2016 SESSION

ENROLLED

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact § 58.1-811, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, of 3 the Code of Virginia and to repeal § 58.1-806 of the Code of Virginia, relating to recordation tax; 4 exemption.

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Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

8 1. That § 58.1-811, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, of the Code of 9 Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 10

§ 58.1-811. (Contingent expiration date) Exemptions.

11 A. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-801 and 58.1-807 shall not apply to any deed conveying real estate 12 or lease of real estate:

13 1. To an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for profit, where such real estate is intended to be used for educational purposes and not as a source of revenue or 14 15 profit;

16 2. To an incorporated church or religious body or to the trustee or trustees of any church or religious 17 body, or a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1, where such real estate is intended to be used exclusively for religious purposes, or for the residence of the minister of any such church or religious body; 18

19 3. To the United States, the Commonwealth, or to any county, city, town, district or other political 20 subdivision of the Commonwealth; 21

4. To the Virginia Division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy;

22 5. To any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning or operating a 23 hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

24 6. To a corporation upon its organization by persons in control of the corporation in a transaction 25 which qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss pursuant to § 351 of the Internal Revenue Code as it 26 exists at the time of the conveyance;

27 7. From a corporation to its stockholders upon complete or partial liquidation of the corporation in a 28 transaction which qualifies for income tax treatment pursuant to § 331, 332, 333, or 337 of the Internal 29 Revenue Code as it exists at the time of liquidation;

30 8. To the surviving or new corporation, partnership, limited partnership, business trust, or limited 31 liability company upon a merger or consolidation to which two or more such entities are parties, or in a 32 reorganization within the meaning of § 368(a)(1)(C) and (F) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended;

33 9. To a subsidiary corporation from its parent corporation, or from a subsidiary corporation to a 34 parent corporation, if the transaction qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss under the Internal 35 Revenue Code as amended;

10. To a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantors are entitled to receive not less 36 37 than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that 38 the transfer to a limited liability company is not a precursor to a transfer of control of the assets of the 39 company to avoid recordation taxes;

40 11. From a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantees are entitled to receive not less 41 than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that 42 the transfer from a limited liability company is not subsequent to a transfer of control of the assets of 43 the company to avoid recordation taxes;

44 12. To trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the grantors in the deed and the beneficiaries of 45 the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries may also be named in the trust instrument, when no consideration has passed between the grantor and the beneficiaries; and to the 46 47 original beneficiaries of a trust from the trustees holding title under a deed in trust;

48 13. When the grantor is the personal representative of a decedent's estate or trustee under a will or 49 inter vivos trust of which the decedent was the settlor, other than a deed of trust conveying property to secure the payment of money or the performance of an obligation, and the sole purpose of such transfer 50 is to comply with a devise or bequest in the decedent's will or to transfer title to one or more 51 beneficiaries after the death of the settlor in accordance with a dispositive provision in the trust 52 53 instrument; or

54 14. When the grantor is an organization exempt from taxation under $\S 501(c)(3)$ of the Internal 55 Revenue Code that is organized and operated primarily to acquire land and purchase materials to erect 56 or rehabilitate low-cost homes on such land, which homes are sold at cost to persons who otherwise

[H 596]

HB596ER

2 of 4

would be unable to afford to buy a home through conventional means; 57

58 15. When it is a deed of partition, or any combination of deeds simultaneously executed and having 59 the effect of a deed of partition, among joint tenants, tenants in common, or coparceners; or

16. When it is a deed transferring property pursuant to a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance or pursuant to a written instrument incident to such divorce or separation. 60 61 62

B. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-803 and 58.1-804 shall not apply to any deed of trust or mortgage:

1. Given by an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for 63 64 profit;

65 2. Given by the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or given by an incorporated church 66 or religious body, or given by a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1;

67 3. Given by any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning and/or 68 operating a hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

4. Given by any local governmental entity or political subdivision of the Commonwealth to secure a 69 debt payable to any other local governmental entity or political subdivision; or 70 71

5. Securing a loan made by an organization described in subdivision A 14.C. The tax imposed by § 58.1-802 and the fee imposed by § 58.1-802.2 shall not apply to any:

1. Transaction described in subdivisions A 6 through 13, 15, and 16;

2. Instrument or writing given to secure a debt;

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75 3. Deed conveying real estate from an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of 76 learning not conducted for profit;

77 4. Deed conveying real estate from the United States, the Commonwealth or any county, city, town, 78 district or other political subdivision thereof;

79 5. Conveyance of real estate to the Commonwealth or any county, city, town, district or other political subdivision thereof, if such political unit is required by law to reimburse the parties taxable 80 pursuant to § 58.1-802 or subject to the fee under § 58.1-802.2; or 81

6. Deed conveying real estate from the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or from an 82 83 incorporated church or religious body, or from a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1.

D. No recordation tax shall be required for the recordation of any deed of gift between a grantor or 84 85 grantors and a grantee or grantees when no consideration has passed between the parties. Such deed 86 shall state therein that it is a deed of gift.

E. The tax imposed by § 58.1-807 shall not apply to any lease to the United States, the 87 88 Commonwealth, or any county, city, town, district or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

89 F. The taxes and fees imposed by §§ 58.1-801, 58.1-802, 58.1-802.2, 58.1-807, 58.1-808, and 90 58.1-814 shall not apply to (i) any deed of gift conveying real estate or any interest therein to The 91 Nature Conservancy or (ii) any lease of real property or any interest therein to The Nature Conservancy, 92 where such deed of gift or lease of real estate is intended to be used exclusively for the purpose of 93 preserving wilderness, natural or open space areas.

G. The words "trustee" or "trustees," as used in subdivisions A 2, B 2, and C 6, include the trustees 94 95 mentioned in § 57-8 and the ecclesiastical officers mentioned in § 57-16.

H. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on the release of a contractual 96 97 right, if the release is contained within a single deed that performs more than one function, and at least one of the other functions performed by the deed is subject to the recordation tax. 98

99 I. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on a deed, lease, easement, release, or other document recorded in connection with a concession pursuant to the Public-Private 100 Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 33.2-1800 et seq.) or similar federal law. 101

J. No recordation tax shall be required for the recordation of any transfer on death deed or any 102 103 revocation of transfer on death deed made pursuant to the Uniform Real Property Transfer on Death Act 104 (§ 64.2-621 et seq.) when no consideration has passed between the parties. 105

§ 58.1-811. (Contingent effective date) Exemptions.

106 A. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-801 and 58.1-807 shall not apply to any deed conveying real estate 107 or lease of real estate:

108 1. To an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for profit, 109 where such real estate is intended to be used for educational purposes and not as a source of revenue or 110 profit;

111 2. To an incorporated church or religious body or to the trustee or trustees of any church or religious body, or a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1, where such real estate is intended to be used exclusively 112 for religious purposes, or for the residence of the minister of any such church or religious body; 113

114 3. To the United States, the Commonwealth, or to any county, city, town, district or other political 115 subdivision of the Commonwealth;

116 4. To the Virginia Division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy;

5. To any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning or operating a 117

HB596ER

118 hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

6. To a corporation upon its organization by persons in control of the corporation in a transaction
which qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss pursuant to § 351 of the Internal Revenue Code as it
exists at the time of the conveyance;

122 7. From a corporation to its stockholders upon complete or partial liquidation of the corporation in a
123 transaction which qualifies for income tax treatment pursuant to § 331, 332, 333, or 337 of the Internal
124 Revenue Code as it exists at the time of liquidation;

8. To the surviving or new corporation, partnership, limited partnership, business trust, or limited liability company upon a merger or consolidation to which two or more such entities are parties, or in a reorganization within the meaning of § 368(a)(1)(C) and (F) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended;

9. To a subsidiary corporation from its parent corporation, or from a subsidiary corporation to a parent corporation, if the transaction qualifies for nonrecognition of gain or loss under the Internal Revenue Code as amended;

10. To a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantors are entitled to receive not less
than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that
the transfer to a limited liability company is not a precursor to a transfer of control of the assets of the
company to avoid recordation taxes;

135 11. From a partnership or limited liability company, when the grantees are entitled to receive not less
than 50 percent of the profits and surplus of such partnership or limited liability company; provided that
the transfer from a limited liability company is not subsequent to a transfer of control of the assets of
the company to avoid recordation taxes;

139 12. To trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the grantors in the deed and the beneficiaries of
the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries may also be named in the trust
instrument, when no consideration has passed between the grantor and the beneficiaries; and to the
original beneficiaries of a trust from the trustees holding title under a deed in trust;

143 13. When the grantor is the personal representative of a decedent's estate or trustee under a will or
144 inter vivos trust of which the decedent was the settlor, other than a deed of trust conveying property to
145 secure the payment of money or the performance of an obligation, and the sole purpose of such transfer
146 is to comply with a devise or bequest in the decedent's will or to transfer title to one or more
147 beneficiaries after the death of the settlor in accordance with a dispositive provision in the trust
148 instrument; or

149 14. When the grantor is an organization exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal
150 Revenue Code that is organized and operated primarily to acquire land and purchase materials to erect
151 or rehabilitate low-cost homes on such land, which homes are sold at cost to persons who otherwise
152 would be unable to afford to buy a home through conventional means;

153 15. Pursuant to any deed of partition, or any combination of deeds simultaneously executed and 154 having the effect of a deed of partition, among joint tenants, tenants in common, or coparceners; or

155 16. Pursuant to any deed transferring property pursuant to a decree of divorce or of separate 156 maintenance or pursuant to a written instrument incident to such divorce or separation.

B. The taxes imposed by §§ 58.1-803 and 58.1-804 shall not apply to any deed of trust or mortgage:

158 1. Given by an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of learning not conducted for159 profit;

160 2. Given by the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or given by an incorporated church or religious body, or given by a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1;

162 3. Given by any nonstock corporation organized exclusively for the purpose of owning and/or163 operating a hospital or hospitals not for pecuniary profit;

4. Given by any local governmental entity or political subdivision of the Commonwealth to secure adebt payable to any other local governmental entity or political subdivision; or

166 5. Securing a loan made by an organization described in subdivision A 14.

167 C. The tax imposed by § 58.1-802 shall not apply to any:

168 1. Transaction described in subdivisions A 6 through 13, 15, and 16;

169 2. Instrument or writing given to secure a debt;

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170 3. Deed conveying real estate from an incorporated college or other incorporated institution of171 learning not conducted for profit;

4. Deed conveying real estate from the United States, the Commonwealth or any county, city, town, district or other political subdivision thereof;

174 5. Conveyance of real estate to the Commonwealth or any county, city, town, district or other
175 political subdivision thereof, if such political unit is required by law to reimburse the parties taxable
176 pursuant to § 58.1-802; or

177 6. Deed conveying real estate from the trustee or trustees of a church or religious body or from an incorporated church or religious body, or from a corporation mentioned in § 57-16.1.

179 D. No recordation tax shall be required for the recordation of any deed of gift between a grantor or grantors and a grantee or grantees when no consideration has passed between the parties. Such deed181 shall state therein that it is a deed of gift.

E. The tax imposed by § 58.1-807 shall not apply to any lease to the United States, the
 Commonwealth, or any county, city, town, district or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

F. The taxes and fees imposed by §§ 58.1-801, 58.1-802, 58.1-807, 58.1-808, and 58.1-814 shall not apply to (i) any deed of gift conveying real estate or any interest therein to The Nature Conservancy or (ii) any lease of real property or any interest therein to The Nature Conservancy, where such deed of gift or lease of real estate is intended to be used exclusively for the purpose of preserving wilderness, natural or open space areas.

189 G. The words "trustee" or "trustees," as used in subdivisions A 2, B 2, and C 6, include the trustees **190** mentioned in § 57-8 and the ecclesiastical officers mentioned in § 57-16.

H. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on the release of a contractual right, if the release is contained within a single deed that performs more than one function, and at least one of the other functions performed by the deed is subject to the recordation tax.

I. No recordation tax levied pursuant to this chapter shall be levied on a deed, lease, easement,
 release, or other document recorded in connection with a concession pursuant to the Public-Private
 Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 33.2-1800 et seq.) or similar federal law.

197 J. No recordation tax shall be required for the recordation of any transfer on death deed or any revocation of transfer on death deed made pursuant to the Uniform Real Property Transfer on Death Act (§ 64.2-621 et seq.) when no consideration has passed between the parties.

200 2. That § 58.1-806 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.