2016 SESSION

ENGROSSED

	16102821D
1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1093
2	House Amendments in [] — February 10, 2016
3	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-322 and 58.1-402 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code
4	of Virginia by adding in Article 13 of Chapter 3 of Title 58.1 a section numbered 58.1-439.12:11,
5	relating to an income tax credit for donations of food crops to nonprofit food banks.
6	
	Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate Cline
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8	Referred to Committee on Finance
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10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That §§ 58.1-322 and 58.1-402 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the
12	Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Article 13 of Chapter 3 of Title 58.1 a section
13	numbered 58.1-439.12:11 as follows:
14 15	§ 58.1-322. Virginia taxable income of residents.
15	A. The Virginia taxable income of a resident individual means his federal adjusted gross income for
16 17	the taxable year, which excludes combat pay for certain members of the Armed Forces of the United
18	States as provided in § 112 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and with the modifications specified in this section.
19	B. To the extent excluded from federal adjusted gross income, there shall be added:
20	1. Interest, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal income, on
2 0 2 1	obligations of any state other than Virginia, or of a political subdivision of any such other state unless
22	created by compact or agreement to which Virginia is a party;
$\overline{23}$	2. Interest or dividends, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal
24	taxable income, on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the
25	United States, which the laws of the United States exempt from federal income tax but not from state
26	income taxes;
27	3. Unrelated business taxable income as defined by § 512 of the Internal Revenue Code;
28	4. The amount of a lump sum distribution from a qualified retirement plan, less the minimum
29	distribution allowance and any amount excludable for federal income tax purposes that is excluded from
30	federal adjusted gross income solely by virtue of an individual's election to use the averaging provisions
31	under § 402 of the Internal Revenue Code;
32 33	5 through 8. [Repealed.] 9. The amount required to be included in income for the purpose of computing the partial tax on an
33 34	accumulation distribution pursuant to § 667 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
35	10. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2014, any loss for the taxable year that was
36	deducted as a capital loss for federal income tax purposes by an account holder attributable to such
37	person's first-time home buyer savings account established pursuant to Chapter 32 (§ 55-555 et seq.) of
38	Title 55. For purposes of this subdivision, "account holder" and "first-time home buyer savings account"
39	mean the same as those terms are defined in § 55-555; and
40	11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, to the extent that tax credit is allowed
41	for the same donation pursuant to § 58.1-439.12:11, any amount claimed as a federal income tax
42	deduction for such donation under § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended or renumbered.
43	C. To the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, there shall be subtracted:
44 45	1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States
45	and on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to
46 47	the extent exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States including, but not limited
4 7 4 8	to, stocks, bonds, treasury bills, and treasury notes, but not including interest on refunds of federal taxes, interest on equipment purchase contracts, or interest on other normal business transactions.
4 9	2. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations of this Commonwealth
5 0	or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of the Commonwealth.
51	3. [Repealed.]
52	4. Benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits subject to federal
53	income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
54	4a. Through December 31, 2000, the same amount used in computing the federal credit allowed
55	under § 22 of the Internal Revenue Code by a retiree under age 65 who qualified for such retirement on
56	the basis of permanent and total disability and who is a qualified individual as defined in § 22(b)(2) of
57	the Internal Revenue Code; however, any person who claims a deduction under subdivision D 5 may not
58	also claim a subtraction under this subdivision.

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59 4b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, up to \$20,000 of disability income, as 60 defined in § 22(c)(2)(B)(iii) of the Internal Revenue Code; however, any person who claims a deduction under subdivision D 5 may not also claim a subtraction under this subdivision. 61

5. The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by the 62 63 Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction.

64 6. The amount of wages or salaries eligible for the federal Targeted Jobs Credit which was not 65 deducted for federal purposes on account of the provisions of § 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

66 7, 8. [Repealed.]

9. [Expired.] 67 68

10. Any amount included therein less than \$600 from a prize awarded by the Virginia Lottery.

69 11. The wages or salaries received by any person for active and inactive service in the National 70 Guard of the Commonwealth of Virginia, not to exceed the amount of income derived from 39 calendar 71 days of such service or \$3,000, whichever amount is less; however, only those persons in the ranks of 72 O3 and below shall be entitled to the deductions specified herein.

12. Amounts received by an individual, not to exceed \$1,000 in any taxable year, as a reward for 73 74 information provided to a law-enforcement official or agency, or to a nonprofit corporation created 75 exclusively to assist such law-enforcement official or agency, in the apprehension and conviction of 76 perpetrators of crimes. This provision shall not apply to the following: an individual who is an employee 77 of, or under contract with, a law-enforcement agency, a victim or the perpetrator of the crime for which 78 the reward was paid, or any person who is compensated for the investigation of crimes or accidents. 79

13. [Repealed.] 80

14. [Expired.]

81

15, 16. [Repealed.]

17. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1995, the amount of "qualified research 82 83 expenses" or "basic research expenses" eligible for deduction for federal purposes, but which were not deducted, on account of the provisions of § 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and which shall be 84 85 available to partners, shareholders of S corporations, and members of limited liability companies to the 86 extent and in the same manner as other deductions may pass through to such partners, shareholders, and 87 members. 88

18. [Repealed.]

89 19. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1996, any income received during the taxable 90 year derived from a qualified pension, profit-sharing, or stock bonus plan as described by § 401 of the 91 Internal Revenue Code, an individual retirement account or annuity established under § 408 of the 92 Internal Revenue Code, a deferred compensation plan as defined by § 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any federal government retirement program, the contributions to which were deductible from the 93 94 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, but only to the extent the contributions to such plan or 95 program were subject to taxation under the income tax in another state.

96 20. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1997, any income attributable to a 97 distribution of benefits or a refund from a prepaid tuition contract or savings trust account with the 98 Virginia College Savings Plan, created pursuant to Chapter 4.9 (§ 23-38.75 et seq.) of Title 23. The 99 subtraction for any income attributable to a refund shall be limited to income attributable to a refund in 100 the event of a beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a scholarship.

101 21. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all military pay and allowances, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise subtracted, deducted or exempted 102 103 under this section, earned by military personnel while serving by order of the President of the United States with the consent of Congress in a combat zone or qualified hazardous duty area which is treated 104 105 as a combat zone for federal tax purposes pursuant to § 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.

22. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, but before January 1, 2015, the gain 106 107 derived from the sale or exchange of real property or the sale or exchange of an easement to real property which results in the real property or the easement thereto being devoted to open-space use, as 108 that term is defined in § 58.1-3230, for a period of time not less than 30 years. To the extent a 109 110 subtraction is taken in accordance with this subdivision, no tax credit under this chapter for donating 111 land for its preservation shall be allowed for three years following the year in which the subtraction is 112 taken.

113 23. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, \$15,000 of military basic 114 pay for military service personnel on extended active duty for periods in excess of 90 days; however, the subtraction amount shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount which the taxpayer's military 115 basic pay exceeds \$15,000 and shall be reduced to zero if such military basic pay amount is equal to or 116 117 exceeds \$30,000.

24. Effective for all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, the first \$15,000 of salary 118 for each federal and state employee whose total annual salary from all employment for the taxable year 119 120 is \$15,000 or less.

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121 25. Unemployment benefits taxable pursuant to § 85 of the Internal Revenue Code.

122 26. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, any amount received as military 123 retirement income by an individual awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor.

27. Effective for all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1999, income received as a 124 125 result of (i) the "Master Settlement Agreement," as defined in § 3.2-3100; and (ii) the National Tobacco 126 Grower Settlement Trust dated July 19, 1999, by (a) tobacco farmers; (b) any person holding a tobacco 127 marketing quota, or tobacco farm acreage allotment, under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938; or 128 (c) any person having the right to grow tobacco pursuant to such a quota or allotment, but only to the 129 extent that such income has not been subtracted pursuant to subdivision C 18 of § 58.1-402.

130 28. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, items of income attributable to, 131 derived from or in any way related to (i) assets stolen from, hidden from or otherwise lost by an 132 individual who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution or (ii) damages, reparations, or other consideration received by a victim or target of Nazi persecution to compensate such individual for 133 134 performing labor against his will under the threat of death, during World War II and its prelude and 135 direct aftermath. This subtraction shall not apply to assets acquired with such items of income or with 136 the proceeds from the sale of assets stolen from, hidden from or otherwise lost to, during World War II 137 and its prelude and direct aftermath, a victim or target of Nazi persecution. The provisions of this 138 subdivision shall only apply to an individual who was the first recipient of such items of income and 139 who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution, or a spouse, widow, widower, or child or stepchild of 140 such victim.

141 "Victim or target of Nazi persecution" means any individual persecuted or targeted for persecution by 142 the Nazi regime who had assets stolen from, hidden from or otherwise lost as a result of any act or 143 omission in any way relating to (i) the Holocaust; (ii) World War II and its prelude and direct 144 aftermath; (iii) transactions with or actions of the Nazi regime; (iv) treatment of refugees fleeing Nazi 145 persecution; or (v) the holding of such assets by entities or persons in the Swiss Confederation during 146 World War II and its prelude and aftermath. A victim or target of Nazi persecution shall also include 147 any individual forced into labor against his will, under the threat of death, during World War II and its prelude and direct aftermath. As used in this subdivision, "Nazi regime" means the country of Nazi 148 149 Germany, areas occupied by Nazi Germany, those European countries allied with Nazi Germany, or any 150 other neutral European country or area in Europe under the influence or threat of Nazi invasion. 151

29, 30. [Repealed.]

152 31. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, the military death gratuity 153 payment made after September 11, 2001, to the survivor of deceased military personnel killed in the line 154 of duty, pursuant to Chapter 75 of Title 10 of the United States Code; however, the subtraction amount 155 shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount that the survivor may exclude from his federal gross 156 income in accordance with § 134 of the Internal Revenue Code.

157 32. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the death benefit payments 158 from an annuity contract that are received by a beneficiary of such contract provided that (i) the death 159 benefit payment is made pursuant to an annuity contract with an insurance company and (ii) the death 160 benefit payment is paid solely by lump sum. The subtraction under this subdivision shall be allowed 161 only for that portion of the death benefit payment that is included in federal adjusted gross income.

162 33. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized from the sale of launch services to space flight participants, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, or launch services intended 163 164 to provide individuals the training or experience of a launch, without performing an actual launch. To 165 qualify for a deduction under this subdivision, launch services must be performed in Virginia or 166 originate from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

167 34. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized as a result of resupply services contracts for delivering payload, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, entered into with the 168 Commercial Orbital Transportation Services division of the National Aeronautics and Space 169 170 Administration or other space flight entity, as defined in § 8.01-227.8, and launched from an airport or 171 spaceport in Virginia.

172 35. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, any income taxed as a long-term capital 173 gain for federal income tax purposes, or any income taxed as investment services partnership interest 174 income (otherwise known as investment partnership carried interest income) for federal income tax 175 purposes. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, such income shall be attributable to an 176 investment in a "qualified business," as defined in § 58.1-339.4, or in any other technology business 177 approved by the Secretary of Technology, provided the business has its principal office or facility in the Commonwealth and less than \$3 million in annual revenues in the fiscal year prior to the investment. To 178 179 qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made between the dates of April 180 1, 2010, and June 30, 2020. No taxpayer who has claimed a tax credit for an investment in a "qualified business" under § 58.1-339.4 shall be eligible for the subtraction under this subdivision for an 181

182 investment in the same business.

183 36. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2014, any income of an account holder for
184 the taxable year taxed as (i) a capital gain for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
185 first-time home buyer savings account established pursuant to Chapter 32 (§ 55-555 et seq.) of Title 55
186 and (ii) interest income or other income for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
187 first-time home buyer savings account.

188 Notwithstanding the statute of limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any subtraction 189 taken under this subdivision shall be subject to recapture in the taxable year or years in which moneys 190 or funds withdrawn from the first-time home buyer savings account were used for any purpose other 191 than the payment of eligible costs by or on behalf of a qualified beneficiary, as provided under 192 § 55-558. The amount subject to recapture shall be a portion of the amount withdrawn in the taxable year that was used for other than the payment of eligible costs, computed by multiplying the amount 193 194 withdrawn and used for other than the payment of eligible costs by the ratio of the aggregate earnings in 195 the account at the time of the withdrawal to the total balance in the account at such time.

However, recapture shall not apply to the extent of moneys or funds withdrawn that were (i)
withdrawn by reason of the qualified beneficiary's death or disability, (ii) a disbursement of assets of the
account pursuant to a filing for protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101
through 1330, or (iii) transferred from an account established pursuant to Chapter 32 (§ 55-555 et seq.)
of Title 55 into another account established pursuant to such chapter for the benefit of another qualified
beneficiary.

202 For purposes of this subdivision, "account holder," "eligible costs," "first-time home buyer savings
203 account," and "qualified beneficiary" mean the same as those terms are defined in § 55-555.

37. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, any income for the taxable year
attributable to the discharge of a student loan solely by reason of the student's death. For purposes of
this subdivision, "student loan" means the same as that term is defined under § 108(f) of the Internal
Revenue Code.

208 D. In computing Virginia taxable income there shall be deducted from Virginia adjusted gross209 income as defined in § 58.1-321:

210 1. a. The amount allowable for itemized deductions for federal income tax purposes where the 211 taxpayer has elected for the taxable year to itemize deductions on his federal return, but reduced by the 212 amount of income taxes imposed by the Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction and deducted 213 on such federal return and increased by an amount which, when added to the amount deducted under 214 § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code for mileage, results in a mileage deduction at the state level for 215 such purposes at a rate of 18 cents per mile; or

b. Three thousand dollars for single individuals and \$6,000 for married persons (one-half of such amounts in the case of a married individual filing a separate return) for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2005; provided that the taxpayer has not itemized deductions for the taxable year on his federal income tax return. For purposes of this section, any person who may be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's return for the taxable year may compute the deduction only with respect to earned income.

222 2. a. A deduction in the amount of \$900 for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2005,
223 but before January 1, 2008; and \$930 for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2008, for each
224 personal exemption allowable to the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes.

b. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1987, each blind or aged taxpayer as defined
under § 63(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be entitled to an additional personal exemption in the
amount of \$800.

228 The additional deduction for blind or aged taxpayers allowed under this subdivision shall be
229 allowable regardless of whether the taxpayer itemizes deductions for the taxable year for federal income
230 tax purposes.

3. A deduction equal to the amount of employment-related expenses upon which the federal credit is
based under § 21 of the Internal Revenue Code for expenses for household and dependent care services
necessary for gainful employment.

4. An additional \$1,000 deduction for each child residing for the entire taxable year in a home under
permanent foster care placement as defined in § 63.2-908, provided the taxpayer can also claim the child
as a personal exemption under § 151 of the Internal Revenue Code.

5. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, a deduction in the amount of \$12,000
for individuals born on or before January 1, 1939.

b. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, a deduction in the amount of \$12,000
for individuals born after January 1, 1939, who have attained the age of 65. This deduction shall be
reduced by \$1 for every \$1 that the taxpayer's adjusted federal adjusted gross income exceeds \$50,000
for single taxpayers or \$75,000 for married taxpayers. For married taxpayers filing separately, the
deduction will be reduced by \$1 for every \$1 the total combined adjusted federal adjusted gross income

of both spouses exceeds \$75,000.

For the purposes of this subdivision, "adjusted federal adjusted gross income" means federal adjusted
gross income minus any benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits
subject to federal income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

6. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1997, the amount an individual pays as a fee
for an initial screening to become a possible bone marrow donor, if (i) the individual is not reimbursed
for such fee or (ii) the individual has not claimed a deduction for the payment of such fee on his federal
income tax return.

252 7. a. A deduction shall be allowed to the purchaser or contributor for the amount paid or contributed 253 during the taxable year for a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account entered into with the Virginia College Savings Plan, pursuant to Chapter 4.9 (§ 23-38.75 et seq.) of Title 23. Except as 254 255 provided in subdivision 7 c, the amount deducted on any individual income tax return in any taxable 256 year shall be limited to \$4,000 per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account. No 257 deduction shall be allowed pursuant to this section if such payments or contributions are deducted on the 258 purchaser's or contributor's federal income tax return. If the purchase price or annual contribution to a 259 college savings trust account exceeds \$4,000, the remainder may be carried forward and subtracted in 260 future taxable years until the purchase price or college savings trust contribution has been fully 261 deducted; however, except as provided in subdivision 7 c, in no event shall the amount deducted in any 262 taxable year exceed \$4,000 per contract or college savings trust account. Notwithstanding the statute of 263 limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any deduction taken hereunder shall be subject to 264 recapture in the taxable year or years in which distributions or refunds are made for any reason other 265 than (i) to pay qualified higher education expenses, as defined in § 529 of the Internal Revenue Code or 266 (ii) the beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a scholarship. For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "purchaser" or "contributor" means the person shown as such on the records of the Virginia 267 College Savings Plan as of December 31 of the taxable year. In the case of a transfer of ownership of a 268 prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account, the transferee shall succeed to the transferor's 269 270 tax attributes associated with a prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account, including, but 271 not limited to, carryover and recapture of deductions.

b. The amount paid for a prepaid tuition contract during taxable years beginning on or after January
1, 1996, but before January 1, 1998, shall be deducted in taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
1998, and shall be subject to the limitations set out in subdivision 7 a.

c. A purchaser of a prepaid tuition contract or contributor to a college savings trust account who has
attained age 70 shall not be subject to the limitation that the amount of the deduction not exceed \$4,000
per prepaid tuition contract or college savings trust account in any taxable year. Such taxpayer shall be
allowed a deduction for the full amount paid for the contract or contributed to a college savings trust
account, less any amounts previously deducted.

8. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, the total amount an individual actually
contributed in funds to the Virginia Public School Construction Grants Program and Fund, established in
Chapter 11.1 (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1, provided the individual has not claimed a deduction for
such amount on his federal income tax return.

9. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1999, an amount equal to 20 percent of the tuition costs incurred by an individual employed as a primary or secondary school teacher licensed pursuant to Chapter 15 (§ 22.1-289.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1 to attend continuing teacher education courses that are required as a condition of employment; however, the deduction provided by this subsection shall be available only if (i) the individual is not reimbursed for such tuition costs and (ii) the individual has not claimed a deduction for the payment of such tuition costs on his federal income tax return.

10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, the amount an individual pays annually
in premiums for long-term health care insurance, provided the individual has not claimed a deduction for
federal income tax purposes, or, for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2014, a credit under
§ 58.1-339.11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, no such deduction for long-term
health care insurance premiums paid by the individual during the taxable year shall be allowed if the
individual has claimed a federal income tax deduction for such taxable year for long-term health care
insurance premiums paid by him.

11. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2006, contract payments to a producer of quota tobacco or a tobacco quota holder, or their spouses, as provided under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (P.L. 108-357), but only to the extent that such payments have not been subtracted pursuant to subsection D of § 58.1-402, as follows:

a. If the payment is received in installment payments, then the recognized gain, including any gain
 recognized in taxable year 2005, may be subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year
 in which the installment payment is received.

b. If the payment is received in a single payment, then 10 percent of the recognized gain may be

subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year in which the single payment is received.The taxpayer may then deduct an equal amount in each of the nine succeeding taxable years.

307 12. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2007, an amount equal to 20 percent of the 308 sum paid by an individual pursuant to Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), not to exceed \$500 in each taxable 309 year, in purchasing for his own use the following items of tangible personal property: (i) any clothes 310 washers, room air conditioners, dishwashers, and standard size refrigerators that meet or exceed the 311 applicable energy star efficiency requirements developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy; (ii) any fuel cell that (a) generates electricity using 312 313 an electrochemical process, (b) has an electricity-only generation efficiency greater than 35 percent, and (c) has a generating capacity of at least two kilowatts; (iii) any gas heat pump that has a coefficient of 314 performance of at least 1.25 for heating and at least 0.70 for cooling; (iv) any electric heat pump hot 315 water heater that yields an energy factor of at least 1.7; (v) any electric heat pump that has a heating 316 317 system performance factor of at least 8.0 and a cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.0; 318 (vi) any central air conditioner that has a cooling seasonal energy efficiency ratio of at least 13.5; (vii) 319 any advanced gas or oil water heater that has an energy factor of at least 0.65; (viii) any advanced 320 oil-fired boiler with a minimum annual fuel-utilization rating of 85; (ix) any advanced oil-fired furnace 321 with a minimum annual fuel-utilization rating of 85; and (x) programmable thermostats.

322 13. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the lesser of \$5,000 or the amount
323 actually paid by a living donor of an organ or other living tissue for unreimbursed out-of-pocket
actually paid by a living donor of an organ or other living tissue for unreimbursed out-of-pocket
actually related to the donation that arose within 12 months of such donation, provided the
donor has not taken a medical deduction in accordance with the provisions of § 213 of the Internal
Revenue Code for such expenses. The deduction may be taken in the taxable year in which the donation
is made or the taxable year in which the 12-month period expires.

14. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, the amount an individual age 66 or 328 329 older with earned income of at least \$20,000 for the year and federal adjusted gross income not in 330 excess of \$30,000 for the year pays annually in premiums for (i) a prepaid funeral insurance policy 331 covering the individual or (ii) medical or dental insurance for any person for whom individual tax filers 332 may claim a deduction for such premiums under federal income tax laws. "Earned income" means the 333 same as that term is defined in § 32(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or 334 renumbered. The deduction shall not be allowed for any portion of such premiums paid for which the 335 individual has (a) been reimbursed, (b) claimed a deduction for federal income tax purposes, (c) claimed 336 a deduction or subtraction under another provision of this section, or (d) claimed a federal income tax 337 credit or any income tax credit pursuant to this chapter.

E. There shall be added to or subtracted from federal adjusted gross income, as the case may be, the
individual's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of the Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined
under § 58.1-361.

F. There shall be added or subtracted, as the case may be, the amounts provided in § 58.1-315 astransitional modifications.

343 G. Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, to the extent included in 344 federal adjusted gross income, there shall be (i) subtracted from federal adjusted gross income by a 345 shareholder of an electing small business corporation (S corporation) that is subject to the bank franchise 346 tax imposed under Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) for the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, the shareholder's allocable share of the income or gain of such electing small business 347 corporation (S corporation), and (ii) added back to federal adjusted gross income such that, federal 348 349 adjusted gross income shall be increased, by a shareholder of an electing small business corporation (S 350 corporation) that is subject to the bank franchise tax imposed under Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) for 351 the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, the shareholder's allocable share of the losses or 352 deductions of such electing small business corporation (S corporation).

Effective for all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, to the extent excluded from
federal adjusted gross income, there shall be added to federal adjusted gross income by a shareholder of
an electing small business corporation (S corporation) that is subject to the bank franchise tax imposed
under Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) for the calendar year in which such taxable year begins, the
value of any distribution paid or distributed to the shareholder by such electing small business
corporation (S corporation).

359 H. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the income from any disposition of real property 360 which is held by the taxpayer for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business, as defined in § 453(1)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, of property made on or after 361 January 1, 2009, may, at the election of the taxpayer, be recognized under the installment method 362 described under § 453 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that (i) the election relating to the dealer 363 disposition of the property has been made on or before the due date prescribed by law (including 364 extensions) for filing the taxpayer's return of the tax imposed under this chapter for the taxable year in 365 which the disposition occurs, and (ii) the dealer disposition is in accordance with restrictions or 366

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367 conditions established by the Department, which shall be set forth in guidelines developed by the
368 Department. Along with such restrictions or conditions, the guidelines shall also address the recapture of
369 such income under certain circumstances. The development of the guidelines shall be exempt from the
370 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

371 § 58.1-402. Virginia taxable income.

A. For purposes of this article, Virginia taxable income for a taxable year means the federal taxable income and any other income taxable to the corporation under federal law for such year of a corporation adjusted as provided in subsections B, C, D, and E.

For a regulated investment company and a real estate investment trust, such term means the
"investment company taxable income" and "real estate investment trust taxable income," respectively, to
which shall be added in each case any amount of capital gains and any other income taxable to the
corporation under federal law which shall be further adjusted as provided in subsections B, C, D, and E.
B. There shall be added to the extent excluded from federal taxable income:

1. Interest, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal taxable income, on
obligations of any state other than Virginia, or of a political subdivision of any such other state unless
created by compact or agreement to which the Commonwealth is a party;

2. Interest or dividends, less related expenses to the extent not deducted in determining federal taxable income, on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States, which the laws of the United States exempt from federal income tax but not from state income taxes;

387 3. [Repealed.]

388 4. The amount of any net income taxes and other taxes, including franchise and excise taxes, which
389 are based on, measured by, or computed with reference to net income, imposed by the Commonwealth
390 or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent deducted in determining federal taxable income;

5. Unrelated business taxable income as defined by § 512 of the Internal Revenue Code;

6. [Repealed.]

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393 7. The amount required to be included in income for the purpose of computing the partial tax on an394 accumulation distribution pursuant to § 667 of the Internal Revenue Code;

8. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, the amount of any intangible
expenses and costs directly or indirectly paid, accrued, or incurred to, or in connection directly or
indirectly with one or more direct or indirect transactions with one or more related members to the
extent such expenses and costs were deductible or deducted in computing federal taxable income for
Virginia purposes. This addition shall not be required for any portion of the intangible expenses and
costs if one of the following applies:

401 (1) The corresponding item of income received by the related member is subject to a tax based on or
402 measured by net income or capital imposed by Virginia, another state, or a foreign government that has
403 entered into a comprehensive tax treaty with the United States government;

404 (2) The related member derives at least one-third of its gross revenues from the licensing of
405 intangible property to parties who are not related members, and the transaction giving rise to the
406 expenses and costs between the corporation and the related member was made at rates and terms
407 comparable to the rates and terms of agreements that the related member has entered into with parties
408 who are not related members for the licensing of intangible property; or

(3) The corporation can establish to the satisfaction of the Tax Commissioner that the intangible expenses and costs meet both of the following: (i) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid, accrued or incurred such portion to a person who is not a related member, and (ii) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expenses and costs between the corporation and the related member did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of any portion of the tax due under this chapter.

415 b. A corporation required to add to its federal taxable income intangible expenses and costs pursuant 416 to subdivision a may petition the Tax Commissioner, after filing the related income tax return for the 417 taxable year and remitting to the Tax Commissioner all taxes, penalties, and interest due under this 418 article for such taxable year including tax upon any amount of intangible expenses and costs required to 419 be added to federal taxable income pursuant to subdivision a, to consider evidence relating to the 420 transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member or members that resulted in the 421 corporation's taxable income being increased, as required under subdivision a, for such intangible 422 expenses and costs.

423 If the corporation can demonstrate to the Tax Commissioner's sole satisfaction, by clear and 424 convincing evidence, that the transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member 425 or members resulting in such increase in taxable income pursuant to subdivision a had a valid business 426 purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of the tax due under this chapter, the Tax Commissioner 427 shall permit the corporation to file an amended return. For purposes of such amended return, the 428 requirements of subdivision a shall not apply to any transaction for which the Tax Commissioner is 429 satisfied (and has identified) that the transaction had a valid business purpose other than the avoidance 430 or reduction of the tax due under this chapter. Such amended return shall be filed by the corporation 431 within one year of the written permission granted by the Tax Commissioner and any refund of the tax 432 imposed under this article shall include interest at a rate equal to the rate of interest established under 433 § 58.1-15 and such interest shall accrue as provided under § 58.1-1833. However, upon the filing of 434 such amended return, any related member of the corporation that subtracted from taxable income amounts received pursuant to subdivision C 21 shall be subject to the tax imposed under this article on 435 436 that portion of such amounts for which the corporation has filed an amended return pursuant to this 437 subdivision. In addition, for such transactions identified by the Tax Commissioner herein by which he 438 has been satisfied by clear and convincing evidence, the Tax Commissioner may permit the corporation 439 in filing income tax returns for subsequent taxable years to deduct the related intangible expenses and 440 costs without making the adjustment under subdivision a.

441 The Tax Commissioner may charge a fee for all direct and indirect costs relating to the review of 442 any petition pursuant to this subdivision, to include costs necessary to secure outside experts in 443 evaluating the petition. The Tax Commissioner may condition the review of any petition pursuant to this 444 subdivision upon payment of such fee.

No suit for the purpose of contesting any action of the Tax Commissioner under this subdivision 445 446 shall be maintained in any court of this Commonwealth.

447 c. Nothing in subdivision B 8 shall be construed to limit or negate the Department's authority under 448 § 58.1-446;

449 9. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, the amount of any interest expenses 450 and costs directly or indirectly paid, accrued, or incurred to, or in connection directly or indirectly with 451 one or more direct or indirect transactions with one or more related members to the extent such 452 expenses and costs were deductible or deducted in computing federal taxable income for Virginia 453 purposes. This addition shall not be required for any portion of the interest expenses and costs, if:

454 (1) The related member has substantial business operations relating to interest-generating activities, in 455 which the related member pays expenses for at least five full-time employees who maintain, manage, 456 defend or are otherwise responsible for operations or administration relating to the interest-generating 457 activities: and

458 (2) The interest expenses and costs are not directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with 459 the direct or indirect acquisition, maintenance, management, sale, exchange, or disposition of intangible 460 property; and

461 (3) The transaction giving rise to the expenses and costs between the corporation and the related member has a valid business purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation and payments 462 463 between the parties are made at arm's length rates and terms; and 464

(4) One of the following applies:

(i) The corresponding item of income received by the related member is subject to a tax based on or 465 measured by net income or capital imposed by Virginia, another state, or a foreign government that has 466 entered into a comprehensive tax treaty with the United States government; 467

468 (ii) Payments arise pursuant to a pre-existing contract entered into when the parties were not related 469 members provided the payments continue to be made at arm's length rates and terms;

470 (iii) The related member engages in transactions with parties other than related members that generate revenue in excess of \$2 million annually; or 471

472 (iv) The transaction giving rise to the interest payments between the corporation and a related 473 member was done at arm's length rates and terms and meets any of the following: (a) the related member uses funds that are borrowed from a party other than a related member or that are paid, 474 475 incurred or passed-through to a person who is not a related member; (b) the debt is part of a regular and 476 systematic funds management or portfolio investment activity conducted by the related member, whereby 477 the funds of two or more related members are aggregated for the purpose of achieving economies of 478 scale, the internal financing of the active business operations of members, or the benefit of centralized 479 management of funds; (c) financing the expansion of the business operations; or (d) restructuring the 480 debt of related members, or the pass-through of acquisition-related indebtedness to related members.

481 b. A corporation required to add to its federal taxable income interest expenses and costs pursuant to 482 subdivision a may petition the Tax Commissioner, after filing the related income tax return for the taxable year and remitting to the Tax Commissioner all taxes, penalties, and interest due under this 483 484 article for such taxable year including tax upon any amount of interest expenses and costs required to be added to federal taxable income pursuant to subdivision a, to consider evidence relating to the 485 486 transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member or members that resulted in the 487 corporation's taxable income being increased, as required under subdivision a, for such interest expenses 488 and costs.

489 If the corporation can demonstrate to the Tax Commissioner's sole satisfaction, by clear and

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490 convincing evidence, that the transaction or transactions between the corporation and a related member 491 or members resulting in such increase in taxable income pursuant to subdivision a had a valid business 492 purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of the tax due under this chapter and that the related 493 payments between the parties were made at arm's length rates and terms, the Tax Commissioner shall 494 permit the corporation to file an amended return. For purposes of such amended return, the requirements 495 of subdivision a shall not apply to any transaction for which the Tax Commissioner is satisfied (and has 496 identified) that the transaction had a valid business purpose other than the avoidance or reduction of the 497 tax due under this chapter and that the related payments between the parties were made at arm's length 498 rates and terms. Such amended return shall be filed by the corporation within one year of the written 499 permission granted by the Tax Commissioner and any refund of the tax imposed under this article shall 500 include interest at a rate equal to the rate of interest established under § 58.1-15 and such interest shall accrue as provided under § 58.1-1833. However, upon the filing of such amended return, any related 501 502 member of the corporation that subtracted from taxable income amounts received pursuant to subdivision 503 C 21 shall be subject to the tax imposed under this article on that portion of such amounts for which the 504 corporation has filed an amended return pursuant to this subdivision. In addition, for such transactions 505 identified by the Tax Commissioner herein by which he has been satisfied by clear and convincing 506 evidence, the Tax Commissioner may permit the corporation in filing income tax returns for subsequent 507 taxable years to deduct the related interest expenses and costs without making the adjustment under 508 subdivision a.

509 The Tax Commissioner may charge a fee for all direct and indirect costs relating to the review of 510 any petition pursuant to this subdivision, to include costs necessary to secure outside experts in 511 evaluating the petition. The Tax Commissioner may condition the review of any petition pursuant to this 512 subdivision upon payment of such fee.

513 No suit for the purpose of contesting any action of the Tax Commissioner under this subdivision 514 shall be maintained in any court of this Commonwealth.

515 c. Nothing in subdivision B 9 shall be construed to limit or negate the Department's authority under 516 § 58.1-446. 517

d. For purposes of subdivision B 9:

518 "Arm's-length rates and terms" means that (i) two or more related members enter into a written 519 agreement for the transaction, (ii) such agreement is of a duration and contains payment terms 520 substantially similar to those that the related member would be able to obtain from an unrelated entity, 521 (iii) the interest is at or below the applicable federal rate compounded annually for debt instruments 522 under § 1274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code that was in effect at the time of the agreement, and (iv) 523 the borrower or payor adheres to the payment terms of the agreement governing the transaction or any 524 amendments thereto.

525 "Valid business purpose" means one or more business purposes that alone or in combination 526 constitute the motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction 527 improves, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer, as further defined by regulation.

528 10. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, the amount of dividends deductible 529 under §§ 561 and 857 of the Internal Revenue Code by a Captive Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT). 530 For purposes of this subdivision, a REIT is a Captive REIT if: 531

(1) It is not regularly traded on an established securities market;

532 (2) More than 50 percent of the voting power or value of beneficial interests or shares of which, at 533 any time during the last half of the taxable year, is owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by a 534 single entity that is (i) a corporation or an association taxable as a corporation under the Internal 535 Revenue Code; and (ii) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to § 501(a) of the Internal 536 Revenue Code; and

537 (3) More than 25 percent of its income consists of rents from real property as defined in § 856(d) of 538 the Internal Revenue Code.

539 b. For purposes of applying the ownership test of subdivision 10 a (2), the following entities shall 540 not be considered a corporation or an association taxable as a corporation: 541

(1) Any REIT that is not treated as a Captive REIT;

542 (2) Any REIT subsidiary under § 856 of the Internal Revenue Code other than a qualified REIT 543 subsidiary of a Captive REIT:

544 (3) Any Listed Australian Property Trust, or an entity organized as a trust, provided that a Listed 545 Australian Property Trust owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 75 percent or more of the voting or 546 value of the beneficial interests or shares of such trust; and 547

(4) Any Qualified Foreign Entity.

548 c. For purposes of subdivision B 10, the constructive ownership rules prescribed under § 318(a) of 549 the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by § 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in 550 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any person.

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d. For purposes of subdivision B 10: 551

552 "Listed Australian Property Trust" means an Australian unit trust registered as a Management 553 Investment Scheme, pursuant to the Australian Corporations Act, in which the principal class of units is 554 listed on a recognized stock exchange in Australia and is regularly traded on an established securities 555 market.

556 "Qualified Foreign Entity" means a corporation, trust, association or partnership organized outside the 557 laws of the United States and that satisfies all of the following criteria:

(1) At least 75 percent of the entity's total asset value at the close of its taxable year is represented 558 559 by real estate assets, as defined in 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, thereby including shares or certificates of beneficial interest in any REIT, cash and cash equivalents, and U.S. Government 560 561 securities:

562 (2) The entity is not subject to a tax on amounts distributed to its beneficial owners, or is exempt 563 from entity level tax;

564 (3) The entity distributes, on an annual basis, at least 85 percent of its taxable income, as computed 565 in the jurisdiction in which it is organized, to the holders of its shares or certificates of beneficial 566 interest:

(4) The shares or certificates of beneficial interest of such entity are regularly traded on an 567 568 established securities market or, if not so traded, not more than 10 percent of the voting power or value 569 in such entity is held directly, indirectly, or constructively by a single entity or individual; and 570

(5) The entity is organized in a country that has a tax treaty with the United States.

571 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, to the extent that tax credit is allowed 572 for the same donation pursuant to § 58.1-439.12:11, any amount claimed as a federal income tax deduction for such donation under § 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended or renumbered. 573

C. There shall be subtracted to the extent included in and not otherwise subtracted from federal 574 575 taxable income:

576 1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States 577 and on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to 578 the extent exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States including, but not limited 579 to, stocks, bonds, treasury bills, and treasury notes, but not including interest on refunds of federal taxes, 580 interest on equipment purchase contracts, or interest on other normal business transactions.

581 2. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations of this Commonwealth 582 or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of this Commonwealth.

583 3. Dividends upon stock in any domestic international sales corporation, as defined by § 992 of the **584** Internal Revenue Code, 50 percent or more of the income of which was assessable for the preceding 585 year, or the last year in which such corporation has income, under the provisions of the income tax laws 586 of the Commonwealth.

587 4. The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this 588 Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction.

589 5. Any amount included therein by the operation of the provisions of § 78 of the Internal Revenue 590 Code (foreign dividend gross-up).

591 6. The amount of wages or salaries eligible for the federal Targeted Jobs Credit which was not 592 deducted for federal purposes on account of the provisions of § 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

593 7. Any amount included therein by the operation of § 951 of the Internal Revenue Code (subpart F 594 income). 595

8. Any amount included therein which is foreign source income as defined in § 58.1-302.

9. [Repealed.]

597 10. The amount of any dividends received from corporations in which the taxpaying corporation 598 owns 50 percent or more of the voting stock. 11. [Repealed.]

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12, 13. [Expired.]

601 14. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, the amount for "qualified research expenses" or "basic research expenses" eligible for deduction for federal purposes, but which were not 602 603 deducted, on account of the provisions of § 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.

604 15. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, the total amount actually contributed in 605 funds to the Virginia Public School Construction Grants Program and Fund established in Chapter 11.1 606 (§ 22.1-175.1 et seq.) of Title 22.1.

607 16. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, but before January 1, 2015, the gain 608 derived from the sale or exchange of real property or the sale or exchange of an easement to real 609 property which results in the real property or the easement thereto being devoted to open-space use, as that term is defined in § 58.1-3230, for a period of time not less than 30 years. To the extent a 610 subtraction is taken in accordance with this subdivision, no tax credit under this chapter for donating 611 612 land for its preservation shall be allowed for three years following the year in which the subtraction is

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613 taken.

614 17. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, any amount included therein with 615 respect to § 58.1-440.1.

616 18. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1999, income received as a result of (i) the
617 "Master Settlement Agreement," as defined in § 3.2-3100; and (ii) the National Tobacco Grower
618 Settlement Trust dated July 19, 1999, by (a) tobacco farming businesses; (b) any business holding a
619 tobacco marketing quota, or tobacco farm acreage allotment, under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of
620 1938; or (c) any business having the right to grow tobacco pursuant to such a quota allotment.

621 19, 20. [Repealed.]

622 21. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2004, any amount of intangible expenses and costs or interest expenses and costs added to the federal taxable income of a corporation pursuant to
623 subdivision B 8 or B 9 shall be subtracted from the federal taxable income of the related member that
625 received such amount if such related member is subject to Virginia income tax on the same amount.

626 22. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized from the sale of
627 launch services to space flight participants, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, or launch services intended
628 to provide individuals the training or experience of a launch, without performing an actual launch. To
629 qualify for a deduction under this subdivision, launch services must be performed in Virginia or
630 originate from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

631 23. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, any gain recognized as a result of
632 resupply services contracts for delivering payload, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, entered into with the
633 Commercial Orbital Transportation Services division of the National Aeronautics and Space
634 Administration or other space flight entity, as defined in § 8.01-227.8, and launched from an airport or
635 spaceport in Virginia.

636 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, any income taxed as a long-term capital 637 gain for federal income tax purposes, or any income taxed as investment services partnership interest 638 income (otherwise known as investment partnership carried interest income) for federal income tax 639 purposes. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, such income must be attributable to an investment in a "qualified business," as defined in § 58.1-339.4, or in any other technology business 640 641 approved by the Secretary of Technology, provided the business has its principal office or facility in the 642 Commonwealth and less than \$3 million in annual revenues in the fiscal year prior to the investment. To 643 qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment must be made between the dates of April **644** 1, 2010, and June 30, 2020. No taxpayer who has claimed a tax credit for an investment in a "qualified 645 business" under § 58.1-339.4 shall be eligible for the subtraction under this subdivision for an 646 investment in the same business.

647 D. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2006, there shall be subtracted from federal
648 taxable income contract payments to a producer of quota tobacco or a tobacco quota holder as provided
649 under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (P.L. 108-357) as follows:

650 1. If the payment is received in installment payments, then the recognized gain, including any gain recognized in taxable year 2005, may be subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year 652 in which the installment payment is received.

653 2. If the payment is received in a single payment, then 10 percent of the recognized gain may be
654 subtracted in the taxable year immediately following the year in which the single payment is received.
655 The taxpayer may then deduct an equal amount in each of the nine succeeding taxable years.

E. Adjustments to federal taxable income shall be made to reflect the transitional modificationsprovided in § 58.1-315.

658 F. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the income from any disposition of real property 659 which is held by the taxpayer for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business, as defined in § 453(1)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, of property made on or after 660 January 1, 2009, may, at the election of the taxpayer, be recognized under the installment method 661 described under § 453 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that (i) the election relating to the dealer **662** 663 disposition of the property has been made on or before the due date prescribed by law (including **664** extensions) for filing the taxpayer's return of the tax imposed under this chapter for the taxable year in 665 which the disposition occurs, and (ii) the dealer disposition is in accordance with restrictions or 666 conditions established by the Department, which shall be set forth in guidelines developed by the **667** Department. Along with such restrictions or conditions, the guidelines shall also address the recapture of **668** such income under certain circumstances. The development of the guidelines shall be exempt from the 669 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

- 670 § 58.1-439.12:11. Food crop donation tax credit.
- 671 A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:
- 672 "Food crops" means grains, fruits, nuts, or vegetables.
- 673 "Nonprofit food bank" means an entity located in the Commonwealth that is exempt from taxation

674 under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended or renumbered, and organized with a 675 principal purpose of providing food to the needy.

676 B. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, but before January 1, 2021, any person 677 engaged in the business of farming as defined under 26 C.F.R. §1.175-3 that donates food crops grown 678 by the person in the Commonwealth to a nonprofit food bank shall be allowed a credit against the tax 679 levied pursuant to § 58.1-320 or 58.1-400 for the taxable year of the donation. The person shall be 680 allowed a credit in an amount equal to 30 percent of the fair market value of such food crops donated 681 by the person to a nonprofit food bank during the taxable year but not to exceed an aggregate credit of 682 \$5,000 for all such donations made by the person during such year.

683 C. Credit shall be allowed under this section only if (i) the use of the donated food crops by the 684 donee nonprofit food bank is related to providing food to the needy, (ii) the donated food crops are not 685 transferred for use outside the Commonwealth or used by the donee nonprofit food bank as 686 consideration for services performed or personal property purchased, and (iii) the donated food crops, if 687 sold by the donee nonprofit food bank, are sold to the needy, other nonprofit food banks, or 688 organizations that intend to use the food crops to provide food to the needy.

689 D. The Tax Commissioner shall issue tax credits under this section, and in no case shall the Tax 690 Commissioner issue more than [\$1.75 million \$250,000] in tax credits pursuant to this section in any 691 fiscal year of the Commonwealth. For every taxable year for which a person seeks the tax credit under 692 this section, the person shall submit an application to the Department in accordance with the forms, 693 instructions, dates, and procedures prescribed by the Department. In order to claim any credit, for each 694 donation made that is approved by the Department for tax credit, the person making the donation shall 695 attach to the person's income tax return a written certification prepared by the donee nonprofit food bank. The written certification prepared by the donee nonprofit food bank shall identify the donee 696 697 nonprofit food bank, the person donating food crops to it, the date of the donation, the number of pounds of food crops donated, and the fair market value of the food crops donated. The certification 698 699 shall also include a statement by the donee nonprofit food bank that its use and disposition of the food 700 crops complies with the requirements under subsection C.

701 E. The amount of the credit claimed shall not exceed the total amount of tax imposed by this chapter
702 upon the person for the taxable year. Any credit not usable for the taxable year for which the credit
703 was first allowed may be carried over for credit against the income taxes of the person in the next five
704 succeeding taxable years or until the total amount of the tax credit has been taken, whichever is sooner.
705 F. Credits granted to a partnership, limited liability company, or electing small business corporation
706 (S corporation) shall be allocated to the individual partners, members, or shareholders, respectively, in

707 proportion to their ownership or interest in such business entities.

708 G. The Tax Commissioner shall develop guidelines implementing the provisions of this section. The guidelines shall include procedures for the allocation of tax credits among participating taxpayers. Such guidelines shall be exempt from the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).