16101632D **HOUSE BILL NO. 658** 1 2 Offered January 13, 2016 3 Prefiled January 11, 2016 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.1:4, and 18.2-308.2:3 of the Code of Virginia, 5 relating to protective orders; possession of firearms; penalty. 6 Patrons-Filler-Corn, Murphy, Plum and Watts 7 8 Referred to Committee on Militia, Police and Public Safety 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.1:4, and 18.2-308.2:3 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 11 reenacted as follows: 12 13 § 18.2-308.09. Disqualifications for a concealed handgun permit. 14 The following persons shall be deemed disqualified from obtaining a permit: 1. An individual who is ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, or 15 18.2-308.1:3 or the substantially similar law of any other state or of the United States. 16 2. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 and who was 17 discharged from the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to § 19.2-182.7 less than five years before 18 19 the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit. 20 3. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 and whose competency or capacity was restored pursuant to § 64.2-2012 less than five years before the date of his 21 22 application for a concealed handgun permit. 23 4. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:3 and who was released 24 from commitment less than five years before the date of this application for a concealed handgun 25 permit. 5. An individual who is subject to a restraining order, or to a protective order and prohibited by 26 27 § 18.2-308.1:4 from purchasing, *possessing*, or transporting a firearm. 28 6. An individual who is prohibited by § 18.2-308.2 from possessing or transporting a firearm, except 29 that a permit may be obtained in accordance with subsection C of that section. 30 7. An individual who has been convicted of two or more misdemeanors within the five-year period 31 immediately preceding the application, if one of the misdemeanors was a Class 1 misdemeanor, but the judge shall have the discretion to deny a permit for two or more misdemeanors that are not Class 1. Traffic infractions and misdemeanors set forth in Title 46.2 shall not be considered for purposes of this 32 33 34 disgualification. 35 8. An individual who is addicted to, or is an unlawful user or distributor of, marijuana, synthetic 36 cannabinoids, or any controlled substance. 37 9. An individual who has been convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar local 38 ordinance, or of public drunkenness, or of a substantially similar offense under the laws of any other 39 state, the District of Columbia, the United States, or its territories within the three-year period 40 immediately preceding the application, or who is a habitual drunkard as determined pursuant to 41 § 4.1-333. 10. An alien other than an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States. 42 11. An individual who has been discharged from the armed forces of the United States under 43 44 dishonorable conditions. 45 12. An individual who is a fugitive from justice. 13. An individual who the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, based on specific acts by 46 47 the applicant, is likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth may submit to the court a sworn, written statement 48 49 indicating that, in the opinion of such sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth, based 50 upon a disqualifying conviction or upon the specific acts set forth in the statement, the applicant is 51 likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The statement of the sheriff, chief of police, or the attorney for the Commonwealth shall be based upon personal knowledge of such 52 53 individual or of a deputy sheriff, police officer, or assistant attorney for the Commonwealth of the specific acts, or upon a written statement made under oath before a notary public of a competent person 54 55 having personal knowledge of the specific acts. 14. An individual who has been convicted of any assault, assault and battery, sexual battery, 56 discharging of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-280 or 18.2-286.1 or brandishing of a firearm in 57 58 violation of § 18.2-282 within the three-year period immediately preceding the application.

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59 15. An individual who has been convicted of stalking.

16. An individual whose previous convictions or adjudications of delinquency were based on an
offense that would have been at the time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws
of any state, the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories. For purposes of this
disqualifier, only convictions occurring within 16 years following the later of the date of (i) the
conviction or adjudication or (ii) release from any incarceration imposed upon such conviction or
adjudication shall be deemed to be "previous convictions."

66 17. An individual who has a felony charge pending or a charge pending for an offense listed in67 subdivision 14 or 15.

68 18. An individual who has received mental health treatment or substance abuse treatment in a residential setting within five years prior to the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

19. An individual not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, who, within the three-year period immediately preceding the application for the permit, was found guilty of any criminal offense set forth in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or former § 18.2-248.1:1 or of a criminal offense of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any controlled substance, under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

75 20. An individual, not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, with respect to whom, within the three-year period immediately preceding the application, upon a charge of any criminal offense set forth 76 77 in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or former § 18.2-248.1:1 or upon a charge of illegal possession or 78 distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any controlled substance under the laws of any 79 state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories, the trial court found that the facts 80 of the case were sufficient for a finding of guilt and disposed of the case pursuant to § 18.2-251 or the substantially similar law of any other state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its 81 82 territories.

83 § 18.2-308.1:4. Purchase, possession, or transportation of firearm by persons subject to 84 protective orders; penalty.

85 It is unlawful for any person who is subject to (i) a protective order entered pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, 16.1-278.2, 16.1-279.1, 19.2-152.8, 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10; (ii) an order issued pursuant 86 87 to subsection B of § 20-103; (iii) an order entered pursuant to subsection E of § 18.2-60.3; (iv) a 88 preliminary protective order entered pursuant to subsection F of § 16.1-253 where a petition alleging 89 abuse or neglect has been filed; or (v) an order issued by a tribunal of another state, the United States 90 or any of its territories, possessions or commonwealths, or the District of Columbia pursuant to a statute 91 that is substantially similar to those cited in clauses (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) to purchase, possess, or 92 transport any firearm while the order is in effect. Any person with a concealed handgun permit shall be 93 prohibited from carrying any concealed firearm, and shall surrender his permit to the court entering the 94 order, for the duration of any protective order referred to herein. A violation of this section is a Class 1 95 misdemeanor.

§ 18.2-308.2:3. Criminal background check required for employees of a gun dealer to transfer firearms; exemptions; penalties.

A. No person, corporation or proprietorship licensed as a firearms dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921
et seq. shall employ any person to act as a seller, whether full-time or part-time, permanent, temporary, paid or unpaid, for the transfer of firearms under § 18.2-308.2:2, if such employee would be prohibited from possessing a firearm under §§ 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:3, *18.2-308.1:4*, 18.2-308.2;
or § 18.2-308.2:01 or is an illegal alien, or is prohibited from purchasing or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:4.

B. Prior to permitting an applicant to begin employment, the dealer shall obtain a written statement
or affirmation from the applicant that he is not disqualified from possessing a firearm and shall submit
the applicant's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central Criminal Records
Exchange to be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of obtaining
national criminal history record information regarding the applicant.

C. Prior to August 1, 2000, the dealer shall obtain written statements or affirmations from persons
employed before July 1, 2000, to act as a seller under § 18.2-308.2:2 that they are not disqualified from
possessing a firearm. Within five working days of the employee's next birthday, after August 1, 2000,
the dealer shall submit the employee's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central
Criminal Records Exchange to be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the
purpose of obtaining national criminal history record information regarding the request.

115 C1. In lieu of submitting fingerprints pursuant to this section, any dealer holding a valid federal 116 firearms license (FFL) issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) may submit a 117 sworn and notarized affidavit to the Department of State Police on a form provided by the Department, 118 stating that the dealer has been subjected to a record check prior to the issuance and that the FFL was 119 issued by the ATF. The affidavit may also contain the names of any employees that have been subjected 120 to a record check and approved by the ATF. This exemption shall apply regardless of whether the FFL 3 of 3

121 was issued in the name of the dealer or in the name of the business. The affidavit shall contain the valid 122 FFL number, state the name of each person requesting the exemption, together with each person's 123 identifying information, including their social security number and the following statement: "I hereby 124 swear, under the penalty of perjury, that as a condition of obtaining a federal firearms license, each 125 person requesting an exemption in this affidavit has been subjected to a fingerprint identification check 126 by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms 127 subsequently determined that each person satisfied the requirements of 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq. I 128 understand that any person convicted of making a false statement in this affidavit is guilty of a Class 5 129 felony and that in addition to any other penalties imposed by law, a conviction under this section shall 130 result in the forfeiture of my federal firearms license."

D. The Department of State Police, upon receipt of an individual's record or notification that no
 record exists, shall submit an eligibility report to the requesting dealer within 30 days of the applicant
 beginning his duties for new employees or within 30 days of the applicant's birthday for a person
 employed prior to July 1, 2000.

E. If any applicant is denied employment because of information appearing on the criminal history record and the applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was based, the Central Criminal Records Exchange shall, upon written request, furnish to the applicant the procedures for obtaining a copy of the criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The information provided to the dealer shall not be disseminated except as provided in this section.

F. The applicant shall bear the cost of obtaining the criminal history record unless the dealer, at his option, decides to pay such cost.

G. Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall establish a unique number for that firearm seller. Beginning September 1, 2001, the firearm seller's signature, firearm seller's number and the dealer's identification number shall be on all firearm transaction forms. The State Police shall void the firearm seller's number when a disqualifying record is discovered. The State Police may suspend a firearm seller's identification number upon the arrest of the firearm seller for a potentially disqualifying crime.

H. This section shall not restrict the transfer of a firearm at any place other than at a dealership or at any event required to be registered as a gun show.

I. Any person who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history record information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to disseminate criminal history record information except as authorized by this section and § 18.2-308.2:2, shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

J. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the personal descriptive information required in this section shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony. Any person who offers for transfer any firearm in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Any dealer who willfully and knowingly employs or permits a person to act as a firearm seller in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

K. There is no civil liability for any seller for the actions of any purchaser or subsequent transfereeof a firearm lawfully transferred pursuant to this section.

161 L. The provisions of this section requiring a seller's background check shall not apply to a licensed 162 dealer.

163 M. Any person who willfully and intentionally makes a false statement in the affidavit as set out in 164 subdivision C 1 shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

165 N. For purposes of this section:

"Dealer" means any person, corporation or proprietorship licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C.
\$ 921 et seq.

168 "Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be 169 converted to expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.

170 "Place of business" means any place or premises where a dealer may lawfully transfer firearms.

171 "Seller" means for the purpose of any single sale of a firearm any person who is a dealer or an agent
172 of a dealer, who may lawfully transfer firearms and who actually performs the criminal background
173 check in accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-308.2:2.

174 "Transfer" means any act performed with intent to sell, rent, barter, trade or otherwise transfer
175 ownership or permanent possession of a firearm at the place of business of a dealer.

176 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 177 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation is \$0 178 for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities and cannot be determined for 179 periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.