2016 SESSION

16100533D **HOUSE BILL NO. 102** 1 2 3 4 5 Offered January 13, 2016 Prefiled December 14, 2015 drug offenses; penalty. 6 O'Quinn, Orrock, Poindexter, Robinson, Stolle and Wilt 7 8 Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 18.2-33 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: § 18.2-33. Felony homicide defined; punishment. 12 than forty 40 years. 2054.1-3400 et seq.) to another person in violation of Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 and (i) such other person's death results from his use of the controlled substance and (ii) such controlled substance is the proximate cause of the death of such other person regardless of the time or place death under this subsection that the decedent contributed to his own death by his knowing or voluntary use of the felony violation of Article I (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 occurred, where the use of the controlled substance occurred, or where death occurred. 2. That the provisions of this act clarify the intent of the General Assembly with regard to the law S.E.2d 309 (2014). 3. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or

37 38 Juvenile Justice. HB102

A BILL to amend and reenact § 18.2-33 of the Code of Virginia, relating to felony homicide; certain

Patrons-Lingamfelter, Bell, Robert B., Anderson, Bell, Richard P., Bloxom, Dudenhefer, Fowler, Head, Howell, Ingram, Jones, Knight, Landes, Loupassi, Marshall, D.W., Massie, Minchew, O'Bannon,

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13 A. The killing of one accidentally, contrary to the intention of the parties, while in the prosecution of some felonious act other than those specified in §§ 18.2-31 and 18.2-32, is murder of the second degree 14 15 and is punishable by confinement in a state correctional facility for not less than five years nor more 16

17 B. A person is guilty of felony homicide under subsection A if the felonious act that resulted in the 18 killing of one accidentally, contrary to the intention of the parties, involved the manufacture, sale, gift, 19 or distribution of a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II of the Drug Control Act (§

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22 23 occurred in relation to the commission of the underlying felony. It is not a defense to a prosecution 24

25 the controlled substance. Venue for a prosecution under this subsection shall lie in the locality where

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28 29 governing felony homicide and serve to overrule the decision of the Court of Appeals of Virginia in Woodard v. Commonwealth, 61 Va. App. 567, 739 S.E.2d 220 (2013), aff'd, 287 Va. 276, 754 30 31

32 33 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot 34 be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 35 665 of the Acts of Assembly of 2015 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to \$ 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the 36 necessary appropriation is \$0 for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of