INTRODUCED

HB1832

| | 17101944D |
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| 1 2 3 4 5 | HOUSE BILL NO. 1832 Offered January 11, 2017 Prefiled January 10, 2017 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 8.3A-118 and 8.3A-118.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to negotiable instruments; statute of limitations; certificates of deposit. |
| 6 | Patron—Kilgore |
| 7 8 9 | Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice |
| $\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 20 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ 24 \\ 25 \\ 26 \\ 27 \\ 28 \\ 29 \\ 30 \\ 31 \\ 23 \\ 34 \\ 53 \\ 63 \\ 78 \\ 39 \\ 40 \\ 41 \\ 42 \\ 43 \\ 44 \\ 50 \\ 51 \\ 52 \\ 53 \\ \end{array}$ | Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 8.3A-118 and 8.3A-118. of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: § 8.3A-118. Statute of limitations. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), an action to enforce the obligation of a party to pay a note payable at a definite time must be commenced within six years after the due date or dates stated in the note or, if a due date is accelerated, within six years after the accelerated due date. (b) Except as provided in subsection (d) or (e), if demand for payment is made to the maker, an action to enforce the obligation of a party to pay the note must be commenced within six years after the demand. If no demand for payment is made to the maker, an action to enforce the to bligation of a party to pay the note must be commenced within three years after the dates of a continuous period of ten years. (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), an action to enforce the obligation of a party to an unaccepted draft to pay the draft must be commenced within three years after dishonor of the draft or ten years after the date of the draft, whichever period expires first. (d) An action to enforce the obligation of a party to a certificat check or the issuer of a teller's check, cashier's check, or traveler's check must be commenced within three years after demand for payment is made to the macker, but if the instrument states a due date and the maker is not required to pay before that date, the six-year period begins when a demand for payment is made to the maker, an evrified check, must be commenced ii) within six years after the due date on conversion, (ii) for conversion of an instrument, for money had and received, or like action based on conversion. (g) Unless governed by other law regarding claims for indemnity or contribution, an action (i) for conversion of an instrument, for money had and received, or like action based on |
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