## **2016 SESSION**

16104005D 1 **HOUSE BILL NO. 1220** 2 House Amendments in [] - January 26, 2016 3 A BILL to amend and reenact § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to electric utility ratemaking; 4 recovery of costs of facilities. 5 Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate Yancey 6 7 Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor 8 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 10 1. That § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: § 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or 11 12 expire. 13 A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for 14 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, 15 distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such 16 proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity 17 18 applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return 19 20 shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and 21 Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by not 22 less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other 23 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined 24 25 in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, 26 27 and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the 28 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine 29 the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the 30 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined 31 rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to 32 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 33 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on 34 common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall 35 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the 36 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the 37 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than 38 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to 39 direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above 40 the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the 41 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer 42 classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target 43 rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design 44 base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall 45 46 conduct biennial reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution 47 and transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following 48 provisions: 49 1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis,

and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. The first such review shall 50 51 utilize the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010. However, the Commission 52 may, in its discretion, elect to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities by utilizing the two successive 53 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, and utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility, with subsequent proceedings 54 55 utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an 56 investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case 57 58 settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a

**59** Phase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, fair rates of return on common equity applicable
separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
combined, shall be determined by the Commission during each such biennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the
public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity
reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which
such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in
subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such
biennial review, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such
average.

70 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities, the Commission shall 71 first remove from such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported returns of the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported returns of the 72 group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining in such peer group. In 73 74 its final order regarding such biennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer 75 group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its principal operations are 76 77 conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in either the states of West 78 Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a 79 vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and distribution services whose 80 facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state where its principal operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of 81 at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such biennial review, and (iv) it is not 82 83 an affiliate of the utility subject to such biennial review.

c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease the utility's combined rate of return based on the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance.

87 d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 88 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a 89 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 90 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 91 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 92 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current 93 Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall 94 be made without regard to any enhanced rate of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the 95 provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration 96 of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and 97 industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of 98 goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if 99 less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that 100 101 use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for 102 103 such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average 104 Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 105 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined 106 107 the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

108 "Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that 109 require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for 110 a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial 111 Return for such utility.

112 "Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for 113 any Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

"Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility
by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection
pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

120 f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and

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specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard tofacilities described in subdivision 6.

123 g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by the generation and distribution 124 services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined or, for any test 125 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 126 Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined, 127 such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for 128 any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31, 129 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, earned 130 below the return as so determined, whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the 131 return as so determined, the utility may petition the Commission for approval of an increase in rates in 132 accordance with the provisions of subdivision 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis points below a 133 fair combined rate of return, and such proceeding shall otherwise be conducted in accordance with the 134 provisions of this section.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent biennial review.

138 3. Each such utility shall make a biennial filing by March 31 of every other year, beginning in 2011, 139 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 140 applications; however, if the Commission elects to stagger the dates of the biennial reviews of utilities 141 as provided in subdivision 1, then each Phase I Utility shall commence biennial filings in 2011 and each 142 Phase II Utility shall commence biennial filings in 2012. Such filing shall encompass the two successive 143 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is 144 conducted, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates 145 146 should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate 147 adjustment clauses previously implemented pursuant to subdivision 5 or those related to facilities 148 utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the 149 utility's costs, revenues and investments until the amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment 150 clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues 151 and investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or 152 credits to customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein 153 specified, they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the 154 purposes of future biennial review proceedings. A Phase I Utility shall delay for one year the filing of 155 its biennial review from March 31, 2013, to March 31, 2014, and shall not defer on its books for future 156 recovery any costs incurred during calendar year 2011, other than as provided in subdivision 7 or § 56-249.6, and its subsequent biennial filing shall be made by March 31, 2016, and every two years 157 158 thereafter.

159 4. The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for 160 transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a 161 member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy 162 Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response 163 programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and administered by the regional 164 transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the 165 expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without 166 167 limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission facilities, 168 administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall be 169 170 designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

171 5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
172 once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
173 clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1,
2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring
such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of
§ 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that
comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving
programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public interest; provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable;

182 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency 183 programs, including a margin to be recovered on operating expenses, which margin for the purposes of 184 this section shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in 185 subdivision 2. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public interest. As part of such cost recovery, the Commission, if requested by the utility, shall allow for 186 187 the recovery of revenue reductions related to energy efficiency programs. The Commission shall only 188 allow such recovery to the extent that the Commission determines such revenue has not been recovered 189 through margins from incremental off-system sales as defined in § 56-249.6 that are directly attributable 190 to energy efficiency programs.

191 None of the costs of new energy efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of 192 revenue reductions, shall be assigned to any customer that has a verifiable history of having used more 193 than 10 megawatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. Nor shall any of the costs of new energy 194 efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of revenue reductions, be incurred by any 195 large general service customer as defined herein that has notified the utility of non-participation in such 196 energy efficiency program or programs. A large general service customer is a customer that has a 197 verifiable history of having used more than 500 kilowatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. 198 Non-participation in energy efficiency programs shall be allowed by the Commission if the large general 199 service customer has, at the customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have 200 produced or will produce measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other 201 regulatory criteria stated in this section. The Commission shall, no later than November 15, 2009, 202 promulgate rules and regulations to accommodate the process under which such large general service customers shall file notice for such an exemption and (i) establish the administrative procedures by 203 204 which eligible customers will notify the utility and (ii) define the standard criteria that must be satisfied 205 by an applicant in order to notify the utility. In promulgating such rules and regulations, the 206 Commission may also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking 207 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process as well as its administration of 208 energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. The notice of 209 non-participation by a large general service customer, to be given by March 1 of a given year, shall be 210 for the duration of the service life of the customer's energy efficiency program. The Commission on its own motion may initiate steps necessary to verify such non-participants' achievement of energy 211 212 efficiency if the Commission has a body of evidence that the non-participant has knowingly 213 misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement. A utility shall not charge such large general service 214 customer, as defined by the Commission, for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond 215 what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the 216 customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant 217 proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic 218 development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of participation in a renewable energy portfolio standard program
pursuant to § 56-585.2 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
a petition allowing the recovery of such costs as are provided for in a program approved pursuant to
§ 56-585.2;

e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to comply with
state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the
utility's native load obligations. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs
are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations; and

f. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of distribution
rights-of-way. No costs shall be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the
large general service rate classes for a Phase II Utility or that are served at subtransmission or
transmission voltage, or take delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or transmission
voltage, for a Phase I Utility.

The Commission shall have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for anyadjustment clause approved under this subdivision.

235 6. To ensure the generation and delivery of a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the 236 utility's projected native load obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any 237 time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate 238 adjustment clause for recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a 239 coal-fueled generation facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth, as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or 240 241 without the utility's service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, (iii) one or more major 242 unit modifications of generation facilities, or (iv) one or more new underground facilities to replace one 243 or more existing overhead distribution facilities of 69 kilovolts or less located within the

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3 and concluded by final order of the Commission prior to the date of filing of such petition under clause (iv). In all proceedings regarding petitions filed under clause (iv), the level of investments approved for recovery in such proceedings shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, levels of investments previously approved for recovery in prior proceedings under clause (iv). Such a petition concerning facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a Phase I Utility, or facilities described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or termination of capped rates. A utility that constructs or purchases any such generation facility, or purchases any facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, shall have the right to recover the costs of the facility, as accrued against income, through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, and any associated allowance for funds used during construction, planning, development and construction or acquisition costs, life-cycle costs, costs related to assessing the feasibility of potential sites for new underground facilities, and costs of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate of return on common equity calculated as specified below; however, in determining the amounts recoverable under a rate adjustment clause for new underground facilities, the Commission shall not consider, or increase or reduce such amounts recoverable because of (a) the operation and maintenance costs attributable to either the overhead distribution facilities being replaced or the new underground facilities or (b) any other costs attributable to the overhead distribution facilities being replaced. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the costs described in clauses (a) and (b) thereof shall remain eligible for recovery from customers through the utility's base rates for distribution service. A utility filing a petition for approval to construct or purchase a facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses may propose a rate adjustment clause based on a market index in lieu of a cost of service model for such facility. A utility seeking approval to construct or purchase a generating facility shall demonstrate that it has considered and weighed alternative options, including third-party market alternatives, in its selection process. The costs of the facility, other than return on projected construction work in progress and allowance for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities are classified by the utility as plant in service. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used during construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility and shall thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the facility. The first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the Commission shall determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the range specified in the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and shall reflect the Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the energy needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the facility. After the first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of return shall be applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service life of the facility shall be deemed to begin on the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities are classified by the utility as plant in service, and such service life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by adding the basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. Allowance for funds used during construction shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such

Commonwealth; however, subject to the provisions of the following sentence, the utility shall not file a

petition under clause (iv) more often than annually and, in such petition, shall not seek any annual incremental increase in the level of investments associated with such a petition that exceeds five percent

of such utility's distribution rate base, as such rate base was determined for the most recently ended

12-month test period in the utility's latest biennial review proceeding conducted pursuant to subdivision

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305 construction work in progress is included in rates. The construction of any facility described in clause (i) 306 is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall 307 liberally construe the provisions of this title. The construction or purchase by a utility of one or more 308 generation facilities with at least one megawatt of generating capacity, and with an aggregate rated 309 capacity that does not exceed 500 megawatts, that use energy derived from sunlight and are located in 310 the Commonwealth, regardless of whether any of such facilities are located within or without the utility's 311 service territory, is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. A utility may enter into short-term or 312 313 long-term power purchase contracts for the power derived from sunlight generated by such generation facility prior to purchasing the generation facility. In determining whether to approve petitions for rate 314 315 adjustment clauses for new underground facilities, and in determining the level of costs to be recovered thereunder, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title and shall give due 316 317 consideration to the public policy goals of increased electric service reliability and reduced outage times associated with the replacement of existing overhead distribution facilities with new underground 318 319 facilities. The basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced 320 rate of return on common equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such 321 enhanced rate of return shall be applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following 322 table.

544	table.			
323		Type of Generation Facility	<b>Basis</b> Points	First Portion of Service Life
324		Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
325		Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
326		Renewable powered, other than landfill gas	200	Between 5 and 15 years
327		powered		
328		Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years
329		Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
330		Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion	100	Between 10 and 20 years
331		turbine		

For generating facilities other than those utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, as of July 1, 2013, only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was filed with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return on common equity as specified in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life.

338 For generating facilities within the Commonwealth utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy 339 derived from offshore wind projects located in waters off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, such 340 facilities shall continue to be eligible for an enhanced rate of return on common equity during the 341 construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life of between 12 and 25 342 years in the case of a facility utilizing nuclear power and for a service life of between 5 and 15 years in 343 the case of a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, provided, however, that, as of July 1, 2013, the enhanced return for such facilities shall be 100 basis points, which shall be added to the utility's general rate of return as determined under subdivision 2. Thirty percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing nuclear power that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, 344 345 346 and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be deferred by the utility and recovered 347 348 through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an 349 order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility 350 that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for 351 recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of 352 all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the 353 test periods under review in the utility's next biennial review filed after July 1, 2014. Thirty percent of 354 all costs of such a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind that the utility incurred between 355 July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be 356 deferred by the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such 357 time as the Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 358 359 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; 360 however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next biennial review filed 361 362 after July 1, 2014.

363 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the
 364 adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development
 365 activities for a new nuclear generation facility or facilities are in the public interest.

366 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the

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adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight with an aggregate capacity of 500 megawatts, or from offshore wind, are in the public interest.

371 Neither generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines nor 372 new underground facilities shall receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described 373 herein, but instead shall receive the utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the 374 facility and, thereafter, for the entire service life of the facility. No rate adjustment clause for new 375 underground facilities shall allocate costs to, or provide for the recovery of costs from, customers that 376 are served within the large power service rate class for a Phase I Utility and the large general service 377 rate classes for a Phase II Utility. New underground facilities are hereby declared to be ordinary 378 extensions or improvements in the usual course of business under the provisions of § 56-265.2.

379 As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (1) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.1-361.1, produced 380 from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (2) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by 381 methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. 382 383 384 A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used 385 in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from 386 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is 387 combusted.

For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity as it is determined by the Commission from time to time for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2. In any proceeding under this subdivision conducted prior to the conclusion of the first biennial review for such utility, the Commission shall determine a general rate of return for such utility in the same manner as it would in a biennial review proceeding.

393 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the biennial 394 review conducted for a Phase II Utility in 2018 that such utility has not filed applications for all 395 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 396 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the 397 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 398 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or 399 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 400 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 401 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 402 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 403 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 404 subdivision.

405 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a 406 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any 407 costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the 408 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to subdivision 5 a, or 409 that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, or that are related to 410 new underground facilities described in clause (iv) of subdivision 6, shall be deferred on the books and 411 records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any 412 applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Except as otherwise provided in 413 subdivision 6, any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of 414 such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in 415 such petition and that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 that 416 utilize nuclear power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 if 417 such coal-fueled facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the books and records 418 of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any 419 applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred after the 420 expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters described in subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall 421 be deferred beginning only upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, provided, however, that 422 no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any parties with respect to the rulings of the Federal 423 Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 424 109 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a regulatory asset for regulatory accounting and 425 ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its operation and maintenance costs incurred in connection with (i) the refueling of any nuclear-powered generating plant and (ii) other work at such 426 plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The utility shall amortize such deferred costs over 427

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428 the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, beginning with the month in which such plant 429 resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling cycle shall be the applicable period of time 430 between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of January 1, 2014, such amortized costs are a 431 component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only ratably over the refueling cycle rather than when 432 such outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling costs recoverable in base rates. This provision 433 shall apply to any nuclear-powered generating plant refueling outage commencing after December 31, 434 2013, and the Commission shall treat the deferred and amortized costs of such regulatory asset as part 435 of the utility's costs for the purpose of proceedings conducted (a) with respect to biennial filings under subdivision 3 made on and after July 1, 2014, and (b) pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules 436 governing utility rate increase applications as provided in subsection B. This provision shall not be 437 438 deemed to change or reset base rates.

439 The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be 440 entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing 441 of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment 442 clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the 443 expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

8. In any biennial review proceeding, the following utility generation and distribution costs not 444 proposed for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the 445 446 utility for financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods 447 under review: costs associated with asset impairments related to early retirement determinations made by 448 the utility prior to December 31, 2012, for utility generation plant; costs associated with severe weather 449 events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to have been recovered 450 from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect during the test periods under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the utility's other costs, 451 452 revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, result in 453 the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under 454 review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under 455 subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to fall more than 70 basis points below the 456 457 fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods. In such cases, the 458 Commission shall, in such biennial review proceeding, authorize deferred recovery of such costs and 459 allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over future periods as determined by the 460 Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not exceed an amount that would, 461 together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution 462 services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2, less 50 basis points, for the 463 464 combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a 465 Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall limit the Commission's 466 authority, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2, 467 468 following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a biennial review, for 469 normalization of nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, in 470 determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution 471 services pursuant to subdivision 8 a or 8 c.

If the Commission determines as a result of such biennial review that:

473 a. The utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more 474 than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 475 476 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its 477 generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on 478 common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the 479 Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully 480 recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair combined rate of 481 return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the amount of 482 the rate increase necessary. However, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds 483 that the resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs 484 of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity 485 486 or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently 487 ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate increase under the 488 standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof;

489 b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned

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490 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 491 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after 492 December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of 493 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any 494 return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 495 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9, direct that 60 percent of the amount 496 of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing after 497 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 70 498 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined 499 rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be credited to 500 customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, and shall be 501 502 allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of 503 return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation 504 of revenues used to design base rates; or

505 c. Such biennial review is the second consecutive biennial review in which the utility has, during the 506 test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above 507 a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period 508 commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I 509 Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 510 services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter 511 determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, subject to the 512 provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the actions authorized in subdivision b, also order 513 reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. However, the Commission may not order such rate 514 reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to fully 515 recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on its 516 generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on 517 common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using 518 the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate 519 reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof.

520 The Commission's final order regarding such biennial review shall be entered not more than eight 521 months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more 522 than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined 523 pursuant to subdivision 2 in such biennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's 524 earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire two successive 12-month test 525 periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent biennial review 526 filing under subdivision 3.

527 9. If, as a result of a biennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to 528 any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 529 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later 530 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the 531 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 532 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis 533 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test 534 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 535 536 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 537 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate 538 regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently-ended 12-month test period exceeded the 539 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 540 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, 541 compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as 542 determined pursuant to the biennial review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless 543 it finds that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c are 544 more consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods 545 under review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period 546 commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I 547 Utility, more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to 548 customers' bills, in lieu of the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c. Any such credits shall be amortized 549 and allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this 550 subdivision:

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551 "Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected 552 to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 553 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test 554 period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this 555 subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to subdivision 8
a; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in effect as
of July 1, 2009.

563 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any 564 utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital structure and cost of capital of such utility, unless the Commission finds that the debt to equity ratio of 565 such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may utilize a debt 566 to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate adjustment pursuant 567 to subdivisions 8 a and c, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, revenues, expenses 568 569 or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In particular, and without 570 limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs for any such utility 571 that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's apportioned state income 572 tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the utility had not filed a 573 consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax costs shall be calculated 574 according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax liability or 575 benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its affiliates.

B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying
for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined
pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and
purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

581 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation, transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

585 D. The Commission may determine, during any proceeding authorized or required by this section, the reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection 586 587 with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the Commission regarding the reasonableness or prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the 588 589 reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et 590 seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a utility providing energy and capacity to its 591 customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission shall consider the extent to which such 592 renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by contract, further the objectives of the 593 Commonwealth Energy Policy set forth in §§ 67-101 and 67-102, and shall also consider whether the 594 costs of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases in rates paid by consumers.

595 E. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement 596 the provisions of this section.

597 2. That the provisions of this act are declaratory of existing law.

598 3. That the provisions of this act shall apply to any petition or application filed before the State 599 Corporation Commission on or after July 1, 2015.

600 [4. That an emergency exists and this act is in force from its passage.]