2017 SESSION

INTRODUCED

HB1524

17102373D HOUSE BILL NO. 1524 1 Offered January 11, 2017 2 3 Prefiled December 23, 2016 4 A BILL to amend and reenact § 19.2-13 of the Code of Virginia, relating to special conservators of the 5 peace; liability insurance. 6 Patron-Lingamfelter 7 8 Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 19.2-13 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 § 19.2-13. Special conservators of the peace; authority; jurisdiction; registration; liability of 12 13 employers; penalty; report. 14 A. Upon the submission of an application, which shall include the results of the background 15 investigation conducted pursuant to subsection C, from (i) any sheriff or chief of police of any county, 16 city, or town; (ii) any corporation authorized to do business in the Commonwealth; (iii) the owner, proprietor, or authorized custodian of any place within the Commonwealth; or (iv) any museum owned 17 18 and managed by the Commonwealth, a circuit court judge of any county or city shall appoint special conservators of the peace who shall serve as such for such length of time as the court may designate, 19 20 but not exceeding four years under any one appointment, during which time the court shall retain 21 jurisdiction over the appointment order, upon a showing by the applicant of a necessity for the security 22 of property or the peace and presentation of evidence that the person or persons to be appointed as a 23 special conservator of the peace possess a valid registration issued by the Department of Criminal 24 Justice Services in accordance with the provisions of subsection C. Upon an application made pursuant 25 to clause (ii), (iii), or (iv), the court shall, prior to entering the order of appointment, transmit a copy of the application to the local attorney for the Commonwealth and the local sheriff or chief of police who 26 27 may submit to the court a sworn, written statement indicating whether the order of appointment should 28 be granted. However, a judge may deny the appointment for good cause, and shall state the specific 29 reasons for the denial in writing in the order denying the appointment. A judge also may revoke the 30 appointment order for good cause shown, upon the filing of a sworn petition by the attorney for the 31 Commonwealth, sheriff, or chief of police for any locality in which the special conservator of the peace is authorized to serve or by the Department of Criminal Justice Services. Prior to revocation, a hearing 32 33 shall be set and the special conservator of the peace shall be given notice and the opportunity to be 34 heard. The judge may temporarily suspend the appointment pending the hearing for good cause shown. 35 A hearing on the petition shall be heard by the court as soon as practicable. If the appointment order is 36 suspended or revoked, the clerk of court shall notify the Department of Criminal Justice Services, the 37 Department of State Police, the applicable local law-enforcement agencies in all cities and counties 38 where the special conservator of the peace is authorized to serve, and the employer of the special 39 conservator of the peace. 40 The order of appointment may provide that a special conservator of the peace shall have all the powers, functions, duties, responsibilities and authority of any other conservator of the peace within such geographical limitations as the court may deem appropriate within the confines of the county, city or town that makes application or on the real property where the corporate applicant is located, or any real property contiguous to such real property, limited, except as provided in subsection F, to the city or

41 42 43 44 county wherein application has been made, whenever such special conservator of the peace is engaged in the performance of his duties as such. The order may provide that the special conservator of the peace shall have the authority to make an arrest outside of such geographical limitations if the arrest 45 46 47 results from a close pursuit that was initiated when the special conservator of the peace was within the 48 49 confines of the area wherein he has been authorized to have the powers and authority of a special conservator of the peace; the order may further delineate a geographical limitation or distance beyond 50 51 which the special conservator of the peace may not effectuate such an arrest that follows from a close 52 pursuit. The order shall require the special conservator of the peace to comply with the provisions of the 53 United States Constitution and the Constitution of Virginia. The order shall not identify the special conservator of the peace as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to § 9.1-101. The order may provide, 54 however, that the special conservator of the peace is a "law-enforcement officer" for the purposes of Article 4 (§ 37.2-808 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2 or Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 55 56 57 of Title 16.1, but such designation shall not qualify the special conservator of the peace as a "qualified law-enforcement officer" or "qualified retired law-enforcement officer" within the meaning of the federal 58

59 Law Enforcement Officer Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926(B) et seq., and the order of appointment shall 60 specifically state this. Upon request and for good cause shown, the order may also provide that the special conservator of the peace is authorized to use the seal of the Commonwealth in a badge or other 61 credential of office as the court may deem appropriate. Upon request and for good cause shown, the 62 63 order may also provide that the special conservator of the peace may use the title "police" on any badge 64 or uniform worn in the performance of his duties as such. The order may also provide that a special 65 conservator of the peace who has completed the minimum training standards established by the Criminal 66 Justice Services Board, has the authority to affect arrests, using up to the same amount of force as would be allowed to a law-enforcement officer employed by the Commonwealth or any of its political 67 68 subdivisions when making a lawful arrest. The order shall prohibit blue flashing lights, but upon request 69 and for good cause shown may provide that the special conservator of the peace may use flashing lights 70 and sirens on any vehicle used by the special conservator of the peace when he is in the performance of 71 his duties. Prior to granting an application for appointment, the circuit court shall ensure that the applicant has met the registration requirements established by the Criminal Justice Services Board. 72

73 B. All applications and orders for appointments of special conservators of the peace shall be
74 submitted on forms developed by the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of
75 Virginia in consultation with the Department of Criminal Justice Services and shall specify the duties for
76 which the applicant is qualified. The applications and orders shall specify the geographic limitations
77 consistent with subsection A.

78 C. No person shall seek appointment as a special conservator of the peace from a circuit court judge 79 without possessing a valid registration issued by the Department of Criminal Justice Services, except as 80 provided in this section. Applicants for registration may submit an application on or after January 1, 81 2004. A temporary registration may be issued in accordance with regulations established by the Criminal 82 Justice Services Board while awaiting the results of a state and national fingerprint search. However, no 83 person shall be issued a valid registration or temporary registration until he has (i) complied with, or 84 been exempted from the compulsory minimum training standards as set forth in this section; (ii) 85 submitted his fingerprints on a form provided by the Department to be used for the conduct of a national criminal records search and a Virginia criminal history records search; (iii) submitted the results 86 87 of a background investigation, performed by any state or local law-enforcement agency, which may, at 88 its discretion, charge a reasonable fee to the applicant and which shall include a review of the 89 applicant's criminal history records and may include a review of the applicant's school records, 90 employment records, or interviews with persons possessing general knowledge of the applicant's 91 character and fitness for such appointment; and (iv) met all other requirements of this article and Board 92 regulations. No person with a criminal conviction for a misdemeanor involving (a) moral turpitude, (b) assault and battery, (c) damage to real or personal property, (d) controlled substances or imitation controlled substances as defined in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, (e) 93 94 prohibited sexual behavior as described in Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or (f) 95 firearms, or any felony, or who is required to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors 96 Registry pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, or who is prohibited from possessing, 97 98 transporting, or purchasing a firearm shall be eligible for registration or appointment as a special 99 conservator of the peace. A special conservator of the peace shall report if he is arrested for, charged with, or convicted of any misdemeanor or felony offense or becomes ineligible for registration or 100 101 appointment as a special conservator of the peace pursuant to this subsection to the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the chief law-enforcement officer of all localities in which he is authorized 102 103 to serve within three days of such arrest or of becoming ineligible for registration or appointment as a 104 special conservator of the peace. Any appointment for a special conservator of the peace shall be eligible for suspension and revocation after a hearing pursuant to subsection A if the special conservator 105 106 of the peace is convicted of any offense listed in this subsection or becomes ineligible for registration or 107 appointment as a special conservator of the peace pursuant to this subsection. All appointments for 108 special conservators of the peace shall become void on September 15, 2004, unless they have obtained a 109 valid registration issued by the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

D. Each person registered as or seeking registration as a special conservator of the peace shall be covered by evidence of a policy of *comprehensive general* liability insurance or self-insurance in an amount and with coverage as fixed by the Board. Any person who is aggrieved by the misconduct of any person registered as a special conservator of the peace and recovers a judgment against the registrant, which is unsatisfied in whole or in part, may bring an action in his own name against the insurance policy of the registrant.

E. Effective July 1, 2015, all persons currently appointed or seeking appointment or reappointment as
a special conservator of the peace are required to register with the Department of Criminal Justice
Services, regardless of any other standing the person may have as a law-enforcement officer or other
position requiring registration or licensure by the Department. The employer of any special conservator
of the peace shall notify the circuit court, the Department of Criminal Justice Services, the Department

121 of State Police, and the chief law-enforcement officer of all localities in which the special conservator of 122 the peace is authorized to serve within 30 days after the date such individual has left employment and 123 all powers of the special conservator of the peace shall be void. Failure to provide such notification 124 shall be punishable by a fine of \$250 plus an additional \$50 per day for each day such notice is not 125 provided.

126 F. When the application is made by any sheriff or chief of police, the circuit court shall specify in 127 the order of appointment the name of the applicant authorized under subsection A and the geographic 128 jurisdiction of the special conservator of the peace. Such appointments shall be limited to the city or 129 county wherein application has been made. When the application is made by any corporation authorized to do business in the Commonwealth, any owner, proprietor, or authorized custodian of any place within 130 131 the Commonwealth, or any museum owned and managed by the Commonwealth, the circuit court shall 132 specify in the order of appointment the name of the applicant authorized under subsection A and the specific real property where the special conservator of the peace is authorized to serve. Such 133 appointments shall be limited to the specific real property within the county, city, or town wherein 134 135 application has been made. In the case of a corporation or other business, the court appointment may 136 also include, for good cause shown, any real property owned or leased by the corporation or business, including any subsidiaries, in other specifically named cities and counties, but shall provide that the 137 138 powers of the special conservator of the peace do not extend beyond the boundaries of such real 139 property. The clerk of the appointing circuit court shall transmit to the Department of State Police, the 140 clerk of the circuit court of each locality where the special conservator of the peace is authorized to 141 serve, and the sheriff or chief of police of each such locality a copy of the order of appointment that 142 shall specify the following information: the person's complete name, address, date of birth, social 143 security number, gender, race, height, weight, color of hair, color of eyes, firearm authority or limitation 144 as set forth in subsection G, date of the order, and other information as may be required by the Department of State Police. The Department of State Police shall enter the person's name and other 145 information into the Virginia Criminal Information Network established and maintained by the 146 Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52. The Department of State Police may 147 148 charge a fee not to exceed \$10 to cover its costs associated with processing these orders. Each special 149 conservator of the peace so appointed on application shall present his credentials to the chief of police 150 or sheriff or his designee of all jurisdictions where he has conservator powers. If his powers are limited 151 to certain areas of real property owned or leased by a corporation or business, he shall also provide 152 notice of the exact physical addresses of those areas. Each special conservator shall provide to the 153 circuit court a temporary registration letter issued by the Department of Criminal Justice Services to 154 include the results of the background check prior to seeking an appointment by the circuit court. Once 155 the applicant receives the appointment from the circuit court the applicant shall file the appointment 156 order and a copy of the application with the Department of Criminal Justice Services in order to receive 157 his special conservator of the peace registration document. If the court appointment includes any real 158 property owned or leased by the corporation or business in other specifically named cities and counties 159 not within the city or county wherein application has been made, the clerk of the appointing court shall 160 transmit a copy of the order of appointment to (i) the clerk of the circuit court for each jurisdiction 161 where the special conservator of the peace is authorized to serve and (ii) the sheriff or chief of police of each jurisdiction where the special conservator of the peace is authorized to serve. 162

163 If any such special conservator of the peace is the employee, agent or servant of another, his 164 appointment as special conservator of the peace shall not relieve his employer, principal or master from 165 civil liability to another arising out of any wrongful action or conduct committed by such special 166 conservator of the peace while within the scope of his employment.

167 Effective July 1, 2002, no person employed by a local school board as a school security officer, as
168 defined in § 9.1-101, shall be eligible for appointment as a conservator for purposes of maintaining
169 safety in a public school in the Commonwealth. All appointments of special conservators of the peace
170 granted to school security officers as defined in § 9.1-101 prior to July 1, 2002 are void.

G. The court may limit or prohibit the carrying of weapons by any special conservator of the peace
initially appointed on or after July 1, 1996, while the appointee is within the scope of his employment
as such.

H. The governing body of any locality or the sheriff of a county where no police department has
been established may enter into mutual aid agreements with any entity employing special conservators of
the peace that is located in such locality for the use of their joint forces and their equipment and
materials to maintain peace and good order. Any law-enforcement officer or special conservator of the
peace, while performing his duty under any such agreement, shall have the same authority as lawfully
conferred on him within his own jurisdiction.