# **2016 SESSION**

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1 2	HOUSE BILL NO. 203 Offered January 13, 2016
3	Prefiled December 28, 2015
4 5	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-241 and 63.2-100, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section
6	numbered 16.1-283.3 and by adding in Chapter 9 of Title 63.2 an article numbered 2, consisting of
7	sections numbered 63.2-916 through 63.2-921, relating to extended foster care services and support.
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9	Patrons—Lingamfelter, Peace and Toscano
10	Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions
11 12	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 16.1-241 and 63.2-100, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the
14	Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding
15	a section numbered 16.1-283.3 and by adding in Chapter 9 of Title 63.2 an article numbered 2,
16 17	consisting of sections numbered 63.2-916 through 63.2-921, as follows: § 16.1-241. Jurisdiction; consent for abortion.
18	The judges of the juvenile and domestic relations district court elected or appointed under this law
19	shall be conservators of the peace within the corporate limits of the cities and the boundaries of the
20	counties for which they are respectively chosen and within one mile beyond the limits of such cities and
21 22	counties. Except as hereinafter provided, each juvenile and domestic relations district court shall have, within the limits of the territory for which it is created, exclusive original jurisdiction, and within one
$\frac{22}{23}$	mile beyond the limits of said city or county, concurrent jurisdiction with the juvenile court or courts of
24	the adjoining city or county, over all cases, matters and proceedings involving:
25	A. The custody, visitation, support, control or disposition of a child:
26 27	1. Who is alleged to be abused, neglected, in need of services, in need of supervision, a status offender, or delinquent except where the jurisdiction of the juvenile court has been terminated or
28	divested;
<b>29</b>	2. Who is abandoned by his parent or other custodian or who by reason of the absence or physical
30 31	or mental incapacity of his parents is without parental care and guardianship; 2a. Who is at risk of being abused or neglected by a parent or custodian who has been adjudicated
32	as having abused or neglected another child in the care of the parent or custodian;
33	3. Whose custody, visitation or support is a subject of controversy or requires determination. In such
34	cases jurisdiction shall be concurrent with and not exclusive of courts having equity jurisdiction, except
35 36	as provided in § 16.1-244; 4. Who is the subject of an entrustment agreement entered into pursuant to § 63.2-903 or 63.2-1817
37	or whose parent or parents for good cause desire to be relieved of his care and custody;
38	5. Where the termination of residual parental rights and responsibilities is sought. In such cases
39 40	jurisdiction shall be concurrent with and not exclusive of courts having equity jurisdiction, as provided in § 16.1-244; and
<b>4</b> 0 <b>4</b> 1	6. Who is charged with a traffic infraction as defined in § 46.2-100.
42	In any case in which the juvenile is alleged to have committed a violent juvenile felony enumerated
43	in subsection B of § 16.1-269.1, and for any charges ancillary thereto, the jurisdiction of the juvenile
44 45	court shall be limited to conducting a preliminary hearing to determine if there is probable cause to believe that the juvenile committed the act alleged and that the juvenile was 14 years of age or older at
46	the time of the commission of the alleged offense, and any matters related thereto. In any case in which
47	the juvenile is alleged to have committed a violent juvenile felony enumerated in subsection C of
48 49	§ 16.1-269.1, and for all charges ancillary thereto, if the attorney for the Commonwealth has given notice as provided in subsection C of § 16.1-269.1, the jurisdiction of the juvenile court shall be limited
49 50	to conducting a preliminary hearing to determine if there is probable cause to believe that the juvenile
51	committed the act alleged and that the juvenile was 14 years of age or older at the time of the
52 53	commission of the alleged offense, and any matters related thereto. A determination by the juvenile court following a preliminary baseling pursuant to subsection $P_{i}$ or $C_{i}$ of $\delta$ 16.1.260.1 to cortify a charge
53 54	court following a preliminary hearing pursuant to subsection B or C of § 16.1-269.1 to certify a charge to the grand jury shall divest the juvenile court of jurisdiction over the charge and any ancillary charge.
55	In any case in which a transfer hearing is held pursuant to subsection A of § 16.1-269.1, if the juvenile
56 57	court determines to transfer the case, jurisdiction of the juvenile court over the case shall be divested as

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provided in § 16.1-269.6. In all other cases involving delinquent acts, and in cases in which an ancillary charge remains after a 57 58

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violent juvenile felony charge has been dismissed or a violent juvenile felony has been reduced to a
lesser offense not constituting a violent juvenile felony, the jurisdiction of the juvenile court shall not be
divested unless there is a transfer pursuant to subsection A of § 16.1-269.1.

The authority of the juvenile court to adjudicate matters involving the custody, visitation, support, 62 63 control or disposition of a child shall not be limited to the consideration of petitions filed by a mother, 64 father or legal guardian but shall include petitions filed at any time by any party with a legitimate 65 interest therein. A party with a legitimate interest shall be broadly construed and shall include, but not be limited to, grandparents, step-grandparents, stepparents, former stepparents, blood relatives and family 66 members. A party with a legitimate interest shall not include any person (i) whose parental rights have 67 68 been terminated by court order, either voluntarily or involuntarily, (ii) whose interest in the child derives from or through a person whose parental rights have been terminated by court order, either voluntarily 69 or involuntarily, including, but not limited to, grandparents, stepparents, former stepparents, blood 70 71 relatives and family members, if the child subsequently has been legally adopted, except where a final order of adoption is entered pursuant to § 63.2-1241, or (iii) who has been convicted of a violation of 72 subsection A of § 18.2-61, § 18.2-63, subsection B of § 18.2-366, or an equivalent offense of another 73 74 state, the United States, or any foreign jurisdiction, when the child who is the subject of the petition was 75 conceived as a result of such violation. The authority of the juvenile court to consider a petition involving the custody of a child shall not be proscribed or limited where the child has previously been 76 77 awarded to the custody of a local board of social services.

B. The admission of minors for inpatient treatment in a mental health facility in accordance with the provisions of Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) and the involuntary admission of a person with mental illness or judicial certification of eligibility for admission to a training center for persons with intellectual disability in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 8 (§ 37.2-800 et seq.) of Title 37.2.
Jurisdiction of the involuntary admission and certification of adults shall be concurrent with the general district court.

84 C. Except as provided in subsections D and H, judicial consent to such activities as may require
85 parental consent may be given for a child who has been separated from his parents, guardian, legal
86 custodian or other person standing in loco parentis and is in the custody of the court when such consent
87 is required by law.

D. Judicial consent for emergency surgical or medical treatment for a child who is neither married
nor has ever been married, when the consent of his parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person
standing in loco parentis is unobtainable because such parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person
standing in loco parentis (i) is not a resident of the Commonwealth, (ii) has his whereabouts unknown,
(iii) cannot be consulted with promptness, reasonable under the circumstances, or (iv) fails to give such
consent or provide such treatment when requested by the judge to do so.

E. Any person charged with deserting, abandoning or failing to provide support for any person in violation of law.

F. Any parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis of a child:

1. Who has been abused or neglected;

98 2. Who is the subject of an entrustment agreement entered into pursuant to § 63.2-903 or 63.2-181799 or is otherwise before the court pursuant to subdivision A 4; or

3. Who has been adjudicated in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent, if the court finds that such person has by overt act or omission induced, caused, encouraged or contributed to the conduct of the child complained of in the petition.

G. Petitions filed by or on behalf of a child or such child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis for the purpose of obtaining treatment, rehabilitation or other services that are required by law to be provided for that child or such child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco parentis. Jurisdiction in such cases shall be concurrent with and not exclusive of that of courts having equity jurisdiction as provided in § 16.1-244.

108 H. Judicial consent to apply for a work permit for a child when such child is separated from his parents, legal guardian or other person standing in loco parentis.

I. The prosecution and punishment of persons charged with ill-treatment, abuse, abandonment or neglect of children or with any violation of law that causes or tends to cause a child to come within the purview of this law, or with any other offense against the person of a child. In prosecution for felonies over which the court has jurisdiction, jurisdiction shall be limited to determining whether or not there is probable cause.

**115** J. All offenses in which one family or household member is charged with an offense in which another family or household member is the victim and all offenses under § 18.2-49.1.

117 In prosecution for felonies over which the court has jurisdiction, jurisdiction shall be limited to 118 determining whether or not there is probable cause. Any objection based on jurisdiction under this 119 subsection shall be made before a jury is impaneled and sworn in a jury trial or, in a nonjury trial, 120 before the earlier of when the court begins to hear or receive evidence or the first witness is sworn, or it

121 shall be conclusively waived for all purposes. Any such objection shall not affect or be grounds for 122 challenging directly or collaterally the jurisdiction of the court in which the case is tried.

K. Petitions filed by a natural parent, whose parental rights to a child have been voluntarily
 relinquished pursuant to a court proceeding, to seek a reversal of the court order terminating such
 parental rights. No such petition shall be accepted, however, after the child has been placed in the home
 of adoptive parents.

127 L. Any person who seeks spousal support after having separated from his spouse. A decision under
 128 this subdivision shall not be res judicata in any subsequent action for spousal support in a circuit court.
 129 A circuit court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction in all causes of action under this subdivision.

M. Petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining an order of protection pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1, and all petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining an order of protection pursuant to § 19.2-152.8, 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10 if either the alleged victim or the respondent is a juvenile.

N. Any person who escapes or remains away without proper authority from a residential care facility
in which he had been placed by the court or as a result of his commitment to the Virginia Department
of Juvenile Justice.

O. Petitions for emancipation of a minor pursuant to Article 15 (§ 16.1-331 et seq.).

P. Petitions for enforcement of administrative support orders entered pursuant to Chapter 19
(§ 63.2-1900 et seq.) of Title 63.2, or by another state in the same manner as if the orders were entered
by a juvenile and domestic relations district court upon the filing of a certified copy of such order in the
juvenile and domestic relations district court.

**142** Q. Petitions for a determination of parentage pursuant to Chapter 3.1 (§ 20-49.1 et seq.) of Title 20.

143 A circuit court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction to the extent provided for in § 20-49.2.

R. [Repealed.]

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**145** S. Petitions filed by school boards against parents pursuant to §§ 16.1-241.2 and 22.1-279.3.

T. Petitions to enforce any request for information or subpoend that is not complied with or to review any refusal to issue a subpoend in an administrative appeal regarding child abuse and neglect pursuant to § 63.2-1526.

U. Petitions filed in connection with parental placement adoption consent hearings pursuant to
§ 63.2-1233. Such proceedings shall be advanced on the docket so as to be heard by the court within 10 days of filing of the petition, or as soon thereafter as practicable so as to provide the earliest possible disposition.

V. Petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining the court's assistance with the execution of consent to an adoption when the consent to an adoption is executed pursuant to the laws of another state and the laws of that state provide for the execution of consent to an adoption in the court of the 156 Commonwealth.

W. Petitions filed by a juvenile seeking judicial authorization for a physician to perform an abortionif a minor elects not to seek consent of an authorized person.

159 After a hearing, a judge shall issue an order authorizing a physician to perform an abortion, without 160 the consent of any authorized person, if he finds that (i) the minor is mature enough and well enough 161 informed to make her abortion decision, in consultation with her physician, independent of the wishes of 162 any authorized person, or (ii) the minor is not mature enough or well enough informed to make such 163 decision, but the desired abortion would be in her best interest.

164 If the judge authorizes an abortion based on the best interests of the minor, such order shall 165 expressly state that such authorization is subject to the physician or his agent giving notice of intent to perform the abortion; however, no such notice shall be required if the judge finds that such notice would 166 167 not be in the best interest of the minor. In determining whether notice is in the best interest of the 168 minor, the judge shall consider the totality of the circumstances; however, he shall find that notice is not 169 in the best interest of the minor if he finds that (i) one or more authorized persons with whom the 170 minor regularly and customarily resides is abusive or neglectful, and (ii) every other authorized person, 171 if any, is either abusive or neglectful or has refused to accept responsibility as parent, legal guardian, 172 custodian or person standing in loco parentis.

173 The minor may participate in the court proceedings on her own behalf, and the court may appoint a174 guardian ad litem for the minor. The court shall advise the minor that she has a right to counsel and175 shall, upon her request, appoint counsel for her.

176 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions of this subsection shall govern 177 proceedings relating to consent for a minor's abortion. Court proceedings under this subsection and 178 records of such proceedings shall be confidential. Such proceedings shall be given precedence over other 179 pending matters so that the court may reach a decision promptly and without delay in order to serve the 180 best interests of the minor. Court proceedings under this subsection shall be heard and decided as soon 181 as practicable but in no event later than four days after the petition is filed. 187

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182 An expedited confidential appeal to the circuit court shall be available to any minor for whom the 183 court denies an order authorizing an abortion without consent or without notice. Any such appeal shall 184 be heard and decided no later than five days after the appeal is filed. The time periods required by this 185 subsection shall be subject to subsection B of § 1-210. An order authorizing an abortion without consent 186 or without notice shall not be subject to appeal.

No filing fees shall be required of the minor at trial or upon appeal.

188 If either the original court or the circuit court fails to act within the time periods required by this 189 subsection, the court before which the proceeding is pending shall immediately authorize a physician to 190 perform the abortion without consent of or notice to an authorized person.

191 Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to authorize a physician to perform an 192 abortion on a minor in circumstances or in a manner that would be unlawful if performed on an adult 193 woman.

194 A physician shall not knowingly perform an abortion upon an unemancipated minor unless consent 195 has been obtained or the minor delivers to the physician a court order entered pursuant to this section 196 and the physician or his agent provides such notice as such order may require. However, neither consent 197 nor judicial authorization nor notice shall be required if the minor declares that she is abused or 198 neglected and the attending physician has reason to suspect that the minor may be an abused or 199 neglected child as defined in § 63.2-100 and reports the suspected abuse or neglect in accordance with 200 § 63.2-1509; or if there is a medical emergency, in which case the attending physician shall certify the 201 facts justifying the exception in the minor's medical record. 202

For purposes of this subsection:

203 "Authorization" means the minor has delivered to the physician a notarized, written statement signed 204 by an authorized person that the authorized person knows of the minor's intent to have an abortion and 205 consents to such abortion being performed on the minor.

206 "Authorized person" means (i) a parent or duly appointed legal guardian or custodian of the minor or (ii) a person standing in loco parentis, including, but not limited to, a grandparent or adult sibling with 207 208 whom the minor regularly and customarily resides and who has care and control of the minor. Any 209 person who knows he is not an authorized person and who knowingly and willfully signs an 210 authorization statement consenting to an abortion for a minor is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor.

211 "Consent" means that (i) the physician has given notice of intent to perform the abortion and has 212 received authorization from an authorized person, or (ii) at least one authorized person is present with 213 the minor seeking the abortion and provides written authorization to the physician, which shall be 214 witnessed by the physician or an agent thereof. In either case, the written authorization shall be 215 incorporated into the minor's medical record and maintained as a part thereof.

"Medical emergency" means any condition which, on the basis of the physician's good faith clinical 216 judgment, so complicates the medical condition of the pregnant minor as to necessitate the immediate 217 218 abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death or for which a delay will create a serious risk of substantial 219 and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function.

220 "Notice of intent to perform the abortion" means that (i) the physician or his agent has given actual 221 notice of his intention to perform such abortion to an authorized person, either in person or by 222 telephone, at least 24 hours previous to the performance of the abortion; or (ii) the physician or his agent, after a reasonable effort to notify an authorized person, has mailed notice to an authorized person 223 224 by certified mail, addressed to such person at his usual place of abode, with return receipt requested, at 225 least 72 hours prior to the performance of the abortion.

"Perform an abortion" means to interrupt or terminate a pregnancy by any surgical or nonsurgical 226 227 procedure or to induce a miscarriage as provided in § 18.2-72, 18.2-73, or 18.2-74.

228 "Unemancipated minor" means a minor who has not been emancipated by (i) entry into a valid 229 marriage, even though the marriage may have been terminated by dissolution; (ii) active duty with any 230 of the Armed Forces of the United States; (iii) willingly living separate and apart from his or her 231 parents or guardian, with the consent or acquiescence of the parents or guardian; or (iv) entry of an 232 order of emancipation pursuant to Article 15 (§ 16.1-331 et seq.).

233 X. Petitions filed pursuant to Article 17 (§ 16.1-349 et seq.) relating to standby guardians for minor 234 children. 235

Y. Petitions filed pursuant to § 16.1-283.3 for review of voluntary agreements for extended foster care services and support for persons who meet the eligibility criteria set forth in § 63.2-918.

237 The ages specified in this law refer to the age of the child at the time of the acts complained of in 238 the petition.

239 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no fees shall be charged by a sheriff for the service of 240 any process in a proceeding pursuant to subdivision A 3, except as provided in subdivision A 6 of § 17.1-272, or subsection B, D, M, or R. 241

242 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 18.2-71, any physician who performs an abortion in violation of subsection W shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. 243

#### 244 § 16.1-283.3. Review of voluntary agreements for extended foster care services and support.

245 A. A local department shall file a petition for review of a voluntary agreement for extended foster 246 care services and support entered into pursuant to § 63.2-920 with the juvenile and domestic relations 247 district court for the county or city served by the local board that had custody of the program 248 participant prior to his reaching 18 years of age within 30 days of the date on which the local board 249 and the program participant entered into the signed, written agreement. The petition shall include 250 documentation of the program participant's last foster care placement and the local department that had 251 custody of the program participant at the time of such placement, a copy of the signed voluntary 252 agreement for extended foster care services and support and the case plan established pursuant to 253 § 63.2-919, and any other information that the local department or program participant may wish the 254 court to consider.

255 B. Upon receiving the petition filed by the local department, the court shall schedule a hearing to be 256 held as soon as possible, but in no case more than 45 days after the filing of the petition, to determine 257 whether the terms of such agreement are in the best interests of the program participant. The court 258 shall appoint legal counsel for the program participant, who may be the guardian ad litem who 259 represented the program participant when the program participant was a minor in the custody of the 260 local board and who shall be compensated in accordance with § 16.1-267. The program participant may 261 waive the appointment of counsel for the purposes of the hearing. The court may, with the consent of 262 the program participant, reappoint or continue the appointment of the court-appointed special advocate 263 who served the program participant when the program participant was a minor, or appoint another 264 court-appointed special advocate if the previous court-appointed special advocate is unavailable.

265 The court shall provide notice of the hearing and a copy of the signed voluntary agreement for 266 extended foster care services and support, the case plan, and any other information included with the petition to the program participant, the program participant's legal counsel, the petitioning local 267 268 department of social services, and such other persons having a legitimate interest in the hearing.

269 C. At the conclusion of the hearing, and following presentation of evidence by the local department 270 of social services, the program participant, and the program participant's legal counsel or 271 court-appointed special advocate, if appointed, the court may:

272 1. Approve the voluntary agreement for extended foster care services and support and the case plan 273 as presented;

274 2. Approve the voluntary agreement for extended foster care services and support and the case plan 275 with revisions, provided that such revisions are agreed to by both parties; or

276 3. Refuse to approve the voluntary agreement for extended foster care services and support or the 277 case plan and require the local department to submit a revised voluntary agreement for extended foster 278 care services and support or a revised case plan within 30 days. The court may require the local 279 department to provide additional services or support, as authorized by law, in the revised plan.

280 D. The court may schedule a subsequent review hearing, not later than six months after the initial 281 hearing at which the initial voluntary agreement for extended foster care services and support and case 282 plan were approved, to review the program participant's progress and the provision of services and 283 support by the local department. If judicial review is continued, review hearings shall be held every six 284 months unless otherwise ordered by the court. 285

#### § 63.2-100. (Effective until July 1, 2016) Definitions.

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As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

288 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 289 290 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental 291 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 292 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 293 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 294 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 295 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

296 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 297 necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 298 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 299 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a 300 decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical 301 302 treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary 303 care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; 304 (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the

305 subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have 306 considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the 307 child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision 308 shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4;

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3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child; 310 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act

311 of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

312 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 313 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco 314 parentis; or

315 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as 316 317 defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the 318 parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor 319 for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902.

320 If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely 321 delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency 322 323 medical services agency that employs emergency medical services providers, within 14 days of the 324 child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment. 325

326 Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a 327 licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

"Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a 328 329 child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

330 "Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable 331 confinement of an adult.

332 "Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure 333 and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by 334 335 the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) 336 the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. 337 Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or 338 controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total 339 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults.

340 "Adult exploitation" means the illegal use of an incapacitated adult or his resources for another's 341 profit or advantage.

342 "Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three 343 344 adults.

345 "Adult neglect" means that an adult is living under such circumstances that he is not able to provide 346 for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical and mental health and 347 that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair his well-being. 348 However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such adult is receiving religious 349 nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care, provided that such 350 treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the religious practices of the adult 351 and there is a written or oral expression of consent by that adult.

"Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to 352 353 protect an adult from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

354 "Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who 355 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with 356 activities of daily living.

357 "Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates 358 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for 359 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for 360 in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any 361 portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or 362 maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational 363 364 program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as 365 366 a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the

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367 facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled 368 that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of 369 Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing 370 Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or 371 institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total 372 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general 373 supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled 374 individual.

375 "Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who 376 receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive 377 these benefits except for excess income.

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"Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling. "Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means 379 380 parent(s) by previous adoption.

381 "Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

382 "Child" means (i) any natural person under 18 years of age and (ii) for the purposes of extended foster care services and support pursuant to Article 2 (§ 63.2-916 et seq.) of Chapter 9, any natural 383 384 person who has reached the age of 18 years but has not reached the age of 21 years.

385 "Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of 386 13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or 387 more children at any location.

388 "Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the 389 absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the 390 supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

391 "Child-placing agency" means any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819 or a local board that places children in foster 392 393 homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221. Officers, employees, or 394 agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their authority as such, who 395 serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

396 "Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints 397 and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes 398 assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child 399 and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being 400 abused or neglected.

401 "Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of 402 Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or 403 collect child support, or child and spousal support.

"Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility, 404 405 family day home, family day system, or independent foster home.

406 "Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is 407 maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time 408 care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services 409 to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care. 410 Children's residential facility shall not include:

411 1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events, 412 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer 413 vacation;

414 2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

415 3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

416 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized 417 representative. 418

"Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

419 "Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services 420 of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated 421 as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

422 "Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining 423 after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

424 "Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and 425 cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating, repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or 426 repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance 427

428 with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the429 Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

430 "Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home 431 of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the 432 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care 433 for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents 434 or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving six through 12 children, exclusive of the 435 436 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family 437 day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own 438 children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarily 439 registered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all grandchildren of the provider 440 shall not be required to be licensed.

"Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system;
who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual
arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of
operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes;
inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to
available health and social services.

447 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an
449 entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency.

450 "Foster home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which any child, other than a451 child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household.

452 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned453 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with454 § 63.2-401.

"Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by
birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein
independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by
birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such
person and (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of
subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8.

461 "Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over462 and persons who are former foster care children between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning to463 self-sufficiency.

"Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parental supervision.

468 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 469 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare 470 agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached 471 472 the age of 21 years or (ii) is at least 18 years of age but who has not yet reached 21 years of age and 473 who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of 474 a local board of social services. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, 475 and money management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate 476 services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

477 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living
478 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an
479 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

"Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster
care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other
entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under
which it operates.

"Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care
placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of
the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or
nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the
action of any court.

489 "Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

490 "Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

491 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this 492 Commonwealth.

493 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the **494** city or county.

495 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation 496 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel 497 Management.

498 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in 499 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

500 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the 501 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child 502 care; and general relief.

503 "Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services 504 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for 505 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the 506 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents 507 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical 508 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

509 "Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary 510 registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a 511 certificate of registration from the Commissioner.

"Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults 512 513 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent 514 515 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

"Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic 516 517 violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of 518 519 Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14 520 of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under 521 the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

522 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed 523 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A 524 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

"Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the 525 526 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible 527 children.

528 'Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the 529 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from the Virginia Initiative for 530 531 Employment Not Welfare (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

532 Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social 533 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on 534 behalf of qualifying children. 535

#### § 63.2-100. (Effective July 1, 2016) Definitions.

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As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

538 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 539 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 540 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental 541 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 542 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 543 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 544 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 545 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

546 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 547 necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 548 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a 549 decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal 550

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551 authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical 552 treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; 553 554 (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the 555 subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have 556 considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the 557 child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision 558 shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4;

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any actof sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

562 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or
563 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco
564 parentis; or

565 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902.

570 If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital 571 or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely 572 delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency 573 medical services agency that employs emergency medical services providers, within 14 days of the 574 child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for 575 adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

576 "Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a577 licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

578 "Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a 579 child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

580 "Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable581 confinement of an adult.

582 "Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure 583 and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, **584** infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) 585 the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. 586 587 Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or 588 controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total 589 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults.

590 "Adult exploitation" means the illegal use of an incapacitated adult or his resources for another's 591 profit or advantage.

592 "Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a
593 physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three
594 adults.

595 "Adult neglect" means that an adult is living under such circumstances that he is not able to provide 596 for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical and mental health and 597 that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair his well-being. 598 However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such adult is receiving religious 599 nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care, provided that such 590 treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the religious practices of the adult 591 and there is a written or oral expression of consent by that adult.

602 "Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to603 protect an adult from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

604 "Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who 605 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with 606 activities of daily living.

607 "Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates
608 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for
609 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for
610 in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board
611 of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any
612 portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or

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maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility 613 serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational 614 615 program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the 616 617 facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled 618 that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of 619 Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing **620** Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or 621 institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total 622 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general 623 supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled 624 individual.

625 "Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who
626 receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive
627 these benefits except for excess income.

628 "Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

629 "Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means630 parent(s) by previous adoption.

631 "Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

632 "Child" means (i) any natural person under 18 years of age and (ii) for the purposes of extended
633 foster care services and support pursuant to Article 2 (§ 63.2-916 et seq.) of Chapter 9, any natural
634 person who has reached the age of 18 years but has not reached the age of 21 years.

635 "Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of
636 13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or
637 more children at any location.

638 "Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the
639 absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the
640 supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

641 "Child-placing agency" means any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or
642 independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819 or a local board that places children in foster
643 homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221. Officers, employees, or
644 agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their authority as such, who
645 serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

"Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints
and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes
assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child
and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being
abused or neglected.

"Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of
 Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or
 collect child support, or child and spousal support.

"Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility,family day home, family day system, or independent foster home.

"Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is
maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time
care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services
to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care.
Children's residential facility shall not include:

661 1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events,
 662 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer
 663 vacation;

2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

666 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized 667 representative.

668 "Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

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669 "Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services670 of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated671 as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

672 "Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining673 after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

"Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and
cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating,
repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or
repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance
with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

680 "Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the 681 682 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents 683 or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the **684** provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving five through 12 children, exclusive of the **685** 686 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own 687 688 children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarily 689 registered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all related to the provider by blood or marriage shall not be required to be licensed. 690

<sup>691</sup> "Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system;
<sup>692</sup> who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual
<sup>693</sup> arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of
<sup>694</sup> operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes;
<sup>695</sup> inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to
<sup>696</sup> available health and social services.

697 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency.

700 "Foster home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which any child, other than a701 child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household.

702 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned
703 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with
704 § 63.2-401.

705 "Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by 706 birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein 707 independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by 708 birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such 709 person and (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of 710 subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8.

"Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over
and persons who are former foster care children between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning to
self-sufficiency.

714 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the 715 custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or 716 licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parental 717 supervision.

718 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 719 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and 720 activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached 721 722 the age of 21 years or (ii) is at least 18 years of age but who has not yet reached 21 years of age and 723 who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of 724 a local board of social services. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, 725 and money management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate 726 services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

"Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living
facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an
owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

"Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster
care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other
entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under
which it operates.

"Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster careplacement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of

736 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or 737 nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the 738 action of any court.

739 "Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

740 "Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities. 741 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this 742 Commonwealth.

743 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the 744 city or county.

745 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation 746 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel 747 Management.

748 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in 749 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

750 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the 751 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child 752 care; and general relief.

753 "Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services 754 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for 755 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the 756 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents 757 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical 758 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

759 "Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a 760 761 certificate of registration from the Commissioner.

762 "Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults 763 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent 764 765 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

"Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic 766 767 violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by 768 the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of 769 Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14 770 of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under 771 the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

772 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed 773 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A 774 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

"Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the 775 776 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible 777 children.

"Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the 778 779 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive 780 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from the Virginia Initiative for 781 Employment Not Welfare (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

782 Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social 783 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on 784 behalf of qualifying children. 785

#### Article 2.

#### Extended Foster Care Services and Support.

§ 63.2-916. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

789 "Case plan" means the plan developed by the local department for every participant in the Program 790 in accordance with the requirements of 42 U.S.C. § 675(1).

791 "Extended foster care services and support" means the services and support available in the Program 792 to eligible individuals pursuant to this article.

"Local department" means the local department of social services of the county or city represented 793 794 by the local board of social services having custody and care of a child when he reached the age of 18 795 vears.

796 "Program" means the Extended Foster Care Services and Support Program. HB203

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797 "Program participant" means a person described in § 63.2-918.

798 "Supervised independent living setting" means housing that has been approved by the local 799 department as appropriate for the program participant and consistent with federal guidelines on 800 supervised settings in which program participants may reside independently. "Supervised independent 801 living setting" may include a college dormitory, apartment, housing shared with a family member or spouse, or other appropriate housing option. "Supervised independent living setting" does not mean a 802 803 residential facility or group home.

804 "Voluntary agreement for extended foster care services and support" means a binding written 805 agreement between a local department and a program participant entered into in accordance with the 806 provisions of § 63.2-920. 807

#### § 63.2-917. Extended Foster Care Services and Support Program established; program services.

Any person who meets the criteria set forth in § 63.2-918 shall be eligible for extended foster care 808 services and support though the Extended Foster Care Services and Support Program pursuant to this 809 810 article. Such services and support shall be designed to assist the program participant in transitioning to 811 adulthood, becoming self-sufficient, and creating permanent positive relationships. Participation in the 812 Program shall be voluntary. The Program shall at all times recognize and respect the autonomy of the 813 program participant. Nothing in this article shall be construed to abrogate any other rights that a 814 person who has reached the age of 18 years may have in accordance with any existing law. 815

### § 63.2-918. Eligibility.

A. A person shall be eligible to participate in the Program if he:

817 1. Has reached the age of 18 years but has not yet reached the age of 21 years;

818 2. Was in the custody of a local board of social services (i) prior to attaining the age of 18 years, 819 remained in foster care upon reaching the age of 18 years and was in the custody of the local board as 820 a result of (a) a court order finding that he was an abused or neglected child, a child at risk of abuse or neglect, a child in need of services, or a child in need of supervision; (b) a court order approving an 821 822 entrustment agreement; (c) a placement agreement between the local board and his parent or guardian; 823 (d) a petition for relief of custody; or (e) a court order finding that the child was delinquent or had 824 committed a status offense or (ii) immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile 825 Justice and is transitioning from commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice to self-sufficiency;

826 3. Is (i) completing secondary education or an equivalent credential; (ii) enrolled in an institution 827 that provides postsecondary or vocational education; (iii) employed for at least 80 hours per month; (iv) 828 participating in a program or activity designed to promote employment or remove barriers to 829 employment; or (v) incapable of participating in any of the activities described in clauses (i) through 830 (iv) due to a medical condition, the existence of which is supported by regularly updated information in 831 the case plan of the program participant;

832 4. Resides in the Commonwealth or in a state that shares a border with the Commonwealth: and

833 5. Has entered into a voluntary agreement for extended foster care services and support pursuant to 834 § 63.2-620.

#### § 63.2-919. Extended foster care services and support.

836 A. Individuals participating in the Program shall be eligible for the following program services and 837 support:

838 1. Medical assistance services provided in accordance with the state plan for medical assistance 839 pursuant to § 32.1-325;

840 2. Foster care maintenance payments in an amount that shall not be less than the amount of foster 841 care maintenance paid on behalf of the program participant immediately prior to his exiting foster care; 842 and 843

3. Case management services.

844 B. A person participating in the Program may choose to reside (i) in a foster family home or (ii) in 845 a supervised independent living setting. In cases in which the program participant chooses to reside in a 846 foster family home, foster care maintenance payments paid pursuant to subdivision A 2 shall be paid to the foster parents. If the program participant chooses to reside in a supervised independent living 847 848 setting, foster care maintenance payments paid pursuant to subdivision A 2 may be paid directly to the 849 program participant.

850 C. The local department shall designate a case worker who shall provide case management services 851 for each program participant. Case workers assigned to program participants pursuant to this subsection shall be trained regarding the provision of extended foster care services and support, 852 853 including transition support, and shall have knowledge of the various resources available to the 854 program participant in the local community.

855 D. The local department shall, jointly with the program participant, develop a case plan for every program participant. Such plan shall describe (i) the identified housing situation or living arrangement 856 857 for the program participant; (ii) the resources available to assist the program participant in the transition from the Program to adulthood and independence; (iii) the specific services and support, 858

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859 including any foster care maintenance payments, that will be provided to the program participant to 860 meet his individual needs; and (iv) continuing efforts to be undertaken by the local department to 861 achieve permanency and create permanent connections for the program participant. The local departments shall fulfill all case plan obligations consistent with the applicable provisions of 42 U.S.C. 862 863 § 675a for all program participants. Services and support identified in the case plan shall be initiated 864 within 30 days of the program participant's becoming eligible for services in accordance with 865 § 63.2-918.

866 § 63.2-920. Voluntary agreement for extended foster care services and support.

867 A. The local department shall enter into a voluntary agreement for extended foster care services and 868 support with a program participant prior to initiating program services and support. Such agreement 869 shall be made in writing and signed by a representative of the local department and the program 870 participant and shall include:

871 1. A requirement that the program participant continue to meet the eligibility criteria set forth in 872 § 63.2-918 while enrolled in the Program and a statement that extended foster care services and support 873 shall be terminated if the individual fails to continue to meet the requirements for eligibility;

874 2. A statement of the specific services and support, including the amount of any foster care 875 maintenance payments made to or on behalf of the program participant in accordance with subsection B876 of § 63.2-919, to be provided to the program participant;

877 3. A statement that participation in the Program is voluntary for the program participant and that 878 the program participant may terminate services provided through the Program at any time;

879 4. A statement of specific conditions that may result in the program participant becoming ineligible 880 for participation in the Program and termination of the voluntary agreement for extended foster care 881 services and support; and

882 5. A statement that the program participant may appeal the denial or delay of any service identified 883 in the case plan established pursuant to subsection D of § 63.2-919.

884 B. A program participant may terminate the voluntary agreement for extended foster care services 885 and support and cease receiving services and support pursuant to such agreement at any time. Upon 886 such termination, the local department shall provide the program participant with written notice 887 informing the program participant of the consequences of terminating the agreement, his right to reenter 888 the Program at any time prior to his reaching the age of 21 years if he continues to meet the eligibility 889 criteria set forth in § 63.2-918, and the procedures for reentering the Program.

890 C. The local department shall terminate the voluntary agreement for extended foster care services 891 and support and all services and support provided pursuant to the agreement if the local department 892 determines that the program participant no longer meets the eligibility criteria set forth in § 63.2-918. 893 Upon determining that a program participant is no longer eligible, the local department shall provide **894** written notice to the program participant stating that the voluntary agreement and all services and 895 support provided pursuant thereto will be terminated 30 days after the date of the notice. Such notice 896 shall state the basis for the termination of the voluntary agreement and services and support provided 897 pursuant thereto and shall include information about the program participant's right to enter into 898 another voluntary agreement with the local department at such time as he meets the eligibility criteria 899 set forth in § 63.2-918. Such notice shall also include information about and contact information for community resources that may benefit the program participant, specifically information regarding state 900 901 programs established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 677.

902 D. A program participant shall not be found to be out of compliance with eligibility requirements set 903 forth in § 63.2-918 during a period that is an academic break in postsecondary education, a period of 904 transition between education and employment, or a transition between employment opportunities, 905 provided that such period is not longer than 30 days.

906 E. A program participant may appeal the termination of a voluntary agreement for extended foster 907 care services and support provided pursuant to the voluntary agreement by a local department. Such 908 appeals shall be made in accordance with § 63.2-915 and regulations of the Board. 909

§ 63.2-921. Review of voluntary agreements.

910 A. A local department that enters into a voluntary agreement for extended foster care services and 911 support pursuant to § 63.2-920 shall file a petition for review of the agreement in accordance with 912 § 16.1-283.3 with the juvenile and domestic relations district court having jurisdiction over the program 913 participant's foster care case when the program participant was in the custody of the local board.

914 B. The local department shall conduct regular reviews of the case at least once every six months 915 after the completion of the review pursuant to § 16.1-283.3 and at such other times as may be requested 916 by the program participant, the local agency, or any other party to the proceeding and shall ensure that 917 the program participant is receiving the necessary services and support to facilitate his transition to 918 permanency and self-sufficiency. In conducting such reviews, the local department shall consult with the 919 program participant in an age-appropriate manner regarding the proposed case plan, shall ensure that

- 920 the program participant has a clear self-advocacy role in the process and is actively engaged in key
  921 decisions regarding the services and support, and shall comply with procedural requirements set forth in
  922 42 U.S.C § 675(5)(C).