2016 SESSION

INTRODUCED

HB607

16100306D **HOUSE BILL NO. 607** 1 2 Offered January 13, 2016 Prefiled January 11, 2016 4 5 A BILL to amend and reenact § 17.1-805 of the Code of Virginia, relating to violent felony offenses; prostitution. 6 Patron—Bell, Robert B. 7 8 Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 17.1-805 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 § 17.1-805. Adoption of initial discretionary sentencing guideline midpoints. 12 A. The Commission shall adopt an initial set of discretionary felony sentencing guidelines which shall become effective on January 1, 1995. The initial recommended sentencing range for each felony during the base period of calendar years 1988 through 1992, increased by 13.4 percent, and second, by following additional enhancements: violent felony offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more shall be imprisonment for life; 31 2. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for voluntary manslaughter, robbery, 32 aggravated malicious wounding, malicious wounding, and any burglary of a dwelling house or statutory 33 burglary of a dwelling house or any burglary committed while armed with a deadly weapon or any 34 statutory burglary committed while armed with a deadly weapon shall be further increased by (i) 100 35 percent in cases in which the defendant has no previous conviction of a violent felony offense, (ii) 300 36 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense 37 punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of less than 40 years, or (iii) 500 percent in cases in 38 39 maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more; 3. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for manufacturing, selling, giving or offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more; and 4. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for felony offenses not specified in offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more. B. For purposes of this chapter, previous convictions shall include prior adult convictions and

51 52 juvenile convictions and adjudications of delinquency based on an offense which would have been at the 53 time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws of any state, the District of 54 Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

C. For purposes of this chapter, violent felony offenses shall include any felony violation of § 16.1-253.2; solicitation to commit murder under § 18.2-29; any violation of § 18.2-31, 18.2-32, 55 56 18.2-32.1, 18.2-32.2, 18.2-33, or 18.2-35; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-36.1; any violation of 57 58 § 18.2-40 or 18.2-41; any violation of clause (c)(i) or (ii) of subsection B of § 18.2-46.3; any violation

13 14 15 offense shall be determined first, by computing the actual time-served distribution for similarly situated 16 offenders, in terms of their conviction offense and prior criminal history, released from incarceration 17 eliminating from this range the upper and lower quartiles. The midpoint of each initial recommended 18 19 sentencing range shall be the median time served for the middle two quartiles and subject to the 20

21 1. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for first degree murder, second degree 22 murder, rape in violation of § 18.2-61, forcible sodomy, object sexual penetration, and aggravated sexual 23 battery, shall be further increased by (i) 125 percent in cases in which the defendant has no previous 24 conviction of a violent felony offense; (ii) 300 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously 25 been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of less than 40 years; or (iii) 500 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony 26 27 offense punishable by a maximum punishment of 40 years or more, except that the recommended sentence for a defendant convicted of first degree murder who has previously been convicted of a 28 29 30

which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a

40 41 distributing, or possessing with the intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute a Schedule I or II controlled substance shall be increased by (i) 200 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously 42 been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of less than 40 years 43 or (ii) 400 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony 44 45

46 47 subdivision 1, 2, or 3 shall be increased by 100 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of less than 40 years, 48 49 and by 300 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony 50

of § 18.2-46.5, 18.2-46.6, or 18.2-46.7; any Class 5 felony violation of § 18.2-47; any felony violation 59 60 of § 18.2-48, 18.2-48.1, or 18.2-49; any violation of § 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-51.2, 18.2-51.3, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-51.6, 18.2-52, 18.2-52.1, 18.2-53, 18.2-53.1, 18.2-54.1, 18.2-54.2, or 18.2-55; any 61 62 violation of subsection B of § 18.2-57; any felony violation of § 18.2-57.2; any violation of § 18.2-58 or 18.2-58.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-60.1, 18.2-60.3, or 18.2-60.4; any violation of § 18.2-61, 63 64 18.2-64.1, 18.2-67.1, 18.2-67.2, former § 18.2-67.2:1, 18.2-67.3, 18.2-67.5, or 18.2-67.5:1 involving a 65 third conviction of either sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.4 or attempted sexual battery in violation of subsection C of § 18.2-67.5; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-63; any violation of 66 subsection A of § 18.2-67.4:1; any violation of subsection A of § 18.2-77; any Class 3 felony violation 67 of § 18.2-79; any Class 3 felony violation of § 18.2-80; any violation of § 18.2-85, 18.2-89, 18.2-90, 68 18.2-91, 18.2-92, or 18.2-93; any felony violation of § 18.2-152.7; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-153; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-154; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-155; any 69 70 felony violation of § 18.2-162; any violation of § 18.2-279 involving an occupied dwelling; any felony 71 violation of subsection A or B of § 18.2-280; any violation of § 18.2-281; any felony violation of 72 subsection A of § 18.2-282; any felony violation of § 18.2-282.1; any violation of § 18.2-286.1, 73 74 18.2-287.2, 18.2-289, or 18.2-290; any violation of subsection A of § 18.2-300; any felony violation of 75 subsection C of § 18.2-308.1 or 18.2-308.2; any violation of § 18.2-308.2:1 or subsection M or N of § 18.2-308.2:2; any violation of § 18.2-308.3 or 18.2-312; any felony violation of § 18.2-346; any 76 77 violation of subdivision (2) or (3) of § 18.2-355; any violation of §, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1; any violation of former § 18.2-358; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-361; any violation of 78 79 subsection B of § 18.2-366; any violation of § 18.2-368, 18.2-370, or 18.2-370.1; any violation of 80 subsection A of § 18.2-371.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-369 resulting in serious bodily injury or disease; any violation of § 18.2-374.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-374.1:1; any violation of § 18.2-374.3 or 18.2-374.4; any second or subsequent offense under §§ 18.2-379 and 18.2-381; any felony violation of § 18.2-405 or 18.2-406; any violation of § 18.2-408, 18.2-413, 18.2-414, 18.2-423, 81 82 83 84 18.2-423.01, 18.2-423.1, 18.2-423.2, or 18.2-433.2; any felony violation of § 18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, or 85 18.2-477.1; any violation of § 18.2-477, 18.2-478, 18.2-480, 18.2-481, or 18.2-485; any violation of 86 § 37.2-917; any violation of § 52-48; any violation of § 53.1-203; or any conspiracy or attempt to 87 commit any offense specified in this subsection, and any substantially similar offense under the laws of 88 any state, the District of Columbia, *or* the United States or its territories. 89 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 90 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot

be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 665 of the Acts of Assembly of 2015 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the

95 Department of Juvenile Justice.