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HOUSE BILL NO. 1397

Offered January 11, 2017

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A *BILL to amend and reenact § 58.1-322 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the individual income tax subtraction for wages or salaries received for service in the National Guard of the Commonwealth of Virginia.*

Patrons—Fowler, Anderson, Bagby, Bell, John J., Boysko, Campbell, Cole, Fariss, Freitas, Heretick, Herring, Hester, Keam, Landes, Lindsey, Marshall, D.W., Minchew, Mullin, Murphy, Peace, Pillion, Simon, Torian and Watts

Referred to Committee on Finance

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 58.1-322 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 58.1-322. Virginia taxable income of residents.

A. The Virginia taxable income of a resident individual means his federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year, which excludes combat pay for certain members of the Armed Forces of the United States as provided in § 112 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and with the modifications specified in this section.

B. To the extent excluded from federal adjusted gross income, there shall be added:

1. Interest, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal income, on obligations of any state other than Virginia, or of a political subdivision of any such other state unless created by compact or agreement to which Virginia is a party;

2. Interest or dividends, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal taxable income, on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States, which the laws of the United States exempt from federal income tax but not from state income taxes;

3. Unrelated business taxable income as defined by § 512 of the Internal Revenue Code;

4. The amount of a lump sum distribution from a qualified retirement plan, less the minimum distribution allowance and any amount excludable for federal income tax purposes that is excluded from federal adjusted gross income solely by virtue of an individual's election to use the averaging provisions under § 402 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 through 8. [Repealed.]

9. The amount required to be included in income for the purpose of computing the partial tax on an accumulation distribution pursuant to § 667 of the Internal Revenue Code;

10. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2014, any loss for the taxable year that was deducted as a capital loss for federal income tax purposes by an account holder attributable to such person's first-time home buyer savings account established pursuant to Chapter 32 (§ 55-555 et seq.) of Title 55. For purposes of this subdivision, "account holder" and "first-time home buyer savings account" mean the same as those terms are defined in § 55-555; and

11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, to the extent that tax credit is allowed for the same donation pursuant to § 58.1-439.12:12, any amount claimed as a federal income tax deduction for such donation under § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended or renumbered.

C. To the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, there shall be subtracted:

1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States and on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to the extent exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States including, but not limited to, stocks, bonds, treasury bills, and treasury notes, but not including interest on refunds of federal taxes, interest on equipment purchase contracts, or interest on other normal business transactions.

2. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations of this Commonwealth or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of the Commonwealth.

3. [Repealed.]

4. Benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits subject to federal income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.

4a. Through December 31, 2000, the same amount used in computing the federal credit allowed under § 22 of the Internal Revenue Code by a retiree under age 65 who qualified for such retirement on the basis of permanent and total disability and who is a qualified individual as defined in § 22(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code; however, any person who claims a deduction under subdivision D 5 may not

57 also claim a subtraction under this subdivision.

58 4b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, up to \$20,000 of disability income, as
59 defined in § 22(c)(2)(B)(iii) of the Internal Revenue Code; however, any person who claims a deduction
60 under subdivision D 5 may not also claim a subtraction under this subdivision.

61 5. The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by the
62 Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction.

63 6. The amount of wages or salaries eligible for the federal Targeted Jobs Credit which was not
64 deducted for federal purposes on account of the provisions of § 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

65 7, 8. [Repealed.]

66 9. [Expired.]

67 10. Any amount included therein less than \$600 from a prize awarded by the Virginia Lottery.

68 11. The wages or salaries received by any person for active and inactive service in the National
69 Guard of the Commonwealth of Virginia, not to exceed *the lesser of (i) the amount of income derived*
70 *from 39 calendar days of such service or \$3,000; whichever amount is less for taxable years beginning*
71 *before January 1, 2017, and (ii) the amount of income derived from 39 calendar days of such service or*
72 *\$5,000 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017; however, only those persons in the*
73 *ranks of O3 and below shall be entitled to the deductions specified herein in this subdivision.*

74 12. Amounts received by an individual, not to exceed \$1,000 in any taxable year, as a reward for
75 information provided to a law-enforcement official or agency, or to a nonprofit corporation created
76 exclusively to assist such law-enforcement official or agency, in the apprehension and conviction of
77 perpetrators of crimes. This provision shall not apply to the following: an individual who is an employee
78 of, or under contract with, a law-enforcement agency, a victim or the perpetrator of the crime for which
79 the reward was paid, or any person who is compensated for the investigation of crimes or accidents.

80 13. [Repealed.]

81 14. [Expired.]

82 15, 16. [Repealed.]

83 17. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1995, the amount of "qualified research
84 expenses" or "basic research expenses" eligible for deduction for federal purposes, but which were not
85 deducted, on account of the provisions of § 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and which shall be
86 available to partners, shareholders of S corporations, and members of limited liability companies to the
87 extent and in the same manner as other deductions may pass through to such partners, shareholders, and
88 members.

89 18. [Repealed.]

90 19. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1996, any income received during the taxable
91 year derived from a qualified pension, profit-sharing, or stock bonus plan as described by § 401 of the
92 Internal Revenue Code, an individual retirement account or annuity established under § 408 of the
93 Internal Revenue Code, a deferred compensation plan as defined by § 457 of the Internal Revenue
94 Code, or any federal government retirement program, the contributions to which were deductible from
95 the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, but only to the extent the contributions to such plan or
96 program were subject to taxation under the income tax in another state.

97 20. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1997, any income attributable to a
98 distribution of benefits or a refund from a prepaid tuition contract or savings trust account with the
99 Virginia College Savings Plan, created pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1. The
100 subtraction for any income attributable to a refund shall be limited to income attributable to a refund in
101 the event of a beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a scholarship.

102 21. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all military pay and allowances, to the
103 extent included in federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise subtracted, deducted or exempted
104 under this section, earned by military personnel while serving by order of the President of the United
105 States with the consent of Congress in a combat zone or qualified hazardous duty area which is treated
106 as a combat zone for federal tax purposes pursuant to § 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.

107 22. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, but before January 1, 2015, the gain
108 derived from the sale or exchange of real property or the sale or exchange of an easement to real
109 property which results in the real property or the easement thereto being devoted to open-space use, as
110 that term is defined in § 58.1-3230, for a period of time not less than 30 years. To the extent a
111 subtraction is taken in accordance with this subdivision, no tax credit under this chapter for donating
112 land for its preservation shall be allowed for three years following the year in which the subtraction is
113 taken.

114 23. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, \$15,000 of military basic
115 pay for military service personnel on extended active duty for periods in excess of 90 days; however,
116 the subtraction amount shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount which the taxpayer's military
117 basic pay exceeds \$15,000 and shall be reduced to zero if such military basic pay amount is equal to or
118 exceeds \$30,000.

119 24. Effective for all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, the first \$15,000 of salary
120 for each federal and state employee whose total annual salary from all employment for the taxable year
121 is \$15,000 or less.

122 25. Unemployment benefits taxable pursuant to § 85 of the Internal Revenue Code.

123 26. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, any amount received as military
124 retirement income by an individual awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor.

125 27. Effective for all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1999, income received as a
126 result of (i) the "Master Settlement Agreement," as defined in § 3.2-3100; and (ii) the National Tobacco
127 Grower Settlement Trust dated July 19, 1999, by (a) tobacco farmers; (b) any person holding a tobacco
128 marketing quota, or tobacco farm acreage allotment, under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938; or
129 (c) any person having the right to grow tobacco pursuant to such a quota or allotment, but only to the
130 extent that such income has not been subtracted pursuant to subdivision C 18 of § 58.1-402.

131 28. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, items of income attributable to,
132 derived from or in any way related to (i) assets stolen from, hidden from or otherwise lost by an
133 individual who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution or (ii) damages, reparations, or other
134 consideration received by a victim or target of Nazi persecution to compensate such individual for
135 performing labor against his will under the threat of death, during World War II and its prelude and
136 direct aftermath. This subtraction shall not apply to assets acquired with such items of income or with
137 the proceeds from the sale of assets stolen from, hidden from or otherwise lost to, during World War II
138 and its prelude and direct aftermath, a victim or target of Nazi persecution. The provisions of this
139 subdivision shall only apply to an individual who was the first recipient of such items of income and
140 who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution, or a spouse, widow, widower, or child or stepchild of
141 such victim.

142 "Victim or target of Nazi persecution" means any individual persecuted or targeted for persecution by
143 the Nazi regime who had assets stolen from, hidden from or otherwise lost as a result of any act or
144 omission in any way relating to (i) the Holocaust; (ii) World War II and its prelude and direct
145 aftermath; (iii) transactions with or actions of the Nazi regime; (iv) treatment of refugees fleeing Nazi
146 persecution; or (v) the holding of such assets by entities or persons in the Swiss Confederation during
147 World War II and its prelude and aftermath. A victim or target of Nazi persecution shall also include
148 any individual forced into labor against his will, under the threat of death, during World War II and its
149 prelude and direct aftermath. As used in this subdivision, "Nazi regime" means the country of Nazi
150 Germany, areas occupied by Nazi Germany, those European countries allied with Nazi Germany, or any
151 other neutral European country or area in Europe under the influence or threat of Nazi invasion.

152 29, 30. [Repealed.]

153 31. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, the military death gratuity
154 payment made after September 11, 2001, to the survivor of deceased military personnel killed in the line
155 of duty, pursuant to Chapter 75 of Title 10 of the United States Code; however, the subtraction amount
156 shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount that the survivor may exclude from his federal gross
157 income in accordance with § 134 of the Internal Revenue Code.

158 32. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the death benefit payments
159 from an annuity contract that are received by a beneficiary of such contract provided that (i) the death
160 benefit payment is made pursuant to an annuity contract with an insurance company and (ii) the death
161 benefit payment is paid solely by lump sum. The subtraction under this subdivision shall be allowed
162 only for that portion of the death benefit payment that is included in federal adjusted gross income.

163 33. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized from the sale of
164 launch services to space flight participants, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, or launch services intended
165 to provide individuals the training or experience of a launch, without performing an actual launch. To
166 qualify for a deduction under this subdivision, launch services must be performed in Virginia or
167 originate from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

168 34. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized as a result of
169 resupply services contracts for delivering payload, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, entered into with the
170 Commercial Orbital Transportation Services division of the National Aeronautics and Space
171 Administration or other space flight entity, as defined in § 8.01-227.8, and launched from an airport or
172 spaceport in Virginia.

173 35. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, any income taxed as a long-term capital
174 gain for federal income tax purposes, or any income taxed as investment services partnership interest
175 income (otherwise known as investment partnership carried interest income) for federal income tax
176 purposes. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, such income shall be attributable to an
177 investment in a "qualified business," as defined in § 58.1-339.4, or in any other technology business
178 approved by the Secretary of Technology, provided the business has its principal office or facility in the
179 Commonwealth and less than \$3 million in annual revenues in the fiscal year prior to the investment. To

180 qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made between the dates of April
181 1, 2010, and June 30, 2020. No taxpayer who has claimed a tax credit for an investment in a "qualified
182 business" under § 58.1-339.4 shall be eligible for the subtraction under this subdivision for an
183 investment in the same business.

184 36. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2014, any income of an account holder for
185 the taxable year taxed as (i) a capital gain for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
186 first-time home buyer savings account established pursuant to Chapter 32 (§ 55-555 et seq.) of Title 55
187 and (ii) interest income or other income for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
188 first-time home buyer savings account.

189 Notwithstanding the statute of limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any subtraction
190 taken under this subdivision shall be subject to recapture in the taxable year or years in which moneys
191 or funds withdrawn from the first-time home buyer savings account were used for any purpose other
192 than the payment of eligible costs by or on behalf of a qualified beneficiary, as provided under
193 § 55-558. The amount subject to recapture shall be a portion of the amount withdrawn in the taxable
194 year that was used for other than the payment of eligible costs, computed by multiplying the amount
195 withdrawn and used for other than the payment of eligible costs by the ratio of the aggregate earnings in
196 the account at the time of the withdrawal to the total balance in the account at such time.

197 However, recapture shall not apply to the extent of moneys or funds withdrawn that were (i)
198 withdrawn by reason of the qualified beneficiary's death or disability, (ii) a disbursement of assets of the
199 account pursuant to a filing for protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101
200 through 1330, or (iii) transferred from an account established pursuant to Chapter 32 (§ 55-555 et seq.)
201 of Title 55 into another account established pursuant to such chapter for the benefit of another qualified
202 beneficiary.

203 For purposes of this subdivision, "account holder," "eligible costs," "first-time home buyer savings
204 account," and "qualified beneficiary" mean the same as those terms are defined in § 55-555.

205 37. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, any income for the taxable year
206 attributable to the discharge of a student loan solely by reason of the student's death. For purposes of
207 this subdivision, "student loan" means the same as that term is defined under § 108(f) of the Internal
208 Revenue Code.

209 D. In computing Virginia taxable income there shall be deducted from Virginia adjusted gross
210 income as defined in § 58.1-321:

211 1. a. The amount allowable for itemized deductions for federal income tax purposes where the
212 taxpayer has elected for the taxable year to itemize deductions on his federal return, but reduced by the
213 amount of income taxes imposed by the Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction and deducted
214 on such federal return and increased by an amount which, when added to the amount deducted under
215 § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code for mileage, results in a mileage deduction at the state level for
216 such purposes at a rate of 18 cents per mile; or

217 b. Three thousand dollars for single individuals and \$6,000 for married persons (one-half of such
218 amounts in the case of a married individual filing a separate return) for taxable years beginning on and
219 after January 1, 2005; provided that the taxpayer has not itemized deductions for the taxable year on his
220 federal income tax return. For purposes of this section, any person who may be claimed as a dependent
221 on another taxpayer's return for the taxable year may compute the deduction only with respect to earned
222 income.

223 2. a. A deduction in the amount of \$900 for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2005,
224 but before January 1, 2008; and \$930 for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2008, for each
225 personal exemption allowable to the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes.

226 b. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1987, each blind or aged taxpayer as defined
227 under § 63(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be entitled to an additional personal exemption in the
228 amount of \$800.

229 The additional deduction for blind or aged taxpayers allowed under this subdivision shall be
230 allowable regardless of whether the taxpayer itemizes deductions for the taxable year for federal income
231 tax purposes.

232 3. A deduction equal to the amount of employment-related expenses upon which the federal credit is
233 based under § 21 of the Internal Revenue Code for expenses for household and dependent care services
234 necessary for gainful employment.

235 4. An additional \$1,000 deduction for each child residing for the entire taxable year in a home under
236 permanent foster care placement as defined in § 63.2-908, provided the taxpayer can also claim the child
237 as a personal exemption under § 151 of the Internal Revenue Code.

238 5. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, a deduction in the amount of \$12,000
239 for individuals born on or before January 1, 1939.

240 b. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, a deduction in the amount of \$12,000
241 for individuals born after January 1, 1939, who have attained the age of 65. This deduction shall be

242 reduced by \$1 for every \$1 that the taxpayer's adjusted federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000
 243 for single taxpayers or \$75,000 for married taxpayers. For married taxpayers filing separately, the
 244 deduction will be reduced by \$1 for every \$1 the total combined adjusted federal adjusted gross income
 245 of both spouses exceeds \$75,000.

246 For the purposes of this subdivision, "adjusted federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted
 247 gross income minus any benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits
 248 subject to federal income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

249 6. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1997, the amount an individual pays as a fee
 250 for an initial screening to become a possible bone marrow donor, if (i) the individual is not reimbursed
 251 for such fee or (ii) the individual has not claimed a deduction for the payment of such fee on his federal
 252 income tax return.

253 7. a. A deduction shall be allowed to the purchaser or contributor for the amount paid or contributed
 254 during the taxable year for a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account entered into with
 255 the Virginia College Savings Plan, pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1. Except as
 256 provided in subdivision 7 c, the amount deducted on any individual income tax return in any taxable
 257 year shall be limited to \$4,000 per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account. No
 258 deduction shall be allowed pursuant to this section if such payments or contributions are deducted on the
 259 purchaser's or contributor's federal income tax return. If the purchase price or annual contribution to a
 260 college savings trust account exceeds \$4,000, the remainder may be carried forward and subtracted in
 261 future taxable years until the purchase price or college savings trust contribution has been fully
 262 deducted; however, except as provided in subdivision 7 c, in no event shall the amount deducted in any
 263 taxable year exceed \$4,000 per contract or college savings trust account. Notwithstanding the statute of
 264 limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any deduction taken hereunder shall be subject to
 265 recapture in the taxable year or years in which distributions or refunds are made for any reason other
 266 than (i) to pay qualified higher education expenses, as defined in § 529 of the Internal Revenue Code or
 267 (ii) the beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a scholarship. For the purposes of this subdivision,
 268 the term "purchaser" or "contributor" means the person shown as such on the records of the Virginia
 269 College Savings Plan as of December 31 of the taxable year. In the case of a transfer of ownership of a
 270 prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account, the transferee shall succeed to the transferor's
 271 tax attributes associated with a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account, including, but
 272 not limited to, carryover and recapture of deductions.

273 b. The amount paid for a prepaid tuition contract during taxable years beginning on or after January
 274 1, 1996, but before January 1, 1998, shall be deducted in taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
 275 1998, and shall be subject to the limitations set out in subdivision 7 a.

276 c. A purchaser of a prepaid tuition contract or contributor to a college savings trust account who has
 277 attained age 70 shall not be subject to the limitation that the amount of the deduction not exceed \$4,000
 278 per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account in any taxable year. Such taxpayer shall be
 279 allowed a deduction for the full amount paid for the contract or contributed to a college savings trust
 280 account, less any amounts previously deducted.

281 8. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, the total amount an individual actually
 282 contributed in funds to the Virginia Public School Construction Grants Program and Fund, established in
 283 Chapter 11.1 (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1, provided the individual has not claimed a deduction for
 284 such amount on his federal income tax return.

285 9. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1999, an amount equal to 20 percent of the
 286 tuition costs incurred by an individual employed as a primary or secondary school teacher licensed
 287 pursuant to Chapter 15 (§ 22.1-289.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1 to attend continuing teacher education courses
 288 that are required as a condition of employment; however, the deduction provided by this subsection shall
 289 be available only if (i) the individual is not reimbursed for such tuition costs and (ii) the individual has
 290 not claimed a deduction for the payment of such tuition costs on his federal income tax return.

291 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, the amount an individual pays annually
 292 in premiums for long-term health care insurance, provided the individual has not claimed a deduction for
 293 federal income tax purposes, or, for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2014, a credit under
 294 § 58.1-339.11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, no such deduction for long-term
 295 health care insurance premiums paid by the individual during the taxable year shall be allowed if the
 296 individual has claimed a federal income tax deduction for such taxable year for long-term health care
 297 insurance premiums paid by him.

298 11. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2006, contract payments to a producer of
 299 quota tobacco or a tobacco quota holder, or their spouses, as provided under the American Jobs Creation
 300 Act of 2004 (P.L. 108-357), but only to the extent that such payments have not been subtracted pursuant
 301 to subsection D of § 58.1-402, as follows:

302 a. If the payment is received in installment payments, then the recognized gain, including any gain

303 recognized in taxable year 2005, may be subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year
304 in which the installment payment is received.

305 b. If the payment is received in a single payment, then 10 percent of the recognized gain may be
306 subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year in which the single payment is received.
307 The taxpayer may then deduct an equal amount in each of the nine succeeding taxable years.

308 12. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2007, an amount equal to 20 percent of the
309 sum paid by an individual pursuant to Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), not to exceed \$500 in each taxable
310 year, in purchasing for his own use the following items of tangible personal property: (i) any clothes
311 washers, room air conditioners, dishwashers, and standard size refrigerators that meet or exceed the
312 applicable energy star efficiency requirements developed by the United States Environmental Protection
313 Agency and the United States Department of Energy; (ii) any fuel cell that (a) generates electricity using
314 an electrochemical process, (b) has an electricity-only generation efficiency greater than 35 percent, and
315 (c) has a generating capacity of at least two kilowatts; (iii) any gas heat pump that has a coefficient of
316 performance of at least 1.25 for heating and at least 0.70 for cooling; (iv) any electric heat pump hot
317 water heater that yields an energy factor of at least 1.7; (v) any electric heat pump that has a heating
318 system performance factor of at least 8.0 and a cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.0;
319 (vi) any central air conditioner that has a cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.5; (vii)
320 any advanced gas or oil water heater that has an energy factor of at least 0.65; (viii) any advanced
321 oil-fired boiler with a minimum annual fuel-utilization rating of 85; (ix) any advanced oil-fired furnace
322 with a minimum annual fuel-utilization rating of 85; and (x) programmable thermostats.

323 13. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the lesser of \$5,000 or the amount
324 actually paid by a living donor of an organ or other living tissue for unreimbursed out-of-pocket
325 expenses directly related to the donation that arose within 12 months of such donation, provided the
326 donor has not taken a medical deduction in accordance with the provisions of § 213 of the Internal
327 Revenue Code for such expenses. The deduction may be taken in the taxable year in which the donation
328 is made or the taxable year in which the 12-month period expires.

329 14. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, the amount an individual age 66 or
330 older with earned income of at least \$20,000 for the year and federal adjusted gross income not in
331 excess of \$30,000 for the year pays annually in premiums for (i) a prepaid funeral insurance policy
332 covering the individual or (ii) medical or dental insurance for any person for whom individual tax filers
333 may claim a deduction for such premiums under federal income tax laws. "Earned income" means the
334 same as that term is defined in § 32(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or
335 renumbered. The deduction shall not be allowed for any portion of such premiums paid for which the
336 individual has (a) been reimbursed, (b) claimed a deduction for federal income tax purposes, (c) claimed
337 a deduction or subtraction under another provision of this section, or (d) claimed a federal income tax
338 credit or any income tax credit pursuant to this chapter.

339 E. There shall be added to or subtracted from federal adjusted gross income, as the case may be, the
340 individual's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of the Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined
341 under § 58.1-361.

342 F. There shall be added or subtracted, as the case may be, the amounts provided in § 58.1-315 as
343 transitional modifications.

344 G. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, to the extent included in
345 federal adjusted gross income, there shall be (i) subtracted from federal adjusted gross income by a
346 shareholder of an electing small business corporation (S corporation) that is subject to the bank franchise
347 tax imposed under Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) for the calendar year in which such taxable year
348 begins, the shareholder's allocable share of the income or gain of such electing small business
349 corporation (S corporation), and (ii) added back to federal adjusted gross income such that, federal
350 adjusted gross income shall be increased, by a shareholder of an electing small business corporation (S
351 corporation) that is subject to the bank franchise tax imposed under Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) for
352 the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, the shareholder's allocable share of the losses or
353 deductions of such electing small business corporation (S corporation).

354 Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, to the extent excluded from
355 federal adjusted gross income, there shall be added to federal adjusted gross income by a shareholder of
356 an electing small business corporation (S corporation) that is subject to the bank franchise tax imposed
357 under Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) for the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, the
358 value of any distribution paid or distributed to the shareholder by such electing small business
359 corporation (S corporation).

360 H. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the income from any disposition of real property
361 which is held by the taxpayer for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or
362 business, as defined in § 453(l)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, of property made on or after
363 January 1, 2009, may, at the election of the taxpayer, be recognized under the installment method
364 described under § 453 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that (i) the election relating to the dealer

365 disposition of the property has been made on or before the due date prescribed by law (including
366 extensions) for filing the taxpayer's return of the tax imposed under this chapter for the taxable year in
367 which the disposition occurs, and (ii) the dealer disposition is in accordance with restrictions or
368 conditions established by the Department, which shall be set forth in guidelines developed by the
369 Department. Along with such restrictions or conditions, the guidelines shall also address the recapture of
370 such income under certain circumstances. The development of the guidelines shall be exempt from the
371 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).