INTRODUCED

SB673

16104330D

SENATE BILL NO. 673

2 Offered January 19, 2016 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 10.1-2500, 15.2-2403.3, 62.1-44.3, 62.1-44.5, 62.1-44.15, 62.1-44.15:24, 62.1-44.15:25, 62.1-44.15:27, 62.1-44.15:28, 62.1-44.15:29, 62.1-44.15:30, 3 4 5 6 62.1-44.15:31, 62.1-44.15:33, 62.1-44.15:34, 62.1-44.15:35, 62.1-44.15:37, 62.1-44.15:39, 62.1-44.15:40, 62.1-44.15:41, 62.1-44.15:46, 62.1-44.15:48 through 62.1-44.15:55, 62.1-44.15:57, 7 62.1-44.15:58, 62.1-44.15:60, 62.1-44.15:62 through 62.1-44.15:65, 62.1-44.15:69, 62.1-44.15:74, 8 62.1-44.19:22, 62.1-44.22, 62.1-44.23, 62.1-44.25, 62.1-44.26, 62.1-44.29, 62.1-44.31, and 62.1-44.32 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 62.1-44.15:25.1, 62.1-44.15:27.1, 62.1-44.15:29.1, and 62.1-44.15:51.1; and to repeal §§ 62.1-44.15:66, 62.1-44.15:32, 62.1-44.15:36, 62.1-44.15:38, 62.1-44.15:42 through 62.1-44.15:45, 9 10 11 62.1-44.15:47, 62.1-44.15:56, 62.1-44.15:61, and 62.1-44.15:71 of the Code of Virginia, relating to 12 13 State Water Control Law, Erosion and Sediment Control Law, and Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act. 14

Patron—Hanger

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Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Natural Resources

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 18

19 1. That §§ 10.1-2500, 15.2-2403.3, 62.1-44.3, 62.1-44.5, 62.1-44.15, 62.1-44.15;24, 62.1-44.15;25, 1. That \$\$ 10.1-2500, 13.2-2403.5, 02.1-44.5, 02.1-44.15, 02.1-44.15, 02.1-44.15.24, 02.1-44.15.25, 62.1-44.15:27, 62.1-44.15:28, 62.1-44.15:29, 62.1-44.15:30, 62.1-44.15:31, 62.1-44.15:33, 62.1-44.15:34, 62.1-44.15:35, 62.1-44.15:37, 62.1-44.15:39, 62.1-44.15:40, 62.1-44.15:41, 62.1-44.15:46, 62.1-44.15:48 through 62.1-44.15:55, 62.1-44.15:57, 62.1-44.15:58, 62.1-44.15:60, 62.1-44.15:62 through 62.1-44.15:65, 62.1-44.15:69, 62.1-44.15:74, 62.1-44.19:22, 62.1-44.22, 62.1-44.23, 62.1-44.25, 62.1-44.29, 62.1-44.31, and 62.1-44.32 of the Code of Virginia are 20 21 22 23 24 25 amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 62.1-44.15:25.1, 62.1-44.15:27.1, 62.1-44.15:29.1, and 62.1-44.15:51.1 as follows: 26 27

§ 10.1-2500. Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund established.

28 A. There is hereby established the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund, hereafter 29 referred to as the Fund, to be used (i) for the purpose of emergency response to environmental pollution 30 incidents and for the development and implementation of corrective actions for pollution incidents, other 31 than pollution incidents addressed through the Virginia Underground Petroleum Storage Tank Fund, as described in § 62.1-44.34:11 of the State Water Control Law,; (ii) to conduct assessments of potential 32 33 sources of toxic contamination in accordance with the policy developed pursuant to 62.1-4 $\overline{4}$.19:10; 34 and (iii) to assist small businesses for the purposes described in § 10.1-1197.3. 35

B. The Fund shall be a nonlapsing revolving fund consisting of grants, general funds, and other such moneys as appropriated by the General Assembly, and moneys received by the State Treasurer for:

37 1. Noncompliance penalties assessed pursuant to § 10.1-1311, civil penalties assessed pursuant to 38 subsection B of § 10.1-1316, and civil charges assessed pursuant to subsection C of § 10.1-1316.

39 2. Civil penalties assessed pursuant to subsection C of § 10.1-1418.1, civil penalties assessed 40 pursuant to subsections A and E of § 10.1-1455, and civil charges assessed pursuant to subsection F of 41 § 10.1-1455.

3. Civil charges assessed pursuant to subdivision $\frac{8d}{8d}$ (8d) of § 62.1-44.15 and civil penalties assessed 42 pursuant to subsection (a) of § 62.1-44.32, excluding assessments made for violations of Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.), or 10 (§ 62.1-44.34:10 et seq.), σ Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1, or a regulation, administrative or 43 44 45 judicial order, or term or condition of approval relating to or issued under those articles. 46 47

4. Civil penalties and civil charges assessed pursuant to § 62.1-270.

48 5. Civil penalties assessed pursuant to subsection A of § 62.1-252 and civil charges assessed 49 pursuant to subsection B of § 62.1-252.

50 6. Civil penalties assessed in conjunction with special orders by the Director pursuant to § 10.1-1186 51 and by the Waste Management Board pursuant to subsection G of § 10.1-1455. 52

§ 15.2-2403.3. Stormwater service districts; allocation of revenues.

53 Any town located within a stormwater service district created pursuant to this chapter shall be 54 entitled to any revenues collected within the town pursuant to subdivision 6 of § 15.2-2403, subject to 55 the limitations set forth therein, so long as the town maintains its own MS4 permit issued pursuant to <u>§ 62.1-44.15:26</u> municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) permit issued by the Department of 56 57 Environmental Quality or maintains its own stormwater service district.

58 § 62.1-44.3. Definitions.

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59 Unless a different meaning is required by the context, the following terms as used in this chapter 60 shall have the meanings hereinafter respectively ascribed to them:

61 "Beneficial use" means both instream and offstream uses. Instream beneficial uses include, but are 62 not limited to, the protection of fish and wildlife resources and habitat, maintenance of waste 63 assimilation, recreation, navigation, and cultural and aesthetic values. The preservation of instream flows 64 for purposes of the protection of navigation, maintenance of waste assimilation capacity, the protection 65 of fish and wildlife resources and habitat, recreation, cultural and aesthetic values is an instream beneficial use of Virginia's waters. Offstream beneficial uses include, but are not limited to, domestic 66 (including public water supply), agricultural uses, electric power generation, commercial, and industrial 67 68 uses.

- 69 "Board" means the State Water Control Board.
- 70 "Certificate" means any certificate or permit issued by the Board.
- "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality. 71
- 72 "Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

"Establishment" means any industrial establishment, mill, factory, tannery, paper or pulp mill, mine, 73 74 coal mine, colliery, breaker or coal-processing operations, quarry, oil refinery, boat, vessel, and every 75 other industry or plant or works the operation of which produces industrial wastes or other wastes or 76 which may otherwise alter the physical, chemical or biological properties of any state waters.

77 "Excavate" or "excavation" means ditching, dredging, or mechanized removal of earth, soil or rock.

78 "Industrial wastes" means liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, 79 trade, or business or from the development of any natural resources.

"Land-disturbance approval" means an approval allowing a land-disturbing activity to commence 80 issued by (i) a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program authority after the requirements 81 of § 62.1-44.15:34 have been met or (ii) a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority after the requirements of § 62.1-44.15:55 have been met. 82 83

"The law" or "this law" means the law contained in this chapter as now existing or hereafter 84 85 amended. 86

"Member" means a member of the Board.

87 "Municipal separate storm sewer" means a conveyance or system of conveyances otherwise known as a municipal separate storm sewer system or "MS4," including roads with drainage systems, municipal 88 89 streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains, that is:

- 90 1. Owned or operated by a federal entity, state, city, town, county, district, association, or other 91 public body, created by or pursuant to state law, having jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial 92 wastes, stormwater, or other wastes, including a special district under state law such as a sewer district, 93 flood control district, drainage district or similar entity, or a designated and approved management agency under § 208 of the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.) that discharges to surface 94 95 waters:
 - 2. Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;
 - 3. Not a combined sewer; and,

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4. Not part of a publicly owned treatment works.

99 "Normal agricultural activities" means those activities defined as an agricultural operation in 100 § 3.2-300 and any activity that is conducted as part of or in furtherance of such agricultural operation 101 but shall not include any activity for which a permit would have been required as of January 1, 1997, 102 under 33 U.S.C. § 1344 or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

"Normal silvicultural activities" means any silvicultural activity as defined in § 10.1-1181.1 and any 103 104 activity that is conducted as part of or in furtherance of such silvicultural activity but shall not include any activity for which a permit would have been required as of January 1, 1997, under 33 U.S.C. 105 § 1344 or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto. 106

107 "Other wastes" means decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark, lime, garbage, refuse, ashes, offal, tar, 108 oil, chemicals, and all other substances except industrial wastes and sewage which may cause pollution 109 in any state waters.

"Owner" means the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions, including but not limited to 110 111 sanitation district commissions and authorities and any public or private institution, corporation, association, firm, or company organized or existing under the laws of this or any other state or country, 112 113 or any officer or agency of the United States, or any person or group of persons acting individually or as a group that owns, operates, charters, rents, or otherwise exercises control over or is responsible for 114 115 any actual or potential discharge of sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes to state waters, or any facility or operation that has the capability to alter the physical, chemical, or biological properties of 116 117 state waters in contravention of § 62.1-44.5.

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, governmental body, municipal 118 119 corporation, or any other legal entity.

"Policies" means policies established under subdivisions (3a) and (3b) of § 62.1-44.15. 120

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121 "Pollution" means such alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of any state 122 waters as will or is likely to create a nuisance or render such waters (a) harmful or detrimental or 123 injurious to the public health, safety, or welfare or to the health of animals, fish, or aquatic life; (b) unsuitable with reasonable treatment for use as present or possible future sources of public water supply; 124 125 or (c) unsuitable for recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural, or other reasonable uses, provided 126 that (i) an alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological property of state waters or a discharge or 127 deposit of sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes to state waters by any owner which by itself is not 128 sufficient to cause pollution but which, in combination with such alteration of or discharge or deposit to 129 state waters by other owners, is sufficient to cause pollution; (ii) the discharge of untreated sewage by 130 any owner into state waters; and (iii) contributing to the contravention of standards of water quality duly 131 established by the Board, are "pollution" for the terms and purposes of this chapter.

"Pretreatment requirements" means any requirements arising under the Board's pretreatment
regulations including the duty to allow or carry out inspections, entry, or monitoring activities; any rules,
regulations, or orders issued by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works; or any reporting
requirements imposed by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works or by the regulations of the
Board.

137 "Pretreatment standards" means any standards of performance or other requirements imposed by138 regulation of the Board upon an industrial user of a publicly owned treatment works.

139 "Reclaimed water" means water resulting from the treatment of domestic, municipal, or industrial
140 wastewater that is suitable for a direct beneficial or controlled use that would not otherwise occur.
141 Specifically excluded from this definition is "gray water."

142 "Reclamation" means the treatment of domestic, municipal, or industrial wastewater or sewage to
 143 produce reclaimed water for a direct beneficial or controlled use that would not otherwise occur.

144 "Regulation" means a regulation issued under *subdivision* (10) of § 62.1-44.15 (10).

145 "Reuse" means the use of reclaimed water for a direct beneficial use or a controlled use that is in 146 accordance with the requirements of the Board.

147 "Rule" means a rule adopted by the Board to regulate the procedure of the Board pursuant to 148 subdivision (7) of § 62.1-44.15 (7).

149 "Ruling" means a ruling issued under *subdivision* (9) of § 62.1-44.15 (9).

"Sewage" means the water-carried human wastes from residences, buildings, industrial establishments
or other places together with such industrial wastes and underground, surface, storm, or other water as
may be present.

153 "Sewage treatment works" or "treatment works" means any device or system used in the storage, 154 treatment, disposal, or reclamation of sewage or combinations of sewage and industrial wastes, including 155 but not limited to pumping, power, and other equipment, and appurtenances, and any works, including 156 land, that are or will be (i) an integral part of the treatment process or (ii) used for the ultimate disposal 157 of residues or effluent resulting from such treatment. These terms shall not include onsite sewage 158 systems or alternative discharging sewage systems.

159 "Sewerage system" means pipelines or conduits, pumping stations, and force mains, and all other
160 construction, devices, and appliances appurtenant thereto, used for conducting sewage or industrial
161 wastes or other wastes to a point of ultimate disposal.

162 "Special order" means a special order issued under subdivisions (8a), (8b), and (8c) of § 62.1-44.15.

163 "Standards" means standards established under subdivisions (3a) and (3b) of § 62.1-44.15.

"State waters" means all water, on the surface and under the ground, wholly or partially within orbordering the Commonwealth or within its jurisdiction, including wetlands.

"Wetlands" means those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a
frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a
prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally
include swamps, marshes, bogs and similar areas.

170 § 62.1-44.5. Prohibition of waste discharges or other quality alterations of state waters except as 171 authorized by permit; notification required.

A. Except in compliance with a certificate, *land-disturbance approval*, or permit issued by the Board or other entity authorized by the Board to issue a certificate, *land-disturbance approval*, or permit pursuant to this chapter, it shall be unlawful for any person to:

175 1. Discharge into state waters sewage, industrial wastes, other wastes, or any noxious or deleterious176 substances;

2. Excavate in a wetland;

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178 3. Otherwise alter the physical, chemical, or biological properties of state waters and make them
179 detrimental to the public health, or to animal or aquatic life, or to the uses of such waters for domestic
180 or industrial consumption, or for recreation, or for other uses; or

181 4. On and after October 1, 2001, conduct the following activities in a wetland:

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a. New activities to cause draining that significantly alters or degrades existing wetland acreage orfunctions;

184 b. Filling or dumping;185 c. Permanent flooding

c. Permanent flooding or impounding; or

186 d. New activities that cause significant alteration or degradation of existing wetland acreage or187 functions. or

188 5. Discharge stormwater into state waters from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems or land disturbing activities.

190 B. Any person in violation of the provisions of subsection A who discharges or causes or allows (i) 191 a discharge of sewage, industrial waste, other wastes, or any noxious or deleterious substance into or 192 upon state waters or (ii) a discharge that may reasonably be expected to enter state waters shall, upon learning of the discharge, promptly notify, but in no case later than 24 hours the Board, the Director of 193 194 the Department of Environmental Quality, or the coordinator of emergency services appointed pursuant to § 44-146.19 for the political subdivision reasonably expected to be affected by the discharge. Written 195 196 notice to the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality shall follow initial notice within the 197 time frame specified by the federal Clean Water Act.

198 § 62.1-44.15. Powers and duties; civil penalties.

199 It shall be the duty of the Board and it shall have the authority:

(1) [Repealed.]

(2) To study and investigate all problems concerned with the quality of state waters and to makereports and recommendations.

203 (2a) To study and investigate methods, procedures, devices, appliances, and technologies that could204 assist in water conservation or water consumption reduction.

(2b) To coordinate its efforts toward water conservation with other persons or groups, within orwithout the Commonwealth.

207 (2c) To make reports concerning, and formulate recommendations based upon, any such water
 208 conservation studies to ensure that present and future water needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth
 209 are met.

210 (3a) To establish such standards of quality and policies for any state waters consistent with the 211 general policy set forth in this chapter, and to modify, amend, or cancel any such standards or policies 212 established and to take all appropriate steps to prevent quality alteration contrary to the public interest or 213 to standards or policies thus established, except that a description of provisions of any proposed standard 214 or policy adopted by regulation which are more restrictive than applicable federal requirements, together with the reason why the more restrictive provisions are needed, shall be provided to the standing 215 committee of each house of the General Assembly to which matters relating to the content of the 216 standard or policy are most properly referable. The Board shall, from time to time, but at least once 217 218 every three years, hold public hearings pursuant to § 2.2-4007.01 but, upon the request of an affected person or upon its own motion, hold hearings pursuant to § 2.2-4009, for the purpose of reviewing the 219 standards of quality, and, as appropriate, adopting, modifying, or canceling such standards. Whenever 220 221 the Board considers the adoption, modification, amendment, or cancellation of any standard, it shall give 222 due consideration to, among other factors, the economic and social costs and benefits which can 223 reasonably be expected to obtain as a consequence of the standards as adopted, modified, amended, or 224 cancelled. The Board shall also give due consideration to the public health standards issued by the 225 Virginia Department of Health with respect to issues of public health policy and protection. If the Board 226 does not follow the public health standards of the Virginia Department of Health, the Board's reason for 227 any deviation shall be made in writing and published for any and all concerned parties.

(3b) Except as provided in subdivision (3a), such standards and policies are to be adopted or modified, amended, or cancelled in the manner provided by the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

(4) To conduct or have conducted scientific experiments, investigations, studies, and research to
discover methods for maintaining water quality consistent with the purposes of this chapter. To this end
the Board may cooperate with any public or private agency in the conduct of such experiments,
investigations, and research and may receive in behalf of the Commonwealth any moneys that any such
agency may contribute as its share of the cost under any such cooperative agreement. Such moneys shall
be used only for the purposes for which they are contributed and any balance remaining after the
conclusion of the experiments, investigations, studies, and research, shall be returned to the contributors.

(5) To issue, revoke, or amend certificates and land-disturbance approvals under prescribed
conditions for: (a) the discharge of sewage, stormwater, industrial wastes, and other wastes into or
adjacent to state waters; (b) the alteration otherwise of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of
state waters; (c) excavation in a wetland; or (d) on and after October 1, 2001, the conduct of the
following activities in a wetland: (i) new activities to cause draining that significantly alters or degrades
existing wetland acreage or functions, (ii) filling or dumping, (iii) permanent flooding or impounding, or

244 (iv) new activities that cause significant alteration or degradation of existing wetland acreage or 245 functions. However, to the extent allowed by federal law, any person holding a certificate issued by the 246 Board that is intending to upgrade the permitted facility by installing technology, control equipment, or 247 other apparatus that the permittee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Director will result in improved 248 energy efficiency, reduction in the amount of nutrients discharged, and improved water quality shall not 249 be required to obtain a new, modified, or amended permit. The permit holder shall provide the 250 demonstration anticipated by this subdivision to the Department no later than 30 days prior to 251 commencing construction.

252 (5a) All certificates issued by the Board under this chapter shall have fixed terms. The term of a 253 Virginia Pollution Discharge Elimination System permit shall not exceed five years. The term of a 254 Virginia Water Protection Permit shall be based upon the projected duration of the project, the length of 255 any required monitoring, or other project operations or permit conditions; however, the term shall not 256 exceed 15 years. The term of a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit shall not exceed 10 years, except 257 that the term of a Virginia Pollution Abatement permit for confined animal feeding operations shall be 258 10 years. The Department of Environmental Quality shall inspect all facilities for which a Virginia 259 Pollution Abatement permit has been issued to ensure compliance with statutory, regulatory, and permit 260 requirements. Department personnel performing inspections of confined animal feeding operations shall 261 be certified under the voluntary nutrient management training and certification program established in 262 § 10.1-104.2. The term of a certificate issued by the Board shall not be extended by modification 263 beyond the maximum duration and the certificate shall expire at the end of the term unless an 264 application for a new permit has been timely filed as required by the regulations of the Board and the 265 Board is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue a new permit before the expiration date of 266 the previous permit.

(5b) Any certificate *or land-disturbance approval* issued by the Board under this chapter may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, be amended or revoked on any of the following grounds or for good cause as may be provided by the regulations of the Board:

1. The owner has violated any regulation or order of the Board, any condition of a certificate or *land-disturbance approval*, any provision of this chapter, or any order of a court, where such violation results in a release of harmful substances into the environment Θ , poses a substantial threat of release of harmful substances into the environment, *causes unreasonable property degradation*, or presents a hazard to human health or the violation is representative of a pattern of serious or repeated violations which, in the opinion of the Board, demonstrates the owner's disregard for or inability to comply with applicable laws, regulations, or requirements;

277 2. The owner has failed to disclose fully all relevant material facts or has misrepresented a material
278 fact in applying for a certificate *or land-disturbance approval*, or in any other report or document
279 required under this law or under the regulations of the Board;

280 3. The activity for which the certificate or land-disturbance approval was issued endangers human health or the environment or causes unreasonable property degradation and can be regulated to acceptable levels or practices by amendment or revocation of the certificate or land-disturbance
281 approval; or

4. There exists a material change in the basis on which the *certificate, land-disturbance approval, or* permit was issued that requires either a temporary or a permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge *or land-disturbing activity* controlled by the certificate, *land-disturbance approval, or permit* necessary to protect human health or the environment *or stop or prevent unreasonable degradation of* property.

(5c) Any certificate issued by the Board under this chapter relating to dredging projects governed 289 290 under Chapter 12 (§ 28.2-1200 et seq.) or Chapter 13 (§ 28.2-1300 et seq.) of Title 28.2 may be 291 conditioned upon a demonstration of financial responsibility for the completion of compensatory 292 mitigation requirements. Financial responsibility may be demonstrated by a letter of credit, a certificate 293 of deposit, or a performance bond executed in a form approved by the Board. If the U.S. Army Corps 294 of Engineers requires demonstration of financial responsibility for the completion of compensatory mitigation required for a particular project, then the mechanism and amount approved by the U.S. Army 295 296 Corps of Engineers shall be used to meet this requirement.

297 (6) To make investigations and inspections, to ensure compliance with the conditions of any 298 certificates, *land-disturbance approvals*, standards, policies, rules, regulations, rulings, and special orders 299 which that it may adopt, issue, or establish, and to furnish advice, recommendations, or instructions for 300 the purpose of obtaining such compliance. In recognition of §§ 32.1-164 and 62.1-44.18, the Board and 301 the State Department of Health shall enter into a memorandum of understanding establishing a common 302 format to consolidate and simplify inspections of sewage treatment plants and coordinate the scheduling 303 of the inspections. The new format shall ensure that all sewage treatment plants are inspected at 304 appropriate intervals in order to protect water quality and public health and at the same time avoid any

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305 unnecessary administrative burden on those being inspected.

(7) To adopt rules governing the procedure of the Board with respect to: (a) hearings; (b) the filing
of reports; (c) the issuance of certificates and special orders; and (d) all other matters relating to
procedure; and to amend or cancel any rule adopted. Public notice of every rule adopted under this
section shall be by such means as the Board may prescribe.

310 (8a) Except as otherwise provided in Articles 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 311 et seq.) subdivision (19) and Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), to issue special orders to owners (i), including owners as defined in § 62.1-44.15:24, who (i) are permitting or causing the pollution, as 312 313 defined by § 62.1-44.3, of state waters or the unreasonable degradation of property to cease and desist 314 from such pollution or degradation, (ii) who have failed to construct facilities in accordance with final approved plans and specifications to construct such facilities in accordance with final approved plans 315 316 and specifications, (iii) who have violated the terms and provisions of a certificate or land-disturbance 317 approval issued by the Board to comply with such terms and provisions, (iv) who have failed to comply 318 with a directive from the Board to comply with such directive, (v) who have contravened duly adopted 319 and promulgated water quality standards and policies to cease and desist from such contravention and to 320 comply with such water quality standards and policies, (vi) who have violated the terms and provisions 321 of a pretreatment permit issued by the Board or by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works to 322 comply with such terms and provisions, or (vii) who have contravened any applicable pretreatment 323 standard or requirement to comply with such standard or requirement; and also to issue such orders to 324 require any owner to comply with the provisions of this chapter and any decision of the Board. Except 325 as otherwise provided by a separate article, orders issued pursuant to this subsection subdivision may 326 include civil penalties of up to \$32,500 per violation, not to exceed \$100,000 per order. The Board may 327 assess penalties under this subsection subdivision if (a) the person has been issued at least two written 328 notices of alleged violation by the Department for the same or substantially related violations at the 329 same site, (b) such violations have not been resolved by demonstration that there was no violation, by 330 an order issued by the Board or the Director, or by other means, (c) at least 130 days have passed since 331 the issuance of the first notice of alleged violation, and (d) there is a finding that such violations have 332 occurred after a hearing conducted in accordance with subdivision (8b). The actual amount of any 333 penalty assessed shall be based upon the severity of the violations, the extent of any potential or actual 334 environmental harm, the compliance history of the facility or person, any economic benefit realized from 335 the noncompliance, and the ability of the person to pay the penalty. The Board shall provide the person 336 with the calculation for the proposed penalty prior to any hearing conducted for the issuance of an order 337 that assesses penalties pursuant to this subsection subdivision. The issuance of a notice of alleged 338 violation by the Department shall not be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001. Any notice 339 of alleged violation shall include a description of each violation, the specific provision of law violated, 340 and information on the process for obtaining a final decision or fact finding from the Department on 341 whether or not a violation has occurred, and nothing in this section shall preclude an owner from 342 seeking such a determination. Such civil penalties shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by 343 the State Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.), 344 except that civil penalties assessed for violations of Article 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.) or Article 11 (§ 62.1-44.34:14 et seq.) shall be paid into the Virginia Petroleum Storage Tank Fund in accordance 345 with § 62.1-44.34:11, and except that civil penalties assessed for violations of subdivision (19) or Article 346 347 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) shall be paid into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund in accordance with 348 the provisions of § 62.1-44.15:48 62.1-44.15:29.1.

349 (8b) Such special orders are to be issued only after a hearing before a hearing officer appointed by 350 the Supreme Court in accordance with § 2.2-4020 or, if requested by the person, before a quorum of the Board with at least 30 days' notice to the affected owners, of the time, place, and purpose thereof, 351 352 and they shall become effective not less than 15 days after service as provided in § 62.1-44.12; 353 provided that if the Board finds that any such owner is grossly affecting or presents an imminent and 354 substantial danger to (i) the public health, safety, or welfare, or the health of animals, fish, or aquatic 355 life; (ii) a public water supply; or (iii) recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural, or other 356 reasonable uses, it may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency special order directing the owner to cease such pollution or discharge immediately, and shall provide an opportunity for a 357 358 hearing, after reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof to the owner, to affirm, modify, amend, 359 or cancel such emergency special order. If an owner who has been issued such a special order or an 360 emergency special order is not complying with the terms thereof, the Board may proceed in accordance with § 62.1-44.23, and where the order is based on a finding of an imminent and substantial danger, the 361 362 court shall issue an injunction compelling compliance with the emergency special order pending a 363 hearing by the Board. If an emergency special order requires cessation of a discharge, the Board shall provide an opportunity for a hearing within 48 hours of the issuance of the injunction. 364

365 (8c) The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the Board may proceed directly under **366** § 62.1-44.32 for any past violation or violations of any provision of this chapter or any regulation duly

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367 promulgated hereunder.

368 (8d) With Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (19), subdivision 2 of § 62.1-44.15:25, or 369 § 62.1-44.15:63, with the consent of any owner who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey 370 any regulation or order of the Board, any condition of a certificate, land-disturbance approval, or 371 permit, or any provision of this chapter, the Board may provide, in an order issued by the Board against 372 such person, for the payment of civil charges for past violations in specific sums not to exceed the limit 373 specified in subsection (a) of § 62.1-44.32 (a). Such civil charges shall be instead of any appropriate 374 civil penalty which could be imposed under subsection (a) of § 62.1-44.32 (a) and shall not be subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. Such civil charges shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the 375 376 State Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.), 377 excluding civil charges assessed for violations of Article 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.) or 10 378 (§ 62.1-44.34:10 et seq.) of Chapter 3.1, or a regulation, administrative or judicial order, or term or 379 condition of approval relating to or issued under those articles, or civil charges assessed for violations of Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), or 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) or a regulation, administrative or 380 381 judicial order, or term or condition of approval relating to or issued under that article Article 2.3 or 2.5. 382 The amendments to this section adopted by the 1976 Session of the General Assembly shall not be

383 construed as limiting or expanding any cause of action or any other remedy possessed by the Board
 384 prior to the effective date of said amendments.

(8e) The Board shall develop and provide an opportunity for public comment on guidelines and procedures that contain specific criteria for calculating the appropriate penalty for each violation based upon the severity of the violations, the extent of any potential or actual environmental harm, the compliance history of the facility or person, any economic benefit realized from the noncompliance, and the ability of the person to pay the penalty.

390 (8f) Before issuing a special order under subdivision (8a) or by consent under (8d), with or without 391 an assessment of a civil penalty, to an owner of a sewerage system requiring corrective action to prevent 392 or minimize overflows of sewage from such system, the Board shall provide public notice of and 393 reasonable opportunity to comment on the proposed order. Any such order under subdivision (8d) may 394 impose civil penalties in amounts up to the maximum amount authorized in § 309(g) of the Clean Water 395 Act. Any person who comments on the proposed order shall be given notice of any hearing to be held 396 on the terms of the order. In any hearing held, such person shall have a reasonable opportunity to be 397 heard and to present evidence. If no hearing is held before issuance of an order under subdivision (8d), 398 any person who commented on the proposed order may file a petition, within 30 days after the issuance 399 of such order, requesting the Board to set aside such order and provide a formal hearing thereon. If the 400 evidence presented by the petitioner in support of the petition is material and was not considered in the 401 issuance of the order, the Board shall immediately set aside the order, provide a formal hearing, and 402 make such petitioner a party. If the Board denies the petition, the Board shall provide notice to the 403 petitioner and make available to the public the reasons for such denial, and the petitioner shall have the 404 right to judicial review of such decision under § 62.1-44.29 if he meets the requirements thereof.

405 (9) To make such rulings under §§ 62.1-44.16, 62.1-44.17, and 62.1-44.19 as may be required upon
406 requests or applications to the Board, the owner or owners affected to be notified by certified mail as
407 soon as practicable after the Board makes them and such rulings to become effective upon such
408 notification.

(10) To adopt such regulations as it deems necessary to enforce the general *soil erosion control and stormwater management program and* water quality management program of the Board in all or part of
the Commonwealth, except that a description of provisions of any proposed regulation which are more
restrictive than applicable federal requirements, together with the reason why the more restrictive
provisions are needed, shall be provided to the standing committee of each house of the General
Assembly to which matters relating to the content of the regulation are most properly referable.

415 (11) To investigate any large-scale killing of fish.

416 (a) Whenever the Board shall determine that any owner, whether or not he shall have been issued a 417 certificate for discharge of waste, has discharged sewage, industrial waste, or other waste into state 418 waters in such quantity, concentration, or manner that fish are killed as a result thereof, it may effect 419 such settlement with the owner as will cover the costs incurred by the Board and by the Department of 420 Game and Inland Fisheries in investigating such killing of fish, plus the replacement value of the fish 421 destroyed, or as it deems proper, and if no such settlement is reached within a reasonable time, the 422 Board shall authorize its executive secretary to bring a civil action in the name of the Board to recover 423 from the owner such costs and value, plus any court or other legal costs incurred in connection with 424 such action.

(b) If the owner is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth, the action may be brought in any
circuit court within the territory embraced by such political subdivision. If the owner is an
establishment, as defined in this chapter, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the city or the

428 circuit court of the county in which such establishment is located. If the owner is an individual or group429 of individuals, the action shall be brought in the circuit court of the city or circuit court of the county in430 which such person or any of them reside.

(c) For the purposes of this subsection the State Water Control Board shall be deemed the owner of
the fish killed and the proceedings shall be as though the State Water Control Board were the owner of
the fish. The fact that the owner has or held a certificate issued under this chapter shall not be raised as
a defense in bar to any such action.

(d) The proceeds of any recovery had under this subsection shall, when received by the Board, be
applied, first, to reimburse the Board for any expenses incurred in investigating such killing of fish. The
balance shall be paid to the Board of Game and Inland Fisheries to be used for the fisheries'
management practices as in its judgment will best restore or replace the fisheries' values lost as a result
of such discharge of waste, including, where appropriate, replacement of the fish killed with game fish
or other appropriate species. Any such funds received are hereby appropriated for that purpose.

(e) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed in any way to limit or prevent any other actionwhich is now authorized by law by the Board against any owner.

(f) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any owner who
adds or applies any chemicals or other substances that are recommended or approved by the State
Department of Health to state waters in the course of processing or treating such waters for public water
supply purposes, except where negligence is shown.

447 (12) To administer programs of financial assistance for planning, construction, operation, and
 448 maintenance of water quality control facilities for political subdivisions in the Commonwealth.

(13) To establish policies and programs for effective area-wide or basin-wide water quality control
and management. The Board may develop comprehensive pollution abatement and water quality control
plans on an area-wide or basin-wide basis. In conjunction with this, the Board, when considering
proposals for waste treatment facilities, is to consider the feasibility of combined or joint treatment
facilities and is to ensure that the approval of waste treatment facilities is in accordance with the water
quality management and pollution control plan in the watershed or basin as a whole. In making such
determinations, the Board is to seek the advice of local, regional, or state planning authorities.

(14) To establish requirements for the treatment of sewage, industrial wastes, and other wastes that
are consistent with the purposes of this chapter; however, no treatment shall be less than secondary or
its equivalent, unless the owner can demonstrate that a lesser degree of treatment is consistent with the
purposes of this chapter.

460 (15) To promote and establish requirements for the reclamation and reuse of wastewater that are
461 protective of state waters and public health as an alternative to directly discharging pollutants into waters
462 of the state. The requirements shall address various potential categories of reuse and may include
463 general permits and provide for greater flexibility and less stringent requirements commensurate with the
464 quality of the reclaimed water and its intended use. The requirements shall be developed in consultation
465 with the Department of Health and other appropriate state agencies. This authority shall not be construed
466 as conferring upon the Board any power or duty duplicative of those of the State Board of Health.

467 (16) To establish and implement policies and programs to protect and enhance the Commonwealth's
468 wetland resources. Regulatory programs shall be designed to achieve no net loss of existing wetland
469 acreage and functions. Voluntary and incentive-based programs shall be developed to achieve a net
470 resource gain in acreage and functions of wetlands. The Board shall seek and obtain advice and
471 guidance from the Virginia Institute of Marine Science in implementing these policies and programs.

472 (17) To establish additional procedures for obtaining a Virginia Water Protection Permit pursuant to 473 §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 for a proposed water withdrawal involving the transfer of water 474 resources between major river basins within the Commonwealth that may impact water basins in another 475 state. Such additional procedures shall not apply to any water withdrawal in existence as of July 1, 476 2012, except where the expansion of such withdrawal requires a permit under §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 477 62.1-44.15:22, in which event such additional procedures may apply to the extent of the expanded 478 withdrawal only. The applicant shall provide as part of the application (i) an analysis of alternatives to 479 such a transfer, (ii) a comprehensive analysis of the impacts that would occur in the source and 480 receiving basins, (iii) a description of measures to mitigate any adverse impacts that may arise, (iv) a 481 description of how notice shall be provided to interested parties, and (v) any other requirements that the 482 Board may adopt that are consistent with the provisions of this section and §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 or regulations adopted thereunder. This subdivision shall not be construed as limiting or 483 484 expanding the Board's authority under §§ 62.1-44.15:20 and 62.1-44.15:22 to issue permits and impose conditions or limitations on the permitted activity. 485

(18) To be the lead agency for the Commonwealth's nonpoint source pollution management program,
including coordination of the nonpoint source control elements of programs developed pursuant to
certain state and federal laws, including § 319 of the federal Clean Water Act and § 6217 of the federal
Coastal Zone Management Act. Further responsibilities include the adoption of regulations necessary to

490 implement a nonpoint source pollution management program in the Commonwealth, the distribution of 491 assigned funds, the identification and establishment of priorities to address nonpoint source related water 492 quality problems, the administration of the Statewide Nonpoint Source Advisory Committee, and the 493 development of a program for the prevention and control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and **494** nonagricultural runoff to conserve Virginia's natural resources.

495 (19) To review for compliance with the provisions of this chapter the Virginia Erosion and **496** Stormwater Management Programs adopted by localities pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27, the Virginia 497 Erosion and Sediment Control Programs adopted by localities pursuant to subdivision B 3 of **498** § 62.1-44.15:27, and the programs adopted by localities pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation 499 Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). The Board shall develop and implement a schedule for conducting such 500 program reviews as often as necessary but at least once every five years. Following the completion of a compliance review in which deficiencies are found, the Board shall establish a schedule for the locality 501 502 to follow in correcting the deficiencies and bringing its program into compliance. If the locality fails to 503 bring its program into compliance in accordance with the compliance schedule, then the Board is 504 authorized to (i) issue a special order to any locality imposing a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per 505 violation with the maximum amount not to exceed \$50,000 per order for noncompliance with the state 506 program, to be paid into the state treasury and deposited in the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund 507 established in § 62.1-44.15:29.1 or (ii) with the consent of the locality, provide in an order issued 508 against the locality for the payment of civil charges for violations in lieu of civil penalties, in specific 509 sums not to exceed the limit stated in this subdivision. Such civil charges shall be in lieu of any 510 appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under subsection (a) of \S 62.1-44.32 and shall not be 511 subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. The Board shall not delegate to the Department its authority to 512 issue special orders pursuant to clause (i). In lieu of issuing an order, the Board is authorized to take legal action against a locality pursuant to § 62.1-44.23 to ensure compliance. 513

Article 2.3.

Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Act (VESMA).

§ 62.1-44.15:24. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

518 "Agreement in lieu of a stormwater management plan" means a contract between the VESMP 519 authority or the Board acting as a VSMP authority and the owner or permittee that specifies methods 520 that shall be implemented to comply with the requirements of a VSMP this article for the construction 521 of a single-family residence detached residential structure; such contract may be executed by the VSMP 522 VESMP authority in lieu of a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan.

523 "Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act land-disturbing activity" means a land-disturbing activity including 524 clearing, grading, or excavation that results in a land disturbance equal to or greater than 2,500 square 525 feet and less than one acre in all areas of jurisdictions designated as subject to the regulations adopted 526 pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation provisions of this chapter.

527 "Applicant" means any person submitting a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan 528 for approval in order to obtain authorization to commence a land-disturbing activity.

529 "CWA" means the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.), formerly referred to as the 530 Federal Water Pollution Control Act or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, P.L. 531 92-500, as amended by P.L. 95-217, P.L. 95-576, P.L. 96-483, and P.L. 97-117, or any subsequent 532 revisions thereto.

533 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality. 534

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

535 "Erosion impact area" means an area of land that is not associated with a current land-disturbing 536 activity but is subject to persistent soil erosion resulting in the delivery of sediment onto neighboring 537 properties or into state waters. This definition shall not apply to any lot or parcel of land of 10,000 538 square feet or less used for residential purposes or any shoreline where the erosion results from wave 539 action or other coastal processes.

"Flooding" means a volume of water that is too great to be confined within the banks or walls of the 540 541 stream, water body, or conveyance system and that overflows onto adjacent lands, thereby causing or 542 threatening damage.

543 "Land disturbance" or "land-disturbing activity" means a man-made change to the land surface that 544 potentially changes may result in soil erosion or has the potential to change its runoff characteristics, 545 including *construction activity such as the* clearing, grading, or excavation, except that the term shall not 546 include those exemptions specified in § 62.1-44.15:34 excavating, or filling of land.

547 "Land-disturbance approval" means the same as that term is defined in \S 62.1-44.3.

548 "Municipal separate storm sewer" or "MS4" means a conveyance or system of conveyances otherwise known as a municipal separate storm sewer system or "MS4," including roads with drainage systems, 549 municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains: 550

551 1. Owned or operated by a federal, state, city, town, county, district, association, or other public 552 body, created by or pursuant to state law, having jurisdiction or delegated authority for erosion and 553 sediment control and stormwater management, or a designated and approved management agency under 554 § 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters;

555 2. Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;

556 3. That is not a combined sewer: and

557 4. That is not part of a publicly owned treatment works the same as that term is defined in § 62.1-44.3. 558

559 "Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Management Program" means a management program covering the duration of a state permit for a municipal separate storm sewer system that includes a 560 comprehensive planning process that involves public participation and intergovernmental coordination, to 561 reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the CWA and regulations, and this article and its 562 563 attendant regulations, using management practices, control techniques, and system, design, and 564 engineering methods, and such other provisions that are appropriate. 565

"Natural channel design concepts" means the utilization of engineering analysis and fluvial 566 567 geomorphic processes to create, rehabilitate, restore, or stabilize an open conveyance system for the 568 purpose of creating or recreating a stream that conveys its bankfull storm event within its banks and 569 allows larger flows to access its bankfull bench and its floodplain.

570 "Nonpoint source pollution" means pollution such as sediment, nitrogen, phosphorus, hydrocarbons, 571 heavy metals, and toxics whose sources cannot be pinpointed but rather are washed from the land surface in a diffuse manner by stormwater runoff. 572

573 "Owner" means the same as that term is defined in § 62.1-44.3. For a regulated land-disturbing activity that does not require a permit, "owner" also means the owner or owners of the freehold of the 574 575 premises or lesser estate therein, mortgagee or vendee in possession, assignee of rents, receiver, 576 executor, trustee, lessee, or other person, firm, or corporation in control of a property.

577 "Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a prescribed design storm at a 578 particular location.

579 "Permit" or "VSMP authority permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued by the VSMP authority for the initiation of a land-disturbing activity after evidence of state VSMP 580 581 general permit coverage has been provided where applicable a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination 582 System (VPDES) permit issued by the Board pursuant to § 62.1-44.15 for stormwater discharges from a 583 land-disturbing activity or MS4.

584 "Permittee" means the person to which whom the permit or state permit is issued.

"Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a 585 586 prescribed storm event.

587 "State permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued by the Board in the form of a state stormwater individual permit or coverage issued under a state general permit or an 588 589 approval issued by the Board for stormwater discharges from an MS4. Under these permits, the 590 Commonwealth imposes and enforces requirements pursuant to the federal Clean Water Act and 591 regulations and this article and its attendant regulations.

592 "Soil erosion" means the movement of soil by wind or water into state waters or onto lands in the 593 *Commonwealth.*

"Soil Erosion Control and Stormwater Management plan" or "plan" means a document describing 594 595 methods for controlling soil erosion and managing stormwater in accordance with the requirements 596 adopted pursuant to this article.

597 "Stormwater," for the purposes of this article, means precipitation that is discharged across the land 598 surface or through conveyances to one or more waterways and that may include stormwater runoff, 599 snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.

600 "Stormwater management plan" means a document containing material describing methods for 601 complying with the requirements of a VSMP. 602

"Subdivision" means the same as *that term is* defined in § 15.2-2201.

"Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program" or "VESCP" means a program approved by the 603 Board that is established by a VESCP authority pursuant to Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) for the **604** 605 effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and nonagricultural runoff associated with a land-disturbing activity to prevent the unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, 606 and other natural resources. The VESCP shall include, where applicable, such items as local ordinances, rules, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan review, 607 608 inspection, and evaluation consistent with the requirements of Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). 609

"Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority" or "VESCP authority" means a locality 610 that is approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program in 611 accordance with Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). Only a locality for which the Department 612

613 administered a Virginia Stormwater Management Program as of July 1, 2017, is authorized to choose to 614 operate a VESCP pursuant to Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.).

615 "Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program" or "VESMP" means a program established 616 by a VESMP authority for the effective control of soil erosion and sediment deposition and the 617 management of the quality and quantity of runoff resulting from land-disturbing activities to prevent the 618 unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources. The 619 program shall include such items as local ordinances, rules, requirements for permits and 620 land-disturbance approvals, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan 621 review, inspection, and enforcement consistent with the requirements of this article.

622 "Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program authority" or "VESMP authority" means
623 the Board or a locality approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater
624 Management Program. For state agency or federal entity land-disturbing activities and land-disturbing
625 activities subject to approved standards and specifications, the Board shall serve as the VESMP
626 authority.

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program" or "VSMP" means a program approved by the Soil and 627 628 Water Conservation Board after September 13, 2011, and until June 30, 2013, or the State Water 629 Control Board on and after June 30, 2013, that has been established by a VSMP authority the Board 630 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27.1 on behalf of a locality on or after July 1, 2014, to manage the quality and 631 quantity of runoff resulting from any land-disturbing activities and shall include such items as local ordinances, rules, permit requirements, annual standards and specifications, policies and guidelines, 632 633 technical materials, and requirements for plan review, inspection, enforcement, where authorized in this 634 article, and evaluation consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations activity 635 that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) disturbs less than one acre of land and is part of a 636 larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or more of land disturbance.

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program authority" or "VSMP authority" means an authority 637 approved by the Board after September 13, 2011, to operate a Virginia Stormwater Management 638 639 Program or the Department. An authority may include a locality; state entity, including the Department; 640 federal entity; or, for linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications in accordance with 641 subsection B of §- 62.1-44.15:31, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and 642 intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to 643 <u>§ 15.2-5102</u> when administering a VSMP on behalf of a locality that, pursuant to subdivision B 3 of 644 § 62.1-44.15:27, has chosen not to adopt and administer a VESMP.

645 "Water quality volume" means the volume equal to the first one half inch of runoff multiplied by the
646 impervious surface of the land development project technical criteria" means standards set forth in
647 regulations adopted pursuant to this article that establish minimum design criteria for measures to
648 control nonpoint source pollution.

649 "Watershed" means a defined land area drained by a river or stream, karst system, or system of
650 connecting rivers or streams such that all surface water within the area flows through a single outlet. In
651 karst areas, the karst feature to which water drains may be considered the single outlet for the
652 watershed.

Water quantity technical criteria" means standards set forth in regulations adopted pursuant to this
article that establish minimum design criteria for measures to control localized flooding and stream
channel erosion.

656 § 62.1-44.15:25. Further powers and duties of the State Water Control Board.

In addition to other powers and duties conferred upon the Board by this chapter, it shall permit, 657 658 regulate, and control soil erosion and stormwater runoff in the Commonwealth. The Board may issue, 659 deny, revoke, terminate, or amend state stormwater individual permits or coverage issued under state 660 general permits; adopt regulations; approve and periodically review Virginia Stormwater Management Programs and management programs developed in conjunction with a state municipal separate storm 661 sewer permit; enforce the provisions of this article; and and may otherwise act to ensure the general **662** 663 health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of the Commonwealth as well as protect the quality and 664 quantity of state waters from the potential harm of unmanaged stormwater. The Board may and soil 665 erosion. It shall be the duty of the Board and it shall have the authority to:

666 1. Issue, deny, amend, revoke, terminate, and enforce state permits for the control of stormwater
 667 discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems and land-disturbing activities.

668 2. Take administrative and legal actions to ensure compliance with the provisions of this article by 669 any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article, and those entities 670 with an approved Virginia Stormwater Management Program and management programs developed in 671 conjunction with a state municipal separate storm sewer system permit, including the proper enforcement 672 and implementation of, and continual compliance with, this article.

673 3. In accordance with procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), amend or

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674 revoke any state permit issued under this article on the following grounds or for good cause as may be 675 provided by the regulations of the Board:

a. Any person subject to state permit requirements under this article has violated or failed, neglected,
or refused to obey any order or regulation of the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the
Department, any condition of a state permit, any provision of this article, or any order of a court, where
such violation results in the unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality, stream channels, and
other natural resources, or the violation is representative of a pattern of serious or repeated violations,
including the disregard for or inability to comply with applicable laws, regulations, permit conditions,
orders, rules, or requirements;

b. Any person subject to state permit requirements under this article has failed to disclose fully all
 relevant material facts or has misrepresented a material fact in applying for a state permit, or in any
 other report or document required under this law or under the regulations of the Board;

686 c. The activity for which the state permit was issued causes unreasonable degradation of properties,
 687 water quality, stream channels, and other natural resources; or

688 d. There exists a material change in the basis on which the state permit was issued that requires
689 either a temporary or a permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge or land-disturbing activity
690 controlled by the state permit necessary to prevent unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality,
691 stream channels, and other natural resources.

692 4. Cause investigations and inspections to ensure compliance with any state or VSMP authority
 693 permits, conditions, policies, rules, regulations, rulings, and orders which it may adopt, issue, or
 694 establish and to furnish advice, recommendations, or instructions for the purpose of obtaining such
 695 compliance.

696 5. In accordance with procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), adopt rules
697 governing (i) hearings, (ii) the filing of reports, (iii) the issuance of permits and special orders, and (iv)
698 all other matters relating to procedure, and amend or cancel any rule adopted.

699 6. Issue special orders to any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under 700 this article (i) who is permitting or causing the unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality, 701 stream channels, and other natural resources to cease and desist from such activities; (ii) who has failed 702 to construct facilities in accordance with final approved plans and specifications to construct such 703 facilities; (iii) who has violated the terms and provisions of a state or VSMP authority permit issued by 704 the Board or VSMP authority to comply with the provisions of the state or VSMP authority permit, this 705 article, and any decision of the VSMP authority, the Department, or the Board; or (iv) who has violated 706 the terms of an order issued by the court, the VSMP authority, the Department, or the Board to comply 707 with the terms of such order, and also to issue orders to require any person subject to state or VSMP 708 authority permit requirements under this article to comply with the provisions of this article and any 709 decision of the Board.

710 Such special orders are to be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Process 711 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and shall become effective not less than 15 days after the date of mailing with confirmation of delivery of the notice to the last known address of any person subject to state or VSMP 712 713 authority permit requirements under this article, provided that if the Board finds that any such person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article is grossly affecting or presents 714 715 an imminent and substantial danger to (i) the public health, safety, or welfare or the health of animals, 716 fish, or aquatic life; (ii) a public water supply; or (iii) recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural, 717 or other reasonable uses, it may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency special order 718 directing any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article to cease 719 such pollution or discharge immediately, and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof to any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit 720 721 requirements under this article, to affirm, modify, amend, or cancel such emergency special order. If any 722 person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article who has been issued 723 such a special order or an emergency special order is not complying with the terms thereof, the Board 724 may proceed in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:48, and where the order is based on a finding of an imminent and substantial danger, the court shall issue an injunction compelling compliance with the 725 emergency special order pending a hearing by the Board. If an emergency special order requires 726 727 cessation of a discharge, the recipient of the order may appeal its issuance to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the discharge was alleged to have occurred special orders pursuant to subdivision 728 729 (8a) or (8b) of § 62.1-44.15 to any owner subject to requirements under this article, except that for any 730 land-disturbing activity that disturbs an area measuring not less than 10,000 square feet but less than 731 one acre in an area of a locality that is not designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) and that is not part of a 732 733 larger common plan of development or sale that disturbs one acre or more of land, such special orders may include civil penalties of up to \$5,000 per violation, not to exceed \$50,000 per order. Such civil 734 penalties shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater 735

736 Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

737 The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the Board may proceed directly under § 62.1-44.15:48 738 or Article 5 (§ 62.1-44.20 et seq.) for any past violation or violations of any provision of this article or 739 any regulation duly adopted hereunder.

740 2. With the consent of any person owner subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements 741 under this article who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any regulation or order of the 742 Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VSMP authority, any condition of a state 743 or VSMP authority permit, or any provision of this article, the Board may provide, in an order issued by 744 the Board pursuant to subdivision (8d) of § 62.1-44.15 against such person owner, for the payment of 745 civil charges for violations in specific sums. Such sums shall not to exceed the limit specified in 746 subsection A subdivision A 1 or B 1, as applicable, of § 62.1-44.15:48. Such civil charges shall be 747 collected in lieu of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed pursuant to subsection A of 748 § 62.1-44.15:48 and shall not be subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. Such civil charges shall be paid 749 into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Stormwater Management 750 Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29 62.1-44.15:29.1. 751

§ 62.1-44.15:25.1. Additional local authority.

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Any locality serving as a VESMP authority shall have the authority to:

753 1. Issue orders in accordance with the procedures of subdivision 10 a of § 15.2-2122 to any owner 754 subject to the requirements of this article. Such orders may include civil penalties in specific sums not 755 to exceed the limit specified in subdivision A 2 or B 2, as applicable, of § 62.1-44.15:48, and such civil 756 penalties shall be paid into the treasury of the locality in accordance with subdivision A 2 of 757 § 62.1-44.15:48. The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the locality may proceed directly under 758 § 62.1-44.15:48 for any past violation or violations of any provision of this article or any ordinance 759 duly adopted hereunder.

760 2. Issue consent orders with the consent of any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or 761 refused to obey any ordinance adopted pursuant to the provisions of this article, any condition of a 762 locality's land-disturbance approval, or any order of a locality serving as a VESMP. Such consent order 763 may provide for the payment of civil charges not to exceed the limits specified in subdivision A 2 or B 764 2, as applicable, of § 62.1-44.15:48. Such civil charges shall be in lieu of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under this article. Any civil charges collected shall be paid to the treasury of the 765 locality in accordance with subdivision A 2 of § 62.1-44.15:48. 766

§ 62.1-44.15:27. Virginia Programs for Erosion Control and Stormwater Management. 767

768 A. Any locality that operates a regulated MS4 or that notifies the Department of its decision to 769 participate in the establishment of a \overline{VSMP} administers a Virginia Stormwater Management Program 770 (VSMP) as of July 1, 2017, shall be required to adopt a VSMP for land-disturbing activities and 771 administer a VESMP consistent with the provisions of this article according to a schedule set by the 772 Department. Such schedule shall require implementation no later than July 1, 2014. Thereafter, the 773 Department shall provide an annual schedule by which localities can submit applications to implement a 774 VSMP. Localities subject to this subsection are authorized to coordinate plan review and inspections 775 with other entities in accordance with subsection H. The Department shall operate a VSMP on behalf of any that regulates any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs 10,000 square feet or more or (ii) 776 777 disturbs 2,500 square feet or more in an area of a locality designated as a Chesapeake Bay 778 Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). The 779 VESMP shall be adopted according to a process established by the Department.

780 B. Any locality that does not operate a regulated MS4 and that does not for which the Department 781 administers a VSMP as of July 1, 2017, shall choose one of the following options and shall notify the 782 Department, of its choice according to a schedule set process established by the Department, of its 783 decision to participate in the establishment of a VSMP. A locality that decides not to establish a VSMP 784 shall still comply:

785 1. Adopt and administer a VESMP consistent with the requirements set forth in provisions of this 786 article and attendant regulations as required to satisfy the stormwater flow rate capacity and velocity 787 requirements set forth in the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). A locality that 788 is subject to the provisions of that regulates any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs 10,000 square 789 feet or more or (ii) disturbs 2,500 square feet or more in an area of a locality designated as a 790 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et 791 seq.);

792 2. Adopt and administer a VESMP consistent with the provisions of this article that regulates any 793 land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs 10,000 square feet or more or (ii) disturbs 2,500 square feet or 794 more in an area of a locality designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the 795 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), except that the Department shall provide the 796 locality with review of the plan required by § 62.1-44.15:34 and provide a recommendation to the

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797 locality on the plan's compliance with the water quality and water quantity technical criteria; or

798 3. Adopt and administer a VESCP pursuant to Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) that regulates any 799 land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs 10,000 square feet or more or (ii) disturbs 2,500 square feet or 800 more in an area of a locality designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the 801 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). For such a land-disturbing activity in a 802 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area, the VESCP authority also shall adopt requirements set forth in this 803 article and attendant regulations as required to regulate Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act land-disturbing 804 those activities in accordance with § §§ 62.1-44.15:28 and 62.1-44.15:34.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, any county that operates an MS4 that became 805 a regulated MS4 on or after January 1, 2014 may elect, on a schedule set by the Department, to defer 806 the implementation of the county's VSMP until no later than January 1, 2015. During this deferral 807 period, when such county thus lacks the legal authority to operate a VSMP, the Department shall 808 809 operate a VSMP on behalf of the county and address post-construction stormwater runoff and the 810 required design criteria for stormwater runoff controls. Any such county electing to defer the establishment of its VSMP shall still comply with the requirements set forth in this article and attendant 811 812 regulations as required to satisfy the stormwater flow rate capacity and velocity requirements set forth in the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). 813

B. The Board shall administer a VSMP on behalf of each VESCP authority for any land-disturbing 814 815 activity that (a) disturbs one acre or more of land or (b) disturbs less than one acre of land and is part 816 of a larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or greater of land disturbance. C. Any town that is required to or elects to adopt and administer a VSMP or VESCP, as applicable, 817

818 may choose one of the following options and shall notify the Department of its choice according to a 819 process established by the Department:

1. Any town, including a town that operates a regulated MS4, lying within a county that has adopted 820 821 a VSMP in accordance with subsection A may decide, but shall not be required, may enter an 822 agreement with the county to become subject to the county's VSMP. Any VESMP. If a town lying lies 823 within a the boundaries of more than one county, it may enter into an agreement with any of those 824 counties that operates an MS4 that became a regulated MS4 on or after January 1, 2014 may elect a 825 VESMP.

826 2. Any town that chooses not to adopt and administer a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 3 and 827 that lies within a county may enter into an agreement with the county to become subject to the county's 828 VSMP according to the deferred schedule established in subsection A. During the county's deferral 829 period, the Department shall operate a VSMP on behalf of the town and address post-construction stormwater runoff and the required design criteria for stormwater runoff controls for the town as 830 provided in subsection A VESMP or VESCP, as applicable. If a town lies within the boundaries of more 831 than one county, the town shall be considered to be wholly within the county in which the larger 832 833 portion of the town lies. Towns shall inform the Department of their decision according to a schedule established by the Department. Thereafter, the Department shall provide an annual schedule by which 834 towns can submit applications to adopt a VSMP it may enter into an agreement with any of those 835 836 counties.

837 C. 3. Any town that is subject to the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act 838 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) may enter into an agreement with a county pursuant to subdivision C 1 or 2 839 only if the county administers a VESMP for land-disturbing activities that disturb 2,500 square feet or 840 more.

841 D. Any locality that chooses not to implement a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 3 may notify the Department at any time that it has chosen to implement a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 1 or 2. Any locality that chooses to implement a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 2 may notify the Department at any time that it has chosen to implement a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 1. A locality may petition the Board at any time for a 842 843 844 845 the Board at any time for approval to change from fully administering a VESMP pursuant to subdivision 846 B 1 to administering a VESMP in coordination with the Department pursuant to subdivision B 2 due to a significant change in economic conditions or other fiscal emergency in the locality. The provisions of 847 848 the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall govern any appeal of the Board's decision. 849

E. In support of VSMP VESMP authorities, the Department shall:

850 1. Provide assistance grants to localities not currently operating a local stormwater management program to help the localities to establish their VSMP. 851 852

2. Provide provide technical assistance and training-

3. Provide qualified services in specified geographic areas to a VSMP to assist localities in the 853 854 administration of components of their programs. The Department shall actively assist and general 855 assistance to localities in the establishment and administration of their individual or regional programs 856 and in the selection of a contractor or other entity that may provide support to the locality or regional 857 support to several localities. 858

D. F. The Department shall develop a model ordinance for establishing a VSMP VESMP consistent

with this article and its associated regulations, including the Virginia Stormwater Management Program
 (VSMP) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities.

861 E. G. Each locality that administers an approved VSMP that operates a regulated MS4 or that chooses to administer a VESMP shall, by ordinance, establish a VSMP VESMP that shall be administered in conjunction with a local MS4 program and a local erosion and sediment control program 864 if required pursuant to the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) management 865 program, if applicable, and which shall include the following:

866 1. Consistency Ordinances, policies, and technical materials consistent with regulations adopted in accordance with provisions of this article;

868 2. *Requirements for land-disturbance approvals;*

869 3. Requirements for plan review, inspection, and enforcement consistent with the requirements of this
870 article, including provisions requiring periodic inspections of the installation of stormwater management
871 measures. A VESMP authority may require monitoring and reports from the person responsible for
872 meeting the permit conditions to ensure compliance with the permit and to determine whether the
873 measures required in the permit provide effective stormwater management;

4. Provisions charging each applicant a reasonable fee to defray the cost of program administration 874 875 for a regulated land-disturbing activity that does not require permit coverage. Such fee may be in 876 addition to any fee charged pursuant to the statewide fee schedule established in accordance with 877 subdivision 9 of § 62.1-44.15:28, although payment of fees may be consolidated in order to provide 878 greater convenience and efficiency for those responsible for compliance with the program. A VESMP 879 authority shall hold a public hearing prior to establishing such fees. The fee shall not exceed an amount 880 commensurate with the services rendered, taking into consideration the time, skill, and the VESMP 881 authority's expense involved;

5. Provisions for long-term responsibility for and maintenance of stormwater management control devices and other techniques specified to manage the quality and quantity of runoff; and

884 3. 6. Provisions for the integration of the VSMP with local erosion and sediment control,
 885 coordination of the VESMP with flood insurance, flood plain management, and other programs requiring
 886 compliance prior to authorizing construction land disturbance in order to make the submission and
 887 approval of plans, issuance of permits land-disturbance approvals, payment of fees, and coordination of
 888 inspection and enforcement activities more convenient and efficient both for the local governments and
 889 those responsible for compliance with the programs.

890 F. The Board may approve a state entity, including the Department, federal entity, or, for linear 891 projects subject to annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility 892 companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities 893 created pursuant to § 15.2-5102 to operate a Virginia Stormwater Management Program consistent with 894 the requirements of this article and its associated regulations and the VSMP authority's 895 Department-approved annual standards and specifications. For these programs, enforcement shall be 896 administered by the Department and the Board where applicable in accordance with the provisions of 897 this article.

898 G. The Board shall approve a VSMP when it deems a program consistent with this article and
 899 associated regulations, including the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General Permit
 900 for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities.

901 H. A VSMP The Board shall approve a VESMP when it deems a program consistent with this 902 article and associated regulations.

903 *I. A VESMP* authority may enter into agreements or contracts with *the Department*, soil and water
 904 conservation districts, adjacent localities, *planning district commissions*, or other public or private entities
 905 to carry out or assist with the responsibilities of this article *plan review and inspections*.

I. If a locality establishes a VSMP, it shall issue a consolidated stormwater management and erosion and sediment control permit that is consistent with the provisions of the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). When available in accordance with subsection J, such permit, where applicable, shall also include a copy of or reference to state VSMP permit coverage authorization to discharge.

911 J. Upon the development of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than July 1,
912 2014, a VSMP A VESMP authority shall then be required to obtain evidence of state VSMP permit coverage where it from the Department's online reporting system, where such coverage is required, prior to providing land-disturbance approval to begin land disturbance.

815 K. Any VSMP adopted pursuant to and consistent with this article shall be considered to meet the
816 stormwater management requirements under the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§-62.1-44.15:67 et
817 seq.) and attendant regulations, and effective July 1, 2014, shall not be subject to local program review
918 under the stormwater management provisions of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act.

919 L. All VSMP authorities shall comply with the provisions of this article and the stormwater

920 management provisions of the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and related 921 regulations. The VSMP VESMP authority responsible for regulating the land-disturbing activity shall

922 require compliance with the issued permit, permit its applicable ordinances and the conditions, of its 923 land-disturbance approval and plan specifications. The state Board shall enforce state permits and 924 require compliance with its applicable regulations, including when serving as a VSMP authority in a 925 locality that chose not to adopt a VESMP in accordance with subdivision B 3.

926 § 62.1-44.15:27.1. Virginia Stormwater Management Programs administered by the Board.

927 A. The Board shall administer a Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) on behalf of 928 any locality that notifies the Department pursuant to subsection B of § 62.1-44.15:27 that it has chosen 929 to not administer a VESMP as provided by subdivision B 3 of § 62.1-44.15:27. In such a locality:

930 1. The Board shall implement a VSMP in order to manage the quality and quantity of stormwater 931 runoff resulting from any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) 932 disturbs less than one acre of land and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or greater of land disturbance, as required by this article. 933

934 2. No person shall conduct a land-disturbing activity until he has obtained land-disturbance approval 935 from the VESCP authority and, if required, submitted to the Department an application that includes a 936 permit registration statement and stormwater management plan, and the Department has issued permit 937 coverage.

938 B. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing specifications for the VSMP, including permit 939 requirements and requirements for plan review, inspection, and enforcement that reflect the analogous 940 stormwater management requirements for a VESMP set forth in applicable provisions of this article. 941

§ 62.1-44.15:28. Development of regulations.

942 A. The Board is authorized to adopt regulations that establish requirements for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and stormwater, including nonagricultural runoff, that shall be met 943 944 in any VESMP to prevent the unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and 945 other natural resources, and that specify minimum technical criteria and administrative procedures for 946 Virginia Stormwater Management Programs VESMPs. The regulations shall: 947

1. Establish standards and procedures for administering a VSMP VESMP;

948 2. Establish minimum design criteria for measures to control nonpoint source pollution and localized 949 flooding, and incorporate the stormwater management regulations adopted pursuant to the Erosion and 950 Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), as they relate to the prevention of stream channel 951 erosion standards of effectiveness of the VESMP and criteria and procedures for reviewing and 952 evaluating its effectiveness. The minimum standards of program effectiveness established by the Board shall provide that (i) no soil erosion control and stormwater management plan shall be approved until it 953 is reviewed by a plan reviewer certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30, (ii) each inspection of a 954 955 land-disturbing activity shall be conducted by an inspector certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30, and 956 (iii) each VESMP shall contain a program administrator, a plan reviewer, and an inspector, each of 957 whom is certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30 and all of whom may be the same person;

958 3. Be based upon relevant physical and developmental information concerning the watersheds and 959 drainage basins of the Commonwealth, including data relating to land use, soils, hydrology, geology, size of land area being disturbed, proximate water bodies and their characteristics, transportation, and 960 961 public facilities and services:

962 4. Include any survey of lands and waters as the Board deems appropriate or as any applicable law 963 requires to identify areas, including multijurisdictional and watershed areas, with critical soil erosion 964 and sediment problems;

965 5. Contain conservation standards for various types of soils and land uses, which shall include 966 criteria, techniques, and methods for the control of soil erosion and sediment resulting from 967 land-disturbing activities;

968 6. Establish water quality and water quantity technical criteria. These criteria shall be periodically 969 modified as required in order to reflect current engineering methods;

970 3. 7. Require the provision of long-term responsibility for and maintenance of stormwater 971 management control devices and other techniques specified to manage the quality and quantity of runoff; 972 4. 8. Require as a minimum the inclusion in VSMPs VESMPs of certain administrative procedures 973 that include, but are not limited to, specifying the time period within which a \underline{VSMP} vesm \hat{P} authority 974 shall grant land-disturbing activity land-disturbance approval, the conditions and processes under which 975 such approval shall be granted, the procedures for communicating disapproval, the conditions under 976 which an approval may be changed, and requirements for inspection of approved projects;

977 5. 9. Establish by regulations a statewide permit a statewide fee schedule to cover all costs associated with the implementation of a VSMP VESMP related to land-disturbing activities of one acre or greater 978 where permit coverage is required, and for land-disturbing activities where the Board serves as a 979 980 VESMP authority or VSMP authority. Such fee attributes include the costs associated with plan review, 981 **VSMP** permit registration statement review, permit issuance, state coverage permit coverage verification,

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982 inspections, reporting, and compliance activities associated with the land-disturbing activities as well as
983 program oversight costs. The fee schedule shall also include a provision for a reduced fee for
984 land-disturbing activities between 2,500 square feet and up to one acre in a land-disturbing activity that
985 disturbs 2,500 square feet or more in an area of a locality designated as a Chesapeake Bay
986 Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) localities.
987 The fee schedule shall be governed by the following:

a. The revenue generated from the statewide stormwater permit fee shall be collected utilizing, where practicable, an online payment system, and the Department's portion shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29. However, whenever the Board has approved a VSMP VESMP, no more than 30 percent of the total revenue generated by the statewide stormwater permit State Treasurer for deposit in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund, with the balance going to the VSMP VESMP authority;;

995 b. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any general fund appropriation made 996 to the Department or other supporting revenue from a VSMP VESMP; however, the fees shall be set at a level sufficient for the Department and the VSMP VESMP to fully carry out their responsibilities 997 **998** under this article and its attendant regulations and local ordinances or standards and specifications where 999 applicable. When establishing a VSMP, the VSMP VESMP, the VESMP authority shall assess the 1000 statewide fee *fees pursuant to the* schedule and shall have the authority to reduce or increase such fees, 1001 and to consolidate such fees with other program-related charges, but in no case shall such fee changes 1002 affect the amount established in the regulations as available to the Department for program oversight 1003 responsibilities pursuant to subdivision $\frac{1}{2}$ a. A VSMP's VESMP's portion of the fees shall be used solely 1004 to carry out the VSMP's VESMP's responsibilities under this article and its attendant regulations, 1005 associated ordinances, or annual standards and specifications.;

1006 c. Until July 1, 2014, the fee for coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater 1007 from Construction Activities issued by the Board, or where the Board has issued an individual permit or 1008 coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for an 1009 entity for which it has approved annual standards and specifications, shall be \$750 for each large 1010 construction activity with sites or common plans of development equal to or greater than five acres and 1011 \$450 for each small construction activity with sites or common plans of development equal to or greater 1012 than one acre and less than five acres. On and after July 1, 2014, such fees shall only apply where 1013 coverage has been issued under the Board's General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from 1014 Construction Activities to a state agency or federal entity for which it has approved annual standards 1015 and specifications. After establishment, such fees may be modified in the future through regulatory 1016 actions.

1017 d. Until July 1, 2014, the Department is authorized to assess a \$125 reinspection fee for each visit to 1018 a project site that was necessary to check on the status of project site items noted to be in 1019 noncompliance and documented as such on a prior project inspection.

e. In establishing the fee schedule under this subdivision, the Department shall ensure that the VSMP
VESMP authority portion of the statewide permit fee for coverage under the General Permit for
Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for small construction activity involving a single
family single-family detached residential structure with a site or area, within or outside a common plan
of development or sale, that is equal to or greater than one acre but less than five acres shall be no
greater than the VSMP VESMP authority portion of the fee for coverage of sites or areas with a
land-disturbance acreage of less than one acre within a common plan of development or sale.;

1027 f. d. When any fees are collected pursuant to this section by credit cards, business transaction costs associated with processing such payments may be additionally assessed;

6. Establish statewide standards for stormwater management from land-disturbing activities of one acre or greater, except as specified otherwise within this article, and allow for the consolidation in the permit of a comprehensive approach to addressing stormwater management and erosion and sediment control, consistent with the provisions of the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and this article. However, such standards shall also apply to land-disturbing activity exceeding an area of 2,500 square feet in all areas of the jurisdictions designated as subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management Regulations;

1036 7. Establish a procedure by which a stormwater management plan that is approved for a residential,
 1037 commercial, or industrial subdivision shall govern the development of the individual parcels, including
 1038 those parcels developed under subsequent owners;

1039 8. e. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subdivision A 5 9, establish a procedure by which neither a registration statement nor payment of the Department's portion of the statewide permit fee established pursuant to that this subdivision 9 shall be required for coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for construction activity involving a

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1043 single-family detached residential structure, within or outside a common plan of development or sale;

1044 9. 10. Establish statewide standards for soil erosion control and stormwater management from **1045** land-disturbing activities;

1046 11. Establish a procedure by which a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan that is
approved for a residential, commercial, or industrial subdivision shall govern the development of the
individual parcels, including those parcels developed under subsequent owners;

1049 12. Provide for reciprocity with programs in other states for the certification of proprietary best 1050 management practices;

1051 10. 13. Require that VSMPs VESMPs maintain after-development runoff rate of flow and 1052 characteristics that replicate, as nearly as practicable, the existing predevelopment runoff characteristics 1053 and site hydrology, or improve upon the contributing share of the existing predevelopment runoff 1054 characteristics and site hydrology if stream channel erosion or localized flooding is an existing 1055 predevelopment condition.

1056 a. Except where more stringent requirements are necessary to address total maximum daily load 1057 requirements or to protect exceptional state waters, any land-disturbing activity that provides for 1058 stormwater management shall was subject to the water quantity requirements that were in effect 1059 pursuant to this article prior to July 1, 2014, shall be deemed to satisfy the conditions of this subsection 1060 if the practices are designed to (i) detain the water quality volume equal to the first one-half inch of 1061 runoff multiplied by the impervious surface of the land development project and to release it over 48 1062 hours; (ii) detain and release over a 24-hour period the expected rainfall resulting from the one year, 1063 24-hour storm; and (iii) reduce the allowable peak flow rate resulting from the 1.5-year, two-year, and 1064 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level that is less than or equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming 1065 it was in a good forested condition, achieved through multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a reduction factor that is equal to the runoff volume from the site when it was in a good forested 1066 1067 condition divided by the runoff volume from the site in its proposed condition, and. Any land-disturbing activity that complies with these requirements shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity 1068 1069 requirements for natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to 1070 this section or any ordinances adopted pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27 or 62.1-44.15:33;

1071 b. Any stream restoration or relocation project that incorporates natural channel design concepts is
1072 not a man-made channel and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for
1073 natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to this article;

1074 11. 14. Encourage low-impact development designs, regional and watershed approaches, and 1075 nonstructural means for controlling stormwater;

1076 12. 15. Promote the reclamation and reuse of stormwater for uses other than potable water in order to protect state waters and the public health and to minimize the direct discharge of pollutants into state waters;

1079 13. 16. Establish procedures to be followed when a locality that operates a VSMP wishes to transfer
 1080 administration of the VSMP to the Department chooses to change the type of program it administers
 1081 pursuant to subsection D of § 62.1-44.15:27;

1082 14. 17. Establish a statewide permit fee schedule for stormwater management related to municipal
 1083 separate storm sewer system MS4 permits; and

1084 15. 18. Provide for the evaluation and potential inclusion of emerging or innovative stormwater 1085 control technologies that may prove effective in reducing nonpoint source pollution.

B. The Board may integrate and consolidate components of the regulations implementing the Erosion and Sediment Control program and the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management program with the regulations governing the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Permit program or repeal components so that these programs may be implemented in a consolidated manner that provides greater consistency, understanding, and efficiency for those regulated by and administering a VSMP.

§ 62.1-44.15:29. Virginia Stormwater Management Fund.

1093 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on the 1094 1095 books of the Comptroller. All moneys collected by the Department pursuant to $\frac{88}{5}$ § 62.1-44.15:28-1096 62.1-44.15:38, and 62.1-44.15:71 and all civil penalties collected pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:22 shall be 1097 paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain 1098 in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the 1099 end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the purposes of carrying out the Department's responsibilities under this 1100 1101 article. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants 1102 issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Director.

1103 An accounting of moneys received by and distributed from the Fund shall be kept by the State 1104 Comptroller.

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1105 § 62.1-44.15:29.1. Stormwater Local Assistance Fund.

1106 A. The State Comptroller shall continue in the state treasury the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund 1107 (the Fund) established by Chapter 806 of the Acts of Assembly of 2013, which shall be administered by 1108 the Department. All civil penalties and civil charges collected by the Board pursuant to 1109 §§ 62.1-44.15:25, 62.1-44.15:48, 62.1-44.15:63, and 62.1-44.15:74, subdivision (19) of § 62.1-44.15, and 1110 § 62.1-44.19:22 shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund, together with such other 1111 funds as may be made available to the Fund, which shall also receive bond proceeds from bonds 1112 authorized by the General Assembly, sums appropriated to it by the General Assembly, and other grants, 1113 gifts, and moneys as may be made available to it from any other source, public or private. Interest 1114 earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in 1115 the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund 1116 but shall remain in the Fund.

1117 B. The purpose of the Fund is to provide matching grants to local governments for the planning, 1118 design, and implementation of stormwater best management practices that address cost efficiency and 1119 commitments related to reducing water quality pollutant loads. Moneys in the Fund shall be used to 1120 meet (i) obligations related to the Chesapeake Bay total maximum daily load (TMDL) requirements, (ii) 1121 requirements for local impaired stream TMDLs, (iii) water quality measures of the Chesapeake Bay 1122 Watershed Implementation Plan, and (iv) water quality requirements related to the permitting of small 1123 municipal separate storm sewer systems. The grants shall be used solely for stormwater capital projects, 1124 including (a) new stormwater best management practices, (b) stormwater best management practice 1125 retrofitting or maintenance, (c) stream restoration, (d) low-impact development projects, (e) buffer 1126 restoration, (f) pond retrofitting, and (g) wetlands restoration. Such grants shall be made in accordance 1127 with eligibility determinations made by the Department pursuant to criteria established by the Board.

1128 C. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the purpose set forth herein and disbursements from 1129 it shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request 1130 signed by the Director. 1131

§ 62.1-44.15:30. Training and certification.

A. The Board shall issue certificates of competence separate or combined certifications concerning 1132 1133 the content and application of specified subject areas of this article and accompanying regulations, 1134 including program administration, plan review, and project inspection, to personnel of VSMP authorities 1135 and to any other persons who have completed training programs or in other ways demonstrated adequate 1136 knowledge to the satisfaction of the Board. As part of The Board also shall issue a Responsible Land 1137 Disturber certificate to personnel and contractors who have demonstrated adequate knowledge to the 1138 satisfaction of the Board.

1139 B. The Department shall administer education and training programs authorized pursuant to 1140 subsection E of \$-62.1-44.15:52, the Department shall develop or certify expanded components to 1141 address program administration, plan review, and project inspection elements for specified subject areas 1142 of this article and attendant regulations. Reasonable and is authorized to charge persons attending such 1143 programs reasonable fees to cover the costs of these additional components may be charged 1144 administering the programs.

1145 B. Effective July 1, 2014, personnel C. Personnel of VSMP or VESMP authorities who are 1146 administering programs, reviewing plans, or conducting inspections pursuant to this ehapterarticle shall 1147 hold a certificate of competence certification in the appropriate subject area as provided in subsection 1148 A. This requirement shall not apply to third-party individuals who prepare and submit plans to a 1149 VESMP authority.

1150 D. The Department shall establish procedures and requirements for issuance and periodic renewal of 1151 certifications.

1152 E. Professionals registered in the Commonwealth pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of 1153 Chapter 4 of Title 54.1 shall be deemed to have met the provisions of this section for the purposes of 1154 renewals of such certifications.

1155 § 62.1-44.15:31. Standards and specifications for state agencies, federal entities, and other 1156 specified entities.

1157 A. State entities, including the Department of Transportation, and for linear projects set out in 1158 subsection B, As an alternative to submitting soil erosion control and stormwater management plans for 1159 its land-disturbing activities pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:34, the Virginia Department of Transportation 1160 shall, and any other state agency or federal entity may, submit standards and specifications for its 1161 conduct of land-disturbing activities for Department of Environmental Quality approval. Approved 1162 standards and specifications shall be consistent with this article. The Department of Environmental 1163 Quality shall have 60 days after receipt in which to act on any standards and specifications submitted 1164 or resubmitted to it for approval.

1165 B. As an alternative to submitting soil erosion control and stormwater management plans pursuant to

1166 § 62.1-44.15:34, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural 1167 gas pipeline companies, and railroad companies shall, and federal entities, and authorities created 1168 pursuant to § 15.2-5102 may, annually submit a single set of standards and specifications for Department 1169 approval that describes describe how land-disturbing activities shall be conducted. Such standards and 1170 specifications shall be consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations, 1171 including the regulations governing the General Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) 1172 Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities and the Erosion and Sediment Control 1173 Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and associated regulations. Each project constructed in accordance with 1174 the requirements of this article, its attendant regulations, and where required standards and specifications shall obtain coverage issued under the state general permit prior to land disturbance. The standards may 1175 1176 be submitted for the following types of projects:

1177 1. Construction, installation, or maintenance of electric transmission and distribution lines, oil or gas 1178 transmission and distribution pipelines, communication utility lines, and water and sewer lines; and

1179 2. Construction of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related structures and facilities of a railroad company. 1180

1181 The Department shall have 60 days after receipt in which to act on any standards and specifications 1182 submitted or resubmitted to it for approval. A linear project not included in subdivision 1 or 2, or for 1183 which the owner chooses not to submit standards and specifications, shall comply with the requirements 1184 of the VESMP or the VESCP and VSMP, as appropriate, in any locality within which the project is 1185 located.

1186 C. As an alternative to submitting soil erosion control and stormwater management plans pursuant to 1187 § 62.1-44.15:34, any person engaging in more than one jurisdiction in the creation and operation of a 1188 wetland mitigation or stream restoration bank that has been approved and is operated in accordance with applicable federal and state guidance, laws, or regulations for the establishment, use, and 1189 1190 operation of a wetlands mitigation or stream restoration bank, pursuant to a mitigation banking 1191 instrument signed by the Department, the Marine Resources Commission, or the U.S. Army Corps of 1192 Engineers, may submit standards and specifications for Department approval that describe how 1193 land-disturbing activities shall be conducted. The Department shall have 60 days after receipt in which 1194 to act on standards and specifications submitted to it or resubmitted to it for approval.

1195 D. All standards and specifications submitted to the Department shall be periodically updated 1196 according to a schedule to be established by the Department and shall be consistent with the 1197 requirements of this article. Approval of standards and specifications by the Department does not relieve 1198 the owner or operator of the duty to comply with any other applicable local ordinances or regulations. 1199 Standards and specifications shall include:

1200 1. Technical criteria to meet the requirements of this article and regulations developed under this 1201 article:

1202 2. Provisions for the long-term responsibility and maintenance of any stormwater management control 1203 devices and other techniques specified to manage the quantity and quality of runoff;

1204 3. Provisions for erosion and sediment control and stormwater management program administration, 1205 of the standards and specifications program, project-specific plan design, plan review and plan approval, 1206 and construction inspection and enforcement compliance;

4. Provisions for ensuring that responsible personnel and contractors assisting the owner in carrying 1207 1208 out the land-disturbing activity obtain training or qualifications for soil erosion control and stormwater 1209 management as set forth in regulations adopted pursuant to this article;

5. Provisions for ensuring that personnel implementing approved standards and specifications 1210 1211 pursuant to this section obtain certifications or qualifications for erosion and sediment control and 1212 stormwater management comparable to those required for local government VESMP personnel pursuant 1213 to subsection C of § 62.1-44.15:30;

1214 5. 6. Implementation of a project tracking and notification system that ensures notification to the 1215 Department of all land-disturbing activities covered under this article; and

6. 7. Requirements for documenting onsite changes as they occur to ensure compliance with the 1216 1217 requirements of the this article. 1218

B. Linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications include:

1. Construction, installation, or maintenance of electric transmission, natural gas, and telephone utility lines and pipelines, and water and sewer lines; and

1221 2. Construction of the tracks, rights of way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related 1222 structures and facilities of a railroad company.

1223 Linear projects not included in subdivisions 1 and 2 shall comply with the requirements of the local 1224 or state VSMP in the locality within which the project is located.

1225 C. E. The Department shall perform random site inspections or inspections in response to a 1226 complaint to assure ensure compliance with this article, the Erosion and Sediment Control Law 1227 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), and regulations adopted thereunder. The Department may take enforcement

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1228 actions in accordance with this article and related regulations.

1229 D. F. The Department shall assess an administrative charge to cover the costs of services rendered
 1230 associated with its responsibilities pursuant to this section, *including standards and specifications review* 1231 and approval, project inspections, and compliance. The Board may take enforcement actions in
 1232 accordance with this article and related regulations.

1233 § 62.1-44.15:33. Authorization for more stringent ordinances.

1234 A. Localities that are VSMP serving as VESMP authorities are authorized to adopt more stringent 1235 soil erosion control or stormwater management ordinances than those necessary to ensure compliance 1236 with the Board's minimum regulations, provided that the more stringent ordinances are based upon 1237 factual findings of local or regional comprehensive watershed management studies or findings developed 1238 through the implementation of a an MS4 permit or a locally adopted watershed management study and 1239 are determined by the locality to be necessary to prevent any further degradation to water resources, to 1240 address TMDL total maximum daily load requirements, to protect exceptional state waters, or to address 1241 specific existing water pollution including nutrient and sediment loadings, stream channel erosion, 1242 depleted groundwater resources, or excessive localized flooding within the watershed and that prior to 1243 adopting more stringent ordinances a public hearing is held after giving due notice. This process shall 1244 not be required when a VESMP authority chooses to reduce the threshold for regulating land-disturbing 1245 activities to a smaller area of disturbed land pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:34. However, this section shall 1246 not be construed to authorize a VESMP authority to impose a more stringent timeframe for 1247 land-disturbance review and approval than those provided in this article.

1248 B. Localities that are VSMP serving as VESMP authorities shall submit a letter report to the 1249 Department when more stringent stormwater management ordinances or more stringent requirements 1250 authorized by such stormwater management ordinances, such as may be set forth in design manuals, 1251 policies, or guidance documents developed by the localities, are determined to be necessary pursuant to 1252 this section within 30 days after adoption thereof. Any such letter report shall include a summary 1253 explanation as to why the more stringent ordinance or requirement has been determined to be necessary 1254 pursuant to this section. Upon the request of an affected landowner or his agent submitted to the 1255 Department with a copy to be sent to the locality, within 90 days after adoption of any such ordinance 1256 or derivative requirement, localities shall submit the ordinance or requirement and all other supporting 1257 materials to the Department for a determination of whether the requirements of this section have been 1258 met and whether any determination made by the locality pursuant to this section is supported by the 1259 evidence. The Department shall issue a written determination setting forth its rationale within 90 days of submission. Such a determination, or a failure by the Department to make such a determination within 1260 1261 the 90-day period, may be appealed to the Board.

1262 C. Localities shall not prohibit or otherwise limit the use of any best management practice (BMP) 1263 approved for use by the Director or the Board except as follows:

1264 1. When the Director or the Board approves the use of any BMP in accordance with its stated 1265 conditions, the locality serving as a VSMP VESMP authority shall have authority to preclude the onsite 1266 use of the approved BMP, or to require more stringent conditions upon its use, for a specific land-disturbing project based on a review of the stormwater management plan and project site 1267 conditions. Such limitations shall be based on site-specific concerns. Any project or site-specific 1268 1269 determination purportedly authorized pursuant to this subsection may be appealed to the Department and 1270 the Department shall issue a written determination regarding compliance with this section to the 1271 requesting party within 90 days of submission. Any such determination, or a failure by the Department 1272 to make any such determination within the 90-day period, may be appealed to the Board.

1273 2. When a locality is seeking to uniformly preclude jurisdiction-wide or otherwise limit geographically the use of a BMP approved by the Director or Board, or to apply more stringent 1274 1275 conditions to the use of a BMP approved by the Director or Board, upon the request of an affected 1276 landowner or his agent submitted to the Department, with a copy submitted to the locality, within 90 1277 days after adoption, such authorizing ordinances, design manuals, policies, or guidance documents 1278 developed by the locality that set forth the BMP use policy shall be provided to the Department in such 1279 manner as may be prescribed by the Department that includes a written justification and explanation as 1280 to why such more stringent limitation or conditions are determined to be necessary. The Department 1281 shall review all supporting materials provided by the locality to determine whether the requirements of 1282 this section have been met and that any determination made by the locality pursuant to this section is 1283 reasonable under the circumstances. The Department shall issue its determination to the locality in 1284 writing within 90 days of submission. Such a determination, or a failure by the Department to make 1285 such a determination within the 90-day period, may be appealed to the Board.

1286 D. Based on a determination made in accordance with subsection B or C, any ordinance or other
 1287 requirement enacted or established by a locality that is found to not comply with this section shall be
 1288 null and void, replaced with state minimum standards, and remanded to the locality for revision to

ensure compliance with this section. Any such ordinance or other requirement that has been proposedbut neither enacted nor established shall be remanded to the locality for revision to ensure compliancewith this section.

E. Any provisions of a local *erosion and sediment control or* stormwater management program in existence before January 1, 2013 2016, that contains more stringent provisions than this article shall be exempt from the requirements of this section *if the locality chooses to retain such provisions when it becomes a VESMP authority*. However, such provisions shall be reported to the Board at the time of *submission of* the locality's VSMP VESMP approval package.

1297 § 62.1-44.15:34. Regulated activities; submission and approval of a permit application; security 1298 for performance; exemptions.

1299 A. A person shall not conduct any land-disturbing activity until (i) he has submitted a permit to the 1300 appropriate VESMP authority an application to the VSMP authority that includes a state VSMP permit 1301 registration statement, if such statement is required, and, after July 1, 2014, a required, a soil erosion 1302 control and stormwater management plan or an executed agreement in lieu of a stormwater management 1303 plan, and has obtained VSMP authority approval to begin land disturbance. A locality that is not a 1304 VSMP authority shall provide a general notice to applicants of the state permit coverage requirement 1305 and report all approvals pursuant to the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) to 1306 begin land disturbance of one acre or greater to the Department at least monthly. Upon the development 1307 of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than July 1, 2014, a VSMP authority shall 1308 be required to obtain evidence of state VSMP permit coverage where it is required prior to providing approval to begin land disturbance. The VSMP authority shall act on any permit plan, if required, and 1309 1310 (ii) the VESMP authority has issued its land-disturbance approval. In addition, as a prerequisite to 1311 engaging in an approved land-disturbing activity, the name of the individual who will be assisting the owner in carrying out the activity and holds a Responsible Land Disturber certificate pursuant to 1312 1313 § 62.1-44.15:30 shall be submitted to the VESMP authority. Any VESMP authority may waive the 1314 Responsible Land Disturber certificate requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction 1315 of a single-family detached residential structure; however, if a violation occurs during the 1316 land-disturbing activity for the single-family detached residential structure, then the owner shall correct 1317 the violation and provide the name of the individual holding a Responsible Land Disturber certificate as 1318 provided by § 62.1-14:30. Failure to provide the name of an individual holding a Responsible Land 1319 Disturber certificate prior to engaging in land-disturbing activities may result in revocation of the 1320 land-disturbance approval and shall subject the owner to the penalties provided in this article.

1321 1. A VESMP authority that is implementing its program pursuant to subsection A of § 62.1-44.15:27 1322 or subdivision B 1 of § 62.1-44.15:27 shall determine the completeness of any application within 15 1323 days after receipt, and shall act on any application within 60 days after it has been determined by the 1324 VSMP VESMP authority to be a complete application. The VSMP authority may either issue project 1325 VESMP authority shall issue either land-disturbance approval or denial and shall provide written rationale for the any denial. The VSMP authority shall act on any permit application that has been 1326 1327 previously disapproved within 45 days after the application has been revised, resubmitted for approval, 1328 and deemed complete. Prior to issuance of any approval, the VSMP Prior to issuing a land-disturbance 1329 approval, a VESMP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of permit coverage when such coverage is required. The VESMP authority also shall determine whether any resubmittal of a previously 1330 1331 disapproved application is complete within 15 days after receipt and shall act on the resubmitted 1332 application within 45 days after receipt.

1333 2. A VESMP authority implementing its program in coordination with the Department pursuant to 1334 subdivision B 2 of § 62.1-44.15:27 shall determine the completeness of any application within 15 days 1335 after receipt, and shall act on any application within 60 days after it has been determined by the VESMP authority to be complete. The VESMP authority shall forward a soil erosion control and 1336 1337 stormwater management plan to the Department for review within five days of receipt. If the plan is 1338 incomplete, the Department shall return the plan to the locality immediately and the application process 1339 shall start over. If the plan is complete, the Department shall review it for compliance with the water 1340 quality and water quantity technical criteria and provide its recommendation to the VESMP authority. The VESMP authority shall either (i) issue the land-disturbance approval or (ii) issue a denial and 1341 1342 provide a written rationale for the denial. In no case shall a locality have more than 60 days for its 1343 decision on an application after it has been determined to be complete. Prior to issuing a 1344 land-disturbance approval, a VESMP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of permit coverage 1345 when such coverage is required.

1346 The VESMP authority also shall forward to the Department any resubmittal of a previously
1347 disapproved application within five days after receipt, and the VESMP authority shall determine whether
1348 the plan is complete within 15 days of its receipt of the plan. The Department shall review the plan for
1349 compliance with the water quality and water quantity technical criteria and provide its recommendation
1350 to the VESMP authority, and the VESMP authority shall act on the resubmitted application within 45

1351 days after receipt.

1352 3. When a state agency or federal entity submits a soil erosion control and stormwater management 1353 plan for a project, land disturbance shall not commence until the Board has reviewed and approved the 1354 plan and has issued permit coverage when it is required.

1355 a. The Board shall not approve a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan submitted by 1356 a state agency or federal entity for a project involving a land-disturbing activity (i) in any locality that 1357 has not adopted a local program with more stringent ordinances than those of the state program or (ii) 1358 in multiple jurisdictions with separate local programs, unless the plan is consistent with the 1359 requirements of the state program.

b. The Board shall not approve a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan submitted by 1360 1361 a state agency or federal entity for a project involving a land-disturbing activity in one locality with a 1362 local program with more stringent ordinances than those of the state program, unless the plan is 1363 consistent with the requirements of the local program.

1364 c. If onsite changes occur, the state agency or federal entity shall submit an amended soil erosion 1365 control and stormwater management plan to the Department.

1366 d. The state agency or federal entity responsible for the land-disturbing activity shall ensure 1367 compliance with the approved plan. As necessary, the Board shall provide project oversight and 1368 enforcement.

1369 4. Prior to issuance of any land-disturbance approval, the VESMP authority may also require an 1370 applicant, excluding state *agencies* and federal entities, to submit a reasonable performance bond with 1371 surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination thereof, or such other legal arrangement acceptable 1372 to the VSMP VESMP authority, to ensure that measures could be taken by the VSMP VESMP authority 1373 at the applicant's expense should he fail, after proper notice, within the time specified to initiate or 1374 maintain appropriate actions that may be required of him by the permit conditions comply with the 1375 conditions imposed by the VESMP authority as a result of his land-disturbing activity. If the VSMP 1376 VESMP authority takes such action upon such failure by the applicant, the VSMP VESMP authority may 1377 collect from the applicant the difference should the amount of the reasonable cost of such action exceed 1378 the amount of the security held. Within 60 days of the completion of the requirements of the permit 1379 VESMP authority's conditions, such bond, cash escrow, letter of credit, or other legal arrangement, or 1380 the unexpended or unobligated portion thereof, shall be refunded to the applicant or terminated. These 1381 requirements are in addition to all other provisions of law relating to the issuance of permits and are not 1382 intended to otherwise affect the requirements for such permits.

1383 B. A Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act Land-Disturbing Activity shall be subject to coverage under 1384 the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater 1385 from Construction Activities until July 1, 2014, at which time it shall no longer be considered a small 1386 construction activity but shall be then regulated under the requirements of this article. The VESMP 1387 authority may require changes to an approved soil erosion control and stormwater management plan in 1388 the following cases:

1389 1. Where inspection has revealed that the plan is inadequate to satisfy applicable regulations or 1390 ordinances; or

1391 2. Where the owner finds that because of changed circumstances or for other reasons the plan 1392 cannot be effectively carried out, and proposed amendments to the plan, consistent with the 1393 requirements of this article, are agreed to by the VESMP authority and the owner.

1394 C. In order to prevent further erosion, a VESMP authority may require approval of a soil erosion 1395 control and stormwater management plan for any land identified as an erosion impact area by the 1396 VESMP authority.

1397 D. A VESMP authority may enter into an agreement with an adjacent VESMP authority regarding 1398 the administration of multijurisdictional projects, specifying who shall be responsible for all or part of 1399 the administrative procedures. Should adjacent VESMP authorities fail to reach such an agreement, 1400 each shall be responsible for administering the area of the multijurisdictional project that lies within its 1401 jurisdiction. 1402

E. The following requirements shall apply to land-disturbing activities in the Commonwealth:

1403 1. Any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) disturbs less than 1404 one acre of land and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or 1405 greater of land disturbance may, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board, be required to 1406 obtain permit coverage.

1407 2. For a land-disturbing activity occurring in an area not designated as a Chesapeake Bay 1408 Preservation Area subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.):

1409 a. Soil erosion control requirements and water quantity technical criteria adopted pursuant to this article shall apply to any activity that disturbs 10,000 square feet or more, although the locality may 1410 reduce this regulatory threshold to a smaller area of disturbed land. A plan addressing these 1411

1412 requirements shall be submitted to the VESMP authority in accordance with subsection A. This 1413 subdivision shall also apply to additions or modifications to existing single-family detached residential 1414 structures.

1415 b. Soil erosion control requirements and water quantity and water quality technical criteria shall 1416 apply to any activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) disturbs less than one acre of 1417 land and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or greater of 1418 land disturbance, although the locality may reduce this regulatory threshold to a smaller area of 1419 disturbed land. A plan addressing these requirements shall be submitted to the VESMP authority in 1420 accordance with subsection A.

1421 3. For a land-disturbing activity occurring in an area designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation 1422 Area subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (\S 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.):

a. Soil erosion control and water quantity and water quality technical criteria shall apply to any land-disturbing activity that disturbs 2,500 square feet or more of land, other than a single-family 1423 1424 1425 detached residential structure. However, the governing body of any affected locality may reduce this 1426 regulatory threshold to a smaller area of disturbed land. A plan addressing these requirements shall be 1427 submitted to the VESMP authority in accordance with subsection A.

1428 b. For land-disturbing activities for single-family detached residential structures, soil erosion control 1429 and water quantity technical criteria shall apply to any land-disturbing activity that disturbs 2,500 1430 square feet or more of land, and the locality also may require compliance with the water quality 1431 technical criteria. A plan addressing these requirements shall be submitted to the VESMP authority in 1432 accordance with subsection A.

1433 C. F. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the following activities are exempt, not 1434 required to comply with the requirements of this article unless otherwise required by federal law:

1435 1. Minor land-disturbing activities, including home gardens and individual home landscaping, 1436 repairs, and maintenance work; 1437

2. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any individual service connection;

1438 3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground utility line when such activity occurs on 1439 an existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is confined to 1440 the area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

1441 4. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any septic tank line or drainage field unless included in an 1442 overall plan for land-disturbing activity relating to construction of the building to be served by the 1443 septic tank system;

1444 5. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects 1445 conducted under the provisions of pursuant to Title 45.1;

1446 2. 6. Clearing of lands specifically for *bona fide* agricultural purposes and; the management, tilling, planting, or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops; livestock feedlot operations; or as 1447 1448 additionally set forth by the Board in regulations, including; agricultural engineering operations as 1449 follows:, including construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds, 1450 ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land drainage, and land 1451 irrigation; however or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulations. However, this exception 1452 shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which harvesting occurs is reforested 1453 artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) or is 1454 converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as described in subsection B of § 10.1-1163;

1455 3. Single family residences separately built and disturbing less than one acre and not part of a larger common plan of development or sale, including additions or modifications to existing single-family 1456 detached residential structures. However, localities subject to the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay 1457 Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) may regulate these single-family residences where land 1458 1459 disturbance exceeds 2,500 square feet;

1460 4. Land-disturbing activities that disturb less than one acre of land area except for land-disturbing 1461 activity exceeding an area of 2,500 square feet in all areas of the jurisdictions designated as subject to 1462 the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management Regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) or activities that are 1463 1464 part of a larger common plan of development or sale that is one acre or greater of disturbance; however, 1465 the governing body of any locality that administers a VSMP may reduce this exception to a smaller area 1466 of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this exception shall apply;

1467 5.7. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or 1468 poles;

1469 8. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are 1470 within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources 1471 Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is 1472 disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted 1473 pursuant thereto;

1474 9. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other 1475 related structures and facilities of a railroad company;

1476 10. Land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work requires 1477 immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment. In such 1478 situations, the VESMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of commencing 1479 the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of subsection A is 1480 required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity; and

1481 11. Discharges to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system; that are not from a land-disturbing 1482 activity.

1483 G. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the following activities are required to comply 1484 with the soil erosion control requirements but are not required to comply with the water quantity and 1485 water quality technical criteria, unless otherwise required by federal law:

1486 6. 1. Activities under a state or federal reclamation program to return an abandoned property to an 1487 agricultural or open land use;

1488 7. 2. Routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic 1489 capacity, or original construction of the project. The paving of an existing road with a compacted or 1490 impervious surface and reestablishment of existing associated ditches and shoulders shall be deemed 1491 routine maintenance if performed in accordance with this subsection; and

1492 8. Conducting land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work 1493 requires immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment. 1494 In such situations, the VSMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of 1495 commencing the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of 1496 subsection A is required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity

1497 3. Discharges from a land-disturbing activity to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system.

1498 § 62.1-44.15:35. Nutrient credit use and additional offsite options for construction activities. 1499 A. As used in this section:

1500 "Nutrient credit" or "credit" means a type of offsite option that is a nutrient credit certified pursuant 1501 to Article 4.02 (§ 62.1-44.19:12 et seq.).

1502 "Offsite option" means an alternative available, away from the real property where land disturbance 1503 is occurring, to address water quality or water quantity technical criteria established pursuant to 1504 § 62.1-44.15:28.

1505 "Tributary," within the Chesapeake Bay watershed, has the same meaning as in § 62.1-44.19:13. For 1506 areas outside of the Chesapeake Bay watershed, "tributary" includes the following watersheds: Albemarle 1507 Sound, Coastal; Atlantic Ocean, Coastal; Big Sandy; Chowan; Clinch-Powell; New Holston (Upper 1508 Tennessee); New River; Roanoke; and Yadkin.

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program Authority" or "VSMP authority" has the same meaning 1509 1510 as in § 62.1-44.15:24 and includes, until July 1, 2014, any locality that has adopted a local stormwater 1511 management program.

1512 B. A VSMP authority is authorized to allow compliance with stormwater nonpoint nutrient runoff 1513 water quality criteria established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:28, in whole or in part, through the use of the 1514 applicant's acquisition of nutrient credits in the same tributary.

C. No applicant shall use nutrient credits to address water quantity control requirements. No applicant 1515 1516 shall use nutrient credits or other offsite options No offsite option shall be used in contravention of local 1517 water quality-based limitations (i) determined pursuant to subsection B of § 62.1-44.19:14, (ii) adopted 1518 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:33 or other applicable authority, (iii) deemed necessary to protect public water 1519 supplies from demonstrated adverse nutrient impacts, or (iv) as otherwise may be established or 1520 approved by the Board. Where such a limitation exists, offsite options may be used provided that such 1521 options do not preclude or impair compliance with the local limitation.

1522 D. A VSMP authority shall allow offsite options in accordance with subsection I C. Unless 1523 prohibited by subsection B, a VESMP authority or a VSMP authority:

1524 1. May allow the use of offsite options for compliance with water quality and water quantity 1525 technical criteria established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:28, in whole or in part; and

1526 2. Shall allow the use of nutrient credits for compliance with the water quality technical criteria 1527 when: 1528

1. a. Less than five acres of land will be disturbed;

1529 2. The postconstruction phosphorous control b. The phosphorous water quality reduction requirement 1530 is less than 10 pounds per year; or

1531 3. The state permit applicant demonstrates c. It is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the VESMP or 1532 VSMP authority that (i) alternative site designs have been considered that may accommodate onsite best management practices, (ii) onsite best management practices have been considered in alternative site 1533 designs to the maximum extent practicable, (iii) appropriate onsite best management practices will be 1534

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implemented, and (iv) full compliance with postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance
requirements water quality technical criteria cannot practicably be met onsite. For purposes of this
subdivision, if an applicant demonstrates The requirements of clauses (i) through (iv) shall be deemed to
have been met if it is demonstrated that onsite control of at least 75 percent of the required phosphorous
nutrient reductions, the applicant shall be deemed to have met the requirements of clauses (i) through
(iv) water quality reduction will be achieved.

E. Documentation of the applicant's acquisition of nutrient credits shall be provided to the VSMP authority and the Department in a certification from the credit provider documenting the number of phosphorus nutrient credits acquired and the associated ratio of nitrogen nutrient credits at the credit generating entity. Until the effective date of regulations establishing application fees in accordance with § 62.1-44.19:20, the credit provider shall pay the Department a water quality enhancement fee equal to six percent of the amount paid by the applicant for the credits. Such fee shall be deposited into the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29.

F. Nutrient credits used pursuant to subsection B shall be generated in the same or adjacent eight-digit hydrologic unit code as defined by the United States Geological Survey as the permitted site except as otherwise limited in subsection C. Nutrient credits outside the same or adjacent eight-digit hydrologic unit code may only be used if it is determined by the VSMP authority that no credits are available within the same or adjacent eight-digit hydrologic unit code when the VSMP authority accepts the final site design. In such cases, and subject to other limitations imposed in this section, credits available within the same tributary may be used. In no case shall credits from another tributary be used.

1555 G. For that portion of a site's compliance with stormwater nonpoint nutrient runoff water quality 1556 criteria being obtained through nutrient credits, the applicant shall (i) comply with a 1:1 ratio of the 1557 nutrient credits to the site's remaining postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance requirement 1558 being met by credit use and (ii) use credits certified as perpetual credits pursuant to Article 4.02 1559 (§ 62.1-44.19:12 et seq.).

H. D. No VSMP or VESMP authority may grant an exception to, or waiver of, postdevelopment
 post-development nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance requirements unless offsite options have been
 considered and found not available.

1563 **H**. E. The VSMP or VESMP authority shall require that nutrient credits and other offsite options 1564 approved by the Department or applicable state board, including locality pollutant loading pro rata share 1565 programs established pursuant to § 15.2-2243, achieve the necessary nutrient phosphorous water quality reductions prior to the commencement of the applicant's land-disturbing activity. A pollutant loading pro 1566 rata share program established by a locality pursuant to § 15.2-2243 and approved by the Department or applicable state board prior to January 1, 2011, including those that may achieve nutrient reductions 1567 1568 1569 after the commencement of the land-disturbing activity, may continue to operate in the approved manner for a transition period ending July 1, 2014. The applicant In the case of a phased project, the land 1570 1571 disturber may acquire or achieve the offsite nutrient reductions prior to the commencement of each 1572 phase of the land-disturbing activity in an amount sufficient for each such phase. The land disturber 1573 shall have the right to select between the use of nutrient credits or other offsite options, except during 1574 the transition period in those localities to which the transition period applies. The locality may use funds 1575 collected for nutrient reductions pursuant to a locality pollutant loading pro rata share program under § 15.2-2243 for nutrient reductions in the same tributary within the same locality as the land-disturbing 1576 1577 activity or for the acquisition of nutrient credits. In the case of a phased project, the applicant may 1578 acquire or achieve the offsite nutrient reductions prior to the commencement of each phase of the 1579 land-disturbing activity in an amount sufficient for each such phase.

J. Nutrient reductions obtained through nutrient credits shall be credited toward compliance with any nutrient allocation assigned to a municipal separate storm sewer system in a Virginia Stormwater Management Program Permit or Total Maximum Daily Load applicable to the location where the activity for which the nutrient credits are used takes place. If the activity for which the nutrient credits are used does not discharge to a municipal separate storm sewer system, the nutrient reductions shall be credited toward compliance with the applicable nutrient allocation.

1586 K. A F. With the consent of the land disturber, in resolving enforcement actions, the VESMP
1587 authority or the Board may include the use of offsite options to compensate for (i) nutrient control
1588 deficiencies occurring during the period of noncompliance and (ii) permanent nutrient control
1589 deficiencies.

G. This section shall not be construed as limiting the authority established under § 15.2-2243;
however, under any pollutant loading pro rata share program established thereunder, the subdivider or developer shall be given appropriate credit for nutrient reductions achieved through offsite options. The locality may use funds collected for nutrient reductions pursuant to a locality pollutant loading pro rata share program for nutrient reductions in the same tributary within the same locality as the land-disturbing activity, or for the acquisition of nutrient credits.

1596 H. Nutrient credits shall not be used to address water quantity technical criteria. Nutrient credits

1597 shall be generated in the same or adjacent fourth order subbasin, as defined by the hydrologic unit 1598 boundaries of the National Watershed Boundary Dataset, as the land-disturbing activity. If no credits 1599 are available with these subbasins when the VESMP or VSMP authority accepts the final site design, 1600 credits available within the same tributary may be used. The following requirements apply to the use of 1601 nutrient credits:

1602 1. Documentation of the acquisition of nutrient credits shall be provided to the VESMP authority and 1603 the Department or the VSMP authority in a certification from the credit provider documenting the 1604 number of phosphorus nutrient credits acquired and the associated ratio of nitrogen nutrient credits at 1605 the credit- generating entity.

1606 2. Until the effective date of regulations establishing application fees in accordance with 1607 § 62.1-44.19:20, the credit provider shall pay the Department a water quality enhancement fee equal to 1608 six percent of the amount paid for the credits. Such fee shall be deposited into the Virginia Stormwater 1609 Management Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29.

3. For that portion of a site's compliance with water quality technical criteria being obtained 1610 1611 through nutrient credits, the land disturber shall (i) comply with a 1:1 ratio of the nutrient credits to the 1612 site's remaining post-development nonpoint nutrient runoff compliance requirement being met by credit 1613 use and (ii) use credits certified as perpetual credits pursuant to Article 4.02 (§ 62.1-44.19:12 et seq.).

4. A VESMP or VSMP authority shall allow the full or partial substitution of perpetual nutrient 1614 1615 credits for existing onsite nutrient controls when (i) the nutrient credits will compensate for 10 or fewer 1616 pounds of the annual phosphorous requirement associated with the original land-disturbing activity or (ii) 1617 existing onsite controls are not functioning as anticipated after reasonable attempts to comply with 1618 applicable maintenance agreements or requirements and the use of nutrient credits will account for the 1619 deficiency. Upon determination by the VESMP or VSMP authority that the conditions established by 1620 clause (i) or (ii) have been met, the party responsible for maintenance shall be released from maintenance obligations related to the onsite phosphorous controls for which the nutrient credits are 1621 1622 substituted.

1623 L. To the extent available, with the consent of the applicant, the VSMP authority, the Board or the 1624 Department may include the use of nutrient credits or other offsite measures in resolving enforcement 1625 actions to compensate for (i) nutrient control deficiencies occurring during the period of noncompliance 1626 and (ii) permanent nutrient control deficiencies.

1627 M. This section shall not be construed as limiting the authority established under § 15.2-2243; 1628 however, under any pollutant loading pro rata share program established thereunder, the subdivider or 1629 developer shall be given appropriate credit for nutrient reductions achieved through nutrient credits or 1630 other offsite options.

1631 N. In order to properly account for allowed nonpoint nutrient offsite reductions, an applicant shall 1632 report to the Department, in accordance with Department procedures, information regarding all offsite 1633 reductions that have been authorized to meet stormwater postdevelopment nonpoint nutrient runoff 1634 compliance requirements.

1635 O. An applicant or a permittee found to be in noncompliance with the requirements of this section 1636 shall be subject to the enforcement and penalty provisions of this article.

1637 I. The use of nutrient credits to meet post-construction nutrient control requirements shall be 1638 accounted for in the implementation of total maximum daily loads and MS4 permits as specified in 1639 subdivisions 1, 2, and 3. In order to ensure that the nutrient reduction benefits of nutrient credits used 1640 to meet post-construction nutrient control requirements are attributed to the location of the 1641 land-disturbing activity where the credit is used, the following account method shall be used: 1642

1. Chesapeake Bay TMDL.

1643 a. Where nutrient credits are used to meet nutrient reduction requirements applicable to 1644 redevelopment projects, a 1:1 credit shall be applied toward MS4 compliance with the Chesapeake Bay 1645 TMDL waste load allocation or related MS4 permit requirement applicable to the MS4 service area, 1646 including the site of the land-disturbing activity, such that the nutrient reductions of redevelopment 1647 projects are counted as part of the MS4 nutrient reductions to the same extent as when land-disturbing 1648 activities use onsite measures to comply.

1649 b. Where nutrient credits are used to meet post-construction requirements applicable to new 1650 development projects, the nutrient reduction benefits represented by such credits shall be attributed to 1651 the location of the land-disturbing activity where the credit is used to the same extent as when 1652 land-disturbing activities use onsite measures to comply.

1653 c. A 1:1 credit shall be applied toward compliance by a locality that operates a regulated MS4 with 1654 its Chesapeake Bay TMDL waste load allocation or related MS4 permit requirement to the extent that 1655 nutrient credits are obtained by the MS4 jurisdiction from a nutrient credit-generating entity as defined in § 62.1-44.19:13 independent of or in excess of those required to meet the post-construction 1656 1657 requirements.

1658 *2. Local nutrient-related TMDLs adopted prior to the land-disturbing activity.*

a. Where nutrient credits are used to meet nutrient reduction requirements applicable to
redevelopment projects, a 1:1 credit shall be applied toward MS4 compliance with any local TMDL
waste load allocation or related MS4 permit requirement applicable to the MS4 service area, including
the site of the land-disturbing activity, such that the nutrient reductions of redevelopment projects are
counted as part of the MS4 nutrient reductions to the same extent as when land-disturbing activities use
onsite measures to comply, provided the nutrient credits are generated upstream of where the
land-disturbing activity discharges to the water body segment that is subject to the TMDL.

b. Where nutrient credits are used to meet post-construction requirements applicable to new
development projects, the nutrient reduction benefits represented by such credits shall be attributed to
the location of the land-disturbing activity where the credit is used to the same extent as when
land-disturbing activities use onsite measures to comply, provided the nutrient credits are generated
upstream of where the land-disturbing activity discharges to the water body segment that is subject to
the TMDL.

1672 c. A 1:1 credit shall be applied toward MS4 compliance with any local TMDL waste load allocation
1673 or related MS4 permit requirement to the extent that nutrient credits are obtained by the MS4
1674 jurisdiction from a nutrient credit-generating entity as defined in § 62.1-44.19:13 independent of or in
1675 excess of those required to meet the post-construction requirements. However, such credits shall be
1676 generated upstream of where the land-disturbing activity discharges to the water body segment that is
1677 subject to the TMDL.

1678 *3. Future local nutrient-related TMDLs.*

1679 This subdivision applies only to areas where there has been a documented prior use of nutrient 1680 credits to meet nutrient control requirements in an MS4 service area that flows to or is upstream of a water body segment for which a nutrient-related TMDL is being developed. For a TMDL waste load allocation applicable to the MS4, the Board shall develop the TMDL waste load allocation with the 1681 1682 nutrient reduction benefits represented by the nutrient credit use being attributed to the MS4, except 1683 when the Board determines during the TMDL development process that reasonable assurance of 1684 1685 implementation cannot be provided for nonpoint source load allocations due to the nutrient reduction 1686 benefits being attributed in this manner. The Board shall have no obligation to account for nutrient reduction benefits in this manner if the MS4 does not provide the Board with adequate documentation of 1687 1688 (i) the location of the land-disturbing activities, (ii) the number of nutrient credits, and (iii) the generation of the nutrient credits upstream of the site at which the land-disturbing activity discharges to 1689 1690 the water body segment addressed by the TMDL. Such attribution shall not be interpreted as amending 1691 the requirement that the TMDL be established at a level necessary to meet the applicable water quality 1692 standard.

§ 62.1-44.15:37. Notices to comply and stop work orders.

1694 A. The VSMP authority (i) shall provide for periodic inspections of the installation of stormwater 1695 management measures, (ii) may require monitoring and reports from the person responsible for meeting 1696 the permit conditions to ensure compliance with the permit and to determine whether the measures 1697 required in the permit provide effective stormwater management, and (iii) shall conduct such 1698 investigations and perform such other actions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this article. 1699 If the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department When the VESMP 1700 authority or the Board determines that there is a failure to comply with the permit conditions, notice 1701 shall be served upon the permittee or person responsible for carrying out the permit conditions or conditions of land-disturbance approval, or to obtain an approved plan, permit, or land-disturbance 1702 1703 approval prior to commencing land-disturbing activities, the VESMP authority or the Board may serve a 1704 notice to comply upon the owner, permittee, or person conducting land-disturbing activities without an approved plan, permit, or approval. Such notice to comply shall be served by delivery by facsimile, 1705 1706 email, or other technology; by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the 1707 permit or land-disturbance application, if available, or in the land records of the locality; or by delivery 1708 at the site of the development activities to the agent or employee supervising such activities to a person previously identified to the VESMP authority by the permittee or owner. The notice to comply shall 1709 1710 specify the measures needed to comply with the permit conditions and shall specify the or land-disturbance approval conditions, or shall identify the plan approval or permit or land-disturbance 1711 1712 approval needed to comply with this article, and shall specify a reasonable time within which such 1713 measures shall be completed. In any instance in which a required permit or land-disturbance approval 1714 has not been obtained, the VESMP authority or the Board may require immediate compliance. In any other case, the VESMP authority or the Board may establish the time for compliance by taking into 1715 1716 account the risk of damage to natural resources and other relevant factors. Notwithstanding any other 1717 provision in this subsection, a VESMP authority or the Board may count any days of noncompliance as 1718 days of violation should the VESMP authority or the Board take an enforcement action. The issuance of 1719 a notice to comply by the Board shall not be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

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B. Upon failure to comply within the time specified, a stop work order may be issued in accordance with subsection B by the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or by the Board, or the permit may be revoked by the VSMP authority, or the state permit may be revoked by the Board. The Board or the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, may pursue enforcement in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:48.

1725 B. If a permittee fails to comply with a notice issued in accordance with subsection A within the 1726 time specified, the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department may 1727 issue an in a notice to comply issued in accordance with subsection A, a locality serving as the VESMP 1728 authority or the Board may issue a stop work order requiring the owner, permittee, person responsible 1729 for carrying out an approved plan, or person conducting the land-disturbing activities without an 1730 approved plan or required permit or land-disturbance approval to cease all land-disturbing activities 1731 until the violation of the permit has ceased, or an approved plan and required permits and approvals are 1732 obtained, and specified corrective measures have been completed. The VESMP authority or the Board 1733 shall lift the order immediately upon completion and approval of corrective action or upon obtaining an 1734 approved plan or any required permits or approvals.

Such orders shall be issued (i) in accordance with local procedures if issued by a locality serving as 1735 1736 a VSMP authority or (ii) after a hearing held in accordance with the requirements C. When such an 1737 order is issued by the Board, it shall be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative 1738 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) if issued by the Department. Such orders shall become effective upon 1739 service on the person in the manner set forth in subsection A. However, where the alleged 1740 noncompliance is causing or presents an imminent and substantial danger of causing harmful erosion of 1741 lands or sediment deposition in waters within the watersheds of the Commonwealth or otherwise 1742 substantially impacting water quality, the locality serving as the VESMP authority or the Board may 1743 issue, without advance notice or procedures, an emergency order directing such person to cease 1744 immediately all land-disturbing activities on the site and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, 1745 after reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof, to such person, to affirm, modify, amend, or 1746 cancel such emergency order.

1747 D. The owner, permittee, or person conducting a land-disturbing activity may appeal the issuance of 1748 any order to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to occur or other 1749 appropriate court.

1750 E. An aggrieved owner of property sustaining pecuniary damage from soil erosion or sediment
1751 deposition resulting from a violation of an approved plan or required land-disturbance approval, or
1752 from the conduct of a land-disturbing activity commenced without an approved plan or required
1753 land-disturbance approval, may give written notice of an alleged violation to the locality serving as the
1754 VESMP authority and to the Board.

1755 1. If the VESMP authority has not responded to the alleged violation in a manner that causes the violation to cease and abates the damage to the aggrieved owner's property within 30 days following receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner, the aggrieved owner may request that the Board conduct an investigation and, if necessary, require the violator to stop the alleged violation and abate the damage to the property of the aggrieved owner.

1760 2. Upon receipt of the request, the Board shall conduct an investigation of the aggrieved owner's complaint. If the Board's investigation of the complaint indicates that (i) there is a violation and the VESMP authority has not responded to the violation as required by the VESMP and (ii) the VESMP authority has not responded to the alleged violation in a manner that causes the violation to cease and abates the damage to the aggrieved owner's property within 30 days from receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner, then the Board shall give written notice to the VESMP authority that the Board 1766 intends to issue an order pursuant to subdivision 3.

1767 3. If the VESMP authority has not instituted action to stop the violation and abate the damage to the 1768 aggrieved owner's property within 10 days following receipt of the notice from the Board, the Board is 1769 authorized to issue an order requiring the owner, person responsible for carrying out an approved 1770 erosion and sediment control plan, or person conducting the land-disturbing activity without an approved plan or required land-disturbance approval to cease all land-disturbing activities until the 1771 1772 violation of the plan has ceased or an approved plan and required land-disturbance approval are 1773 obtained, as appropriate, and specified corrective measures have been completed. The Board also may 1774 immediately initiate a program review of the VESMP.

4. Such orders are to be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Process Act
(§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and they shall become effective upon service on the person by mailing, with
confirmation of delivery, sent to his address specified in the land records of the locality, or by personal
delivery by an agent of the VSMP authority or Department Board. Any subsequent identical mail or
notice that is sent by the Board may be sent by regular mail. However, if the VSMP authority or the
Department Board finds that any such violation is grossly affecting or presents an imminent and

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1781 substantial danger of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition in waters within the 1782 watersheds of the Commonwealth or otherwise substantially impacting water quality, it may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency order directing such person to cease immediately all 1783 1784 land-disturbing activities on the site *immediately* and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after 1785 reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof, to such person, to affirm, modify, amend, or cancel 1786 such emergency order.

5. If a person who has been issued an order or an emergency order is not complying with the terms 1787 1788 thereof, the VSMP authority or the Department Board may institute a proceeding in accordance with §-1789 62.1-44.15:42 the appropriate circuit court for an injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy 1790 compelling the person to comply with such order. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing 1791 to obey any injunction, mandamus, or other remedy obtained pursuant to this section shall be subject, in 1792 the discretion of the court, to a civil penalty in accordance with the provisions of § 62.1-44.15:48. Any 1793 civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State 1794 Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1. 1795

§ 62.1-44.15:39. Right of entry.

1796 The Department, the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, any duly authorized 1797 agent of the Department or VSMP authority, or any locality that is the operator of a regulated municipal 1798 separate storm sewer system In addition to the Board's authority set forth in § 62.1-44.20, a locality 1799 serving as a VESMP authority or any duly authorized agent thereof may, at reasonable times and under 1800 reasonable circumstances, enter any establishment or upon any property, public or private, for the purpose of obtaining information or conducting surveys or investigations necessary in the enforcement of 1801 1802 the provisions of this article. For operators of localities that operate regulated municipal separate storm 1803 sewer systems, this authority shall apply only to those properties from which a discharge enters their 1804 municipal separate storm sewer systems.

1805 In accordance with a performance bond with surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination 1806 thereof, or such other legal arrangement, a VSMP VESMP authority may also enter any establishment or 1807 upon any property, public or private, for the purpose of initiating or maintaining appropriate actions that 1808 are required by the permit conditions associated with conditions imposed by the VESMP authority on a 1809 land-disturbing activity when a permittee an owner, after proper notice, has failed to take acceptable 1810 action within the time specified.

§ 62.1-44.15:40. Information to be furnished.

1812 The Board, the Department, or the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, may 1813 require every permit applicant, every permittee, or any person subject to state permit requirements under 1814 this article a locality serving as a VESMP authority may require every owner, including every applicant 1815 for a permit or land-disturbance approval, to furnish when requested such application materials, plans, 1816 specifications, and other pertinent information as may be necessary to determine the effect of his 1817 discharge on the quality of state waters, or such other information as may be necessary to accomplish 1818 the purposes of this article. The Board or Department also may require any locality that is a VESMP 1819 authority to furnish when requested any information as may be required to accomplish the purposes of 1820 this article. Any personal information shall not be disclosed except to an appropriate official of the 1821 Board, Department, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or VSMP VESMP authority or as may be 1822 authorized pursuant to the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, 1823 disclosure of records of the Department, the Board, or the VSMP VESMP authority relating to (i) active 1824 federal environmental enforcement actions that are considered confidential under federal law, (ii) enforcement strategies, including proposed sanctions for enforcement actions, and (iii) any secret 1825 1826 formulae, secret processes, or secret methods other than effluent data used by any permittee owner or 1827 under that permittee's owner's direction is prohibited. Upon request, such enforcement records shall be 1828 disclosed after a proposed sanction resulting from the investigation has been determined by the 1829 Department, the Board, or the VSMP locality serving as a VESMP authority. This section shall not be 1830 construed to prohibit the disclosure of records related to inspection reports, notices of violation, and 1831 documents detailing the nature of any land-disturbing activity that may have occurred, or similar 1832 documents. 1833

§ 62.1-44.15:41. Liability of common interest communities.

1834 A. Whenever a common interest community cedes responsibility for the maintenance, repair, and 1835 replacement of a stormwater management facility on its real property to the Commonwealth or political 1836 subdivision thereof, such common interest community shall be immune from civil liability in relation to 1837 such stormwater management facility. In order for the immunity established by this subsection to apply, 1838 (i) the common interest community must cede such responsibility by contract or other instrument 1839 executed by both parties and (ii) the Commonwealth or the governing body of the political subdivision shall have accepted the responsibility ceded by the common interest community in writing or by resolution. As used in this section, maintenance, repair, and replacement shall include, without 1840 1841 1842 limitation, cleaning of the facility, maintenance of adjacent grounds that are part of the facility,

1843 maintenance and replacement of fencing where the facility is fenced, and posting of signage indicating 1844 the identity of the governmental entity that maintains the facility. Acceptance or approval of an 1845 easement, subdivision plat, site plan, or other plan of development shall not constitute the acceptance by 1846 the Commonwealth or the governing body of the political subdivision required to satisfy clause (ii). The 1847 immunity granted by this section shall not apply to actions or omissions by the common interest 1848 community constituting intentional or willful misconduct or gross negligence. For the purposes of this 1849 section, "common interest community" means the same as that term is defined in § 55-528.

1850 B. Except as provided in subsection A, the fact that any permittee holds or has held a permit or state 1851 permit issued under this article shall not constitute a defense in any civil action involving private rights. 1852 § 62.1-44.15:46. Appeals.

1853 Any permittee or party aggrieved by a state permit or (i) a permit or permit enforcement decision of the Department or Board under this article or (ii) a decision of the Board under this article concerning a land-disturbing activity in a locality subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 1854 1855 1856 et seq.), or any person who has participated, in person or by submittal of written comments, in the 1857 public comment process related to a final such decision of the Department or Board under this article, 1858 whether such decision is affirmative or negative, is entitled to judicial review thereof in accordance with 1859 § 62.1-44.29. Appeals of other final decisions of the Board under this article shall be subject to judicial 1860 review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) if such 1861 person meets the standard for obtaining judicial review of a case or controversy pursuant to Article III 1862 of the Constitution of the United States. A person shall be deemed to meet such standard if (i) such 1863 person has suffered an actual or imminent injury that is an invasion of a legally protected interest and 1864 that is concrete and particularized; (ii) such injury is fairly traceable to the decision of the Department 1865 or the Board and not the result of the independent action of some third party not before the court; and 1866 (iii) such injury will likely be redressed by a favorable decision by the court.

1867 The provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall not apply to decisions 1868 rendered by localities. Appeals of decisions rendered by localities shall be conducted in accordance with 1869 local appeal procedures and shall include an opportunity for judicial review in the circuit court of the 1870 locality in which the land disturbance occurs or is proposed to occur. Unless otherwise provided by law, 1871 the circuit court shall conduct such review in accordance with the standards established in § 2.2-4027, 1872 and the decisions of the circuit court shall be subject to review by the Court of Appeals, as in other 1873 cases under this article.

1874 A final decision by a locality, when serving as a VESMP authority, shall be subject to judicial 1875 review, provided that an appeal is filed in the appropriate court within 30 days from the date of any 1876 written decision adversely affecting the rights, duties, or privileges of the person engaging in or 1877 proposing to engage in a land-disturbing activity. 1878

§ 62.1-44.15:48. Penalties, injunctions, and other legal actions.

1879 A. For a land-disturbing activity that disturbs 2,500 square feet or more of land in an area of a locality that is designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay 1880 1881 Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), or that disturbs one acre or more of land or is part of a 1882 larger common plan of development or sale that disturbs one acre or more of land anywhere else in the 1883 *Commonwealth:*

1884 1. Any person who violates any *applicable* provision of this article or of any regulation, ordinance 1885 permit, or standard and specification adopted or approved by the Board hereunder, or who fails, 1886 neglects, or refuses to comply with any order of the Board, or a court, issued as herein provided, shall 1887 be subject to a civil penalty pursuant to § 62.1-44.32. The court shall direct that any penalty be paid 1888 into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund 1889 established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

1890 2. Any person who violates any applicable provision of this article, or any ordinance adopted 1891 *pursuant to this article*, including those adopted pursuant to the conditions of an MS4 permit, or *any* 1892 condition of a local land-disturbance approval, or who fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with any 1893 order of a VSMP authority authorized to enforce this article, the Department, the Board, locality serving 1894 as a VESMP authority or a court, issued as herein provided, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to 1895 exceed \$32,500 for each violation within the discretion of the court. Each day of violation of each 1896 requirement shall constitute a separate offense. The Board shall adopt a regulation establishing a 1897 schedule of civil penalties to be utilized by the VSMP authority in enforcing the provisions of this 1898 article. The Board, Department, or VSMP authority may issue a summons for collection of the civil 1899 penalty and the action may be prosecuted in the appropriate court. Such civil penalties shall be paid into 1900 the treasury of the locality in which the violation occurred and are to be used solely for stormwater 1901 management capital projects, including (i) new stormwater best management practices; (ii) stormwater best management practice maintenance, inspection, or retrofitting; (iii) stream restoration; (iv) 1902 low-impact development projects; (v) buffer restoration; (vi) pond retrofitting; and (vii) wetlands 1903

1904 restoration.

1905 Where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into
1906 the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund
1907 established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

B. For a land-disturbing activity that disturbs an area measuring not less than 10,000 square feet
but less than one acre in an area that is not designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area
pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) and is not part of a larger
common plan of development or sale that disturbs one acre or more of land:

1912 1. Any person who violates any applicable provision of this article or of any regulation or order of 1913 the Board issued pursuant to this article, or any condition of a land-disturbance approval issued by the 1914 Board, or fails to obtain a required land-disturbance approval, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to 1915 exceed \$5,000 for each violation with a limit of \$50,000 within the discretion of the court in a civil 1916 action initiated by the Board. Each day during which the violation is found to have existed shall constitute a separate offense. In no event shall a series of specified violations arising from the same 1917 1918 operative set of facts result in civil penalties that exceed a total of \$50,000. The court shall direct the 1919 penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater 1920 Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

1921 2. Any locality serving as a VESMP shall adopt an ordinance providing that a violation of any 1922 ordinance or provision of its program adopted pursuant to this article, or any condition of a 1923 land-disturbance approval, shall be subject to a civil penalty. Such ordinance shall provide that any person who violates any applicable provision of this article or any ordinance or order of a locality 1924 issued pursuant to this article, or any condition of a land-disturbance approval issued by the locality, or 1925 fails to obtain a required land-disturbance approval, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed 1926 \$5,000 for each violation with a limit of \$50,000 within the discretion of the court in a civil action 1927 1928 initiated by the locality. Each day during which the violation is found to have existed shall constitute a 1929 separate offense. In no event shall a series of specified violations arising from the same operative set of 1930 facts result in civil penalties that exceed a total of \$50,000. Any civil penalties assessed by a court as a 1931 result of a summons issued by a locality as an approved VSMP authority shall be paid into the treasury 1932 of the locality wherein the land lies, except where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent. When 1933 the penalties are assessed by the court as a result of a summons issued by the Board or Department, or 1934 and used pursuant to subdivision A 2, except that where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, 1935 the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer 1936 into the Virginia Stormwater Management Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to 1937 § 62.1-44.15:29. Such civil penalties paid into the treasury of the locality in which the violation occurred 1938 are to be used for the purpose of minimizing, preventing, managing, or mitigating pollution of the 1939 waters of the locality and abating environmental pollution therein in such manner as the court may, by 1940 order, direct § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

1941 B. Any person who willfully or negligently violates any provision of this article, any regulation or 1942 order of the Board, any order of a VSMP authority authorized to enforce this article or the Department, 1943 any ordinance of any locality approved as a VSMP authority, any condition of a permit or state permit, or any order of a court shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail for not more 1944 1945 than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$32,500, either or both. Any person 1946 who knowingly violates any provision of this article, any regulation or order of the Board, any order of 1947 the VSMP authority or the Department, any ordinance of any locality approved as a VSMP authority, 1948 any condition of a permit or state permit, or any order of a court issued as herein provided, or who 1949 knowingly makes any false statement in any form required to be submitted under this article or 1950 knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this article, shall be guilty of a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor 1951 more than three years, or in the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, 1952 1953 confinement in jail for not more than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than 1954 \$50,000 for each violation. Any defendant that is not an individual shall, upon conviction of a violation 1955 under this subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$10,000. Each day of violation of each 1956 requirement shall constitute a separate offense.

C. Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this article, and who knows at that time that 1957 1958 he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily harm, shall, upon 1959 conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than two years nor 1960 more than 15 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000, either or both. A defendant that is not an 1961 individual shall, upon conviction of a violation under this subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine not 1962 exceeding the greater of \$1 million or an amount that is three times the economic benefit realized by the 1963 defendant as a result of the offense. The maximum penalty shall be doubled with respect to both fine 1964 and imprisonment for any subsequent conviction of the same person under this subsection.

1965 D. Violation of any provision of this article may also include the following sanctions:

1966 1. The Board, Department, or the VSMP authority, where authorized to enforce this article,

1967 C. The violation of any provision of this article may also result in the following sanctions:

1968 1. The Board may seek an injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy pursuant to 1969 § 62.1-44.23. A locality serving as a VESMP authority may apply to the appropriate court in any 1970 jurisdiction wherein the land lies to enjoin a violation or a threatened violation of the provisions of this 1971 article or of the local ordinance without the necessity of showing that an adequate remedy at law does 1972 not exist a local ordinance or order or the conditions of a local land-disturbance approval. Any person 1973 violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus, or other remedy obtained 1974 pursuant to this article shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil penalty that shall be 1975 assessed and used in accordance with the provisions of subsection A or B, as applicable.

1976 2. With the consent of any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any 1977 ordinance, any condition of a permit or state permit, any regulation or order of the Board, any order of 1978 the VSMP authority or the Department, or any provision of this article, the Board, Department, or 1979 VSMP authority may provide, in an order issued against such person, for the payment of civil charges 1980 for violations in specific sums, not to exceed the limit specified in this section. Such civil charges shall 1981 be instead of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under this section. Any civil charges 1982 collected shall be paid to the locality or state treasury pursuant to subsection A The Board or a locality 1983 serving as a VESMP authority may use the criminal provisions provided in § 62.1-44.32.

1984 § 62.1-44.15:49. Enforcement authority of MS4 localities.

1985 A. Localities shall adopt a stormwater ordinance pursuant to the conditions of a MS4 permit that is 1986 consistent with this article and its associated regulations and that contains provisions including the 1987 Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from 1988 Construction Activities and shall include additional provisions Each locality subject to an MS4 permit 1989 shall adopt an ordinance to implement a municipal separate storm sewer system management program 1990 that is consistent with this chapter and that contains provisions as required to comply with a state an MS4 permit. Such locality may utilize the civil penalty provisions in subsection A subdivision A 2 of § 62.1-44.15:48, the injunctive authority as provided for in subdivision D + subsection C of § 1991 1992 1993 62.1-44.15:48, and the civil charges as authorized in subdivision D 2 of § 62.1-44.15:48 1994 § 62.1-44.15:25.1, and the criminal provisions in § 62.1-44.32, to enforce the ordinance. At the request 1995 of another MS4, the locality may apply the penalties provided for in this section to direct or indirect 1996 discharges to any MS4 located within its jurisdiction.

1997 B. Any person who willfully and knowingly violates any provision of such an ordinance is guilty of 1998 a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1999 C. The local ordinance authorized by this section shall remain in full force and effect until the 2000 locality has been approved as a VSMP authority. 2001

§ 62.1-44.15:50. Cooperation with federal and state agencies.

2002 A VSMP VESMP authority and the Department are authorized to cooperate and enter into agreements 2003 with any federal or state agency in connection with the requirements for land-disturbing activities for 2004 stormwater management.

Article 2.4.

2006 Erosion and Sediment Control Law for Localities Not Administering a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program. 2008

§ 62.1-44.15:51. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

2010 "Agreement in lieu of a plan" means a contract between the plan-approving VESCP authority and the 2011 owner that specifies conservation measures that must be implemented in the construction of a 2012 single-family residence detached residential structure; this contract may be executed by the 2013 plan-approving VESCP authority in lieu of a formal site plan.

"Applicant" means any person submitting an erosion and sediment control plan for approval or 2014 2015 requesting the issuance of a permit, when required, authorizing in order to obtain authorization for 2016 land-disturbing activities to commence.

"Certified inspector" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a certificate of 2017 2018 competence certification from the Board in the area of project inspection or (ii) is enrolled in the 2019 Board's training program for project inspection and successfully completes such program within one year 2020 after enrollment.

2021 "Certified plan reviewer" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a 2022 certificate of competence certification from the Board in the area of plan review, (ii) is enrolled in the 2023 Board's training program for plan review and successfully completes such program within one year after 2024 enrollment, or (iii) is licensed as a professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, land surveyor 2025 pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 54.1, or professional soil scientist as 2026 defined in § 54.1-2200.

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2027 "Certified program administrator" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a 2028 certificate of competence certification from the Board in the area of program administration or (ii) is 2029 enrolled in the Board's training program for program administration and successfully completes such 2030 program within one year after enrollment.

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality. 2031 2032

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

"District" or "soil and water conservation district" means a political subdivision of the 2033 2034 Commonwealth organized in accordance with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 10.1-506 et seq.) of Chapter 2035 5 of Title 10.1.

"Erosion and sediment control plan" or "plan" means a document containing material for the conservation of soil and water resources of a unit or group of units of land. It may include appropriate 2036 2037 maps, an appropriate soil and water plan inventory and management information with needed 2038 interpretations, and a record of decisions contributing to conservation treatment. The plan shall contain 2039 2040 all major conservation decisions to ensure that the entire unit or units of land will be so treated to 2041 achieve the conservation objectives.

2042 "Erosion impact area" means an area of land *that is* not associated with a current land-disturbing 2043 activity but is subject to persistent soil erosion resulting in the delivery of sediment onto neighboring 2044 properties or into state waters. This definition shall not apply to any lot or parcel of land of 10,000 2045 square feet or less used for residential purposes or to shorelines where the erosion results from wave 2046 action or other coastal processes.

"Land-disturbing activity" "Land disturbance" or "land-disturbing activity" means any man-made 2047 2048 change to the land surface that may result in soil erosion from water or wind and the movement of 2049 sediments into state waters or onto lands in the Commonwealth, including, but not limited to, or has the 2050 potential to change its runoff characteristics, including the clearing, grading, excavating, transporting, 2051 and filling of land, except that the term shall not include:

2052 1. Minor land-disturbing activities such as home gardens and individual home landscaping, repairs, 2053 and maintenance work; 2054

2. Individual service connections;

2055 3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground public utility lines when such activity occurs on an existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is 2056 2057 confined to the area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

2058 4. Septic tank lines or drainage fields unless included in an overall plan for land-disturbing activity 2059 relating to construction of the building to be served by the septic tank system;

2060 5. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects 2061 conducted pursuant to Title 45.1;

2062 6. Tilling, planting, or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops, livestock feedlot 2063 operations, or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulation, including engineering operations as follows: construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds, ditches, strip 2064 cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation; 2065 however, this exception shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which harvesting 2066 occurs is reforested artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 (§-2067 2068 10.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 10.1 or is converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as 2069 described in subsection B of § 10.1-1163;

2070 7. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other 2071 related structures and facilities of a railroad company;

2072 8. Agricultural engineering operations, including but not limited to the construction of terraces, 2073 terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds not required to comply with the provisions of the Dam Safety Act (§ 10.1-604 et seq.), ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, 2074 2075 contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation;

2076 9. Disturbed land areas of less than 10,000 square feet in size or 2,500 square feet in all areas of the jurisdictions designated as subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and 2077 2078 Management Regulations; however, the governing body of the program authority may reduce this 2079 exception to a smaller area of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this exception shall 2080 apply;

2081 10. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or 2082 poles;

2083 11. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are 2084 within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is 2085 disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted 2086 2087 pursuant thereto; and

12. Emergency work to protect life, limb, or property, and emergency repairs; however, if the

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2089 land-disturbing activity would have required an approved erosion and sediment control plan, if the 2090 activity were not an emergency, then the land area disturbed shall be shaped and stabilized in 2091 accordance with the requirements of the VESCP authority.

2092 "Natural channel design concepts" means the utilization of engineering analysis and fluvial 2093 geomorphic processes to create, rehabilitate, restore, or stabilize an open conveyance system for the 2094 purpose of creating or recreating a stream that conveys its bankfull storm event within its banks and 2095 allows larger flows to access its bankfull bench and its floodplain.

2096 "Owner" means the same as provided in § 62.1-44.3. For a land-disturbing activity that is regulated 2097 under this article, "owner" also includes the owner or owners of the freehold of the premises or lesser 2098 estate therein, mortgagee or vendee in possession, assignee of rents, receiver, executor, trustee, lessee, or 2099 other person, firm, or corporation in control of a property.

2100 "Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a given storm condition at a particular 2101 location.

2102 "Permittee" means the person to whom the local permit authorizing land-disturbing activities is issued 2103 or the person who certifies that the approved erosion and sediment control plan will be followed.

2104 "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, association, joint venture, public or private 2105 corporation, trust, estate, commission, board, public or private institution, utility, cooperative, county, 2106 city, town, or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth, governmental body, including a federal 2107 or state entity as applicable, any interstate body, or any other legal entity.

2108 "Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a 2109 prescribed storm event.

2110 "Soil erosion" means the movement of soil by wind or water into state waters or onto lands in the 2111 *Commonwealth.* 2112

"Town" means an incorporated town.

2113 "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program" or "VESCP" means a program approved by the 2114 Board that has been established by a VESCP authority for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment 2115 deposition, and nonagricultural runoff associated with a land-disturbing activity to prevent the 2116 unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources and shall 2117 include such items where applicable as local ordinances, rules, permit requirements, annual standards 2118 and specifications, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan review, 2119 inspection, enforcement where authorized in this article, and evaluation consistent with the requirements 2120 of this article and its associated regulations.

"Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority" or "VESCP authority" means an 2121 2122 authority a locality approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program. 2123 An authority may include a state entity, including the Department; a federal entity; a district, county, city, or town; or for linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, 2124 and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102. A locality that has chosen not to establish a 2125 2126 2127 Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program pursuant to subdivision B 3 of § 62.1-44.15:27 2128 is required to become a VESCP authority in accordance with this article.

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program" or "VSMP" means a program established by the Board 2129 2130 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27.1 on behalf of a locality on or after July 1, 2014, to manage the quality 2131 and quantity of runoff resulting from any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of 2132 land or (ii) disturbs less than one acre of land and is part of a larger common plan of development or 2133 sale that results in one acre or greater of land disturbance.

2134 "Water quality volume" means the volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the 2135 impervious surface of the land development project. 2136

§ 62.1-44.15:51.1. Applicability.

2137 The requirements of this article shall apply in any locality that has chosen not to establish a Virginia 2138 Erosion and Stormwater Management Program (VESMP) pursuant to subdivision B 3 of 2139 § 62.1-44.15:27. Each such locality shall be required to adopt and administer a Board-approved 2140 VESCP. 2141

§ 62.1-44.15:52. Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program.

2142 A. The Board shall develop a program and adopt regulations in accordance with the Administrative 2143 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and 2144 nonagricultural runoff that shall be met in any control program to prevent the unreasonable degradation 2145 of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources. Stream restoration and relocation 2146 projects that incorporate natural channel design concepts are not man-made channels and shall be 2147 exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to this section or § 62.1-44.15:54 or 62.1-44.15:65. 2148 Any plan approved prior to July 1, 2014, that provides for stormwater management that addresses any 2149

2150 flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels shall satisfy the flow rate 2151 capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels if the practices are designed to (i) detain the water quality volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the impervious 2152 2153 surface of the land development project and to release it over 48 hours; (ii) detain and release over a 2154 24-hour period the expected rainfall resulting from the one-year, 24-hour storm; and (iii) reduce the 2155 allowable peak flow rate resulting from the 1.5-year, two-year, and 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level 2156 that is less than or equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming it was in a good forested condition, achieved through multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a reduction factor that is 2157 2158 equal to the runoff volume from the site when it was in a good forested condition divided by the runoff 2159 volume from the site in its proposed condition, and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and 2160 velocity requirement for natural or man-made channels as defined in regulations promulgated pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:54 or 62.1-44.15:65. For plans approved on and after July 1, 2014, the flow rate capacity 2161 2162 and velocity requirements of this subsection shall be satisfied by compliance with water quantity requirements in the Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and 2163 2164 attendant regulations, unless such land-disturbing activities are in accordance with the grandfathering 2165 provisions of the Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Permit (VESMP) 2166 Regulations or exempt pursuant to subdivision \bigcirc 7 G 2 of § 62.1-44.15:34. 2167

The regulations shall:

2168 1. Be based upon relevant physical and developmental information concerning the watersheds and 2169 drainage basins of the Commonwealth, including, but not limited to, data relating to land use, soils, 2170 hydrology, geology, size of land area being disturbed, proximate water bodies and their characteristics, 2171 transportation, and public facilities and services;

2172 2. Include such survey of lands and waters as may be deemed appropriate by the Board or required 2173 by any applicable law to identify areas, including multijurisdictional and watershed areas, with critical 2174 erosion and sediment problems; and

2175 3. Contain conservation standards for various types of soils and land uses, which shall include 2176 criteria, techniques, and methods for the control of erosion and sediment resulting from land-disturbing 2177 activities.

2178 B. The Board shall provide technical assistance and advice to, and conduct and supervise educational 2179 programs for VESCP authorities.

2180 C. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing minimum standards of effectiveness of erosion and 2181 sediment control programs, and criteria and procedures for reviewing and evaluating the effectiveness of VESCPs. In developing minimum standards for program effectiveness, the Board shall consider 2182 2183 information and standards on which the regulations promulgated pursuant to subsection A are based.

2184 D. The Board shall approve VESCP authorities and shall periodically conduct a comprehensive 2185 program compliance review and evaluation to ensure that all VESCPs operating under the jurisdiction of 2186 this article meet minimum standards of effectiveness in controlling soil erosion, sediment deposition, and 2187 nonagricultural runoff. The Department shall develop a schedule for conducting periodic reviews and 2188 evaluations of the effectiveness of VESCPs unless otherwise directed by the Board. Such reviews where 2189 applicable shall be coordinated with those being implemented in accordance with the Stormwater 2190 Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and associated regulations and the Chesapeake Bay 2191 Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) and associated regulations. The Department may also conduct 2192 a comprehensive or partial program compliance review and evaluation of a VESCP at a greater 2193 frequency than the standard schedule pursuant to subdivision (19) of § 62.1-44.15.

2194 E. The Board shall issue certificates of competence certifications concerning the content, application, 2195 and intent of specified subject areas of this article and accompanying regulations, including program 2196 administration, plan review, and project inspection, to personnel of program authorities and to any other 2197 persons who have completed training programs or in other ways demonstrated adequate knowledge. The 2198 Department shall administer education and training programs for specified subject areas of this article 2199 and accompanying regulations, and is authorized to charge persons attending such programs reasonable 2200 fees to cover the costs of administering the programs. Such education and training programs shall also 2201 contain expanded components to address plan review and project inspection elements of the Virginia 2202 Erosion and Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and attendant regulations in 2203 accordance with § 62.1-44.15:30.

2204 F. Department personnel conducting inspections pursuant to this article shall hold a certificate of 2205 competence certification as provided in subsection E. 2206

§ 62.1-44.15:53. Certification of program personnel.

2207 A. The minimum standards of VESCP effectiveness established by the Board pursuant to subsection 2208 C of § 62.1-44.15:52 shall provide that (i) an erosion and sediment control plan shall not be approved 2209 until it is reviewed by a certified plan reviewer; (ii) inspections of land-disturbing activities shall be 2210 conducted by a certified inspector; and (iii) a VESCP shall contain a certified program administrator, a 2211 certified plan reviewer, and a certified project inspector, who may be the same person.

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2212 B. Any person who holds a certificate of competence from the Board in the area of plan review, 2213 project inspection, or program administration that was attained prior to the adoption of the mandatory 2214 certification provisions of subsection A shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of that area of 2215 certification.

2216 C. Professionals registered in the Commonwealth pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of 2217 Chapter 4 of Title 54.1 or a professional soil scientist as defined in § 54.1-2200 shall be deemed to 2218 satisfy the certification requirements have met the provisions of this section for the purposes of renewals 2219 of certifications. 2220

§ 62.1-44.15:54. Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program.

A. Counties and cities shall adopt and administer a VESCP.

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2222 Any town lying within a county that has adopted its own VESCP may adopt its own program or 2223 shall become subject to the county program. If a town lies within the boundaries of more than one 2224 county, the town shall be considered for the purposes of this article to be wholly within the county in 2225 which the larger portion of the town lies Any locality that has chosen not to establish a Virginia 2226 Erosion and Stormwater Management Program (VESMP) pursuant to subdivision B 3 of § 62.1-44.15:27 shall administer a VESCP in accordance with this article; however, a town may enter into an agreement 2227 2228 with a county to administer the town's VESCP pursuant to subsection C of § 62.1-44.15:27.

2229 B. A VESCP authority may enter into agreements or contracts with soil and water conservation 2230 districts, adjacent localities, or other public or private entities to assist with carrying out the provisions 2231 of this article, including the review and determination of adequacy of erosion and sediment control plans 2232 submitted for land-disturbing activities on a unit or units of land as well as for monitoring, reports, 2233 inspections, and enforcement where authorized in this article, of such land-disturbing activities.

2234 C. Any VESCP adopted by a county, city, or town shall be approved by the Board if it establishes 2235 by ordinance requirements that are consistent with this article and associated regulations.

2236 D. Each approved VESCP operated by a county, city, or town shall include provisions for the 2237 integration coordination of the VESCP with Virginia stormwater management, flood insurance, flood 2238 plain management, and other programs requiring compliance prior to authorizing a land-disturbing 2239 activity in order to make the submission and approval of plans, issuance of permits, payment of fees, 2240 and coordination of inspection and enforcement activities more convenient and efficient both for the 2241 local governments and those responsible for compliance with the programs.

2242 E. The Board may approve a state entity, federal entity, or, for linear projects subject to annual 2243 standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to 2244 2245 § 15.2-5102 to operate a VESCP consistent with the requirements of this article and its associated 2246 regulations and the VESCP authority's Department-approved annual standards and specifications. For 2247 these programs, enforcement shall be administered by the Department and the Board where applicable in 2248 accordance with the provisions of this article shall conduct compliance reviews of VESCPs in 2249 accordance with subdivision (19) of § 62.1-44.15. The Board or Department also may require any 2250 locality that is a VESCP authority to furnish when requested any information as may be required to 2251 accomplish the purposes of this article.

2252 F. Following completion of a compliance review of a VESCP in accordance with subsection D of 2253 § 62.1-44.15:52, the Department shall provide results and compliance recommendations to the Board in 2254 the form of a corrective action agreement if deficiencies are found; otherwise, the Board may find the 2255 program compliant. If a comprehensive or partial program compliance review conducted by the 2256 Department of a VESCP indicates that the VESCP authority has not administered, enforced where authorized to do so, or conducted its VESCP in a manner that satisfies the minimum standards of 2257 2258 effectiveness established pursuant to subsection C of § 62.1-44.15:52, the Board shall establish a 2259 schedule for the VESCP authority to come into compliance. The Board shall provide a copy of its 2260 decision to the VESCP authority that specifies the deficiencies, actions needed to be taken, and the 2261 approved compliance schedule required to attain the minimum standard of effectiveness and shall include 2262 an offer to provide technical assistance to implement the corrective action. If the VESCP authority has 2263 not implemented the necessary compliance actions identified by the Board within 30 days following 2264 receipt of the corrective action agreement, or such additional period as is granted to complete the 2265 implementation of the corrective action, then the Board shall have the authority to (i) issue a special 2266 order to any VESCP, imposing a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 per day with the maximum amount 2267 not to exceed \$20,000 per violation for noncompliance with the state program, to be paid into the state 2268 treasury and deposited in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established by §- 62.1-44.15:29 or 2269 (ii) revoke its approval of the VESCP. The Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall govern 2270 the activities and proceedings of the Board and the judicial review thereof.

2271 In lieu of issuing a special order or revoking the program, the Board is authorized to take legal 2272 action against a VESCP to ensure compliance.

G. If the Board revokes its approval of the VESCP of a county, city, or town, and the locality is in a district, the district, upon approval of the Board, shall adopt and administer a VESCP for the locality. To carry out its program, the district shall adopt regulations in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) consistent with this article and associated regulations. The regulations may be revised from time to time as necessary. The program and regulations shall be available for public inspection at the principal office of the district.

H. If the Board (i) revokes its approval of a VESCP of a district, or of a county, city, or town not in 2279 2280 a district, or (ii) finds that a local program consistent with this article and associated regulations has not 2281 been adopted by a district or a county, city, or town that is required to adopt and administer a VESCP, 2282 the Board shall find the VESCP authority provisional, and have the Department assist with the administration of the program until the Board finds the VESCP authority compliant with the 2283 requirements of this article and associated regulations. "Assisting with administration" includes but is not 2284 2285 limited to the ability to review and comment on plans to the VESCP authority, to conduct inspections 2286 with the VESCP authority, and to conduct enforcement in accordance with this article and associated 2287 regulations.

2288 I. If the Board revokes its approval of a state entity, federal entity, or, for linear projects subject to 2289 annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and 2290 intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to 2291 § 15.2-5102, the Board shall find the VESCP authority provisional, and have the Department assist with 2292 the administration of the program until the Board finds the VESCP authority compliant with the 2293 requirements of this article and associated regulations. "Assisting with administration" includes the 2294 ability to review and comment on plans to the VESCP authority and to conduct inspections with the 2295 VESCP authority in accordance with this article and associated regulations.

J. F. Any VESCP authority that administers an erosion and sediment control program may charge applicants a reasonable fee to defray the cost of program administration. Such fee may be in addition to any fee charged for administration of a Virginia Stormwater Management Program, although payment of fees may be consolidated in order to provide greater convenience and efficiency for those responsible for compliance with the programs. A VESCP authority shall hold a public hearing prior to establishing a schedule of fees. The fee shall not exceed an amount commensurate with the services rendered, taking into consideration the time, skill, and the VESCP authority's expense involved.

2303 K. The governing body of any county, city, or town, or a district board G. Any locality that is 2304 authorized to administer a VESCP, may adopt an ordinance or regulation where applicable providing 2305 that violations of any regulation or order of the Board, any provision of its program, any condition of a 2306 permit land-disturbance approval, or any provision of this article shall be subject to a civil penalty. The civil penalty for any one violation shall be not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000. Each day during 2307 2308 which the violation is found to have existed shall constitute a separate offense. In no event shall a series 2309 of specified violations arising from the same operative set of facts result in civil penalties that exceed a 2310 total of \$10,000, except that a series of violations arising from the commencement of land-disturbing activities without an approved plan for any site shall not result in civil penalties that exceed a total of 2311 2312 \$10,000. Adoption of such an ordinance providing that violations are subject to a civil penalty shall be 2313 in lieu of criminal sanctions and shall preclude the prosecution of such violation as a misdemeanor 2314 under subsection A of $\frac{8}{2}$ - 62.1-44.15:63. The penalties set out in this subsection are also available to the 2315 Board in its enforcement actions.

§ 62.1-44.15:55. Regulated land-disturbing activities; submission and approval of erosion and
 sediment control plan.

2318 A. Except as provided in § 62.1-44.15:56 for state agency and federal entity land-disturbing 2319 activities § 62.1-44.15:31 for a land-disturbing activity conducted by a state agency, federal entity, or 2320 other specified entity, no person shall engage in any land-disturbing activity until he has submitted to 2321 the VESCP authority an erosion and sediment control plan for the land-disturbing activity and the plan 2322 has been reviewed and approved. Upon the development of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than July 1, 2014, a VESCP authority shall then be required to obtain evidence 2323 2324 of Virginia Stormwater Management Program permit coverage where it is required prior to providing 2325 approval to begin land disturbance. Where land-disturbing activities involve lands under the jurisdiction 2326 of more than one VESCP, an erosion and sediment control plan may, at the request of one or all of the 2327 VESCP authorities, be submitted to the Department for review and approval rather than to each 2328 jurisdiction concerned. The Department may charge the jurisdictions requesting the review a fee sufficient to cover the cost associated with conducting the review. A VESCP may enter into an 2329 2330 agreement with an adjacent VESCP regarding the administration of multijurisdictional projects whereby 2331 the jurisdiction that contains the greater portion of the project shall be responsible for all or part of the administrative procedures Where Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit coverage is 2332 required, a VESCP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of such coverage from the 2333 Department's online reporting system prior to approving the erosion and sediment control plan. A 2334

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VESCP authority may enter into an agreement with an adjacent VESCP or VESMP authority regarding
the administration of multijurisdictional projects specifying who shall be responsible for all or part of
the administrative procedures. Should adjacent authorities fail to come to such an agreement, each shall
be responsible for administering the area of the multijurisdictional project that lies within its
jurisdiction. Where the land-disturbing activity results from the construction of a single-family residence,
an agreement in lieu of a plan may be substituted for an erosion and sediment control plan if executed
by the VESCP authority.

2342 B. The VESCP authority shall review erosion and sediment control plans submitted to it and grant 2343 written approval within 60 days of the receipt of the plan if it determines that the plan meets the 2344 requirements of this article and the Board's regulations and if the person responsible for carrying out the 2345 plan certifies that he will properly perform the erosion and sediment control measures included in the 2346 plan and shall comply with the provisions of this article. In addition, as a prerequisite to engaging in the 2347 land-disturbing activities shown on the approved plan, the person responsible for carrying out the plan 2348 shall provide the name of an individual holding a certificate of competence to the VESCP authority, as 2349 provided by § 62.1-44.15:52, who will be in charge of and responsible for carrying out the 2350 land-disturbing activity. However, any VESCP authority may waive the certificate of competence 2351 requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction of a single-family residence. If a 2352 violation occurs during the land-disturbing activity, then the person responsible for carrying out the 2353 agreement in lieu of a plan shall correct the violation and provide the name of an individual holding a 2354 certificate of competence, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52. Failure to provide the name of an individual 2355 holding a certificate of competence prior to engaging in land-disturbing activities may result in 2356 revocation of the approval of the plan and the person responsible for carrying out the plan shall be 2357 subject to the penalties provided in this article.

When a plan is determined to be inadequate, written notice of disapproval stating the specific reasons for disapproval shall be communicated to the applicant within 45 days. The notice shall specify the modifications, terms, and conditions that will permit approval of the plan. If no action is taken by the VESCP authority within the time specified in this subsection, the plan shall be deemed approved and the person authorized to proceed with the proposed activity. The VESCP authority shall act on any erosion and sediment control plan that has been previously disapproved within 45 days after the plan has been revised, resubmitted for approval, and deemed adequate.

C. The VESCP authority may require changes to an approved plan in the following cases:

2365

2366 1. Where inspection has revealed that the plan is inadequate to satisfy applicable regulations; or

2367 2. Where the person responsible for carrying out the approved plan finds that because of changed
2368 circumstances or for other reasons the approved plan cannot be effectively carried out, and proposed
2369 amendments to the plan, consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations, are
2370 agreed to by the VESCP authority and the person responsible for carrying out the plan.

D. Electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, and railroad companies shall, and authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102 may, file general erosion and sediment control standards and specifications annually with the Department for review and approval. Such standards and specifications shall be consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations and the Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and associated regulations where applicable. The specifications shall apply to:

2377 1. Construction, installation, or maintenance of electric transmission, natural gas, and telephone utility
 2378 lines and pipelines, and water and sewer lines; and

2379 2. Construction of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related
 2380 structures and facilities of the railroad company.

2381 The Department shall have 60 days in which to approve the standards and specifications. If no action 2382 is taken by the Department within 60 days, the standards and specifications shall be deemed approved. 2383 Individual approval of separate projects within subdivisions 1 and 2 is not necessary when approved 2384 specifications are followed. Projects not included in subdivisions 1 and 2 shall comply with the 2385 requirements of the appropriate VESCP. The Board shall have the authority to enforce approved specifications and charge fees equal to the lower of (i) \$1,000 or (ii) an amount sufficient to cover the 2386 2387 costs associated with standard and specification review and approval, project inspections, and 2388 compliance.

E. Any person engaging, in more than one jurisdiction, in the creation and operation of a wetland mitigation or stream restoration bank or banks, which have been approved and are operated in accordance with applicable federal and state guidance, laws, or regulations for the establishment, use, and operation of wetlands mitigation or stream restoration banks, pursuant to a mitigation banking instrument signed by the Department of Environmental Quality, the Marine Resources Commission, or the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, may, at the option of that person, file general erosion and sediment control standards and specifications for wetland mitigation or stream restoration banks 2396 Department for review and approval consistent with guidelines established by the Board.

2397 The Department shall have 60 days in which to approve the specifications. If no action is taken by 2398 the Department within 60 days, the specifications shall be deemed approved. Individual approval of 2399 separate projects under this subsection is not necessary when approved specifications are implemented 2400 through a project specific erosion and sediment control plan. Projects not included in this subsection 2401 shall comply with the requirements of the appropriate local erosion and sediment control program. The 2402 Board shall have the authority to enforce approved specifications and charge fees equal to the lower of 2403 (i) \$1,000 or (ii) an amount sufficient to cover the costs associated with standard and specification 2404 review and approval, projection inspections, and compliance. Approval of general erosion and sediment 2405 control specifications by the Department does not relieve the owner or operator from compliance with 2406 any other local ordinances and regulations including requirements to submit plans and obtain permits as 2407 may be required by such ordinances and regulations.

2408 F. D. In order to prevent further erosion, a VESCP authority may require approval of an erosion and sediment control plan for any land identified by the VESCP authority as an erosion impact area. 2409

2410 G. E. For the purposes of subsections A and B, when land-disturbing activity will be required of a 2411 contractor performing construction work pursuant to a construction contract, the preparation, submission, and approval of an erosion and sediment control plan shall be the responsibility of the owner. 2412

2413 F. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the following activities are not required to 2414 comply with the requirements of this article unless otherwise required by federal law:

2415 1. Disturbance of a land area of less than 10,000 square feet in size or less than 2,500 square feet 2416 in an area designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). However, the governing body of the program authority may 2417 reduce this exception to a smaller area of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this 2418 2419 exception shall apply;

2420 2. Minor land-disturbing activities such as home gardens and individual home landscaping, repairs, 2421 and maintenance work; 2422

3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any individual service connection;

2423 4. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground utility line when such activity occurs on 2424 an existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is confined to 2425 the area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

2426 5. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any septic tank line or drainage field unless included in an 2427 overall plan for land-disturbing activity relating to construction of the building to be served by the 2428 *septic tank system;*

2429 6. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects 2430 conducted pursuant to Title 45.1:

7. Clearing of lands specifically for bona fide agricultural purposes; the management, tilling, 2431 2432 planting, or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops; livestock feedlot operations; 2433 agricultural engineering operations, including construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, 2434 desilting basins, dikes, ponds, ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour 2435 furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation; or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulations. However, this exception shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which 2436 2437 harvesting occurs is reforested artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 2438 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 10.1 or is converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as 2439 described in subsection B of § 10.1-1163;

2440 8. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or 2441 poles:

2442 9. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are 2443 within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources 2444 Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is 2445 disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted 2446 pursuant thereto:

2447 10. Land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work requires 2448 immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment. In such 2449 situations, the VESMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of commencing 2450 the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of subsection A is 2451 required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity;

2452 11. Discharges to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system that are not from a land-disturbing 2453 activity: and

2454 12. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other 2455 related structures and facilities of a railroad company.

2456 § 62.1-44.15:57. Approved plan required for issuance of grading, building, or other permits; 2457 security for performance.

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2458 Agencies authorized under any other law to issue grading, building, or other permits for activities 2459 involving land-disturbing activities regulated under this article shall not issue any such permit unless the 2460 applicant submits with his application an approved erosion and sediment control plan and, certification that the plan will be followed, and, upon the development of an online reporting system by the 2461 Department but no later than July 1, 2014, evidence of Virginia Stormwater Management Program 2462 2463 Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit coverage where it is required. Prior to issuance of any 2464 permit, the agency may also require an applicant to submit a reasonable performance bond with surety, 2465 cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination thereof, or such other legal arrangement acceptable to the 2466 agency, to ensure that measures could be taken by the agency at the applicant's expense should he fail, 2467 after proper notice, within the time specified to initiate or maintain appropriate conservation action that 2468 may be required of him by the approved plan as a result of his land-disturbing activity. The amount of 2469 the bond or other security for performance shall not exceed the total of the estimated cost to initiate and 2470 maintain appropriate conservation action based on unit price for new public or private sector 2471 construction in the locality and a reasonable allowance for estimated administrative costs and inflation, 2472 which shall not exceed 25 percent of the estimated cost of the conservation action. If the agency takes 2473 such conservation action upon such failure by the permittee, the agency may collect from the permittee 2474 the difference should the amount of the reasonable cost of such action exceed the amount of the security 2475 held. Within 60 days of the achievement of adequate stabilization of the land-disturbing activity in any 2476 project or section thereof, the bond, cash escrow, letter of credit, or other legal arrangement, or the 2477 unexpended or unobligated portion thereof, shall be refunded to the applicant or terminated based upon 2478 the percentage of stabilization accomplished in the project or section thereof. These requirements are in 2479 addition to all other provisions of law relating to the issuance of such permits and are not intended to 2480 otherwise affect the requirements for such permits. 2481

§ 62.1-44.15:58. Monitoring, reports, and inspections.

2482 A. The VESCP authority (i) shall provide for periodic inspections of the land-disturbing activity and 2483 require that an individual holding a certificate of competence, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52, who will 2484 be in charge of and responsible for carrying out the land-disturbing activity and (ii) may require 2485 monitoring and reports from the person responsible for carrying out the erosion and sediment control 2486 plan, to ensure compliance with the approved plan and to determine whether the measures required in 2487 the plan are effective in controlling erosion and sediment. However, any VESCP authority may waive 2488 the certificate of competence requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction of a 2489 single-family residence detached residential structure. The owner, permittee, or person responsible for 2490 earrying out the plan shall be given notice of the inspection. If the VESCP authority, where authorized 2491 to enforce this article, or the Department determines that there is a failure to comply with the plan 2492 following an inspection, notice shall be served upon the permittee or person responsible for carrying out 2493 the plan by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the permit application or in 2494 the plan certification, or by delivery at the site of the land disturbing activities to the agent or employee 2495 supervising such activities When the VESCP authority or the Board determines that there is a failure to 2496 comply with the conditions of land-disturbance approval or to obtain an approved plan or a 2497 land-disturbance approval prior to commencing land-disturbing activity, the VESCP authority or the 2498 Board may serve a notice to comply upon the owner or person responsible for carrying out the 2499 land-disturbing activity. Such notice to comply shall be served by delivery by facsimile, e-mail, or other 2500 technology; by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the plan or 2501 land-disturbance application, if available, or in the land records of the locality; or by delivery at the 2502 site to a person previously identified to the VESCP authority by the owner. The notice to comply shall 2503 specify the measures needed to comply with the plan land-disturbance approval conditions or shall 2504 identify the plan approval or land-disturbance approval needed to comply with this article and shall 2505 specify the *a reasonable* time within which such measures shall be completed. In any instance in which 2506 a required land-disturbance approval has not been obtained, the VESCP authority or the Board may 2507 require immediate compliance. In any other case, the VESCP authority or the Board may establish the 2508 time for compliance by taking into account the risk of damage to natural resources and other relevant 2509 factors. Notwithstanding any other provision in this subsection, a VESCP authority or the Board may 2510 count any days of noncompliance as days of violation should the VESCP authority or the Board take an 2511 enforcement action. The issuance of a notice to comply by the Board shall not be considered a case 2512 decision as defined in § 2.2-4001. Upon failure to comply within the time specified, the permit any plan 2513 approval or land-disturbance approval may be revoked and the VESCP authority, where authorized to 2514 enforce this article, the Department, or the Board may pursue enforcement as provided by 2515 § 62.1-44.15:63.

2516 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, a VESCP authority is authorized to enter into 2517 agreements or contracts with districts, adjacent localities, or other public or private entities to assist with 2518 the responsibilities of this article, including but not limited to the review and determination of adequacy

2519 of erosion and sediment control plans submitted for land-disturbing activities as well as monitoring, 2520 reports, inspections, and enforcement where an authority is granted such powers by this article.

2521 C. Upon issuance of an inspection report denoting a violation of this section, or § 62.1-44.15:55 or 2522 62.1-44.15:56, in conjunction with or subsequent to a notice to comply as specified in subsection A, a 2523 VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department or the Board may issue an 2524 a stop work order requiring that all or part of the land-disturbing activities permitted on the site be 2525 stopped until the specified corrective measures have been taken or, if land-disturbing activities have commenced without an approved plan as provided in § 62.1-44.15:55, requiring that all of the 2526 2527 land-disturbing activities be stopped until an approved plan or any required permits are is obtained. 2528 When such an order is issued by the Board, it shall be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Where the alleged noncompliance is causing or is in 2529 2530 imminent danger of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition in waters within the 2531 watersheds of the Commonwealth, or where the land-disturbing activities have commenced without an 2532 approved erosion and sediment control plan or any required permits, such an, such a stop work order 2533 may be issued whether or not the alleged violator has been issued a notice to comply as specified in 2534 subsection A. Otherwise, such an order may be issued only after the alleged violator has failed to comply with a notice to comply. The order for noncompliance with a plan shall be served in the same 2535 2536 manner as a notice to comply, and shall remain in effect for seven days from the date of service 2537 pending application by the VESCP authority, the Department Board, or alleged violator for appropriate 2538 relief to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have occurred or other 2539 appropriate court. The stop work order for disturbance without an approved plan or permits shall be 2540 served upon the owner by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the land 2541 records of the locality, shall be posted on the site where the disturbance is occurring, and shall remain 2542 in effect until such time as permits and plan approvals are secured, except in such situations where an 2543 agricultural exemption applies. If the alleged violator has not obtained an approved erosion and sediment 2544 control plan or any required permit within seven days from the date of service of the stop work order, 2545 the Department Board or the chief administrative officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP 2546 authority may issue a subsequent order to the owner requiring that all construction and other work on 2547 the site, other than corrective measures, be stopped until an approved erosion and sediment control plan 2548 and any required permits have has been obtained. The subsequent order shall be served upon the owner by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the permit application plan or the 2549 2550 land records of the locality in which the site is located. The owner may appeal the issuance of any order 2551 to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have occurred or other 2552 appropriate court. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey an order issued by the 2553 Department Board or the chief administrative officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP authority 2554 may be compelled in a proceeding instituted in the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation 2555 was alleged to have occurred or other appropriate court to obey same and to comply therewith by 2556 injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy. Upon completion and approval of corrective action 2557 or obtaining an approved plan or any required permits, the order shall immediately be lifted. Nothing in 2558 this section shall prevent the Department, the Board, or the chief administrative officer or his designee 2559 on behalf of the VESCP authority from taking any other action specified in § 62.1-44.15:63. 2560

§ 62.1-44.15:60. Right of entry.

2561 The Department, the VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, In addition to the 2562 Board's authority set forth in § 62.1-44.20, a locality serving as a VESCP authority or any duly 2563 authorized agent of the Department or such VESCP authority thereof may, at reasonable times and under 2564 reasonable circumstances, enter any establishment or upon any property, public or private, for the 2565 purpose of obtaining information or conducting surveys or investigations necessary in the enforcement of 2566 the provisions of this article.

2567 In accordance with a performance bond with surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination 2568 thereof, or such other legal arrangement, a VESCP authority may also enter any establishment or upon 2569 any property, public or private, for the purpose of initiating or maintaining appropriate actions that are 2570 required by the permit conditions associated with conditions imposed by the VESCP authority on a 2571 land-disturbing activity when a permittee an owner, after proper notice, has failed to take acceptable 2572 action within the time specified.

§ 62.1-44.15:62. Judicial appeals.

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2574 A. A final decision by a county, city, or town, when serving as a VESCP authority under this article, 2575 shall be subject to judicial review, provided that an appeal is filed within 30 days from the date of any 2576 written decision adversely affecting the rights, duties, or privileges of the person engaging in or 2577 proposing to engage in land-disturbing activities.

2578 B. Final decisions of the Board, Department, or district shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 2579

2580 § 62.1-44.15:63. Penalties, injunctions and other legal actions. 2581 A. Violators of § 62.1-44.15:55, 62.1-44.15:56, or 62.1-44.15:58 shall be guilty of a Class 1 2582 misdemeanor.

2583 B. Any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any regulation or order of 2584 the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VESCP authority, any condition of a 2585 permit land-disturbance approval, or any provision of this article or associated regulation shall, upon a 2586 finding of an appropriate court, be assessed a civil penalty. If a locality or district serving as a VESCP 2587 authority has adopted a uniform schedule of civil penalties as permitted by subsection \mathbf{K} G of 2588 § 62.1-44.15:54, such assessment shall be in accordance with the schedule. The VESCP authority or the 2589 Department Board may issue a summons for collection of the civil penalty. In any trial for a scheduled 2590 violation, it shall be the burden of the locality or Department Board or the VESCP authority to show 2591 the liability of the violator by a preponderance of the evidence. An admission or finding of liability shall 2592 not be a criminal conviction for any purpose. Any civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid into 2593 the treasury of the locality wherein the land lies, except that where and are to be used solely for 2594 stormwater management capital projects, including (i) new stormwater best management practices; (ii) 2595 stormwater best management practice maintenance, inspection, or retrofitting; (iii) stream restoration; 2596 (iv) low-impact development projects; (v) buffer restoration; (vi) pond retrofitting; and (vii) wetlands 2597 restoration. Where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, or where the Department Board is 2598 issuing the summons, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited 2599 by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund established pursuant to 2600 § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

2601 C. B. The VESCP authority, the Department Board, or the owner of property that has sustained 2602 damage or which is in imminent danger of being damaged may apply to the circuit court in any 2603 jurisdiction wherein the land lies or other appropriate court to enjoin a violation or a threatened violation 2604 under § 62.1-44.15:55, 62.1-44.15:56, or 62.1-44.15:58 without the necessity of showing that an adequate remedy at law does not exist; however, an owner of property shall not apply for injunctive 2605 2606 relief unless (i) he has notified in writing the person who has violated the VESCP, the Department 2607 *Board*, and the VESCP authority that a violation of the VESCP has caused, or creates a probability of 2608 causing, damage to his property, and (ii) neither the person who has violated the VESCP, the 2609 Department Board, nor the VESCP authority has taken corrective action within 15 days to eliminate the 2610 conditions that have caused, or create the probability of causing, damage to his property.

2611 D. C. In addition to any eriminal or civil penalties provided under this article, any person who violates any provision of this article may be liable to the VESCP authority or the Department Board, as 2612 2613 appropriate, in a civil action for damages.

2614 \mathbf{E} . D. Without limiting the remedies that may be obtained in this section, any person violating or 2615 failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus, or other remedy obtained pursuant to 2616 this section shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000 for 2617 each violation. A civil action for such violation or failure may be brought by the VESCP authority 2618 wherein the land lies or the Department Board. Any civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid into 2619 the treasury of the locality wherein the land lies, except that where and used pursuant to requirements 2620 of subsection A. Where the violator is the locality itself, or its agent, or other VESCP authority, or 2621 where the penalties are assessed as the result of an enforcement action brought by the Department 2622 Board, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State 2623 Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund (§ 62.1-44.15:29.1).

2624 F. E. With the consent of any person who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any 2625 regulation or order of the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VESCP 2626 authority, any condition of a permit land-disturbance approval, or any provision of this article or 2627 associated regulations, the Board, the Director, or VESCP authority may provide, in an order issued by 2628 the Board or VESCP authority against such person, for the payment of civil charges for violations in 2629 specific sums, not to exceed the limit specified in subsection \mathbf{E} D. Such civil charges shall be instead of 2630 any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under subsection **B** or **E** A or D.

2631 G. F. Upon request of a VESCP authority, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall take legal action 2632 to enforce the provisions of this article. Upon request of the Board, the Department, or the district, the 2633 Attorney General shall take appropriate legal action on behalf of the Board, the Department, or the 2634 district to enforce the provisions of this article.

2635 H. Compliance with the provisions of this article shall be prima facie evidence in any legal or 2636 equitable proceeding for damages caused by erosion or sedimentation that all requirements of law have 2637 been met and the complaining party must show negligence in order to recover any damages. 2638

§ 62.1-44.15:64. Stop work orders by Board; civil penalties.

2639 A. An aggrieved owner of property sustaining pecuniary damage resulting from a violation of an 2640 approved erosion and sediment control plan or required permit land-disturbance approval, or from the 2641 conduct of land-disturbing activities commenced without an approved plan or required permit 2642 land-disturbance approval, may give written notice of the alleged violation to the VESCP authority and 2643 to the Director Board.

2644 B. Upon receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner and notification to the VESCP authority, the 2645 Director shall conduct an investigation of the aggrieved owner's complaint.

2646 C. If the VESCP authority has not responded to the alleged violation in a manner that causes the 2647 violation to cease and abates the damage to the aggrieved owner's property within 30 days following 2648 receipt of the notice from the aggrieved owner, the aggrieved owner may request that the Director Board 2649 conduct an investigation and, if necessary, require the violator to stop the alleged violation and abate 2650 the damage to his property.

2651 D. If (i) the Director's C. If the Board's investigation of the complaint indicates that (i) the VESCP 2652 authority has not responded to the alleged violation as required by the VESCP, (ii) the VESCP authority 2653 has not responded to the alleged violation within 30 days from the date of the notice given pursuant to 2654 subsection A, and (iii) the Director is requested by the aggrieved owner there is a violation and it is 2655 necessary to require the violator to cease the violation as requested by the aggrieved owner, then the 2656 Director Board shall give written notice to the VESCP authority that the Department Board intends to 2657 issue an order pursuant to subsection $\mathbf{E} D$.

2658 E. D. If the VESCP authority has not instituted action to stop the violation and abate the damage to 2659 the aggrieved owner's property within 10 days following receipt of the notice from the Director, the 2660 Department Board, the Board is authorized to issue an order requiring the owner, permittee, person 2661 responsible for carrying out an approved erosion and sediment control plan, or person conducting the 2662 land-disturbing activities without an approved plan or required permit land-disturbance approval to cease 2663 all land-disturbing activities until the violation of the plan or permit has ceased or an approved plan and 2664 required permits land-disturbance approval are obtained, as appropriate, and specified corrective 2665 measures have been completed. The Department Board also may immediately initiate a program review 2666 of the VESCP.

2667 F. E. Such orders are to be issued after a hearing held in accordance with the requirements 2668 procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), and they shall become effective upon 2669 service on the person by mailing with confirmation of delivery, sent to his address specified in the land records of the locality, or by personal delivery by an agent of the Director Board. Any subsequent 2670 2671 identical mail or notice that is sent by the Department Board may be sent by regular mail. However, if 2672 the Department Board finds that any such violation is grossly affecting or presents an imminent and 2673 substantial danger of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition in waters within the 2674 watersheds of the Commonwealth, it may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency order 2675 directing such person to cease all land-disturbing activities on the site immediately and shall provide an 2676 opportunity for a hearing, after reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof, to such person, to 2677 affirm, modify, amend, or cancel such emergency order.

G. F. If a person who has been issued an order or emergency order is not complying with the terms 2678 2679 thereof, the Board may institute a proceeding in the appropriate circuit court for an injunction, 2680 mandamus, or other appropriate remedy compelling the person to comply with such order.

2681 H. G. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus, or 2682 other remedy obtained pursuant to subsection G shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil 2683 penalty not to exceed \$2,000 for each violation. Any civil penalties assessed by a court shall be paid 2684 into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund 2685 (§ 62.1-44.15:29.1). 2686

§ 62.1-44.15:65. Authorization for more stringent ordinances.

2687 A. As part of a VESCP, a district or locality is authorized to adopt more stringent soil erosion and 2688 sediment control regulations or ordinances than those necessary to ensure compliance with the Board's 2689 regulations, provided that the more stringent regulations or ordinances are based upon factual findings of 2690 local or regional comprehensive watershed management studies or findings developed through the 2691 implementation of an MS4 permit or a locally adopted watershed management study and are determined 2692 by the district or locality to be necessary to prevent any further degradation to water resources, to 2693 address total maximum daily load requirements, to protect exceptional state waters, or to address specific 2694 existing water pollution including nutrient and sediment loadings, stream channel erosion, depleted 2695 groundwater resources, or excessive localized flooding within the watershed and that prior to adopting 2696 more stringent regulations or ordinances, a public hearing is held after giving due notice. The VESCP 2697 authority shall report to the Board when more stringent stormwater management regulations or erosion 2698 and sediment control ordinances are determined to be necessary pursuant to this section. However, this 2699 This process shall not be required when a VESCP authority chooses to reduce the threshold for 2700 regulating land-disturbing activities to a smaller area of disturbed land pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:55. 2701 This section shall not be construed to authorize any district or locality VESCP authority to impose any 2702 more stringent regulations for plan approval or permit issuance ordinances for land-disturbance review 2703

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2704 B. Any provisions of an erosion and sediment control program in existence before July 1, 2012, that 2705 contains more stringent provisions than this article shall be exempt from the analysis requirements of 2706 subsection A. 2707

§ 62.1-44.15:69. Powers and duties of the Board.

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2708 The Board is responsible for carrying out the purposes and provisions of this article and is authorized 2709 to:

2710 1. Provide land use and development and water quality protection information and assistance to the 2711 various levels of local, regional, and state government within the Commonwealth.

2712 2. Consult, advise, and coordinate with the Governor, the Secretary, the General Assembly, other 2713 state agencies, regional agencies, local governments, and federal agencies for the purpose of 2714 implementing this article.

2715 3. Provide financial and technical assistance and advice to local governments and to regional and 2716 state agencies concerning aspects of land use and development and water quality protection pursuant to 2717 this article. 2718

4. Promulgate regulations pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

5. Develop, promulgate, and keep current the criteria required by § 62.1-44.15:72.

2720 6. Provide technical assistance and advice or other aid for the development, adoption, and 2721 implementation of local comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, subdivision ordinances, and other land 2722 use and development and water quality protection measures utilizing criteria established by the Board to 2723 carry out the provisions of this article.

2724 7. Develop procedures for use by local governments to designate Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas 2725 in accordance with the criteria developed pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:72.

2726 8. Ensure that local government comprehensive plans, zoning ordinances, and subdivision ordinances 2727 are in accordance with the provisions of this article. Determination of compliance shall be in accordance 2728 with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

2729 9. Make application for federal funds that may become available under federal acts and to transmit 2730 such funds when applicable to any appropriate person.

2731 10. Take administrative and legal actions pursuant to subdivision (19) of § 62.1-44.15 to ensure 2732 compliance by counties, cities, and towns with the provisions of this article including the proper 2733 enforcement and implementation of, and continual compliance with, this article.

2734 11. Perform such other duties and responsibilities related to the use and development of land and the 2735 protection of water quality as the Secretary may assign.

2736 § 62.1-44.15:74. Local governments to designate Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas; 2737 incorporate into local plans and ordinances; impose civil penalties.

2738 A. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall use the criteria developed by the Board to 2739 determine the extent of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area within their jurisdictions. Designation of 2740 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas shall be accomplished by every county, city, and town in Tidewater 2741 Virginia not later than 12 months after adoption of criteria by the Board.

2742 B. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall incorporate protection of the quality of 2743 state waters into each locality's comprehensive plan consistent with the provisions of this article.

2744 C. All counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall have zoning ordinances that incorporate 2745 measures to protect the quality of state waters in the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas consistent with 2746 the provisions of this article. Zoning in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas shall comply with all 2747 criteria set forth in or established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:72.

2748 D. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall incorporate protection of the quality of 2749 state waters in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas into their subdivision ordinances consistent with the 2750 provisions of this article. Counties, cities, and towns in Tidewater Virginia shall ensure that all 2751 subdivisions developed pursuant to their subdivision ordinances comply with all criteria developed by 2752 the Board.

2753 E. In addition to any other remedies which may be obtained under any local ordinance enacted to 2754 protect the quality of state waters in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas, counties, cities, and towns in 2755 Tidewater Virginia may incorporate the following penalties into their zoning, subdivision, or other 2756 ordinances:

2757 1. Any person who (i) violates any provision of any such ordinance or (ii) violates or fails, neglects, 2758 or refuses to obey any local governmental body's or official's final notice, order, rule, regulation, or 2759 variance or permit condition authorized under such ordinance shall, upon such finding by an appropriate 2760 circuit court, be assessed a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for each day of violation. Such civil 2761 penalties may, at the discretion of the court assessing them, be directed to be paid into the treasury of 2762 the county, city, or town in which the violation occurred for the purpose of abating environmental 2763 damage to or restoring Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas therein, in such a manner as the court may 2764 direct by order, except that where the violator is the county, city, or town itself, or its agent, the court

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2765 shall direct the penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the 2766 Stormwater Local Assistance Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29.1.

2. With the consent of any person who (i) violates any provision of any local ordinance related to 2767 2768 the protection of water quality in Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas or (ii) violates or fails, neglects, 2769 or refuses to obey any local governmental body's or official's notice, order, rule, regulation, or variance 2770 or permit condition authorized under such ordinance, the local government may provide for the issuance 2771 of an order against such person for the one-time payment of civil charges for each violation in specific sums, not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation. Such civil charges shall be paid into the treasury of the 2772 2773 county, city, or town in which the violation occurred for the purpose of abating environmental damage 2774 to or restoring Chesapeake Bay Preservation Areas therein, except that where the violator is the county, 2775 city, or town itself, or its agent, the civil charges shall be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Stormwater Local Assistance Fund established by § 62.1-44.15:29.1. Civil 2776 2777 charges shall be in lieu of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed under subdivision 1. Civil 2778 charges may be in addition to the cost of any restoration required or ordered by the local governmental 2779 body or official.

2780 F. Localities that are subject to the provisions of this article may by ordinance adopt an appeal 2781 period for any person aggrieved by a decision of a board that has been established by the locality to 2782 hear cases regarding ordinances adopted pursuant to this article. The ordinance shall allow the aggrieved 2783 party a minimum of 30 days from the date of such decision to appeal the decision to the circuit court. 2784

§ 62.1-44.19:22. Enforcement and penalties.

2785 A. Transfer of certified nutrient credits by an operator of a nutrient credit-generating entity may be 2786 suspended by the Department until such time as the operator comes into compliance with this article and 2787 attendant regulations.

2788 B. Any operator of a nutrient credit-generating entity who violates any provision of this article, or of 2789 any regulations adopted hereunder, shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 within the 2790 discretion of the court. The Department may issue a summons for collection of the civil penalty, and the 2791 action may be prosecuted in the appropriate circuit court. When the penalties are assessed by the court 2792 as a result of a summons issued by the Department, the court shall direct the penalty to be paid into the 2793 state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Stormwater Management Local 2794 Assistance Fund established pursuant to $\frac{6}{2.1-44.15:29}$ § 62.1-44.15:29.1. 2795

§ 62.1-44.22. Private actions.

2796 The fact that any owner holds or has held a certificate or land-disturbance approval issued under 2797 this chapter shall not constitute a defense in any civil action involving private rights.

2798 Compliance with the provisions of this chapter shall be prima facie evidence in any legal or 2799 equitable proceeding for damages caused by erosion or sedimentation that all requirements of law have 2800 been met and the complaining party must show negligence in order to recover any damages.

§ 62.1-44.23. Enforcement by injunction, etc.

2802 Any person violating or failing, neglecting or refusing to obey any rule, regulation, order, water 2803 quality standard, pretreatment standard, approved standard and specification, or requirement of or any 2804 provision of any certificate or land-disturbance approval issued by the Board, or by the owner of a 2805 publicly owned treatment works issued to an industrial user, or any provisions of this chapter, except as 2806 provided by a separate article, may be compelled in a proceeding instituted in any appropriate court by 2807 the Board to obey same and to comply therewith by injunction, mandamus or other appropriate remedy. 2808

§ 62.1-44.25. Right to hearing.

Any owner under §§ Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), Article 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.), or 2809 2810 § 62.1-44.16, 62.1-44.17, and or 62.1-44.19 aggrieved by any action of the Board taken without a 2811 formal hearing, or by inaction of the Board, may demand in writing a formal hearing of such owner's 2812 grievance, provided a petition requesting such hearing is filed with the Board. In cases involving actions 2813 of the Board, such petition must be filed within thirty 30 days after notice of such action is mailed to 2814 such owner by certified mail. 2815

§ 62.1-44.26. Hearings.

2816 A. The formal hearings held by the Board under this chapter shall be conducted pursuant to 2817 § 2.2-4009 or 2.2-4020 and may be conducted by the Board itself at a regular or special meeting of the 2818 Board, or by at least one member of the Board designated by the chairman to conduct such hearings on 2819 behalf of the Board at any other time and place authorized by the Board.

2820 B. A verbatim record of the proceedings of such hearings shall be taken and filed with the Board. 2821 Depositions may be taken and read as in actions at law.

2822 C. The Board shall have power to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, and at the request of 2823 any party shall issue such subpoenas. The failure of a witness without legal excuse to appear or to testify or to produce documents shall be acted upon by the Board in the manner prescribed in § 2824 2825 2.2-4022. Witnesses who are subpoenaed shall receive the same fees and mileage as in civil actions. 2826 § 62.1-44.29. Judicial review.

2827 Any owner aggrieved by or any person who has participated, in person or by submittal of written 2828 comments, in the public comment process related to a final decision of the Board under subdivision (5), 2829 $(8a), (8b), (8c), or (19) of \S 62.1-44.15 (5), 62.1-44.15 (8a), (8b), and (8c), or \S 62.1-44.15:20,$ 2830 62.1-44.15:21, 62.1-44.15:22, 62.1-44.15:23, 62.1-44.16, 62.1-44.17, 62.1-44.19, or 62.1-44.25, whether 2831 such decision is affirmative or negative, is entitled to judicial review thereof in accordance with the 2832 provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) if such person meets the standard for 2833 obtaining judicial review of a case or controversy pursuant to Article III of the United States 2834 Constitution. A person shall be deemed to meet such standard if (i) such person has suffered an actual 2835 or imminent injury which is an invasion of a legally protected interest and which is concrete and 2836 particularized; (ii) such injury is fairly traceable to the decision of the Board and not the result of the 2837 independent action of some third party not before the court; and (iii) such injury will likely be redressed 2838 by a favorable decision by the court.

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§ 62.1-44.31. Violation of order or certificate or failure to cooperate with Board.

2840 It shall be unlawful for any owner to fail to comply with any special order adopted by the Board, 2841 which has become final under the provisions of this chapter, or to fail to comply with a pretreatment 2842 condition incorporated into the permit issued to it by the owner of a publicly owned treatment works or 2843 to fail to comply with any pretreatment standard or pretreatment requirement, or to discharge sewage, 2844 industrial waste or other waste in violation of any condition contained in a certificate or 2845 *land-disturbance approval* issued by the Board or in excess of the waste covered by such certificate or 2846 *land-disturbance approval*, or to fail or refuse to furnish information, plans, specifications or other data 2847 reasonably necessary and pertinent required by the Board under this chapter.

2848 For the purpose of this section, the term "owner" shall mean, in addition to the definition contained 2849 in §§ 62.1-44.3 and 62.1-44.15:24, any responsible corporate officer so designated in the applicable 2850 discharge permit. 2851

§ 62.1-44.32. Penalties.

2852 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who violates any provision of this chapter, or who fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with any regulation, certificate, land-disturbance 2853 approval, or order of the Board, or order of a court, issued as herein provided, shall be subject to a civil 2854 2855 penalty not to exceed \$32,500 for each violation within the discretion of the court. Each day of violation 2856 of each requirement shall constitute a separate offense. Such civil penalties shall be paid into the state 2857 treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Environmental Emergency Response 2858 Fund pursuant to Chapter 25 (§ 10.1-2500 et seq.) of Title 10.1, excluding penalties assessed for 2859 violations of Article 2.3 (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.), 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), 2.5 (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et 2860 seq.), 9 (§ 62.1-44.34:8 et seq.), or 10 (§ 62.1-44.34:10 et seq.) of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1, or a 2861 regulation, administrative or judicial order, or term or condition of approval relating to or issued under 2862 those articles.

2863 Such civil penalties may, in the discretion of the court assessing them, be directed to be paid into the 2864 treasury of the county, city, or town in which the violation occurred, to be used for the purpose of 2865 abating environmental pollution therein in such manner as the court may, by order, direct, except that 2866 where the owner in violation is such county, city or town itself, or its agent, the court shall direct such 2867 penalty to be paid into the state treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia 2868 Environmental Emergency Response Fund pursuant to Chapter 25 of Title 10.1, excluding penalties 2869 assessed for violations of Article 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 9, or 10 of Chapter 3.1 of Title 62.1, or a regulation, 2870 administrative or judicial order, or term or condition of approval relating to or issued under those 2871 articles.

2872 In the event that a county, city, or town, or its agent, is the owner, such county, city, or town, or its 2873 agent, may initiate a civil action against any user or users of a waste water treatment facility to recover 2874 that portion of any civil penalty imposed against the owner proximately resulting from the act or acts of 2875 such user or users in violation of any applicable federal, state, or local requirements.

2876 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who willfully or negligently violates (1) any provision of this chapter, any regulation or order of the Board, or any condition of a certificate or 2877 2878 land-disturbance approval of the Board, (2) any land-disturbance approval, ordinance, or order of a 2879 locality serving as a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program authority, or (3) any order 2880 of a court shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement in jail for not more than 12 2881 months and a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$32,500, either or both. Any person who 2882 knowingly violates (A) any provision of this chapter, any regulation or order of the Board, or any 2883 condition of a certificate or land disturbance approval of the Board, (B) any land disturbance approval, 2884 ordinance, or order of a locality serving as a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program 2885 authority, or (C) any order of a court issued as herein provided, or who knowingly makes any false 2886 statement in any form required to be submitted under this chapter or knowingly renders inaccurate any 2887 monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this chapter, shall be guilty of a felony

punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than three years, or in the discretion of the jury or the court trying the case without a jury, confinement in jail for not more than 12 months and a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$50,000 for each violation. Any defendant that is not an individual shall, upon conviction of a violation under this subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$10,000. Each day of violation of each requirement shall constitute a separate offense.

2894 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who knowingly violates any provision of 2895 this chapter, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of 2896 death or serious bodily harm, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by a term of 2897 imprisonment of not less than two years nor more than 15 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000, 2898 either or both. A defendant that is not an individual shall, upon conviction of a violation under this 2899 subsection, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding the greater of \$1 million or an amount that is three 2900 times the economic benefit realized by the defendant as a result of the offense. The maximum penalty 2901 shall be doubled with respect to both fine and imprisonment for any subsequent conviction of the same 2902 person under this subsection.

(d) Criminal prosecution under this section shall be commenced within three years of discovery ofthe offense, notwithstanding the limitations provided in any other statute.

2905 2. That §§ 62.1-44.15:26, 62.1-44.15:32, 62.1-44.15:36, 62.1-44.15:38, 62.1-44.15:42 through 62.1-2906 44.15:45, 62.1-44.15:47, 62.1-44.15:56, 62.1-44.15:61, and 62.1-44.15:71 of the Code of Virginia are 2907 repealed.

2908 3. That any locality that operates a regulated municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) and 2909 was required to adopt a Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) as of July 1, 2014, is authorized to continue to operate its Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program (VESCP) 2911 and its VSMP until the State Water Control Board approves its consolidated VESMP.

4. That any locality that does not operate a regulated MS4 and elected to adopt a VSMP is authorized to continue to operate its VESCP and its VSMP until the State Water Control Board approves its consolidated VESMP.

2915 5. That any locality that does not operate a regulated MS4, did not elect to adopt a VSMP, and 2916 chooses to fully administer a VESMP pursuant to subdivision B 1 of § 62.1-44.15:27 of the Code of 2917 Virginia, as amended by this act, is authorized to continue to operate its VESCP until the State 2918 Water Control Board approves its consolidated VESMP. For any such locality that does not, as of 2919 the effective date of this act, employ a person holding a certificate of competence in the area of 2920 stormwater management plan review, project inspection, or program administration, the 2921 Department of Environmental Quality (the Department) shall assist with those responsibilities until 2922 new training and certifications have been obtained according to a timeframe to be established by 2923 the Department.

2924 6. That any locality that does not operate a regulated MS4, did not elect to adopt a VSMP, and 2925 chooses to administer a VESMP with the Department's assistance pursuant to subdivision B 2 of 2926 § 62.1-44.15:27 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, is authorized to continue to 2927 operate its VESCP until the State Water Control Board approves its consolidated VESMP. For 2928 any such locality that, as of the effective date of this act, does not employ a person holding a 2929 certificate of competence in the area of stormwater management plan review, project inspection, or 2930 program administration, the Department shall assist with those responsibilities until new training 2931 and certifications have been obtained according to a timeframe to be established by the 2932 Department. The Department shall be responsible for stormwater management plan review in any 2933 such locality.

2934 7. That any person who holds a valid separate, combined, or dual certificate of competence from 2935 the State Water Control Board in the area of erosion and sediment control plan review, project 2936 inspection, or program administration, or such a certificate in stormwater management plan review, project inspection, or program administration, shall retain such certification until the 2937 2938 Department establishes new training and certifications and provides a schedule according to which 2939 such a person may meet the eligibility requirements for certification or recertification, as 2940 applicable. The State Water Control Board shall incorporate the valid certificates of competence 2941 into the new eligibility requirements for certification or recertification purposes as appropriate.

2942 8. That the Department shall conduct an evaluation of fees related to the consolidated Virginia 2943 Erosion and Stormwater Management Program in order to determine whether the program can be 2944 funded adequately under the current fee structure. The Department shall conduct its evaluation 2945 based on revenues and resource needs from July 1, 2014, to June 30, 2016, and shall complete its 2946 assessment by September 1, 2016. Every VSMP authority and VESCP authority shall submit information to the Department by August 1, 2016, concerning its use of the fees that it received 2947 2948 under the Virginia Stormwater Management Program and Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program between July 1, 2014, and June 30, 2016. The information shall be submitted on a form 2949

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2950 to be provided by the Department. The Department shall then convene a Stakeholders Advisory 2951 Group (SAG) to review the Department's evaluation and consider the need to establish revised fees 2952 to fund the consolidated VESMP and any other issues of concern regarding the Virginia Erosion 2953 and Stormwater Management Program. The Department shall report the results of its evaluation 2954 and the SAG's discussion to the Governor and the chairs of the Senate Finance Committee, the 2955 House Appropriations Committee, the Senate Agriculture, Conservation and Natural Resources 2956 Committee, and the House Agriculture, Chesapeake and Natural Resources Committee by the first 2957 day of the 2017 Regular Session. 2958 9. That the State Water Control Board (the Board) shall adopt regulations to implement the 2959 requirements of this act. The adoption of such regulations shall be exempt from the requirements

of Article 2 (§ 2.2-4006 et seq.) of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia). However, the Department shall (i) provide a Notice of Intended Regulatory Action, (ii) form a stakeholders advisory group, (iii) provide for a 60-day public comment period prior to the Board's adoption of the regulations, and (iv) provide the Board with a written summary of comments received and responses to comments prior to the Board's adoption of the regulations.

2965 10. That the provisions of this act shall become effective July 1, 2017, or 30 days after the 2966 adoption by the State Water Control Board of the regulations required by the ninth enactment of 2967 this act, whichever occurs later.