2016 SESSION

ENGROSSED

	16104330D
1	SENATE BILL NO. 673
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Senate Amendments in [] — February 9, 2016 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 10.1-2500, 15.2-2403.3, 62.1-44.3, 62.1-44.5, 62.1-44.15, 62.1-44.15:24, 62.1-44.15:25, 62.1-44.15:27, 62.1-44.15:28, 62.1-44.15:29, 62.1-44.15:30, 62.1-44.15:31, 62.1-44.15:33, 62.1-44.15:34, 62.1-44.15:35, 62.1-44.15:37, 62.1-44.15:39, 62.1-44.15:40, 62.1-44.15:41, 62.1-44.15:46, 62.1-44.15:48 through 62.1-44.15:55, 62.1-44.15:57, 62.1-44.15:58, 62.1-44.15:60, 62.1-44.15:62 through 62.1-44.15:65, 62.1-44.15:69, 62.1-44.15:74, 62.1-44.19:22, 62.1-44.22, 62.1-44.23, 62.1-44.25, 62.1-44.26, 62.1-44.29, 62.1-44.31, and 62.1-44.32 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 62.1-44.15:25.1, 62.1-44.15:27.1, 62.1-44.15:29.1, and 62.1-44.15:51.1; and to repeal §§ 62.1-44.15:26, 62.1-44.15:32, 62.1-44.15:36, 62.1-44.15:38, 62.1-44.15:42 through 62.1-44.15:45, 62.1-44.15:47, 62.1-44.15:56, 62.1-44.15:61, and 62.1-44.15:71 of the Code of Virginia, relating to State Water Control Law, Erosion and Sediment Control Law, and Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act.
14 15	Patron Prior to Engrossment—Senator Hanger
16	
17 18	Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Natural Resources
19	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
20	1. That §§ 10.1-2500, 15.2-2403.3, 62.1-44.3, 62.1-44.5, 62.1-44.15, 62.1-44.15:24, 62.1-44.15:25,
21 22	62.1-44.15:27, 62.1-44.15:28, 62.1-44.15:29, 62.1-44.15:30, 62.1-44.15:31, 62.1-44.15:33, 62.1-44.15:34, 62.1-44.15:35, 62.1-44.15:37, 62.1-44.15:39, 62.1-44.15:40, 62.1-44.15:41, 62.1-44.15, 62.1-44.15, 62.1-44.15, 62.1-44.15, 62.1-44.15, 62
$\overline{23}$	62.1-44.15:46, $62.1-44.15:48$ through $62.1-44.15:55$, $62.1-44.15:57$, $62.1-44.15:58$, $62.1-44.15:60$,
24	62.1-44.15:62 through 62.1-44.15:65, 62.1-44.15:69, 62.1-44.15:74, 62.1-44.19:22, 62.1-44.22,
25 26	62.1-44.23, 62.1-44.25, 62.1-44.26, 62.1-44.29, 62.1-44.31, and 62.1-44.32 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered
27	62.1-44.15:25.1, 62.1-44.15:27.1, 62.1-44.15:29.1, and 62.1-44.15:51.1 as follows:
28	§ 10.1-2500. Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund established.
29 30	A. There is hereby established the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund, hereafter referred to as the Fund, to be used (i) for the purpose of emergency response to environmental pollution
31	incidents and for the development and implementation of corrective actions for pollution incidents, other
32 33	than pollution incidents addressed through the Virginia Underground Petroleum Storage Tank Fund, as described in § 62.1-44.34:11 of the State Water Control Law ₅ ; (ii) to conduct assessments of potential
33 34	sources of toxic contamination in accordance with the policy developed pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:10;
35	and (iii) to assist small businesses for the purposes described in § 10.1-1197.3.
36 37	B. The Fund shall be a nonlapsing revolving fund consisting of grants, general funds, and other such moneys as appropriated by the General Assembly, and moneys received by the State Treasurer for:
38	1. Noncompliance penalties assessed pursuant to § 10.1-1311, civil penalties assessed pursuant to
39	subsection B of § 10.1-1316, and civil charges assessed pursuant to subsection C of § 10.1-1316.
40 41	2. Civil penalties assessed pursuant to subsection C of § 10.1-1418.1, civil penalties assessed pursuant to subsections A and E of § 10.1-1455, and civil charges assessed pursuant to subsection F of
42	§ 10.1-1455.
43	3. Civil charges assessed pursuant to subdivision $\frac{8d}{8d}$ of § 62.1-44.15 and civil penalties assessed
44 45	pursuant to subsection (a) of § 62.1-44.32, excluding assessments made for violations of Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et
46	seq.), or 10 (§ 62.1-44.34:10 et seq.), of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1, or a regulation, administrative or
47 48	judicial order, or term or condition of approval relating to or issued under those articles. 4. Civil penalties and civil charges assessed pursuant to § 62.1-270.
40 49	5. Civil penalties assessed pursuant to subsection A of § 62.1-252 and civil charges assessed pursuant
50	to subsection B of § 62.1-252.
51 52	6. Civil penalties assessed in conjunction with special orders by the Director pursuant to § 10.1-1186 and by the Waste Management Board pursuant to subsection G of § 10.1-1455.
53	§ 15.2-2403.3. Stormwater service districts; allocation of revenues.
54	Any town located within a stormwater service district created pursuant to this chapter shall be
55 56	entitled to any revenues collected within the town pursuant to subdivision 6 of § 15.2-2403, subject to the limitations set forth therein, so long as the town maintains its own MS4 permit issued pursuant to
57	§ 62.1-44.15:26 municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) permit issued by the [Department of
58 50	Environmental Quality State Water Control Board] or maintains its own stormwater service district.
59	§ 62.1-44.3. Definitions.

8/2/22 5:16

60 Unless a different meaning is required by the context, the following terms as used in this chapter shall have the meanings hereinafter respectively ascribed to them: 61

62 "Beneficial use" means both instream and offstream uses. Instream beneficial uses include, but are 63 not limited to, the protection of fish and wildlife resources and habitat, maintenance of waste 64 assimilation, recreation, navigation, and cultural and aesthetic values. The preservation of instream flows 65 for purposes of the protection of navigation, maintenance of waste assimilation capacity, the protection 66 of fish and wildlife resources and habitat, recreation, cultural and aesthetic values is an instream beneficial use of Virginia's waters. Offstream beneficial uses include, but are not limited to, domestic 67 (including public water supply), agricultural uses, electric power generation, commercial, and industrial 68 69 uses.

- 70 "Board" means the State Water Control Board.
- 71 "Certificate" means any certificate or permit issued by the Board.
- 72 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.
- 73 "Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

"Establishment" means any industrial establishment, mill, factory, tannery, paper or pulp mill, mine, 74 75 coal mine, colliery, breaker or coal-processing operations, quarry, oil refinery, boat, vessel, and every other industry or plant or works the operation of which produces industrial wastes or other wastes or 76 77 which may otherwise alter the physical, chemical or biological properties of any state waters.

78 "Excavate" or "excavation" means ditching, dredging, or mechanized removal of earth, soil or rock.

79 "Industrial wastes" means liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, 80 trade, or business or from the development of any natural resources.

"Land-disturbance approval" means an approval allowing a land-disturbing activity to commence 81 issued by (i) a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program authority after the requirements 82 of § 62.1-44.15:34 have been met or (ii) a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority after the requirements of § 62.1-44.15:55 have been met. 83 84

"The law" or "this law" means the law contained in this chapter as now existing or hereafter 85 86 amended. 87

"Member" means a member of the Board.

88 "Municipal separate storm sewer" means a conveyance or system of conveyances otherwise known as a municipal separate storm sewer system or "MS4," including roads with drainage systems, municipal 89 90 streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains, that is:

91 1. Owned or operated by a federal entity, state, city, town, county, district, association, or other 92 public body, created by or pursuant to state law, having jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial 93 wastes, stormwater, or other wastes, including a special district under state law such as a sewer district, 94 flood control district, drainage district or similar entity, or a designated and approved management agency under § 208 of the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.) that discharges to surface 95 96 waters:

2. Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;

3. Not a combined sewer; and,

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4. Not part of a publicly owned treatment works.

"Normal agricultural activities" means those activities defined as an agricultural operation in 100 § 3.2-300 and any activity that is conducted as part of or in furtherance of such agricultural operation 101 102 but shall not include any activity for which a permit would have been required as of January 1, 1997, 103 under 33 U.S.C. § 1344 or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

"Normal silvicultural activities" means any silvicultural activity as defined in § 10.1-1181.1 and any 104 activity that is conducted as part of or in furtherance of such silvicultural activity but shall not include 105 any activity for which a permit would have been required as of January 1, 1997, under 33 U.S.C. 106 § 1344 or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto. 107

108 "Other wastes" means decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark, lime, garbage, refuse, ashes, offal, tar, 109 oil, chemicals, and all other substances except industrial wastes and sewage which may cause pollution 110 in any state waters.

"Owner" means the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions, including but not limited to 111 112 sanitation district commissions and authorities and any public or private institution, corporation, association, firm, or company organized or existing under the laws of this or any other state or country, 113 114 or any officer or agency of the United States, or any person or group of persons acting individually or as a group that owns, operates, charters, rents, or otherwise exercises control over or is responsible for 115 116 any actual or potential discharge of sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes to state waters, or any facility or operation that has the capability to alter the physical, chemical, or biological properties of 117 state waters in contravention of § 62.1-44.5. 118

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, governmental body, municipal 119 120 corporation, or any other legal entity.

"Policies" means policies established under subdivisions (3a) and (3b) of § 62.1-44.15. 121

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122 "Pollution" means such alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of any state 123 waters as will or is likely to create a nuisance or render such waters (a) harmful or detrimental or 124 injurious to the public health, safety, or welfare or to the health of animals, fish, or aquatic life; (b) 125 unsuitable with reasonable treatment for use as present or possible future sources of public water supply; 126 or (c) unsuitable for recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural, or other reasonable uses, provided 127 that (i) an alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological property of state waters or a discharge or 128 deposit of sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes to state waters by any owner which by itself is not 129 sufficient to cause pollution but which, in combination with such alteration of or discharge or deposit to 130 state waters by other owners, is sufficient to cause pollution; (ii) the discharge of untreated sewage by 131 any owner into state waters; and (iii) contributing to the contravention of standards of water quality duly established by the Board, are "pollution" for the terms and purposes of this chapter. 132

"Pretreatment requirements" means any requirements arising under the Board's pretreatment
regulations including the duty to allow or carry out inspections, entry, or monitoring activities; any rules,
regulations, or orders issued by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works; or any reporting
requirements imposed by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works or by the regulations of the
Board.

138 "Pretreatment standards" means any standards of performance or other requirements imposed by139 regulation of the Board upon an industrial user of a publicly owned treatment works.

140 "Reclaimed water" means water resulting from the treatment of domestic, municipal, or industrial
141 wastewater that is suitable for a direct beneficial or controlled use that would not otherwise occur.
142 Specifically excluded from this definition is "gray water."

143 "Reclamation" means the treatment of domestic, municipal, or industrial wastewater or sewage to 144 produce reclaimed water for a direct beneficial or controlled use that would not otherwise occur.

145 "Regulation" means a regulation issued under *subdivision (10) of* § 62.1-44.15 (10).

146 "Reuse" means the use of reclaimed water for a direct beneficial use or a controlled use that is in 147 accordance with the requirements of the Board.

148 "Rule" means a rule adopted by the Board to regulate the procedure of the Board pursuant to **149** subdivision (7) of § 62.1-44.15 (7).

150 "Ruling" means a ruling issued under *subdivision (9) of §* 62.1-44.15 (9).

"Sewage" means the water-carried human wastes from residences, buildings, industrial establishments
 or other places together with such industrial wastes and underground, surface, storm, or other water as
 may be present.

154 "Sewage treatment works" or "treatment works" means any device or system used in the storage, 155 treatment, disposal, or reclamation of sewage or combinations of sewage and industrial wastes, including 156 but not limited to pumping, power, and other equipment, and appurtenances, and any works, including 157 land, that are or will be (i) an integral part of the treatment process or (ii) used for the ultimate disposal 158 of residues or effluent resulting from such treatment. These terms shall not include onsite sewage 159 systems or alternative discharging sewage systems.

"Sewerage system" means pipelines or conduits, pumping stations, and force mains, and all other
construction, devices, and appliances appurtenant thereto, used for conducting sewage or industrial
wastes or other wastes to a point of ultimate disposal.

163 "Special order" means a special order issued under subdivisions (8a), (8b), and (8c) of § 62.1-44.15.

164 "Standards" means standards established under subdivisions (3a) and (3b) of § 62.1-44.15.

165 "State waters" means all water, on the surface and under the ground, wholly or partially within or166 bordering the Commonwealth or within its jurisdiction, including wetlands.

"Wetlands" means those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a
frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a
prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally
include swamps, marshes, bogs and similar areas.

171 § 62.1-44.5. Prohibition of waste discharges or other quality alterations of state waters except as 172 authorized by permit; notification required.

A. Except in compliance with a certificate, *land-disturbance approval*, or permit issued by the Board or other entity authorized by the Board to issue a certificate, *land-disturbance approval*, or permit pursuant to this chapter, it shall be unlawful for any person to:

176 1. Discharge into state waters sewage, industrial wastes, other wastes, or any noxious or deleterious177 substances;

2. Excavate in a wetland;

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179 3. Otherwise alter the physical, chemical, or biological properties of state waters and make them
180 detrimental to the public health, or to animal or aquatic life, or to the uses of such waters for domestic
181 or industrial consumption, or for recreation, or for other uses; or

182 4. On and after October 1, 2001, conduct the following activities in a wetland:

183 a. New activities to cause draining that significantly alters or degrades existing wetland acreage or 184 functions:

185 b. Filling or dumping;

186 c. Permanent flooding or impounding; or

d. New activities that cause significant alteration or degradation of existing wetland acreage or 187 188 functions- or

189 5. Discharge stormwater into state waters from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems or land 190 disturbing activities.

191 B. Any person in violation of the provisions of subsection A who discharges or causes or allows (i) 192 a discharge of sewage, industrial waste, other wastes, or any noxious or deleterious substance into or 193 upon state waters or (ii) a discharge that may reasonably be expected to enter state waters shall, upon learning of the discharge, promptly notify, but in no case later than 24 hours the Board, the Director of 194 195 the Department of Environmental Quality, or the coordinator of emergency services appointed pursuant to § 44-146.19 for the political subdivision reasonably expected to be affected by the discharge. Written 196 197 notice to the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality shall follow initial notice within the 198 time frame specified by the federal Clean Water Act. 199

§ 62.1-44.15. Powers and duties; civil penalties.

200 It shall be the duty of the Board and it shall have the authority:

(1) [Repealed.]

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202 (2) To study and investigate all problems concerned with the quality of state waters and to make 203 reports and recommendations.

204 (2a) To study and investigate methods, procedures, devices, appliances, and technologies that could 205 assist in water conservation or water consumption reduction.

(2b) To coordinate its efforts toward water conservation with other persons or groups, within or 206 207 without the Commonwealth.

208 (2c) To make reports concerning, and formulate recommendations based upon, any such water 209 conservation studies to ensure that present and future water needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth 210 are met.

211 (3a) To establish such standards of quality and policies for any state waters consistent with the 212 general policy set forth in this chapter, and to modify, amend, or cancel any such standards or policies 213 established and to take all appropriate steps to prevent quality alteration contrary to the public interest or 214 to standards or policies thus established, except that a description of provisions of any proposed standard 215 or policy adopted by regulation which are more restrictive than applicable federal requirements, together with the reason why the more restrictive provisions are needed, shall be provided to the standing 216 committee of each house of the General Assembly to which matters relating to the content of the 217 standard or policy are most properly referable. The Board shall, from time to time, but at least once 218 219 every three years, hold public hearings pursuant to § 2.2-4007.01 but, upon the request of an affected 220 person or upon its own motion, hold hearings pursuant to § 2.2-4009, for the purpose of reviewing the standards of quality, and, as appropriate, adopting, modifying, or canceling such standards. Whenever 221 222 the Board considers the adoption, modification, amendment, or cancellation of any standard, it shall give 223 due consideration to, among other factors, the economic and social costs and benefits which can reasonably be expected to obtain as a consequence of the standards as adopted, modified, amended, or 224 225 cancelled. The Board shall also give due consideration to the public health standards issued by the 226 Virginia Department of Health with respect to issues of public health policy and protection. If the Board 227 does not follow the public health standards of the Virginia Department of Health, the Board's reason for 228 any deviation shall be made in writing and published for any and all concerned parties.

229 (3b) Except as provided in subdivision (3a), such standards and policies are to be adopted or 230 modified, amended, or cancelled in the manner provided by the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 231 et seq.).

232 (4) To conduct or have conducted scientific experiments, investigations, studies, and research to 233 discover methods for maintaining water quality consistent with the purposes of this chapter. To this end 234 the Board may cooperate with any public or private agency in the conduct of such experiments, investigations, and research and may receive in behalf of the Commonwealth any moneys that any such 235 236 agency may contribute as its share of the cost under any such cooperative agreement. Such moneys shall 237 be used only for the purposes for which they are contributed and any balance remaining after the 238 conclusion of the experiments, investigations, studies, and research, shall be returned to the contributors.

239 (5) To issue, revoke, or amend certificates and land-disturbance approvals under prescribed 240 conditions for: (a) the discharge of sewage, stormwater, industrial wastes, and other wastes into or adjacent to state waters; (b) the alteration otherwise of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of 241 state waters; (c) excavation in a wetland; or (d) on and after October 1, 2001, the conduct of the 242 243 following activities in a wetland: (i) new activities to cause draining that significantly alters or degrades 244 existing wetland acreage or functions, (ii) filling or dumping, (iii) permanent flooding or impounding, or

245 (iv) new activities that cause significant alteration or degradation of existing wetland acreage or 246 functions. However, to the extent allowed by federal law, any person holding a certificate issued by the 247 Board that is intending to upgrade the permitted facility by installing technology, control equipment, or 248 other apparatus that the permittee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Director will result in improved 249 energy efficiency, reduction in the amount of nutrients discharged, and improved water quality shall not 250 be required to obtain a new, modified, or amended permit. The permit holder shall provide the 251 demonstration anticipated by this subdivision to the Department no later than 30 days prior to 252 commencing construction.

253 (5a) All certificates issued by the Board under this chapter shall have fixed terms. The term of a 254 Virginia Pollution Discharge Elimination System permit shall not exceed five years. The term of a 255 Virginia Water Protection Permit shall be based upon the projected duration of the project, the length of 256 any required monitoring, or other project operations or permit conditions; however, the term shall not 257 exceed 15 years. The term of a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit shall not exceed 10 years, except 258 that the term of a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit for confined animal feeding operations shall be 259 10 years. The Department of Environmental Quality shall inspect all facilities for which a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit has been issued to ensure compliance with statutory, regulatory, and permit 260 261 requirements. Department personnel performing inspections of confined animal feeding operations shall 262 be certified under the voluntary nutrient management training and certification program established in 263 § 10.1-104.2. The term of a certificate issued by the Board shall not be extended by modification 264 beyond the maximum duration and the certificate shall expire at the end of the term unless an 265 application for a new permit has been timely filed as required by the regulations of the Board and the 266 Board is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue a new permit before the expiration date of 267 the previous permit.

(5b) Any certificate *or land-disturbance approval* issued by the Board under this chapter may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, be amended or revoked on any of the following grounds or for good cause as may be provided by the regulations of the Board:

1. The owner has violated any regulation or order of the Board, any condition of a certificate or *land-disturbance approval*, any provision of this chapter, or any order of a court, where such violation results in a release of harmful substances into the environment or, poses a substantial threat of release of harmful substances into the environment, *causes unreasonable property degradation*, or presents a hazard to human health or the violation is representative of a pattern of serious or repeated violations which, in the opinion of the Board, demonstrates the owner's disregard for or inability to comply with applicable laws, regulations, or requirements;

278 2. The owner has failed to disclose fully all relevant material facts or has misrepresented a material fact in applying for a certificate *or land-disturbance approval*, or in any other report or document required under this law or under the regulations of the Board;

281 3. The activity for which the certificate or land-disturbance approval was issued endangers human health or the environment or causes unreasonable property degradation and can be regulated to acceptable levels or practices by amendment or revocation of the certificate or land-disturbance approval; or

4. There exists a material change in the basis on which the *certificate*, *land-disturbance approval*, or permit was issued that requires either a temporary or a permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge or *land-disturbing activity* controlled by the certificate, *land-disturbance approval*, or permit necessary to protect human health or the environment or stop or prevent unreasonable degradation of property.

(5c) Any certificate issued by the Board under this chapter relating to dredging projects governed 290 291 under Chapter 12 (§ 28.2-1200 et seq.) or Chapter 13 (§ 28.2-1300 et seq.) of Title 28.2 may be 292 conditioned upon a demonstration of financial responsibility for the completion of compensatory 293 mitigation requirements. Financial responsibility may be demonstrated by a letter of credit, a certificate 294 of deposit, or a performance bond executed in a form approved by the Board. If the U.S. Army Corps 295 of Engineers requires demonstration of financial responsibility for the completion of compensatory mitigation required for a particular project, then the mechanism and amount approved by the U.S. Army 296 297 Corps of Engineers shall be used to meet this requirement.

298 (6) To make investigations and inspections, to ensure compliance with the conditions of any 299 certificates, *land-disturbance approvals*, standards, policies, rules, regulations, rulings, and special orders 300 which that it may adopt, issue, or establish, and to furnish advice, recommendations, or instructions for 301 the purpose of obtaining such compliance. In recognition of §§ 32.1-164 and 62.1-44.18, the Board and 302 the State Department of Health shall enter into a memorandum of understanding establishing a common 303 format to consolidate and simplify inspections of sewage treatment plants and coordinate the scheduling 304 of the inspections. The new format shall ensure that all sewage treatment plants are inspected at 305 appropriate intervals in order to protect water quality and public health and at the same time avoid any

306 unnecessary administrative burden on those being inspected.

307 (7) To adopt rules governing the procedure of the Board with respect to: (a) hearings; (b) the filing
308 of reports; (c) the issuance of certificates and special orders; and (d) all other matters relating to
309 procedure; and to amend or cancel any rule adopted. Public notice of every rule adopted under this
310 section shall be by such means as the Board may prescribe.

311 (8a) Except as otherwise provided in Articles 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 312 et seq.) subdivision (19) and Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), to issue special orders to owners (i), including owners as defined in § 62.1-44.15:24, who (i) are permitting or causing the pollution, as 313 314 defined by § 62.1-44.3, of state waters or the unreasonable degradation of property to cease and desist 315 from such pollution or degradation, (ii) who have failed to construct facilities in accordance with final approved plans and specifications to construct such facilities in accordance with final approved plans 316 317 and specifications, (iii) who have violated the terms and provisions of a certificate or land-disturbance 318 approval issued by the Board to comply with such terms and provisions, (iv) who have failed to comply 319 with a directive from the Board to comply with such directive, (v) who have contravened duly adopted 320 and promulgated water quality standards and policies to cease and desist from such contravention and to 321 comply with such water quality standards and policies, (vi) who have violated the terms and provisions 322 of a pretreatment permit issued by the Board or by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works to 323 comply with such terms and provisions, or (vii) who have contravened any applicable pretreatment 324 standard or requirement to comply with such standard or requirement; and also to issue such orders to 325 require any owner to comply with the provisions of this chapter and any decision of the Board. Except 326 as otherwise provided by a separate article, orders issued pursuant to this subsection subdivision may 327 include civil penalties of up to \$32,500 per violation, not to exceed \$100,000 per order. The Board may 328 assess penalties under this subsection subdivision if (a) the person has been issued at least two written 329 notices of alleged violation by the Department for the same or substantially related violations at the 330 same site, (b) such violations have not been resolved by demonstration that there was no violation, by 331 an order issued by the Board or the Director, or by other means, (c) at least 130 days have passed since 332 the issuance of the first notice of alleged violation, and (d) there is a finding that such violations have 333 occurred after a hearing conducted in accordance with subdivision (8b). The actual amount of any 334 penalty assessed shall be based upon the severity of the violations, the extent of any potential or actual 335 environmental harm, the compliance history of the facility or person, any economic benefit realized from 336 the noncompliance, and the ability of the person to pay the penalty. The Board shall provide the person 337 with the calculation for the proposed penalty prior to any hearing conducted for the issuance of an order 338 that assesses penalties pursuant to this subsection subdivision. The issuance of a notice of alleged 339 violation by the Department shall not be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001. Any notice 340 of alleged violation shall include a description of each violation, the specific provision of law violated, 341 and information on the process for obtaining a final decision or fact finding from the Department on 342 whether or not a violation has occurred, and nothing in this section shall preclude an owner from 343 seeking such a determination. Such civil penalties shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by 344 the State Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.), 345 except that civil penalties assessed for violations of Article 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.) or Article 11 (§ 62.1-44.34:14 et seq.) shall be paid into the Virginia Petroleum Storage Tank Fund in accordance 346 with § 62.1-44.34:11, and except that civil penalties assessed for violations of subdivision (19) or Article 347 348 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) shall be paid into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund in accordance with 349 the provisions of § 62.1-44.15:48 62.1-44.15:29.1.

350 (8b) Such special orders are to be issued only after a hearing before a hearing officer appointed by 351 the Supreme Court in accordance with § 2.2-4020 or, if requested by the person, before a quorum of the Board with at least 30 days' notice to the affected owners, of the time, place, and purpose thereof, and 352 353 they shall become effective not less than 15 days after service as provided in § 62.1-44.12;, provided 354 that if the Board finds that any such owner is grossly affecting or presents an imminent and substantial danger to (i) the public health, safety, or welfare, or the health of animals, fish, or aquatic life; (ii) a 355 356 public water supply; or (iii) recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural, or other reasonable uses, it 357 may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency special order directing the owner to cease 358 such pollution or discharge immediately, and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after reasonable 359 notice as to the time and place thereof to the owner, to affirm, modify, amend, or cancel such 360 emergency special order. If an owner who has been issued such a special order or an emergency special 361 order is not complying with the terms thereof, the Board may proceed in accordance with § 62.1-44.23, and where the order is based on a finding of an imminent and substantial danger, the court shall issue 362 363 an injunction compelling compliance with the emergency special order pending a hearing by the Board. 364 If an emergency special order requires cessation of a discharge, the Board shall provide an opportunity 365 for a hearing within 48 hours of the issuance of the injunction.

(8c) The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the Board may proceed directly under§ 62.1-44.32 for any past violation or violations of any provision of this chapter or any regulation duly

368 promulgated hereunder.

369 (8d) With Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (19), subdivision 2 of § 62.1-44.15:25, or 370 § 62.1-44.15:63, with the consent of any owner who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey 371 any regulation or order of the Board, any condition of a certificate, land-disturbance approval, or 372 permit, or any provision of this chapter, the Board may provide, in an order issued by the Board against 373 such person, for the payment of civil charges for past violations in specific sums not to exceed the limit 374 specified in subsection (a) of § 62.1-44.32 (a). Such civil charges shall be instead of any appropriate 375 civil penalty which could be imposed under subsection (a) of § 62.1-44.32 (a) and shall not be subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. Such civil charges shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the 376 377 State Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.), 378 excluding civil charges assessed for violations of Article 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.) or 10 379 (§ 62.1-44.34:10 et seq.) of Chapter 3.1, or a regulation, administrative or judicial order, or term or 380 condition of approval relating to or issued under those articles, or civil charges assessed for violations of Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), or 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) or a regulation, administrative or 381 382 judicial order, or term or condition of approval relating to or issued under that article Article 2.3 or 2.5. 383 The amendments to this section adopted by the 1976 Session of the General Assembly shall not be 384 construed as limiting or expanding any cause of action or any other remedy possessed by the Board

385 prior to the effective date of said amendments.

(8e) The Board shall develop and provide an opportunity for public comment on guidelines and procedures that contain specific criteria for calculating the appropriate penalty for each violation based upon the severity of the violations, the extent of any potential or actual environmental harm, the compliance history of the facility or person, any economic benefit realized from the noncompliance, and the ability of the person to pay the penalty.

391 (8f) Before issuing a special order under subdivision (8a) or by consent under (8d), with or without 392 an assessment of a civil penalty, to an owner of a sewerage system requiring corrective action to prevent 393 or minimize overflows of sewage from such system, the Board shall provide public notice of and 394 reasonable opportunity to comment on the proposed order. Any such order under subdivision (8d) may 395 impose civil penalties in amounts up to the maximum amount authorized in § 309(g) of the Clean Water 396 Act. Any person who comments on the proposed order shall be given notice of any hearing to be held 397 on the terms of the order. In any hearing held, such person shall have a reasonable opportunity to be 398 heard and to present evidence. If no hearing is held before issuance of an order under subdivision (8d), 399 any person who commented on the proposed order may file a petition, within 30 days after the issuance 400 of such order, requesting the Board to set aside such order and provide a formal hearing thereon. If the 401 evidence presented by the petitioner in support of the petition is material and was not considered in the 402 issuance of the order, the Board shall immediately set aside the order, provide a formal hearing, and 403 make such petitioner a party. If the Board denies the petition, the Board shall provide notice to the 404 petitioner and make available to the public the reasons for such denial, and the petitioner shall have the 405 right to judicial review of such decision under § 62.1-44.29 if he meets the requirements thereof.

406 (9) To make such rulings under §§ 62.1-44.16, 62.1-44.17, and 62.1-44.19 as may be required upon
407 requests or applications to the Board, the owner or owners affected to be notified by certified mail as
408 soon as practicable after the Board makes them and such rulings to become effective upon such
409 notification.

(10) To adopt such regulations as it deems necessary to enforce the general *soil erosion control and stormwater management program and* water quality management program of the Board in all or part of the Commonwealth, except that a description of provisions of any proposed regulation which are more restrictive than applicable federal requirements, together with the reason why the more restrictive provisions are needed, shall be provided to the standing committee of each house of the General Assembly to which matters relating to the content of the regulation are most properly referable.

416 (11) To investigate any large-scale killing of fish.

417 (a) Whenever the Board shall determine that any owner, whether or not he shall have been issued a 418 certificate for discharge of waste, has discharged sewage, industrial waste, or other waste into state 419 waters in such quantity, concentration, or manner that fish are killed as a result thereof, it may effect 420 such settlement with the owner as will cover the costs incurred by the Board and by the Department of 421 Game and Inland Fisheries in investigating such killing of fish, plus the replacement value of the fish 422 destroyed, or as it deems proper, and if no such settlement is reached within a reasonable time, the 423 Board shall authorize its executive secretary to bring a civil action in the name of the Board to recover 424 from the owner such costs and value, plus any court or other legal costs incurred in connection with 425 such action.

426 (b) If the owner is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth, the action may be brought in any
427 circuit court within the territory embraced by such political subdivision. If the owner is an
428 establishment, as defined in this chapter, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the city or the

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429 circuit court of the county in which such establishment is located. If the owner is an individual or group430 of individuals, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the city or circuit court of the county in431 which such person or any of them reside.

(c) For the purposes of this subsection the State Water Control Board shall be deemed the owner of
the fish killed and the proceedings shall be as though the State Water Control Board were the owner of
the fish. The fact that the owner has or held a certificate issued under this chapter shall not be raised as
a defense in bar to any such action.

(d) The proceeds of any recovery had under this subsection shall, when received by the Board, be
applied, first, to reimburse the Board for any expenses incurred in investigating such killing of fish. The
balance shall be paid to the Board of Game and Inland Fisheries to be used for the fisheries'
management practices as in its judgment will best restore or replace the fisheries' values lost as a result
of such discharge of waste, including, where appropriate, replacement of the fish killed with game fish
or other appropriate species. Any such funds received are hereby appropriated for that purpose.

(e) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed in any way to limit or prevent any other actionwhich is now authorized by law by the Board against any owner.

(f) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any owner who
adds or applies any chemicals or other substances that are recommended or approved by the State
Department of Health to state waters in the course of processing or treating such waters for public water
supply purposes, except where negligence is shown.

448 (12) To administer programs of financial assistance for planning, construction, operation, and449 maintenance of water quality control facilities for political subdivisions in the Commonwealth.

(13) To establish policies and programs for effective area-wide or basin-wide water quality control and management. The Board may develop comprehensive pollution abatement and water quality control plans on an area-wide or basin-wide basis. In conjunction with this, the Board, when considering proposals for waste treatment facilities, is to consider the feasibility of combined or joint treatment facilities and is to ensure that the approval of waste treatment facilities is in accordance with the water quality management and pollution control plan in the watershed or basin as a whole. In making such determinations, the Board is to seek the advice of local, regional, or state planning authorities.

(14) To establish requirements for the treatment of sewage, industrial wastes, and other wastes that
are consistent with the purposes of this chapter; however, no treatment shall be less than secondary or
its equivalent, unless the owner can demonstrate that a lesser degree of treatment is consistent with the
purposes of this chapter.

461 (15) To promote and establish requirements for the reclamation and reuse of wastewater that are 462 protective of state waters and public health as an alternative to directly discharging pollutants into waters 463 of the state. The requirements shall address various potential categories of reuse and may include 464 general permits and provide for greater flexibility and less stringent requirements commensurate with the 465 quality of the reclaimed water and its intended use. The requirements shall be developed in consultation 466 with the Department of Health and other appropriate state agencies. This authority shall not be construed 467 as conferring upon the Board any power or duty duplicative of those of the State Board of Health.

(16) To establish and implement policies and programs to protect and enhance the Commonwealth's
wetland resources. Regulatory programs shall be designed to achieve no net loss of existing wetland
acreage and functions. Voluntary and incentive-based programs shall be developed to achieve a net
resource gain in acreage and functions of wetlands. The Board shall seek and obtain advice and
guidance from the Virginia Institute of Marine Science in implementing these policies and programs.

473 (17) To establish additional procedures for obtaining a Virginia Water Protection Permit pursuant to 474 §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 for a proposed water withdrawal involving the transfer of water 475 resources between major river basins within the Commonwealth that may impact water basins in another 476 state. Such additional procedures shall not apply to any water withdrawal in existence as of July 1, 477 2012, except where the expansion of such withdrawal requires a permit under §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 478 62.1-44.15:22, in which event such additional procedures may apply to the extent of the expanded 479 withdrawal only. The applicant shall provide as part of the application (i) an analysis of alternatives to 480 such a transfer, (ii) a comprehensive analysis of the impacts that would occur in the source and 481 receiving basins, (iii) a description of measures to mitigate any adverse impacts that may arise, (iv) a 482 description of how notice shall be provided to interested parties, and (v) any other requirements that the 483 Board may adopt that are consistent with the provisions of this section and §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 or regulations adopted thereunder. This subdivision shall not be construed as limiting or 484 485 expanding the Board's authority under §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 to issue permits and impose conditions or limitations on the permitted activity. 486

(18) To be the lead agency for the Commonwealth's nonpoint source pollution management program,
including coordination of the nonpoint source control elements of programs developed pursuant to
certain state and federal laws, including § 319 of the federal Clean Water Act and § 6217 of the federal
Coastal Zone Management Act. Further responsibilities include the adoption of regulations necessary to

491 implement a nonpoint source pollution management program in the Commonwealth, the distribution of **492** assigned funds, the identification and establishment of priorities to address nonpoint source related water 493 quality problems, the administration of the Statewide Nonpoint Source Advisory Committee, and the 494 development of a program for the prevention and control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and 495 nonagricultural runoff to conserve Virginia's natural resources.

496 (19) To review for compliance with the provisions of this chapter the Virginia Erosion and 497 Stormwater Management Programs adopted by localities pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27, the Virginia **498** Erosion and Sediment Control Programs adopted by localities pursuant to subdivision B 3 of 499 § 62.1-44.15:27, and the programs adopted by localities pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation 500 Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). The Board shall develop and implement a schedule for conducting such 501 program reviews as often as necessary but at least once every five years. Following the completion of a 502 compliance review in which deficiencies are found, the Board shall establish a schedule for the locality 503 to follow in correcting the deficiencies and bringing its program into compliance. If the locality fails to 504 bring its program into compliance in accordance with the compliance schedule, then the Board is 505 authorized to (i) issue a special order to any locality imposing a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per 506 violation with the maximum amount not to exceed \$50,000 per order for noncompliance with the state 507 program, to be paid into the state treasury and deposited in the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund 508 established in § 62.1-44.15:29.1 or (ii) with the consent of the locality, provide in an order issued 509 against the locality for the payment of civil charges for violations in lieu of civil penalties, in specific 510 sums not to exceed the limit stated in this subdivision. Such civil charges shall be in lieu of any 511 appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under subsection (a) of § 62.1-44.32 and shall not be 512 subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. The Board shall not delegate to the Department its authority to 513 issue special orders pursuant to clause (i). In lieu of issuing an order, the Board is authorized to take legal action against a locality pursuant to § 62.1-44.23 to ensure compliance. 514

Article 2.3.

Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Act (VESMA).

§ 62.1-44.15:24. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

519 "Agreement in lieu of a stormwater management plan" means a contract between the VESMP 520 authority or the Board acting as a VSMP authority and the owner or permittee that specifies methods 521 that shall be implemented to comply with the requirements of a VSMP this article for the construction 522 of a single-family residence detached residential structure; such contract may be executed by the VSMP 523 VESMP authority in lieu of a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan [or by the Board 524 acting as a VSMP authority in lieu of a stormwater management plan].

525 "Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act land-disturbing activity" means a land-disturbing activity including 526 elearing, grading, or excavation that results in a land disturbance equal to or greater than 2,500 square 527 feet and less than one acre in all areas of jurisdictions designated as subject to the regulations adopted 528 pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation provisions of this chapter.

529 "Applicant" means any person submitting a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan [530 to a VESMP authority, or a stormwater management plan to the Board when it is serving as a VSMP 531 authority,] for approval in order to obtain authorization to commence a land-disturbing activity.

532 "CWA" means the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.), formerly referred to as the 533 Federal Water Pollution Control Act or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, P.L. 534 92-500, as amended by P.L. 95-217, P.L. 95-576, P.L. 96-483, and P.L. 97-117, or any subsequent 535 revisions thereto. 536

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

538 "Erosion impact area" means an area of land that is not associated with a current land-disturbing 539 activity but is subject to persistent soil erosion resulting in the delivery of sediment onto neighboring 540 properties or into state waters. This definition shall not apply to any lot or parcel of land of 10,000 541 square feet or less used for residential purposes or any shoreline where the erosion results from wave 542 action or other coastal processes.

543 "Flooding" means a volume of water that is too great to be confined within the banks or walls of the 544 stream, water body, or conveyance system and that overflows onto adjacent lands, thereby causing or 545 threatening damage.

"Land disturbance" or "land-disturbing activity" means a man-made change to the land surface that 546 547 potentially changes may result in soil erosion or has the potential to change its runoff characteristics, 548 including construction activity such as the clearing, grading, or excavation, except that the term shall not 549 include those exemptions specified in § 62.1-44.15:34 excavating, or filling of land.

550 "Land-disturbance approval" means the same as that term is defined in § 62.1-44.3.

"Municipal separate storm sewer" or "MS4" means a conveyance or system of conveyances otherwise 551

552 known as a municipal separate storm sewer system or "MS4," including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains: 553

554 1. Owned or operated by a federal, state, city, town, county, district, association, or other public 555 body, created by or pursuant to state law, having jurisdiction or delegated authority for erosion and 556 sediment control and stormwater management, or a designated and approved management agency under § 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters; 557

558 2. Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;

559 3. That is not a combined sewer; and

560 4. That is not part of a publicly owned treatment works the same as that term is defined in 561 § 62.1-44.3.

562 "Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Management Program" means a management program covering the duration of a state permit for a municipal separate storm sewer system that includes a 563 564 comprehensive planning process that involves public participation and intergovernmental coordination, to reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to 565 satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the CWA and regulations, and this article and its 566 567 attendant regulations, using management practices, control techniques, and system, design, and 568 engineering methods, and such other provisions that are appropriate.

569 "Natural channel design concepts" means the utilization of engineering analysis and fluvial geomorphic processes to create, rehabilitate, restore, or stabilize an open conveyance system for the 570 purpose of creating or recreating a stream that conveys its bankfull storm event within its banks and 571 572 allows larger flows to access its bankfull bench and its floodplain.

573 "Nonpoint source pollution" means pollution such as sediment, nitrogen, phosphorus, hydrocarbons, heavy metals, and toxics whose sources cannot be pinpointed but rather are washed from the land 574 575 surface in a diffuse manner by stormwater runoff.

"Owner" means the same as that term is defined in § 62.1-44.3. For a regulated land-disturbing 576 577 activity that does not require a permit, "owner" also means the owner or owners of the freehold of the 578 premises or lesser estate therein, mortgagee or vendee in possession, assignee of rents, receiver, 579 executor, trustee, lessee, or other person, firm, or corporation in control of a property.

580 "Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a prescribed design storm at a 581 particular location.

582 "Permit" or "VSMP authority permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued 583 by the VSMP authority for the initiation of a land-disturbing activity after evidence of state VSMP general permit coverage has been provided where applicable a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination 584 585 System (VPDES) permit issued by the Board pursuant to § 62.1-44.15 for stormwater discharges from a 586 land-disturbing activity or MS4. 587

"Permittee" means the person to which whom the permit or state permit is issued.

588 "Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a 589 prescribed storm event.

590 "State permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued by the Board in the 591 form of a state stormwater individual permit or coverage issued under a state general permit or an 592 approval issued by the Board for stormwater discharges from an MS4. Under these permits, the 593 Commonwealth imposes and enforces requirements pursuant to the federal Clean Water Act and 594 regulations and this article and its attendant regulations.

595 "Soil erosion" means the movement of soil by wind or water into state waters or onto lands in the 596 *Commonwealth.*

597 "Soil Erosion Control and Stormwater Management plan" or "plan" means a document describing **598** methods for controlling soil erosion and managing stormwater in accordance with the requirements 599 adopted pursuant to this article.

Stormwater," for the purposes of this article, means precipitation that is discharged across the land 600 601 surface or through conveyances to one or more waterways and that may include stormwater runoff, 602 snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.

"Stormwater management plan" means a document containing material describing methods for 603 604 complying with the requirements of a VSMP. 605

"Subdivision" means the same as *that term is* defined in § 15.2-2201.

"Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program" or "VESCP" means a program approved by the 606 607 Board that is established by a VESCP authority pursuant to Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and nonagricultural runoff associated with a 608 land-disturbing activity to prevent the unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, 609 and other natural resources. The VESCP shall include, where applicable, such items as local ordinances, rules, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan review, 610 611 inspection, and evaluation consistent with the requirements of Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). 612

"Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority" or "VESCP authority" means a locality 613

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614 that is approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program in
615 accordance with Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). Only a locality for which the Department
616 administered a Virginia Stormwater Management Program as of July 1, 2017, is authorized to choose to
617 operate a VESCP pursuant to Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.).

618 "Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program" or "VESMP" means a program established 619 by a VESMP authority for the effective control of soil erosion and sediment deposition and the 620 management of the quality and quantity of runoff resulting from land-disturbing activities to prevent the 621 unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources. The 622 program shall include such items as local ordinances, rules, requirements for permits and 623 land-disturbance approvals, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan 624 review, inspection, and enforcement consistent with the requirements of this article.

Wirginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program authority" or "VESMP authority" means
the Board or a locality approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater
Management Program. For state agency or federal entity land-disturbing activities and land-disturbing
activities subject to approved standards and specifications, the Board shall serve as the VESMP
authority.

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program" or "VSMP" means a program approved by the Soil and 630 Water Conservation Board after September 13, 2011, and until June 30, 2013, or the State Water 631 Control Board on and after June 30, 2013, that has been established by a VSMP authority the Board 632 633 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27.1 on behalf of a locality on or after July 1, 2014, to manage the quality and 634 quantity of runoff resulting from any land-disturbing activities and shall include such items as local 635 ordinances, rules, permit requirements, annual standards and specifications, policies and guidelines, 636 technical materials, and requirements for plan review, inspection, enforcement, where authorized in this article, and evaluation consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations activity 637 that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) disturbs less than one acre of land and is part of a 638 639 larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or more of land disturbance.

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program authority" or "VSMP authority" means an authority 640 641 approved by the Board after September 13, 2011, to operate a Virginia Stormwater Management 642 Program or the Department. An authority may include a locality; state entity, including the Department; 643 federal entity; or, for linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications in accordance with subsection B of § 62.1-44.15:31, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and 644 645 intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to **646** $\frac{15.2-5102}{100}$ when administering a VSMP on behalf of a locality that, pursuant to subdivision B 3 of 647 § 62.1-44.15:27, has chosen not to adopt and administer a VESMP.

648 "Water quality volume" means the volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the
649 impervious surface of the land development project technical criteria" means standards set forth in
650 regulations adopted pursuant to this article that establish minimum design criteria for measures to
651 control nonpoint source pollution.

["Water quantity technical criteria" means standards set forth in regulations adopted pursuant to
this article that establish minimum design criteria for measures to control localized flooding and stream
channel erosion.]

"Watershed" means a defined land area drained by a river or stream, karst system, or system of
connecting rivers or streams such that all surface water within the area flows through a single outlet. In
karst areas, the karst feature to which water drains may be considered the single outlet for the
watershed.

659 ["Water quantity technical criteria" means standards set forth in regulations adopted pursuant to
 660 this article that establish minimum design criteria for measures to control localized flooding and stream
 661 channel erosion.]

§ 62.1-44.15:25. Further powers and duties of the State Water Control Board.

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663 In addition to other powers and duties conferred upon the Board by this chapter, it shall permit, 664 regulate, and control soil erosion and stormwater runoff in the Commonwealth- The Board may issue, deny, revoke, terminate, or amend state stormwater individual permits or coverage issued under state 665 666 general permits; adopt regulations; approve and periodically review Virginia Stormwater Management 667 Programs and management programs developed in conjunction with a state municipal separate storm 668 sewer permit; enforce the provisions of this article; and and may otherwise act to ensure the general 669 health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of the Commonwealth as well as protect the quality and 670 quantity of state waters from the potential harm of unmanaged stormwater. The Board may and soil 671 erosion. It shall be the duty of the Board and it shall have the authority to:

672 1. Issue, deny, amend, revoke, terminate, and enforce state permits for the control of stormwater
 673 discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems and land-disturbing activities.

674 2. Take administrative and legal actions to ensure compliance with the provisions of this article by

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any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article, and those entities
with an approved Virginia Stormwater Management Program and management programs developed in
conjunction with a state municipal separate storm sewer system permit, including the proper enforcement
and implementation of, and continual compliance with, this article.

679 3. In accordance with procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), amend or
 680 revoke any state permit issued under this article on the following grounds or for good cause as may be
 681 provided by the regulations of the Board:

a. Any person subject to state permit requirements under this article has violated or failed, neglected,
or refused to obey any order or regulation of the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the
Department, any condition of a state permit, any provision of this article, or any order of a court, where
such violation results in the unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality, stream channels, and
other natural resources, or the violation is representative of a pattern of serious or repeated violations,
including the disregard for or inability to comply with applicable laws, regulations, permit conditions,
orders, rules, or requirements;

b. Any person subject to state permit requirements under this article has failed to disclose fully all
 relevant material facts or has misrepresented a material fact in applying for a state permit, or in any
 other report or document required under this law or under the regulations of the Board;

692 c. The activity for which the state permit was issued causes unreasonable degradation of properties,
 693 water quality, stream channels, and other natural resources; or

694 d. There exists a material change in the basis on which the state permit was issued that requires
695 either a temporary or a permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge or land disturbing activity
696 controlled by the state permit necessary to prevent unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality,
697 stream channels, and other natural resources.

698 4. Cause investigations and inspections to ensure compliance with any state or VSMP authority
 699 permits, conditions, policies, rules, regulations, rulings, and orders which it may adopt, issue, or
 700 establish and to furnish advice, recommendations, or instructions for the purpose of obtaining such
 701 compliance.

5. In accordance with procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), adopt rules
 governing (i) hearings, (ii) the filing of reports, (iii) the issuance of permits and special orders, and (iv)
 all other matters relating to procedure, and amend or cancel any rule adopted.

705 6. Issue special orders to any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under 706 this article (i) who is permitting or causing the unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality, 707 stream channels, and other natural resources to cease and desist from such activities; (ii) who has failed to construct facilities in accordance with final approved plans and specifications to construct such 708 facilities; (iii) who has violated the terms and provisions of a state or VSMP authority permit issued by 709 the Board or VSMP authority to comply with the provisions of the state or VSMP authority permit, this 710 article, and any decision of the VSMP authority, the Department, or the Board; or (iv) who has violated 711 712 the terms of an order issued by the court, the VSMP authority, the Department, or the Board to comply with the terms of such order, and also to issue orders to require any person subject to state or VSMP 713 714 authority permit requirements under this article to comply with the provisions of this article and any 715 decision of the Board.

716 Such special orders are to be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Process 717 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and shall become effective not less than 15 days after the date of mailing with 718 confirmation of delivery of the notice to the last known address of any person subject to state or VSMP 719 authority permit requirements under this article, provided that if the Board finds that any such person 720 subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article is grossly affecting or presents 721 an imminent and substantial danger to (i) the public health, safety, or welfare or the health of animals, fish, or aquatic life; (ii) a public water supply; or (iii) recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural, 722 723 or other reasonable uses, it may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency special order directing any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article to cease 724 725 such pollution or discharge immediately, and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof to any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit 726 727 requirements under this article, to affirm, modify, amend, or cancel such emergency special order. If any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article who has been issued 728 729 such a special order or an emergency special order is not complying with the terms thereof, the Board 730 may proceed in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:48, and where the order is based on a finding of an 731 imminent and substantial danger, the court shall issue an injunction compelling compliance with the emergency special order pending a hearing by the Board. If an emergency special order requires 732 cessation of a discharge, the recipient of the order may appeal its issuance to the circuit court of the 733 jurisdiction wherein the discharge was alleged to have occurred special orders pursuant to subdivision 734 (8a) or (8b) of § 62.1-44.15 to any owner subject to requirements under this article, except that for any 735 land-disturbing activity that disturbs an area measuring not less than 10,000 square feet but less than 736

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737 one acre in an area of a locality that is not designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area
738 pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) and that is not part of a
739 larger common plan of development or sale that disturbs one acre or more of land, such special orders
740 may include civil penalties of up to \$5,000 per violation, not to exceed \$50,000 per order. Such civil
741 penalties shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater

742 Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the Board may proceed directly under § 62.1-44.15:48 or Article 5 (§ 62.1-44.20 et seq.) for any past violation or violations of any provision of this article or any regulation duly adopted hereunder.

2. With the consent of any person owner subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements 746 747 under this article who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any regulation or order of the 748 Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VSMP authority, any condition of a state 749 or VSMP authority permit, or any provision of this article, the Board may provide, in an order issued by 750 the Board pursuant to subdivision (8d) of § 62.1-44.15 against such person owner, for the payment of 751 civil charges for violations in specific sums. Such sums shall not to exceed the limit specified in 752 subsection A subdivision A 1 or B 1, as applicable, of § 62.1-44.15:48. Such civil charges shall be 753 collected in lieu of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed pursuant to subsection A of 754 § 62.1-44.15:48 and shall not be subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. Such civil charges shall be paid 755 into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Stormwater Management 756 Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29 62.1-44.15:29.1.

757 § 62.1-44.15:25.1. Additional local authority.

758 Any locality serving as a VESMP authority shall have the authority to:

1. Issue orders in accordance with the procedures of subdivision 10 a of § 15.2-2122 to any owner
subject to the requirements of this article. Such orders may include civil penalties in specific sums not
to exceed the limit specified in subdivision A 2 or B 2, as applicable, of § 62.1-44.15:48, and such civil
penalties shall be paid into the treasury of the locality in accordance with subdivision A 2 of
§ 62.1-44.15:48. The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the locality may proceed directly under
§ 62.1-44.15:48 for any past violation or violations of any provision of this article or any ordinance
duly adopted hereunder.

2. Issue consent orders with the consent of any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any ordinance adopted pursuant to the provisions of this article, any condition of a locality's land-disturbance approval, or any order of a locality serving as a VESMP. Such consent order may provide for the payment of civil charges not to exceed the limits specified in subdivision A 2 or B
2, as applicable, of § 62.1-44.15:48. Such civil charges shall be in lieu of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under this article. Any civil charges collected shall be paid to the treasury of the locality in accordance with subdivision A 2 of § 62.1-44.15:48.

773 § 62.1-44.15:27. Virginia Programs for Érosion Control and Stormwater Management. 774 A. Any locality that operates a regulated MS4 or that notifies the Department of its decision to 775 participate in the establishment of a VSMP administers a Virginia Stormwater Management Program 776 (VSMP) as of July 1, 2017, shall be required to adopt a VSMP for land-disturbing activities and 777 administer a VESMP consistent with the provisions of this article according to a schedule set by the 778 Department. Such schedule shall require implementation no later than July 1, 2014. Thereafter, the 779 Department shall provide an annual schedule by which localities can submit applications to implement a 780 VSMP. Localities subject to this subsection are authorized to coordinate plan review and inspections 781 with other entities in accordance with subsection H. The Department shall operate a VSMP on behalf of 782 any that regulates any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs 10,000 square feet or more or (ii) 783 disturbs 2,500 square feet or more in an area of a locality designated as a Chesapeake Bay 784 Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). The

785 VESMP shall be adopted according to a process established by the Department.

B. Any locality that does not operate a regulated MS4 and that does not for which the Department
administers a VSMP as of July 1, 2017, shall choose one of the following options and shall notify the
Department, of its choice according to a schedule set process established by the Department, of its
decision to participate in the establishment of a VSMP. A locality that decides not to establish a VSMP
shall still comply:

791 1. Adopt and administer a VESMP consistent with the requirements set forth in provisions of this 792 article and attendant regulations as required to satisfy the stormwater flow rate capacity and velocity 793 requirements set forth in the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). A locality that 794 is subject to the provisions of that regulates any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs 10,000 square 795 feet or more or (ii) disturbs 2,500 square feet or more in an area of a locality designated as a 796 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et 797 seq.); 798 2. Adopt and administer a VESMP consistent with the provisions of this article that regulates any 799 land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs 10,000 square feet or more or (ii) disturbs 2,500 square feet or 800 more in an area of a locality designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the 801 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), except that the Department shall provide the 802 locality with review of the plan required by § 62.1-44.15:34 and provide a recommendation to the 803 locality on the plan's compliance with the water quality and water quantity technical criteria; or

3. Adopt and administer a VESCP pursuant to Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) that regulates any 804 805 land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs 10,000 square feet or more or (ii) disturbs 2,500 square feet or more in an area of a locality designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the 806 807 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). For such a land-disturbing activity in a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area, the VESCP authority also shall adopt requirements set forth in this 808 article and attendant regulations as required to regulate Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act land disturbing 809 those activities in accordance with § §§ 62.1-44.15:28 and 62.1-44.15:34. 810

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, any county that operates an MS4 that became 811 a regulated MS4 on or after January 1, 2014 may elect, on a schedule set by the Department, to defer 812 813 the implementation of the county's VSMP until no later than January 1, 2015. During this deferral period, when such county thus lacks the legal authority to operate a VSMP, the Department shall 814 operate a VSMP on behalf of the county and address post-construction stormwater runoff and the 815 816 required design criteria for stormwater runoff controls. Any such county electing to defer the 817 establishment of its VSMP shall still comply with the requirements set forth in this article and attendant 818 regulations as required to satisfy the stormwater flow rate capacity and velocity requirements set forth in the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). 819

B. The Board shall administer a VSMP on behalf of each VESCP authority for any land-disturbing activity that (a) disturbs one acre or more of land or (b) disturbs less than one acre of land and is part 820 821 822 of a larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or greater of land disturbance. 823 C. Any town that is required to or elects to adopt and administer a [VSMP VESMP] or VESCP, as

applicable, may choose one of the following options and shall notify the Department of its choice 824 825 according to a process established by the Department:

1. Any town, including a town that operates a regulated MS4, lying within a county that has adopted 826 827 a VSMP in accordance with subsection A may decide, but shall not be required, may enter [into] an 828 agreement with the county to become subject to the county's VSMP. Any VESMP. If a town lying lies 829 within a the boundaries of more than one county, it may enter into an agreement with any of those 830 counties that operates an MS4 that became a regulated MS4 on or after January 1, 2014 may elect a 831 VESMP.

832 2. Any town that chooses not to adopt and administer a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 3 and 833 that lies within a county may enter into an agreement with the county to become subject to the county's 834 VSMP according to the deferred schedule established in subsection A. During the county's deferral 835 period, the Department shall operate a VSMP on behalf of the town and address post-construction 836 stormwater runoff and the required design criteria for stormwater runoff controls for the town as 837 provided in subsection A VESMP or VESCP, as applicable. If a town lies within the boundaries of more than one county, the town shall be considered to be wholly within the county in which the larger 838 839 portion of the town lies. Towns shall inform the Department of their decision according to a schedule 840 established by the Department. Thereafter, the Department shall provide an annual schedule by which 841 towns can submit applications to adopt a VSMP it may enter into an agreement with any of those 842 counties.

843 C. 3. Any town that is subject to the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act 844 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) may enter into an agreement with a county pursuant to subdivision C 1 or 2 845 only if the county administers a VESMP for land-disturbing activities that disturb 2,500 square feet or 846 more.

847 D. Any locality that chooses not to implement a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 3 may notify the Department at any time that it has chosen to implement a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 1 or 2. Any 848 849 locality that chooses to implement a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 2 may notify the Department at 850 any time that it has chosen to implement a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 1. A locality may petition 851 the Board at any time for approval to change from fully administering a VESMP pursuant to subdivision 852 B 1 to administering a VESMP in coordination with the Department pursuant to subdivision B 2 due to 853 a significant change in economic conditions or other fiscal emergency in the locality. The provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall govern any appeal of the Board's decision. 854 855

E. In support of VSMP VESMP authorities, the Department shall:

856 1. Provide assistance grants to localities not currently operating a local stormwater management 857 program to help the localities to establish their VSMP.

858 2. Provide provide technical assistance and training-

859 3. Provide qualified services in specified geographic areas to a VSMP to assist localities in the

15 of 49

administration of components of their programs. The Department shall actively assist and general
 assistance to localities in the establishment and administration of their individual or regional programs
 and in the selection of a contractor or other entity that may provide support to the locality or regional
 support to several localities.

864 D. F. The Department shall develop a model ordinance for establishing a VSMP VESMP consistent
 865 with this article and its associated regulations, including the Virginia Stormwater Management Program
 866 (VSMP) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities.

867 E. G. Each locality that administers an approved VSMP that operates a regulated MS4 or that chooses to administer a VESMP shall, by ordinance, establish a VSMP VESMP that shall be administered in conjunction with a local MS4 program and a local erosion and sediment control program if required pursuant to the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) management 871 program, if applicable, and which shall include the following:

872 1. Consistency Ordinances, policies, and technical materials consistent with regulations adopted in
 873 accordance with provisions of this article;

2. *Requirements for land-disturbance approvals;*

874

875 3. Requirements for plan review, inspection, and enforcement consistent with the requirements of this
876 article, including provisions requiring periodic inspections of the installation of stormwater management
877 measures. A VESMP authority may require monitoring and reports from the person responsible for
878 meeting the permit conditions to ensure compliance with the permit and to determine whether the
879 measures required in the permit provide effective stormwater management;

880 4. Provisions charging each applicant a reasonable fee to defray the cost of program administration for a regulated land-disturbing activity that does not require permit coverage. Such fee may be in 881 882 addition to any fee charged pursuant to the statewide fee schedule established in accordance with 883 subdivision 9 of § 62.1-44.15:28, although payment of fees may be consolidated in order to provide 884 greater convenience and efficiency for those responsible for compliance with the program. A VESMP 885 authority shall hold a public hearing prior to establishing such fees. The fee shall not exceed an amount 886 commensurate with the services rendered, taking into consideration the time, skill, and the VESMP 887 *authority's expense involved;*

5. Provisions for long-term responsibility for and maintenance of stormwater management control devices and other techniques specified to manage the quality and quantity of runoff; and

890 3. 6. Provisions for the integration of the VŜMP with local erosion and sediment control,
 891 coordination of the VESMP with flood insurance, flood plain management, and other programs requiring
 892 compliance prior to authorizing construction land disturbance in order to make the submission and
 893 approval of plans, issuance of permits land-disturbance approvals, payment of fees, and coordination of
 894 inspection and enforcement activities more convenient and efficient both for the local governments and
 895 those responsible for compliance with the programs.

896 F. The Board may approve a state entity, including the Department, federal entity, or, for linear 897 projects subject to annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility 898 companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities 899 created pursuant to § 15.2-5102 to operate a Virginia Stormwater Management Program consistent with 900 the requirements of this article and its associated regulations and the VSMP authority's 901 Department-approved annual standards and specifications. For these programs, enforcement shall be 902 administered by the Department and the Board where applicable in accordance with the provisions of 903 this article.

904 G. The Board shall approve a VSMP when it deems a program consistent with this article and
 905 associated regulations, including the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General Permit
 906 for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities.

907 H. A VSMP The Board shall approve a VESMP when it deems a program consistent with this article and associated regulations.

909 *I. A VESMP* authority may enter into agreements or contracts with *the Department*, soil and water
910 conservation districts, adjacent localities, *planning district commissions*, or other public or private entities
911 to carry out or assist with the responsibilities of this article *plan review and inspections*.

912 I. If a locality establishes a VSMP, it shall issue a consolidated stormwater management and erosion
913 and sediment control permit that is consistent with the provisions of the Erosion and Sediment Control
914 Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). When available in accordance with subsection J, such permit, where
915 applicable, shall also include a copy of or reference to state VSMP permit coverage authorization to
916 discharge.

917 J. Upon the development of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than July 1,
918 2014, a VSMP A VESMP authority shall then be required to obtain evidence of state VSMP permit
919 coverage where it from the Department's online reporting system, where such coverage is required, prior
920 to providing land-disturbance approval to begin land disturbance.

932

921 K. Any VSMP adopted pursuant to and consistent with this article shall be considered to meet the 922 stormwater management requirements under the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et 923 seq.) and attendant regulations, and effective July 1, 2014, shall not be subject to local program review 924 under the stormwater management provisions of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act.

925 L. All VSMP authorities shall comply with the provisions of this article and the stormwater management provisions of the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and related 926 927 regulations. The VSMP VESMP authority responsible for regulating the land-disturbing activity shall 928 require compliance with the issued permit, permit its applicable ordinances and the conditions, of its land-disturbance approval and plan specifications. The state Board shall enforce state permits and 929 930 require compliance with its applicable regulations, including when serving as a VSMP authority in a 931 locality that chose not to adopt a VESMP in accordance with subdivision B 3.

§ 62.1-44.15:27.1. Virginia Stormwater Management Programs administered by the Board.

933 A. The Board shall administer a Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) on behalf of 934 any locality that notifies the Department pursuant to subsection B of § 62.1-44.15:27 that it has chosen to not administer a VESMP as provided by subdivision B 3 of § 62.1-44.15:27. In such a locality: 935

936 1. The Board shall implement a VSMP in order to manage the quality and quantity of stormwater 937 runoff resulting from any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) 938 disturbs less than one acre of land and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale that 939 results in one acre or greater of land disturbance, as required by this article.

940 2. No person shall conduct a land-disturbing activity until he has obtained land-disturbance approval 941 from the VESCP authority and, if required, submitted to the Department an application that includes a 942 permit registration statement and stormwater management plan, and the Department has issued permit 943 coverage.

944 B. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing specifications for the VSMP, including permit 945 requirements and requirements for plan review, inspection, and enforcement that reflect the analogous 946 stormwater management requirements for a VESMP set forth in applicable provisions of this article. 947

§ 62.1-44.15:28. Development of regulations.

948 A. The Board is authorized to adopt regulations that establish requirements for the effective control 949 of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and stormwater, including nonagricultural runoff, that shall be met 950 in any VESMP to prevent the unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and 951 other natural resources, and that specify minimum technical criteria and administrative procedures for 952 Virginia Stormwater Management Programs VESMPs. The regulations shall: 953

1. Establish standards and procedures for administering a VSMP VESMP;

954 2. Establish minimum design criteria for measures to control nonpoint source pollution and localized 955 flooding, and incorporate the stormwater management regulations adopted pursuant to the Erosion and 956 Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), as they relate to the prevention of stream channel 957 erosion standards of effectiveness of the VESMP and criteria and procedures for reviewing and evaluating its effectiveness. The minimum standards of program effectiveness established by the Board 958 959 shall provide that (i) no soil erosion control and stormwater management plan shall be approved until it is reviewed by a plan reviewer certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30, (ii) each inspection of a 960 land-disturbing activity shall be conducted by an inspector certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30, and 961 (iii) each VESMP shall contain a program administrator, a plan reviewer, and an inspector, each of 962 whom is certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30 and all of whom may be the same person; 963

964 3. Be based upon relevant physical and developmental information concerning the watersheds and 965 drainage basins of the Commonwealth, including data relating to land use, soils, hydrology, geology, 966 size of land area being disturbed, proximate water bodies and their characteristics, transportation, and 967 public facilities and services:

968 4. Include any survey of lands and waters as the Board deems appropriate or as any applicable law 969 requires to identify areas, including multijurisdictional and watershed areas, with critical soil erosion 970 and sediment problems;

971 5. Contain conservation standards for various types of soils and land uses, which shall include 972 criteria, techniques, and methods for the control of soil erosion and sediment resulting from 973 land-disturbing activities;

974 6. Establish water quality and water quantity technical criteria. These criteria shall be periodically 975 modified as required in order to reflect current engineering methods;

976 3. 7. Require the provision of long-term responsibility for and maintenance of stormwater 977 management control devices and other techniques specified to manage the quality and quantity of runoff;

978 4. 8. Require as a minimum the inclusion in VSMPs VESMPs of certain administrative procedures 979 that include, but are not limited to, specifying the time period within which a $\frac{VSMP}{VESMP}$ authority 980 shall grant land disturbing activity land-disturbance approval, the conditions and processes under which 981 such approval shall be granted, the procedures for communicating disapproval, the conditions under which an approval may be changed, and requirements for inspection of approved projects; 982

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983 5. 9. Establish by regulations a statewide permit a statewide fee schedule to cover all costs associated 984 with the implementation of a VSMP VESMP related to land-disturbing activities of one acre or greater 985 where permit coverage is required, and for land-disturbing activities where the Board serves as a 986 VESMP authority or VSMP authority. Such fee attributes include the costs associated with plan review, 987 VSMP permit registration statement review, permit issuance, state coverage permit coverage verification, 988 inspections, reporting, and compliance activities associated with the land-disturbing activities as well as 989 program oversight costs. The fee schedule shall also include a provision for a reduced fee for 990 land-disturbing activities between 2,500 square feet and up to one acre in a land-disturbing activity that 991 disturbs 2,500 square feet or more [but less than one acre] in an area of a locality designated as a 992 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et 993 seq.) localities. The fee schedule shall be governed by the following:

a. The revenue generated from the statewide stormwater permit fee shall be collected utilizing, where
practicable, an online payment system, and the Department's portion shall be remitted to the State
Treasurer for deposit in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established pursuant to
§ 62.1-44.15:29. However, whenever the Board has approved a VSMP VESMP, no more than 30 percent
of the total revenue generated by the statewide stormwater permit fees collected shall be remitted to the
State Treasurer for deposit in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund, with the balance going to the
VSMP VESMP authority-;

1001 b. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any general fund appropriation made 1002 to the Department or other supporting revenue from a VSMP VESMP; however, the fees shall be set at 1003 a level sufficient for the Department [, the Board,] and the VSMP VESMP to fully carry out their 1004 responsibilities under this article and its attendant regulations and local ordinances or standards and specifications where applicable. When establishing a \sqrt{SMP} , the VSMP vesmP, the VESMP authority 1005 1006 shall assess the statewide fee fees pursuant to the schedule and shall have the authority to reduce or 1007 increase such fees, and to consolidate such fees with other program-related charges, but in no case shall 1008 such fee changes affect the amount established in the regulations as available to the Department for 1009 program oversight responsibilities pursuant to subdivision 5 a. A VSMP's VESMP's portion of the fees 1010 shall be used solely to carry out the VSMP's VESMP's responsibilities under this article and its attendant 1011 regulations, associated ordinances, or annual standards and specifications.;

1012 c. Until July 1, 2014, the fee for coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater 1013 from Construction Activities issued by the Board, or where the Board has issued an individual permit or 1014 coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for an 1015 entity for which it has approved annual standards and specifications, shall be \$750 for each large 1016 construction activity with sites or common plans of development equal to or greater than five acres and 1017 \$450 for each small construction activity with sites or common plans of development equal to or greater 1018 than one acre and less than five acres. On and after July 1, 2014, such fees shall only apply where 1019 coverage has been issued under the Board's General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from 1020 Construction Activities to a state agency or federal entity for which it has approved annual standards 1021 and specifications. After establishment, such fees may be modified in the future through regulatory 1022 actions.

1023 d. Until July 1, 2014, the Department is authorized to assess a \$125 reinspection fee for each visit to 1024 a project site that was necessary to check on the status of project site items noted to be in 1025 noncompliance and documented as such on a prior project inspection.

e. In establishing the fee schedule under this subdivision, the Department shall ensure that the VSMP
 VESMP authority portion of the statewide permit fee for coverage under the General Permit for
 Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for small construction activity involving a single
 family single-family detached residential structure with a site or area, within or outside a common plan
 of development or sale, that is equal to or greater than one acre but less than five acres shall be no
 greater than the VSMP VESMP authority portion of the fee for coverage of sites or areas with a
 land-disturbance acreage of less than one acre within a common plan of development or sale-;

1033 f. d. When any fees are collected pursuant to this section by credit cards, business transaction costs associated with processing such payments may be additionally assessed;

6. Establish statewide standards for stormwater management from land-disturbing activities of one acre or greater, except as specified otherwise within this article, and allow for the consolidation in the permit of a comprehensive approach to addressing stormwater management and erosion and sediment control, consistent with the provisions of the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and this article. However, such standards shall also apply to land-disturbing activity exceeding an area of 2,500 square feet in all areas of the jurisdictions designated as subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management Regulations;

1042 7. Establish a procedure by which a stormwater management plan that is approved for a residential, 1043 commercial, or industrial subdivision shall govern the development of the individual parcels, including 1044 those parcels developed under subsequent owners;

1045 8. e. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subdivision A 5 9, establish a procedure by which 1046 neither a registration statement nor payment of the Department's portion of the statewide permit fee 1047 established pursuant to that this subdivision 9 shall be required for coverage under the General Permit 1048 for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for construction activity involving a 1049 single-family detached residential structure, within or outside a common plan of development or sale;

1050 9. 10. Establish statewide standards for soil erosion control and stormwater management from 1051 land-disturbing activities;

1052 11. Establish a procedure by which a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan [or 1053 stormwater management plan] that is approved for a residential, commercial, or industrial subdivision 1054 shall govern the development of the individual parcels, including those parcels developed under subsequent owners: 1055

1056 12. Provide for reciprocity with programs in other states for the certification of proprietary best 1057 management practices;

1058 10. 13. Require that VSMPs VESMPs maintain after-development runoff rate of flow and 1059 characteristics that replicate, as nearly as practicable, the existing predevelopment runoff characteristics 1060 and site hydrology, or improve upon the contributing share of the existing predevelopment runoff 1061 characteristics and site hydrology if stream channel erosion or localized flooding is an existing 1062 predevelopment condition.

1063 a. Except where more stringent requirements are necessary to address total maximum daily load 1064 requirements or to protect exceptional state waters, any land-disturbing activity that provides for 1065 stormwater management shall was subject to the water quantity requirements that were in effect pursuant to this article prior to July 1, 2014, shall be deemed to satisfy the conditions of this subsection 1066 1067 if the practices are designed to (i) detain the water quality volume equal to the first one-half inch of 1068 runoff multiplied by the impervious surface of the land development project and to release it over 48 hours; (ii) detain and release over a 24-hour period the expected rainfall resulting from the one year, 1069 1070 24-hour storm; and (iii) reduce the allowable peak flow rate resulting from the 1.5-year, two-year, and 1071 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level that is less than or equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming 1072 it was in a good forested condition, achieved through multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a 1073 reduction factor that is equal to the runoff volume from the site when it was in a good forested 1074 condition divided by the runoff volume from the site in its proposed condition, and. Any land-disturbing 1075 activity that complies with these requirements shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity 1076 requirements for natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to 1077 this section or any ordinances adopted pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27 or 62.1-44.15:33;

1078 b. Any stream restoration or relocation project that incorporates natural channel design concepts is 1079 not a man-made channel and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for 1080 natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to this article;

1081 11. 14. Encourage low-impact development designs, regional and watershed approaches, and 1082 nonstructural means for controlling stormwater;

1083 12. 15. Promote the reclamation and reuse of stormwater for uses other than potable water in order 1084 to protect state waters and the public health and to minimize the direct discharge of pollutants into state 1085 waters:

1086 13. 16. Establish procedures to be followed when a locality that operates a VSMP wishes to transfer 1087 administration of the VSMP to the Department chooses to change the type of program it administers 1088 pursuant to subsection D of § 62.1-44.15:27;

1089 14. 17. Establish a statewide permit fee schedule for stormwater management related to municipal separate storm sewer system MS4 permits; and 1090

15. 18. Provide for the evaluation and potential inclusion of emerging or innovative stormwater 1091 1092 control technologies that may prove effective in reducing nonpoint source pollution.

1093 B. The Board may integrate and consolidate components of the regulations implementing the Erosion 1094 and Sediment Control program and the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management 1095 program with the regulations governing the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Permit 1096 program or repeal components so that these programs may be implemented in a consolidated manner that provides greater consistency, understanding, and efficiency for those regulated by and administering 1097 1098 a VSMP. 1099

§ 62.1-44.15:29. Virginia Stormwater Management Fund.

1100 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on the 1101 1102 books of the Comptroller. All moneys collected by the Department pursuant to $\frac{88}{5}$ § 62.1-44.15:28, 62.1-44.15:38, and 62.1-44.15:71 and all civil penalties collected pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:22 shall be 1103 1104 paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain 1105 in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the

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1106 end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the purposes of carrying out the Department's responsibilities under this 1107 1108 article. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants 1109 issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Director.

1110 An accounting of moneys received by and distributed from the Fund shall be kept by the State 1111 Comptroller.

§ 62.1-44.15:29.1. Stormwater Local Assistance Fund.

1112

1113 A. The State Comptroller shall continue in the state treasury the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund 1114 (the Fund) established by Chapter 806 of the Acts of Assembly of 2013, which shall be administered by 1115 the Department. All civil penalties and civil charges collected by the Board pursuant to §§ 62.1-44.15:25, 62.1-44.15:48, 62.1-44.15:63, and 62.1-44.15:74, subdivision (19) of § 62.1-44.15, and 1116 1117 § 62.1-44.19:22 shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund, together with such other 1118 funds as may be made available to the Fund, which shall also receive bond proceeds from bonds 1119 authorized by the General Assembly, sums appropriated to it by the General Assembly, and other grants, 1120 gifts, and moneys as may be made available to it from any other source, public or private. Interest 1121 earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in 1122 the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund 1123 but shall remain in the Fund.

1124 B. The purpose of the Fund is to provide matching grants to local governments for the planning, 1125 design, and implementation of stormwater best management practices that address cost efficiency and 1126 commitments related to reducing water quality pollutant loads. Moneys in the Fund shall be used to 1127 meet (i) obligations related to the Chesapeake Bay total maximum daily load (TMDL) requirements, (ii) 1128 requirements for local impaired stream TMDLs, (iii) water quality measures of the Chesapeake Bay 1129 Watershed Implementation Plan, and (iv) water quality requirements related to the permitting of small 1130 municipal separate storm sewer systems. The grants shall be used solely for stormwater capital projects, 1131 including (a) new stormwater best management practices, (b) stormwater best management practice 1132 retrofitting or maintenance, (c) stream restoration, (d) low-impact development projects, (e) buffer 1133 restoration, (f) pond retrofitting, and (g) wetlands restoration. Such grants shall be made in accordance 1134 with eligibility determinations made by the Department pursuant to criteria established by the Board.

1135 C. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the purpose set forth herein and disbursements from 1136 it shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request 1137 signed by the Director. 1138

§ 62.1-44.15:30. Training and certification.

1139 A. The Board shall issue certificates of competence separate or combined certifications concerning 1140 the content and application of specified subject areas of this article and accompanying regulations, 1141 including program administration, plan review, and project inspection, to personnel of VSMP authorities 1142 and to any other persons who have completed training programs or in other ways demonstrated adequate knowledge to the satisfaction of the Board. As part of The Board also shall issue a Responsible Land 1143 1144 Disturber certificate to personnel and contractors who have demonstrated adequate knowledge to the 1145 satisfaction of the Board.

1146 B. The Department shall administer education and training programs authorized pursuant to 1147 subsection E of § 62.1-44.15:52, the Department shall develop or certify expanded components to 1148 address program administration, plan review, and project inspection elements for specified subject areas 1149 of this article and attendant regulations. Reasonable and is authorized to charge persons attending such programs reasonable fees to cover the costs of these additional components may be charged 1150 1151 administering the programs.

1152 B. Effective July 1, 2014, personnel C. Personnel of VSMP or VESMP authorities who are 1153 administering programs, reviewing plans, or conducting inspections pursuant to this chapter article shall 1154 hold a certificate of competence certification in the appropriate subject area as provided in subsection 1155 A. This requirement shall not apply to third-party individuals who prepare and submit plans to a 1156 VESMP [or VSMP] authority.

1157 D. The Department shall establish procedures and requirements for issuance and periodic renewal of 1158 certifications.

1159 E. Professionals registered in the Commonwealth pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of 1160 Chapter 4 of Title 54.1 shall be deemed to have met the provisions of this section for the purposes of 1161 renewals of such certifications.

1162 § 62.1-44.15:31. Standards and specifications for state agencies, federal entities, and other 1163 specified entities.

1164 A. State entities, including the Department of Transportation, and for linear projects set out in 1165 subsection B, As an alternative to submitting soil erosion control and stormwater management plans for its land-disturbing activities pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:34, the Virginia Department of Transportation 1166

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1167 shall, and any other state agency or federal entity may, submit standards and specifications for its conduct of land-disturbing activities for Department of Environmental Quality approval. Approved 1168 standards and specifications shall be consistent with this article. The Department of Environmental 1169 1170 Quality shall have 60 days after receipt in which to act on any standards and specifications submitted 1171 or resubmitted to it for approval.

1172 B. As an alternative to submitting soil erosion control and stormwater management plans pursuant to 1173 § 62.1-44.15:34, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural 1174 gas pipeline companies, and railroad companies shall, and federal entities, and authorities created 1175 pursuant to § 15.2-5102 may, annually submit a single set of standards and specifications for Department approval that describes describe how land-disturbing activities shall be conducted. Such standards and 1176 specifications shall be consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations, 1177 including the regulations governing the General Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) 1178 1179 Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities and the Erosion and Sediment Control 1180 Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and associated regulations. Each project constructed in accordance with 1181 the requirements of this article, its attendant regulations, and where required standards and specifications 1182 shall obtain coverage issued under the state general permit prior to land disturbance. The standards may be submitted for the following types of projects: 1183

1184 1. Construction, installation, or maintenance of electric transmission and distribution lines, oil or gas 1185 transmission and distribution pipelines, communication utility lines, and water and sewer lines; and

1186 2. Construction of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related 1187 structures and facilities of a railroad company.

1188 The Department shall have 60 days after receipt in which to act on any standards and specifications submitted or resubmitted to it for approval. A linear project not included in subdivision 1 or 2, or for 1189 which the owner chooses not to submit standards and specifications, shall comply with the requirements 1190 1191 of the VESMP or the VESCP and VSMP, as appropriate, in any locality within which the project is 1192 located.

1193 C. As an alternative to submitting soil erosion control and stormwater management plans pursuant to 1194 § 62.1-44.15:34, any person engaging in more than one jurisdiction in the creation and operation of a 1195 wetland mitigation or stream restoration bank that has been approved and is operated in accordance 1196 with applicable federal and state guidance, laws, or regulations for the establishment, use, and 1197 operation of a wetlands mitigation or stream restoration bank, pursuant to a mitigation banking 1198 instrument signed by the Department, the Marine Resources Commission, or the U.S. Army Corps of 1199 Engineers, may submit standards and specifications for Department approval that describe how 1200 land-disturbing activities shall be conducted. The Department shall have 60 days after receipt in which 1201 to act on standards and specifications submitted to it or resubmitted to it for approval.

1202 D. All standards and specifications submitted to the Department shall be periodically updated according to a schedule to be established by the Department and shall be consistent with the 1203 1204 requirements of this article. Approval of standards and specifications by the Department does not relieve 1205 the owner or operator of the duty to comply with any other applicable local ordinances or regulations. 1206 Standards and specifications shall include:

1207 1. Technical criteria to meet the requirements of this article and regulations developed under this 1208 article:

1209 2. Provisions for the long-term responsibility and maintenance of any stormwater management control 1210 devices and other techniques specified to manage the quantity and quality of runoff;

1211 3. Provisions for erosion and sediment control and stormwater management program administration, 1212 of the standards and specifications program, project-specific plan design, plan review and plan approval, 1213 and construction inspection and enforcement compliance;

4. Provisions for ensuring that responsible personnel and contractors assisting the owner in carrying 1214 1215 out the land-disturbing activity obtain training or qualifications for soil erosion control and stormwater 1216 management as set forth in regulations adopted pursuant to this article;

1217 5. Provisions for ensuring that personnel implementing approved standards and specifications 1218 pursuant to this section obtain certifications or qualifications for erosion and sediment control and 1219 stormwater management comparable to those required for local government VESMP personnel pursuant 1220 to subsection C of § 62.1-44.15:30;

1221 5. 6. Implementation of a project tracking and notification system that ensures notification to the 1222 Department of all land-disturbing activities covered under this article; and

1223 6. 7. Requirements for documenting onsite changes as they occur to ensure compliance with the 1224 requirements of the this article. 1225

B. Linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications include:

1226 1. Construction, installation, or maintenance of electric transmission, natural gas, and telephone utility lines and pipelines, and water and sewer lines; and 1227

1228 2. Construction of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related

1229 structures and facilities of a railroad company.

1230 Linear projects not included in subdivisions 1 and 2 shall comply with the requirements of the local 1231 or state VSMP in the locality within which the project is located.

1232 C. E. The Department shall perform random site inspections or inspections in response to a 1233 complaint to assure ensure compliance with this article, the Erosion and Sediment Control Law 1234 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), and regulations adopted thereunder. The Department may take enforcement 1235 actions in accordance with this article and related regulations.

1236 D. F. The Department shall assess an administrative charge to cover the costs of services rendered 1237 associated with its responsibilities pursuant to this section, *including standards and specifications review* 1238 and approval, project inspections, and compliance. The Board may take enforcement actions in 1239 accordance with this article and related regulations. 1240

§ 62.1-44.15:33. Authorization for more stringent ordinances.

1241 A. Localities that are VSMP serving as VESMP authorities are authorized to adopt more stringent 1242 soil erosion control or stormwater management ordinances than those necessary to ensure compliance 1243 with the Board's minimum regulations, provided that the more stringent ordinances are based upon factual findings of local or regional comprehensive watershed management studies or findings developed 1244 1245 through the implementation of a an MS4 permit or a locally adopted watershed management study and 1246 are determined by the locality to be necessary to prevent any further degradation to water resources, to 1247 address TMDL total maximum daily load requirements, to protect exceptional state waters, or to address 1248 specific existing water pollution including nutrient and sediment loadings, stream channel erosion, 1249 depleted groundwater resources, or excessive localized flooding within the watershed and that prior to 1250 adopting more stringent ordinances a public hearing is held after giving due notice. This process shall 1251 not be required when a VESMP authority chooses to reduce the threshold for regulating land-disturbing activities to a smaller area of disturbed land pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:34. However, this section shall not be construed to authorize a VESMP authority to impose a more stringent timeframe for 1252 1253 1254 land-disturbance review and approval than those provided in this article.

1255 B. Localities that are VSMP serving as VESMP authorities shall submit a letter report to the 1256 Department when more stringent stormwater management ordinances or more stringent requirements 1257 authorized by such stormwater management ordinances, such as may be set forth in design manuals, 1258 policies, or guidance documents developed by the localities, are determined to be necessary pursuant to 1259 this section within 30 days after adoption thereof. Any such letter report shall include a summary 1260 explanation as to why the more stringent ordinance or requirement has been determined to be necessary 1261 pursuant to this section. Upon the request of an affected landowner or his agent submitted to the 1262 Department with a copy to be sent to the locality, within 90 days after adoption of any such ordinance 1263 or derivative requirement, localities shall submit the ordinance or requirement and all other supporting 1264 materials to the Department for a determination of whether the requirements of this section have been 1265 met and whether any determination made by the locality pursuant to this section is supported by the 1266 evidence. The Department shall issue a written determination setting forth its rationale within 90 days of 1267 submission. Such a determination, or a failure by the Department to make such a determination within 1268 the 90-day period, may be appealed to the Board.

1269 C. Localities shall not prohibit or otherwise limit the use of any best management practice (BMP) 1270 approved for use by the Director or the Board except as follows:

1271 1. When the Director or the Board approves the use of any BMP in accordance with its stated 1272 conditions, the locality serving as a VSMP VESMP authority shall have authority to preclude the onsite 1273 use of the approved BMP, or to require more stringent conditions upon its use, for a specific 1274 land-disturbing project based on a review of the stormwater management plan and project site 1275 conditions. Such limitations shall be based on site-specific concerns. Any project or site-specific 1276 determination purportedly authorized pursuant to this subsection may be appealed to the Department and 1277 the Department shall issue a written determination regarding compliance with this section to the 1278 requesting party within 90 days of submission. Any such determination, or a failure by the Department 1279 to make any such determination within the 90-day period, may be appealed to the Board.

1280 2. When a locality is seeking to uniformly preclude jurisdiction-wide or otherwise limit 1281 geographically the use of a BMP approved by the Director or Board, or to apply more stringent 1282 conditions to the use of a BMP approved by the Director or Board, upon the request of an affected 1283 landowner or his agent submitted to the Department, with a copy submitted to the locality, within 90 1284 days after adoption, such authorizing ordinances, design manuals, policies, or guidance documents 1285 developed by the locality that set forth the BMP use policy shall be provided to the Department in such manner as may be prescribed by the Department that includes a written justification and explanation as 1286 1287 to why such more stringent limitation or conditions are determined to be necessary. The Department 1288 shall review all supporting materials provided by the locality to determine whether the requirements of 1289 this section have been met and that any determination made by the locality pursuant to this section is

reasonable under the circumstances. The Department shall issue its determination to the locality in
writing within 90 days of submission. Such a determination, or a failure by the Department to make
such a determination within the 90-day period, may be appealed to the Board.

D. Based on a determination made in accordance with subsection B or C, any ordinance or other requirement enacted or established by a locality that is found to not comply with this section shall be null and void, replaced with state minimum standards, and remanded to the locality for revision to ensure compliance with this section. Any such ordinance or other requirement that has been proposed but neither enacted nor established shall be remanded to the locality for revision to ensure compliance with this section.

E. Any provisions of a local erosion and sediment control or stormwater management program in existence before January 1, 2013 2016, that contains more stringent provisions than this article shall be exempt from the requirements of this section *if the locality chooses to retain such provisions when it becomes a VESMP authority*. However, such provisions shall be reported to the Board at the time of submission of the locality's VSMP VESMP approval package.

1304 § 62.1-44.15:34. Regulated activities; submission and approval of a permit application; security 1305 for performance; exemptions.

1306 A. A person shall not conduct any land-disturbing activity until (i) he has submitted a permit to the 1307 appropriate VESMP authority an application to the VSMP authority that includes a state VSMP permit 1308 registration statement, if such statement is required, and, after July 1, 2014, a required, a soil erosion 1309 control and stormwater management plan or an executed agreement in lieu of a stormwater management 1310 plan, and has obtained VSMP authority approval to begin land disturbance. A locality that is not a VSMP authority shall provide a general notice to applicants of the state permit coverage requirement 1311 1312 and report all approvals pursuant to the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) to begin land disturbance of one acre or greater to the Department at least monthly. Upon the development 1313 1314 of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than July 1, 2014, a VSMP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of state VSMP permit coverage where it is required prior to providing 1315 approval to begin land disturbance. The VSMP authority shall act on any permit plan, if required, and 1316 1317 (ii) the VESMP authority has issued its land-disturbance approval. In addition, as a prerequisite to 1318 engaging in an approved land-disturbing activity, the name of the individual who will be assisting the 1319 owner in carrying out the activity and holds a Responsible Land Disturber certificate pursuant to 1320 § 62.1-44.15:30 shall be submitted to the VESMP authority. Any VESMP authority may waive the 1321 Responsible Land Disturber certificate requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction 1322 of a single-family detached residential structure; however, if a violation occurs during the 1323 land-disturbing activity for the single-family detached residential structure, then the owner shall correct the violation and provide the name of the individual holding a Responsible Land Disturber certificate as 1324 1325 provided by § 62.1-14:30. Failure to provide the name of an individual holding a Responsible Land 1326 Disturber certificate prior to engaging in land-disturbing activities may result in revocation of the 1327 land-disturbance approval and shall subject the owner to the penalties provided in this article.

1328 1. A VESMP authority that is implementing its program pursuant to subsection A of § 62.1-44.15:27 1329 or subdivision B 1 of § 62.1-44.15:27 shall determine the completeness of any application within 15 1330 days after receipt, and shall act on any application within 60 days after it has been determined by the 1331 VSMP VESMP authority to be a complete application. The VSMP authority may either issue project 1332 VESMP authority shall issue either land-disturbance approval or denial and shall provide written 1333 rationale for the any denial. The VSMP authority shall act on any permit application that has been 1334 previously disapproved within 45 days after the application has been revised, resubmitted for approval, 1335 and deemed complete. Prior to issuance of any approval, the VSMP Prior to issuing a land-disturbance approval, a VESMP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of permit coverage when such 1336 coverage is required. The VESMP authority also shall determine whether any resubmittal of a previously 1337 1338 disapproved application is complete within 15 days after receipt and shall act on the resubmitted 1339 application within 45 days after receipt.

1340 2. A VESMP authority implementing its program in coordination with the Department pursuant to 1341 subdivision B 2 of § 62.1-44.15:27 shall determine the completeness of any application within 15 days 1342 after receipt, and shall act on any application within 60 days after it has been determined by the 1343 VESMP authority to be complete. The VESMP authority shall forward a soil erosion control and 1344 stormwater management plan to the Department for review within five days of receipt. If the plan is 1345 incomplete, the Department shall return the plan to the locality immediately and the application process 1346 shall start over. If the plan is complete, the Department shall review it for compliance with the water 1347 quality and water quantity technical criteria and provide its recommendation to the VESMP authority. 1348 The VESMP authority shall either (i) issue the land-disturbance approval or (ii) issue a denial and provide a written rationale for the denial. In no case shall a locality have more than 60 days for its 1349 1350 decision on an application after it has been determined to be complete. Prior to issuing a 1351 land-disturbance approval, a VESMP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of permit coverage

1352 when such coverage is required.

1353The VESMP authority also shall forward to the Department any resubmittal of a previously1354disapproved application within five days after receipt, and the VESMP authority shall determine whether1355the plan is complete within 15 days of its receipt of the plan. The Department shall review the plan for1356compliance with the water quality and water quantity technical criteria and provide its recommendation1357to the VESMP authority, and the VESMP authority shall act on the resubmitted application within 451358days after receipt.

1359 3. When a state agency or federal entity submits a soil erosion control and stormwater management
1360 plan for a project, land disturbance shall not commence until the Board has reviewed and approved the
1361 plan and has issued permit coverage when it is required.

a. The Board shall not approve a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan submitted by a state agency or federal entity for a project involving a land-disturbing activity (i) in any locality that has not adopted a local program with more stringent ordinances than those of the state program or (ii) in multiple jurisdictions with separate local programs, unless the plan is consistent with the requirements of the state program.

1367 b. The Board shall not approve a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan submitted by
1368 a state agency or federal entity for a project involving a land-disturbing activity in one locality with a
1369 local program with more stringent ordinances than those of the state program, unless the plan is
1370 consistent with the requirements of the local program.

1371 c. If onsite changes occur, the state agency or federal entity shall submit an amended soil erosion1372 control and stormwater management plan to the Department.

1373 d. The state agency or federal entity responsible for the land-disturbing activity shall ensure
 1374 compliance with the approved plan. As necessary, the Board shall provide project oversight and
 1375 enforcement.

1376 4. Prior to issuance of any land-disturbance approval, the VESMP authority may also require an 1377 applicant, excluding state *agencies* and federal entities, to submit a reasonable performance bond with 1378 surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination thereof, or such other legal arrangement acceptable 1379 to the VSMP VESMP authority, to ensure that measures could be taken by the VSMP VESMP authority 1380 at the applicant's expense should he fail, after proper notice, within the time specified to initiate or 1381 maintain appropriate actions that may be required of him by the permit conditions comply with the 1382 conditions imposed by the VESMP authority as a result of his land-disturbing activity. If the VSMP 1383 VESMP authority takes such action upon such failure by the applicant, the VSMP VESMP authority may 1384 collect from the applicant the difference should the amount of the reasonable cost of such action exceed 1385 the amount of the security held. Within 60 days of the completion of the requirements of the permit 1386 VESMP authority's conditions, such bond, cash escrow, letter of credit, or other legal arrangement, or 1387 the unexpended or unobligated portion thereof, shall be refunded to the applicant or terminated. These 1388 requirements are in addition to all other provisions of law relating to the issuance of permits and are not 1389 intended to otherwise affect the requirements for such permits.

B. A Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act Land-Disturbing Activity shall be subject to coverage under the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities until July 1, 2014, at which time it shall no longer be considered a small construction activity but shall be then regulated under the requirements of this article. The VESMP authority may require changes to an approved soil erosion control and stormwater management plan in the following cases:

1396 1. Where inspection has revealed that the plan is inadequate to satisfy applicable regulations or 1397 ordinances; or

1398 2. Where the owner finds that because of changed circumstances or for other reasons the plan
1399 cannot be effectively carried out, and proposed amendments to the plan, consistent with the
1400 requirements of this article, are agreed to by the VESMP authority and the owner.

1401 *C.* In order to prevent further erosion, a VESMP authority may require approval of a soil erosion 1402 control and stormwater management plan for any land identified as an erosion impact area by the 1403 VESMP authority.

1404 D. A VESMP authority may enter into an agreement with an adjacent VESMP authority regarding
1405 the administration of multijurisdictional projects, specifying who shall be responsible for all or part of
1406 the administrative procedures. Should adjacent VESMP authorities fail to reach such an agreement,
1407 each shall be responsible for administering the area of the multijurisdictional project that lies within its
1408 jurisdiction.

1409 *E.* The following requirements shall apply to land-disturbing activities in the Commonwealth:

1410 1. Any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) disturbs less than 1411 one acre of land and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or

1412 greater of land disturbance may, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board, be required to

1413 obtain permit coverage.

1414 2. For a land-disturbing activity occurring in an area not designated as a Chesapeake Bay 1415 Preservation Area subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.):

1416 a. Soil erosion control requirements and water quantity technical criteria adopted pursuant to this 1417 article shall apply to any activity that disturbs 10,000 square feet or more, although the locality may 1418 reduce this regulatory threshold to a smaller area of disturbed land. A plan addressing these 1419 requirements shall be submitted to the VESMP authority in accordance with subsection A. This 1420 subdivision shall also apply to additions or modifications to existing single-family detached residential 1421 structures.

1422 b. Soil erosion control requirements and water quantity and water quality technical criteria shall 1423 apply to any activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) disturbs less than one acre of 1424 land and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or greater of 1425 land disturbance, although the locality may reduce this regulatory threshold to a smaller area of 1426 disturbed land. A plan addressing these requirements shall be submitted to the VESMP authority in 1427 accordance with subsection A.

1428 3. For a land-disturbing activity occurring in an area designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation 1429 Area subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.):

a. Soil erosion control and water quantity and water quality technical criteria shall apply to any 1430 1431 land-disturbing activity that disturbs 2,500 square feet or more of land, other than a single-family 1432 detached residential structure. However, the governing body of any affected locality may reduce this 1433 regulatory threshold to a smaller area of disturbed land. A plan addressing these requirements shall be 1434 submitted to the VESMP authority in accordance with subsection A.

1435 b. For land-disturbing activities for single-family detached residential structures, soil erosion control and water quantity technical criteria shall apply to any land-disturbing activity that disturbs 2,500 1436 1437 square feet or more of land, and the locality also may require compliance with the water quality 1438 technical criteria. A plan addressing these requirements shall be submitted to the VESMP authority in 1439 accordance with subsection A.

1440 C. F. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the following activities are exempt, not 1441 required to comply with the requirements of this article unless otherwise required by federal law:

1442 1. Minor land-disturbing activities, including home gardens and individual home landscaping, 1443 repairs, and maintenance work; 1444

2. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any individual service connection;

1445 3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground utility line when such activity occurs on 1446 an existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is confined to 1447 the area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

1448 4. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any septic tank line or drainage field unless included in an 1449 overall plan for land-disturbing activity relating to construction of the building to be served by the 1450 *septic tank system;*

1451 5. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects 1452 conducted under the provisions of pursuant to Title 45.1;

1453 2. 6. Clearing of lands specifically for *bona fide* agricultural purposes and; the management, tilling, 1454 planting, or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops₇; livestock feedlot operations₇ or as 1455 additionally set forth by the Board in regulations, including; agricultural engineering operations as 1456 follows:, including construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds, 1457 ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land drainage, and land 1458 irrigation; however or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulations. However, this exception 1459 shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which harvesting occurs is reforested 1460 artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) or is 1461 converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as described in subsection B of § 10.1-1163;

1462 3. Single-family residences separately built and disturbing less than one acre and not part of a larger 1463 common plan of development or sale, including additions or modifications to existing single-family 1464 detached residential structures. However, localities subject to the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay 1465 Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) may regulate these single-family residences where land 1466 disturbance exceeds 2.500 square feet:

1467 4. Land-disturbing activities that disturb less than one acre of land area except for land-disturbing activity exceeding an area of 2,500 square feet in all areas of the jurisdictions designated as subject to 1468 1469 the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management Regulations adopted pursuant to 1470 the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) or activities that are 1471 part of a larger common plan of development or sale that is one acre or greater of disturbance; however, 1472 the governing body of any locality that administers a VSMP may reduce this exception to a smaller area 1473 of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this exception shall apply;

1474 5.7. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or

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1475 poles;

1476 8. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are 1477 within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources 1478 Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is 1479 disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted 1480 *pursuant thereto:*

1481 9. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other 1482 related structures and facilities of a railroad company;

1483 10. Land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work requires 1484 immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment. In such 1485 situations, the VESMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of commencing 1486 the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of subsection A is 1487 required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity; and

1488 11. Discharges to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system; that are not from a land-disturbing 1489 activity.

1490 G. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the following activities are required to comply 1491 with the soil erosion control requirements but are not required to comply with the water quantity and 1492 water quality technical criteria, unless otherwise required by federal law:

1493 6. 1. Activities under a state or federal reclamation program to return an abandoned property to an 1494 agricultural or open land use;

1495 7. 2. Routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic 1496 capacity, or original construction of the project. The paving of an existing road with a compacted or 1497 impervious surface and reestablishment of existing associated ditches and shoulders shall be deemed 1498 routine maintenance if performed in accordance with this subsection; and

1499 8. Conducting land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work 1500 requires immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment. 1501 In such situations, the VSMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of 1502 commencing the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of 1503 subsection A is required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity

1504 3. Discharges from a land-disturbing activity to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system. 1505

§ 62.1-44.15:35. Nutrient credit use and additional offsite options for construction activities.

1506 A. As used in this section:

"Nutrient credit" or "credit" means a type of offsite option that is a nutrient credit certified pursuant 1507 1508 to Article 4.02 (§ 62.1-44.19:12 et seq.).

1509 "Offsite option" means an alternative available, away from the real property where land disturbance 1510 is occurring, to address water quality or water quantity technical criteria established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:28. 1511

1512 "Tributary," within the Chesapeake Bay watershed, has the same meaning as in § 62.1-44.19:13. For 1513 areas outside of the Chesapeake Bay watershed, "tributary" includes the following watersheds: Albemarle 1514 Sound, Coastal; Atlantic Ocean, Coastal; Big Sandy; Chowan; Clinch-Powell; New Holston (Upper 1515 Tennessee); New River; Roanoke; and Yadkin.

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program Authority" or "VSMP authority" has the same meaning 1516 1517 as in § 62.1-44.15:24 and includes, until July 1, 2014, any locality that has adopted a local stormwater 1518 management program.

1519 B. A VSMP authority is authorized to allow compliance with stormwater nonpoint nutrient runoff 1520 water quality criteria established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:28, in whole or in part, through the use of the 1521 applicant's acquisition of nutrient credits in the same tributary.

1522 C. No applicant shall use nutrient credits to address water quantity control requirements. No applicant 1523 shall use nutrient credits or other offsite options No offsite option shall be used in contravention of local 1524 water quality-based limitations (i) determined pursuant to subsection B of § 62.1-44.19:14, (ii) adopted 1525 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:33 or other applicable authority, (iii) deemed necessary to protect public water 1526 supplies from demonstrated adverse nutrient impacts, or (iv) as otherwise may be established or 1527 approved by the Board. Where such a limitation exists, offsite options may be used provided that such 1528 options do not preclude or impair compliance with the local limitation.

1529 D. A VSMP authority shall allow offsite options in accordance with subsection I C. Unless 1530 prohibited by subsection B, a VESMP authority or a VSMP authority:

1531 1. May allow the use of offsite options for compliance with water quality and water quantity 1532 technical criteria established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:28, in whole or in part; and

1533 2. Shall allow the use of nutrient credits for compliance with the water quality technical criteria 1534 when:

1535 1. a. Less than five acres of land will be disturbed;

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1536 2. The postconstruction phosphorous control b. The phosphorous water quality reduction requirement 1537 is less than 10 pounds per year; or

1538 3. The state permit applicant demonstrates c. It is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the VESMP or 1539 VSMP authority that (i) alternative site designs have been considered that may accommodate onsite best 1540 management practices, (ii) onsite best management practices have been considered in alternative site 1541 designs to the maximum extent practicable, (iii) appropriate onsite best management practices will be 1542 implemented, and (iv) full compliance with postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance 1543 requirements water quality technical criteria cannot practicably be met onsite. For purposes of this 1544 subdivision, if an applicant demonstrates The requirements of clauses (i) through (iv) shall be deemed to 1545 have been met if it is demonstrated that onsite control of at least 75 percent of the required phosphorous 1546 nutrient reductions, the applicant shall be deemed to have met the requirements of clauses (i) through 1547 (iv) water quality reduction will be achieved.

1548 E. Documentation of the applicant's acquisition of nutrient credits shall be provided to the VSMP 1549 authority and the Department in a certification from the credit provider documenting the number of 1550 phosphorus nutrient credits acquired and the associated ratio of nitrogen nutrient credits at the 1551 credit-generating entity. Until the effective date of regulations establishing application fees in accordance 1552 with § 62.1-44.19:20, the credit provider shall pay the Department a water quality enhancement fee 1553 equal to six percent of the amount paid by the applicant for the credits. Such fee shall be deposited into 1554 the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29.

1555 F. Nutrient credits used pursuant to subsection B shall be generated in the same or adjacent eight-digit hydrologic unit code as defined by the United States Geological Survey as the permitted site 1556 except as otherwise limited in subsection C. Nutrient credits outside the same or adjacent eight-digit 1557 hydrologic unit code may only be used if it is determined by the VSMP authority that no credits are 1558 1559 available within the same or adjacent eight digit hydrologic unit code when the VSMP authority accepts 1560 the final site design. In such cases, and subject to other limitations imposed in this section, credits 1561 available within the same tributary may be used. In no case shall credits from another tributary be used.

1562 G. For that portion of a site's compliance with stormwater nonpoint nutrient runoff water quality criteria being obtained through nutrient credits, the applicant shall (i) comply with a 1:1 ratio of the 1563 1564 nutrient credits to the site's remaining postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance requirement being met by credit use and (ii) use credits certified as perpetual credits pursuant to Article 4.02 1565 (<u>§ 62.1-44.19:12</u> et seq.). 1566

1567 H. D. No VSMP or VESMP authority may grant an exception to, or waiver of, postdevelopment 1568 post-development nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance requirements unless offsite options have been 1569 considered and found not available.

1570 I. E. The VSMP or VESMP authority shall require that nutrient credits and other offsite options 1571 approved by the Department or applicable state board, including locality pollutant loading pro rata share programs established pursuant to § 15.2-2243, achieve the necessary nutrient phosphorous water quality 1572 reductions prior to the commencement of the applicant's land-disturbing activity. A pollutant loading pro 1573 rata share program established by a locality pursuant to § 15.2-2243 and approved by the Department or 1574 1575 applicable state board prior to January 1, 2011, including those that may achieve nutrient reductions 1576 after the commencement of the land-disturbing activity, may continue to operate in the approved manner 1577 for a transition period ending July 1, 2014. The applicant In the case of a phased project, the land 1578 disturber may acquire or achieve the offsite nutrient reductions prior to the commencement of each 1579 phase of the land-disturbing activity in an amount sufficient for each such phase. The land disturber shall have the right to select between the use of nutrient credits or other offsite options, except during 1580 1581 the transition period in those localities to which the transition period applies. The locality may use funds 1582 collected for nutrient reductions pursuant to a locality pollutant loading pro rata share program under 1583 § 15.2-2243 for nutrient reductions in the same tributary within the same locality as the land-disturbing 1584 activity or for the acquisition of nutrient credits. In the case of a phased project, the applicant may 1585 acquire or achieve the offsite nutrient reductions prior to the commencement of each phase of the 1586 land-disturbing activity in an amount sufficient for each such phase.

1587 J. Nutrient reductions obtained through nutrient credits shall be credited toward compliance with any 1588 nutrient allocation assigned to a municipal separate storm sewer system in a Virginia Stormwater 1589 Management Program Permit or Total Maximum Daily Load applicable to the location where the 1590 activity for which the nutrient credits are used takes place. If the activity for which the nutrient credits 1591 are used does not discharge to a municipal separate storm sewer system, the nutrient reductions shall be 1592 credited toward compliance with the applicable nutrient allocation.

1593 \mathbf{K} . A F. With the consent of the land disturber, in resolving enforcement actions, the VESMP 1594 authority or the Board may include the use of offsite options to compensate for (i) nutrient control 1595 deficiencies occurring during the period of noncompliance and (ii) permanent nutrient control 1596 deficiencies. 1597

G. This section shall not be construed as limiting the authority established under § 15.2-2243;

1598 however, under any pollutant loading pro rata share program established thereunder, the subdivider or 1599 developer shall be given appropriate credit for nutrient reductions achieved through offsite options. The 1600 locality may use funds collected for nutrient reductions pursuant to a locality pollutant loading pro rata 1601 share program for nutrient reductions in the same tributary within the same locality as the 1602 land-disturbing activity, or for the acquisition of nutrient credits.

1603 H. Nutrient credits shall not be used to address water quantity technical criteria. Nutrient credits 1604 shall be generated in the same or adjacent fourth order subbasin, as defined by the hydrologic unit 1605 boundaries of the National Watershed Boundary Dataset, as the land-disturbing activity. If no credits 1606 are available [with within] these subbasins when the VESMP or VSMP authority accepts the final site 1607 design, credits available within the same tributary may be used. The following requirements apply to the 1608 use of nutrient credits:

1609 1. Documentation of the acquisition of nutrient credits shall be provided to the VESMP authority and the Department or the VSMP authority in a certification from the credit provider documenting the 1610 1611 number of phosphorus nutrient credits acquired and the associated ratio of nitrogen nutrient credits at 1612 the credit- generating entity.

1613 2. Until the effective date of regulations establishing application fees in accordance with 1614 § 62.1-44.19:20, the credit provider shall pay the Department a water quality enhancement fee equal to 1615 six percent of the amount paid for the credits. Such fee shall be deposited into the Virginia Stormwater 1616 Management Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29.

1617 3. For that portion of a site's compliance with water quality technical criteria being obtained 1618 through nutrient credits, the land disturber shall (i) comply with a 1:1 ratio of the nutrient credits to the 1619 site's remaining post-development nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance requirement being met by credit 1620 use and (ii) use credits certified as perpetual credits pursuant to Article 4.02 (§ 62.1-44.19:12 et seq.).

4. A VESMP or VSMP authority shall allow the full or partial substitution of perpetual nutrient 1621 1622 credits for existing onsite nutrient controls when (i) the nutrient credits will compensate for 10 or fewer 1623 pounds of the annual phosphorous requirement associated with the original land-disturbing activity or (ii) 1624 existing onsite controls are not functioning as anticipated after reasonable attempts to comply with 1625 applicable maintenance agreements or requirements and the use of nutrient credits will account for the 1626 deficiency. Upon determination by the VESMP or VSMP authority that the conditions established by 1627 clause (i) or (ii) have been met, the party responsible for maintenance shall be released from 1628 maintenance obligations related to the onsite phosphorous controls for which the nutrient credits are 1629 substituted.

1630 L. To the extent available, with the consent of the applicant, the VSMP authority, the Board or the 1631 Department may include the use of nutrient credits or other offsite measures in resolving enforcement 1632 actions to compensate for (i) nutrient control deficiencies occurring during the period of noncompliance 1633 and (ii) permanent nutrient control deficiencies.

1634 M. This section shall not be construed as limiting the authority established under § 15.2-2243; 1635 however, under any pollutant loading pro rata share program established thereunder, the subdivider or 1636 developer shall be given appropriate credit for nutrient reductions achieved through nutrient credits or 1637 other offsite options.

1638 N. In order to properly account for allowed nonpoint nutrient offsite reductions, an applicant shall 1639 report to the Department, in accordance with Department procedures, information regarding all offsite 1640 reductions that have been authorized to meet stormwater postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient runoff 1641 compliance requirements.

1642 O. An applicant or a permittee found to be in noncompliance with the requirements of this section 1643 shall be subject to the enforcement and penalty provisions of this article.

1644 I. The use of nutrient credits to meet post-construction nutrient control requirements shall be 1645 accounted for in the implementation of total maximum daily loads and MS4 permits as specified in 1646 subdivisions 1, 2, and 3. In order to ensure that the nutrient reduction benefits of nutrient credits used 1647 to meet post-construction nutrient control requirements are attributed to the location of the 1648 land-disturbing activity where the credit is used, the following account method shall be used: 1649

1. Chesapeake Bay TMDL.

1650 a. Where nutrient credits are used to meet nutrient reduction requirements applicable to 1651 redevelopment projects, a 1:1 credit shall be applied toward MS4 compliance with the Chesapeake Bay 1652 TMDL waste load allocation or related MS4 permit requirement applicable to the MS4 service area, 1653 including the site of the land-disturbing activity, such that the nutrient reductions of redevelopment projects are counted as part of the MS4 nutrient reductions to the same extent as when land-disturbing 1654 1655 activities use onsite measures to comply.

1656 b. Where nutrient credits are used to meet post-construction requirements applicable to new 1657 development projects, the nutrient reduction benefits represented by such credits shall be attributed to the location of the land-disturbing activity where the credit is used to the same extent as when 1658

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1659 land-disturbing activities use onsite measures to comply.

1660 c. A 1:1 credit shall be applied toward compliance by a locality that operates a regulated MS4 with 1661 its Chesapeake Bay TMDL waste load allocation or related MS4 permit requirement to the extent that 1662 nutrient credits are obtained by the MS4 jurisdiction from a nutrient credit-generating entity as defined 1663 in § 62.1-44.19:13 independent of or in excess of those required to meet the post-construction 1664 reauirements.

2. Local nutrient-related TMDLs adopted prior to the land-disturbing activity.

1666 a. Where nutrient credits are used to meet nutrient reduction requirements applicable to redevelopment projects, a 1:1 credit shall be applied toward MS4 compliance with any local TMDL 1667 waste load allocation or related MS4 permit requirement applicable to the MS4 service area, including 1668 1669 the site of the land-disturbing activity, such that the nutrient reductions of redevelopment projects are counted as part of the MS4 nutrient reductions to the same extent as when land-disturbing activities use 1670 1671 onsite measures to comply, provided the nutrient credits are generated upstream of where the land-disturbing activity discharges to the water body segment that is subject to the TMDL. 1672

1673 b. Where nutrient credits are used to meet post-construction requirements applicable to new 1674 development projects, the nutrient reduction benefits represented by such credits shall be attributed to 1675 the location of the land-disturbing activity where the credit is used to the same extent as when land-disturbing activities use onsite measures to comply, provided the nutrient credits are generated 1676 1677 upstream of where the land-disturbing activity discharges to the water body segment that is subject to 1678 the TMDL.

1679 c. A 1:1 credit shall be applied toward MS4 compliance with any local TMDL waste load allocation 1680 or related MS4 permit requirement to the extent that nutrient credits are obtained by the MS4 jurisdiction from a nutrient credit-generating entity as defined in § 62.1-44.19:13 independent of or in 1681 1682 excess of those required to meet the post-construction requirements. However, such credits shall be 1683 generated upstream of where the land-disturbing activity discharges to the water body segment that is 1684 subject to the TMDL. 1685

3. Future local nutrient-related TMDLs.

1686 This subdivision applies only to areas where there has been a documented prior use of nutrient 1687 credits to meet nutrient control requirements in an MS4 service area that flows to or is upstream of a water body segment for which a nutrient-related TMDL is being developed. For a TMDL waste load 1688 1689 allocation applicable to the MS4, the Board shall develop the TMDL waste load allocation with the 1690 nutrient reduction benefits represented by the nutrient credit use being attributed to the MS4, except 1691 when the Board determines during the TMDL development process that reasonable assurance of 1692 implementation cannot be provided for nonpoint source load allocations due to the nutrient reduction benefits being attributed in this manner. The Board shall have no obligation to account for nutrient reduction benefits in this manner if the MS4 does not provide the Board with adequate documentation of 1693 1694 1695 (i) the location of the land-disturbing activities, (ii) the number of nutrient credits, and (iii) the 1696 generation of the nutrient credits upstream of the site at which the land-disturbing activity discharges to 1697 the water body segment addressed by the TMDL. Such attribution shall not be interpreted as amending 1698 the requirement that the TMDL be established at a level necessary to meet the applicable water quality 1699 standard. 1700

§ 62.1-44.15:37. Notices to comply and stop work orders.

1701 A. The VSMP authority (i) shall provide for periodic inspections of the installation of stormwater 1702 management measures, (ii) may require monitoring and reports from the person responsible for meeting 1703 the permit conditions to ensure compliance with the permit and to determine whether the measures 1704 required in the permit provide effective stormwater management, and (iii) shall conduct such 1705 investigations and perform such other actions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this article. If the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department When the VESMP 1706 1707 authority or the Board determines that there is a failure to comply with the permit conditions, notice shall be served upon the permittee or person responsible for carrying out the permit conditions or 1708 1709 conditions of land-disturbance approval, or to obtain an approved plan, permit, or land-disturbance 1710 approval prior to commencing land-disturbing activities, the VESMP authority or the Board may serve a 1711 notice to comply upon the owner, permittee, or person conducting land-disturbing activities without an approved plan, permit, or approval. Such notice to comply shall be served by delivery by facsimile, 1712 1713 *email, or other technology;* by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the 1714 permit or land-disturbance application, if available, or in the land records of the locality; or by delivery 1715 at the site of the development activities to the agent or employee supervising such activities to a person 1716 previously identified to the VESMP authority by the permittee or owner. The notice to comply shall specify the measures needed to comply with the permit conditions and shall specify the or 1717 1718 land-disturbance approval conditions, or shall identify the plan approval or permit or land-disturbance 1719 approval needed to comply with this article, and shall specify a reasonable time within which such 1720 measures shall be completed. In any instance in which a required permit or land-disturbance approval

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has not been obtained, the VESMP authority or the Board may require immediate compliance. In any other case, the VESMP authority or the Board may establish the time for compliance by taking into account the risk of damage to natural resources and other relevant factors. Notwithstanding any other provision in this subsection, a VESMP authority or the Board may count any days of noncompliance as days of violation should the VESMP authority or the Board take an enforcement action. The issuance of a notice to comply by the Board shall not be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

B. Upon failure to comply within the time specified, a stop work order may be issued in accordance with subsection B by the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or by the Board, or the permit may be revoked by the VSMP authority, or the state permit may be revoked by the Board. The Board or the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, may pursue enforcement in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:48.

- 1732 B. If a permittee fails to comply with a notice issued in accordance with subsection A within the 1733 time specified, the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department may 1734 issue an in a notice to comply issued in accordance with subsection A, a locality serving as the VESMP 1735 authority or the Board may issue a stop work order requiring the owner, permittee, person responsible 1736 for carrying out an approved plan, or person conducting the land-disturbing activities without an 1737 approved plan or required permit or land-disturbance approval to cease all land-disturbing activities 1738 until the violation of the permit has ceased, or an approved plan and required permits and approvals are 1739 obtained, and specified corrective measures have been completed. The VESMP authority or the Board 1740 shall lift the order immediately upon completion and approval of corrective action or upon obtaining an 1741 approved plan or any required permits or approvals.
- 1742 Such orders shall be issued (i) in accordance with local procedures if issued by a locality serving as 1743 a VSMP authority or (ii) after a hearing held in accordance with the requirements C. When such an order is issued by the Board, it shall be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative 1744 1745 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) if issued by the Department. Such orders shall become effective upon 1746 service on the person in the manner set forth in subsection A. However, where the alleged 1747 noncompliance is causing or presents an imminent and substantial danger of causing harmful erosion of 1748 lands or sediment deposition in waters within the watersheds of the Commonwealth or otherwise 1749 substantially impacting water quality, the locality serving as the VESMP authority or the Board may 1750 issue, without advance notice or procedures, an emergency order directing such person to cease 1751 immediately all land-disturbing activities on the site and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, 1752 after reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof, to such person, to affirm, modify, amend, or 1753 cancel such emergency order.
- 1754 D. The owner, permittee, or person conducting a land-disturbing activity may appeal the issuance of 1755 any order to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to occur or other 1756 appropriate court.
- 1757 E. An aggrieved owner of property sustaining pecuniary damage from soil erosion or sediment
 1758 deposition resulting from a violation of an approved plan or required land-disturbance approval, or
 1759 from the conduct of a land-disturbing activity commenced without an approved plan or required
 1760 land-disturbance approval, may give written notice of an alleged violation to the locality serving as the
 1761 VESMP authority and to the Board.
- 1762 1. If the VESMP authority has not responded to the alleged violation in a manner that causes the violation to cease and abates the damage to the aggrieved owner's property within 30 days following receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner, the aggrieved owner may request that the Board conduct an investigation and, if necessary, require the violator to stop the alleged violation and abate the damage to the property of the aggrieved owner.
- 1767 2. Upon receipt of the request, the Board shall conduct an investigation of the aggrieved owner's complaint. If the Board's investigation of the complaint indicates that (i) there is a violation and the VESMP authority has not responded to the violation as required by the VESMP and (ii) the VESMP authority has not responded to the alleged violation in a manner that causes the violation to cease and abates the damage to the aggrieved owner's property within 30 days from receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner, then the Board shall give written notice to the VESMP authority that the Board 1773 intends to issue an order pursuant to subdivision 3.
- 1774 3. If the VESMP authority has not instituted action to stop the violation and abate the damage to the 1775 aggrieved owner's property within 10 days following receipt of the notice from the Board, the Board is 1776 authorized to issue an order requiring the owner, person responsible for carrying out an approved [1777 erosion and sediment control] plan, or person conducting the land-disturbing activity without an 1778 approved plan or required land-disturbance approval to cease all land-disturbing activities until the 1779 violation of the plan has ceased or an approved plan and required land-disturbance approval are 1780 obtained, as appropriate, and specified corrective measures have been completed. The Board also may 1781 immediately initiate a program review of the VESMP.

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1782 4. Such orders are to be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Process Act 1783 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and they shall become effective upon service on the person by mailing, with 1784 confirmation of delivery, sent to his address specified in the land records of the locality, or by personal 1785 delivery by an agent of the VSMP authority or Department Board. Any subsequent identical mail or 1786 notice that is sent by the Board may be sent by regular mail. However, if the VSMP authority or the 1787 Department Board finds that any such violation is grossly affecting or presents an imminent and 1788 substantial danger of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition in waters within the 1789 watersheds of the Commonwealth or otherwise substantially impacting water quality, it may issue, 1790 without advance notice or hearing, an emergency order directing such person to cease immediately all 1791 land-disturbing activities on the site *immediately* and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after 1792 reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof, to such person, to affirm, modify, amend, or cancel 1793 such emergency order.

1794 5. If a person who has been issued an order or an emergency order is not complying with the terms 1795 thereof, the VSMP authority or the Department Board may institute a proceeding in accordance with 1796 § 62.1-44.15:42 the appropriate circuit court for an injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy 1797 compelling the person to comply with such order. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing 1798 to obey any injunction, mandamus, or other remedy obtained pursuant to this section shall be subject, in 1799 the discretion of the court, to a civil penalty in accordance with the provisions of § 62.1-44.15:48. Any 1800 civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State 1801 Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1. 1802

§ 62.1-44.15:39. Right of entry.

1803 The Department, the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, any duly authorized 1804 agent of the Department or VSMP authority, or any locality that is the operator of a regulated municipal 1805 separate storm sewer system In addition to the Board's authority set forth in § 62.1-44.20, a locality 1806 serving as a VESMP authority or any duly authorized agent thereof may, at reasonable times and under 1807 reasonable circumstances, enter any establishment or upon any property, public or private, for the 1808 purpose of obtaining information or conducting surveys or investigations necessary in the enforcement of 1809 the provisions of this article. For operators of localities that operate regulated municipal separate storm 1810 sewer systems, this authority shall apply only to those properties from which a discharge enters their 1811 municipal separate storm sewer systems.

1812 In accordance with a performance bond with surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination thereof, or such other legal arrangement, a <u>VSMP</u> VESMP authority may also enter any establishment or 1813 1814 upon any property, public or private, for the purpose of initiating or maintaining appropriate actions that 1815 are required by the permit conditions associated with conditions imposed by the VESMP authority on a 1816 land-disturbing activity when a permittee an owner, after proper notice, has failed to take acceptable action within the time specified. 1817 1818

§ 62.1-44.15:40. Information to be furnished.

1819 The Board, the Department, or the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, may 1820 require every permit applicant, every permittee, or any person subject to state permit requirements under 1821 this article a locality serving as a VESMP authority may require every owner, including every applicant for a permit or land-disturbance approval, to furnish when requested such application materials, plans, 1822 1823 specifications, and other pertinent information as may be necessary to determine the effect of his 1824 discharge on the quality of state waters, or such other information as may be necessary to accomplish 1825 the purposes of this article. The Board or Department also may require any locality that is a VESMP 1826 authority to furnish when requested any information as may be required to accomplish the purposes of 1827 this article. Any personal information shall not be disclosed except to an appropriate official of the Board, Department, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or VSMP VESMP authority or as may be authorized pursuant to the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, 1828 1829 disclosure of records of the Department, the Board, or the VSMP VESMP authority relating to (i) active 1830 1831 federal environmental enforcement actions that are considered confidential under federal law, (ii) 1832 enforcement strategies, including proposed sanctions for enforcement actions, and (iii) any secret 1833 formulae, secret processes, or secret methods other than effluent data used by any permittee owner or 1834 under that permittee's owner's direction is prohibited. Upon request, such enforcement records shall be 1835 disclosed after a proposed sanction resulting from the investigation has been determined by the 1836 Department, the Board, or the VSMP locality serving as a VESMP authority. This section shall not be 1837 construed to prohibit the disclosure of records related to inspection reports, notices of violation, and 1838 documents detailing the nature of any land-disturbing activity that may have occurred, or similar 1839 documents.

§ 62.1-44.15:41. Liability of common interest communities.

1841 A. Whenever a common interest community cedes responsibility for the maintenance, repair, and 1842 replacement of a stormwater management facility on its real property to the Commonwealth or political 1843 subdivision thereof, such common interest community shall be immune from civil liability in relation to

1844 such stormwater management facility. In order for the immunity established by this subsection to apply, 1845 (i) the common interest community must cede such responsibility by contract or other instrument 1846 executed by both parties and (ii) the Commonwealth or the governing body of the political subdivision 1847 shall have accepted the responsibility ceded by the common interest community in writing or by 1848 resolution. As used in this section, maintenance, repair, and replacement shall include, without 1849 limitation, cleaning of the facility, maintenance of adjacent grounds that are part of the facility, 1850 maintenance and replacement of fencing where the facility is fenced, and posting of signage indicating 1851 the identity of the governmental entity that maintains the facility. Acceptance or approval of an 1852 easement, subdivision plat, site plan, or other plan of development shall not constitute the acceptance by 1853 the Commonwealth or the governing body of the political subdivision required to satisfy clause (ii). The 1854 immunity granted by this section shall not apply to actions or omissions by the common interest 1855 community constituting intentional or willful misconduct or gross negligence. For the purposes of this section, "common interest community" means the same as that term is defined in § 55-528. 1856

1857 B. Except as provided in subsection A, the fact that any permittee holds or has held a permit or state 1858 permit issued under this article shall not constitute a defense in any civil action involving private rights. 1859 § 62.1-44.15:46. Appeals.

1860 Any permittee or party aggrieved by a state permit or (i) a permit or permit enforcement decision of 1861 the Department or Board under this article or (ii) a decision of the Board under this article concerning 1862 a land-disturbing activity in a locality subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 1863 et seq.), or any person who has participated, in person or by submittal of written comments, in the 1864 public comment process related to a final such decision of the Department or Board under this article, 1865 whether such decision is affirmative or negative, is entitled to judicial review thereof in accordance with 1866 § 62.1-44.29. Appeals of other final decisions of the Board under this article shall be subject to judicial 1867 review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) if such 1868 person meets the standard for obtaining judicial review of a case or controversy pursuant to Article III 1869 of the Constitution of the United States. A person shall be deemed to meet such standard if (i) such 1870 person has suffered an actual or imminent injury that is an invasion of a legally protected interest and that is concrete and particularized; (ii) such injury is fairly traceable to the decision of the Department 1871 1872 or the Board and not the result of the independent action of some third party not before the court; and 1873 (iii) such injury will likely be redressed by a favorable decision by the court.

1874 The provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall not apply to decisions 1875 rendered by localities. Appeals of decisions rendered by localities shall be conducted in accordance with 1876 local appeal procedures and shall include an opportunity for judicial review in the circuit court of the 1877 locality in which the land disturbance occurs or is proposed to occur. Unless otherwise provided by law, 1878 the circuit court shall conduct such review in accordance with the standards established in § 2.2-4027, 1879 and the decisions of the circuit court shall be subject to review by the Court of Appeals, as in other 1880 cases under this article.

1881 A final decision by a locality, when serving as a VESMP authority, shall be subject to judicial 1882 review, provided that an appeal is filed in the appropriate court within 30 days from the date of any 1883 written decision adversely affecting the rights, duties, or privileges of the person engaging in or 1884 proposing to engage in a land-disturbing activity. 1885

§ 62.1-44.15:48. Penalties, injunctions, and other legal actions.

1886 A. For a land-disturbing activity that disturbs 2,500 square feet or more of land in an area of a 1887 locality that is designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay 1888 Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), or that disturbs one acre or more of land or is part of a 1889 larger common plan of development or sale that disturbs one acre or more of land anywhere else in the 1890 *Commonwealth:*

1891 1. Any person who violates any *applicable* provision of this article or of any regulation, ordinance 1892 permit, or standard and specification adopted or approved by the Board hereunder, or who fails, 1893 neglects, or refuses to comply with any order of the Board, or a court, issued as herein provided, shall 1894 be subject to a civil penalty pursuant to § 62.1-44.32. The court shall direct that any penalty be paid 1895 into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund 1896 established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

1897 2. Any person who violates any applicable provision of this article, or any ordinance adopted 1898 *pursuant to this article*, including those adopted pursuant to the conditions of an MS4 permit, or any 1899 condition of a local land-disturbance approval, or who fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with any 1900 order of a VSMP authority authorized to enforce this article, the Department, the Board, locality serving 1901 as a VESMP authority or a court, issued as herein provided, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to 1902 exceed \$32,500 for each violation within the discretion of the court. Each day of violation of each 1903 requirement shall constitute a separate offense. The Board shall adopt a regulation establishing a 1904 schedule of civil penalties to be utilized by the VSMP authority in enforcing the provisions of this

article. The Board, Department, or VSMP authority may issue a summons for collection of the civil
penalty and the action may be prosecuted in the appropriate court. Such civil penalties shall be paid into
the treasury of the locality in which the violation occurred and are to be used solely for stormwater
management capital projects, including (i) new stormwater best management practices; (ii) stormwater
best management practice maintenance, inspection, or retrofitting; (iii) stream restoration; (iv)
low-impact development projects; (v) buffer restoration; (vi) pond retrofitting; and (vii) wetlands

1912 Where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into 1913 the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund 1914 established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

1915 B. For a land-disturbing activity that disturbs an area measuring not less than 10,000 square feet
1916 but less than one acre in an area that is not designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area
1917 pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) and is not part of a larger
1918 common plan of development or sale that disturbs one acre or more of land:

1919 1. Any person who violates any applicable provision of this article or of any regulation or order of 1920 the Board issued pursuant to this article, or any condition of a land-disturbance approval issued by the 1921 Board, or fails to obtain a required land-disturbance approval, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to 1922 exceed \$5,000 for each violation with a limit of \$50,000 within the discretion of the court in a civil 1923 action initiated by the Board. Each day during which the violation is found to have existed shall 1924 constitute a separate offense. In no event shall a series of specified violations arising from the same operative set of facts result in civil penalties that exceed a total of \$50,000. The court shall direct the 1925 penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater 1926 1927 Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

2. Any locality serving as a VESMP shall adopt an ordinance providing that a violation of any 1928 1929 ordinance or provision of its program adopted pursuant to this article, or any condition of a 1930 land-disturbance approval, shall be subject to a civil penalty. Such ordinance shall provide that any 1931 person who violates any applicable provision of this article or any ordinance or order of a locality 1932 issued pursuant to this article, or any condition of a land-disturbance approval issued by the locality, or 1933 fails to obtain a required land-disturbance approval, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed 1934 \$5,000 for each violation with a limit of \$50,000 within the discretion of the court in a civil action 1935 initiated by the locality. Each day during which the violation is found to have existed shall constitute a 1936 separate offense. In no event shall a series of specified violations arising from the same operative set of facts result in civil penalties that exceed a total of \$50,000. Any civil penalties assessed by a court as a 1937 1938 result of a summons issued by a locality as an approved VSMP authority shall be paid into the treasury 1939 of the locality wherein the land lies, except where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent. When 1940 the penalties are assessed by the court as a result of a summons issued by the Board or Department, or 1941 and used pursuant to subdivision A 2, except that where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, 1942 the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer 1943 into the Virginia Stormwater Management Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to 1944 § 62.1-44.15:29. Such civil penalties paid into the treasury of the locality in which the violation occurred 1945 are to be used for the purpose of minimizing, preventing, managing, or mitigating pollution of the 1946 waters of the locality and abating environmental pollution therein in such manner as the court may, by 1947 order, direct § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

1948 B. Any person who willfully or negligently violates any provision of this article, any regulation or 1949 order of the Board, any order of a VSMP authority authorized to enforce this article or the Department, 1950 any ordinance of any locality approved as a VSMP authority, any condition of a permit or state permit, 1951 or any order of a court shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail for not more 1952 than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$32,500, either or both. Any person 1953 who knowingly violates any provision of this article, any regulation or order of the Board, any order of 1954 the VSMP authority or the Department, any ordinance of any locality approved as a VSMP authority, 1955 any condition of a permit or state permit, or any order of a court issued as herein provided, or who 1956 knowingly makes any false statement in any form required to be submitted under this article or 1957 knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this 1958 article, shall be guilty of a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor 1959 more than three years, or in the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, 1960 confinement in jail for not more than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than 1961 \$50,000 for each violation. Any defendant that is not an individual shall, upon conviction of a violation 1962 under this subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$10,000. Each day of violation of each 1963 requirement shall constitute a separate offense.

1964 C. Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this article, and who knows at that time that
1965 he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily harm, shall, upon
1966 conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than two years nor

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1967 more than 15 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000, either or both. A defendant that is not an 1968 individual shall, upon conviction of a violation under this subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine not 1969 exceeding the greater of \$1 million or an amount that is three times the economic benefit realized by the 1970 defendant as a result of the offense. The maximum penalty shall be doubled with respect to both fine 1971 and imprisonment for any subsequent conviction of the same person under this subsection.

- D. Violation of any provision of this article may also include the following sanctions: 1972
- 1973 1. The Board, Department, or the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article,
- 1974 C. The violation of any provision of this article may also result in the following sanctions:

1975 1. The Board may seek an injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy pursuant to 1976 § 62.1-44.23. A locality serving as a VESMP authority may apply to the appropriate court in any 1977 jurisdiction wherein the land lies to enjoin a violation or a threatened violation of the provisions of this 1978 article or of the local ordinance without the necessity of showing that an adequate remedy at law does 1979 not exist a local ordinance or order or the conditions of a local land-disturbance approval. Any person 1980 violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus, or other remedy obtained 1981 pursuant to this article shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil penalty that shall be 1982 assessed and used in accordance with the provisions of subsection A or B, as applicable.

1983 2. With the consent of any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any 1984 ordinance, any condition of a permit or state permit, any regulation or order of the Board, any order of 1985 the VSMP authority or the Department, or any provision of this article, the Board, Department, or 1986 VSMP authority may provide, in an order issued against such person, for the payment of civil charges 1987 for violations in specific sums, not to exceed the limit specified in this section. Such civil charges shall 1988 be instead of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under this section. Any civil charges 1989 collected shall be paid to the locality or state treasury pursuant to subsection A The Board or a locality 1990 serving as a VESMP authority may use the criminal provisions provided in § 62.1-44.32.

1991 § 62.1-44.15:49. Enforcement authority of MS4 localities.

1992 A. Localities shall adopt a stormwater ordinance pursuant to the conditions of a MS4 permit that is 1993 consistent with this article and its associated regulations and that contains provisions including the 1994 Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from 1995 Construction Activities and shall include additional provisions Each locality subject to an MS4 permit 1996 shall adopt an ordinance to implement a municipal separate storm sewer system management program 1997 that is consistent with this chapter and that contains provisions as required to comply with a state an 1998 MS4 permit. Such locality may utilize the civil penalty provisions in subsection A subdivision A 2 of 1999 § 62.1-44.15:48, the injunctive authority as provided for in subdivision D 4 subsection C of 2000 62.1-44.15:48, and the civil charges as authorized in subdivision D 2 of 62.1-44.15:48 2001 § 62.1-44.15:25.1, and the criminal provisions in § 62.1-44.32, to enforce the ordinance. At the request 2002 of another MS4, the locality may apply the penalties provided for in this section to direct or indirect discharges to any MS4 located within its jurisdiction. 2003

2004 B. Any person who willfully and knowingly violates any provision of such an ordinance is guilty of 2005 a Class 1 misdemeanor.

2006 C. The local ordinance authorized by this section shall remain in full force and effect until the 2007 locality has been approved as a VSMP authority. 2008

§ 62.1-44.15:50. Cooperation with federal and state agencies.

2009 A VSMP VESMP authority and the Department are authorized to cooperate and enter into agreements 2010 with any federal or state agency in connection with the requirements for land-disturbing activities for 2011 stormwater management. 2012

Article 2.4.

2013 Erosion and Sediment Control Law for Localities Not Administering a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater 2014 Management Program.

§ 62.1-44.15:51. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Agreement in lieu of a plan" means a contract between the plan-approving VESCP authority and the 2017 2018 owner that specifies conservation measures that must be implemented in the construction of a 2019 single-family residence detached residential structure; this contract may be executed by the 2020 plan-approving VESCP authority in lieu of a formal site plan.

2021 "Applicant" means any person submitting an erosion and sediment control plan for approval or 2022 requesting the issuance of a permit, when required, authorizing in order to obtain authorization for 2023 land-disturbing activities to commence.

2024 "Certified inspector" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a certificate of 2025 competence certification from the Board in the area of project inspection or (ii) is enrolled in the 2026 Board's training program for project inspection and successfully completes such program within one year 2027 after enrollment.

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2028 "Certified plan reviewer" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a 2029 eertificate of competence certification from the Board in the area of plan review, (ii) is enrolled in the 2030 Board's training program for plan review and successfully completes such program within one year after 2031 enrollment, or (iii) is licensed as a professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, land surveyor 2032 pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 54.1, or professional soil scientist as 2033 defined in § 54.1-2200.

2034 "Certified program administrator" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a eertificate of competence certification from the Board in the area of program administration or (ii) is 2035 2036 enrolled in the Board's training program for program administration and successfully completes such program within one year after enrollment. 2037 2038

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality. "District" or "soil and water conservation district" means a political subdivision of the 2040 2041 Commonwealth organized in accordance with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 10.1-506 et seq.) of Chapter 2042 5 of Title 10.1.

2043 "Erosion and sediment control plan" or "plan" means a document containing material for the 2044 conservation of soil and water resources of a unit or group of units of land. It may include appropriate maps, an appropriate soil and water plan inventory and management information with needed 2045 2046 interpretations, and a record of decisions contributing to conservation treatment. The plan shall contain 2047 all major conservation decisions to ensure that the entire unit or units of land will be so treated to 2048 achieve the conservation objectives.

2049 "Erosion impact area" means an area of land *that is* not associated with a current land-disturbing 2050 activity but is subject to persistent soil erosion resulting in the delivery of sediment onto neighboring properties or into state waters. This definition shall not apply to any lot or parcel of land of 10,000 2051 2052 square feet or less used for residential purposes or to shorelines where the erosion results from wave 2053 action or other coastal processes.

"Land-disturbing activity" "Land disturbance" or "land-disturbing activity" means any man-made 2054 2055 change to the land surface that may result in soil erosion from water or wind and the movement of sediments into state waters or onto lands in the Commonwealth, including, but not limited to, or has the 2056 potential to change its runoff characteristics, including the clearing, grading, excavating, transporting, 2057 2058 and filling of land, except that the term shall not include:

2059 1. Minor land-disturbing activities such as home gardens and individual home landscaping, repairs, 2060 and maintenance work: 2061

2. Individual service connections;

2062 3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground public utility lines when such activity 2063 occurs on an existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is 2064 confined to the area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

2065 4. Septic tank lines or drainage fields unless included in an overall plan for land-disturbing activity 2066 relating to construction of the building to be served by the septic tank system;

5. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects 2067 2068 conducted pursuant to Title 45.1;

2069 6. Tilling, planting, or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops, livestock feedlot 2070 operations, or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulation, including engineering operations as 2071 follows: construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds, ditches, strip 2072 cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation; 2073 however, this exception shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which harvesting 2074 occurs is reforested artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 2075 et seq.) of Title 10.1 or is converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as described in 2076 subsection B of § 10.1-1163;

2077 7. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other 2078 related structures and facilities of a railroad company;

2079 8. Agricultural engineering operations, including but not limited to the construction of terraces, 2080 terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds not required to comply with the provisions of the Dam Safety Act (§ 10.1-604 et seq.), ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, 2081 2082 contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation;

2083 9. Disturbed land areas of less than 10,000 square feet in size or 2,500 square feet in all areas of the 2084 jurisdictions designated as subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and 2085 Management Regulations; however, the governing body of the program authority may reduce this exception to a smaller area of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this exception shall 2086 2087 apply:

2088 10. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or 2089 poles;

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2090 11. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are 2091 within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources 2092 Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is 2093 disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted 2094 pursuant thereto; and

2095 12. Emergency work to protect life, limb, or property, and emergency repairs; however, if the 2096 land disturbing activity would have required an approved erosion and sediment control plan, if the 2097 activity were not an emergency, then the land area disturbed shall be shaped and stabilized in 2098 accordance with the requirements of the VESCP authority.

2099 "Natural channel design concepts" means the utilization of engineering analysis and fluvial 2100 geomorphic processes to create, rehabilitate, restore, or stabilize an open conveyance system for the 2101 purpose of creating or recreating a stream that conveys its bankfull storm event within its banks and 2102 allows larger flows to access its bankfull bench and its floodplain.

2103 "Owner" means the same as provided in § 62.1-44.3. For a land-disturbing activity that is regulated 2104 under this article, "owner" also includes the owner or owners of the freehold of the premises or lesser 2105 estate therein, mortgagee or vendee in possession, assignee of rents, receiver, executor, trustee, lessee, or 2106 other person, firm, or corporation in control of a property.

2107 "Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a given storm condition at a particular 2108 location.

2109 "Permittee" means the person to whom the local permit authorizing land-disturbing activities is issued 2110 or the person who certifies that the approved erosion and sediment control plan will be followed.

"Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, association, joint venture, public or private 2111 2112 corporation, trust, estate, commission, board, public or private institution, utility, cooperative, county, 2113 city, town, or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth, governmental body, including a federal 2114 or state entity as applicable, any interstate body, or any other legal entity.

"Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a 2115 2116 prescribed storm event.

"Soil erosion" means the movement of soil by wind or water into state waters or onto lands in the 2117 2118 *Commonwealth.* 2119

"Town" means an incorporated town.

2120 "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program" or "VESCP" means a program approved by the 2121 Board that has been established by a VESCP authority for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment 2122 deposition, and nonagricultural runoff associated with a land-disturbing activity to prevent the 2123 unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources and shall 2124 include such items where applicable as local ordinances, rules, permit requirements, annual standards 2125 and specifications, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan review, 2126 inspection, enforcement where authorized in this article, and evaluation consistent with the requirements 2127 of this article and its associated regulations.

2128 "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority" or "VESCP authority" means an 2129 authority a locality approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program. 2130 An authority may include a state entity, including the Department; a federal entity; a district, county, 2131 city, or town; or for linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, 2132 and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad 2133 companies, or authorities created pursuant to $\frac{8}{5}$ 15.2-5102. A locality that has chosen not to establish a 2134 Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program pursuant to subdivision B 3 of § 62.1-44.15:27 is required to become a VESCP authority in accordance with this article. 2135

2136 "Virginia Stormwater Management Program" or "VSMP" means a program established by the Board 2137 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27.1 on behalf of a locality on or after July 1, 2014, to manage the quality 2138 and quantity of runoff resulting from any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of 2139 land or (ii) disturbs less than one acre of land and is part of a larger common plan of development or 2140 sale that results in one acre or greater of land disturbance.

2141 "Water quality volume" means the volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the 2142 impervious surface of the land development project.

2143 § 62.1-44.15:51.1. Applicability.

2144 The requirements of this article shall apply in any locality that has chosen not to establish a Virginia 2145 Erosion and Stormwater Management Program (VESMP) pursuant to subdivision B 3 of 2146 § 62.1-44.15:27. Each such locality shall be required to adopt and administer a Board-approved 2147 VESCP.

2148 § 62.1-44.15:52. Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program.

2149 A. The Board shall develop a program and adopt regulations in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and 2150

2151 nonagricultural runoff that shall be met in any control program to prevent the unreasonable degradation 2152 of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources. Stream restoration and relocation projects that incorporate natural channel design concepts are not man-made channels and shall be 2153 2154 exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels as 2155 defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to this section or § 62.1-44.15:54 or 62.1-44.15:65. Any 2156 plan approved prior to July 1, 2014, that provides for stormwater management that addresses any flow 2157 rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels shall satisfy the flow rate 2158 capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels if the practices are designed to (i) 2159 detain the water quality volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the impervious surface of the land development project and to release it over 48 hours; (ii) detain and release over a 2160 24-hour period the expected rainfall resulting from the one-year, 24-hour storm; and (iii) reduce the 2161 allowable peak flow rate resulting from the 1.5-year, two-year, and 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level 2162 2163 that is less than or equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming it was in a good forested condition, achieved through multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a reduction factor that is 2164 2165 equal to the runoff volume from the site when it was in a good forested condition divided by the runoff 2166 volume from the site in its proposed condition, and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and 2167 velocity requirement for natural or man-made channels as defined in regulations promulgated pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:54 or 62.1-44.15:65. For plans approved on and after July 1, 2014, the flow rate capacity 2168 2169 and velocity requirements of this subsection shall be satisfied by compliance with water quantity 2170 requirements in the Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and 2171 attendant regulations, unless such land-disturbing activities are in accordance with the grandfathering provisions of the Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Permit (VESMP) 2172 2173 Regulations or exempt pursuant to subdivision \bigcirc 7 G 2 of § 62.1-44.15:34. 2174

The regulations shall:

2175 1. Be based upon relevant physical and developmental information concerning the watersheds and 2176 drainage basins of the Commonwealth, including, but not limited to, data relating to land use, soils, hydrology, geology, size of land area being disturbed, proximate water bodies and their characteristics, 2177 2178 transportation, and public facilities and services;

2179 2. Include such survey of lands and waters as may be deemed appropriate by the Board or required 2180 by any applicable law to identify areas, including multijurisdictional and watershed areas, with critical 2181 erosion and sediment problems; and

2182 3. Contain conservation standards for various types of soils and land uses, which shall include 2183 criteria, techniques, and methods for the control of erosion and sediment resulting from land-disturbing 2184 activities.

2185 B. The Board shall provide technical assistance and advice to, and conduct and supervise educational 2186 programs for VESCP authorities.

2187 C. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing minimum standards of effectiveness of erosion and 2188 sediment control programs, and criteria and procedures for reviewing and evaluating the effectiveness of 2189 VESCPs. In developing minimum standards for program effectiveness, the Board shall consider 2190 information and standards on which the regulations promulgated pursuant to subsection A are based.

2191 D. The Board shall approve VESCP authorities and shall periodically conduct a comprehensive program compliance review and evaluation to ensure that all VESCPs operating under the jurisdiction of 2192 2193 this article meet minimum standards of effectiveness in controlling soil erosion, sediment deposition, and 2194 nonagricultural runoff. The Department shall develop a schedule for conducting periodic reviews and 2195 evaluations of the effectiveness of VESCPs unless otherwise directed by the Board. Such reviews where 2196 applicable shall be coordinated with those being implemented in accordance with the Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and associated regulations and the Chesapeake Bay 2197 Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) and associated regulations. The Department may also conduct 2198 2199 a comprehensive or partial program compliance review and evaluation of a VESCP at a greater 2200 frequency than the standard schedule pursuant to subdivision (19) of § 62.1-44.15.

2201 E. The Board shall issue certificates of competence certifications concerning the content, application, 2202 and intent of specified subject areas of this article and accompanying regulations, including program 2203 administration, plan review, and project inspection, to personnel of program authorities and to any other 2204 persons who have completed training programs or in other ways demonstrated adequate knowledge. The 2205 Department shall administer education and training programs for specified subject areas of this article 2206 and accompanying regulations, and is authorized to charge persons attending such programs reasonable 2207 fees to cover the costs of administering the programs. Such education and training programs shall also 2208 contain expanded components to address plan review and project inspection elements of the Virginia 2209 Erosion and Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and attendant regulations in 2210 accordance with § 62.1-44.15:30.

2211 F. Department personnel conducting inspections pursuant to this article shall hold a certificate of 2212 competence *certification* as provided in subsection E.

2213 § 62.1-44.15:53. Certification of program personnel.

2214 A. The minimum standards of VESCP effectiveness established by the Board pursuant to subsection 2215 C of § 62.1-44.15:52 shall provide that (i) an erosion and sediment control plan shall not be approved until it is reviewed by a certified plan reviewer; (ii) inspections of land-disturbing activities shall be 2216 2217 conducted by a certified inspector; and (iii) a VESCP shall contain a certified program administrator, a 2218 certified plan reviewer, and a certified project inspector, who may be the same person.

2219 B. Any person who holds a certificate of competence from the Board in the area of plan review, 2220 project inspection, or program administration that was attained prior to the adoption of the mandatory 2221 certification provisions of subsection A shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of that area of 2222 certification.

2223 C. Professionals registered in the Commonwealth pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of 2224 Chapter 4 of Title 54.1 or a professional soil scientist as defined in § 54.1-2200 shall be deemed to 2225 satisfy the certification requirements have met the provisions of this section for the purposes of renewals 2226 of certifications. 2227

§ 62.1-44.15:54. Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program.

A. Counties and cities shall adopt and administer a VESCP.

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2229 Any town lying within a county that has adopted its own VESCP may adopt its own program or 2230 shall become subject to the county program. If a town lies within the boundaries of more than one 2231 county, the town shall be considered for the purposes of this article to be wholly within the county in 2232 which the larger portion of the town lies Any locality that has chosen not to establish a Virginia 2233 Erosion and Stormwater Management Program (VESMP) pursuant to subdivision B 3 of § 62.1-44.15:27 2234 shall administer a VESCP in accordance with this article; however, a town may enter into an agreement 2235 with a county to administer the town's VESCP pursuant to subsection C of § 62.1-44.15:27.

2236 B. A VESCP authority may enter into agreements or contracts with soil and water conservation 2237 districts, adjacent localities, or other public or private entities to assist with carrying out the provisions 2238 of this article, including the review and determination of adequacy of erosion and sediment control plans 2239 submitted for land-disturbing activities on a unit or units of land as well as for monitoring, reports, 2240 inspections, and enforcement where authorized in this article, of such land-disturbing activities.

2241 C. Any VESCP adopted by a county, city, or town shall be approved by the Board if it establishes 2242 by ordinance requirements that are consistent with this article and associated regulations.

2243 D. Each approved VESCP operated by a county, city, or town shall include provisions for the 2244 integration coordination of the VESCP with Virginia stormwater management, flood insurance, flood 2245 plain management, and other programs requiring compliance prior to authorizing a land-disturbing 2246 activity in order to make the submission and approval of plans, issuance of permits, payment of fees, 2247 and coordination of inspection and enforcement activities more convenient and efficient both for the 2248 local governments and those responsible for compliance with the programs.

2249 E. The Board may approve a state entity, federal entity, or, for linear projects subject to annual 2250 standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and 2251 intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102 to operate a VESCP consistent with the requirements of this article and its associated 2252 2253 regulations and the VESCP authority's Department-approved annual standards and specifications. For 2254 these programs, enforcement shall be administered by the Department and the Board where applicable in 2255 accordance with the provisions of this article shall conduct compliance reviews of VESCPs in 2256 accordance with subdivision (19) of § 62.1-44.15. The Board or Department also may require any 2257 locality that is a VESCP authority to furnish when requested any information as may be required to 2258 accomplish the purposes of this article.

2259 F. Following completion of a compliance review of a VESCP in accordance with subsection D of 2260 § 62.1-44.15:52, the Department shall provide results and compliance recommendations to the Board in 2261 the form of a corrective action agreement if deficiencies are found; otherwise, the Board may find the 2262 program compliant. If a comprehensive or partial program compliance review conducted by the 2263 Department of a VESCP indicates that the VESCP authority has not administered, enforced where 2264 authorized to do so, or conducted its VESCP in a manner that satisfies the minimum standards of effectiveness established pursuant to subsection C of § 62.1-44.15:52, the Board shall establish a 2265 2266 schedule for the VESCP authority to come into compliance. The Board shall provide a copy of its 2267 decision to the VESCP authority that specifies the deficiencies, actions needed to be taken, and the 2268 approved compliance schedule required to attain the minimum standard of effectiveness and shall include 2269 an offer to provide technical assistance to implement the corrective action. If the VESCP authority has 2270 not implemented the necessary compliance actions identified by the Board within 30 days following 2271 receipt of the corrective action agreement, or such additional period as is granted to complete the 2272 implementation of the corrective action, then the Board shall have the authority to (i) issue a special 2273 order to any VESCP, imposing a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per day with the maximum amount 2274 not to exceed \$20,000 per violation for noncompliance with the state program, to be paid into the state 2275 treasury and deposited in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29 or 2276 (ii) revoke its approval of the VESCP. The Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall govern 2277 the activities and proceedings of the Board and the judicial review thereof.

2278 In lieu of issuing a special order or revoking the program, the Board is authorized to take legal 2279 action against a VESCP to ensure compliance.

G. If the Board revokes its approval of the VESCP of a county, city, or town, and the locality is in a
district, the district, upon approval of the Board, shall adopt and administer a VESCP for the locality.
To carry out its program, the district shall adopt regulations in accordance with the Administrative
Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) consistent with this article and associated regulations. The regulations
may be revised from time to time as necessary. The program and regulations shall be available for
public inspection at the principal office of the district.

2286 H. If the Board (i) revokes its approval of a VESCP of a district, or of a county, city, or town not in 2287 a district, or (ii) finds that a local program consistent with this article and associated regulations has not 2288 been adopted by a district or a county, city, or town that is required to adopt and administer a VESCP, 2289 the Board shall find the VESCP authority provisional, and have the Department assist with the 2290 administration of the program until the Board finds the VESCP authority compliant with the 2291 requirements of this article and associated regulations. "Assisting with administration" includes but is not 2292 limited to the ability to review and comment on plans to the VESCP authority, to conduct inspections 2293 with the VESCP authority, and to conduct enforcement in accordance with this article and associated 2294 regulations.

2295 I. If the Board revokes its approval of a state entity, federal entity, or, for linear projects subject to 2296 annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to 2297 § 15.2-5102, the Board shall find the VESCP authority provisional, and have the Department assist with 2298 the administration of the program until the Board finds the VESCP authority compliant with the 2299 2300 requirements of this article and associated regulations. "Assisting with administration" includes the 2301 ability to review and comment on plans to the VESCP authority and to conduct inspections with the 2302 VESCP authority in accordance with this article and associated regulations.

J. F. Any VESCP authority that administers an erosion and sediment control program may charge applicants a reasonable fee to defray the cost of program administration. Such fee may be in addition to any fee charged for administration of a Virginia Stormwater Management Program, although payment of fees may be consolidated in order to provide greater convenience and efficiency for those responsible for compliance with the programs. A VESCP authority shall hold a public hearing prior to establishing a schedule of fees. The fee shall not exceed an amount commensurate with the services rendered, taking into consideration the time, skill, and the VESCP authority's expense involved.

2310 K. The governing body of any county, city, or town, or a district board G. Any locality that is 2311 authorized to administer a VESCP, may adopt an ordinance or regulation where applicable providing 2312 that violations of any regulation or order of the Board, any provision of its program, any condition of a 2313 permit land-disturbance approval, or any provision of this article shall be subject to a civil penalty. The 2314 civil penalty for any one violation shall be not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000. Each day during 2315 which the violation is found to have existed shall constitute a separate offense. In no event shall a series 2316 of specified violations arising from the same operative set of facts result in civil penalties that exceed a 2317 total of \$10,000, except that a series of violations arising from the commencement of land-disturbing 2318 activities without an approved plan for any site shall not result in civil penalties that exceed a total of 2319 \$10,000. Adoption of such an ordinance providing that violations are subject to a civil penalty shall be 2320 in lieu of criminal sanctions and shall preclude the prosecution of such violation as a misdemeanor under subsection A of § 62.1-44.15:63. The penalties set out in this subsection are also available to the 2321 2322 Board in its enforcement actions.

§ 62.1-44.15:55. Regulated land-disturbing activities; submission and approval of erosion and sediment control plan.

2325 A. Except as provided in § 62.1-44.15:56 for state agency and federal entity land-disturbing activities 2326 § 62.1-44.15:31 for a land-disturbing activity conducted by a state agency, federal entity, or other 2327 specified entity, no person shall engage in any land-disturbing activity until he has submitted to the 2328 VESCP authority an erosion and sediment control plan for the land-disturbing activity and the plan has 2329 been reviewed and approved. Upon the development of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than July 1, 2014, a VESCP authority shall then be required to obtain evidence of Virginia 2330 2331 Stormwater Management Program permit coverage where it is required prior to providing approval to begin land disturbance. Where land disturbing activities involve lands under the jurisdiction of more than 2332 2333 one VESCP, an erosion and sediment control plan may, at the request of one or all of the VESCP 2334 authorities, be submitted to the Department for review and approval rather than to each jurisdiction 2335 concerned. The Department may charge the jurisdictions requesting the review a fee sufficient to cover

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the cost associated with conducting the review. A VESCP may enter into an agreement with an adjacent 2336 2337 VESCP regarding the administration of multijurisdictional projects whereby the jurisdiction that contains 2338 the greater portion of the project shall be responsible for all or part of the administrative procedures 2339 Where Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit coverage is required, a VESCP authority 2340 shall be required to obtain evidence of such coverage from the Department's online reporting system prior to approving the erosion and sediment control plan. A VESCP authority may enter into an 2341 2342 agreement with an adjacent VESCP or VESMP authority regarding the administration of 2343 multijurisdictional projects specifying who shall be responsible for all or part of the administrative 2344 procedures. Should adjacent authorities fail to come to such an agreement, each shall be responsible for 2345 administering the area of the multijurisdictional project that lies within its jurisdiction. Where the 2346 land-disturbing activity results from the construction of a single-family residence, an agreement in lieu 2347 of a plan may be substituted for an erosion and sediment control plan if executed by the VESCP 2348 authority.

2349 B. The VESCP authority shall review erosion and sediment control plans submitted to it and grant 2350 written approval within 60 days of the receipt of the plan if it determines that the plan meets the 2351 requirements of this article and the Board's regulations and if the person responsible for carrying out the 2352 plan certifies that he will properly perform the erosion and sediment control measures included in the 2353 plan and shall comply with the provisions of this article. In addition, as a prerequisite to engaging in the 2354 land-disturbing activities shown on the approved plan, the person responsible for carrying out the plan 2355 shall provide the name of an individual holding a certificate of competence to the VESCP authority, as 2356 provided by § 62.1-44.15:52, who will be in charge of and responsible for carrying out the 2357 land-disturbing activity. However, any VESCP authority may waive the certificate of competence 2358 requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction of a single-family residence. If a 2359 violation occurs during the land-disturbing activity, then the person responsible for carrying out the 2360 agreement in lieu of a plan shall correct the violation and provide the name of an individual holding a certificate of competence, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52. Failure to provide the name of an individual 2361 2362 holding a certificate of competence prior to engaging in land-disturbing activities may result in 2363 revocation of the approval of the plan and the person responsible for carrying out the plan shall be 2364 subject to the penalties provided in this article.

2365 When a plan is determined to be inadequate, written notice of disapproval stating the specific reasons 2366 for disapproval shall be communicated to the applicant within 45 days. The notice shall specify the 2367 modifications, terms, and conditions that will permit approval of the plan. If no action is taken by the 2368 VESCP authority within the time specified in this subsection, the plan shall be deemed approved and the 2369 person authorized to proceed with the proposed activity. The VESCP authority shall act on any erosion 2370 and sediment control plan that has been previously disapproved within 45 days after the plan has been 2371 revised, resubmitted for approval, and deemed adequate. 2372

C. The VESCP authority may require changes to an approved plan in the following cases:

2373 1. Where inspection has revealed that the plan is inadequate to satisfy applicable regulations; or

2374 2. Where the person responsible for carrying out the approved plan finds that because of changed 2375 circumstances or for other reasons the approved plan cannot be effectively carried out, and proposed 2376 amendments to the plan, consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations, are 2377 agreed to by the VESCP authority and the person responsible for carrying out the plan.

2378 D. Electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline 2379 companies, and railroad companies shall, and authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102 may, file 2380 general erosion and sediment control standards and specifications annually with the Department for 2381 review and approval. Such standards and specifications shall be consistent with the requirements of this 2382 article and associated regulations and the Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and 2383 associated regulations where applicable. The specifications shall apply to:

2384 1. Construction, installation, or maintenance of electric transmission, natural gas, and telephone utility 2385 lines and pipelines, and water and sewer lines; and

2386 2. Construction of the tracks, rights of way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related 2387 structures and facilities of the railroad company.

2388 The Department shall have 60 days in which to approve the standards and specifications. If no action 2389 is taken by the Department within 60 days, the standards and specifications shall be deemed approved. 2390 Individual approval of separate projects within subdivisions 1 and 2 is not necessary when approved 2391 specifications are followed. Projects not included in subdivisions 1 and 2 shall comply with the 2392 requirements of the appropriate VESCP. The Board shall have the authority to enforce approved 2393 specifications and charge fees equal to the lower of (i) \$1,000 or (ii) an amount sufficient to cover the 2394 costs associated with standard and specification review and approval, project inspections, and 2395 compliance.

2396 E. Any person engaging, in more than one jurisdiction, in the creation and operation of a wetland

2397 mitigation or stream restoration bank or banks, which have been approved and are operated in 2398 accordance with applicable federal and state guidance, laws, or regulations for the establishment, use, 2399 and operation of wetlands mitigation or stream restoration banks, pursuant to a mitigation banking 2400 instrument signed by the Department of Environmental Quality, the Marine Resources Commission, or 2401 the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, may, at the option of that person, file general erosion and sediment 2402 control standards and specifications for wetland mitigation or stream restoration banks annually with the 2403 Department for review and approval consistent with guidelines established by the Board.

2404 The Department shall have 60 days in which to approve the specifications. If no action is taken by 2405 the Department within 60 days, the specifications shall be deemed approved. Individual approval of 2406 separate projects under this subsection is not necessary when approved specifications are implemented through a project specific erosion and sediment control plan. Projects not included in this subsection 2407 shall comply with the requirements of the appropriate local erosion and sediment control program. The 2408 2409 Board shall have the authority to enforce approved specifications and charge fees equal to the lower of 2410 (i) \$1,000 or (ii) an amount sufficient to cover the costs associated with standard and specification 2411 review and approval, projection inspections, and compliance. Approval of general erosion and sediment 2412 control specifications by the Department does not relieve the owner or operator from compliance with 2413 any other local ordinances and regulations including requirements to submit plans and obtain permits as 2414 may be required by such ordinances and regulations.

2415 F. D. In order to prevent further erosion, a VESCP authority may require approval of an erosion and 2416 sediment control plan for any land identified by the VESCP authority as an erosion impact area.

2417 G. E. For the purposes of subsections A and B, when land-disturbing activity will be required of a 2418 contractor performing construction work pursuant to a construction contract, the preparation, submission, 2419 and approval of an erosion and sediment control plan shall be the responsibility of the owner.

F. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the following activities are not required to 2420 2421 comply with the requirements of this article unless otherwise required by federal law:

2422 1. Disturbance of a land area of less than 10,000 square feet in size or less than 2,500 square feet 2423 in an area designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay 2424 Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). However, the governing body of the program authority may 2425 reduce this exception to a smaller area of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this 2426 *exception shall apply;*

2427 2. Minor land-disturbing activities such as home gardens and individual home landscaping, repairs, 2428 and maintenance work; 2429

3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any individual service connection;

2430 4. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground utility line when such activity occurs on 2431 an existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is confined to 2432 the area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

2433 5. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any septic tank line or drainage field unless included in an 2434 overall plan for land-disturbing activity relating to construction of the building to be served by the 2435 *septic tank system;*

2436 6. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects 2437 conducted pursuant to Title 45.1:

2438 7. Clearing of lands specifically for bona fide agricultural purposes; the management, tilling, 2439 planting, or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops; livestock feedlot operations; 2440 agricultural engineering operations, including construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds, ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation; or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulations. 2441 2442 However, this exception shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which 2443 2444 harvesting occurs is reforested artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 2445 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 10.1 or is converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as 2446 described in subsection B of § 10.1-1163;

2447 8. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or 2448 poles:

2449 9. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are 2450 within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources 2451 Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is 2452 disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted 2453 pursuant thereto;

2454 10. Land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work requires 2455 immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment. In such 2456 situations, the VESMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of commencing 2457 the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of subsection A is 2458 required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity;

2459 11. Discharges to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system that are not from a land-disturbing 2460 activity; and

2461 12. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other 2462 related structures and facilities of a railroad company.

2463 § 62.1-44.15:57. Approved plan required for issuance of grading, building, or other permits; 2464 security for performance.

2465 Agencies authorized under any other law to issue grading, building, or other permits for activities 2466 involving land-disturbing activities regulated under this article shall not issue any such permit unless the 2467 applicant submits with his application an approved erosion and sediment control plan and, certification that the plan will be followed, and, upon the development of an online reporting system by the 2468 2469 Department but no later than July 1, 2014, evidence of Virginia Stormwater Management Program 2470 Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit coverage where it is required. Prior to issuance of any 2471 permit, the agency may also require an applicant to submit a reasonable performance bond with surety, 2472 cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination thereof, or such other legal arrangement acceptable to the 2473 agency, to ensure that measures could be taken by the agency at the applicant's expense should he fail, 2474 after proper notice, within the time specified to initiate or maintain appropriate conservation action that 2475 may be required of him by the approved plan as a result of his land-disturbing activity. The amount of 2476 the bond or other security for performance shall not exceed the total of the estimated cost to initiate and 2477 maintain appropriate conservation action based on unit price for new public or private sector 2478 construction in the locality and a reasonable allowance for estimated administrative costs and inflation, 2479 which shall not exceed 25 percent of the estimated cost of the conservation action. If the agency takes 2480 such conservation action upon such failure by the permittee, the agency may collect from the permittee 2481 the difference should the amount of the reasonable cost of such action exceed the amount of the security 2482 held. Within 60 days of the achievement of adequate stabilization of the land-disturbing activity in any 2483 project or section thereof, the bond, cash escrow, letter of credit, or other legal arrangement, or the 2484 unexpended or unobligated portion thereof, shall be refunded to the applicant or terminated based upon 2485 the percentage of stabilization accomplished in the project or section thereof. These requirements are in addition to all other provisions of law relating to the issuance of such permits and are not intended to 2486 2487 otherwise affect the requirements for such permits. 2488

§ 62.1-44.15:58. Monitoring, reports, and inspections.

2489 A. The VESCP authority (i) shall provide for periodic inspections of the land-disturbing activity and 2490 require that an individual holding a certificate of competence, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52, who will 2491 be in charge of and responsible for carrying out the land-disturbing activity and (ii) may require 2492 monitoring and reports from the person responsible for carrying out the erosion and sediment control 2493 plan, to ensure compliance with the approved plan and to determine whether the measures required in 2494 the plan are effective in controlling erosion and sediment. However, any VESCP authority may waive the certificate of competence requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction of a 2495 2496 single-family residence detached residential structure. The owner, permittee, or person responsible for 2497 earrying out the plan shall be given notice of the inspection. If the VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department determines that there is a failure to comply with the plan 2498 2499 following an inspection, notice shall be served upon the permittee or person responsible for carrying out 2500 the plan by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the permit application or in 2501 the plan certification, or by delivery at the site of the land disturbing activities to the agent or employee 2502 supervising such activities When the VESCP authority or the Board determines that there is a failure to comply with the conditions of land-disturbance approval or to obtain an approved plan or a 2503 2504 land-disturbance approval prior to commencing land-disturbing activity, the VESCP authority or the 2505 Board may serve a notice to comply upon the owner or person responsible for carrying out the 2506 land-disturbing activity. Such notice to comply shall be served by delivery by facsimile, e-mail, or other 2507 technology; by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the plan or 2508 land-disturbance application, if available, or in the land records of the locality; or by delivery at the 2509 site to a person previously identified to the VESCP authority by the owner. The notice to comply shall 2510 specify the measures needed to comply with the plan land-disturbance approval conditions or shall 2511 identify the plan approval or land-disturbance approval needed to comply with this article and shall 2512 specify the *a reasonable* time within which such measures shall be completed. In any instance in which 2513 a required land-disturbance approval has not been obtained, the VESCP authority or the Board may 2514 require immediate compliance. In any other case, the VESCP authority or the Board may establish the 2515 time for compliance by taking into account the risk of damage to natural resources and other relevant factors. Notwithstanding any other provision in this subsection, a VESCP authority or the Board may 2516 2517 count any days of noncompliance as days of violation should the VESCP authority or the Board take an 2518 enforcement action. The issuance of a notice to comply by the Board shall not be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001. Upon failure to comply within the time specified, the permit any plan 2519

approval or land-disturbance approval may be revoked and the VESCP authority, where authorized to
 enforce this article, the Department, or the Board may pursue enforcement as provided by
 § 62.1-44.15:63.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, a VESCP authority is authorized to enter into agreements or contracts with districts, adjacent localities, or other public or private entities to assist with the responsibilities of this article, including but not limited to the review and determination of adequacy of erosion and sediment control plans submitted for land-disturbing activities as well as monitoring, reports, inspections, and enforcement where an authority is granted such powers by this article.

C. Upon issuance of an inspection report denoting a violation of this section, or § 62.1-44.15:55 or 2528 2529 62.1-44.15:56, in conjunction with or subsequent to a notice to comply as specified in subsection A, a 2530 VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department or the Board may issue an 2531 a stop work order requiring that all or part of the land-disturbing activities permitted on the site be 2532 stopped until the specified corrective measures have been taken or, if land-disturbing activities have commenced without an approved plan as provided in § 62.1-44.15:55, requiring that all of the 2533 2534 land-disturbing activities be stopped until an approved plan or any required permits are is obtained. 2535 When such an order is issued by the Board, it shall be issued in accordance with the procedures of the 2536 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Where the alleged noncompliance is causing or is in 2537 imminent danger of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition in waters within the 2538 watersheds of the Commonwealth, or where the land-disturbing activities have commenced without an 2539 approved erosion and sediment control plan or any required permits, such an, such a stop work order 2540 may be issued whether or not the alleged violator has been issued a notice to comply as specified in 2541 subsection A. Otherwise, such an order may be issued only after the alleged violator has failed to 2542 comply with a notice to comply. The order for noncompliance with a plan shall be served in the same 2543 manner as a notice to comply, and shall remain in effect for seven days from the date of service pending application by the VESCP authority, the Department Board, or alleged violator for appropriate 2544 2545 relief to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have occurred or other 2546 appropriate court. The stop work order for disturbance without an approved plan or permits shall be 2547 served upon the owner by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the land 2548 records of the locality, shall be posted on the site where the disturbance is occurring, and shall remain 2549 in effect until such time as permits and plan approvals are secured, except in such situations where an 2550 agricultural exemption applies. If the alleged violator has not obtained an approved erosion and sediment 2551 control plan or any required permit within seven days from the date of service of the stop work order, 2552 the Department Board or the chief administrative officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP 2553 authority may issue a subsequent order to the owner requiring that all construction and other work on 2554 the site, other than corrective measures, be stopped until an approved erosion and sediment control plan and any required permits have has been obtained. The subsequent order shall be served upon the owner 2555 2556 by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the permit application plan or the 2557 land records of the locality in which the site is located. The owner may appeal the issuance of any order 2558 to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have occurred or other 2559 appropriate court. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey an order issued by the 2560 Department Board or the chief administrative officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP authority 2561 may be compelled in a proceeding instituted in the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation 2562 was alleged to have occurred or other appropriate court to obey same and to comply therewith by injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy. Upon completion and approval of corrective action 2563 2564 or obtaining an approved plan or any required permits, the order shall immediately be lifted. Nothing in this section shall prevent the Department, the Board, or the chief administrative officer or his designee 2565 2566 on behalf of the VESCP authority from taking any other action specified in § 62.1-44.15:63.

§ 62.1-44.15:60. Right of entry.

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The Department, the VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, *In addition to the* Board's authority set forth in § 62.1-44.20, a locality serving as a VESCP authority or any duly authorized agent of the Department or such VESCP authority thereof may, at reasonable times and under reasonable circumstances, enter any establishment or upon any property, public or private, for the purpose of obtaining information or conducting surveys or investigations necessary in the enforcement of the provisions of this article.

In accordance with a performance bond with surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination
thereof, or such other legal arrangement, a VESCP authority may also enter any establishment or upon
any property, public or private, for the purpose of initiating or maintaining appropriate actions that are
required by the permit conditions associated with conditions imposed by the VESCP authority on a
land-disturbing activity when a permittee an owner, after proper notice, has failed to take acceptable
action within the time specified.

2580 § 62.1-44.15:62. Judicial appeals.

2581 A. A final decision by a county, city, or town, when serving as a VESCP authority under this article,

shall be subject to judicial review, provided that an appeal is filed within 30 days from the date of any
written decision adversely affecting the rights, duties, or privileges of the person engaging in or
proposing to engage in land-disturbing activities.

2585 B. Final decisions of the Board, Department, or district shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

2587 § 62.1-44.15:63. Penalties, injunctions and other legal actions.

2588 A. Violators of § 62.1-44.15:55, 62.1-44.15:56, or 62.1-44.15:58 shall be guilty of a Class 1 2589 misdemeanor.

2590 B. Any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any regulation or order of 2591 the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VESCP authority, any condition of a 2592 permit land-disturbance approval, or any provision of this article or associated regulation shall, upon a 2593 finding of an appropriate court, be assessed a civil penalty. If a locality or district serving as a VESCP 2594 authority has adopted a uniform schedule of civil penalties as permitted by subsection \mathbf{K} G of 2595 § 62.1-44.15:54, such assessment shall be in accordance with the schedule. The VESCP authority or the 2596 Department Board may issue a summons for collection of the civil penalty. In any trial for a scheduled 2597 violation, it shall be the burden of the locality or Department Board or the VESCP authority to show 2598 the liability of the violator by a preponderance of the evidence. An admission or finding of liability shall 2599 not be a criminal conviction for any purpose. Any civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid into 2600 the treasury of the locality wherein the land lies, except that where and are to be used solely for 2601 stormwater management capital projects, including (i) new stormwater best management practices; (ii) 2602 stormwater best management practice maintenance, inspection, or retrofitting; (iii) stream restoration; 2603 (iv) low-impact development projects; (v) buffer restoration; (vi) pond retrofitting; and (vii) wetlands 2604 restoration. Where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, or where the Department Board is 2605 issuing the summons, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited 2606 by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to 2607 § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

2608 C. B. The VESCP authority, the Department Board, or the owner of property that has sustained 2609 damage or which is in imminent danger of being damaged may apply to the circuit court in any 2610 jurisdiction wherein the land lies or other appropriate court to enjoin a violation or a threatened violation 2611 under § 62.1-44.15:55, 62.1-44.15:56, or 62.1-44.15:58 without the necessity of showing that an 2612 adequate remedy at law does not exist; however, an owner of property shall not apply for injunctive 2613 relief unless (i) he has notified in writing the person who has violated the VESCP, the Department 2614 *Board*, and the VESCP authority that a violation of the VESCP has caused, or creates a probability of 2615 causing, damage to his property, and (ii) neither the person who has violated the VESCP, the 2616 Department Board, nor the VESCP authority has taken corrective action within 15 days to eliminate the 2617 conditions that have caused, or create the probability of causing, damage to his property.

2618 D. C. In addition to any criminal or civil penalties provided under this article, any person who violates any provision of this article may be liable to the VESCP authority or the Department Board, as appropriate, in a civil action for damages.

2621 \mathbf{E} . D. Without limiting the remedies that may be obtained in this section, any person violating or 2622 failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus, or other remedy obtained pursuant to 2623 this section shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000 for 2624 each violation. A civil action for such violation or failure may be brought by the VESCP authority 2625 wherein the land lies or the Department Board. Any civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid into 2626 the treasury of the locality wherein the land lies, except that where and used pursuant to requirements 2627 of subsection A. Where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, or other VESCP authority, or 2628 where the penalties are assessed as the result of an enforcement action brought by the Department 2629 Board, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State 2630 Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund (§ 62.1-44.15:29.1).

2631 F. E. With the consent of any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any **2632** regulation or order of the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VESCP **2633** authority, any condition of a permit land-disturbance approval, or any provision of this article or **2634** associated regulations, the Board, the Director, or VESCP authority may provide, in an order issued by **2635** the Board or VESCP authority against such person, for the payment of civil charges for violations in **2636** specific sums, not to exceed the limit specified in subsection E D. Such civil charges shall be instead of **2637** any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under subsection B or E A or D.

2638 G. F. Upon request of a VESCP authority, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall take legal action to enforce the provisions of this article. Upon request of the Board, the Department, or the district, the Attorney General shall take appropriate legal action on behalf of the Board, the Department, or the district to enforce the provisions of this article.

2642 H. Compliance with the provisions of this article shall be prima facie evidence in any legal or

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equitable proceeding for damages caused by erosion or sedimentation that all requirements of law have 2643 2644 been met and the complaining party must show negligence in order to recover any damages.

2645 § 62.1-44.15:64. Stop work orders by Board; civil penalties.

2646 A. An aggrieved owner of property sustaining pecuniary damage resulting from a violation of an 2647 approved erosion and sediment control plan or required permit land-disturbance approval, or from the 2648 conduct of land-disturbing activities commenced without an approved plan or required permit 2649 land-disturbance approval, may give written notice of the alleged violation to the VESCP authority and 2650 to the Director Board.

2651 B. Upon receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner and notification to the VESCP authority, the 2652 Director shall conduct an investigation of the aggrieved owner's complaint.

C. If the VESCP authority has not responded to the alleged violation in a manner that causes the 2653 2654 violation to cease and abates the damage to the aggrieved owner's property within 30 days following 2655 receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner, the aggrieved owner may request that the Director Board 2656 conduct an investigation and, if necessary, require the violator to stop the alleged violation and abate 2657 the damage to his property.

2658 D. If (i) the Director's C. If the Board's investigation of the complaint indicates that (i) the VESCP 2659 authority has not responded to the alleged violation as required by the VESCP, (ii) the VESCP authority 2660 has not responded to the alleged violation within 30 days from the date of the notice given pursuant to 2661 subsection A, and (iii) the Director is requested by the aggrieved owner there is a violation and it is 2662 necessary to require the violator to cease the violation as requested by the aggrieved owner, then the 2663 Director Board shall give written notice to the VESCP authority that the Department Board intends to 2664 issue an order pursuant to subsection \mathbf{E} D.

2665 E. D. If the VESCP authority has not instituted action to stop the violation and abate the damage to 2666 the aggrieved owner's property within 10 days following receipt of the notice from the Director, the 2667 Department Board, the Board is authorized to issue an order requiring the owner, permittee, person 2668 responsible for carrying out an approved erosion and sediment control plan, or person conducting the 2669 land-disturbing activities without an approved plan or required permit land-disturbance approval to cease 2670 all land-disturbing activities until the violation of the plan or permit has ceased or an approved plan and required permits land-disturbance approval are obtained, as appropriate, and specified corrective 2671 2672 measures have been completed. The Department Board also may immediately initiate a program review of the VESCP. 2673

2674 F. E. Such orders are to be issued after a hearing held in accordance with the requirements 2675 procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), and they shall become effective upon 2676 service on the person by mailing with confirmation of delivery, sent to his address specified in the land records of the locality, or by personal delivery by an agent of the Director Board. Any subsequent 2677 2678 identical mail or notice that is sent by the Department Board may be sent by regular mail. However, if 2679 the Department Board finds that any such violation is grossly affecting or presents an imminent and 2680 substantial danger of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition in waters within the watersheds of the Commonwealth, it may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency order 2681 2682 directing such person to cease all land-disturbing activities on the site immediately and shall provide an 2683 opportunity for a hearing, after reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof, to such person, to 2684 affirm, modify, amend, or cancel such emergency order.

2685 G. F. If a person who has been issued an order or emergency order is not complying with the terms 2686 thereof, the Board may institute a proceeding in the appropriate circuit court for an injunction, 2687 mandamus, or other appropriate remedy compelling the person to comply with such order.

2688 H. G. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus, or other remedy obtained pursuant to subsection G shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil 2689 2690 penalty not to exceed \$2,000 for each violation. Any civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid 2691 into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund 2692 (§ 62.1-44.15:29.1). 2693

§ 62.1-44.15:65. Authorization for more stringent ordinances.

2694 A. As part of a VESCP, a district or locality is authorized to adopt more stringent soil erosion and 2695 sediment control regulations or ordinances than those necessary to ensure compliance with the Board's 2696 regulations, provided that the more stringent regulations or ordinances are based upon factual findings of 2697 local or regional comprehensive watershed management studies or findings developed through the 2698 implementation of an MS4 permit or a locally adopted watershed management study and are determined 2699 by the district or locality to be necessary to prevent any further degradation to water resources, to address total maximum daily load requirements, to protect exceptional state waters, or to address specific 2700 existing water pollution including nutrient and sediment loadings, stream channel erosion, depleted 2701 2702 groundwater resources, or excessive localized flooding within the watershed and that prior to adopting 2703 more stringent regulations or ordinances, a public hearing is held after giving due notice. The VESCP 2704 authority shall report to the Board when more stringent stormwater management regulations or erosion

2705 and sediment control ordinances are determined to be necessary pursuant to this section. However, this 2706 This process shall not be required when a VESCP authority chooses to reduce the threshold for 2707 regulating land-disturbing activities to a smaller area of disturbed land pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:55. 2708 This section shall not be construed to authorize any district or locality VESCP authority to impose any 2709 more stringent regulations for plan approval or permit issuance ordinances for land-disturbance review 2710 and approval than those specified in $\frac{8}{8}$ § 62.1-44.15:55 and 62.1-44.15:57.

2711 B. Any provisions of an erosion and sediment control program in existence before July 1, 2012, that contains more stringent provisions than this article shall be exempt from the analysis requirements of 2712 2713 subsection A. 2714

§ 62.1-44.15:69. Powers and duties of the Board.

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2715 The Board is responsible for carrying out the purposes and provisions of this article and is authorized 2716 to:

2717 1. Provide land use and development and water quality protection information and assistance to the 2718 various levels of local, regional, and state government within the Commonwealth.

2719 2. Consult, advise, and coordinate with the Governor, the Secretary, the General Assembly, other 2720 state agencies, regional agencies, local governments, and federal agencies for the purpose of 2721 implementing this article.

2722 3. Provide financial and technical assistance and advice to local governments and to regional and 2723 state agencies concerning aspects of land use and development and water quality protection pursuant to 2724 this article. 2725

4. Promulgate regulations pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

5. Develop, promulgate, and keep current the criteria required by § 62.1-44.15:72.

2727 6. Provide technical assistance and advice or other aid for the development, adoption, and 2728 implementation of local comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, subdivision ordinances, and other land 2729 use and development and water quality protection measures utilizing criteria established by the Board to 2730 carry out the provisions of this article.

2731 7. Develop procedures for use by local governments to designate Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas 2732 in accordance with the criteria developed pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:72.

2733 8. Ensure that local government comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, and subdivision ordinances 2734 are in accordance with the provisions of this article. Determination of compliance shall be in accordance 2735 with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

2736 9. Make application for federal funds that may become available under federal acts and to transmit 2737 such funds when applicable to any appropriate person.

2738 10. Take administrative and legal actions pursuant to subdivision (19) of § 62.1-44.15 to ensure 2739 compliance by counties, cities, and towns with the provisions of this article including the proper 2740 enforcement and implementation of, and continual compliance with, this article.

2741 11. Perform such other duties and responsibilities related to the use and development of land and the 2742 protection of water quality as the Secretary may assign.

2743 § 62.1-44.15:74. Local governments to designate Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas; 2744 incorporate into local plans and ordinances; impose civil penalties.

2745 A. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall use the criteria developed by the Board to 2746 determine the extent of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area within their jurisdictions. Designation of 2747 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas shall be accomplished by every county, city, and town in Tidewater 2748 Virginia not later than 12 months after adoption of criteria by the Board.

B. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall incorporate protection of the quality of 2749 2750 state waters into each locality's comprehensive plan consistent with the provisions of this article.

2751 C. All counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall have zoning ordinances that incorporate 2752 measures to protect the quality of state waters in the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas consistent with 2753 the provisions of this article. Zoning in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas shall comply with all 2754 criteria set forth in or established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:72.

2755 D. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall incorporate protection of the quality of 2756 state waters in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas into their subdivision ordinances consistent with the 2757 provisions of this article. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall ensure that all 2758 subdivisions developed pursuant to their subdivision ordinances comply with all criteria developed by 2759 the Board.

2760 E. In addition to any other remedies which may be obtained under any local ordinance enacted to 2761 protect the quality of state waters in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas, counties, cities, and towns in 2762 Tidewater Virginia may incorporate the following penalties into their zoning, subdivision, or other 2763 ordinances:

2764 1. Any person who (i) violates any provision of any such ordinance or (ii) violates or fails, neglects, 2765 or refuses to obey any local governmental body's or official's final notice, order, rule, regulation, or

2766 variance or permit condition authorized under such ordinance shall, upon such finding by an appropriate 2767 circuit court, be assessed a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for each day of violation. Such civil penalties may, at the discretion of the court assessing them, be directed to be paid into the treasury of 2768 2769 the county, city, or town in which the violation occurred for the purpose of abating environmental 2770 damage to or restoring Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas therein, in such a manner as the court may 2771 direct by order, except that where the violator is the county, city, or town itself, or its agent, the court 2772 shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the 2773 Stormwater Local Assistance Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

2774 2. With the consent of any person who (i) violates any provision of any local ordinance related to 2775 the protection of water quality in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas or (ii) violates or fails, neglects, or refuses to obey any local governmental body's or official's notice, order, rule, regulation, or variance 2776 2777 or permit condition authorized under such ordinance, the local government may provide for the issuance 2778 of an order against such person for the one-time payment of civil charges for each violation in specific sums, not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation. Such civil charges shall be paid into the treasury of the 2779 2780 county, city, or town in which the violation occurred for the purpose of abating environmental damage 2781 to or restoring Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas therein, except that where the violator is the county, 2782 city, or town itself, or its agent, the civil charges shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by 2783 the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29.1. Civil 2784 charges shall be in lieu of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under subdivision 1. Civil 2785 charges may be in addition to the cost of any restoration required or ordered by the local governmental 2786 body or official.

2787 F. Localities that are subject to the provisions of this article may by ordinance adopt an appeal 2788 period for any person aggrieved by a decision of a board that has been established by the locality to hear cases regarding ordinances adopted pursuant to this article. The ordinance shall allow the aggrieved 2789 2790 party a minimum of 30 days from the date of such decision to appeal the decision to the circuit court. 2791

§ 62.1-44.19:22. Enforcement and penalties.

2792 A. Transfer of certified nutrient credits by an operator of a nutrient credit-generating entity may be 2793 suspended by the Department until such time as the operator comes into compliance with this article and 2794 attendant regulations.

2795 B. Any operator of a nutrient credit-generating entity who violates any provision of this article, or of 2796 any regulations adopted hereunder, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 within the 2797 discretion of the court. The Department may issue a summons for collection of the civil penalty, and the 2798 action may be prosecuted in the appropriate circuit court. When the penalties are assessed by the court 2799 as a result of a summons issued by the Department, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the 2800 state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Stormwater Management Local 2801 Assistance Fund established pursuant to <u>§ 62.1-44.15:29</u> § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

§ 62.1-44.22. Private actions.

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The fact that any owner holds or has held a certificate or land-disturbance approval issued under this chapter shall not constitute a defense in any civil action involving private rights.

2805 Compliance with the provisions of this chapter shall be prima facie evidence in any legal or 2806 equitable proceeding for damages caused by erosion or sedimentation that all requirements of law have 2807 been met and the complaining party must show negligence in order to recover any damages. 2808

§ 62.1-44.23. Enforcement by injunction, etc.

2809 Any person violating or failing, neglecting or refusing to obey any rule, regulation, order, water 2810 quality standard, pretreatment standard, approved standard and specification, or requirement of or any 2811 provision of any certificate or land-disturbance approval issued by the Board, or by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works issued to an industrial user, or any provisions of this chapter, except as 2812 2813 provided by a separate article, may be compelled in a proceeding instituted in any appropriate court by 2814 the Board to obey same and to comply therewith by injunction, mandamus or other appropriate remedy. 2815

§ 62.1-44.25. Right to hearing.

2816 Any owner under §§ Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), Article 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), or 2817 § 62.1-44.16, 62.1-44.17, and or 62.1-44.19 aggrieved by any action of the Board taken without a 2818 formal hearing, or by inaction of the Board, may demand in writing a formal hearing of such owner's 2819 grievance, provided a petition requesting such hearing is filed with the Board. In cases involving actions 2820 of the Board, such petition must be filed within thirty 30 days after notice of such action is mailed to 2821 such owner by certified mail. 2822

§ 62.1-44.26. Hearings.

2823 A. The formal hearings held by the Board under this chapter shall be conducted pursuant to 2824 § 2.2-4009 or 2.2-4020 and may be conducted by the Board itself at a regular or special meeting of the 2825 Board, or by at least one member of the Board designated by the chairman to conduct such hearings on 2826 behalf of the Board at any other time and place authorized by the Board.

2827 B. A verbatim record of the proceedings of such hearings shall be taken and filed with the Board.

2828 Depositions may be taken and read as in actions at law.

2829 C. The Board shall have power to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, and at the request of 2830 any party shall issue such subpoenas. The failure of a witness without legal excuse to appear or to 2831 testify or to produce documents shall be acted upon by the Board in the manner prescribed in 2832 § 2.2-4022. Witnesses who are subpoenaed shall receive the same fees and mileage as in civil actions.

2833 § 62.1-44.29. Judicial review.

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2834 Any owner aggrieved by or any person who has participated, in person or by submittal of written 2835 comments, in the public comment process related to a final decision of the Board under subdivision (5), 2836 $(8a), (8b), (8c), or (19) of \S 62.1-44.15 (5), 62.1-44.15 (8a), (8b), and (8c), or \S 62.1-44.15:20,$ 2837 62.1-44.15:21, 62.1-44.15:22, 62.1-44.15:23, 62.1-44.16, 62.1-44.17, 62.1-44.19, or 62.1-44.25, whether 2838 such decision is affirmative or negative, is entitled to judicial review thereof in accordance with the 2839 provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) if such person meets the standard for 2840 obtaining judicial review of a case or controversy pursuant to Article III of the United States 2841 Constitution. A person shall be deemed to meet such standard if (i) such person has suffered an actual 2842 or imminent injury which is an invasion of a legally protected interest and which is concrete and particularized; (ii) such injury is fairly traceable to the decision of the Board and not the result of the 2843 2844 independent action of some third party not before the court; and (iii) such injury will likely be redressed 2845 by a favorable decision by the court.

§ 62.1-44.31. Violation of order or certificate or failure to cooperate with Board.

2847 It shall be unlawful for any owner to fail to comply with any special order adopted by the Board, 2848 which has become final under the provisions of this chapter, or to fail to comply with a pretreatment 2849 condition incorporated into the permit issued to it by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works or 2850 to fail to comply with any pretreatment standard or pretreatment requirement, or to discharge sewage, 2851 industrial waste or other waste in violation of any condition contained in a certificate or 2852 *land-disturbance approval* issued by the Board or in excess of the waste covered by such certificate or 2853 *land-disturbance approval*, or to fail or refuse to furnish information, plans, specifications or other data 2854 reasonably necessary and pertinent required by the Board under this chapter.

2855 For the purpose of this section, the term "owner" shall mean, in addition to the definition contained 2856 in §§ 62.1-44.3 and 62.1-44.15:24, any responsible corporate officer so designated in the applicable 2857 discharge permit. 2858

§ 62.1-44.32. Penalties.

2859 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who violates any provision of this 2860 chapter, or who fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with any regulation, certificate, land-disturbance 2861 approval, or order of the Board, or order of a court, issued as herein provided, shall be subject to a civil 2862 penalty not to exceed \$32,500 for each violation within the discretion of the court. Each day of violation 2863 of each requirement shall constitute a separate offense. Such civil penalties shall be paid into the state 2864 treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund pursuant to Chapter 25 (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.) of Title 10.1, excluding penalties assessed for 2865 2866 violations of Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et 2867 seq.), 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.), or 10 (§ 62.1-44.34:10 et seq.) of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1, or a 2868 regulation, administrative or judicial order, or term or condition of approval relating to or issued under 2869 those articles.

2870 Such civil penalties may, in the discretion of the court assessing them, be directed to be paid into the 2871 treasury of the county, city, or town in which the violation occurred, to be used for the purpose of 2872 abating environmental pollution therein in such manner as the court may, by order, direct, except that 2873 where the owner in violation is such county, city or town itself, or its agent, the court shall direct such 2874 penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia 2875 Environmental Emergency Response Fund pursuant to Chapter 25 of Title 10.1, excluding penalties assessed for violations of Article 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 9, or 10 of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1, or a regulation, 2876 2877 administrative or judicial order, or term or condition of approval relating to or issued under those 2878 articles.

2879 In the event that a county, city, or town, or its agent, is the owner, such county, city, or town, or its 2880 agent, may initiate a civil action against any user or users of a waste water treatment facility to recover 2881 that portion of any civil penalty imposed against the owner proximately resulting from the act or acts of 2882 such user or users in violation of any applicable federal, state, or local requirements.

2883 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who willfully or negligently violates (1) 2884 any provision of this chapter, any regulation or order of the Board, or any condition of a certificate or 2885 land-disturbance approval of the Board, (2) any land-disturbance approval, ordinance, or order of a 2886 locality serving as a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program authority, or (3) any order 2887 of a court shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail for not more than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$32,500, either or both. Any person who 2888

2889 knowingly violates (A) any provision of this chapter, any regulation or order of the Board, or any 2890 condition of a certificate or land disturbance approval of the Board, (B) any land disturbance approval, 2891 ordinance, or order of a locality serving as a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program 2892 *authority*, or (C) any order of a court issued as herein provided, or who knowingly makes any false 2893 statement in any form required to be submitted under this chapter or knowingly renders inaccurate any 2894 monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this chapter, shall be guilty of a felony 2895 punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than three years, or in the 2896 discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, confinement in jail for not more than 2897 12 months and a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$50,000 for each violation. Any defendant 2898 that is not an individual shall, upon conviction of a violation under this subsection, be sentenced to pay 2899 a fine of not less than \$10,000. Each day of violation of each requirement shall constitute a separate 2900 offense.

- 2901 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who knowingly violates any provision of 2902 this chapter, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of 2903 death or serious bodily harm, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by a term of 2904 imprisonment of not less than two years nor more than 15 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000, 2905 either or both. A defendant that is not an individual shall, upon conviction of a violation under this 2906 subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding the greater of \$1 million or an amount that is three 2907 times the economic benefit realized by the defendant as a result of the offense. The maximum penalty 2908 shall be doubled with respect to both fine and imprisonment for any subsequent conviction of the same 2909 person under this subsection.
- (d) Criminal prosecution under this section shall be commenced within three years of discovery ofthe offense, notwithstanding the limitations provided in any other statute.
- 2912 2. That §§ 62.1-44.15:26, 62.1-44.15:32, 62.1-44.15:36, 62.1-44.15:38, 62.1-44.15:42 through 62.1-2913 44.15:45, 62.1-44.15:47, 62.1-44.15:56, 62.1-44.15:61, and 62.1-44.15:71 of the Code of Virginia are 2914 repealed.
- 2915 3. That any locality that operates a regulated municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) and 2916 was required to adopt a Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) as of July 1, 2014, is 2917 authorized to continue to operate its Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program (VESCP) 2918 and its VSMP until the State Water Control Board approves its consolidated VESMP.
- 4. That any locality that does not operate a regulated MS4 and elected to adopt a VSMP is
 authorized to continue to operate its VESCP and its VSMP until the State Water Control Board
 approves its consolidated VESMP.
- 2922 5. That any locality that does not operate a regulated MS4, did not elect to adopt a VSMP, and 2923 chooses to fully administer a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 1 of § 62.1-44.15:27 of the Code of 2924 Virginia, as amended by this act, is authorized to continue to operate its VESCP until the State 2925 Water Control Board approves its consolidated VESMP. For any such locality that does not, as of 2926 the effective date of this act, employ a person holding a certificate of competence in the area of 2927 stormwater management plan review, project inspection, or program administration, the 2928 Department of Environmental Quality (the Department) shall assist with those responsibilities until 2929 new training and certifications have been obtained according to a timeframe to be established by 2930 the Department.
- 2931 6. That any locality that does not operate a regulated MS4, did not elect to adopt a VSMP, and 2932 chooses to administer a VESMP with the Department's assistance pursuant to subdivision B 2 of § 62.1-44.15:27 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, is authorized to continue to 2933 2934 operate its VESCP until the State Water Control Board approves its consolidated VESMP. For 2935 any such locality that, as of the effective date of this act, does not employ a person holding a 2936 certificate of competence in the area of stormwater management plan review, project inspection, or 2937 program administration, the Department shall assist with those responsibilities until new training 2938 and certifications have been obtained according to a timeframe to be established by the 2939 Department. The Department shall be responsible for stormwater management plan review in any 2940 such locality.
- 2941 7. That any person who holds a valid separate, combined, or dual certificate of competence from 2942 the State Water Control Board in the area of erosion and sediment control plan review, project 2943 inspection, or program administration, or such a certificate in stormwater management plan 2944 review, project inspection, or program administration, shall retain such certification until the 2945 Department establishes new training and certifications and provides a schedule according to which 2946 such a person may meet the eligibility requirements for certification or recertification, as 2947 applicable. The State Water Control Board shall incorporate the valid certificates of competence 2948 into the new eligibility requirements for certification or recertification purposes as appropriate.
- 2949 8. That the Department shall conduct an evaluation of fees related to the consolidated Virginia
- 2950 Erosion and Stormwater Management Program in order to determine whether the program can be

2951 funded adequately under the current fee structure. The Department shall conduct its evaluation 2952 based on revenues and resource needs from July 1, 2014, to June 30, 2016, and shall complete its 2953 assessment by September 1, 2016. Every VSMP authority and VESCP authority shall submit 2954 information to the Department by August 1, 2016, concerning its use of the fees that it received 2955 under the Virginia Stormwater Management Program and Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control 2956 Program between July 1, 2014, and June 30, 2016. The information shall be submitted on a form 2957 to be provided by the Department. The Department shall then convene a Stakeholders Advisory 2958 Group (SAG) to review the Department's evaluation and consider the need to establish revised fees 2959 to fund the consolidated VESMP and any other issues of concern regarding the Virginia Erosion 2960 and Stormwater Management Program. The Department shall report the results of its evaluation 2961 and the SAG's discussion to the Governor and the chairs of the Senate Finance Committee, the 2962 House Appropriations Committee, the Senate Agriculture, Conservation and Natural Resources 2963 Committee, and the House Agriculture, Chesapeake and Natural Resources Committee by the first 2964 day of the 2017 Regular Session.

9. That the State Water Control Board (the Board) shall adopt regulations to implement the requirements of this act. The adoption of such regulations shall be exempt from the requirements of Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia). However, the Department shall (i) provide a Notice of Intended Regulatory Action, (ii) form a stakeholders advisory group, (iii) provide for a 60-day public comment period prior to the Board's adoption of the regulations, and (iv) provide the Board with a written summary of comments received and responses to comments prior to the Board's adoption of the regulations.

2972 10. That the provisions of this act shall become effective July 1, 2017, or 30 days after the 2973 adoption by the State Water Control Board of the regulations required by the ninth enactment of

2974 this act, whichever occurs later.