## 2017 SESSION

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## HOUSE BILL NO. 1392

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Finance

on February 15, 2017)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Lingamfelter)

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 9.1-102, 18.2-308.1, and 22.1-280.2:1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to school security officers; carrying a firearm in performance of duties.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

9 1. That §§ 9.1-102, 18.2-308.1, and 22.1-280.2:1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted 10 as follows: 11

## § 9.1-102. Powers and duties of the Board and the Department.

12 The Department, under the direction of the Board, which shall be the policy-making body for 13 carrying out the duties and powers hereunder, shall have the power and duty to:

14 1. Adopt regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the 15 administration of this chapter including the authority to require the submission of reports and information by law-enforcement officers within the Commonwealth. Any proposed regulations 16 17 concerning the privacy, confidentiality, and security of criminal justice information shall be submitted for review and comment to any board, commission, or committee or other body which may be 18 established by the General Assembly to regulate the privacy, confidentiality, and security of information 19 20 collected and maintained by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

21 2. Establish compulsory minimum training standards subsequent to employment as a law-enforcement 22 officer in (i) permanent positions, and (ii) temporary or probationary status, and establish the time 23 required for completion of such training;

24 3. Establish minimum training standards and qualifications for certification and recertification for 25 law-enforcement officers serving as field training officers;

4. Establish compulsory minimum curriculum requirements for in-service and advanced courses and 26 27 programs for schools, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth, which are operated for the 28 specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers; 29

5. Establish (i) compulsory minimum training standards for law-enforcement officers who utilize radar or an electrical or microcomputer device to measure the speed of motor vehicles as provided in § 46.2-882 and establish the time required for completion of the training and (ii) compulsory minimum qualifications for certification and recertification of instructors who provide such training;

6. [Repealed]:

7. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for those persons designated to provide courthouse and courtroom security pursuant to the provisions of § 53.1-120, and to establish the time required for completion of such training;

37 8. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for deputy 38 sheriffs designated to serve process pursuant to the provisions of § 8.01-293, and establish the time 39 required for the completion of such training;

40 9. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service, and advanced training standards, as well as 41 the time required for completion of such training, for persons employed as deputy sheriffs and jail officers by local criminal justice agencies, correctional officers employed by the Department of 42 Corrections under the provisions of Title 53.1, and juvenile correctional officers employed at a juvenile 43 44 correctional facility as the term is defined in § 66-25.3;

10. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all dispatchers employed by or in any local 45 or state government agency, whose duties include the dispatching of law-enforcement personnel. Such 46 47 training standards shall apply only to dispatchers hired on or after July 1, 1988;

**48** 11. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all auxiliary police officers employed by or 49 in any local or state government agency. Such training shall be graduated and based on the type of 50 duties to be performed by the auxiliary police officers. Such training standards shall not apply to 51 auxiliary police officers exempt pursuant to § 15.2-1731;

12. Consult and cooperate with counties, municipalities, agencies of the Commonwealth, other state 52 53 and federal governmental agencies, and with universities, colleges, community colleges, and other 54 institutions, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth, concerning the development of police 55 training schools and programs or courses of instruction;

13. Approve institutions, curricula and facilities, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth, 56 57 for school operation for the specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers; but this shall not prevent the holding of any such school whether approved or not; 58

59 14. Establish and maintain police training programs through such agencies and institutions as the HB1392S2

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60 Board deems appropriate;

61 15. Establish compulsory minimum qualifications of certification and recertification for instructors in criminal justice training schools approved by the Department;

63 16. Conduct and stimulate research by public and private agencies which shall be designed to 64 improve police administration and law enforcement;

17. Make recommendations concerning any matter within its purview pursuant to this chapter;

18. Coordinate its activities with those of any interstate system for the exchange of criminal history
record information, nominate one or more of its members to serve upon the council or committee of any
such system, and participate when and as deemed appropriate in any such system's activities and
programs;

19. Conduct inquiries and investigations it deems appropriate to carry out its functions under this chapter and, in conducting such inquiries and investigations, may require any criminal justice agency to submit information, reports, and statistical data with respect to its policy and operation of information systems or with respect to its collection, storage, dissemination, and usage of criminal history record information and correctional status information, and such criminal justice agencies shall submit such information, reports, and data as are reasonably required;

76 20. Conduct audits as required by § 9.1-131;

21. Conduct a continuing study and review of questions of individual privacy and confidentiality of criminal history record information and correctional status information;

79 22. Advise criminal justice agencies and initiate educational programs for such agencies with respect
80 to matters of privacy, confidentiality, and security as they pertain to criminal history record information
81 and correctional status information;

82 23. Maintain a liaison with any board, commission, committee, or other body which may be
83 established by law, executive order, or resolution to regulate the privacy and security of information
84 collected by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

85 24. Adopt regulations establishing guidelines and standards for the collection, storage, and
86 dissemination of criminal history record information and correctional status information, and the privacy,
87 confidentiality, and security thereof necessary to implement state and federal statutes, regulations, and
88 court orders;

89 25. Operate a statewide criminal justice research center, which shall maintain an integrated criminal justice information system, produce reports, provide technical assistance to state and local criminal justice data system users, and provide analysis and interpretation of criminal justice statistical information;

93 26. Develop a comprehensive, statewide, long-range plan for strengthening and improving law
94 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice throughout the Commonwealth, and periodically
95 update that plan;

27. Cooperate with, and advise and assist, all agencies, departments, boards and institutions of the
Commonwealth, and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, including planning
district commissions, in planning, developing, and administering programs, projects, comprehensive
plans, and other activities for improving law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice
throughout the Commonwealth, including allocating and subgranting funds for these purposes;

28. Define, develop, organize, encourage, conduct, coordinate, and administer programs, projects and activities for the Commonwealth and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, in the Commonwealth, designed to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice at every level throughout the Commonwealth;

105 29. Review and evaluate programs, projects, and activities, and recommend, where necessary,
 106 revisions or alterations to such programs, projects, and activities for the purpose of improving law
 107 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice;

30. Coordinate the activities and projects of the state departments, agencies, and boards of the Commonwealth and of the units of general local government, or combination thereof, including planning district commissions, relating to the preparation, adoption, administration, and implementation of comprehensive plans to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice;

31. Do all things necessary on behalf of the Commonwealth and its units of general local
government, to determine and secure benefits available under the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
Streets Act of 1968 (P.L. 90-351, 82 Stat. 197), as amended, and under any other federal acts and
programs for strengthening and improving law enforcement, the administration of criminal justice, and
delinquency prevention and control;

118 32. Receive, administer, and expend all funds and other assistance available to the Board and the
 119 Department for carrying out the purposes of this chapter and the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
 120 Streets Act of 1968, as amended;

121 33. Apply for and accept grants from the United States government or any other source in carrying

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122 out the purposes of this chapter and accept any and all donations both real and personal, and grants of 123 money from any governmental unit or public agency, or from any institution, person, firm or 124 corporation, and may receive, utilize and dispose of the same. Any arrangements pursuant to this section 125 shall be detailed in the annual report of the Board. Such report shall include the identity of the donor, 126 the nature of the transaction, and the conditions, if any. Any moneys received pursuant to this section 127 shall be deposited in the state treasury to the account of the Department. To these ends, the Board shall 128 have the power to comply with conditions and execute such agreements as may be necessary;

129 34. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of 130 its duties and execution of its powers under this chapter, including but not limited to, contracts with the 131 United States, units of general local government or combinations thereof, in Virginia or other states, and 132 with agencies and departments of the Commonwealth;

133 35. Adopt and administer reasonable regulations for the planning and implementation of programs 134 and activities and for the allocation, expenditure and subgranting of funds available to the 135 Commonwealth and to units of general local government, and for carrying out the purposes of this 136 chapter and the powers and duties set forth herein; 137

36. Certify and decertify law-enforcement officers in accordance with §§ 15.2-1706 and 15.2-1707;

138 37. Establish training standards and publish and periodically update model policies for 139 law-enforcement personnel in the following subjects:

140 a. The handling of family abuse, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking cases, including 141 standards for determining the predominant physical aggressor in accordance with § 19.2-81.3. The 142 Department shall provide technical support and assistance to law-enforcement agencies in carrying out 143 the requirements set forth in subsection A of § 9.1-1301;

144 b. Communication with and facilitation of the safe return of individuals diagnosed with Alzheimer's 145 disease;

146 c. Sensitivity to and awareness of cultural diversity and the potential for biased policing;

147 d. Protocols for local and regional sexual assault response teams;

148 e. Communication of death notifications;

149 f. (Effective until July 1, 2018) The questioning of individuals suspected of driving while intoxicated 150 concerning the physical location of such individual's last consumption of an alcoholic beverage and the 151 communication of such information to the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board;

152 f. (Effective July 1, 2018) The questioning of individuals suspected of driving while intoxicated 153 concerning the physical location of such individual's last consumption of an alcoholic beverage and the 154 communication of such information to the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority;

155 g. Vehicle patrol duties that embody current best practices for pursuits and for responding to 156 emergency calls;

157 h. Criminal investigations that embody current best practices for conducting photographic and live 158 lineups;

159 i. Sensitivity to and awareness of human trafficking offenses and the identification of victims of 160 human trafficking offenses for personnel involved in criminal investigations or assigned to vehicle or 161 street patrol duties; and

162 j. Missing children, missing adults, and search and rescue protocol;

163 38. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training and the recertification of 164 law-enforcement officers to ensure sensitivity to and awareness of cultural diversity and the potential for 165 biased policing;

166 39. Review and evaluate community-policing programs in the Commonwealth, and recommend where 167 necessary statewide operating procedures, guidelines, and standards which strengthen and improve such 168 programs, including sensitivity to and awareness of cultural diversity and the potential for biased 169 policing;

170 40. Establish a Virginia Law-Enforcement Accreditation Center. The Center may, in cooperation with 171 Virginia law-enforcement agencies, provide technical assistance and administrative support, including 172 staffing, for the establishment of voluntary state law-enforcement accreditation standards. The Center 173 may provide accreditation assistance and training, resource material, and research into methods and 174 procedures that will assist the Virginia law-enforcement community efforts to obtain Virginia 175 accreditation status;

176 41. Promote community policing philosophy and practice throughout the Commonwealth by 177 providing community policing training and technical assistance statewide to all law-enforcement 178 agencies, community groups, public and private organizations and citizens; developing and distributing 179 innovative policing curricula and training tools on general community policing philosophy and practice and contemporary critical issues facing Virginia communities; serving as a consultant to Virginia 180 organizations with specific community policing needs; facilitating continued development and 181 182 implementation of community policing programs statewide through discussion forums for community

policing leaders, development of law-enforcement instructors; promoting a statewide community policing initiative; and serving as a statewide information source on the subject of community policing including, but not limited to periodic newsletters, a website and an accessible lending library;

42. Establish, in consultation with the Department of Education and the Virginia State Crime 186 187 Commission, compulsory minimum standards for employment and job-entry and in-service training 188 curricula and certification requirements for school security officers, which training and certification shall 189 be administered by the Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety (VCSCS) pursuant to § 9.1-184. 190 Such training standards shall include, but shall not be limited to, the role and responsibility of school 191 security officers, relevant state and federal laws, school and personal liability issues, security awareness 192 in the school environment, mediation and conflict resolution, disaster and emergency response, and 193 student behavioral dynamics. The Department shall establish an advisory committee consisting of local school board representatives, principals, superintendents, and school security personnel to assist in the 194 195 development of these the standards and certification requirements in this subdivision. The Department 196 shall require any school security officer who carries a firearm in the performance of his duties to 197 provide proof that he has completed a training course provided by a federal, state, or local 198 law-enforcement agency that includes training in active shooter emergency response, emergency 199 evacuation procedure, and threat assessment;

43. License and regulate property bail bondsmen and surety bail bondsmen in accordance withArticle 11 (§ 9.1-185 et seq.);

44. License and regulate bail enforcement agents in accordance with Article 12 (§ 9.1-186 et seq.);

45. In conjunction with the Virginia State Police and the State Compensation Board, advise criminal
justice agencies regarding the investigation, registration, and dissemination of information requirements
as they pertain to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry Act (§ 9.1-900 et seq.);

46. Establish minimum standards for (i) employment, (ii) job-entry and in-service training curricula, 206 207 and (iii) certification requirements for campus security officers. Such training standards shall include, but 208 not be limited to, the role and responsibility of campus security officers, relevant state and federal laws, 209 school and personal liability issues, security awareness in the campus environment, and disaster and 210 emergency response. The Department shall provide technical support and assistance to campus police 211 departments and campus security departments on the establishment and implementation of policies and 212 procedures, including but not limited to: the management of such departments, investigatory procedures, 213 judicial referrals, the establishment and management of databases for campus safety and security information sharing, and development of uniform record keeping for disciplinary records and statistics, 214 215 such as campus crime logs, judicial referrals and Clery Act statistics. The Department shall establish an 216 advisory committee consisting of college administrators, college police chiefs, college security 217 department chiefs, and local law-enforcement officials to assist in the development of the standards and 218 certification requirements and training pursuant to this subdivision;

47. Assess and report, in accordance with § 9.1-190, the crisis intervention team programs established
 pursuant to § 9.1-187;

48. In conjunction with the Office of the Attorney General, advise law-enforcement agencies and attorneys for the Commonwealth regarding the identification, investigation, and prosecution of human trafficking offenses using the common law and existing criminal statutes in the Code of Virginia;

49. Register tow truck drivers in accordance with § 46.2-116 and carry out the provisions of § 46.2-117;

50. Administer the activities of the Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Program Professional
 Standards Committee by providing technical assistance and administrative support, including staffing, for
 the Committee;

229 51. (Effective July 1, 2017) In accordance with § 9.1-102.1, design and approve the issuance of photo-identification cards to private security services registrants registered pursuant to Article 4
231 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.);

232 52. In consultation with the State Council of Higher Education for Virginia and the Virginia
 233 Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators, develop multidisciplinary curricula on
 234 trauma-informed sexual assault investigation; and

53. Perform such other acts as may be necessary or convenient for the effective performance of its duties.

237 § 18.2-308.1. Possession of firearm, stun weapon, or other weapon on school property 238 prohibited; penalty.

A. If any person knowingly possesses any (i) stun weapon as defined in this section; (ii) knife,
except a pocket knife having a folding metal blade of less than three inches; or (iii) weapon, including a
weapon of like kind, designated in subsection A of § 18.2-308, other than a firearm; upon (a) the
property of any public, private or religious elementary, middle or high school, including buildings and
grounds; (b) that portion of any property open to the public and then exclusively used for
school-sponsored functions or extracurricular activities while such functions or activities are taking

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place; or (c) any school bus owned or operated by any such school, he shall be is guilty of a Class 1misdemeanor.

B. If any person knowingly possesses any firearm designed or intended to expel a projectile by action of an explosion of a combustible material while such person is upon (i) any public, private or religious elementary, middle or high school, including buildings and grounds; (ii) that portion of any property open to the public and then exclusively used for school-sponsored functions or extracurricular activities while such functions or activities are taking place; or (iii) any school bus owned or operated by any such school, he shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

C. If any person knowingly possesses any firearm designed or intended to expel a projectile by
action of an explosion of a combustible material within a public, private or religious elementary, middle
or high school building and intends to use, or attempts to use, such firearm, or displays such weapon in
a threatening manner, such person shall be *is* guilty of a Class 6 felony and sentenced to a mandatory
minimum term of imprisonment of five years to be served consecutively with any other sentence.

258 The exemptions set out in §§ 18.2-308 and 18.2-308.016 shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to the 259 provisions of this section. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) persons who possess such 260 weapon or weapons as a part of the school's curriculum or activities; (ii) a person possessing a knife 261 customarily used for food preparation or service and using it for such purpose; (iii) persons who possess 262 such weapon or weapons as a part of any program sponsored or facilitated by either the school or any 263 organization authorized by the school to conduct its programs either on or off the school premises; (iv) 264 any law-enforcement officer, or retired law-enforcement officer qualified pursuant to subsection C of 265 § 18.2-308.016; (v) any person who possesses a knife or blade which he uses customarily in his trade; 266 (vi) a person who possesses an unloaded firearm that is in a closed container, or a knife having a metal 267 blade, in or upon a motor vehicle, or an unloaded shotgun or rifle in a firearms rack in or upon a motor 268 vehicle; (vii) a person who has a valid concealed handgun permit and possesses a concealed handgun 269 while in a motor vehicle in a parking lot, traffic circle, or other means of vehicular ingress or egress to 270 the school; or (viii) a school security officer authorized to carry a firearm pursuant to § 22.1-280.2:1; 271 or (ix) an armed security officer, licensed pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 272 9.1, hired by a private or religious school for the protection of students and employees as authorized by 273 such school. For the purposes of this paragraph, "weapon" includes a knife having a metal blade of three 274 inches or longer and "closed container" includes a locked vehicle trunk.

275 As used in this section:

276 "Stun weapon" means any device that emits a momentary or pulsed output, which is electrical,
277 audible, optical or electromagnetic in nature and which is designed to temporarily incapacitate a person.
278 § 22.1-280.2:1. Employment of school security officers.

279 Local school boards may employ school security officers, as defined in § 9.1-101 for the purposes set 280 forth therein. Such school security officer may carry a firearm in the performance of his duties if (i) within 10 years immediately prior to being hired by the local school board he was an active law-enforcement officer as defined in § 9.1-101 in the Commonwealth; (ii) he retired or resigned from 281 282 283 his position as a law-enforcement officer in good standing; (iii) he meets the training and qualifications 284 described in subsection C of § 18.2-308.016; (iv) he has provided proof of completion of a training 285 course that includes training in active shooter emergency response, emergency evacuation procedure, 286 and threat assessment to the Department of Criminal Justice Services pursuant to subdivision 42 of 287 § 9.1-102, provided that if he received such training from a local law-enforcement agency he received 288 the training in the locality in which he is employed; (v) the local school board solicits input from the 289 chief law-enforcement officer of the locality regarding the qualifications of the school security officer 290 and receives verification from such chief law-enforcement officer that the school security officer is not 291 prohibited by state or federal law from possessing, purchasing, or transporting a firearm; and (vi) the 292 local school board grants him the authority to carry a firearm in the performance of his duties.