount actually contributed in
630 funds to the Virginia Public School Construction Grants Program and Fund established in Chapter 11.1
631 (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1.

632 16. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, but before January 1, 2015, the gain derived from the sale or exchange of real property or the sale or exchange of an easement to real property which results in the real property or the easement thereto being devoted to open-space use, as that term is defined in § 58.1-3230, for a period of time not less than 30 years. To the extent a subtraction is taken in accordance with this subdivision, no tax credit under this chapter for donating land for its preservation shall be allowed for three years following the year in which the subtraction is taken.

639 17. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, any amount included therein with640 respect to § 58.1-440.1.

641 18. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1999, income received as a result of (i) the
642 "Master Settlement Agreement," as defined in § 3.2-3100; and (ii) the National Tobacco Grower
643 Settlement Trust dated July 19, 1999, by (a) tobacco farming businesses; (b) any business holding a
644 tobacco marketing quota, or tobacco farm acreage allotment, under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of
645 1938; or (c) any business having the right to grow tobacco pursuant to such a quota allotment.

646 19, 20. [Repealed.]

647 21. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, any amount of intangible expenses and costs or interest expenses and costs added to the federal taxable income of a corporation pursuant to subdivision B 8 or B 9 shall be subtracted from the federal taxable income of the related member that
650 received such amount if such related member is subject to Virginia income tax on the same amount.

651 22. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized from the sale of
652 launch services to space flight participants, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, or launch services intended
653 to provide individuals the training or experience of a launch, without performing an actual launch. To
654 qualify for a deduction under this subdivision, launch services must be performed in Virginia or
655 originate from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

656 23. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized as a result of
657 resupply services contracts for delivering payload, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, entered into with the
658 Commercial Orbital Transportation Services division of the National Aeronautics and Space
659 Administration or other space flight entity, as defined in § 8.01-227.8, and launched from an airport or
660 spaceport in Virginia.

661 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, any income taxed as a long-term capital 662 gain for federal income tax purposes, or any income taxed as investment services partnership interest 663 income (otherwise known as investment partnership carried interest income) for federal income tax 664 purposes. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, such income must be attributable to an 665 investment in a "qualified business," as defined in § 58.1-339.4, or in any other technology business 666 approved by the Secretary of Technology, provided the business has its principal office or facility in the 667 Commonwealth and less than \$3 million in annual revenues in the fiscal year prior to the investment. To 668 qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment must be made between the dates of April 1, 2010, and June 30, 2020. No taxpayer who has claimed a tax credit for an investment in a "qualified 669 670 business" under § 58.1-339.4 shall be eligible for the subtraction under this subdivision for an 671 investment in the same business.

672 25. a. Income, including investment services partnership interest income (otherwise known as 673 investment partnership carried interest income), attributable to an investment in a Virginia venture 674 capital account. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or 675 after January 1, 2018, but before December 31, 2023. No subtraction shall be allowed under this 676 subdivision for an investment in a company that is owned or operated by an affiliate of the taxpayer. No 677 subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for a taxpayer who has claimed a subtraction under 678 subdivision 24 for the same investment. 679

b. As used in this subdivision 25:

"Qualified portfolio company" means a company that (i) has its principal place of business in the **680** 681 Commonwealth; (ii) has a primary purpose of production, sale, research, or development of a product or service other than the management or investment of capital; and (iii) provides equity in the company 682 to the Virginia venture capital account in exchange for a capital investment. "Qualified portfolio 683 684 company" does not include a company that is an individual or sole proprietorship.

"Virginia venture capital account" means an investment fund that has been certified by the 685 686 Department as a Virginia venture capital account. In order to be certified as a Virginia venture capital **687** account, the operator of the investment fund shall register the investment fund with the Department 688 prior to December 31, 2023, (i) indicating that it intends to invest at least 50 percent of the capital 689 committed to its fund in qualified portfolio companies and (ii) providing documentation that it employs 690 at least one investor who has at least four years of professional experience in venture capital investment or substantially equivalent experience. "Substantially equivalent experience" includes, but is not limited 691 692 to, an undergraduate degree from an accredited college or university in economics, finance, or a similar 693 field of study. The Department may require an investment fund to provide documentation of the 694 investor's training, education, or experience as deemed necessary by the Department to determine 695 substantial equivalency. If the Department determines that the investment fund employs at least one 696 investor with the experience set forth herein, the Department shall certify the investment fund as a 697 Virginia venture capital account at such time as the investment fund actually invests at least 50 percent **698** of the capital committed to its fund in qualified portfolio companies.

699 D. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2006, there shall be subtracted from federal 700 taxable income contract payments to a producer of quota tobacco or a tobacco quota holder as provided 701 under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (P.L. 108-357) as follows:

702 1. If the payment is received in installment payments, then the recognized gain, including any gain 703 recognized in taxable year 2005, may be subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year 704 in which the installment payment is received.

705 2. If the payment is received in a single payment, then 10 percent of the recognized gain may be 706 subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year in which the single payment is received. 707 The taxpayer may then deduct an equal amount in each of the nine succeeding taxable years.

708 E. Adjustments to federal taxable income shall be made to reflect the transitional modifications 709 provided in § 58.1-315.

710 F. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the income from any disposition of real property 711 which is held by the taxpayer for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or 712 business, as defined in § 453(1)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, of property made on or after 713 January 1, 2009, may, at the election of the taxpayer, be recognized under the installment method 714 described under § 453 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that (i) the election relating to the dealer 715 disposition of the property has been made on or before the due date prescribed by law (including 716 extensions) for filing the taxpayer's return of the tax imposed under this chapter for the taxable year in 717 which the disposition occurs, and (ii) the dealer disposition is in accordance with restrictions or 718 conditions established by the Department, which shall be set forth in guidelines developed by the 719 Department. Along with such restrictions or conditions, the guidelines shall also address the recapture of 720 such income under certain circumstances. The development of the guidelines shall be exempt from the 721 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

2. That prior to December 31, 2017, the Department of Taxation shall promulgate regulations in 722 723 accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) 724 establishing procedures implementing the provisions of this act relating to (i) the registration of an 725 investment fund as a Virginia venture capital account; (ii) the provision of documentation 726 regarding an investor's training, education, or experience as deemed necessary by the Department to meet the requirements of this act; and (iii) the certification of an investment fund as a Virginia 727

- 728 venture capital account by the Department of Taxation.
- 729
- 3. That the Department of Taxation shall report annually by November 1 of each year to the Chairmen of the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance 730 731 regarding the number of registrations and certifications of Virginia venture capital accounts.