



Fiscal Impact Statement for Proposed Legislation

Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission

Senate Bill No. 943

Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute (Patron Prior to Substitute – Favola)

LD#: 15104361

Date: 1/29/2015

Topic: Possession of firearms following certain convictions

Fiscal Impact Summary:

- **State Adult Correctional Facilities:**
\$50,000 *
- **Local Adult Correctional Facilities:**
Cannot be determined
- **Adult Community Corrections Programs:**
Cannot be determined

- **Juvenile Correctional Centers:**
Cannot be determined **
- **Juvenile Detention Facilities:**
Cannot be determined **

** Provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice

* The estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 2 of the 2014 Acts of Assembly, Special Session I, requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000.

Summary of Proposed Legislation:

The proposal adds § 18.2-308.1:6 to the *Code of Virginia*, relating to the purchase, possession, or transportation of firearms by persons convicted of certain offenses. Under the proposal, any person who knowingly and intentionally purchases, possesses, or transports a firearm following a conviction for specified misdemeanor offenses that occurred on or after July 1, 2015 would be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The proposed § 18.2-308.1:6 would apply to individuals convicted of assault and battery, stalking (§ 18.2-60.3), and sexual battery (§ 18.2-67.4) if victim of the offense was a family or household member. However, an individual prohibited from possessing a firearm under the proposal would be permitted to petition the court in the city or county in which he resides to restore his right to purchase, possess, or transport a firearm, if certain conditions are met.

Pursuant to § 18.2-311.2, a third or subsequent Class 1 misdemeanor firearm violation (defined in Article 4, 5, 6, or 7 of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2) is punishable as a Class 6 felony.

The proposal also expands the applicability of several existing felony offenses to include offenders prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:6. Under the proposed modifications to § 18.2-308.2:1, for instance, individuals who sell, barter, give, or furnish a firearm to a person who is prohibited from possessing a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:6 would be guilty of a Class 4 felony. Also, additional individuals would be ineligible to receive a firearm from a licensed firearms dealer. Currently, under § 18.2-308.2:2(M), purchasing a firearm with the intent to transfer it to an individual who is ineligible to purchase a firearm from a dealer is a Class 4 felony that carries a mandatory minimum term of one year. Offenders who transfer more than one firearm in violation of § 18.2-308.2:2(M) are subject to a mandatory

minimum term of five years. Subsection N of § 18.2-308.2:2 makes it a Class 4 felony to solicit, employ, or assist any person in purchasing a firearm in violation of § 18.2-308.2:2(M); a violation of this subsection also carries a mandatory minimum term of five years.

Under § 18.2-308.2:2(K), making a materially false statement on a consent form that is required to purchase a firearm from a licensed dealer is a Class 5 felony. The proposal would amend the Virginia consent form to add a question regarding prior convictions for offenses listed in § 18.2-308.1:6. While potential buyers are not currently required to answer such questions on the Virginia consent form (SP-65), potential buyers must respond to a somewhat similar question on the federal consent form (ATF-4473). Specifically, the federal consent form asks potential purchasers if they have ever been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, which includes assault and battery against certain family or household members.

Analysis:

During fiscal year (FY) 2013 and FY2014, a total of 12,703 offenders were convicted of a misdemeanor under § 18.2-57.2 for assaulting a family or household member (as the primary, or most serious, offense) in general district court, juvenile and domestic relations court, or circuit court. Existing data sources do not contain sufficient detail to identify offenders convicted of misdemeanor assault and battery under § 18.2-57 where the victim was a family or household member. A misdemeanor conviction for stalking in violation of 18.2-60.3 was the primary offense in 230 cases, while 393 additional offenders were convicted of misdemeanor sexual battery under § 18.2-67.4 during this two-year period.

Existing data sources do not contain sufficient detail to predict how many cases would be affected by expanding certain felony offenses to apply to additional circumstances. However, affected offenders may be sentenced similarly to those who are currently convicted of a felony under the existing provisions (see table below). Offenders convicted of the proposed Class 1 misdemeanor who accumulate three or more firearm convictions could be found guilty of a Class 6 felony under § 18.2-311.2. A review of FY2009-FY2014 Circuit Court CMS data for all felony convictions under § 18.2-311.2 resulting from a third or subsequent misdemeanor firearms violation revealed that, during the six-year period, none of the offenders received a state-responsible (prison) sentence.

Offenders Convicted of Select Felony Firearm Offenses, FY2013-FY2014

Primary Offense	Total Number of Cases	Percent Sentenced to Probation	Percent Sentenced to Jail	Median Jail Sentence	Percent Sentenced to Prison	Median Prison Sentence
Sell, give, etc., firearm to ineligible person (§ 18.2-308.2:1)	10	30%	70%	6 months	0	N/A
False statement on firearm consent form (§ 18.2-308.2:2(K))	130	70.8%	23.1%	6 months	6.1%	1.3 years
Dealer sell/transfer firearm in violation of section (§ 18.2-308.2:2(L))	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solicit, etc., dealer to transfer firearm to another (§ 18.2-308.2:2(L1))	1	0%	0%	N/A	100%	2 years
Provide > 1 firearm to ineligible person (§ 18.2-308.2:2(M))	2	0%	50%	2 months	50%	7 years

Offenders Convicted of Select Felony Firearm Offenses, continued

Primary Offense	Total Number of Cases	Percent Sentenced to Probation	Percent Sentenced to Jail	Median Jail Sentence	Percent Sentenced to Prison	Median Prison Sentence
Purchase firearm to provide to ineligible person (§ 18.2-308.2:2(M,i))	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Transport firearm out of state to provide to ineligible person (§ 18.2-308.2:2(M,ii))	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solicit violation of § 18.2-308.2:2(M) (§ 18.2-308.2:2(N))	1	0%	0%	N/A	100%	3 years
False statement on affidavit (§ 18.2-308.2:3(C,1))	1	100%	0%	N/A	0%	N/A
False statement on required personal descriptive information (§ 18.2-308.2:3(J))	1	100%	0%	N/A	0%	N/A

Sources: Supreme Court of Virginia - Circuit Court Case Management System (CMS), FY2013-FY2014 and Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission - Sentencing Guidelines Database, FY2013-FY2014

Impact of Proposed Legislation:

State adult correctional facilities. Offenders convicted of the proposed Class 1 misdemeanor offense under § 18.2-308.1:6 could, in the future, be convicted of a Class 6 felony under § 18.2-311.2 if they accumulate three or more firearm convictions. In the six most recent fiscal years, however, no offender convicted of a felony under § 18.2-311.2 has received a state-responsible (prison) sentence. Therefore, this portion of the proposal is not expected to have an impact on the state-responsible (prison) bed space needs of the Commonwealth during the six-year window specified by § 30-19.1:4 for legislative impact statements.

However, by expanding the applicability of other existing felony offenses, the proposal may increase the future state-responsible (prison) bed space needs of the Commonwealth. Existing data do not provide sufficient detail to estimate the number of new felony convictions that would result from enactment of the proposal. Therefore, the impact on prison bed space needs cannot be determined.

Local adult correctional facilities. By creating a new Class 1 misdemeanor offense and expanding certain felony offenses, the proposal may increase local-responsible (jail) bed space needs. Because the number of new convictions that may result from enactment of the proposal cannot be determined, the magnitude of the impact on jail bed space needs cannot be estimated.

Adult community corrections programs. Because the proposal could result in both misdemeanor and felony convictions and subsequent supervision requirements for an additional number of offenders, the proposal may increase the need for adult community corrections resources. Since the number of cases that may be affected cannot be determined, the potential impact on community corrections cannot be quantified.

Virginia's sentencing guidelines. Felony violations of § 18.2-308.2:2(K) are covered by the sentencing guidelines. Felony convictions under the other affected sections of the *Code* are not covered by the sentencing guidelines as the primary, or most serious, offense. Such a conviction, however, could augment the guidelines recommendation if the most serious offense at sentencing is covered by the guidelines. No adjustment to the guidelines is necessary under the proposal.

Juvenile correctional centers. According to the Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ), the impact of the proposal on juvenile correctional center (JCC) bed space needs cannot be determined.

Juvenile detention facilities. The Department of Juvenile Justice reports that the proposal's impact on the bed space needs of juvenile detention facilities cannot be determined.

Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 2 of the 2014 Acts of Assembly, Special Session I, requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000.

Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.

firearm26_4361