2015 SESSION

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SENATE BILL NO. 938

Offered January 14, 2015 Prefiled January 8, 2015

4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-507, 2.2-1122, 2.2-1205, 2.2-1206, 2.2-2821.2, 2.2-4501, 4.1-206, 5 8.01-66.2, 8.01-66.5, 8.01-66.7, 8.01-66.8, 8.01-225, 8.01-226.5:2, 8.01-420.2, 8.01-581.13, 6 8.01-581.19, 9.1-300 through 9.1-303, 9.1-400, 9.1-700, 9.1-801, 10.1-1141, 15.2-622, 15.2-831, 7 15.2-953, 15.2-954.1, 15.2-955, 15.2-1512.2, 15.2-1714, 15.2-1716, 15.2-1716.1, 16.1-228, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-121.2, 18.2-154, 18.2-174.1, 18.2-212, 18.2-340.16, 18.2-340.23, 18.2-340.34:1, 18.2-371, 18.2-371.1, 18.2-414.1, 18.2-426, 18.2-429, 18.2-488.1, 22.1-279.8, 27-1 through 27-3, 27-4, 27-6.1, 8 9

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 through 27-23.5, 27-23.9, 29.1-355, 29.1-530.4, 29.1-702, 29.1-733.7, 32.1-45.1, 32.1-46.02,

 32.1-111.1 through 32.1-111.9, 32.1-111.12, 32.1-111.13, 32.1-111.14, 32.1-111.15, 32.1-116.1:1,

 32.1-116.3, 32.1-283.2, 32.1-291.12, 33.2-262, 33.2-501, 33.2-503. 33.2-613, 35.1-25, 38.2-1904,

 10 11 12 13 14 38.2-2005, 38.2-2201, 38.2-2202, 38.2-3407.9, 40.1-79.01, 40.1-103, 44-146.28, 45.1-161.199, 46.2-208, 46.2-334.01, 46.2-502, 46.2-644.2, 46.2-649.1:1, 46.2-694, as it is currently effective and 15 as it may become effective, 46.2-698, 46.2-726, 46.2-735, 46.2-752, 46.2-818, 46.2-915.1, 46.2-920, 16 46.2-921, 46.2-1020, 46.2-1023, 46.2-1024, 46.2-1025, 46.2-1027, 46.2-1028, 46.2-1029, 46.2-1044, 17 18 46.2-1052, 46.2-1076, 46.2-1077.1, 46.2-1078.1, 46.2-1239, 46.2-1900, 46.2-2000.1, 51.1-153, 51.1-155, 51.1-169, 51.1-1200, 51.1-1201, 51.1-1203, 51.1-1204, 51.1-1206, 51.1-1207, 51.1-1208, 19 53.1-47, 53.1-133.8, 54.1-829, 54.1-3408, 56-484.14, 57-60, 58.1-1404, 58.1-1505, 58.1-2226, 58.1-2235, 58.1-2250, 58.1-2259, 58.1-2403, 58.1-3506, 58.1-3610, 58.1-3833, 58.1-3840, 63.2-100, 58.1-2259, 58.1-2403, 58.1-3506, 58.1-3610, 58.1-3833, 58.1-3840, 63.2-100, 58.1-2259, 58.1-2403, 58.1-3506, 58.1-3610, 58.1-3833, 58.1-3840, 63.2-100, 58.1-2259, 58.1-2403, 58.1-3506, 58.1-3610, 58.1-3833, 58.1-3840, 63.2-100, 58.1-2259, 58.1-2403, 58.1-3506, 58.1-3610, 58.1-3833, 58.1-3840, 63.2-100, 58.1-3610, 58.1-384020 21 63.2-1515, 65.2-101, 65.2-102, 65.2-402, 65.2-402.1, and 66-25.1 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 27-6.01, 27-6.02, 27-15.1:1, 32.1-111.4:1 through 22 23 32.1-111.4:8, and 32.1-111.14:2 through 32.1-111.14:9; and to repeal §§ 27-8.1, 27-19, 27-23.6, 24 25 32.1-111.10, and 32.1-111.11 of the Code of Virginia, relating to fire services and emergency 26 medical services. 27

Patron-Stuart

Referred to Committee on Education and Health

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 2.2-507, 2.2-1122, 2.2-1205, 2.2-1206, 2.2-2821.2, 2.2-4501, 4.1-206, 8.01-66.2, 8.01-66.5, 32 8.01-66.7, 8.01-66.8, 8.01-225, 8.01-226.5:2, 8.01-420.2, 8.01-581.13, 8.01-581.19, 9.1-300 through 33 9.1-303, 9.1-400, 9.1-700, 9.1-801, 10.1-1141, 15.2-622, 15.2-831, 15.2-953, 15.2-954.1, 15.2-955, 15.2-1512.2, 15.2-1714, 15.2-1716, 15.2-1716.1, 16.1-228, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-121.2, 18.2-154, 18.2-174.1, 18.2-212, 18.2-340.16, 18.2-340.23, 18.2-340.34:1, 18.2-371, 18.2-371.1, 18.2-414.1, 18.2-426, 18.2-429, 18.2-104.1, 18.2-426, 18.2-429, 18.2-104.1, 18.2-426, 18.2-429, 18.2-104.1, 18.2-414.1, 18.2-426, 18.2-429, 18.2-104.1, 18.2-414.1, 18.2-426, 18.2-429, 18.2-104.1, 18.2-420, 18.2 34 35 36 18.2-488.1, 22.1-279.8, 27-1 through 27-3, 27-4, 27-6.1, 27-7, 27-8, 27-9, 27-10, 27-11, 27-13, 27-14, 27-15.1, 27-15.2, 27-17, 27-17.1, 27-20, 27-21, 27-23.1 through 27-23.5, 27-23.9, 29.1-355, 29.1-530.4, 37 38 39 29.1-702, 29.1-733.7, 32.1-45.1, 32.1-46.02, 32.1-111.1 through 32.1-111.9, 32.1-111.12, 32.1-111.13, 40 41 40.1-103, 44-146.28, 45.1-161.199, 46.2-208, 46.2-334.01, 46.2-502, 46.2-644.2, 46.2-649.1:1, 46.2-694, 42 43 as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, 46.2-698, 46.2-726, 46.2-735, 46.2-752, 46.2-818, 46.2-915.1, 46.2-920, 46.2-921, 46.2-1020, 46.2-1023, 46.2-1024, 46.2-1025, 46.2-1027, 44 45 46 47 48 58.1-3833, 58.1-3840, 63.2-100, 63.2-1515, 65.2-101, 65.2-102, 65.2-402, 65.2-402.1, and 66-25.1 of 49 50 the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by 51 adding sections numbered 27-6.01, 27-6.02, 27-15.1:1, 32.1-111.4:1 through 32.1-111.4:8, and 52 32.1-111.14:2 through 32.1-111.14:9 as follows: 53 § 2.2-507. Legal service in civil matters.

A. All legal service in civil matters for the Commonwealth, the Governor, and every state department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, official, court, or judge, including the conduct of all civil litigation in which any of them are interested, shall be rendered and performed by the Attorney General, except as provided in this chapter and except for any litigation concerning a justice or judge initiated by the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission. No regular

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59 counsel shall be employed for or by the Governor or any state department, institution, division, 60 commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, or official. The Attorney General may represent personally or through one or more of his assistants any number of state departments, institutions, divisions, 61 62 commissions, boards, bureaus, agencies, entities, officials, courts, or judges that are parties to the same 63 transaction or that are parties in the same civil or administrative proceeding and may represent multiple 64 interests within the same department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, or entity. 65 The soil and water conservation district directors or districts may request legal advice from local, public, or private sources; however, upon request of the soil and water conservation district directors or districts, 66 the Attorney General shall provide legal service in civil matters for such district directors or districts. 67

68 B. The Attorney General may represent personally or through one of his assistants any of the following persons who are made defendant in any civil action for damages arising out of any matter 69 70 connected with their official duties:

- 1. Members, agents or employees of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board;
- 2. Agents inspecting or investigators appointed by the State Corporation Commission;
- 3. Agents, investigators, or auditors employed by the Department of Taxation;

74 4. Members, agents or employees of the State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental 75 Services, the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the State Board of Health, the State Department of Health, the Department of General Services, the State Board of Social Services, 76 77 the Department of Social Services, the State Board of Corrections, the Department of Corrections, the 78 State Board of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Virginia Parole Board, or the 79 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;

80 5. Persons employed by the Commonwealth Transportation Board, the Department of Transportation, or the Department of Rail and Public Transportation; 81

- 6. Persons employed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles; 82
- 83 7. Persons appointed by the Commissioner of Marine Resources;
- 84 8. Police officers appointed by the Superintendent of State Police;
- 85 9. Conservation police officers appointed by the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries;
- 86 10. Hearing officers appointed to hear a teacher's grievance pursuant to § 22.1-311;
- 87 11. Staff members or volunteers participating in a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant 88 to Article 5 (§ 9.1-151 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1;

89 12. Any emergency medical service services agency that is a licensee of the Department of Health in 90 any civil matter and any guardian ad litem appointed by a court in a civil matter brought against him 91 for alleged errors or omissions in the discharge of his court-appointed duties; 92

13. Conservation officers of the Department of Conservation and Recreation; or

93 14. A person appointed by written order of a circuit court judge to run an existing corporation or company as the judge's representative, when that person is acting in execution of a lawful order of the 94 95 court and the order specifically refers to this section and appoints such person to serve as an agent of 96 the Commonwealth.

97 Upon request of the affected individual, the Attorney General may represent personally or through 98 one of his assistants any basic or advanced emergency medical care attendant or technician possessing a 99 valid certificate issued by authority of the State Board of Health in any civil matter in which a defense 100 of immunity from liability is raised pursuant to § 8.01-225.

101 C. If, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it is impracticable or uneconomical for such legal service to be rendered by him or one of his assistants, he may employ special counsel for this purpose, 102 103 whose compensation shall be fixed by the Attorney General. The compensation for such special counsel shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of the board, commission, division or 104 department being represented or whose members, officers, inspectors, investigators, or other employees are being represented pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 105 106 107 contrary, the Supreme Court may employ its own counsel in any matter arising out of its official duties 108 in which it, or any justice, is a party.

109 § 2.2-1122. Aid and cooperation of Division may be sought by any public body or public broadcasting station in making purchases; use of facilities of Virginia Distribution Center; services 110 111 to certain volunteer organizations.

A. Virginia public broadcasting stations as defined in § 22.1-20.1, and public bodies as defined in 112 113 § 2.2-4300 who are empowered to purchase material, equipment, and supplies of any kind, may purchase through the Division. When any such public body, public broadcasting station, or duly authorized officer 114 115 requests the Division to obtain bids for any materials, equipment and supplies, and the bids have been obtained by the Division, the Division may award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder, and the 116 117 public body or public broadcasting station shall be bound by the contract. The Division shall set forth in the purchase order that the materials, equipment, and supplies be delivered to, and that the bill be 118 119 rendered and forwarded to, the public body or public broadcasting station. Any such bill shall be a valid and enforceable claim against the public body or public broadcasting station requesting the bids. 120

B. The Division may make available to any public body or public broadcasting station the facilities
of the Virginia Distribution Center maintained by the Division; however, the furnishing of any such
services or supplies shall not limit or impair any services or supplies normally rendered any department,
division, institution, or agency of the Commonwealth.

125 C. The Board of Education shall furnish to the Division a list of public broadcasting stations in126 Virginia for the purposes of this section.

D. The services or supplies authorized by this section shall extend to any volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency that is recognized by an ordinance to be a part of the safety program of a county, city, or town when the services or supplies are sought through and approved by the governing body of such county, city, or town.

131 E. "Public For purposes of this section, "public broadcasting station" means the same as that term is 132 defined in § 22.1-20.1.

\$ 2.2-1205. Purchase of continued health insurance coverage by the surviving spouse and any dependents of an active or retired local law-enforcement officer, firefighter, etc., through the Department.

136 A. The surviving spouse and any dependents of an active or retired law-enforcement officer of any 137 county, city, or town of the Commonwealth; a jail officer; a regional jail or jail farm superintendent; a 138 sheriff, deputy sheriff, or city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the City of Richmond; or a member of 139 any fire company or department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency that has been 140 recognized by an ordinance or a resolution of the governing body of any county, city, or town of this 141 the Commonwealth as an integral part of the official safety program of such county, city, or town; or a 142 member of an emergency medical services department, whose death occurs as the direct or proximate 143 result of the performance of his duty, including the presumptions under §§ 27-40.1, 27-40.2, 51.1-813, 144 and 65.2-402, shall be entitled, upon proper application to the Department, to purchase continued health 145 insurance coverage on the following conditions: (i) on the date of death, the deceased participated in a 146 health insurance plan administered by the Department pursuant to § 2.2-1204 and (ii) on the date of the 147 deceased's death, the applicants were included in the health insurance plan in condition clause (i) of this 148 subsection. The health insurance plan administered by the Department pursuant to § 2.2-1204 shall 149 provide means whereby coverage for the spouse and any dependents of the deceased as provided in this 150 section may be purchased. The spouse and any dependents of the deceased who purchase continued 151 health insurance coverage pursuant to this section shall pay the same portion of the applicable premium 152 as active employees pay for the same class of coverage, and the local government employer that 153 employed the deceased shall pay the remaining portion of the premium.

B. Any application to purchase continued health insurance coverage hereunder shall be made in writing to the Department within sixty 60 days of the date of the deceased's death. The time for making application may be extended by the Department for good cause shown.

157 C. In addition to any necessary information requested by the Department, the application shall state 158 whether conditions (i) and (ii) set forth in *clauses* (i) and (ii) of subsection A of this section have been 159 met. If the Department states that such conditions have not been met, the Department shall conduct an 160 informal fact-finding conference or consultation with the applicant pursuant to § 2.2-4019 of the 161 Administrative Process Act. Upon scheduling the conference or consultation, the provisions of the 162 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall apply thereafter.

163 D. Upon payment of any required premiums, coverage shall automatically be extended during the 164 period for making application and shall be effective retroactive to the date of the deceased's death.

E. The terms, conditions, and costs of continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall be subject to administration by the Department. The Department may increase the cost of coverage consistent with its administration of health insurance plans under § 2.2-1204. However, at no time shall a surviving spouse or dependents pay more for continued health insurance coverage than active employees pay under the same plan for the same class of coverage.

F. For the surviving spouse, continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall
automatically terminate upon occurrence of any of the following: (i) death, (ii) remarriage, (iii) alternate
health insurance coverage being obtained, or (iv) any applicable condition outlined in the policies and
procedures of the Department governing health insurance plans administered pursuant to § 2.2-1204.

174 G. For any surviving dependents, continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall 175 automatically terminate upon occurrence of any of the following: (i) death; (ii) marriage; (iii) alternate 176 health insurance coverage being obtained; (iv) attaining the age of twenty-one 21, unless the dependent 177 is (a) a full-time college student, in which event coverage shall not terminate until such dependent has either attained the age of twenty-five 25 or until such time as the dependent ceases to be a full-time 178 179 college student, whichever occurs first, or (b) under a mental or physical disability, in which event 180 coverage shall not terminate until three months following cessation of the disability; or (v) any applicable condition outlined in the policies and procedures of the Department governing health 181

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182 insurance plans administered pursuant to § 2.2-1204.

\$ 2.2-1206. Purchase of continued health insurance coverage by the surviving spouse and any
 dependents of an active local law-enforcement officer, firefighter, etc., through a plan sponsor.

185 A. For the purposes of this section, "plan sponsor" means a local government employer that has established a plan of health insurance coverage for its employees, retirees and dependents of employees as are described in subsection B.

188 B. The surviving spouse and any dependents of an active law-enforcement officer of any county, 189 city, or town of this the Commonwealth; a jail officer; a regional jail or jail farm superintendent; a sheriff, deputy sheriff, or city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the City of Richmond; or a member of 190 191 any fire company or department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency that has been 192 recognized by an ordinance or a resolution of the governing body of any county, city, or town of this 193 the Commonwealth as an integral part of the official safety program of such county, city, or town; or a 194 member of an emergency medical services department; whose death occurs as the direct or proximate 195 result of the performance of his duty shall be entitled, upon proper application to the appropriate plan 196 sponsor, to purchase continued health insurance coverage on the following conditions: (i) on the date of 197 death, the deceased participated in a health insurance plan administered by the plan sponsor and (ii) on 198 the date of the deceased's death, the applicants were included in the health insurance plan in condition 199 *clause* (i) of this subsection. The health insurance plan administered by the plan sponsor shall provide 200 means whereby coverage for the spouse and any dependents of the deceased as provided in this section 201 may be purchased.

202 C. Any application to purchase continued health insurance coverage hereunder shall be made in writing to the plan sponsor within sixty 60 days of the date of the deceased's death. The time for making application may be extended by the plan sponsor for good cause shown.

D. In addition to any necessary information requested by the plan sponsor, the application shall state whether conditions (i) and (ii) set forth in *clauses* (i) and (ii) of subsection B have been met. If the plan sponsor states that such conditions have not been met, the plan sponsor, notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 2.2-4002, 2.2-4006, or §-2.2-4011, shall conduct an informal fact-finding conference or consultation with the applicant pursuant to § 2.2-4019 of the Administrative Process Act. Upon scheduling the conference or consultation, the provisions of the local government's grievance procedure for nonprobationary, permanent employees shall apply thereafter.

E. Upon payment of any required premiums, coverage shall automatically be extended during the period for making application and shall be effective retroactive to the date of the deceased's death.

F. The terms, conditions, and costs of continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall be subject to administration by the plan sponsor. The plan sponsor may increase the cost of coverage consistent with its administration of health insurance plans under § 2.2-1204. However, at no time shall the surviving spouse or dependents pay more for continued health insurance coverage than the active employee rate under the same plan for the same class of coverage.

G. For the surviving spouse, continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall
automatically terminate upon occurrence of any of the following: (i) death, (ii) remarriage, (iii) alternate
health insurance coverage being obtained, or (iv) any applicable condition outlined in the policies and
procedures of the plan sponsor governing health insurance plans administered for its active employees.

223 H. For any surviving dependents, continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall 224 automatically terminate upon occurrence of any of the following: (i) death; (ii) marriage; (iii) alternate 225 health insurance coverage being obtained; (iv) attaining the age of twenty-one 21, unless the dependent 226 is (a) a full-time college student, in which event coverage shall not terminate until such dependent has 227 either attained the age of twenty-five 25 or until such time as the dependent ceases to be a full-time 228 college student, whichever occurs first, or (b) under a mental or physical disability, in which event 229 coverage shall not terminate until three months following cessation of the disability; or (v) any 230 applicable condition outlined in the policies and procedures of the plan sponsor governing health 231 insurance plans administered for its active employees.

§ 2.2-2821.2. Leave for volunteer fire and volunteer emergency medical services.

233 State employees shall be allowed up to 24 hours of paid leave in any calendar year, in addition to 234 other paid leave, to serve with a volunteer fire department and rescue squad or volunteer emergency 235 *medical services agency* or auxiliary unit thereof that has been recognized in accordance with § 15.2-955 236 by an ordinance or resolution of the political subdivision where the volunteer fire department or rescue 237 squad volunteer emergency medical services agency is located as being a part of the safety program of 238 such political subdivision. The Department shall develop personnel policies providing for the use of such leave. For the purposes of this section, "state employee" means any person who is regularly employed 239 full time on a salaried basis, whose tenure is not restricted as to temporary or provisional appointment, 240 241 in the service of, and whose compensation is payable, no more often than biweekly, in whole or in part, 242 by the Commonwealth or any department, institution, or agency thereof.

243 § 2.2-4501. Legal investments for other public funds.

A. The Commonwealth, all public officers, municipal corporations, other political subdivisions and all other public bodies of the Commonwealth may invest any and all moneys belonging to them or within their control, other than sinking funds, in the following:

247 1. Stocks, bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness of the Commonwealth and those248 unconditionally guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the Commonwealth.

249 2. Bonds, notes and other obligations of the United States, and securities unconditionally guaranteed 250 as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States, or any agency thereof. The evidences of 251 indebtedness enumerated by this subdivision may be held directly, or in the form of repurchase 252 agreements collateralized by such debt securities, or in the form of securities of any open-end or 253 closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment 254 Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is 255 limited to such evidences of indebtedness, or repurchase agreements collateralized by such debt 256 securities, or securities of other such investment companies or investment trusts whose portfolios are so 257 restricted.

3. Stocks, bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness of any state of the United States upon which there is no default and upon which there has been no default for more than ninety 90 days;
provided, that within the twenty 20 fiscal years next preceding the making of such investment, such state has not been in default for more than ninety 90 days in the payment of any part of principal or interest of any debt authorized by the legislature of such state to be contracted.

4. Stocks, bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness of any county, city, town, district,
authority or other public body in the Commonwealth upon which there is no default;, provided, that if
the principal and interest be payable from revenues or tolls and the project has not been completed, or if
completed, has not established an operating record of net earnings available for payment of principal and
interest equal to estimated requirements for that purpose according to the terms of the issue, the
standards of judgment and care required in Article 9 (§ 64.2-780 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 64.2,
without reference to this section, shall apply.

270 In any case in which an authority, having an established record of net earnings available for payment 271 of principal and interest equal to estimated requirements for that purpose according to the terms of the 272 issue, issues additional evidences of indebtedness for the purposes of acquiring or constructing additional 273 facilities of the same general character that it is then operating, such additional evidences of 274 indebtedness shall be governed by the provisions of this section without limitation.

275 5. Legally authorized stocks, bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness of any city, county, 276 town, or district situated in any one of the states of the United States upon which there is no default and 277 upon which there has been no default for more than ninety 90 days;, provided, that (i) within the twenty 278 20 fiscal years next preceding the making of such investment, such city, county, town, or district has not 279 been in default for more than ninety 90 days in the payment of any part of principal or interest of any 280 stock, bond, note or other evidence of indebtedness issued by it; (ii) such city, county, town, or district 281 shall have been in continuous existence for at least twenty 20 years; (iii) such city, county, town, or 282 district has a population, as shown by the federal census next preceding the making of such investment, 283 of not less than 25,000 inhabitants; (iv) the stocks, bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness in 284 which such investment is made are the direct legal obligations of the city, county, town, or district 285 issuing the same; (v) the city, county, town, or district has power to levy taxes on the taxable real 286 property therein for the payment of such obligations without limitation of rate or amount; and (vi) the 287 net indebtedness of such city, county, town, or district (including the issue in which such investment is 288 made), after deducting the amount of its bonds issued for self-sustaining public utilities, does not exceed ten 10 percent of the value of the taxable property in such city, county, town, or district, to be 289 290 ascertained by the valuation of such property therein for the assessment of taxes next preceding the 291 making of such investment.

292 6. Bonds and other obligations issued, guaranteed or assumed by the International Bank for
293 Reconstruction and Development, by the Asian Development Bank or by the African Development
294 Bank.

B. This section shall not apply to funds authorized by law to be invested by the Virginia Retirement
System or to deferred compensation plan funds to be invested pursuant to § 51.1-601 or to funds
contributed by a locality to a pension program for the benefit of any volunteer fire department and
rescue squad or volunteer emergency medical services agency established pursuant to § 15.2-955.

C. Investments made prior to July 1, 1991, pursuant to § 51.1-601 are ratified and deemed valid to
the extent that such investments were made in conformity with the standards set forth in Chapter 6
(§ 51.1-600 et seq.) of Title 51.1.

302 § 4.1-206. Alcoholic beverage licenses.

303 The Board may grant the following licenses relating to alcoholic beverages generally:

304 1. Distillers' licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture alcoholic beverages other

than wine and beer, and to sell and deliver or ship the same, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed containers, to the Board and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth. When the Board has established a government store on the distiller's licensed premises pursuant to subsection D of § 4.1-119, such license shall also authorize the licensee to make a charge to consumers to participate in an organized tasting event conducted in accordance with subsection G of § 4.1-119 and Board regulations.

311 2. Fruit distillers' licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture any alcoholic beverages
312 made from fruit or fruit juices, and to sell and deliver or ship the same, in accordance with Board
313 regulations, in closed containers, to the Board and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale
314 outside the Commonwealth.

315 3. Banquet facility licenses to volunteer fire departments and volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services agencies, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully 316 317 acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by any person, and bona fide members and 318 guests thereof, otherwise eligible for a banquet license. However, lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages 319 shall not be purchased or sold by the licensee or sold or charged for in any way by the person permitted 320 to use the premises. Such premises shall be a volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency 321 *medical services agency* station or both, regularly occupied as such and recognized by the governing 322 body of the county, city or town in which it is located. Under conditions as specified by Board 323 regulation, such premises may be other than a volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency 324 medical services agency station, provided such other premises are occupied and under the control of the 325 volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency while the 326 privileges of its license are being exercised.

4. Bed and breakfast licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to serve alcoholic beverages in dining areas, private guest rooms and other designated areas to persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided, with or without meals, for on-premises consumption only in such rooms and areas, and without regard to the amount of gross receipts from the sale of food prepared and consumed on the premises.

5. Tasting licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell or give samples of alcoholic beverages
of the type specified in the license in designated areas at events held by the licensee. A tasting license
shall be issued for the purpose of featuring and educating the consuming public about the alcoholic
beverages being tasted. A separate license shall be required for each day of each tasting event. No
tasting license shall be required for conduct authorized by § 4.1-201.1.

6. Museum licenses, which may be issued to nonprofit museums exempt from taxation under
§ 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which shall authorize the licensee to (i) permit the
consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by any bona fide
member and guests thereof and (ii) serve alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee to any
bona fide member and guests thereof. However, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in
any way by the licensee. The privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the museum,
regularly occupied and utilized as such.

344 7. Equine sporting event licenses, which may be issued to organizations holding equestrian, hunt and
345 steeplechase events, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired
346 alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by patrons thereof during such event. However,
347 alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way by the licensee. The privileges of this
348 license shall be (i) limited to the premises of the licensee, regularly occupied and utilized for equestrian,
349 hunt and steeplechase events and (ii) exercised on no more than four calendar days per year.

8. Day spa licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to (i) permit the consumption of lawfully acquired wine or beer on the premises of the licensee by any bona fide customer of the day spa and (ii) serve wine or beer on the premises of the licensee to any such bona fide customer; however, the licensee shall not give more than two five-ounce glasses of wine or one 12-ounce glass of beer to any such customer, nor shall it sell or otherwise charge a fee to such customer for the wine or beer served or consumed. The privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the day spa regularly occupied and utilized as such.

9. Motor car sporting event facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by patrons thereof during such events. However, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way, directly or indirectly, by the licensee. The privileges of this license shall be limited to those areas of the licensee's premises designated by the Board that are regularly occupied and utilized for motor car sporting events.

10. Meal-assembly kitchen license, which shall authorize the licensee to serve wine or beer on the
premises of the licensee to any such bona fide customer attending either a private gathering or a special
event; however, the licensee shall not give more than two five-ounce glasses of wine or two 12-ounce
glasses of beer to any such customer, nor shall it sell or otherwise charge a fee to such customer for the

367 wine or beer served or consumed. The privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the 368 meal-assembly kitchen regularly occupied and utilized as such.

369 11. Canal boat operator license, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of 370 lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by any bona fide customer 371 attending either a private gathering or a special event; however, the licensee shall not sell or otherwise 372 charge a fee to such customer for the alcoholic beverages so consumed. The privileges of this license 373 shall be limited to the premises of the licensee, including the canal, the canal boats while in operation, 374 and any pathways adjacent thereto. Upon authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and 375 consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises in all areas and locations 376 covered by the license.

377 12. Annual arts venue event licenses, to persons operating an arts venue, which shall authorize the 378 licensee participating in a community art walk that is open to the public to serve lawfully acquired wine 379 or beer on the premises of the licensee to adult patrons thereof during such events. However, alcoholic 380 beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way, directly or indirectly, by the licensee, and the 381 licensee shall not give more than two five-ounce glasses of wine or one 12-ounce glass of beer to any 382 one adult patron. The privileges of this license shall be (i) limited to the premises of the arts venue 383 regularly occupied and used as such and (ii) exercised on no more than 12 calendar days per year. 384

§ 8.01-66.2. Lien against person whose negligence causes injury.

385 Whenever any person sustains personal injuries caused by the alleged negligence of another and 386 receives treatment in any hospital, public or private, or nursing home, or receives medical attention or 387 treatment from any physician, or receives nursing service or care from any registered nurse, or receives 388 physical therapy treatment from any registered physical therapist in this Commonwealth, or receives 389 medicine from a pharmacy, or receives any ambulance service emergency medical services and 390 transportation provided by an emergency medical services vehicle, such hospital, nursing home, 391 physician, nurse, physical therapist, pharmacy or ambulance service emergency medical services and 392 transportation provided by an emergency medical services vehicle shall each have a lien for the amount 393 of a just and reasonable charge for the service rendered, but not exceeding \$2,500 in the case of a 394 hospital or nursing home, \$750 for each physician, nurse, physical therapist, or pharmacy, and \$200 for 395 each ambulance service emergency medical services agency providing emergency medical services or 396 emergency medical services vehicle transportation on the claim of such injured person or of his personal 397 representative against the person, firm or corporation whose negligence is alleged to have caused such 398 injuries.

§ 8.01-66.5. Written notice required.

399

400 A. No lien provided for in § 8.01-66.2, 8.01-66.9, or 19.2-368.15 shall be created or become 401 effective in favor of the Commonwealth, an institution thereof, or a hospital, nursing home, physician, 402 nurse, or physical therapist, or ambulance service emergency medical services and transportation 403 provided by an emergency medical services vehicle, unless and until a written notice of lien setting forth 404 the name of the Commonwealth_{$\overline{1}$} or the institution, hospital, nursing home, physician, nurse, physical 405 therapist, or ambulance service emergency medical services agency that provided emergency medical 406 services or emergency medical services vehicle transportation and the name of the injured person, has 407 been served upon or given to the person, firm, or corporation whose negligence is alleged to have 408 caused such injuries, or to the attorney for the injured party, or to the injured party. Such written notice 409 of lien shall not be required if the attorney for the injured party knew that medical services were either 410 provided or paid for by the Commonwealth.

411 B. In any action for personal injuries or wrongful death against a nursing home or its agents, if the Department of Medical Assistance Services has paid for any health care services provided to the injured 412 413 party or decedent relating to the action, the injured party or personal representative shall, within 60 days 414 of filing a lawsuit or 21 days of determining that the Department of Medical Assistance Services has 415 paid for such health care services, whichever is later, give written notice to the Department of Medical 416 Assistance Services that the lawsuit has been filed. The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall 417 provide a written response, stating the amount of the lien as of the date of their response, within 60 days of receiving a request for that information from the injured party or personal representative. 418 419

§ 8.01-66.7. Hearing and disposal of claim of unreasonableness.

420 If the injured person questions the reasonableness of the charges made by a hospital, nurse, 421 physician, or ambulance service emergency medical services agency that provided emergency medical 422 services or emergency medical services vehicle transportation claiming a lien pursuant to § 8.01-66.2, 423 the injured person or the hospital, physician, nurse, or ambulance service emergency medical services 424 agency that provided emergency medical services or emergency medical services vehicle transportation 425 may file, in the court that would have jurisdiction of such claim if such claim were asserted against the 426 injured person by such hospital, physician, nurse, or ambulance service emergency medical services 427 agency that provided emergency medical services or emergency medical services vehicle transportation,

428 a petition setting forth the facts. The court shall hear and dispose of the matter in a summary way after 429 five days' notice to the other party in interest.

430 § 8.01-66.8. Petition to enforce lien.

431 If suit is instituted by an injured person or his personal representative against the person, firm, or 432 corporation allegedly causing the person's injuries, a hospital, nursing home, physician, nurse, or 433 ambulance service emergency medical services agency that provided emergency medical services or 434 emergency medical services vehicle transportation, in lieu of proceeding according to §§ 8.01-66.5 to 435 8.01-66.7, may file in the court wherein such suit is pending a petition to enforce the lien provided for 436 in § 8.01-66.2 or §-8.01-66.9. Such petition shall be heard and disposed of in a summary way.

437 § 8.01-225. Persons rendering emergency care, obstetrical services exempt from liability. 438

A. Any person who:

439 1. In good faith, renders emergency care or assistance, without compensation, to any ill or injured 440 person (i) at the scene of an accident, fire, or any life-threatening emergency; (ii) at a location for 441 screening or stabilization of an emergency medical condition arising from an accident, fire, or any 442 life-threatening emergency; or (iii) en route to any hospital, medical clinic, or doctor's office, shall not 443 be liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such care or 444 assistance.

445 2. In the absence of gross negligence, renders emergency obstetrical care or assistance to a female in 446 active labor who has not previously been cared for in connection with the pregnancy by such person or 447 by another professionally associated with such person and whose medical records are not reasonably 448 available to such person shall not be liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from 449 the rendering of such emergency care or assistance. The immunity herein granted shall apply only to the 450 emergency medical care provided.

3. In good faith and without compensation, including any emergency medical services technician 451 452 certified by the Board of Healthprovider who holds a valid certificate issued by the Commissioner of 453 Health, administers epinephrine in an emergency to an individual shall not be liable for any civil 454 damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such treatment if 455 such person has reason to believe that the individual receiving the injection is suffering or is about to 456 suffer a life-threatening anaphylactic reaction.

457 4. Provides assistance upon request of any police agency, fire department, rescue or emergency squad 458 emergency medical services agency, or governmental agency in the event of an accident or other 459 emergency involving the use, handling, transportation, transmission, or storage of liquefied petroleum 460 gas, liquefied natural gas, hazardous material, or hazardous waste as defined in § 10.1-1400 or 461 regulations of the Virginia Waste Management Board shall not be liable for any civil damages resulting from any act of commission or omission on his part in the course of his rendering such assistance in 462 463 good faith.

5. Is an emergency medical care attendant or technician services provider possessing a valid 464 465 certificate issued by authority of the State Board of Health who in good faith renders emergency care or assistance, whether in person or by telephone or other means of communication, without compensation, 466 to any injured or ill person, whether at the scene of an accident, fire, or any other place, or while 467 transporting such injured or ill person to, from, or between any hospital, medical facility, medical clinic, 468 469 doctor's office, or other similar or related medical facility, shall not be liable for any civil damages for 470 acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such emergency care, treatment, or assistance, 471 including but in no way limited to acts or omissions which involve violations of State Department of 472 Health regulations or any other state regulations in the rendering of such emergency care or assistance.

473 6. In good faith and without compensation, renders or administers emergency cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR); cardiac defibrillation, including, but not limited to, the use of an automated external 474 475 defibrillator (AED); or other emergency life-sustaining or resuscitative treatments or procedures which 476 have been approved by the State Board of Health to any sick or injured person, whether at the scene of 477 a fire, an accident, or any other place, or while transporting such person to or from any hospital, clinic, 478 doctor's office, or other medical facility, shall be deemed qualified to administer such emergency 479 treatments and procedures and shall not be liable for acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of 480 such emergency resuscitative treatments or procedures.

481 7. Operates an AED at the scene of an emergency, trains individuals to be operators of AEDs, or 482 orders AEDs, shall be immune from civil liability for any personal injury that results from any act or 483 omission in the use of an AED in an emergency where the person performing the defibrillation acts as 484 an ordinary, reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances, 485 unless such personal injury results from gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the person 486 rendering such emergency care.

8. Maintains an AED located on real property owned or controlled by such person shall be immune 487 488 from civil liability for any personal injury that results from any act or omission in the use in an 489 emergency of an AED located on such property unless such personal injury results from gross 490 negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the person who maintains the AED or his agent or 491 employee.

492 9. Is a volunteer in good standing and certified to render emergency care by the National Ski Patrol 493 System, Inc., who, in good faith and without compensation, renders emergency care or assistance to any 494 injured or ill person, whether at the scene of a ski resort rescue, outdoor emergency rescue, or any other 495 place or while transporting such injured or ill person to a place accessible for transfer to any available 496 emergency medical system unit, or any resort owner voluntarily providing a ski patroller employed by 497 him to engage in rescue or recovery work at a resort not owned or operated by him, shall not be liable **498** for any civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such emergency care, 499 treatment, or assistance, including but not limited to acts or omissions which involve violations of any 500 state regulation or any standard of the National Ski Patrol System, Inc., in the rendering of such 501 emergency care or assistance, unless such act or omission was the result of gross negligence or willful 502 misconduct.

503 10. Is an employee of a school board, authorized by a prescriber and trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon, who, upon the written request of the parents as defined in § 22.1-1, assists with 504 505 the administration of insulin or administers glucagon to a student diagnosed as having diabetes who 506 requires insulin injections during the school day or for whom glucagon has been prescribed for the 507 emergency treatment of hypoglycemia shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence 508 in acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such treatment if the insulin is administered 509 according to the child's medication schedule or such employee has reason to believe that the individual 510 receiving the glucagon is suffering or is about to suffer life-threatening hypoglycemia. Whenever any 511 employee of a school board is covered by the immunity granted herein, the school board employing him 512 shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions resulting from the 513 rendering of such insulin or glucagon treatment.

514 11. Is a school nurse, an employee of a school board, an employee of a local governing body, or an 515 employee of a local health department who is authorized by a prescriber and trained in the 516 administration of epinephrine and who provides, administers, or assists in the administration of 517 epinephrine to a student believed in good faith to be having an anaphylactic reaction, or is the prescriber 518 of the epinephrine, shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions 519 resulting from the rendering of such treatment.

520 12. Is an employee of a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 521 Developmental Services, or provides services pursuant to a contract with a provider licensed by the 522 Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, who has been trained in the 523 administration of insulin and glucagon and who administers or assists with the administration of insulin 524 or administers glucagon to a person diagnosed as having diabetes who requires insulin injections or for 525 whom glucagon has been prescribed for the emergency treatment of hypoglycemia in accordance with 526 § 54.1-3408 shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions 527 resulting from the rendering of such treatment if the insulin is administered in accordance with the 528 prescriber's instructions or such person has reason to believe that the individual receiving the glucagon is 529 suffering or is about to suffer life-threatening hypoglycemia. Whenever any employee of a provider 530 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or a person who provides 531 services pursuant to a contract with a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 532 Developmental Services is covered by the immunity granted herein, the provider shall not be liable for 533 any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such 534 insulin or glucagon treatment.

535 13. Is an employee of a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 536 Developmental Services, or provides services pursuant to a contract with a provider licensed by the 537 Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, who has been trained in the 538 administration of epinephrine and who administers or assists in the administration of epinephrine to a 539 person believed in good faith to be having an anaphylactic reaction in accordance with the prescriber's 540 instructions shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions 541 resulting from the rendering of such treatment.

14. In good faith and without compensation, administers naloxone in an emergency to an individual who is experiencing or is about to experience a life-threatening opiate overdose shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such treatment if such administering person is a participant in a pilot program conducted by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services on the administration of naloxone for the purpose of counteracting the effects of opiate overdose.

548 B. Any licensed physician serving without compensation as the operational medical director for a
 549 licensed an emergency medical services agency in the Commonwealth that holds a valid license as an
 550 emergency medical services agency issued by the Commissioner of Health shall not be liable for any

551 civil damages for any act or omission resulting from the rendering of emergency medical services in 552 good faith by the personnel of such licensed agency unless such act or omission was the result of such 553 physician's gross negligence or willful misconduct.

554 Any person serving without compensation as a dispatcher for any licensed public or nonprofit 555 emergency *medical* services agency in the Commonwealth shall not be liable for any civil damages for 556 any act or omission resulting from the rendering of emergency services in good faith by the personnel 557 of such licensed agency unless such act or omission was the result of such dispatcher's gross negligence 558 or willful misconduct.

Any individual, certified by the State Office of Emergency Medical Services as an emergency 559 560 medical services instructor and pursuant to a written agreement with such office, who, in good faith and in the performance of his duties, provides instruction to persons for certification or recertification as a 561 562 certified basic life support or advanced life support emergency medical services technician provider shall 563 not be liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions on his part directly relating to his activities on 564 behalf of such office unless such act or omission was the result of such emergency medical services instructor's gross negligence or willful misconduct. 565

Any licensed physician serving without compensation as a medical advisor to an E-911 system in the 566 567 Commonwealth shall not be liable for any civil damages for any act or omission resulting from 568 rendering medical advice in good faith to establish protocols to be used by the personnel of the E-911 569 service, as defined in § 58.1-1730, when answering emergency calls unless such act or omission was the 570 result of such physician's gross negligence or willful misconduct.

571 Any licensed physician who directs the provision of emergency medical services, as authorized by 572 the State Board of Health, through a communications device shall not be liable for any civil damages 573 for any act or omission resulting from the rendering of such emergency medical services unless such act or omission was the result of such physician's gross negligence or willful misconduct. 574

575 Any licensed physician serving without compensation as a supervisor of an AED in the Commonwealth shall not be liable for any civil damages for any act or omission resulting from 576 577 rendering medical advice in good faith to the owner of the AED relating to personnel training, local 578 emergency medical services coordination, protocol approval, AED deployment strategies, and equipment 579 maintenance plans and records unless such act or omission was the result of such physician's gross 580 negligence or willful misconduct.

581 C. Any communications services provider, as defined in § 58.1-647, including mobile service, and 582 any provider of Voice-over-Internet Protocol service, in the Commonwealth shall not be liable for any 583 civil damages for any act or omission resulting from rendering such service with or without charge **584** related to emergency calls unless such act or omission was the result of such service provider's gross 585 negligence or willful misconduct.

586 Any volunteer engaging in rescue or recovery work at a mine, or any mine operator voluntarily 587 providing personnel to engage in rescue or recovery work at a mine not owned or operated by such operator, shall not be liable for civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such 588 589 rescue or recovery work in good faith unless such act or omission was the result of gross negligence or 590 willful misconduct. For purposes of this subsection, the term "Voice-over-Internet Protocol service" or 591 "VoIP service" means any Internet protocol-enabled services utilizing a broadband connection, actually 592 originating or terminating in Internet Protocol from either or both ends of a channel of communication 593 offering real time, multidirectional voice functionality, including, but not limited to, services similar to 594 traditional telephone service.

595 D. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to provide immunity from liability arising out 596 of the operation of a motor vehicle. 597

E. [Expired.]

598 F. For the purposes of this section, the term "compensation" shall not be construed to include (i) the 599 salaries of police, fire, or other public officials or personnel who render such emergency assistance_{τ}; (ii) 600 the salaries or wages of employees of a coal producer engaging in emergency medical technician service 601 services or first aid service services pursuant to the provisions of § 45.1-161.38, 45.1-161.101, 602 45.1-161.199, or 45.1-161.263; (iii) complimentary lift tickets, food, lodging, or other gifts provided as 603 a gratuity to volunteer members of the National Ski Patrol System, Inc., by any resort, group, or **604** $\operatorname{agency}_{\overline{x}}$ (iv) the salary of any person who (a) owns an AED for the use at the scene of an emergency, 605 (b) trains individuals, in courses approved by the Board of Health, to operate AEDs at the scene of 606 emergencies, (c) orders AEDs for use at the scene of emergencies, or (d) operates an AED at the scene 607 of an emergency₇; or (v) expenses reimbursed to any person providing care or assistance pursuant to this 608 section.

609 For the purposes of this section, an "emergency medical eare attendant or technician services 610 provider" shall be deemed to include a person licensed or certified as such or its equivalent by any other state when he is performing services which that he is licensed or certified to perform by such other state 611 612 in caring for a patient in transit in the Commonwealth, which care originated in such other state.

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613 Further, the public shall be urged to receive training on how to use CPR and an AED in order to 614 acquire the skills and confidence to respond to emergencies using both CPR and an AED.

615 § 8.01-226.5:2. Immunity of hospital and emergency medical services agency personnel for the 616 acceptance of certain infants.

617 Any personnel of a hospital or rescue squad or emergency medical services agency receiving a child 618 under the circumstances described in subsection B the second paragraph of § 18.2-371, subdivision B 2 619 of § 18.2-371.1, or subsection B of § 40.1-103 shall be immune from civil liability or criminal 620 prosecution for injury or other damage to the child unless such injury or other damage is the result of 621 gross negligence or willful misconduct by such personnel. 622

§ 8.01-420.2. Limitation on use of recorded conversations as evidence.

623 No mechanical recording, electronic or otherwise, of a telephone conversation shall be admitted into 624 evidence in any civil proceeding unless (i) all parties to the conversation were aware the conversation 625 was being recorded or (ii) the portion of the recording to be admitted contains admissions that, if true, 626 would constitute criminal conduct which is the basis for the civil action, and one of the parties was 627 aware of the recording and the proceeding is not one for divorce, separate maintenance or annulment of 628 a marriage. The parties' knowledge of the recording pursuant to clause (i) shall be demonstrated by a 629 declaration at the beginning of the recorded portion of the conversation to be admitted into evidence that 630 the conversation is being recorded. This section shall not apply to emergency reporting systems operated 631 by police and fire departments and by rescue squads emergency medical services agencies, nor to any 632 communications common carrier utilizing service observing or random monitoring pursuant to § 19.2-62.

633 § 8.01-581.13. Civil immunity for certain health professionals and health profession students 634 serving as members of certain entities.

635 A. For the purposes of this subsection, "health professional" means any clinical psychologist, applied 636 psychologist, school psychologist, dentist, certified emergency medical services personnel provider, 637 licensed professional counselor, licensed substance abuse treatment practitioner, certified substance abuse counselor, certified substance abuse counseling assistant, licensed marriage and family therapist, nurse, 638 639 optometrist, pharmacist, physician, chiropractor, podiatrist, or veterinarian who is actively engaged in the 640 practice of his profession or any member of the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program Committee 641 pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

642 Unless such act, decision, or omission resulted from such health professional's bad faith or malicious 643 intent, any health professional, as defined in this subsection, shall be immune from civil liability for any 644 act, decision or omission resulting from his duties as a member or agent of any entity which functions 645 primarily (i) to investigate any complaint that a physical or mental impairment, including alcoholism or 646 drug addiction, has impaired the ability of any such health professional to practice his profession and (ii) 647 to encourage, recommend and arrange for a course of treatment or intervention, if deemed appropriate, 648 or (iii) to review or monitor the duration of patient stays in health facilities, delivery of professional 649 services, or the quality of care delivered in the statewide emergency medical eare services system for the 650 purpose of promoting the most efficient use of available health facilities and services, the adequacy and 651 quality of professional services, or the reasonableness or appropriateness of charges made by or on behalf of such health professionals. Such entity shall have been established pursuant to a federal or state 652 653 law, or by one or more public or licensed private hospitals, or a relevant health professional society, **654** academy or association affiliated with the American Medical Association, the American Dental 655 Association, the American Pharmaceutical Association, the American Psychological Association, the 656 American Podiatric Medical Association, the American Society of Hospitals and Pharmacies, the 657 American Veterinary Medical Association, the American Association for Counseling and Development, 658 the American Optometric Association, International Chiropractic Association, the American Chiropractic 659 Association, the NAADAC: the Association for Addiction Professionals, the American Association for 660 Marriage and Family Therapy or a governmental agency.

B. For the purposes of this subsection, "health profession student" means a student in good standing 661 who is enrolled in an accredited school, program, or curriculum in clinical psychology, counseling, 662 663 dentistry, medicine, nursing, pharmacy, chiropractic, marriage and family therapy, substance abuse 664 treatment, or veterinary medicine and has received training relating to substance abuse.

665 Unless such act, decision, or omission resulted from such health profession student's bad faith or 666 malicious intent, any health profession student, as defined in this subsection, shall be immune from civil 667 liability for any act, decision, or omission resulting from his duties as a member of an entity established 668 by the institution of higher education in which he is enrolled or a professional student's organization 669 affiliated with such institution which functions primarily (i) to investigate any complaint of a physical or 670 mental impairment, including alcoholism or drug addiction, of any health profession student and (ii) to 671 encourage, recommend, and arrange for a course of treatment, if deemed appropriate.

672 C. The immunity provided hereunder shall not extend to any person with respect to actions, decisions or omissions, liability for which is limited under the provisions of the federal Social Security Act or 673

674 amendments thereto.

675 § 8.01-581.19. Civil immunity for physicians, psychologists, podiatrists, optometrists, 676 veterinarians, nursing home administrators, and certified emergency medical services providers 677 while members of certain committees.

678 A. Any physician, chiropractor, psychologist, podiatrist, veterinarian, or optometrist licensed to 679 practice in this the Commonwealth shall be immune from civil liability for any communication, finding, 680 opinion, or conclusion made in performance of his duties while serving as a member of any committee, board, group, commission, or other entity that is responsible for resolving questions concerning the 681 admission of any physician, psychologist, podiatrist, veterinarian, or optometrist to, or the taking of 682 disciplinary action against any member of, any medical society, academy, or association affiliated with 683 the American Medical Association, the Virginia Academy of Clinical Psychologists, the American Psychologists, the American Psychologists, the American Podiatric Medical Association, the Virginia Academy Medical Association, the Virginia Academy Medical Association, the American Podiatric Medical Association, the American Veterinary Medical **684 685** 686 Association, the International Chiropractic Association, the American Chiropractic Association, the 687 Virginia Chiropractic Association, or the American Optometric Association;, provided that such 688 689 communication, finding, opinion, or conclusion is not made in bad faith or with malicious intent.

690 B. Any nursing home administrator licensed under the laws of this the Commonwealth shall be immune from civil liability for any communication, finding, opinion, decision, or conclusion made in **691** 692 performance of his duties while serving as a member of any committee, board, group, commission, or 693 other entity that is responsible for resolving questions concerning the admission of any health care facility to, or the taking of disciplinary action against any member of, the Virginia Health Care 694 695 Association, provided that such communication, finding, opinion, decision, or conclusion is not made in 696 bad faith or with malicious intent.

C. Any emergency medical services personnel provider certified under the laws of the **697** Commonwealthwho holds a valid certificate issued by the Commissioner of Health shall be immune 698 from civil liability for any communication, finding, opinion, decision, or conclusion made in 699 performance of his duties while serving as a member of any regional council, committee, board, group, 700 commission, or other entity that is responsible for resolving questions concerning the quality of care, 701 including triage, interfacility transfer, and other components of emergency medical services care, unless 702 703 such communication, finding, opinion, decision, or conclusion is made in bad faith or with malicious 704 intent.

§ 9.1-300. Definitions.

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706

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

707 "Emergency medical technician services personnel" means any person who holds a valid certificate 708 issued by the Commissioner and who is employed solely within the fire department, emergency medical 709 services agency, or public safety department of an employing agency as a full-time emergency medical 710 technician services personnel whose primary responsibility is the provision of emergency care to the sick and injured, using either basic or advanced techniques. Emergency medical technicians services 711 712 *personnel* may also provide fire protection services and assist in the enforcement of the fire prevention 713 code.

714 "Employing agency" means any municipality of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, including authorities and special districts, which that employs firefighters and emergency 715 716 medical technicians services personnel.

"Firefighter" means any person who is employed solely within the fire department or public safety 717 department of an employing agency as a full-time firefighter whose primary responsibility is the 718 719 prevention and extinguishment of fires, the protection of life and property, and the enforcement of local and state fire prevention codes and laws pertaining to the prevention and control of fires. 720

"Interrogation" means any questioning of a formal nature as used in Chapter 4 (§ 9.1-500 et seq.) of 721 722 this title that could lead to dismissal, demotion, or suspension for punitive reasons of a firefighter or 723 emergency medical technician services personnel. 724

§ 9.1-301. Conduct of interrogation.

725 The provisions of this section shall apply whenever a firefighter or emergency medical technician is 726 services personnel are subjected to an interrogation which that could lead to dismissal, demotion, or 727 suspension for punitive reasons:

728 1. The interrogation shall take place at the facility where the investigating officer is assigned, or at 729 the facility which that has jurisdiction over the place where the incident under investigation allegedly 730 occurred, as designated by the investigating officer.

731 2. No firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel shall be subjected to interrogation without first receiving written notice of sufficient detail of the investigation in order to 732 733 reasonably apprise the firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel of the nature of 734 the investigation. 735

3. All interrogations shall be conducted at a reasonable time of day, preferably when the firefighter

736 or individual who meets the definition of "emergency medical technician services personnel" in 737 § 32.1-111.1 is on duty, unless the matters being investigated are of such a nature that immediate action 738 is required.

739 4. The firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel under investigation shall be 740 informed of the name, rank, and unit or command of the officer in charge of the investigation, the 741 interrogators, and all persons present during any interrogation.

742 5. Interrogation sessions shall be of reasonable duration, and the firefighter or emergency medical 743 technician services personnel shall be permitted reasonable periods for rest and personal necessities. The 744 firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel may have an observer of his choice 745 present during the interrogation, as long as the interview is not unduly delayed. This observer may not 746 participate or represent the employee, may not be involved in the investigation, and must be a current 747 member of the Department, for purposes of confidentiality.

748 6. The firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel being interrogated shall not be 749 subjected to offensive language or offered any incentive as an inducement to answer any questions.

750 7. If a recording of any interrogation is made, and if a transcript of the interrogation is made, the 751 firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel under investigation shall be entitled to a 752 copy without charge. Such record may be electronically recorded.

753 8. No firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel shall be discharged, disciplined, 754 demoted, denied promotion or seniority, or otherwise disciplined or discriminated against in regard to his 755 employment, or be threatened with any such treatment as retaliation for his exercise of any of the rights 756 granted or protected by this chapter.

757 Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit a local governing body from granting its employees 758 rights greater than those contained herein. 759

§ 9.1-302. Breach of procedures.

760 Any breach of the procedures required by this chapter shall not exclude any evidence from being presented in any case against a firefighter or *individual who meets the definition of "emergency medical* 761 technician services personnel" in § 32.1-111.1 and shall not cause any charge to be dismissed unless the 762 763 firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel demonstrates that the breach prejudiced 764 his case. 765

§ 9.1-303. Informal counseling not prohibited.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the informal counseling of a firefighter or 766 emergency medical technician services personnel by a supervisor in reference to a minor infraction of 767 768 policy or procedure which that does not result in disciplinary action being taken against the firefighter 769 or emergency medical technician services personnel.

770 § 9.1-400. Title of chapter; definitions. 771

772

- A. This chapter shall be known and designated as the Line of Duty Act.
- B. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

773 "Beneficiary" means the spouse of a deceased person and such persons as are entitled to take under 774 the will of a deceased person if testate, or as his heirs at law if intestate.

775 "Deceased person" means any individual whose death occurs on or after April 8, 1972, as the direct 776 or proximate result of the performance of his duty, including the presumptions under §§ 27-40.1, 777 27-40.2, 51.1-813, and 65.2-402, as a law-enforcement officer of the Commonwealth or any of its 778 political subdivisions; a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1; a jail officer; a regional jail or jail 779 farm superintendent; a sheriff, deputy sheriff, or city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the City of 780 Richmond; a police chaplain; a member of any fire company or department or rescue squad emergency 781 medical services agency that has been recognized by an ordinance or a resolution of the governing body 782 of any county, city, or town of the Commonwealth as an integral part of the official safety program of 783 such county, city, or town; a member of any fire company providing fire protection services for facilities 784 of the Virginia National Guard; a member of the Virginia National Guard or the Virginia Defense Force 785 while such member is serving in the Virginia National Guard or the Virginia Defense Force on official 786 state duty or federal duty under Title 32 of the United States Code; any special agent of the Virginia 787 Alcoholic Beverage Control Board; any regular or special conservation police officer who receives 788 compensation from a county, city, or town or from the Commonwealth appointed pursuant to the 789 provisions of § 29.1-200; any commissioned forest warden appointed under the provisions of 790 § 10.1-1135; any member or employee of the Virginia Marine Resources Commission granted the power 791 of arrest pursuant to § 28.2-900; any Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer; 792 any other employee of the Department of Emergency Management who is performing official duties of 793 the agency, when those duties are related to a major disaster or emergency, as defined in § 44-146.16, 794 that has been or is later declared to exist under the authority of the Governor in accordance with 795 § 44-146.28; any employee of any county, city, or town performing official emergency management or 796 emergency services duties in cooperation with the Department of Emergency Management, when those

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797 duties are related to a major disaster or emergency, as defined in § 44-146.16, that has been or is later 798 declared to exist under the authority of the Governor in accordance with § 44-146.28 or a local 799 emergency, as defined in § 44-146.16, declared by a local governing body; any nonfirefighter regional 800 hazardous materials emergency response team member; any conservation officer of the Department of 801 Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115; or any full-time sworn member of 802 the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217.

803 "Disabled person" means any individual who, as the direct or proximate result of the performance of 804 his duty in any position listed in the definition of deceased person in this section, has become mentally 805 or physically incapacitated so as to prevent the further performance of duty where such incapacity is likely to be permanent. The term shall also include any state employee included in the definition of a 806 deceased person who was disabled on or after January 1, 1966. 807

"Line of duty" means any action the deceased or disabled person was obligated or authorized to 808 809 perform by rule, regulation, condition of employment or service, or law. 810

§ 9.1-700. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

812 "Employer" means any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, including any county, city, town, 813 authority, or special district that employs fire protection employees except any locality with five or 814 fewer paid firefighters that is exempt from overtime rules by 29 U.S.C. § 207 (k).

815 "Fire protection employee" means any person, other than an employee who is exempt from the 816 overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, who is employed by an employer as a paid 817 firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician services provider, rescue worker, ambulance personnel, or hazardous materials worker who is (i) trained in fire suppression and has the legal 818 819 authority and responsibility to engage in fire suppression, and is employed by a fire department of an 820 employer; and (ii) engaged in the prevention, control, and extinguishment of fires or response to 821 emergency situations where life, property, or the environment is at risk.

822 "Law-enforcement employee" means any person who is responsible for the prevention and detection 823 of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the Commonwealth, other than an 824 employee who is exempt from the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, and who is a 825 full-time employee of either (i) a police department or (ii) a sheriff's office that is part of or 826 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof.

827 "Regularly scheduled work hours" means those hours that are recurring and fixed within the work 828 period and for which an employee receives a salary or hourly compensation. "Regularly scheduled work 829 hours" does not include on-call, extra duty assignments or any other nonrecurring and nonfixed hours. 830

§ 9.1-801. Public safety officer defined.

831 As used in this chapter, the term "public safety officer" includes a law-enforcement officer of this the 832 Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions; a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1; a 833 correctional officer employed at a juvenile correctional facility as the term is defined in § 66-25.3; a jail 834 officer; a regional jail or jail farm superintendent; a member of any fire company or department or 835 rescue squad nonprofit or volunteer emergency medical services agency that has been recognized by an 836 ordinance or resolution of the governing body of any county, city or town of this the Commonwealth as 837 an integral part of the official safety program of such county, city, or town; an arson investigator; a member of the Virginia National Guard or the Virginia Defense Force while such a member is serving 838 839 in the Virginia National Guard or the Virginia Defense Force on official state duty or federal duty under 840 Title 32 of the United States Code; any special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Board; 841 any police agent appointed under the provisions of § 56-353; any regular or special conservation police 842 officer who receives compensation from a county, city, or town or from the Commonwealth appointed 843 pursuant to § 29.1-200; any commissioned forest warden appointed pursuant to § 10.1-1135; any member 844 or employee of the Virginia Marine Resources Commission granted the power to arrest pursuant to 845 § 28.2-900; any Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer; any nonfirefighter 846 regional hazardous materials emergency response team member; any investigator who is a full-time 847 sworn member of the security division of the Virginia Lottery; any full-time sworn member of the 848 enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles meeting the Department of Criminal Justice 849 Services qualifications, when fulfilling duties pursuant to § 46.2-217; any campus police officer appointed under the provisions of Chapter 17 (§ 23-232 et seq.) of Title 23; and any conservation officer 850 851 of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115.

§ 10.1-1141. Liability and recovery of cost of fighting forest fires by localities and the State 852 853 Forester.

854 A. The State Forester in the name of the Commonwealth shall collect the costs of fire fighting 855 *firefighting* performed under the direction of a forest warden in accordance with § 10.1-1139 from any 856 person who, negligently or intentionally without using reasonable care and precaution starts a fire or 857 who negligently or intentionally fails to prevent its escape, which fire burns on any forestland, brushland, grassland or wasteland. Such person shall be liable for the full amount of all expenses 858

859 incurred by the Commonwealth, for fighting or extinguishing such fire. All expenses collected shall be 860 credited to the Forestry Operations Fund. It shall be the duty of the Commonwealth's attorneys to 861 institute and prosecute proper proceedings under this section, at the instance of the State Forester.

B. Any locality may collect the costs of fire fighting firefighting from any person who intentionally 862 863 starts a fire and who fails to attempt to prevent its escape, which fire burns on any forestland, brushland, 864 grassland or wasteland. Such person shall be liable for the full amount of all expenses incurred by the 865 locality and any volunteer fire *company* or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency to 866 fight or extinguish the fire and the reasonable administrative costs expended to collect such expenses. 867 The locality shall remit any costs recovered on behalf of another entity to such entity.

868 C. The State Forester or a locality may institute an action and recover from either one or both 869 parents of any minor, living with such parents or either of them, the cost of forest fire suppression 870 suffered by reason of the willful or malicious destruction of, or damage to, public or private property by 871 such minor. No more than \$750 may be recovered from such parents or either of them as a result of any 872 forest fire incident or occurrence on which such action is based. 873

§ 15.2-622. Same: director as purchasing agent.

874 The director of finance shall act as purchasing agent for the county, unless the board designates 875 another officer or employee for such purpose. The director of finance or the person designated as 876 purchasing agent shall make all purchases, subject to such exceptions as the board allows. He may 877 transfer supplies, materials and equipment between departments and offices; sell, exchange or otherwise 878 dispose of any surplus supplies, materials or equipment; and make such other sales, exchanges and 879 dispositions as the board authorizes. He may, with the approval of the board, establish suitable 880 specifications or standards for all goods, services, insurance and construction to be procured for the 881 county; inspect all deliveries to determine their compliance with such specifications and standards; and 882 sell supplies, materials and equipment to volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services agencies at 883 the same cost as the cost of such supplies, materials and equipment to the county. He shall have charge 884 of such storerooms and warehouses of the county as the board provides.

885 All purchases shall be made in accordance with Chapter 43 (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.) of Title 2.2 and 886 under such rules and regulations consistent with Chapter 43 of Title 2.2 as the board establishes. He 887 shall not furnish any goods, services, insurance or construction to any department or office except upon 888 receipt of a properly approved requisition and unless there is an unencumbered appropriation balance 889 sufficient to pay for them.

890 § 15.2-831. Same; director as purchasing agent.

891 The director of finance shall act as purchasing agent for the county, unless the board designates some 892 other officer or employee for such purpose. The director of finance or the person designated as 893 purchasing agent shall make all purchases, subject to such exceptions as the board allows. He may 894 transfer supplies, materials or equipment between departments and offices; sell any surplus supplies, 895 materials or equipment; and make such other sales as the board authorizes. He may also, with the 896 board's approval, (i) establish suitable specifications or standards for all supplies, materials and 897 equipment to be purchased for the county; (ii) inspect all deliveries to determine their compliance with 898 such specifications and standards; and (iii) sell supplies, materials and equipment to volunteer rescue 899 squads emergency medical services agencies and fire-fighting firefighting companies at the same cost of 900 such supplies, materials and equipment to the county. He shall have charge of such storerooms and 901 warehouses of the county as the board provides.

902 All purchases shall be made in accordance with Chapter 43 (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.) of Title 2.2 and 903 under such rules and regulations consistent with Chapter 43 of Title 2.2 as the board establishes by 904 ordinance or resolution, which ordinance or resolution may, notwithstanding the provisions of 905 § 15.2-830, provide for the use of a combination purchase order-check, which check may be made valid 906 for such maximum amount as the board may fix, not to exceed \$250. Subject to such exceptions as the 907 board provides, before making any sale the director shall invite competitive bidding under such rules 908 and regulations as the board establishes by ordinance or resolution. He shall not furnish any supplies, 909 materials, equipment or contractual services to any department or office except upon receipt of a 910 properly approved requisition and unless there is an unencumbered appropriation balance sufficient to 911 pay for the supplies, materials, equipment or contractual services.

912 § 15.2-953. Donations to charitable institutions and associations, volunteer and nonprofit 913 organizations, chambers of commerce, etc.

A. Any locality may make appropriations of public funds, of personal property or of any real estate 914 915 and donations to the Virginia Indigent Health Care Trust Fund and to any charitable institution or 916 association, located within their respective limits or outside their limits if such institution or association 917 provides services to residents of the locality; however, such institution or association shall not be 918 controlled in whole or in part by any church or sectarian society. The words "sectarian society" shall not 919 be construed to mean a nondenominational Young Men's Christian Association, a nondenominational

920 Young Women's Christian Association, Habitat for Humanity, or the Salvation Army. Nothing in this
921 section shall be construed to prohibit any county or city from making contracts with any sectarian
922 institution for the care of indigent, sick or injured persons.

923 B. Any locality may make gifts and donations of property, real or personal, or money, to (i) any 924 charitable institution or nonprofit or other organization, providing housing for persons 60 years of age or 925 older, or operating a hospital or nursing home; (ii) any association or other organization furnishing 926 voluntary fire-fighting firefighting services; (iii) any nonprofit lifesaving crew or lifesaving organization, 927 or rescue squad or volunteer emergency medical services agency, within or outside the boundaries of the 928 locality; (iv) any nonprofit recreational associations association or organizations organization; (v) any 929 nonprofit organization providing recreational or daycare services to persons 65 years of age or older; or 930 (vi) any nonprofit association or organization furnishing services to beautify and maintain communities and/or or to prevent neighborhood deterioration. Gifts or donations of property, real or personal, or 931 932 money by any locality to any nonprofit association, recreational association, or organization described in 933 provision (iv), (v), or (vi) may be made provided the nonprofit association, recreational association, or 934 organization is not controlled in whole or in part by any church or sectarian society. Donations of 935 property or money to any such charitable, nonprofit or other hospital or nursing home, institution or 936 organization or nonprofit recreational associations or organizations may be made for construction 937 purposes, for operating expenses, or both.

938 A locality may make like gifts and donations to chambers of commerce which are nonprofit and 939 nonsectarian.

A locality may make like gifts, donations and appropriations of money to industrial developmentauthorities for the purposes of promoting economic development.

942 A locality may make like gifts and donations to any and all public and private nonprofit943 organizations and agencies engaged in commemorating historical events.

A locality may make like gifts and donations to any nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that is engaged in providing energy efficiency services or promoting energy efficiency within or without the boundaries of the locality.

A locality may make like gifts and donations to any nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that is engaged in providing emergency relief to residents, including providing the repair or replacement of private property damaged or destroyed by a natural disaster.

951 A locality may make like gifts and donations to nonprofit foundations established to support the
952 locality's public parks, libraries, and law enforcement. For the purposes of this paragraph, "donations" to
953 any such foundation shall include the lawful provision of in-kind resources.

A locality may make monetary gifts, donations and appropriations of money to a state college or university which provides services to such locality's residents.

956 Public library materials that are discarded from their collections may be given to nonprofit
957 organizations that support library functions, including, but not limited to, friends of the library, library
958 advisory boards, library foundations, library trusts and library boards of trustees.

959 C. Any locality may make gifts and donations of personal property and may deliver such gifts and donations to another governmental entity in or outside of the Commonwealth within the United States.

961 D. Any locality may by ordinance provide for payment to any volunteer rescue squad emergency 962 medical services agency that meets the required minimum standards for such volunteer rescue squads 963 emergency medical services agency set forth in the ordinance, a sum for each rescue call the volunteer 964 rescue squad emergency medical services agency makes for an automobile accident in which a person 965 has been injured on any of the highways or streets in the locality. In addition, unless otherwise 966 prohibited by law, any locality may make appropriations of money to volunteer fire companies or rescue squads any volunteer emergency medical services agency in an amount sufficient to enroll any qualified 967 968 member of such volunteer fire company or rescue squad emergency medical services agency in any program available within the locality intended to defray out-of-pocket expenses for emergency 969 970 ambulance transportation by an emergency medical services vehicle.

971 E. For the purposes of this section, "donations" shall include the lawful provision of in-kind972 resources for any event sponsored by the donee.

973 F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to obligate any locality to appropriate funds to any 974 entity. Such charitable contribution shall be voluntary.

975 § 15.2-954.1. Volunteer firefighter or volunteer emergency medical services personnel tuition 976 reimbursement.

977 Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, any locality may by ordinance establish and
978 administer a tuition reimbursement program for eligible volunteer firefighters or *volunteer* emergency
979 medical services personnel, or both, for the purposes of recruitment and retention.

980 § 15.2-955. Approval by local governing body for the establishment of volunteer emergency
 981 medical services agencies and firefighting organizations.

A. No volunteer rescue squad, emergency medical service organization or other organization providing similar type services, services agency or volunteer fire-fighting firefighting organization shall be established in any locality on or after July 1, 1984, without the prior approval by resolution of the governing body.

986 B. Each locality shall seek to ensure that emergency medical services are maintained throughout the entire locality.

988 § 15.2-1512.2. Political activities of employees of localities, firefighters, emergency medical
 989 services personnel, and law-enforcement officers and certain other officers and employees.

990 A. For the purposes of this section:

991 "Emergency medical technician services personnel" means any person who is employed within the 992 fire department or public safety department of a locality whose primary responsibility is the provision of 993 emergency medical care to the sick or injured, using either basic or advanced techniques. Emergency 994 medical technicians services personnel may also provide fire protection services and assist in the 995 enforcement of the fire prevention code.

996 "Firefighter" means any person who is employed within the fire department or public safety
997 department of a locality whose primary responsibility is the prevention or extinguishment of fires, the
998 protection of life and property, or the enforcement of local or state fire prevention codes or laws
999 pertaining to the prevention or control of fires.

1000 "Law-enforcement officer" means any person who is employed within the police department, bureau,
1001 or force of any locality, including the sheriff's department of any city or county, and who is authorized
1002 by law to make arrests.

1003 "Locality" means counties, cities, towns, authorities, or special districts.

1004 "Political campaign" means activities engaged in for the purpose of promoting a political issue, for
 1005 influencing the outcome of an election for local or state office, or for influencing the outcome of a referendum or special election.

1007 "Political candidate" means any person who has made known his or her intention to seek, or 1008 campaign for, local or state office in a general, primary, or special election.

1009 "Political party" means any party, organization, or group having as its purpose the promotion of 1010 political candidates or political campaigns.

B. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, general or special, no locality shall prohibit an employee of the locality, including firefighters, emergency medical technicians services personnel, or law-enforcement officers within its employment, or deputies, appointees, and employees of local constitutional officers as defined in § 15.2-1600, from participating in political activities while these employees are off duty, out of uniform and not on the premises of their employment with the locality.

1016 C. For purposes of this section, the term "political activities" includes, but is not limited to;, voting; 1017 registering to vote; soliciting votes or endorsements on behalf of a political candidate or political 1018 campaign; expressing opinions, privately or publicly, on political subjects and candidates; displaying a political picture, sign, sticker, badge, or button; participating in the activities of, or contributing 1019 1020 financially to, a political party, candidate, or campaign or an organization that supports a political 1021 candidate or campaign; attending or participating in a political convention, caucus, rally, or other 1022 political gathering; initiating, circulating, or signing a political petition; engaging in fund-raising 1023 activities for any political party, candidate, or campaign; acting as a recorder, watcher, challenger, or 1024 similar officer at the polls on behalf of a political party, candidate, or campaign; or becoming a political 1025 candidate.

1026 D. Employees of a locality, including firefighters, emergency medical technicians services personnel, 1027 law-enforcement officers, and other employees specified in subsection B are prohibited from using their 1028 official authority to coerce or attempt to coerce a subordinate employee to pay, lend, or contribute 1029 anything of value to a political party, candidate, or campaign, or to discriminate against any employee 1030 or applicant for employment because of that person's political affiliations or political activities, except as 1031 such affiliation or activity may be established by law as disqualification for employment.

E. Employees of a locality, including firefighters, emergency medical technicians services personnel, law-enforcement officers, and other employees specified in subsection B are prohibited from discriminating in the provision of public services, including but not limited to fire fighting firefighting, emergency medical, or and law-enforcement services, or responding to requests for such services, on the basis of the political affiliations or political activities of the person or organization for which such services are provided or requested.

F. Employees of a locality, including firefighters, emergency medical technicians services personnel,
law-enforcement officers, and other employees specified in subsection B are prohibited from suggesting
or implying that a locality has officially endorsed a political party, candidate, or campaign.

1041 § 15.2-1714. Establishing police lines, perimeters, or barricades.

1042 Whenever fires, accidents, wrecks, explosions, crimes, riots, or other emergency situations where life,

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1043 limb, or property may be endangered may cause persons to collect on the public streets, alleys, highways, parking lots, or other public area, the chief law-enforcement officer of any locality or that 1044 1045 officer's authorized representative who is responsible for the security of the scene may establish such 1046 areas, zones, or perimeters by the placement of police lines or barricades as are reasonably necessary to 1047 (i) preserve the integrity of evidence at such scenes, (ii) notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 46.2-888 1048 through 46.2-891, facilitate the movement of vehicular and pedestrian traffic into, out of, and around the 1049 scene, (iii) permit firefighters, police officers, and emergency medical services personnel to perform necessary operations unimpeded, and (iv) protect persons and property. 1050

1051 Any police line or barricade erected for these purposes shall be clearly identified by wording such as "Police Line - DO NOT CROSS" or other similar wording. If material or equipment is not available for 1052 identifying the prohibited area, then a verbal warning by identifiable law-enforcement officials 1053 1054 positioned to indicate a location of a police line or barricade shall be given to any person or persons 1055 attempting to cross police lines or barricades without proper authorization.

1056 Such scene may be secured no longer than is reasonably necessary to effect the above-described purposes. Nothing in this section shall limit or otherwise affect the authority of, or be construed to deny 1057 1058 access to such scene by, any person charged by law with the responsibility of rendering assistance at or 1059 investigating any such fires, accidents, wrecks, explosions, crimes or riots.

1060 Personnel from information services such as press, radio, and television, when gathering news, shall 1061 be exempt from the provisions of this section except that it shall be unlawful for such persons to 1062 obstruct the police, firemen and rescue workers firefighters, or emergency medical services personnel in 1063 the performance of their duties at such scene. Such personnel shall proceed at their own risk. 1064

§ 15.2-1716. Reimbursement of expenses incurred in responding to DUI and related incidents.

1065 A. Any locality may provide by ordinance that a person convicted of violating any of the following 1066 provisions shall, at the time of sentencing or in a separate civil action, be liable to the locality or to any 1067 responding volunteer fire company or department or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency, or both, for restitution of reasonable expenses incurred by the locality for responding law 1068 1069 enforcement, firefighting, rescue and emergency medical services, including those incurred by the 1070 sheriff's office of such locality, or by any volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical 1071 services agency, or by any combination of the foregoing, when providing an appropriate emergency 1072 response to any accident or incident related to such violation. The ordinance may further provide that a 1073 person convicted of violating any of the following provisions shall, at the time of sentencing or in a 1074 separate civil action, be liable to the locality or to any responding volunteer fire or rescue squad 1075 volunteer emergency medical services agency, or both, for restitution of reasonable expenses incurred by 1076 the locality when issuing any related arrest warrant or summons, including the expenses incurred by the 1077 sheriff's office of such locality, or by any volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency, or by any combination of the foregoing: 1078

1079 1. The provisions of § 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, 18.2-266.1, 29.1-738, 29.1-738.02, or 1080 46.2-341.24, or a similar ordinance, when such operation of a motor vehicle, engine, train or watercraft while so impaired is the proximate cause of the accident or incident; 1081

1082 2. The provisions of Article 7 (§ 46.2-852 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 46.2 relating to reckless driving, when such reckless driving is the proximate cause of the accident or incident; 1083

1084 3. The provisions of Article 1 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 46.2 relating to driving 1085 without a license or driving with a suspended or revoked license; and 1086

4. The provisions of § 46.2-894 relating to improperly leaving the scene of an accident.

1087 B. Personal liability under this section for reasonable expenses of an appropriate emergency response 1088 pursuant to subsection A shall not exceed \$1,000 in the aggregate for a particular accident, arrest, or incident occurring in such locality. In determining the "reasonable expenses," a locality may bill a flat fee of \$350 or a minute-by-minute accounting of the actual costs incurred. As used in this section, 1089 1090 1091 "appropriate emergency response" includes all costs of providing law-enforcement, firefighting, rescue, and emergency medical services. The court may order as restitution the reasonable expenses incurred by 1092 1093 the locality for responding law enforcement, firefighting, rescue and emergency medical services. The 1094 provisions of this section shall not preempt or limit any remedy available to the Commonwealth, to the 1095 locality, or to any volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency to recover the reasonable 1096 expenses of an emergency response to an accident or incident not involving impaired driving, operation 1097 of a vehicle, or other conduct as set forth herein. 1098

§ 15.2-1716.1. Reimbursement of expenses incurred in responding to terrorism hoax incident.

Any locality may provide by ordinance that any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection 1099 1100 B or C of § 18.2-46.6, when his violation of such section is the proximate cause of any incident 1101 resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable at the time of sentencing or in a separate 1102 civil action to the locality or to any volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency, or both, 1103 which may provide such emergency response for the reasonable expense thereof, in an amount not to 1104 exceed \$1,000 in the aggregate for a particular incident occurring in such locality. In determining the

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"reasonable expense," a locality may bill a flat fee of \$250 or a minute-by-minute accounting of the actual costs incurred. As used in this section, "appropriate emergency response" includes all costs of 1105 1106 1107 providing law-enforcement, fire-fighting firefighting, rescue, and emergency medical services. The 1108 provisions of this section shall not preempt or limit any remedy available to the Commonwealth, to the 1109 locality, or to any volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency to recover the reasonable 1110 expenses of an emergency response to an incident not involving a terroristic hoax as set forth herein. 1111

§ 16.1-228. Definitions.

1112 When used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

1113 "Abused or neglected child" means any child:

1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 1114 1115 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 1116 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement or impairment of bodily or mental 1117 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 1118 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 1119 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 1120 1121 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

1122 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 1123 necessary for his health; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 1124 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 1125 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child;

1126 3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

1127 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any 1128 sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

1129 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 1130 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco 1131 parentis; or

1132 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 1133 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as 1134 defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the 1135 parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor 1136 for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902.

1137 If a civil proceeding under this chapter is based solely on the parent having left the child at a 1138 hospital or rescue squad emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such 1139 parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended 1140 rescue squad emergency medical services agency that employs emergency medical technicians services 1141 *personnel*, within 14 days of the child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to 1142 § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the 1143 ground of abandonment.

"Adoptive home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which a child resides as a 1144 1145 member of the household and in which he has been placed for the purposes of adoption or in which he 1146 has been legally adopted by another member of the household.

1147 "Adult" means a person 18 years of age or older.

1148 "Ancillary crime" or "ancillary charge" means any delinquent act committed by a juvenile as a part 1149 of the same act or transaction as, or which constitutes a part of a common scheme or plan with, a 1150 delinquent act which would be a felony if committed by an adult.

1151 "Boot camp" means a short term secure or nonsecure juvenile residential facility with highly 1152 structured components including, but not limited to, military style drill and ceremony, physical labor, 1153 education and rigid discipline, and no less than six months of intensive aftercare. 1154

"Child," "juvenile," or "minor" means a person less than 18 years of age.

1155 "Child in need of services" means (i) a child whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results 1156 in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of the child or (ii) a child under the age of 14 1157 whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and 1158 physical safety of another person; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by 1159 spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or 1160 religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be a child in need of services, nor 1161 shall any child who habitually remains away from or habitually deserts or abandons his family as a 1162 result of what the court or the local child protective services unit determines to be incidents of physical, 1163 emotional or sexual abuse in the home be considered a child in need of services for that reason alone.

1164 However, to find that a child falls within these provisions, (i) the conduct complained of must present a clear and substantial danger to the child's life or health or to the life or health of another 1165

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person, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not presently beingreceived, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, rehabilitation orservices needed by the child or his family.

"Child in need of supervision" means:

1170 1. A child who, while subject to compulsory school attendance, is habitually and without justification 1171 absent from school, and (i) the child has been offered an adequate opportunity to receive the benefit of 1172 any and all educational services and programs that are required to be provided by law and which meet 1173 the child's particular educational needs, (ii) the school system from which the child is absent or other 1174 appropriate agency has made a reasonable effort to effect the child's regular attendance without success, 1175 and (iii) the school system has provided documentation that it has complied with the provisions of \$ 22.1-258; or

1177 2. A child who, without reasonable cause and without the consent of his parent, lawful custodian or
1178 placement authority, remains away from or deserts or abandons his family or lawful custodian on more
1179 than one occasion or escapes or remains away without proper authority from a residential care facility in
1180 which he has been placed by the court, and (i) such conduct presents a clear and substantial danger to
1181 the child's life or health, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not
1182 presently being received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment,
1183 rehabilitation or services needed by the child or his family.

"Child welfare agency" means a child-placing agency, child-caring institution or independent fosterhome as defined in § 63.2-100.

1186 "The court" or the "juvenile court" or the "juvenile and domestic relations court" means the juvenile 1187 and domestic relations district court of each county or city.

1188 "Delinquent act" means (i) an act designated a crime under the law of this the Commonwealth, or an ordinance of any city, county, town, or service district, or under federal law, (ii) a violation of § 18.2-308.7, or (iii) a violation of a court order as provided for in § 16.1-292, but shall not include an act other than a violation of § 18.2-308.7, which is otherwise lawful, but is designated a crime only if committed by a child. For purposes of §§ 16.1-241 and 16.1-278.9, the term shall include a refusal to take a blood or breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2 or a similar ordinance of any county, city, or town.

1195 "Delinquent child" means a child who has committed a delinquent act or an adult who has committed
1196 a delinquent act prior to his 18th birthday, except where the jurisdiction of the juvenile court has been
1197 terminated under the provisions of § 16.1-269.6.

"Department" means the Department of Juvenile Justice and "Director" means the administrative head
in charge thereof or such of his assistants and subordinates as are designated by him to discharge the
duties imposed upon him under this law.

"Family abuse" means any act involving violence, force, or threat that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury and that is committed by a person against such person's family or household member. Such act includes, but is not limited to, any forceful detention, stalking, criminal sexual assault in violation of Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or any criminal offense that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury or places one in reasonable

1207 "Family or household member" means (i) the person's spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the 1208 same home with the person, (ii) the person's former spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the same 1209 home with the person, (iii) the person's parents, stepparents, children, stepchildren, brothers, sisters, 1210 half-brothers, half-sisters, grandparents and grandchildren, regardless of whether such persons reside in 1211 the same home with the person, (iv) the person's mother-in-law, father-in-law, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law who reside in the same home with the person, (v) 1212 1213 any individual who has a child in common with the person, whether or not the person and that 1214 individual have been married or have resided together at any time, or (vi) any individual who cohabits 1215 or who, within the previous 12 months, cohabited with the person, and any children of either of them 1216 then residing in the same home with the person.

1217 "Foster care services" means the provision of a full range of casework, treatment and community 1218 services for a planned period of time to a child who is abused or neglected as defined in § 63.2-100 or 1219 in need of services as defined in this section and his family when the child (i) has been identified as 1220 needing services to prevent or eliminate the need for foster care placement, (ii) has been placed through 1221 an agreement between the local board of social services or a public agency designated by the 1222 community policy and management team and the parents or guardians where legal custody remains with 1223 the parents or guardians, (iii) has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services or 1224 child welfare agency, or (iv) has been placed under the supervisory responsibility of the local board 1225 pursuant to § 16.1-293.

1226 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the 1227 custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or

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licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parentalsupervision.

"Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years
of age or older and who has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child
welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services
and activities provided to a person who was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached
the age of 21 years. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, and money
management skills development and access to essential documents and other appropriate services to help
children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

- 1237 "Intake officer" means a juvenile probation officer appointed as such pursuant to the authority of this1238 chapter.
- 1239 ^îJail" or "other facility designed for the detention of adults" means a local or regional correctional 1240 facility as defined in § 53.1-1, except those facilities utilized on a temporary basis as a court holding 1241 cell for a child incident to a court hearing or as a temporary lock-up room or ward incident to the 1242 transfer of a child to a juvenile facility.
- 1243 "The judge" means the judge or the substitute judge of the juvenile and domestic relations district 1244 court of each county or city.
- 1245 "This law" or "the law" means the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court Law embraced in 1246 this chapter.
- "Legal custody" means (i) a legal status created by court order which vests in a custodian the right to
 have physical custody of the child, to determine and redetermine where and with whom he shall live,
 the right and duty to protect, train and discipline him and to provide him with food, shelter, education
 and ordinary medical care, all subject to any residual parental rights and responsibilities or (ii) the legal
 status created by court order of joint custody as defined in § 20-107.2.
- 1252 "Permanent foster care placement" means the place of residence in which a child resides and in 1253 which he has been placed pursuant to the provisions of §§ 63.2-900 and 63.2-908 with the expectation 1254 and agreement between the placing agency and the place of permanent foster care that the child shall 1255 remain in the placement until he reaches the age of majority unless modified by court order or unless 1256 removed pursuant to § 16.1-251 or 63.2-1517. A permanent foster care placement may be a place of 1257 residence of any natural person or persons deemed appropriate to meet a child's needs on a long-term 1258 basis.
- 1259 "Residual parental rights and responsibilities" means all rights and responsibilities remaining with the parent after the transfer of legal custody or guardianship of the person, including but not limited to the right of visitation, consent to adoption, the right to determine religious affiliation and the responsibility for support.
- 1263 "Secure facility" or "detention home" means a local, regional or state public or private locked
 1264 residential facility that has construction fixtures designed to prevent escape and to restrict the movement
 1265 and activities of children held in lawful custody.
- 1266 "Shelter care" means the temporary care of children in physically unrestricting facilities.
- **1267** "State Board" means the State Board of Juvenile Justice.
- 1268 "Status offender" means a child who commits an act prohibited by law which would not be criminal1269 if committed by an adult.
- 1270 "Status offense" means an act prohibited by law which would not be an offense if committed by an adult.
- 1272 "Violent juvenile felony" means any of the delinquent acts enumerated in subsection B or C of1273 § 16.1-269.1 when committed by a juvenile 14 years of age or older.
- 1274 § 18.2-51.1. Malicious bodily injury to law-enforcement officers, firefighters, search and rescue 1275 personnel, or emergency medical services personnel; penalty; lesser-included offense.
- 1276 If any person maliciously causes bodily injury to another by any means including the means set out 1277 in § 18.2-52, with intent to maim, disfigure, disable or kill, and knowing or having reason to know that 1278 such other person is a law-enforcement officer, as defined hereinafter, firefighter, as defined in 1279 § 65.2-102, search and rescue personnel as defined hereinafter, or emergency medical services personnel, 1280 as defined in § 32.1-111.1 engaged in the performance of his public duties as a law-enforcement officer, 1281 firefighter, search and rescue personnel, or emergency medical services personnel, such person shall be 1282 is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for a period of not less than five years nor more than 1283 30 years and, subject to subdivision (g) of § 18.2-10, a fine of not more than \$100,000. Upon 1284 conviction, the sentence of such person shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 1285 two years.
- 1286 If any person unlawfully, but not maliciously, with the intent aforesaid, causes bodily injury to
 1287 another by any means, knowing or having reason to know such other person is a law-enforcement
 1288 officer, firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102, search and rescue personnel, or emergency medical services

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1289 personnel, engaged in the performance of his public duties as a law-enforcement officer, firefighter, 1290 search and rescue personnel, or emergency medical services personnel as defined in § 32.1-111.1, he 1291 shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony, and upon conviction, the sentence of such person shall include a 1292 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of one year.

1293 Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the right of any person charged with a violation 1294 of this section from asserting and presenting evidence in support of any defenses to the charge that may 1295 be available under common law.

1296 As used in this section, "law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any 1297 1298 political subdivision thereof, who is responsible for the prevention or detection of crime and the 1299 enforcement of the penal, traffic, or highway laws of this the Commonwealth; any conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115; any 1300 1301 conservation police officer appointed pursuant to § 29.1-200; and auxiliary police officers appointed or 1302 provided for pursuant to §§ 15.2-1731 and 15.2-1733 and auxiliary deputy sheriffs appointed pursuant to 1303 § 15.2-1603.

1304 As used in this section, "search and rescue personnel" means any employee or member of a search 1305 and rescue organization that is authorized by a resolution or ordinance duly adopted by the governing 1306 body of any county, city, or town of the Commonwealth or any member of a search and rescue 1307 organization operating under a memorandum of understanding with the Virginia Department of 1308 Emergency Management.

The provisions of § 18.2-51 shall be deemed to provide a lesser-included offense hereof.

§ 18.2-121.2. Trespass by spotlight on agricultural land.

1311 If any person shall willfully use a spotlight or similar lighting apparatus to cast a light upon private 1312 property used for livestock or crops without the written permission of the person in legal possession of 1313 such property, he shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor.

1314 The prohibition of this section shall not apply to light cast by (i) permanently installed outdoor 1315 lighting fixtures, (ii) headlamps on vehicles moving in normal travel on public or private roads, (iii) 1316 railroad locomotives or rolling stock being operated on the tracks or right-of-way of a railroad company, 1317 (iv) aircraft or watercraft, (v) apparatus used by employees of any public utility in maintaining the 1318 utility's lines and equipment, (vi) emergency medical services vehicles used by emergency medical 1319 services personnel or fire apparatus used by members of rescue squads or fire departments in the 1320 performance of their official duties, (vii) apparatus used by any law-enforcement officer in the 1321 performance of his official duties, or (viii) farm machinery or motor vehicles being used in normal 1322 farming operations. 1323

§ 18.2-154. Shooting at or throwing missiles, etc., at train, car, vessel, etc.; penalty.

1324 Any person who maliciously shoots at, or maliciously throws any missile at or against, any train or 1325 cars on any railroad or other transportation company or any vessel or other watercraft, or any motor 1326 vehicle or other vehicles when occupied by one or more persons, whereby the life of any person on such train, car, vessel, or other watercraft, or in such motor vehicle or other vehicle, may be put in peril, 1327 1328 is guilty of a Class 4 felony. In the event of the death of any such person, resulting from such malicious 1329 shooting or throwing, the person so offending is guilty of murder in the second degree. However, if the homicide is willful, deliberate, and premeditated, he is guilty of murder in the first degree. 1330

1331 If any such act is committed unlawfully, but not maliciously, the person so offending is guilty of a 1332 Class 6 felony and, in the event of the death of any such person, resulting from such unlawful act, the 1333 person so offending is guilty of involuntary manslaughter.

1334 If any person commits a violation of this section by maliciously or unlawfully shooting, with a 1335 firearm, at a conspicuously marked law-enforcement, fire, or rescue squad vehicle, ambulance or any 1336 other emergency medical services vehicle, the sentence imposed shall include a mandatory minimum 1337 term of imprisonment of one year to be served consecutively with any other sentence. 1338

§ 18.2-174.1. Impersonating certain public safety personnel; penalty.

1339 Any person who willfully impersonates, with the intent to make another believe he is, a certified an 1340 emergency medical services personnel provider, firefighter, special forest warden designated pursuant to 1341 § 10.1-1135, fire marshal, or fire chief is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent 1342 offense is punishable as a Class 6 felony.

1343 § 18.2-212. Calling or summoning emergency medical services vehicle or firefighting apparatus 1344 without just cause; maliciously activating fire alarms in public buildings; venue.

1345 A. Any person who without just cause therefor, calls or summons, by telephone or otherwise, any 1346 ambulance, emergency medical services vehicle or fire-fighting firefighting apparatus, or any person who maliciously activates a manual or automatic fire alarm in any building used for public assembly or for 1347 1348 other public use, including, but not limited to, schools, theaters, stores, office buildings, shopping centers 1349 and malls, coliseums, and arenas, regardless of whether an emergency medical services vehicle or fire 1350 apparatus responds or not, shall be deemed is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

B. A violation of this section may be prosecuted either in the jurisdiction from which the call or summons was made or in the jurisdiction where the call or summons was received.

1353 § 18.2-340.16. Definitions.

1354 As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1355 "Bingo" means a specific game of chance played with (i) individual cards having randomly numbered 1356 squares ranging from one to 75, (ii) Department-approved electronic devices that display facsimiles of 1357 bingo cards and are used for the purpose of marking and monitoring players' cards as numbers are 1358 called, or (iii) Department-approved cards, in which prizes are awarded on the basis of designated 1359 numbers on such cards conforming to a predetermined pattern of numbers selected at random.

1360 "Board" means the Charitable Gaming Board created pursuant to § 2.2-2455.

1361 "Bona fide member" means an individual who participates in activities of a qualified organization1362 other than such organization's charitable gaming activities.

1363 "Charitable gaming" or "charitable games" means those raffles and games of chance explicitly 1364 authorized by this article.

"Charitable gaming supplies" includes bingo cards or sheets, devices for selecting bingo numbers, instant bingo cards, pull-tab cards and seal cards, and any other equipment or product manufactured for or intended to be used in the conduct of charitable games. However, for the purposes of this article, charitable gaming supplies shall not include items incidental to the conduct of charitable gaming such as markers, wands, or tape.

1370 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

1371 "Conduct" means the actions associated with the provision of a gaming operation during and
1372 immediately before or after the permitted activity, which may include, but not be limited to, (i) selling
1373 bingo cards or packs, electronic devices, instant bingo or pull-tab cards, or raffle tickets, (ii) calling
1374 bingo games, (iii) distributing prizes, and (iv) any other services provided by volunteer workers.

1375 "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

1376 "Fair market rental value" means the rent that a rental property will bring when offered for lease by1377 a lessor who desires to lease the property but is not obligated to do so and leased by a lessee under no1378 necessity of leasing.

1379 "Gaming expenses" means prizes, supplies, costs of publicizing gaming activities, audit and administration or permit fees, and a portion of the rent, utilities, accounting and legal fees and such other reasonable and proper expenses as are directly incurred for the conduct of charitable gaming.

"Gross receipts" means the total amount of money generated by an organization from charitablegaming before the deduction of expenses, including prizes.

"Instant bingo," "pull tabs," or "seal cards" means specific games of chance played by the random selection of one or more individually prepacked cards, including Department-approved electronic versions thereof, with winners being determined by the preprinted or predetermined appearance of concealed letters, numbers or symbols that must be exposed by the player to determine wins and losses and may include the use of a seal card which conceals one or more numbers or symbols that have been designated in advance as prize winners. Such cards may be dispensed by electronic or mechanical equipment.

1391 "Jackpot" means a bingo game that the organization has designated on its game program as a jackpot game in which the prize amount is greater than \$100.

"Landlord" means any person or his agent, firm, association, organization, partnership, or corporation,
employee, or immediate family member thereof, which owns and leases, or leases any premises devoted
in whole or in part to the conduct of bingo games, and any person residing in the same household as a
landlord.

1397 "Management" means the provision of oversight of a gaming operation, which may include, but is
1398 not limited to, the responsibilities of applying for and maintaining a permit or authorization, compiling,
1399 submitting and maintaining required records and financial reports, and ensuring that all aspects of the
1400 operation are in compliance with all applicable statutes and regulations.

1401 "Network bingo" means a specific bingo game in which pari-mutuel play is permitted.

1402 "Network bingo provider" means a person licensed by the Department to operate network bingo.

1403 "Operation" means the activities associated with production of a charitable gaming activity, which
1404 may include, but not be limited to (i) the direct on-site supervision of the conduct of charitable gaming;
1405 (ii) coordination of volunteers; and (iii) all responsibilities of charitable gaming designated by the
1406 organization's management.

1407 "Organization" means any one of the following:

1408 1. A volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency or auxiliary unit thereof which that has been recognized in accordance with § 15.2-955 by an ordinance or resolution of the political subdivision where the volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer agency medical services agency is located as being a part of the safety program of such political

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1412 subdivision;

1413 2. An organization operated exclusively for religious, charitable, community or educational purposes;

1414 3. An athletic association or booster club or a band booster club established solely to raise funds for 1415 school-sponsored athletic or band activities for a public school or private school accredited pursuant to § 22.1-19 or to provide scholarships to students attending such school; 1416

1417 4. An association of war veterans or auxiliary units thereof organized in the United States;

1418 5. A fraternal association or corporation operating under the lodge system;

1419 6. A local chamber of commerce; or

7. Any other nonprofit organization that raises funds by conducting raffles that generate annual gross 1420 1421 receipts of \$40,000 or less, provided such gross receipts from the raffle, less expenses and prizes, are 1422 used exclusively for charitable, educational, religious or community purposes.

"Pari-mutuel play" means an integrated network operated by a licensee of the Department comprised 1423 1424 of participating charitable organizations for the conduct of network bingo games in which the purchase 1425 of a network bingo card by a player automatically includes the player in a pool with all other players in 1426 the network, and where the prize to the winning player is awarded based on a percentage of the total 1427 amount of network bingo cards sold in a particular network.

1428 "Qualified organization" means any organization to which a valid permit has been issued by the 1429 Department to conduct charitable gaming or any organization that is exempt pursuant to § 18.2-340.23.

1430 "Raffle" means a lottery in which the prize is won by (i) a random drawing of the name or 1431 prearranged number of one or more persons purchasing chances or (ii) a random contest in which the 1432 winning name or preassigned number of one or more persons purchasing chances is determined by a 1433 race involving inanimate objects floating on a body of water, commonly referred to as a "duck race."

"Reasonable and proper business expenses" means business expenses actually incurred by a qualified 1434 organization in the conduct of charitable gaming and not otherwise allowed under this article or under 1435 1436 Board regulations on real estate and personal property tax payments, travel expenses, payments of utilities and trash collection services, legal and accounting fees, costs of business furniture, fixtures and 1437 1438 office equipment and costs of acquisition, maintenance, repair or construction of an organization's real property. For the purpose of this definition, salaries and wages of employees whose primary 1439 1440 responsibility is to provide services for the principal benefit of an organization's members shall not 1441 qualify as a business expense. However, payments made pursuant to § 51.1-1204 to the Volunteer 1442 Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund shall be deemed a reasonable and proper 1443 business expense.

1444 "Supplier" means any person who offers to sell, sells or otherwise provides charitable gaming 1445 supplies to any qualified organization. 1446

§ 18.2-340.23. Organizations exempt from certain permits and fees.

A. No organization that reasonably expects, based on prior charitable gaming annual results or any 1447 1448 other quantifiable method, to realize gross receipts of \$40,000 or less in any 12-month period shall be 1449 required to (i) notify the Department of its intention to conduct charitable gaming, or (ii) comply with 1450 Board regulations. If any organization's actual gross receipts for the 12-month period exceed \$40,000, 1451 the Department may require the organization to file by a specified date the report required by 1452 § 18.2-340.30.

1453 B. Any volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency or 1454 auxiliary unit thereof which that has been recognized in accordance with § 15.2-955 by an ordinance or 1455 resolution of the political subdivision where the volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer 1456 emergency medical services agency is located as being part of the safety program of such political subdivision shall be exempt from the payment of application fees required by § 18.2-340.25 and the 1457 payment of audit fees required by § 18.2-340.31. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as 1458 1459 exempting volunteer fire departments and rescue squads volunteer emergency medical services agencies 1460 from any other provisions of this article or other Board regulations.

1461 C. Nothing in this section shall prevent the Department from conducting any investigation or audit it 1462 deems appropriate to ensure an organization's compliance with the provisions of this article and, to the 1463 extent applicable, Board regulations.

1464 18.2-340.34:1. Bingo managers and callers; remuneration; registration; qualification; 1465 suspension, revocation or refusal to renew certificate; exceptions.

1466 A. No person shall receive remuneration as a bingo manager or caller from any qualified 1467 organization unless and until such person has made application for and has been issued a registration 1468 certificate by the Department. Application for registration shall be made on forms prescribed by the 1469 Department and shall be accompanied by a fee in the amount of \$75. Each registration certificate shall 1470 remain valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance. Application for renewal of a registration 1471 certificate shall be accompanied by a fee in the amount of \$75 and shall be made on forms prescribed 1472 by the Department.

B. As a condition of registration as a bingo manager, the applicant shall (i) have been a bona fide

1474 member of the qualified organization for at least 12 consecutive months prior to making application for 1475 registration and (ii) be required to complete a reasonable training course developed and conducted by the 1476 Department.

1477 As a condition of registration as a bingo caller, the applicant shall be required to complete a 1478 reasonable training course developed and conducted by the Department.

1479 The Department may refuse to register any bingo manager or caller who has (a) been convicted of or 1480 pleaded nolo contendere to a felony in any state or federal court or has been convicted of any offense 1481 which, if committed in the Commonwealth, would be a felony; (b) been convicted of or pleaded nolo 1482 contendere to a crime involving gambling; (c) had any license, permit, certificate, or other authority 1483 related to activities defined as charitable gaming in the Commonwealth suspended or revoked in the 1484 Commonwealth or in any other jurisdiction; or (d) failed to file or has been delinquent in excess of one 1485 year in the filing of any tax returns or the payment of any taxes due the Commonwealth.

1486 C. The Department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the registration certificate of any bingo 1487 manager or caller for any conduct described in subsection B or for any violation of this article or 1488 regulations of the Board. Before taking any such action, the Department shall give the bingo manager or 1489 caller a written statement of the grounds upon which it proposes to take such action and an opportunity 1490 to be heard. Every hearing in a contested case shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative 1491 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

1492 D. The provisions of subsection A requiring registration for bingo callers with the Department shall 1493 not apply to a bingo caller for a volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical 1494 services agency or auxiliary unit thereof that has been recognized in accordance with § 15.2-955 by an 1495 ordinance or resolution of the political subdivision where the volunteer fire department or rescue squad 1496 volunteer emergency medical services agency is located as being a part of the safety program of such 1497 political subdivision.

1498 § 18.2-371. Causing or encouraging acts rendering children delinquent, abused, etc.; penalty; 1499 abandoned infant.

1500 Any person 18 years of age or older, including the parent of any child, who (i) willfully contributes to, encourages, or causes any act, omission, or condition that renders a child delinquent, in need of 1501 1502 services, in need of supervision, or abused or neglected as defined in § 16.1-228 or (ii) engages in 1503 consensual sexual intercourse or anal intercourse with or performs cunnilingus, fellatio, or anilingus 1504 upon or by a child 15 or older not his spouse, child, or grandchild is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 1505 This section shall not be construed as repealing, modifying, or in any way affecting §§ 18.2-18, 18.2-19, 1506 18.2-61, 18.2-63, and 18.2-347.

1507 If the prosecution under this section is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at a 1508 hospital or rescue squad emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense to 1509 prosecution of a parent under this section that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that 1510 provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended rescue squad emergency medical services agency 1511 that employs emergency medical technicians services personnel, within the first 14 days of the child's 1512 life. In order for the affirmative defense to apply, the child shall be delivered in a manner reasonably 1513 calculated to ensure the child's safety. 1514

§ 18.2-371.1. Abuse and neglect of children; penalty; abandoned infant.

1515 A. Any parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the care of a child under the age of 18 who 1516 by willful act or omission or refusal to provide any necessary care for the child's health causes or permits serious injury to the life or health of such child shall be is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For 1517 1518 purposes of this subsection, "serious injury" shall include includes but is not be limited to (i) 1519 disfigurement, (ii) a fracture, (iii) a severe burn or laceration, (iv) mutilation, (v) maiming, (vi) forced 1520 ingestion of dangerous substances, or and (vii) life-threatening internal injuries.

1521 B. 1. Any parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the care of a child under the age of 18 1522 whose willful act or omission in the care of such child was so gross, wanton, and culpable as to show a 1523 reckless disregard for human life shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

1524 2. If a prosecution under this subsection is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at 1525 a hospital or rescue squad emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense to 1526 prosecution of a parent under this subsection that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that 1527 provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended rescue squad emergency medical services agency 1528 that employs emergency medical technicians services personnel, within the first 14 days of the child's 1529 life. In order for the affirmative defense to apply, the child shall be delivered in a manner reasonably 1530 calculated to ensure the child's safety.

1531 C. Any parent, guardian or other person having care, custody, or control of a minor child who in 1532 good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and 1533 practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall not, for that reason alone, be considered 1534 in violation of this section.

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1535 § 18.2-414.1. Obstructing emergency medical services agency personnel in performance of 1536 mission; penalty.

Any person or persons who unreasonably or unnecessarily obstruct a member or members of a rescue 1537 1538 squad obstructs the delivery of emergency medical services by emergency medical services agency 1539 *personnel*, whether governmental, private, or volunteer, in the performance of their rescue mission or 1540 who shall fail fails or refuse refuses to cease such obstruction or move on when requested to do so by a 1541 member of a rescue squad emergency medical services personnel going to or at the site of a rescue 1542 mission, shall be at which emergency medical services are required is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

§ 18.2-426. "Emergency call" and "emergency personnel" defined. 1543

1544 As used in this article:

1545 "Emergency call" means a call to report a fire or summon police, or for medical aid or ambulance 1546 service emergency medical services, in a situation where human life or property is in jeopardy and the 1547 prompt summoning of aid is essential.

1548 "Emergency personnel" means any persons, paid or volunteer, who receive calls for dispatch of 1549 police, fire, or emergency medical service services personnel, and includes law-enforcement officers, 1550 firefighters, including special forest wardens designated pursuant to § 10.1-1135, and emergency medical 1551 service services personnel.

§ 18.2-429. Causing telephone or pager to ring with intent to annoy.

1553 A. Any person who, with or without intent to communicate but with intent to annoy any other 1554 person, causes any telephone or digital pager, not his own, to ring or to otherwise signal, and any 1555 person who permits or condones the use of any telephone under his control for such purpose, is guilty 1556 of a Class 3 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction under this subsection is punishable as a 1557 Class 2 misdemeanor if such prior conviction occurred before the date of the offense charged.

1558 B. Any person who, with or without intent to converse, but with intent to annoy, harass, hinder or 1559 delay emergency personnel in the performance of their duties as such, causes a telephone to ring, which 1560 is owned or leased for the purpose of receiving emergency calls by a public or private entity providing 1561 fire, police or emergency medical service services, and any person who knowingly permits the use of a 1562 telephone under his control for such purpose, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 18.2-488.1. Flag at half mast for certain public safety personnel killed in the line of duty.

A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1565 "Emergency medical services provider" means the same as that term is defined in § 32.1-111.1, and 1566 any member of a volunteer lifesaving crew or rescue squad emergency medical services agency.

1567 "Firefighter" means the same as that term is defined in § 9.1-300, and any member of a volunteer 1568 fire department.

1569 "Police officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or sheriff's office which is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof and who is 1570 1571 responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic, or 1572 highway laws of the Commonwealth.

1573 "Service member" means a member of the United States armed forces, Virginia National Guard, or 1574 Virginia Defense Force.

1575 B. Whenever a service member, police officer, firefighter, or emergency medical services provider 1576 who is a resident of Virginia is killed in the line of duty, all flags, state and local, flown at any building 1577 owned and operated by the Commonwealth shall be flown at half staff or mast for one day to honor and 1578 acknowledge respect for those who made the supreme sacrifice.

1579 C. The Department of General Services shall develop procedures to effectuate the purposes of this 1580 section.

1581 § 22.1-279.8. School safety audits and school crisis, emergency management, and medical 1582 emergency response plans required. 1583

A. For the purposes of this section, unless the context requires otherwise:

1584 "School crisis, emergency management, and medical emergency response plan" means the essential 1585 procedures, operations, and assignments required to prevent, manage, and respond to a critical event or 1586 emergency, including natural disasters involving fire, flood, tornadoes, or other severe weather; loss or 1587 disruption of power, water, communications or shelter; bus or other accidents; medical emergencies, 1588 including cardiac arrest and other life-threatening medical emergencies; student or staff member deaths; 1589 explosions; bomb threats; gun, knife or other weapons threats; spills or exposures to hazardous 1590 substances; the presence of unauthorized persons or trespassers; the loss, disappearance or kidnapping of 1591 a student; hostage situations; violence on school property or at school activities; incidents involving acts 1592 of terrorism; and other incidents posing a serious threat of harm to students, personnel, or facilities. The 1593 plan shall include a provision that the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal 1594 Injuries Compensation Fund shall be contacted immediately to deploy assistance in the event of an 1595 emergency as defined in the emergency response plan when there are victims as defined in § 19.2-11.01. 1596 The Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund

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1597 shall be the lead coordinating agencies for those individuals determined to be victims, and the plan shall1598 also contain current contact information for both agencies.

"School safety audit" means a written assessment of the safety conditions in each public school to (i)
identify and, if necessary, develop solutions for physical safety concerns, including building security
issues and (ii) identify and evaluate any patterns of student safety concerns occurring on school property
or at school-sponsored events. Solutions and responses shall include recommendations for structural
adjustments, changes in school safety procedures, and revisions to the school board's standards for
student conduct.

B. The Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall develop a list of items to be reviewed and evaluated in the school safety audits required by this section. Such items shall include those incidents reported to school authorities pursuant to \$ 22.1-279.3:1 and shall include a school inspection walk-through using a standardized checklist provided by the Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety, which shall incorporate crime prevention through environmental design principles.

1611 The Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety shall prescribe a standardized report format for 1612 school safety audits, additional reporting criteria, and procedures for report submission, which may 1613 include instructions for electronic submission.

1614 Each local school board shall require all schools under its supervisory control to annually conduct 1615 school safety audits as defined in this section and consistent with such list.

The results of such school safety audits shall be made public within 90 days of completion. The 1616 1617 local school board shall retain authority to withhold or limit the release of any security plans, 1618 walk-through checklists, and specific vulnerability assessment components as provided in subdivision 7 1619 of § 2.2-3705.2. The completed walk-through checklist shall be made available upon request to the chief 1620 law-enforcement officer of the locality or his designee. Each school shall maintain a copy of the school 1621 safety audit, which may exclude such security plans, walk-through checklists, and vulnerability 1622 assessment components, within the office of the school principal and shall make a copy of such report 1623 available for review upon written request.

Each school shall submit a copy of its school safety audit to the relevant school division
superintendent. The division superintendent shall collate and submit all such school safety audits, in the
prescribed format and manner of submission, to the Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety and
shall make available upon request to the chief law-enforcement officer of the locality the results of such
audits.

1629 C. The division superintendent shall establish a school safety audit committee to include, if available,
1630 representatives of parents, teachers, local law-enforcement, emergency services agencies, local
1631 community services boards, and judicial and public safety personnel. The school safety audit committee
1632 shall review the completed school safety audits and submit any plans, as needed, for improving school
1633 safety to the division superintendent for submission to the local school board.

1634 D. Each school board shall ensure that every school that it supervises shall develop a written school 1635 crisis, emergency management, and medical emergency response plan, consistent with the definition 1636 provided in this section, and shall provide copies of such plans to the chief law-enforcement officer, the 1637 fire chief, the chief of the emergency medical services official agency, and the emergency management 1638 official of the locality. Each school division shall designate an emergency manager. The Department of 1639 Education and the Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety shall provide technical assistance to 1640 the school divisions of the Commonwealth in the development of the school crisis, emergency 1641 management, and medical emergency response plans that describe the components of a medical 1642 emergency response plan developed in coordination with local emergency medical services providers, the 1643 training of school personnel and students to respond to a life-threatening emergency, and the equipment 1644 required for this emergency response. The local school board shall annually review the written school 1645 crisis, emergency management, and medical emergency response plans. The local school board shall have the authority to withhold or limit the review of any security plans and specific vulnerability assessment components as provided in subdivision 7 of § 2.2-3705.2. The local school division 1646 1647 1648 superintendent shall certify this review in writing to the Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety 1649 no later than August 31 of each year.

1650 Upon consultation with local school boards, division superintendents, the Virginia Center for School 1651 and Campus Safety, and the Coordinator of Emergency Management, the Board of Education shall 1652 develop, and may revise as it deems necessary, a model school crisis, emergency management, and 1653 medical emergency response plan for the purpose of assisting the public schools in Virginia in 1654 developing viable, effective crisis, emergency management, and medical emergency response plans. Such 1655 model shall set forth recommended effective procedures and means by which parents can contact the relevant school or school division regarding the location and safety of their school children and by 1656 1657 which school officials may contact parents, with parental approval, during a critical event or emergency.

1658 § 27-1. Firefighters and equipment may in emergencies go or be sent beyond territorial limits.

1659 Whenever the necessity arises during any actual or potential emergency resulting from fire, personal 1660 injury, or other public disaster, the fire fighters or emergency medical technicians firefighters of any 1661 county, city, or town may, together with all necessary equipment, lawfully go or be sent beyond the 1662 territorial limits of such county, city, or town to any point within or without the Commonwealth, to 1663 assist in meeting such emergency.

1664 In such event, the acts performed for such purpose by such fire fighters or emergency medical 1665 technicians, firefighters and the expenditures made for such purpose by such county, city, or town, shall be deemed conclusively to be for a public and governmental purpose and all of the immunities from 1666 liability enjoyed by a county, city, or town when acting through its fire fighters or emergency medical 1667 technicians firefighters for a public or governmental purpose within its territorial limits shall be enjoyed 1668 by it to the same extent when such county, city, or town is so acting, under this section or under other 1669 lawful authority, beyond its territorial limits. 1670

1671 The fire fighters or emergency medical technicians firefighters of any county, city, or town, when 1672 acting hereunder, or under other lawful authority, beyond the territorial limits of such county, city, or 1673 town, shall have all the immunities from liability and exemptions from laws, ordinances, and regulations, 1674 and shall have all of the pension, relief, disability, workers' compensation, and other benefits, enjoyed by 1675 them while performing their respective duties.

§ 27-2. Contracts of cities or towns to furnish fire protection.

1677 The governing body of any city or town may, in its discretion, authorize or require the fire 1678 department or emergency medical services department or division thereof to render aid in cases of actual 1679 or potential fire or medical emergency occurring beyond their limits, and may prescribe the conditions 1680 on which such aid may be rendered, and may enter into a contract, or contracts, with nearby, adjacent or 1681 adjoining counties and cities, within or without the Commonwealth, including the District of Columbia, 1682 for rendering aid in fire protection or in emergency medical response in such counties, cities, or any district, or sanitary district thereof or in the District of Columbia, on such terms as may be agreed upon 1683 1684 by such governing body and the governing body of the District of Columbia or of such counties or 1685 cities and/or district, including sanitary districts;, provided, that each of the parties to such agreement 1686 may contract as follows: (1) (i) waive any and all claims against all the other parties thereto which may 1687 arise out of their activities outside their respective jurisdictions under such agreement; (2) (ii) indemnify 1688 and save harmless the other parties to such agreement from all claims by third parties for property damage or personal injury which that may arise out of the activities of the other parties to such 1689 1690 agreement outside their respective jurisdictions under such agreement. When the fire department or 1691 emergency medical services department or division of any city or town is operating under such 1692 permission or contract, or contracts, on any call beyond the corporate limits of the city or town, it shall 1693 be deemed to be operating in a governmental capacity, and subject only to such liability for injuries as 1694 it would be if it were operating within the corporate limits of such city or town. 1695

§ 27-2.1. Contracts for fire protection for federal and state property.

1696 Any county, city, or town may contract with the federal or state governments government to provide 1697 fire or emergency medical service to federal or state property located within or without the boundaries 1698 of the county, city, or town.

1699 In the absence of a written contract, any acts performed and all expenditures made by a county, city, 1700 or town in providing fire protection or emergency medical services to property owned by the federal 1701 government shall be deemed conclusively to be for a public and governmental purpose and all of the 1702 immunities from liability enjoyed by a county, city, or town when acting through its fire fighters or 1703 emergency medical technicians firefighters for a public or governmental purpose within or without its 1704 territorial limits shall be enjoyed by it to the same extent when such county, city, or town is so acting, 1705 under the provisions of this section, or under other lawful authority.

1706 The fire fighters or emergency medical technicians firefighters of any county, city, or town when 1707 acting hereunder, or under other lawful authority, shall have all of the immunities from liability and 1708 exemptions from laws, ordinances, and regulations, and shall have all of the pension, relief, disability, 1709 workers' compensation, and other benefits enjoyed by them while performing their respective duties.

1710 The amount of compensation to the county, city, or town pursuant to the contract shall be a matter 1711 within the sole discretion of the governing body of the county, city, or town. 1712

§ 27-3. Contract of county with city or another county for fire protection.

1713 The governing body of any county adjoining or near any city, town, or county, within or without the 1714 Commonwealth, including the District of Columbia, having and maintaining fire fighting or emergency 1715 medical services firefighting equipment may contract with any such city, town, or county, upon such 1716 terms as such governing body may deem proper, for fighting fires or responding to medical emergencies 1717 in such county, town, or city and may prescribe the terms and conditions upon which such services may 1718 be provided on privately owned property in the county, town, or city and may raise funds with which to 1719 pay for such services, by levying and collecting annually, at such rates as such governing body may

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1720 deem sufficient, a special tax upon the property in such county, or in any magisterial district thereof, 1721 subject to local taxation. 1722

§ 27-4. Contract of county, city, or town to furnish fire protection.

1723 Any county, city, or town which that operates fire-fighting firefighting equipment as provided for in 1724 § 27-15.2 and any county, city, or town mentioned in § 27-23.6 27-6.02 may contract with counties, 1725 cities, or towns in, adjacent to, or near such county, city, or town, including the District of Columbia, 1726 for fire protection or emergency medical services in the manner provided for in § 27-2.

1727 § 27-6.01. Definitions.

1728 For the purposes of this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1729 "Fire company" means a volunteer firefighting organization organized pursuant to § 27-8 in any 1730 county, city, or town of the Commonwealth for the purpose of fighting fires.

1731 "Fire department" means a firefighting organization established as a department of government of 1732 any county, city, or town pursuant to § 27-6.1.

1733 § 27-6.02. Provision of firefighting services.

1734 A. Any county, city, or town may provide firefighting services to its citizens by (i) establishing a fire 1735 department as a department of government pursuant to § 27-6.1 or (ii) contracting with or providing for 1736 the provision of firefighting services by a fire company established pursuant to § 27-8.

1737 B. In cases in which a county, city, or town elects to contract with or provide for the provision of 1738 firefighting services by a fire company pursuant to clause (ii) of subsection A, the fire company shall be 1739 deemed to be an instrumentality of the county, city, or town and, as such, exempt from suit for damages 1740 done incident to fighting fires therein. The county, city, or town may elect to provide for the matters authorized in §§ 27-4 and 27-39. 1741

1742 As used in this section, "provide firefighting services" includes travel while performing fire, rescue, 1743 or other emergency operations in emergency vehicles or fire apparatus as described in §§ 46.2-920 and 1744 46.2-1023, respectively. 1745

§ 27-6.1. Establishment of fire department; chief, officers, and employees.

1746 The governing body of any city, town or county, *city, or town* may establish a fire department as a 1747 department of government a fire/EMS department and may designate it by any name consistent with the 1748 names of its other governmental units. The head of such fire department shall be known as "the chief"-1749 or "the director." As many other officers and employees may be employed in such fire/EMS fire 1750 department as the governing body may approve.

1751 § 27-7. Bylaws of fire department; compensation of officers and employees; information on 1752 check stubs, time cards, etc.

1753 The governing body of any eity, town or county, city, or town may empower the fire/EMS fire 1754 department therein to make bylaws to promote its objects consistent with the laws of this the 1755 Commonwealth and ordinances of the eity, town or county, city, or town and may provide for the 1756 compensation of the officers and employees of such department.

1757 All check stubs or time cards purporting to be a record of time spent on the job by a fire fighter or 1758 emergency medical services personnel firefighter shall record all hours of employment, regardless of 1759 how spent. All check stubs or pay records purporting to show the hourly compensation of a fire fighter 1760 or emergency medical services personnel firefighter shall show the actual hourly wage to be paid. 1761 Nothing in this section shall require the showing of such information on check stubs, time cards, or pay 1762 records; however, if such information shall be is shown, the information shall be in compliance with this 1763 section. 1764

§ 27-8. Who may form a fire company; limit on number of persons in combined companies.

1765 Any number of persons, not less than twenty 20, may form themselves into a company for 1766 extinguishing fires or for performing emergency medical services, or both. In any county in which two or more companies for extinguishing fires or for performing emergency medical services shall join 1767 together and singly use one fire/EMS fire station, the number of persons in the combined companies 1768 1769 shall be not less than twenty 20. The minimum number of persons required by this section shall only 1770 apply to the formation of a fire company. 1771

§ 27-9. Organization of fire company.

1772 A writing stating the formation of such a fire company, with the names of the members thereof 1773 thereto subscribed, shall be recorded in the court of the city or the court of the county wherein such fire 1774 company is- After located, after which, the members of the fire company may make regulations for 1775 effecting its objects consistent with the laws of the Commonwealth, the ordinances of the city, town or 1776 county, *city, or town* and the bylaws of the fire/EMS fire department thereof. The principal officer of 1777 such fire company shall be known as "the chief."

1778 § 27-10. Dissolution of fire company.

1779 Whenever the fire/EMS fire department of the city, town, or county, city, or town to which any 1780 fire/EMS fire company belongs shall ascertainascertains that such company has failed, for three months SB938

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1781 successively, to consist of twenty 20 effective members in the case of a fire company, or ascertain that

1782 it has failed for the like period to have or keep in good and serviceable condition, an engine, hose, emergency medical services vehicle and equipment and other proper implements, or the governing body 1783 1784 of the county, city, or town for any reason deems it advisable, such governing body may dissolve the 1785 *fire* company.

§ 27-11. Duty of members on alarm of fire or call of a medical emergency.

1787 Every member of the *fire* company shall, upon any alarm of fire or call of a medical emergency, 1788 attend according to the ordinances of the city, town or county, city, or town, or the bylaws, rules, or 1789 regulations of the fire/EMS fire department or the fire company's regulations, and endeavor to extinguish 1790 such fire or assist in the medical emergency. 1791

§ 27-13. Appointment of chief and other officers.

1792 In every city, town or county, *city, or town* in which there is any such a fire company is established, 1793 there shall be appointed, at such time and in such manner as the governing body of such city, town or 1794 county, *city, or town* may prescribe, a chief or director and as many other officers as such governing 1795 body may direct. 1796

§ 27-14. Ordinances as to fire departments and fire companies.

1797 A. Such The governing body of any county, city, or town in which a fire department or fire company 1798 is established may make such ordinances in relation to the powers and duties of fire/EMS departments, 1799 such fire departments or fire companies, and chiefs or directors and other officers of such fire 1800 departments or fire companies, as it may deem proper, including billing property owners on behalf of 1801 volunteer fire departments as provided in § 38.2-2130.

1802 B. The ordinances shall not require a minor who achieved certification under National Fire Protection 1803 Association 1001, level one, firefighter standards, as administered by the Department of Fire Programs, 1804 on or before January 1, 2006, between the ages of 15 and 16, to repeat the certification after his 1805 sixteenth birthday.

1806 § 27-15.1. Authority of chief or other officer in charge when answering alarm; penalty for 1807 refusal to obey orders.

1808 While any fire/EMS fire department or fire/EMS fire company is in the process of answering an 1809 alarm or operating at an emergency incident where there is imminent danger or the actual occurrence of 1810 fire or explosion or the uncontrolled release of hazardous materials which that threaten life or property 1811 and returning to the station, the chief, director, or other officer in charge of such fire/EMS fire 1812 department or *fire* company at that time shall have the authority to: (i) maintain order at such emergency 1813 incident or its vicinity,; (ii) direct the actions of the fire fighters or emergency medical services 1814 personnel firefighters at the incident,; (iii) notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 46.2-888 through 1815 46.2-891, keep bystanders or other persons at a safe distance from the incident and emergency equipment,; (iv) facilitate the speedy movement and operation of emergency equipment and fire fighters 1816 1817 or emergency medical services personnel firefighters; (v) cause an investigation to be made into the 1818 origin and cause of the incident; and (vi) until the arrival of a police officer, direct and control traffic 1819 in person or by deputy and facilitate the movement of traffic. The fire chief, director, or other officer in 1820 charge shall display his fire fighter's or emergency medical services personnel's firefighter's badge, or 1821 other proper means of identification. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this authority shall extend to the activation of traffic control signals designed to facilitate the safe egress and ingress of 1822 1823 emergency equipment at a fire/EMS fire station. Any person or persons refusing to obey the orders of 1824 the chief, director, or his deputies or other officer in charge at that time shall be is guilty of a Class 4 1825 misdemeanor. The chief, director, or other officer in charge shall have the power to make arrests for 1826 violation of the provisions of this section. The authority granted under the provisions of this section may 1827 not be exercised to inhibit or obstruct members of law-enforcement agencies or rescue squads emergency 1828 medical services agencies from performing their normal duties when operating at such emergency 1829 incident, nor to conflict with or diminish the lawful authority, duties, and responsibilities of forest 1830 wardens, including but not limited to the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 10.1. 1831 Personnel from the news media, such as the press, radio, and television, when gathering the news may 1832 enter at their own risk into the incident area only when the officer in charge has deemed the area safe 1833 and only into those areas of the incident that do not, in the opinion of the officer in charge, interfere 1834 with the fire/EMS fire department or fire fighters fire company, firefighters, or emergency medical 1835 services personnel dealing with such emergencies, in which case the chief or other officer in charge may 1836 order such person from the scene of the emergency incident.

1837 § 27-15.1:1. Penalty for refusing or neglecting to obey order of chief or other officer in command. 1838 If any person at a fire refuses or neglects to obey any order duly given by the chief or other officer 1839 in command, he shall be fined a civil penalty not to exceed \$100.

1840 § 27-15.2. Purchase, maintenance, etc., of equipment; donated equipment.

1841 A. The governing body of every city, town or county, city, and town shall have power to provide for 1842 the purchase, operation, manningstaffing, and maintenance of suitable equipment for fighting

1843 firesfirefighting or performing emergency medical services in or upon the property of the city, town or 1844 county, *city*, *or town* and of its inhabitants, and to prescribe the terms and conditions upon which the 1845 same will be used for fighting fires or performing emergency medical services in or upon privately 1846 owned property. All equipment purchased after October 1, 1970, shall be equipped with threads of USA 1847 Standard B2.3, B2.4 of the American Standards Association.

1848 B. Any fire/EMS fire department of a city, town, or county, city, or town, or any fire/EMS fire 1849 company donating equipment for fighting fires or performing emergency medical services to any 1850 fire/EMS fire department or any fire/EMS fire company, which equipment met existing engineering and 1851 safety standards at the time of its purchase by the donating entity, shall be immune from civil liability 1852 unless the donating entity acted with gross negligence or willful misconduct.

1853 C. A safety inspection must shall be completed by a certified emergency vehicle service center and a 1854 report designating any deficiencies shall be provided prior to the change in ownership of the donated 1855 emergency vehicle. 1856

§ 27-17. Entry of buildings on fire and premises adjoining.

1857 The chief of any fire/EMS fire department, or fire company or other authorized officer in command at a fire or medical emergency, and his subordinates, upon his order or direction, shall have the right at 1858 1859 any time of the day or night to enter any building or upon any premises where a fire or medical 1860 emergency is in progress, or any building or premises adjacent thereto for the purpose of extinguishing 1861 the fire or performing emergency medical services.

1862 § 27-17.1. Remaining on premises after fire extinguished.

1863 The chief or other authorized officer of any fire/EMS fire department or fire/EMS fire company in 1864 command at a fire or medical emergency, and his subordinates upon his order or direction, shall have 1865 the right to remain at the scene of fire or medical emergency, including remaining in any building or house, for purposes of protecting the property and preventing the public from entry into the premises, 1866 1867 until such reasonable time as the owner may resume responsibility for the protection of the property.

1868 § 27-20. Destruction of property to prevent spread of fire.

1869 The chief, director, or other officer commanding in his absence, may direct the pulling down or 1870 destroying of any fence, house, or other thing which he may judge necessary to be pulled down or 1871 destroyed, to prevent the further spreading of a fire, and for this purpose may require such assistance 1872 from all present as he shall judge necessary.

§ 27-21. Owner may recover amount of actual damage.

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1874 The owner of such property destroyed pursuant to § 27-20 shall be entitled to recover from the eity, 1875 town or county, *city, or town* the amount of the actual damage which that he may have sustained by 1876 reason of the same having been pulled down or destroyed under such direction. 1877

§ 27-23.1. Establishment of fire zones or districts; tax levies.

1878 The governing bodies of the several cities or counties of this the Commonwealth may create and 1879 establish, by designation on a map of the city or county showing current, official parcel boundaries, or 1880 by any other description which is legally sufficient for the conveyance of property or the creation of 1881 parcels, fire/EMS fire zones or districts in such cities or counties, within which may be located and established one or more fire/EMS fire departments, to be equipped with apparatus for fighting fires and 1882 1883 protecting property and human life within such zones or districts from loss or damage by fire, illness or 1884 injury.

1885 In the event of the creation of such zones or districts in any city or county, the city or county 1886 governing body may acquire, in the name of the city or county, real or personal property to be devoted 1887 to the uses aforesaid, and shall prescribe rules and regulations for the proper management, control, and 1888 conduct thereof. Such governing body shall also have authority to contract with, or secure the services 1889 of, any individual corporation, organization, or municipal corporation, or any volunteer fire fighters or 1890 emergency medical services personnel firefighters for such fire or emergency medical services protection 1891 as may be required.

1892 To raise funds for the purposes aforesaid, the governing body of any city or county in which such 1893 zones or districts are established may levy annually a tax on the assessed value of all property real and 1894 personal within such zones or districts, subject to local taxation, which tax shall be extended and 1895 collected as other city or county taxes are extended and collected. However, any property located in 1896 Augusta County that has qualified for an agricultural or forestal use-value assessment pursuant to Article 1897 4 (§ 58.1-3229 et seq.) of Chapter 32 of Title 58.1 may not be included within such a zone or district 1898 and may not be subject to such tax. In any city or county having a population between 25,000 and 1899 25,500, the maximum rate of tax under this section shall be \$0.30 on \$100 of assessed value.

1900 The amount realized from such levy shall be kept separate from all other moneys of the city or 1901 county and shall be applied to no other purpose than the maintenance and operation of the fire/EMS fire 1902 departments and companies established under the provisions of this section.

1903 § 27-23.2. Advances by city or county to fire zone or district.

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1904 The governing body of any city or county in this the Commonwealth may advance funds, not 1905 otherwise specifically allocated or obligated, from the general fund to a fire/EMS fire zone or district to 1906 assist the fire *zone or* district to exercise the powers set forth in § 27-23.1.

1907 § 27-23.3. Reimbursement for advances.

1908 Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the governing body shall direct the treasurer to 1909 reimburse the general fund of the city or county from the proceeds of any funds to the credit of the 1910 fire/EMS fire zone or district, not otherwise specifically allocated or obligated to the extent that the city 1911 or county has made advances to the fire/EMS fire zone or district from such general fund to assist the 1912 zone or district to exercise the powers set forth in § 27-23.1. 1913

§ 27-23.4. Validation of prior advances.

1914 The advancement of any funds heretofore advanced from the general fund by the governing body of 1915 any city or county in this Commonwealth for the benefit of a fire/EMS fire zone or district in exercising 1916 the lawful powers of such fire/EMS fire zone or district is hereby validated and confirmed.

1917 § 27-23.5. Exclusion of certain areas from fire zones or districts and exemption of such areas 1918 from certain levies.

1919 The governing body of any city or county having a fire/EMS fire zone or district created under the 1920 provisions of § 27-23.1, prior to June 1 of any calendar year, may alter the boundaries of such fire/EMS 1921 fire zone or district for the purpose of excluding an area of any such fire/EMS fire zone or district 1922 which that is also within the boundaries of a sanitary district providing fire protection or emergency 1923 medical services or under contract to a sanitary district providing fire protection or emergency medical 1924 services.

1925 Any area excluded from a fire/EMS fire zone or district as provided by this section shall not be 1926 subject to the levy set forth in § 27-23.1 for the year such area is excluded. 1927

§ 27-23.9. Supervision and control of joint services of fire companies or departments.

1928 A. Whenever two or more fire/EMS fire companies or fire departments are called to provide joint 1929 services in any district or political subdivision, the commander of the first company or department to 1930 arrive shall have general supervision and control of all such participating companies and departments 1931 until an officer of such district or political subdivision who is otherwise authorized by law to do so shall 1932 assume assumes such general supervision and control.

1933 B. Whenever one or more fire companies or fire departments and one or more emergency medical 1934 services agencies are called to provide joint services in any district or political subdivision, the 1935 commander of the first fire company or department to arrive shall have general supervision and control 1936 of all such participating fire companies or departments and emergency medical services agencies until 1937 an officer of such district or political subdivision who is otherwise authorized by law to do so assumes 1938 such general supervision and control.

§ 29.1-355. Disposition of funds.

1940 All moneys received from the sale of the special stamps shall be paid into the local treasury to the 1941 credit of a special damage stamp fund and identified by the year in which the moneys were collected. 1942 The special fund shall be used for the following purposes:

1943 1. Payment for damages to crops, fruit trees, commercially grown Christmas trees, nursery stock, 1944 livestock, colonies of bees, bee equipment and appliances, as defined in § 3.2-4400, or farm equipment 1945 that is caused by deer, elk, or bear at any time, or by big game hunters during hunting season; and

1946 2. Payment of the actual and necessary costs of the administration of the provisions of this article, 1947 including the printing and distribution of the required stamps and the payment of reasonable fees to 1948 persons designated by a local governing body to inspect, evaluate, and confirm reported claims and 1949 adjust such claims; and

1950 3. In the discretion of the local governing body, payment of the costs of law enforcement directly 1951 related to and incidental to carrying out the provisions of this article and the general game laws of the 1952 Commonwealth; any person compensated to engage in such law-enforcement activities shall be approved 1953 for such employment by the director and appointed to be a special conservation police officer in 1954 accordance with the Board's standards and policies governing such appointment; and

1955 4. In the discretion of the local governing body, administrative expenses related to the special 1956 stamps, support of a county volunteer fire prevention and suppression program when the program 1957 includes fire fighting firefighting on big game hunting lands open to the public, and support of local 1958 volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services agencies whose services are available to hunters in 1959 distress. However, the money appropriated from the special damage stamp fund for these purposes shall 1960 not exceed, in the aggregate, in any calendar year, an amount equal to 25 percent of the amount paid 1961 into the special damage stamp fund during the fiscal year or previous calendar year. Once selecting the 1962 fiscal year or previous calendar year, the local governing body must continue to use that selected period 1963 of time in determining the amount of money to be appropriated from the special damage stamp fund.

1964 § 29.1-530.4. Duty of certain entities to report hunting incidents.

1965 Any law-enforcement agency or emergency medical service services provider that receives a report

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1966 that a person engaged in hunting as defined in § 29.1-100 has suffered serious bodily injury or death_{τ} 1967 shall immediately give notice of the incident to the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries.

1968 § 29.1-702. Registration requirements; display of numbers; cancellation of certificate; 1969 exemption.

1970 A. 1. The owner of each motorboat requiring numbering by the Commonwealth shall file an 1971 application for a number with the Department on forms approved by it. The owner of the motorboat or 1972 the owner's agent shall sign the application and pay the following boat registration fee:

- 1973 a. For a motorboat under 16 feet, \$18;
- 1974 b. For a motorboat 16 feet to less than 20 feet, \$22;
- 1975 c. For a motorboat 20 feet to less than 40 feet, \$28;
- 1976 d. For a motorboat 40 feet and over, \$36.
- 1977 2. Owners, other than manufacturers or dealers, of more than 10 motorboats numbered by the 1978 Commonwealth, shall pay \$18 each for the first 10 such boats and \$12 for each additional boat.

1979 3. Upon receipt of the application in approved form, the Department shall have the application 1980 entered upon the records of its office and issue to the applicant a certificate of number stating the 1981 identification number awarded to the motorboat and the name, address and a social security number or 1982 numbers, or federal tax identification number of the owner or owners. Any certificate issued in 1983 accordance with this chapter shall expire three years from the last day of the month in which it was 1984 issued. Upon proper application and payment of fee, and in the discretion of the Director, the certificate 1985 may be renewed.

1986 B. The owner shall paint on or attach to each side of the bow of the motorboat the identification 1987 number in the manner prescribed by rules and regulations of the Board. The number shall be maintained 1988 in legible condition. The certificate of number shall be pocket-size and shall be available for inspection 1989 on the motorboat for which issued whenever such motorboat is in operation. However, the certificate of 1990 number for any vessel less than 26 feet in length, and leased or rented to another for the lessee's noncommercial use for less than 24 hours, may be retained on shore by the vessel's owner or his 1991 1992 representative at the place at which the vessel departs and returns to the possession of the owner or his 1993 representative, provided the vessel is appropriately identified as to its owner while in use under such 1994 lease or rental.

1995 C. No number other than the number awarded to a motorboat or granted reciprocity pursuant to this 1996 chapter shall be displayed on either side of the bow of the motorboat.

1997 D. The Department is authorized to cancel and recall any certificate of number issued by the 1998 Department when it appears proper payment has not been made for the certificate of number or when 1999 the certificate has been improperly or erroneously issued.

2000 E. Any motorboat purchased and used by a nonprofit volunteer rescue squad emergency medical 2001 services agency or volunteer fire department shall be exempt from the registration fees imposed by 2002 subsection A of this section. 2003

§ 29.1-733.7. Application for certificate of title.

A. Except as otherwise provided in § 29.1-733.10, 29.1-733.15, 29.1-733.19, 29.1-733.20, 2004 2005 29.1-733.21, or 29.1-733.22, only an owner may apply for a certificate of title.

2006 B. An application for a certificate of title shall be signed by the applicant and contain:

2007 1. The applicant's name, the street address of the applicant's principal residence, and, if different, the 2008 applicant's mailing address; 2009

2. The name and mailing address of each other owner of the watercraft at the time of application;

2010 3. The motor vehicle driver's license number, social security number, or taxpayer identification 2011 number of each owner;

2012 4. The hull identification number for the watercraft or, if none, an application for the issuance of a 2013 hull identification number for the watercraft;

2014 5. If numbering is required pursuant to § 29.1-703, the registration number for the watercraft or, if 2015 none has been issued by the Department, an application for a registration number pursuant to 2016 § 29.1-702; 2017

6. A description of the watercraft as required by the Department, which shall include:

a. The official number for the watercraft, if any, assigned by the U.S. Coast Guard;

2019 b. The name of the manufacturer, builder, or maker;

- 2020 c. The model year or the year in which the manufacture or build of the watercraft was completed;
- 2021 d. The overall length of the watercraft;

2022 e. The watercraft type;

2023 f. The hull material;

2018

- 2024 g. The propulsion type;
- 2025 h. The engine drive type, if any:
- 2026 i. The motor identification, including manufacturer's name and serial number, except on motors of 25

2027 horsepower or less; and

2028 j. The fuel type, if any;

2029 7. An indication of all security interests in the watercraft known to the applicant and the name and mailing address of each secured party;

2031 8. A statement that the watercraft is not a documented vessel or a foreign-documented vessel;

2032 9. Any title brand known to the applicant and, if known, the jurisdiction under whose law the title2033 brand was created;

2034 10. If the applicant knows that the watercraft is hull damaged, a statement that the watercraft is hull damaged;

2036 11. If the application is made in connection with a transfer of ownership, the transferor's name, street2037 address and, if different, mailing address, the sales price, if any, and the date of the transfer; and

2038 12. If the watercraft previously was registered or titled in another jurisdiction, a statement identifying2039 each jurisdiction known to the applicant in which the watercraft was registered or titled.

2040 C. In addition to the information required by subsection B, an application for a certificate of title 2041 may contain an electronic communication address of the owner, transferor, or secured party.

2042 D. Except as otherwise provided in § 29.1-733.19, 29.1-733.20, 29.1-733.21, or 29.1-733.22, an application for a certificate of title shall be accompanied by:

2044 1. A certificate of title that is signed by the owner shown on the certificate and that:

a. Identifies the applicant as the owner of the watercraft; or

b. Is accompanied by a record that identifies the applicant as the owner; or

2047 2. If there is no certificate of title:

a. If the watercraft was a documented vessel, a record issued by the U.S. Coast Guard that shows that the watercraft is no longer a documented vessel and identifies the applicant as the owner;

b. If the watercraft was a foreign-documented vessel, a record issued by the foreign country thatshows that the watercraft is no longer a foreign-documented vessel and identifies the applicant as theowner; or

c. In all other cases, a certificate of origin, bill of sale, or other record that to the satisfaction of the
 Department identifies the applicant as the owner. Issuance of registration under the provisions of
 § 29.1-702 is prima facie evidence of ownership of a watercraft and entitlement to a certificate of title
 under the provisions of this article.

E. A record submitted in connection with an application is part of the application. The Department shall maintain the record in its files.

2059 F. The Department shall require that an application for a certificate of title be accompanied by 2060 payment or evidence of payment of all fees and taxes payable by the applicant under law of the 2061 Commonwealth other than this article in connection with the application or the acquisition or use of the 2062 watercraft. The Department shall charge \$7 for issue of each certificate of title, transfer of title, or for 2063 the recording of a supplemental lien. The Department shall charge \$2 for the issuance of each duplicate 2064 title or for changes to a previously issued certificate of title that are made necessary by a change of the 2065 motor on the watercraft. Any watercraft purchased and used by a nonprofit volunteer rescue squad 2066 *emergency medical services agency* shall be exempt from the fees imposed under this section.

2067 G. The application shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the Department and shall contain any other information required by the Director.

H. Whenever any person, after applying for or obtaining the certificate of title of a watercraft, moves
from the address shown in the application or upon the certificate of title, he shall, within 30 days, notify
the Department in writing of his change of address. A fee of \$7 shall be imposed upon anyone failing to
comply with this subsection within the time prescribed.

2073 § 32.1-45.1. Deemed consent to testing and release of test results related to infection with 2074 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses.

2075 A. Whenever any health care provider, or any person employed by or under the direction and control of a health care provider, is directly exposed to body fluids of a patient in a manner that may, according 2076 2077 to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit human 2078 immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the patient whose body fluids were involved in the 2079 exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus 2080 or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such patient shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such 2081 test results to the person who was exposed. In other than emergency situations, it shall be the 2082 responsibility of the health care provider to inform patients of this provision prior to providing them 2083 with health care services which create a risk of such exposure.

B. Whenever any patient is directly exposed to body fluids of a health care provider, or of any person employed by or under the direction and control of a health care provider, in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human

immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consentedto the release of such test results to the patient who was exposed.

C. For the purposes of this section, "health care provider" means any person, facility or agency
 licensed or certified to provide care or treatment by the Department of Health, Department of Behavioral
 Health and Developmental Services, Department of Rehabilitative Services, or the Department of Social
 Services, any person licensed or certified by a health regulatory board within the Department of Health
 Professions except for the Boards of Funeral Directors and Embalmers and Veterinary Medicine or any
 personal care agency contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services.

D. "Health care provider," as defined in subsection C of this section, shall be deemed to include any person who renders emergency care or assistance, without compensation and in good faith, at the scene of an accident, fire, or any life-threatening emergency, or while en route therefrom to any hospital, medical clinic or doctor's office during the period while rendering such emergency care or assistance.
The Department of Health shall provide appropriate counseling and opportunity for face-to-face disclosure of any test results to any such person.

E. Whenever any law-enforcement officer, salaried or volunteer firefighter, paramedic or salaried or volunteer emergency medical technician services provider is directly exposed to body fluids of a person in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person who was exposed.

2110 F. Whenever a person is directly exposed to the body fluids of a law-enforcement officer, salaried or 2111 volunteer firefighter, paramedic or salaried or volunteer emergency medical technician services provider 2112 in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and 2113 Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body 2114 fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with 2115 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. The law-enforcement officer, salaried or volunteer firefighter, paramedic or salaried or volunteer emergency medical technician services provider 2116 2117 shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person who was 2118 exposed.

2119 G. For the purposes of this section, "law-enforcement officer" means a person who is both (i)
2120 engaged in his public duty at the time of such exposure and (ii) employed by any sheriff's office, any
2121 adult or youth correctional facility, or any state or local law-enforcement agency, or any agency or
2122 department under the direction and control of the Commonwealth or any local governing body that
2123 employs persons who have law-enforcement authority.

2124 H. Whenever any school board employee is directly exposed to body fluids of any person in a 2125 manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and 2126 Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body 2127 fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with 2128 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have 2129 consented to the release of such test results to the school board employee who was exposed. In other 2130 than emergency situations, it shall be the responsibility of the school board employee to inform the 2131 person of this provision prior to the contact that creates a risk of such exposure.

I. Whenever any person is directly exposed to the body fluids of a school board employee in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the school board employee whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. The school board employee shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person.

2138 J. For the purposes of this section, "school board employee" means a person who is both (i) acting in
2139 the course of employment at the time of such exposure and (ii) employed by any local school board in
2140 the Commonwealth.

2141 K. For purposes of this section, if the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing is a minor, 2142 and that minor refuses to provide such specimen, consent for obtaining such specimen shall be obtained 2143 from the parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis of such minor prior to initiating such 2144 testing. If the parent or guardian or person standing in loco parentis withholds such consent, or is not 2145 reasonably available, the person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B 2146 or C viruses, or the employer of such person, may petition the juvenile and domestic relations district 2147 court in the county or city where the minor resides or resided, or, in the case of a nonresident, the 2148 county or city where the health care provider, law-enforcement agency or school board has its principal 2149 office or, in the case of a health care provider rendering emergency care pursuant to subsection D, the

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county or city where the exposure occurred, for an order requiring the minor to provide a bloodspecimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this section.

L. Except as provided in subsection K, if the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing 2152 2153 refuses to provide such specimen, any person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus 2154 or hepatitis B or C viruses, or the employer of such person, may petition the general district court of the 2155 county or city in which the person whose specimen is sought resides or resided, or, in the case of a 2156 nonresident, the county or city where the health care provider, law-enforcement agency or school board 2157 has its principal office or, in the case of a health care provider rendering emergency care pursuant to 2158 subsection D, the county or city where the exposure occurred, for an order requiring the person to 2159 provide a blood specimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this 2160 section. At any hearing before the court, the person whose specimen is sought or his counsel may appear. The court shall be advised by the Commissioner or his designee prior to entering any testing 2161 2162 order. If a testing order is issued, both the petitioner and the person from whom the blood specimen is 2163 sought shall receive counseling and opportunity for face-to-face disclosure of any test results by a 2164 licensed practitioner or trained counselor.

§ 32.1-46.02. Administration of influenza vaccine to minors.

2166 The Board shall, together with the Board of Nursing and by August 31, 2009, develop and issue 2167 guidelines for the administration of influenza vaccine to minors by licensed pharmacists, registered 2168 nurses, licensed practical nurses, certified emergency medical technicians-intermediate, or emergency 2169 medical technicians-paramedic services providers who hold an emergency medical technician intermediate or emergency medical technician paramedic certification issued by the Commissioner 2170 2171 pursuant to § 54.1-3408. Such guidelines shall require the consent of the minor's parent, guardian, or 2172 person standing in loco parentis, and shall be consistent with applicable guidelines developed by the 2173 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

2174 § 32.1-111.1. Definitions. 2175 As used in this article:

2175 As used in this article: **2176** "Advisory Board" mean

"Advisory Board" means the State Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board.

2177 "Agency" means any person engaged in the business, service or regular activity, whether or not for
 2178 profit, of transporting persons who are sick, injured, wounded or otherwise incapacitated or helpless, or
 2179 of rendering immediate medical care to such persons.

2180 "Ambulance" means any vehicle, vessel or aircraft, which holds a valid permit issued by the Office
2181 of Emergency Medical Services, that is specially constructed, equipped, maintained and operated, and is
2182 intended to be used for emergency medical care and the transportation of patients who are sick, injured,
2183 wounded, or otherwise incapacitated or helpless. The word "ambulance" may not appear on any vehicle,
2184 vessel or aircraft that does not hold a valid permit.

2185 "Automated external defibrillator" means a medical device which combines a heart monitor and 2186 defibrillator and (i) has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, (ii) is 2187 capable of recognizing the presence or absence of ventricular fibrillation or rapid ventricular tachycardia, 2188 (iii) is capable of determining, without intervention by an operator, whether defibrillation should be 2189 performed, and (iv) automatically charges and requests delivery of an electrical impulse to an 2190 individual's heart, upon determining that defibrillation should be performed.

2191 "Emergency medical services" or "EMS" means health care, public health, and public safety services
2192 used in the medical response to the real or perceived need for immediate medical assessment, care, or
2193 transportation and preventive care or transportation in order to prevent loss of life or aggravation of
2194 physiological or psychological illness or injury.

2195 "Emergency medical services agency" or "EMS agency" means any person engaged in the business,
2196 service, or regular activity, whether for profit or not, of rendering immediate medical care and
2197 providing transportation to persons who are sick, injured, wounded, or otherwise incapacitated or
2198 helpless and that holds a valid license as an emergency medical services agency issued by the
2199 Commissioner in accordance with § 32.1-111.6.

"Emergency medical services personnel" or "EMS personnel" means persons responsible for the
direct provision of emergency medical services in a given medical emergency including all persons who
could be described as attendants, attendants-in charge, or operators individuals who are employed by or
members of an emergency medical services agency and who provide emergency medical services
pursuant to an emergency medical services agency license issued to that agency by the Commissioner
and in accordance with the authorization of that agency's operational medical director.

"Emergency medical services physician" or "EMS physician" means a physician who holds a current
endorsement from the Office of Emergency Medical Services (EMS) and may serve as an EMS agency
operational medical director or training program physician course director.

"Emergency medical services provider" or "EMS provider" means a *any* person who holds a valid
 certification certificate as an emergency medical services provider issued by the Office of Emergency
 Medical Services Commissioner.

"Emergency medical services system" or "EMS system" means the system of emergency medical 2212 2213 services agencies, vehicles, equipment, and personnel; health care facilities; other health care and 2214 emergency services providers; and other components engaged in the planning, coordination, and 2215 delivery of emergency medical services in the Commonwealth, including individuals and facilities 2216 providing communication and other services necessary to facilitate the delivery of emergency medical 2217 services in the Commonwealth.

2218 "Emergency medical services vehicle" means any vehicle, vessel, or aircraft, or ambulance that holds 2219 a valid emergency medical services vehicle permit issued by the Office of Emergency Medical Services 2220 that is equipped, maintained, or operated to provide emergency medical care or transportation of patients 2221 who are sick, injured, wounded, or otherwise incapacitated or helpless.

2222 "Office of Emergency Medical Services" means the Office of Emergency Medical Services of the 2223 Department.

2224 "Operational medical director" or "OMD" means an EMS physician, currently licensed to practice 2225 medicine or osteopathic medicine in the Commonwealth, who is formally recognized and responsible for 2226 providing medical direction, oversight, and quality improvement to an EMS agency.

§ 32.1-111.2. Exemptions from provisions of this article.

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The following entities are exempted from the provisions of this article:

2229 1. Emergency medical services agencies based outside the Commonwealth, except that any 2230 such agency receiving a person who is sick, injured, wounded, incapacitated, or helpless within the 2231 Commonwealth for transportation to a location within the Commonwealth shall comply with the 2232 provisions of this article;

2. Emergency medical services agencies operated by the United States government; and

2234 3. Wheelchair interfacility transport services and wheelchair interfacility transport service vehicles 2235 that are engaged, whether or not for profit, in the business, service, or regular activity of and exclusively 2236 used for transporting wheelchair bound passengers between medical facilities in the Commonwealth 2237 when no ancillary medical care or oversight is necessary. However, such services and vehicles shall 2238 comply with Department of Medical Assistance Services regulations regarding the transportation of 2239 Medicaid recipients to covered services.

2240 § 32.1-111.3. Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan; Trauma Triage Plan; Stroke Triage 2241 Plan.

2242 A. The Board of Health shall develop a Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan that shall 2243 *provide for a* comprehensive, coordinated, emergency medical care services system in the 2244 Commonwealth and prepare a Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan which shall incorporate, but 2245 not be limited to, the plans prepared by the regional emergency medical services councils. The Board 2246 shall review, update, and publish the Plan triennially, making such revisions as may be necessary to 2247 improve the effectiveness and efficiency of the Commonwealth's emergency medical eare services 2248 system. The Plan shall incorporate the regional emergency medical services plans prepared by the 2249 regional emergency medical services councils pursuant to § 32.1-111.4:2. Publishing through electronic 2250 means and posting on the Department website shall satisfy the publication requirement. The objectives 2251 of such Plan and the *emergency medical services* system shall include, but not be limited to, the 2252 following:

2253 1. Establishing a comprehensive statewide emergency medical eare services system, incorporating 2254 facilities, transportation, manpower, communications, and other components as integral parts of a unified 2255 system that will serve to improve the delivery of emergency medical services and thereby decrease 2256 morbidity, hospitalization, disability, and mortality;

2257 2. Reducing the time period between the identification of an acutely ill or injured patient and the 2258 definitive treatment; 2259

3. Increasing the accessibility of high quality emergency medical services to all citizens of Virginia;

2260 4. Promoting continuing improvement in system components including ground, water, and air 2261 transportation; communications; hospital emergency departments and other emergency medical care 2262 facilities; health care provider training and health care service delivery; and consumer health 2263 information and education, and health manpower and manpower training;

2264 5. Ensuring performance improvement of the Emergency Medical Services emergency medical 2265 services system and emergency medical services and care delivered on scene, in transit, in hospital 2266 emergency departments, and within the hospital environment;

2267 6. Working with professional medical organizations, hospitals, and other public and private agencies 2268 in developing approaches whereby the many persons who are presently using the existing emergency 2269 department for routine, nonurgent, primary medical care will be served more appropriately and 2270 economically;

2271 7. Conducting, promoting, and encouraging programs of education and training designed to upgrade 2272 the knowledge and skills of health manpower involved in emergency medical services personnel,

including expanding the availability of paramedic and advanced life support training throughout the
Commonwealth with particular emphasis on regions underserved by *emergency medical services*personnel having such skills and training;

2276 8. Consulting with and reviewing, with agencies and organizations, the development of applications
2277 to governmental or other sources for grants or other funding to support emergency medical services
2278 programs;

2279 9. Establishing a statewide air medical evacuation system which shall be developed by the
2280 Department of Health in coordination with the Department of State Police and other appropriate state
2281 agencies;

2282 10. Establishing and maintaining a process for designation of appropriate hospitals as trauma centers2283 and specialty care centers based on an applicable national evaluation system;

11. Maintaining a comprehensive emergency medical services patient care data collection and performance improvement system pursuant to Article 3.1 (§ 32.1-116.1 et seq.);

12. Collecting data and information and preparing reports for the sole purpose of the designation and verification of trauma centers and other specialty care centers pursuant to this section. All data and information collected shall remain confidential and shall be exempt from the provisions of the Virginia
2289 Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.);

2290 13. Establishing and maintaining a process for crisis intervention and peer support services for
 2291 emergency medical services *personnel* and public safety personnel, including statewide availability and
 2292 accreditation of critical incident stress management teams;

2293 14. Establishing a statewide *program of* emergency medical services for children program to provide
 2294 coordination and support for emergency pediatric care, availability of pediatric emergency medical care
 2295 equipment, and pediatric training of medical *health* care providers;

2296 15. Establishing and supporting a statewide system of health and medical emergency response teams, including emergency medical services disaster task forces, coordination teams, disaster medical assistance teams, and other support teams that shall assist local emergency medical services at their request during mass casualty, disaster, or whenever local resources are overwhelmed;

2300 16. Éstablishing and maintaining a program to improve dispatching of emergency medical services
 2301 *personnel and vehicles*, including establishment of and support for emergency medical *services* dispatch
 2302 training, accreditation of 911 dispatch centers, and public safety answering points;

2303 17. Identifying and establishing best practices for managing and operating *emergency medical* 2304 services agencies, improving and managing emergency medical services response times, and
 2305 disseminating such information to the appropriate persons and entities;

18. Ensuring that the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries
Compensation Fund shall be contacted immediately to deploy assistance in the event there are victims as
defined in § 19.2-11.01, and that the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal
Injuries Compensation Fund become the lead coordinating agencies for those individuals determined to
be victims; and

2311 19. Maintaining current contact information for both the Department of Criminal Justice Services and2312 the Virginia Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund.

B. The Board of Health shall also develop and maintain as a component of the Emergency Medical
Services Plan a statewide prehospital and interhospital Trauma Triage Plan designed to promote rapid
access for pediatric and adult trauma patients to appropriate, organized trauma care through the
publication and regular updating of information on resources for trauma care and generally accepted
criteria for trauma triage and appropriate transfer. The Trauma Triage Plan shall include:

2318 1. A strategy for maintaining the statewide Trauma Triage Plan through formal development of 2319 regional trauma triage plans that incorporate each take into account the region's geographic variations 2320 and trauma care capabilities and resources, including hospitals designated as trauma centers pursuant to 2321 subsection A and inclusion of such regional plans in the statewide Trauma Triage Plan. The regional 2322 trauma triage plans shall be reviewed triennially. Plans should ensure that the Department of Criminal 2323 Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund shall be contacted immediately to 2324 deploy assistance in the event there are victims as defined in § 19.2-11.01, and that the Department of 2325 Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund become the lead 2326 coordinating agencies for those individuals determined to be victims; and maintain current contact 2327 information for both the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries 2328 Compensation Fund.

2. A uniform set of proposed criteria for prehospital and interhospital triage and transport of trauma patients developed by the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, in consultation with the Virginia Chapter of the American College of Surgeons, the Virginia College of Emergency Physicians, the Virginia Hospital and Healthcare Association, and prehospital care providers. The Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board may revise such criteria from time to time to incorporate accepted changes in medical practice or to respond to needs indicated by analyses of data on patient outcomes.

2335 Such criteria shall be used as a guide and resource for health care providers and are not intended to
2336 establish, in and of themselves, standards of care or to abrogate the requirements of § 8.01-581.20. A
2337 decision by a health care provider to deviate from the criteria shall not constitute negligence per se.

2338 3. A performance improvement program for monitoring the quality of *care emergency medical* 2339 services and trauma services, consistent with other components of the Emergency Medical Services 2340 Plan. The program shall provide for collection and analysis of data on emergency medical and trauma 2341 services from existing validated sources, including but not limited to the emergency medical services 2342 patient care information system, pursuant to Article 3.1 (§ 32.1-116.1 et seq.), the Patient Level Data 2343 System, and mortality data. The Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board shall review and analyze such data on a quarterly basis and report its findings to the Commissioner. The Emergency Medical 2344 2345 Services Advisory Board may execute these duties through a committee composed of persons having 2346 expertise in critical care issues and representatives of emergency medical services providers. The 2347 program for monitoring and reporting the results of emergency medical services and trauma services 2348 data analysis shall be the sole means of encouraging and promoting compliance with the trauma triage 2349 criteria.

The Commissioner shall report aggregate findings of the analysis annually to each regional
emergency medical services council. The report shall be available to the public and shall identify,
minimally, as defined in the statewide plan, the frequency of (i) incorrect triage in comparison to the
total number of trauma patients delivered to a hospital prior to pronouncement of death and (ii) incorrect
interfacility transfer for each region.

The Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board or its designee shall ensure that each hospital director or emergency medical services director agency chief is informed of any incorrect interfacility transfer or triage, as defined in the statewide plan Trauma Triage Plan, specific to the provider hospital or agency and shall give the provider hospital or agency an opportunity to correct any facts on which such determination is based, if the provider hospital or agency asserts that such facts are inaccurate. The findings of the report shall be used to improve the Trauma Triage Plan, including triage, and transport and trauma center designation criteria.

2362 The Commissioner shall ensure the confidentiality of patient information, in accordance with § 32.1-116.2. Such data or information in the possession of or transmitted to the Commissioner, the 2363 2364 Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, any committee acting on behalf of the Emergency 2365 Medical Services Advisory Board, any hospital or prehospital care provider, any regional emergency 2366 medical services council, licensed emergency medical services agency that holds a valid license issued by the Commissioner, or group or committee established to monitor the quality of care emergency 2367 2368 *medical services or trauma services* pursuant to this subdivision, or any other person shall be privileged 2369 and shall not be disclosed or obtained by legal discovery proceedings, unless a circuit court, after a 2370 hearing and for good cause shown arising from extraordinary circumstances, orders disclosure of such 2371 data.

C. The Board of Health shall also develop and maintain as a component of the *Statewide* Emergency
 Medical Services Plan a statewide prehospital and interhospital Stroke Triage Plan designed to promote
 rapid access for stroke patients to appropriate, organized stroke care through the publication and regular
 updating of information on resources for stroke care and generally accepted criteria for stroke triage and
 appropriate transfer. The Stroke Triage Plan shall include:

1. A strategy for maintaining the statewide Stroke Triage Plan through formal development of regional stroke triage plans that incorporate each take into account the region's geographic variations and stroke care capabilities and resources, including hospitals designated as "primary stroke centers" through certification by the Joint Commission or a comparable process consistent with the recommendations of the Brain Attack Coalition, and inclusion of such regional plans in the statewide Stroke Triage Plan.
The regional stroke triage plans shall be reviewed triennially.

2383 2. A uniform set of proposed criteria for prehospital and interhospital triage and transport of stroke 2384 patients developed by the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, in consultation with the 2385 American Stroke Association, the Virginia College of Emergency Physicians, the Virginia Hospital and 2386 Healthcare Association, and prehospital care providers. The Board of Health may revise such criteria 2387 from time to time to incorporate accepted changes in medical practice or to respond to needs indicated 2388 by analyses of data on patient outcomes. Such criteria shall be used as a guide and resource for health 2389 care providers and are not intended to establish, in and of themselves, standards of care or to abrogate 2390 the requirements of § 8.01-581.20. A decision by a health care provider to deviate from the criteria shall 2391 not constitute negligence per se.

2392 D. Whenever any state-owned aircraft, vehicle, or other form of conveyance is utilized under the provisions of this section, an appropriate amount not to exceed the actual costs of operation may be charged by the agency having administrative control of such aircraft, vehicle, or other form of conveyance.

\$ 32.1-111.4. Regulations; emergency medical services personnel and vehicles; response times; enforcement provisions; civil penalties.

2398 A. The State Board of Health shall prescribe by regulation:

2399 1. Requirements for record keeping, supplies, operating procedures, and other *emergency medical*2400 *services* agency operations;

2401 2. Requirements for the sanitation and maintenance of emergency medical services vehicles and their2402 medical supplies and equipment;

3. Procedures, including the requirements for forms, to authorize qualified emergency medicalservices personnel to follow Do Not Resuscitate Orders pursuant to § 54.1-2987.1;

2405 4. Requirements for the composition, administration, duties, and responsibilities of the State
 2406 Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board;

2407 5. Requirements, developed in consultation with the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board,
 2408 governing the training, certification, and recertification of emergency medical services personnel;

6. Requirements for written notification to the State Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board,
the State Office of Emergency Medical Services, and the Financial Assistance and Review Committee of
the Board's action, and the reasons therefor, on requests and recommendations of the Advisory Board,
the State Office of Emergency Medical Services, or the *Financial Assistance and Review* Committee, no
later than five workdays business days after reaching its decision, specifying whether the Board has
approved, denied, or not acted on such requests and recommendations;

2415 7. Authorization procedures, developed in consultation with the Emergency Medical Services
2416 Advisory Board, which that allow the possession and administration of epinephrine or a medically
2417 accepted equivalent for emergency cases of anaphylactic shock by certain levels of certified emergency
2418 medical services personnel as authorized by § 54.1-3408 and authorization procedures that allow the
2419 possession and administration of oxygen with the authority of the local operational medical director and
2420 a licensed an emergency medical services agency that holds a valid license issued by the Commissioner;

8. A uniform definition of "response time" and requirements, developed in consultation with the 2421 2422 Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, for each emergency medical services agency to measure 2423 response times starting from the time a call for emergency medical eare services is received until (i) the 2424 time an (i) appropriate emergency medical response unit is services personnel are responding and (ii) 2425 the appropriate emergency medical response unit arrives services personnel arrive on the scene, and 2426 requirements for *emergency medical services* agencies to collect and report such data to the Director of 2427 the Office of Emergency Medical Services, who shall compile such information and make it available to 2428 the public, upon request; and

9. Enforcement provisions, including, but not limited to, civil penalties that the Commissioner may
assess against any *emergency medical services* agency or other entity found to be in violation of any of
the provisions of this article or any regulation promulgated under this article. All amounts paid as civil
penalties for violations of this article or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto shall be paid into the
state treasury and shall be deposited in the emergency medical services special fund established pursuant
to § 46.2-694, to be used only for emergency medical services purposes.

2435 B. The Board shall classify *emergency medical services* agencies and emergency medical services
2436 vehicles by type of service rendered and shall specify the medical equipment, the supplies, the vehicle
2437 specifications, and the *emergency medical services* personnel required for each classification.

2438 C. In formulating its regulations, the Board shall consider the current Minimal Equipment List for2439 Ambulances adopted by the Committee on Trauma of the American College of Surgeons.

§ 32.1-111.4:1. State Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board; purpose; membership; duties; reimbursement of expenses; staff support.

2442 A. There is hereby created in the executive branch the State Emergency Medical Services Advisory 2443 Board for the purpose of advising the Board concerning the administration of the statewide emergency 2444 medical services system and emergency medical services vehicles maintained and operated to provide 2445 transportation to persons requiring emergency medical treatment and for reviewing and making 2446 recommendations on the Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan. The Advisory Board shall be 2447 composed of 28 members appointed by the Governor as follows: one representative each from the Virginia Municipal League, Virginia Association of Counties, Virginia Hospital and Healthcare 2448 2449 Association, and each of the 11 regional emergency medical services councils; one member each from 2450 the Medical Society of Virginia, Virginia Chapter of the American College of Emergency Physicians, Virginia Chapter of the American College of Surgeons, Virginia Chapter of the American Academy of 2451 Pediatrics, Emergency Nurses Association or the Virginia Nurses' Association, Virginia Štate 2452 Firefighters Association, Virginia Fire Chiefs Association, Virginia Ambulance Association, Virginia 2453 Association of Governmental Emergency Medical Services Administrators, and Virginia Association of 2454 Public Safety Communications Officials; two representatives of the Virginia Association of Volunteer 2455 2456 Rescue Squads, Inc.; one Virginia professional firefighter; and one consumer who shall not be involved 2457 in or affiliated with emergency medical services in any capacity. Each organization and group shall

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2458 submit three nominees from among which the Governor may make appointments. Of the three nominees 2459 submitted by each of the regional emergency medical services councils, at least one nominee shall be a 2460 representative of providers of prehospital care. Any person appointed to the Advisory Board shall be a 2461 member of the organization that he represents. To ensure diversity in the organizations and groups 2462 represented on the Advisory Board, the Governor may request additional nominees from the applicable 2463 organizations and groups. However, the Governor shall not be bound to make any appointment from 2464 among any nominees recommended by such organizations and groups.

2465 The members of the Advisory Board shall not be eligible to receive compensation; however, the 2466 Department shall provide funding for the reimbursement of expenses incurred by members of the 2467 Advisory Board in the performance of their duties.

2468 B. Appointments shall be staggered as follows: nine members for a term of two years, nine members 2469 for a term of three years, and 10 members for a term of four years. Thereafter, appointments shall be 2470 for terms of three years, except an appointment to fill a vacancy, which shall be for the unexpired term. 2471 Appointments shall be in a manner to preserve insofar as possible the representation of the specified 2472 groups. No member shall serve more than two successive terms. No person representing any 2473 organization or group named in subsection A who has served as a member of the Advisory Board for 2474 two or more successive terms for any period or for six or more consecutive years shall be nominated for 2475 appointment or appointed to the Advisory Board unless at least three consecutive years have elapsed 2476 since the person has served on the Advisory Board.

2477 The chairman shall be elected from the membership of the Advisory Board for a term of one year 2478 and shall be eligible for reelection. The Advisory Board shall meet at least four times annually at the 2479 call of the chairman or the Commissioner.

2480 C. The Advisory Board shall:

2481

1. Advise the Board on the administration of this article;

2482 2. Review and make recommendations for the Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan and any 2483 revisions thereto; and

2484 3. Review, on a schedule as it may determine, reports on the status of all aspects of the statewide 2485 emergency medical services system, including the Financial Assistance and Review Committee, the 2486 Rescue Squad Assistance Fund, the regional emergency medical services councils, and the emergency 2487 medical services vehicles, submitted by the Office of Emergency Medical Services.

2488 D. The Advisory Board shall establish an Advisory Board Executive Committee to assist in the work 2489 of the Advisory Board. The Advisory Board Executive Committee shall, in addition to those duties of the 2490 Advisory Board Executive Committee established by the Advisory Board, review the annual financial 2491 report of the Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads, as required by § 32.1-111.13. 2492

E. The Office of Emergency Medical Services shall provide staff support to the Advisory Board. 2493

§ 32.1-111.4:2. Regional emergency medical services councils.

2494 The Board shall designate regional emergency medical services councils that shall be authorized to 2495 receive and disburse public funds. Each such council shall be charged with the development and 2496 implementation of an efficient and effective regional emergency medical services delivery system.

2497 The Board shall review those agencies that were the designated regional emergency medical services 2498 councils. The Board shall, in accordance with the standards established in its regulations, review and 2499 may renew or deny applications for such designations every three years. In its discretion, the Board 2500 may establish conditions for renewal of such designations or may solicit applications for designation as 2501 a regional emergency medical services council.

2502 Each regional emergency medical services council shall include, if available, representatives of the 2503 participating local governments, fire protection agencies, law-enforcement agencies, emergency medical 2504 services agencies, hospitals, licensed practicing physicians, emergency care nurses, mental health 2505 professionals, emergency medical services personnel, and other appropriate allied health professionals.

2506 Each regional emergency medical services council shall adopt and revise as necessary a regional 2507 emergency medical services plan in cooperation with the Board.

2508 The designated regional emergency services councils shall be required to match state funds with 2509 local funds obtained from private or public sources in the proportion specified in the regulations of the 2510 Board. Moneys received directly or indirectly from the Commonwealth shall not be used as matching 2511 funds. A local governing body may choose to appropriate funds for the purpose of providing matching 2512 grant funds for any designated regional emergency medical services council. However, this section shall 2513 not be construed to place any obligation on any local governing body to appropriate funds to any such 2514 council.

2515 The Board shall promulgate, in cooperation with the Advisory Board, regulations to implement this 2516 section, which shall include, but not be limited to, requirements to ensure accountability for public 2517 funds, criteria for matching funds, and performance standards.

2518 § 32.1-111.4:3. Provision of emergency medical services. A. Any county, city, or town may provide emergency medical services to its citizens by (i)
establishing an emergency medical services agency as a department of government pursuant to
§ 32.1-111.4:6 or (ii) contracting with or providing for the provision of emergency medical services by
an emergency medical services agency established pursuant to § 32.1-111.4:7.

B. In cases in which a county, city, or town elects to contract with or provide for emergency medical services by an emergency medical services agency pursuant to clause (ii) of subsection A, the emergency medical services agency shall be deemed to be an instrumentality of the county, city, or town and, as such, exempt from suit for damages done incident to the provision of emergency medical services therein.

\$ 32.1-111.4:4. Emergency medical services personnel and equipment may in emergencies go or be sent beyond territorial limits.

Whenever the necessity arises during any actual or potential emergency resulting from fire, personal injury, or other public disaster, the emergency medical services personnel of any county, city, or town may, together with all necessary equipment, lawfully go or be sent beyond the territorial limits of such county, city, or town to any point within or without the Commonwealth to assist in meeting such emergency.

In such event, the acts performed by such fire or emergency medical services personnel and the expenditures made for such purpose by such county, city, or town shall be deemed conclusively to be for a public and governmental purpose, and all of the immunities from liability enjoyed by a county, city, or town when acting through its emergency medical services personnel for a public or governmental purpose within its territorial limits shall be enjoyed by it to the same extent when such county, city, or town is so acting, under this section or under other lawful authority, beyond its territorial limits.

 Emergency medical services personnel of any county, city, or town, when acting hereunder or under other lawful authority, beyond the territorial limits of such county, city, or town, shall have all the immunities from liability and exemptions from laws, ordinances, and regulations and shall have all of the pension, relief, disability, workers' compensation, and other benefits enjoyed by them while performing their respective duties.

2546 § 32.1-111.4:5. Contracts of counties, cities, and towns to furnish emergency medical services; 2547 public liability insurance to cover claims arising out of mutual aid agreements.

2548 A. The governing body of any city or town may, in its discretion, authorize or require the emergency 2549 medical services agency thereof to render aid in cases of actual or potential medical emergencies 2550 occurring beyond its limits, may prescribe the conditions under which such aid may be rendered, and 2551 may enter into contracts with nearby, adjacent, or adjoining counties and cities, within or without the 2552 Commonwealth, including the District of Columbia, for rendering aid in the provision of emergency 2553 medical services in such counties, cities, or any district, or sanitary district thereof or in the District of 2554 Columbia, on such terms as may be agreed upon by such governing body and the governing body of the 2555 District of Columbia or of such counties and cities, or districts, including sanitary districts, provided 2556 that each of the parties to such agreement may contract as follows: (i) waive any and all claims against 2557 all the other parties thereto that may arise out of their activities outside their respective jurisdictions 2558 under such agreement; (ii) indemnify and save harmless the other parties to such agreement from all 2559 claims by third parties for property damage or personal injury that may arise out of the activities of the 2560 other parties to such agreement outside their respective jurisdictions under such agreement. When the 2561 emergency medical services agency of any city or town is operating under such permission or contracts 2562 on any call beyond the corporate limits of the city or town, it shall be deemed to be operating in a 2563 governmental capacity, and subject only to such liability for injuries as it would be if it were operating 2564 within the corporate limits of such city or town.

2565 B. Any county, city, or town may contract with the federal or state government to provide emergency 2566 medical services to federal or state property located within or without the boundaries of the county, city, 2567 or town. In the absence of a written contract, any acts performed and all expenditures made by a 2568 county, city, or town in providing emergency medical services to property owned by the federal 2569 government shall be deemed conclusively to be for a public and governmental purpose, and all of the 2570 immunities from liability enjoyed by a county, city, or town when acting through its emergency medical 2571 services personnel for a public or governmental purpose within or without its territorial limits shall be 2572 enjoyed by it to the same extent when such county, city, or town is so acting, under the provisions of 2573 this section or under other lawful authority.

Emergency medical services personnel of any county, city, or town when acting hereunder, or under
other lawful authority, shall have all of the immunities from liability and exemptions from laws,
ordinances, and regulations and shall have all of the pension, relief, disability, workers' compensation,
and other benefits enjoyed by them while performing their respective duties. The amount of
compensation to the county, city, or town pursuant to the contract shall be a matter within the sole
discretion of the governing body of the county, city, or town.

2580 C. The governing body of any county adjoining or near any county, city, or town, within or without

the Commonwealth, including the District of Columbia, having and maintaining emergency medical services equipment may contract with any such county, city, or town, upon such terms as such governing body may deem proper, for responding to medical emergencies in such county, city, or town and may prescribe the terms and conditions upon which such services may be provided on privately owned property in the county, city, or town and may raise funds with which to pay for such services, by levying and collecting annually, at such rates as such governing body may deem sufficient, a special tax upon the property in such county, or in any magisterial district thereof, subject to local taxation.

 D. The governing body of any county, city, or town in the Commonwealth is authorized to procure or extend the necessary public liability insurance to cover claims arising out of mutual aid agreements executed with other counties, cities, or towns outside the Commonwealth, including the District of Columbia.

§ 32.1-111.4:6. Establishment of an emergency medical services agency as a department of local government.

A. The governing body of any county, city, or town may establish an emergency medical services agency as a department of government and may designate it by any name consistent with the names of its other governmental units. The head of such emergency medical services agency shall be known as "the emergency medical services agency chief" or "EMS chief." As many other officers and employees may be employed in such emergency medical services agency as the governing body may approve.

B. An emergency medical services agency established pursuant to subsection A may consist of government-employed emergency medical services personnel, volunteer emergency medical services agency established pursuant to this section includes volunteer emergency medical services personnel, such volunteer emergency medical services personnel, such volunteer emergency medical services personnel shall be deemed instrumentalities of the county, city, or town and, as such, exempt from suit for damages done incident to providing emergency medical services to the county, city, or town.

2605 C. The governing body of any county, city, or town may empower an emergency medical services
2606 agency established therein pursuant to this section to make bylaws to promote its objects consistent with
2607 the laws of the Commonwealth and ordinances of the county, city, or town and may provide for the
2608 compensation of the officers and employees of such agency.

2609 D. All check stubs or time cards purporting to be a record of time spent on the job by emergency 2610 medical services personnel employed by an emergency medical services agency established pursuant to 2611 this section shall record all hours of employment, regardless of how spent. All check stubs or pay 2612 records purporting to show the hourly compensation of emergency medical services personnel employed 2613 by an emergency medical services agency established pursuant to this section shall show the actual 2614 hourly wage to be paid. Nothing in this section shall require the showing of such information on check 2615 stubs, time cards, or pay records; however, if such information is shown, the information shall be in 2616 compliance with this section.

2617 § 32.1-111.4:7. Establishment of an emergency medical services agency as a nongovernmental 2618 entity.

2619 A. Any number of persons wishing to provide emergency medical services may establish an 2620 emergency medical services agency by (i) recording a writing stating the formation of such company, 2621 with the names of the members thereof thereto subscribed in the court of the county or city wherein 2622 such agency shall be located, (ii) complying with such local ordinances as may exist related to 2623 establishment of an emergency medical services agency, and (iii) obtaining a valid emergency medical 2624 services agency license from the Office of Emergency Medical Services together with such emergency 2625 medical services vehicle permits from the Office of Emergency Medical Services as the Office of 2626 Emergency Medical Services may require. The principal officer of such emergency medical services 2627 agency shall be known as "the emergency medical services agency chief" or "EMS chief."

2628 B. The members of an emergency medical services agency established pursuant to subsection A may
2629 make regulations for effecting its objects consistent with the laws of the Commonwealth; the ordinances
2630 of the county, city, or town; and the bylaws of the emergency medical services agency thereof.

C. In every county, city, or town in which an emergency medical services agency is established
pursuant to this section, there shall be appointed, at such time and in such manner as the governing
body of such county, city, or town in which the emergency medical services agency is located may
prescribe, an emergency medical services agency chief and as many other officers of the emergency
medical services agency as such governing body may direct.

D. An emergency medical services agency established pursuant to this section may be dissolved when
the local governing body of the county, city, or town in which the emergency medical services agency is
located determines that the emergency medical services agency has failed, for three months successively,
to have or keep in good and serviceable condition emergency medical services vehicles and equipment
and other proper implements, or when the governing body of the county, city, or town for any reason
deems it advisable.

2642 § 32.1-111.4:8. Ordinances as to emergency medical services agencies.

2643 The governing body of any county, city, or town in which an emergency medical services agency is **2644** established pursuant to § 32.1-111.4:6 or 32.1-111.4:7 may make such ordinances in relation to the **2645** powers and duties of emergency medical services agencies and emergency medical services agency **2646** chiefs or other officers of such emergency medical services agencies as it may deem proper.

2647 § 32.1-111.5. Certification and recertification of emergency medical services providers; appeals 2648 process.

A. The Board shall prescribe by regulation the qualifications required for certification of emergency medical services providers, including those qualifications necessary for authorization to follow Do Not Resuscitate Orders pursuant to § 54.1-2987.1. Such regulations shall include criteria for determining whether an applicant's relevant practical experience and didactic and clinical components of education and training completed during his service as a member of any branch of the armed forces of the United States may be accepted by the Commissioner as evidence of satisfaction of the requirements for certification.

B. Each person desiring certification as an emergency medical services provider shall apply to the 2656 2657 Commissioner upon a form prescribed by the Board. Upon receipt of such application, the 2658 Commissioner shall cause the applicant to be examined or otherwise determined to be qualified for 2659 certification. When determining whether an applicant is qualified for certification, the Commissioner 2660 shall consider and may accept relevant practical experience and didactic and clinical components of 2661 education and training completed by an applicant during his service as a member of any branch of the 2662 armed forces of the United States as evidence of satisfaction of the requirements for certification. If the 2663 Commissioner determines that the applicant meets the requirements for certification as an emergency medical services provider, he shall issue a certificate to the applicant. An emergency medical services 2664 provider certificate so issued shall be valid for a period required by law or prescribed by the Board. Any 2665 2666 certificate so issued may be suspended at any time that the Commissioner determines that the holder no 2667 longer meets the qualifications prescribed for such emergency medical services provider. The 2668 Commissioner may temporarily suspend any certificate without notice, pending a hearing or informal 2669 fact-finding conference, if the Commissioner finds that there is a substantial danger to public health or safety. When the Commissioner has temporarily suspended a certificate pending a hearing, the 2670 2671 Commissioner shall seek an expedited hearing in accordance with the Administrative Process Act 2672 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

2673 C. The Board shall prescribe by regulation procedures and the qualifications required for the 2674 recertification of emergency medical services providers.

2675 D. The Commissioner may issue a temporary certificate when he finds that it is in the public interest.2676 A temporary certificate shall be valid for a period not exceeding 90 days.

2677 E. The State Board of Health shall require each person who, on or after July 1, 2013, applies to be a 2678 volunteer with or employee of an emergency medical services agency to submit fingerprints and provide 2679 personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with his fingerprints through the Central 2680 Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, for the purpose of obtaining his 2681 criminal history record information. The Central Criminal Records Exchange shall forward the results of 2682 the state and national records search to the Commissioner or his designee, who shall be a governmental 2683 entity. If an applicant is denied employment or service as a volunteer because of information appearing 2684 on his criminal history record and the applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was 2685 based, the Central Criminal Records Exchange shall, upon written request, furnish to the applicant the procedures for obtaining a copy of the criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. 2686

2687 § 32.1-111.6. Emergency medical services agency license; emergency medical services vehicle 2688 permits.

A. No person shall operate, conduct, maintain, or profess to be an *emergency medical services* agency without a valid permit *license* issued by the Commissioner for such *emergency medical services* agency and *a valid permit* for each emergency medical services vehicle used by such *emergency medical services services* agency.

B. The Commissioner shall issue an original or renewal permit license for an emergency medical services agency or renewal permit for an emergency medical services vehicle which that meets all requirements set forth in this article and in the regulations of the Board, upon application, on forms and according to procedures established by the Board. Permits Licenses and permits shall be valid for a period specified by the Board, not to exceed two years.

2698 C. The Commissioner may issue temporary permits licenses for emergency medical services agencies
2699 or temporary permits for emergency medical services vehicles not meeting required standards, valid for
2700 a period not to exceed sixty 60 days, when the public interest will be served thereby.

2701 D. The issuance of a *license or* permit hereunder in accordance with this section shall not be
2702 construed to authorize any emergency medical services agency to operate any emergency medical
2703 services vehicle without a franchise, *license*, or permit in any county or municipality which that has

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2704 enacted an ordinance pursuant to § 32.1-111.14 making it unlawful to do so.

2705 E. The word "ambulance" shall not appear on any vehicle, vessel or aircraft that does not hold a 2706 valid permit as an emergency medical services vehicle.

§ 32.1-111.6:1. Commissioner to issue certain emergency medical services licenses or permits.

2708 The Commissioner of Health shall issue permits or licenses for to emergency medical services 2709 agencies and *permits for emergency medical services* vehicles as needed to ensure compliance with 2710 federal regulations relating to reimbursement of ambulance emergency medical services vehicle 2711 *transportation* services pursuant to Medicare and Medicaid. 2712

§ 32.1-111.7. Inspections.

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2713 Each emergency medical services agency for which a license has been issued and each emergency 2714 medical services vehicle for which a permit has been issued shall be inspected as often as the 2715 Commissioner deems necessary and a record thereof shall be maintained. Each such emergency medical 2716 services agency or emergency medical services vehicle, its medical supplies and equipment, and the 2717 records of its maintenance and operation shall be available at all reasonable times for inspection.

§ 32.1-111.8. Revocation and suspension of licenses and permits.

2719 Whenever an *emergency medical services* agency or an emergency medical services vehicle owned or 2720 operated by an *emergency medical services* agency is in violation of any provision of this article or any 2721 applicable regulation, the Commissioner shall have power to revoke or suspend such emergency medical 2722 services agency's permit license and the permits of all emergency medical services vehicles owned or 2723 operated by the *emergency medical services* agency. The Commissioner may temporarily suspend any 2724 permit license for agencies an emergency medical services agency or permit for an emergency medical 2725 services vehicles vehicle without notice, pending a hearing or informal fact-finding conference, if the 2726 Commissioner finds that there is a substantial danger to public health or safety. When the Commissioner 2727 has temporarily suspended a *license or* permit pending a hearing, the Commissioner shall seek an 2728 expedited hearing in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 2729

§ 32.1-111.9. Applications for variances or exemptions.

2730 A. Prior to the submission of (i) an application for a variance to the Commissioner of Health or (ii) 2731 an application for an exemption from any regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter to the Board 2732 of Health by an emergency medical services agency or governmental entity licensed or certified by the 2733 Office of Emergency Medical Services that holds a valid license issued by the Commissioner, the 2734 application shall be reviewed by the governing body or chief administrative officer of the jurisdiction in 2735 which the principal office of the *emergency medical services* agency or governmental entity licensed or 2736 certified by the Office of Emergency Medical Services is located. The recommendation of the governing 2737 body or chief administrative officer of the jurisdiction regarding the variance or exemption shall be 2738 submitted with the application, and the Commissioner or Board, whichever is appropriate, shall consider 2739 that recommendation for the purposes of granting or denying the variance or exemption.

B. A provider An individual who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in § 32.1-111.1 who is certified as an emergency medical services provider or is a candidate for 2740 2741 2742 certification by the Office of Emergency Medical Services shall not be required to submit an application 2743 for a variance or exemption to the local governing body or chief administrative officer of the jurisdiction 2744 for review, but shall submit the application for a variance or exemption to the Operational Medical 2745 Director and the agency head of the emergency medical services agency chief with which the provider 2746 he is affiliated, and shall include the recommendations of such Operational Medical Director and the 2747 *emergency medical services* agency head *chief* together with the application for a variance or exemption. 2748 The recommendation of the Operational Medical Director and the *emergency medical services* agency 2749 head chief with which the emergency medical services personnel is affiliated regarding the variance or 2750 exemption shall be submitted with the application and the Commissioner or Board, whichever is 2751 appropriate, shall consider that recommendation for the purposes of granting or denying the variance or 2752 exemption.

2753 C. A An emergency medical services provider who is not affiliated with an emergency medical 2754 services agency shall submit an application for a variance or exemption to the Commissioner or Board, 2755 whichever is appropriate, and the Commissioner or Board, whichever is appropriate, shall consider the 2756 application for the purposes of granting or denying the variance or exemption. The Commissioner or 2757 Board, whichever is appropriate, may require a an emergency medical services provider who is not 2758 affiliated with an *emergency medical services* agency to submit additional case-specific endorsements or 2759 supporting documentation as part of an application for a variance or exemption.

2760 D. The applicant shall have the right to appeal any denial by the Commissioner or Board of an 2761 application for a variance or exemption pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 2762

§ 32.1-111.12. Virginia Rescue Squads Assistance Fund; disbursements.

2763 A. For the purpose of providing financial assistance to rescue squads and other emergency medical 2764 services organizations in the Commonwealth, of providing the requisite training for emergency medical

2765 service services personnel, and of purchasing equipment needed by such rescue squads and 2766 organizations, there is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund which that shall be known as the Virginia Rescue Squads Assistance Fund. The Fund shall be 2767 2768 established on the books of the Comptroller, and any moneys remaining in such Fund at the end of each 2769 fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Interest earned on such 2770 moneys shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. The Fund shall consist of any moneys 2771 appropriated for this purpose by the General Assembly and any other moneys received for such purpose 2772 by the Board. On and after July 1, 1996, any such moneys unexpended at the end of a fiscal biennium 2773 shall remain in the Fund and shall not revert to the general fund.

2774 B. In accordance with regulations of the Board, the Commissioner shall disburse and expend the 2775 moneys in the Virginia Rescue Squads Assistance Fund. No moneys shall be disbursed directly to any rescue squad or other emergency medical services organization unless such squad or organization 2776 2777 operates on a nonprofit basis exclusively for the benefit of the general public. 2778

§ 32.1-111.13. Annual financial reports.

2779 Effective on July 1, 1996, the The Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads shall submit an 2780 annual financial report on the use of funds received from the special emergency medical services fund to 2781 the State Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board Executive Committee on such forms and 2782 providing such information as may be required by the Advisory Board Executive Committee for such 2783 purpose. 2784

§ 32.1-111.14. Powers of governing bodies of counties, cities, and towns.

2785 A. Upon finding as fact, after notice and public hearing, that exercise of the powers enumerated 2786 below is necessary to assure the provision of adequate and continuing emergency *medical* services and 2787 to preserve, protect and promote the public health, safety and general welfare, the governing body of 2788 any county or city is empowered to:

2789 1. Enact an ordinance making it unlawful to operate any emergency medical services vehicles vehicles 2790 or any class thereof established by the Board in such county or city without having been granted a 2791 franchise, *license* or permit to do so;

2792 2. Grant franchises, *licenses* or permits to *emergency medical services* agencies based within or 2793 outside the county or city; however, any *emergency medical services* agency in operation in any county 2794 or city on June 28, 1968, that continues to operate as such, up to and including the effective date of any 2795 ordinance adopted pursuant to this section, and that submits to the governing body of the county or city 2796 satisfactory evidence of such continuing operation, shall be granted a franchise, *license* or permit by 2797 such governing body to serve at least that part of the county or city in which the agency has 2798 continuously operated if all other requirements of this article are met;

2799 3. Limit the number of emergency medical services vehicles to be operated within the county or city 2800 and by any *emergency medical services* agency;

2801 4. Determine and prescribe areas of franchised, *licensed* or permitted service within the county or 2802 city;

2803 5. Fix and change from time to time reasonable charges for franchised, *licensed* or permitted 2804 services: 2805

6. Set minimum limits of liability insurance coverage for emergency medical services vehicles;

2806 7. Contract with franchised, *licensed* or permitted *emergency medical services* agencies for *emergency* 2807 medical services vehicle transportation services to be rendered upon call of a county or municipal agency or department and for transportation of bona fide indigents or persons certified by the local 2808 2809 board of social services to be public assistance or social services recipients; and

2810 8. Establish other necessary regulations consistent with statutes or regulations of the Board relating to 2811 operation of emergency medical services vehicles.

2812 B. In addition to the powers set forth above, the governing body of any county or city is authorized 2813 to provide, or cause to be provided, services of emergency medical services vehicles; to own, operate 2814 and maintain emergency medical services vehicles; to make reasonable charges for use of emergency 2815 medical services vehicles, including charging insurers for ambulance emergency medical services vehicle 2816 transportation services as authorized by § 38.2-3407.9; and to contract with any emergency medical 2817 *services* agency for the services of its emergency medical services vehicles.

2818 C. Any incorporated town may exercise, within its corporate limits only, all those powers enumerated 2819 in subsections A and B either upon the request of a town to the governing body of the county wherein 2820 the town lies and upon the adoption by the county governing body of a resolution permitting such 2821 exercise, or after 180 days' written notice to the governing body of the county if the county is not 2822 exercising such powers at the end of such 180-day period.

2823 D. No county ordinance enacted, or other county action taken, pursuant to powers granted herein 2824 shall be effective within an incorporated town in such county which is at the time exercising such 2825 powers until 180 days after written notice to the governing body of the town.

2826 E. Nothing herein shall be construed to authorize any county to regulate in any manner emergency

2827 medical services vehicles owned and operated by a town or to authorize any town to regulate in any2828 manner emergency medical services vehicles owned and operated by a county.

2829 F. Any emergency *Emergency* medical services vehicles operated by a county, city, or town under authority of this section shall be subject to the provisions of this article and to the regulations of the Board adopted thereunder.

2832 § 32.1-111.14:2. Establishment of emergency medical services zones or districts; tax levies.

2833 The governing bodies of the several counties or cities of the Commonwealth may create and 2834 establish, by designation on a map of the county or city showing current, official parcel boundaries, or 2835 by any other description that is legally sufficient for the conveyance of property or the creation of 2836 parcels, emergency medical services zones or districts in such counties or cities within which may be 2837 located and established one or more emergency medical services agencies for providing emergency 2838 medical services within such zones or districts.

In the event of the creation of such zones or districts in any county or city, the county or city governing body may acquire, in the name of the county or city, real or personal property to be devoted to the uses aforesaid and shall prescribe rules and regulations for the proper management, control, and conduct thereof. Such governing body shall also have authority to contract with, or secure the services of, any individual corporation, organization, or municipal corporation or any volunteer emergency medical services agency or emergency medical services provider for such emergency medical services as may be required.

2846 To raise funds for the purposes aforesaid, the governing body of any county or city in which such 2847 zones or districts are established may levy annually a tax on the assessed value of all property real and 2848 personal within such zones or districts, subject to local taxation, which tax shall be extended and 2849 collected as other county or city taxes are extended and collected. However, any property located in 2850 Augusta County that has qualified for an agricultural or forestal use-value assessment pursuant to 2851 Article 4 (§ 58.1-3229 et seq.) of Chapter 32 of Title 58.1 may not be included within such a zone or 2852 district and may not be subject to such tax. In any county or city having a population between 25,000 2853 and 25,500, the maximum rate of tax under this section shall be \$0.30 on \$100 of assessed value.

2854 The amount realized from such levy shall be kept separate from all other moneys of the county or
2855 city and shall be applied to no other purpose than the maintenance and operation of the emergency
2856 medical services agencies established pursuant to this section.

2857 § 32.1-111.14:3. Exclusion of certain areas from emergency medical services zones or districts and 2858 exemption of such areas from certain levies.

2859 The governing body of any county or city having an emergency medical services zone or district 2860 created under the provisions of § 32.1-111.14:2, prior to June 1 of any calendar year, may alter the 2861 boundaries of such emergency medical services zone or district for the purpose of excluding an area of 2862 any such emergency medical services zone or district that is also within the boundaries of a sanitary 2863 district providing emergency medical services or under contract to a sanitary district providing 2864 emergency medical services.

2865 Any area excluded from an emergency medical services zone or district as provided by this section shall not be subject to the levy set forth in § 32.1-111.14:2 for the year such area is excluded.

2867 § 32.1-111.14:4. Advances by county or city to emergency medical services zone or district;
 2868 reimbursement; validation of prior advances.

A. The governing body of any county or city in the Commonwealth may advance funds, not otherwise
specifically allocated or obligated, from the general fund to an emergency medical services zone or
district to assist the emergency medical services zone or district to exercise the powers set forth in
§ 32.1-111.14:2.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the governing body shall direct the treasurer to reimburse the general fund of the county or city from the proceeds of any funds to the credit of the emergency medical services zone or district, not otherwise specifically allocated or obligated, to the extent that the county or city has made advances to the emergency medical services zone or district from such general fund to assist the emergency medical services zone or district to exercise the powers set forth in § 32.1-111.14:2.

2879 C. The advancement of any funds heretofore advanced from the general fund by the governing body
2880 of any county or city in the Commonwealth for the benefit of an emergency medical services zone or
2881 district in exercising the lawful powers of such emergency medical services zone or district is hereby
2882 validated and confirmed.

2883 § 32.1-111.14:5. Authority of emergency medical services agency incident commander when 2884 operating at an emergency incident; penalty for refusal to obey orders.

2885 Except as provided in § 32.1-111.14:6, while any emergency medical services personnel are in the
 2886 process of operating at an emergency incident where there is imminent danger and when emergency
 2887 medical services personnel are returning to the emergency medical services agency, the incident

2888 commander of such emergency medical services agency at that time shall have the authority to (i) 2889 maintain order at such emergency incident or its vicinity, (ii) direct the actions of emergency medical 2890 services personnel at the incident, (iii) notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 46.2-888 through 46.2-891, 2891 keep bystanders or other persons at a safe distance from the incident and emergency equipment, (iv) 2892 facilitate the speedy movement and operation of emergency equipment and emergency medical services 2893 personnel, and (v) until the arrival of a police officer, direct and control traffic in person or by deputy 2894 and facilitate the movement of traffic. The emergency medical services agency incident commander shall 2895 display his emergency medical services personnel's badge or other proper means of identification. 2896 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this authority shall extend to the activation of traffic control 2897 signals designed to facilitate the safe egress and ingress of emergency equipment at an emergency medical services agency. Any person refusing to obey the orders of the emergency medical services incident commander at that time is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor. The authority granted under the 2898 2899 2900 provisions of this section may not be exercised to inhibit or obstruct members of law-enforcement 2901 agencies or fire departments or fire companies from performing their normal duties when operating at such emergency incident, nor to conflict with or diminish the lawful authority, duties, and 2902 2903 responsibilities of forest wardens, including but not limited to the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 2904 et seq.) of Title 10.1. Personnel from the news media, such as the press, radio, and television, when 2905 gathering the news may enter at their own risk into the incident area only when the incident commander 2906 has deemed the area safe and only into those areas of the incident that do not, in the opinion of the 2907 incident commander, interfere with the emergency medical services personnel dealing with such 2908 emergencies, in which case the emergency medical services incident commander may order such person 2909 from the scene of the emergency incident.

2910 § 32.1-111.14:6. Supervision and control of joint services of emergency medical services agencies; 2911 supervision and control of joint services of emergency medical services agencies and fire companies 2912 or fire departments.

2913 A. Whenever two or more emergency medical services agencies are called to provide joint services in 2914 any district or political subdivision, the incident commander of the first agency to arrive shall have 2915 general supervision and control of all such participating agencies until an officer of such district or 2916 political subdivision who is otherwise authorized by law to do so shall assume such general supervision 2917 and control.

2918 B. Whenever one or more emergency medical services agency and one or more fire companies or 2919 fire departments are called to provide joint services in any district or political subdivision, the 2920 commander of the first fire company or department to arrive shall assume control and have general 2921 supervision and control of all such participating fire companies or departments and emergency medical 2922 services agencies until an officer of such district or political subdivision who is otherwise authorized by 2923 law to do so shall assume such general supervision and control.

2924 § 32.1-111.14:7. Penalty for disobeying emergency medical services agency chief or other officer in 2925 command.

2926 If any person at a fire or medical emergency refuses or neglects to obey any order duly given by the 2927 individual having command of the incident in accordance with § 32.1-111.14:5 or 32.1-111.14:6, he 2928 shall, upon conviction of such offense, be fined not to exceed \$100. 2929

§ 32.1-111.14:8. Purchase, maintenance, etc., of equipment; donated equipment.

A. The governing body of every county, city, or town shall have power to provide for the purchase, 2930 2931 operation, staffing, and maintenance of suitable equipment for providing emergency medical services in or upon the property of the county, city, or town and of its inhabitants and to prescribe the terms and 2932 2933 conditions upon which the same will be used for providing emergency medical services in or upon 2934 privately owned property.

2935 B. Any emergency medical services agency donating equipment for providing emergency medical 2936 services to any other emergency medical services agency, which equipment met existing engineering and safety standards at the time of its purchase by the donating entity, shall be immune from civil liability 2937 2938 unless the donating entity acted with gross negligence or willful misconduct.

2939 C. A safety inspection must be completed by a certified emergency medical services vehicle service 2940 center and a report designating any deficiencies shall be provided prior to the change in ownership of 2941 the donated emergency medical services vehicle. 2942

§ 32.1-111.14:9. Entry of buildings and premises adjoining during a medical emergency.

2943 A. The incident commander at a medical emergency, and his subordinates, upon his order or direction, shall have the right at any time of the day or night to enter any building or upon any 2944 2945 premises where a medical emergency is in progress, or any building or premises adjacent thereto for 2946 the purpose of providing emergency medical services.

B. The incident commander at a medical emergency, and his subordinates upon his order or 2947 2948 direction, shall have the right to remain at the scene of a medical emergency, including remaining in 2949 any building or house, for purposes of protecting the property and preventing the public from entry into

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2950 the premises, until such reasonable time as the owner may resume responsibility for the protection of 2951 the property. 2952

§ 32.1-111.15. Statewide poison control system established.

2953 From such funds as may be appropriated for this purpose and from such gifts, donations, grants, 2954 bequests, and other funds as may be received, the Board of Health shall establish a statewide poison 2955 control system. The funding mechanism for the system and its services shall be as provided in the 2956 appropriation act.

2957 The Board shall establish poison control centers that meet national certification standards 2958 promulgated by the American Association of Poison Control Centers. If such national certification 2959 standards are eliminated, the Board shall establish minimum standards for the designation and operation 2960 of these poison control centers. The poison control centers established by the Board shall report to the 2961 Board by October 1 of each year regarding program operations; expenditures; revenues, including 2962 in-kind contributions; financial status; future needs; and summaries of human poison exposure cases for 2963 the most recent calendar year.

2964 The statewide system shall provide, at a minimum, (i) consultation, by free, 24-hour emergency telephone or other means of communication, to the public and to health care practitioners providers 2965 2966 regarding the ingestion or application of substances, including determinations of emergency treatment, 2967 coordination of referrals to emergency treatment facilities, and provision of appropriate information to 2968 the staffs of such facilities; (ii) prevention education and information about poison control services; (iii) 2969 training for health care practitioners providers in toxicology and medical management of poison 2970 exposure cases; and (iv) poison control surveillance through the collection and analysis of data from 2971 reported poison exposures to identify poisoning hazards, prevent poisonings, and improve treatment of 2972 poisoned patients. 2973

§ 32.1-116.1:1. Disclosure of medical records.

2974 Any licensed physician, licensed health care provider, or licensed health care facility may disclose to 2975 an emergency medical services provider *personnel*, an emergency medical services physician, or their 2976 licensed parent agency the medical records of a sick or injured person to whom such emergency medical 2977 services provider personnel or emergency medical services physician is providing or has rendered 2978 emergency medical care for the purpose of promoting the medical education of the specific person who 2979 provided such care or for quality improvement initiatives of their agency or of the EMS emergency 2980 *medical services* system as a whole. Any emergency medical services provider personnel or emergency 2981 medical services physician to whom such confidential records are disclosed shall not further disclose 2982 such information to any persons not entitled to receive that information in accordance with the 2983 provisions of this section.

2984 § 32.1-116.3. Reporting of communicable diseases; definitions. 2985

A. For the purposes of this section:

2986 "Communicable disease of public health threat" means an illness of public health significance, as 2987 determined by the State Health Commissioner in accordance with regulations of the Board of Health, 2988 caused by a specific or suspected infectious agent that may be reasonably expected or is known to be 2989 readily transmitted directly or indirectly from one individual or person to another or to uninfected 2990 persons through airborne or nonairborne means and has been found to create a risk of death or 2991 significant injury or impairment; this definition shall not, however, be construed to include human 2992 immunodeficiency viruses or tuberculosis, unless used as a bioterrorism weapon. "Individual" shall 2993 include any companion animal.

2994 "Communicable diseases" means any airborne infection or disease, including, but not limited to, 2995 tuberculosis, measles, certain meningococcal infections, mumps, chicken pox and Hemophilus Influenzae 2996 Type b, and those transmitted by contact with blood or other human body fluids, including, but not 2997 limited to, human immunodeficiency virus, Hepatitis B and Non-A, Non-B Hepatitis.

2998 B. Every licensed health care facility which that transfers or receives patients via emergency medical 2999 services ambulances or mobile intensive care units vehicles shall notify the emergency medical services 3000 agencies providing such patient transport of the name and telephone number of the individual who is the 3001 infection control practitioner with the responsibility of investigating exposure to infectious diseases in 3002 the facility.

3003 Every licensed emergency medical services agency that holds a valid license issued by the 3004 *Commissioner and that is* established in the Commonwealth shall notify all facilities to which they 3005 transport it transports patients or from which they transfer it transfers patients of the names and 3006 telephone numbers of the members, not to exceed three persons, who have been appointed to serve as 3007 the exposure control officers. Every licensed emergency medical services agency that holds a valid 3008 license issued by the Commissioner shall implement universal precautions and shall ensure that these 3009 precautions are appropriately followed and enforced.

3010 C. Upon requesting any licensed emergency medical services agency that holds a valid license issued 3011 by the Commissioner to transfer a patient who is known to be positive for or who suffers from any communicable disease, the transferring facility shall inform the attendant-in-charge of the transferring 3013 crew of the general condition of the patient and the types of precautions to be taken to prevent the spread of the disease. The identity of the patient shall be confidential.

3015 D. If any firefighter, law-enforcement officer, *or* emergency medical services provider or paramedic 3016 has an exposure of blood or body fluid to mucous membrane, *or* non-intact skin, or a contaminated 3017 needlestick injury, his exposure control officer shall be notified, a report completed, and the infection 3018 control practitioner at the receiving facility notified.

E. If, during the course of medical care and treatment, any physician determines that a patient who 3019 3020 was transported to a receiving facility by any licensed emergency medical services agency that holds a 3021 valid license issued by the Commissioner (i) is positive for or has been diagnosed as suffering from an 3022 airborne infectious disease or (ii) is subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to 3023 Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title, then the infection control practitioner in the 3024 facility shall immediately notify the exposure control officer who represents the transporting emergency 3025 medical services agency of the name of the patient, and the date and time of the patient's admittance to 3026 the facility. The exposure control officer for the transporting emergency medical services agency shall 3027 investigate the incident to determine if any exposure of emergency medical services personnel or other 3028 emergency personnel occurred. The identity of the patient and all personnel involved in any such 3029 investigation shall be confidential.

F. If any firefighter, law-enforcement officer, or emergency medical services provider or paramedic
shall beis exposed to a communicable disease, the exposure control officer shall immediately notify the
infection control practitioner of the receiving facility. The infection control practitioner of the facility
shall conduct an investigation and provide information concerning the extent and severity of the
exposure and the recommended course of action to the exposure control officer of the transporting
agency.

3036 G. Any person requesting or requiring any employee of a public safety agency as defined in subsection J of § 32.1-45.2 to arrest, transfer, or otherwise exercise custodial supervision over an individual known to the requesting person (i) to be infected with any communicable disease or (ii) to be subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title shall inform such public safety agency employee of a potential risk of exposure to a communicable disease.

H. Local or state correctional facilities which transfer patients known to have a communicable disease or to be subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02
(§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title shall notify the emergency medical services agency providing transportation services of a potential risk of exposure to a communicable disease, including a communicable disease of public health threat. For the purposes of this section, the chief medical person at a local or state correctional facility or the facility director or his designee shall be responsible for providing such information to the transporting agency.

3049 I. Any person who, as a result of this provision, becomes aware of the identity or condition of a
3050 person known to be (i) positive for or to suffer from any communicable disease, or to have suffered
a051 exposure to a communicable disease or (ii) subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation
3052 pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title, shall keep such information
3053 confidential, except as expressly authorized by this provision.

J. No person known to be (i) positive for or to suffer from any communicable disease, including any communicable disease of public health threat, or (ii) subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title, shall be refused transportation or service for that reason by an emergency medical services, law-enforcement, or public safety agency.

3059 § 32.1-283.2. Local and regional child fatality review teams established; membership; authority; 3060 confidentiality; immunity.

3061 A. Upon the initiative of any local or regional law-enforcement agency, fire department, department 3062 of social services, emergency medical services agency, Commonwealth's attorney's office, or community 3063 services board, local or regional child fatality teams may be established for the purpose of conducting 3064 contemporaneous reviews of local child deaths in order to develop interventions and strategies for 3065 prevention specific to the locality or region. Each team shall establish rules and procedures to govern the 3066 review process. Agencies may share information but shall be bound by confidentiality and execute a 3067 sworn statement to honor the confidentiality of the information they share. Violations shall be punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor. The State Child Fatality Review Team shall provide technical 3068 assistance and direction as provided for in subsection A of § 32.1-283.1. 3069

3070 B. Local and regional teams may be composed of the following persons from the localities 3071 represented on a particular board or their designees: a local or regional medical examiner, a local social 3072 services official in charge of child protective services, a director of the relevant local or district health

3073 department, a chief law-enforcement officer, a local fire marshal, a local emergency medical services 3074 agency chief, the attorney for the Commonwealth, an executive director of the local community services 3075 board or other local mental health agency, and such additional persons, not to exceed five four, as may 3076 be appointed to serve by the chairperson of the local or regional team. The chairperson shall be elected 3077 from among the designated membership. The additional members appointed by the chairperson may 3078 include, but are not restricted to, representatives of local human services agencies; local public education 3079 agencies; local pediatricians, psychiatrists and psychologists; and local child advocacy organizations.

3080 C. Each team shall establish local rules and procedures to govern the review process prior to 3081 conducting the first child fatality review. The review of a death shall be delayed until any criminal 3082 investigations connected with the death are completed or the Commonwealth consents to the 3083 commencement of such review prior to the completion of the criminal investigation.

3084 D. All information and records obtained or created regarding the review of a fatality shall be 3085 confidential and shall be excluded from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) pursuant to subdivision 9 of § 2.2-3705.5. All such information and records shall be used by the team 3086 3087 only in the exercise of its proper purpose and function and shall not be disclosed. Such information or 3088 records shall not be subject to subpoena, subpoena duces tecum, or discovery or be admissible in any 3089 criminal or civil proceeding. If available from other sources, however, such information and records 3090 shall not be immune from subpoena, subpoena duces tecum, discovery or introduction into evidence 3091 when obtained through such other sources solely because the information and records were presented to 3092 the team during a fatality review. No person who participated in the reviews nor any member of the 3093 team shall be required to make any statement as to what transpired during the review or what 3094 information was collected during the review. Upon the conclusion of the fatality review, all information 3095 and records concerning the victim and the family shall be returned to the originating agency or destroyed. However, the findings of the team may be disclosed or published in statistical or other form 3096 3097 which shall not identify individuals. The portions of meetings in which individual cases are discussed by the team shall be closed pursuant to subdivision A 21 of § 2.2-3711. All team members, persons 3098 3099 attending closed team meetings, and persons presenting information and records on specific fatalities to 3100 the team during closed meetings shall execute a sworn statement to honor the confidentiality of the 3101 information, records, discussions, and opinions disclosed during any closed meeting to review a specific 3102 death. Violations of this subsection shall be punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor.

3103 E. Members of teams, as well as their agents and employees, shall be immune from civil liability for 3104 any act or omission made in connection with participation in a child fatality review team review, unless 3105 such act or omission was the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct. Any organization, 3106 institution, or person furnishing information, data, testimony, reports or records to review teams as part 3107 of such review, shall be immune from civil liability for any act or omission in furnishing such 3108 information, unless such act or omission was the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct. 3109

§ 32.1-291.12. Search and notification.

3110 A. The following persons shall make a reasonable search of an individual who the person reasonably 3111 believes is dead or whose death is imminent for a document of gift or other information identifying the individual as a donor or as an individual who made a refusal: 3112

3113 1. A law-enforcement officer, a firefighter, paramedic emergency medical services personnel, or other 3114 emergency rescuer finding the individual; and

3115 2. If no other source of the information is immediately available, a hospital, as soon as practical after 3116 the individual's arrival at the hospital.

3117 B. If a document of gift or a refusal to make an anatomical gift is located by the search required by 3118 subdivision A 1 and the individual or deceased individual to whom it relates is taken to a hospital, the 3119 person responsible for conducting the search shall send the document of gift or refusal to the hospital.

3120 C. A person is not subject to criminal or civil liability for failing to discharge the duties imposed by 3121 this section but may be subject to administrative sanctions.

3122 § 33.2-262. Removal of snow from driveways of volunteer fire departments and emergency 3123 medical services agencies.

3124 On the roads under the jurisdiction of the Department, the Department shall remove snow from the 3125 driveways and entrances of volunteer fire departments and volunteer rescue squadsemergency medical 3126 services agencies when the chief of any individual volunteer fire department, or the head of any 3127 individual volunteer rescue squad, emergency medical services agency makes a written request for such 3128 snow removal service, provided that such service shall only be performed when such service can be 3129 performed during the normal course of snow removal activities of the Department without interfering 3130 with, or otherwise inconveniencing, such snow removal activities. Such service shall not extend to any 3131 parking lots adjacent to such driveways and entranceways not normally used by the volunteer fire 3132 department or volunteer rescue squad vehiclesemergency medical services agency as their direct 3133 driveway or entrance.

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3134 § 33.2-501. Designation of HOV lanes; use of such lanes; penalties.

3135 A. In order to facilitate the rapid and orderly movement of traffic to and from urban areas during 3136 peak traffic periods, the Board may designate one or more lanes of any highway in the Interstate 3137 System, primary state highway system, or secondary state highway system as HOV lanes. When lanes have been so designated and have been appropriately marked with signs or other markers as the Board 3138 3139 may prescribe, they shall be reserved during periods designated by the Board for the exclusive use of 3140 buses and high-occupancy vehicles. Any local governing body may also, with respect to highways under its exclusive jurisdiction, designate HOV lanes and impose and enforce restrictions on the use of such 3141 3142 lanes. Any highway for which the locality receives highway maintenance funds pursuant to § 33.2-319 shall be deemed to be within the exclusive jurisdiction of the local governing body for the purposes of 3143 this section. HOV lanes shall be reserved for high-occupancy vehicles of a specified number of occupants as determined by the Board or, for HOV lanes designated by a local governing body, by that 3144 3145 3146 local governing body. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, no designation of any lane or lanes of any highway as HOV lanes shall apply to the use of any such lanes by: 3147

3148 1. Emergency vehicles such as firefighting vehicles, ambulances, and rescue squademergency medical
 3149 services vehicles;

3150 2. Law-enforcement vehicles;

3151 3. Motorcycles;

3152 4. a. Transit and commuter buses designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver;

3153 b. Any vehicle operating under a certificate issued under § 46.2-2075, 46.2-2080, 46.2-2096, **3154** 46.2-2099.4, or 46.2-2099.44;

3155 5. Vehicles of public utility companies operating in response to an emergency call;

6. Vehicles bearing clean special fuel vehicle license plates issued pursuant to § 46.2-749.3, providedsuch use is in compliance with federal law;

7. Taxicabs having two or more occupants, including the driver; or

8. (Contingent effective date) Any active duty military member in uniform who is utilizing Interstate
264 and Interstate 64 for the purposes of traveling to or from a military facility in the Hampton Roads
Planning District.

3162 In the Hampton Roads Planning District, HOV restrictions may be temporarily lifted and HOV lanes 3163 opened to use by all vehicles when restricting use of HOV lanes becomes impossible or undesirable and 3164 the temporary lifting of HOV limitations is indicated by signs along or above the affected portion of 3165 highway.

The Commissioner of Highways shall implement a program of the HOV facilities in the Hampton
Roads Planning District beginning not later than May 1, 2000. This program shall include the temporary
lifting of HOV restrictions and the opening of HOV lanes to all traffic when an incident resulting from
nonrecurring causes within the general lanes occurs such that a lane of traffic is blocked or is expected
to be blocked for 10 minutes or longer. The HOV restrictions for the facility shall be reinstated when
the general lane is no longer blocked and is available for use.

3172 The Commissioner of Highways shall maintain necessary records to evaluate the effects of such openings on the operation of the general lanes and the HOV lanes. This program will terminate if the Federal Highway Administration requires repayment of any federal highway construction funds because of the program's impact on the HOV facilities in Hampton Roads.

B. In designating any lane or lanes of any highway as HOV lanes, the Board or local governing body shall specify the hour or hours of each day of the week during which the lanes shall be so reserved, and the hour or hours shall be plainly posted at whatever intervals along the lanes the Board or local governing body deems appropriate. Any person driving a motor vehicle in a designated HOV lane in violation of this section is guilty of a traffic infraction, which shall not be a moving violation, and on conviction shall be fined \$100. However, violations committed within the boundaries of Planning District 8 shall be punishable as follows:

3183 1. For a first offense, by a fine of \$125;

3184 2. For a second offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$250;

3185 3. For a third offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$500; and

3186 4. For a fourth or subsequent offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of **3187** \$1,000.

3188 Upon a conviction under this section, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the Department 3189 of Motor Vehicles in accordance with § 46.2-383 an abstract of the record of such conviction, which 3190 shall become a part of the person's driving record. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-492, no 3191 driver demerit points shall be assessed for any violation of this section, except that persons convicted of 3192 second, third, fourth, or subsequent violations within five years of a first offense committed in Planning 3193 District 8 shall be assessed three demerit points for each such violation.

3194 C. In the prosecution of an offense, committed in the presence of a law-enforcement officer, of 3195 failure to obey a road sign restricting a highway, or portion thereof, to the use of high-occupancy

3196 vehicles, proof that the vehicle described in the HOV violation summons was operated in violation of 3197 this section, together with proof that the defendant was at the time of such violation the registered 3198 owner of the vehicle, shall constitute in evidence a rebuttable presumption that such registered owner of 3199 the vehicle was the person who committed the violation. Such presumption shall be rebutted if the 3200 registered owner of the vehicle testifies in open court under oath that he was not the operator of the 3201 vehicle at the time of the violation. A summons for a violation of this section may be executed in 3202 accordance with § 19.2-76.2. Such rebuttable presumption shall not arise when the registered owner of 3203 the vehicle is a rental or leasing company.

3204 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 19.2-76, whenever a summons for a violation of this section 3205 is served in any locality, it may be executed by mailing by first-class mail a copy thereof to the address of the owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles. If the 3206 3207 summoned person fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons mailed pursuant to this 3208 section, the summons shall be executed in the manner set out in § 19.2-76.3.

3209 No proceedings for contempt or arrest of a person summoned by mailing shall be instituted for his 3210 failure to appear on the return date of the summons.

E. Notwithstanding § 33.2-613, high-occupancy vehicles having three or more occupants (HOV-3) 3211 may be permitted to use the Omer L. Hirst-Adelard L. Brault Expressway (Dulles Toll Road) without 3212 3213 paying a toll.

3214 F. Notwithstanding the contrary provisions of this section, the following conditions shall be met 3215 before the HOV-2 designation of Interstate Route 66 outside the Capital Beltway can be changed to 3216 HOV-3 or any more restrictive designation:

3217 1. The Department of Transportation shall publish a notice of its intent to change the existing 3218 designation and also immediately provide similar notice of its intent to all members of the General 3219 Assembly representing districts that touch or are directly impacted by traffic on Interstate Route 66.

3220 2. The Department of Transportation shall hold public hearings in the corridor to receive comments 3221 from the public.

3222 3. The Department of Transportation shall make a finding of the need for a change in such designation, based on public hearings and its internal data, and present this finding to the Board for 3223 3224 approval. 3225

4. The Board shall make written findings and a decision based upon the following criteria:

a. Is changing the HOV-2 designation to HOV-3 in the public interest?

3227 b. Is there quantitative and qualitative evidence that supports the argument that HOV-3 will facilitate 3228 the flow of traffic on Interstate Route 66?

3229 c. Is changing the HOV-2 designation beneficial to comply with the federal Clean Air Act 3230 Amendments of 1990? 3231

§ 33.2-503. HOT lanes enforcement.

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3232 Any person operating a motor vehicle on designated HOT lanes shall make arrangements with the 3233 HOT lanes operator for payment of the required toll prior to entering such HOT lanes. The driver of a 3234 vehicle who enters the HOT lanes in an unauthorized vehicle, in violation of the conditions for use of 3235 such HOT lanes established pursuant to § 33.2-502, without payment of the required toll or without having made arrangements with the HOT lanes operator for payment of the required toll shall have 3236 3237 committed a violation of this section, which may be enforced in the following manner:

3238 1. On a form prescribed by the Supreme Court, a summons for civil violation of this section may be 3239 executed by a law-enforcement officer, when such violation is observed by such officer. The form shall 3240 contain the option for the driver of the vehicle to prepay the unpaid toll and all penalties, administrative 3241 fees, and costs.

3242 2. a. A HOT lanes operator shall install and operate, or cause to be installed or operated, a 3243 photo-enforcement system at locations where tolls are collected for the use of such HOT lanes.

3244 b. A summons for civil violation of this section may be executed pursuant to this subdivision, when 3245 such violation is evidenced by information obtained from a photo-enforcement system as defined in this 3246 chapter. A certificate, sworn to or affirmed by a technician employed or authorized by the HOT lanes 3247 operator, or a facsimile of such a certificate, based on inspection of photographs, microphotographs, 3248 videotapes, or other recorded images produced by a photo-enforcement system, shall be prima facie 3249 evidence of the facts contained therein. Any photographs, microphotographs, videotape, or other 3250 recorded images evidencing such a violation shall be available for inspection in any proceeding to 3251 adjudicate the liability for such violation under this subdivision. Any vehicle rental or vehicle leasing 3252 company, if named in a summons, shall be released as a party to the action if it provides to the HOT 3253 lanes operator a copy of the vehicle rental agreement or lease or an affidavit identifying the renter or 3254 lessee prior to the date of hearing set forth in the summons. Upon receipt of such rental agreement, 3255 lease, or affidavit, a summons shall be issued for the renter or lessee identified therein. Release of this information shall not be deemed a violation of any provision of the Government Data Collection and 3256

3257 Dissemination Practices Act (§ 2.2-3800 et seq.) or the Insurance Information and Privacy Protection Act (§ 38.2-600 et seq.).

3259 c. On a form prescribed by the Supreme Court, a summons issued under this subdivision may be 3260 executed pursuant to § 19.2-76.2. Such form shall contain the option for the driver or registered owner 3261 to prepay the unpaid toll and all penalties, administrative fees, and costs. HOT lanes operator personnel 3262 or their agents mailing such summons shall be considered conservators of the peace for the sole and 3263 limited purpose of mailing such summons. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 19.2-76, a summons for a violation of this section may be executed by mailing by first-class mail a copy thereof to the address 3264 3265 of the owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles or, if the 3266 registered owner has named and provided a valid address for the operator of the vehicle at the time of the violation in an affidavit executed pursuant to this subdivision, such named operator of the vehicle. If 3267 3268 the summoned person fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons mailed pursuant to 3269 this section, the summons shall be executed in the manner set out in § 19.2-76.3.

d. The registered owner of such vehicle shall be given reasonable notice by way of a summons as
provided in this subdivision that his vehicle had been used in violation of this section, and such owner
shall be given notice of the time and place of the hearing and notice of the civil penalty and costs for
such offense.

Upon the filing of an affidavit with the court at least 14 days prior to the hearing date by the registered owner of the vehicle stating that he was not the driver of the vehicle on the date of the violation and providing the legal name and address of the driver of the vehicle at the time of the violation, a summons will also be issued to the alleged driver of the vehicle at the time of the offense.
The affidavit shall constitute prima facie evidence that the person named in the affidavit was driving the vehicle at all the relevant times relating to the matter named in the affidavit.

3280 If the registered owner of the vehicle produces a certified copy of a police report showing that the
3281 vehicle had been reported to the police as stolen prior to the time of the alleged offense and remained
3282 stolen at the time of the alleged offense, then the court shall dismiss the summons issued to the
3283 registered owner of the vehicle.

3284 3. a. The HOT lanes operator may impose and collect an administrative fee in addition to the unpaid
toll so as to recover the expenses of collecting the unpaid toll, which administrative fee shall be
reasonably related to the actual cost of collecting the unpaid toll and not exceed \$100 per violation. The
operator of the vehicle shall pay the unpaid tolls and any administrative fee detailed in a notice or
invoice issued by a HOT lanes operator. If paid within 30 days of notification, the administrative fee
shall not exceed \$25.

3290 b. Upon a finding by a court of competent jurisdiction that the driver of the vehicle observed by a 3291 law-enforcement officer under subdivision 1 or the vehicle described in the summons for civil violation 3292 issued pursuant to evidence obtained by a photo-enforcement system under subdivision 2 was in 3293 violation of this section, the court shall impose a civil penalty upon the driver of such vehicle issued a 3294 summons under subdivision 1, or upon the driver or registered owner of such vehicle issued a summons 3295 under subdivision 2, payable to the HOT lanes operator as follows: for a first offense, \$50; for a second 3296 offense, \$250; for a third offense within a period of two years of the second offense, \$500; and for a 3297 fourth and subsequent offense within a period of three years of the second offense, \$1,000, together 3298 with, in each case, the unpaid toll, all accrued administrative fees imposed by the HOT lanes operator as 3299 authorized by this section, and applicable court costs. The court shall remand penalties, the unpaid toll, 3300 and administrative fees assessed for violation of this section to the treasurer or director of finance of the 3301 county or city in which the violation occurred for payment to the HOT lanes operator for expenses associated with operation of the HOT lanes and payments against any bonds or other liens issued as a 3302 result of the construction of the HOT lanes. No person shall be subject to prosecution under both 3303 3304 subdivisions 1 and 2 for actions arising out of the same transaction or occurrence.

3305 c. Upon a finding by a court that a person has violated this section, in the event such person fails to 3306 pay the required penalties, fees, and costs, the court shall notify the Commissioner of the Department of 3307 Motor Vehicles, who shall suspend all of the registration certificates and license plates issued for any 3308 motor vehicles registered solely in the name of such person and shall not issue any registration 3309 certificate or license plate for any other vehicle that such person seeks to register solely in his name 3310 until the court has notified the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles that such penalties, 3311 fees, and costs have been paid. The HOT lanes operator and the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles may enter into an agreement whereby the HOT lanes operator may reimburse the 3312 3313 Department of Motor Vehicles for its reasonable costs to develop, implement, and maintain this 3314 enforcement mechanism, and that specifies that the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles 3315 shall have an obligation to suspend such registration certificates so long as the HOT lanes operator 3316 makes the required reimbursements in a timely manner in accordance with the agreement.

d. Except as provided in subdivisions 4 and 5, imposition of a civil penalty pursuant to this sectionshall not be deemed a conviction as an operator of a motor vehicle under Title 46.2 and shall not be

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3319 made part of the driving record of the person upon whom such civil penalty is imposed, nor shall it be 3320 used for insurance purposes in the provision of motor vehicle insurance coverage.

3321 4. a. The HOT lanes operator may restrict the usage of the HOT lanes to designated vehicle 3322 classifications pursuant to an interim or final comprehensive agreement executed pursuant to § 33.2-1808 3323 or 33.2-1809. Notice of any such vehicle classification restrictions shall be provided through the 3324 placement of signs or other markers prior to and at all HOT lanes entrances.

3325 b. Any person driving an unauthorized vehicle on the designated HOT lanes is guilty of a traffic 3326 infraction, which shall not be a moving violation, and shall be punishable as follows: for a first offense, 3327 by a fine of \$125; for a second offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of 3328 \$250; for a third offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$500; and for a 3329 fourth and subsequent offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$1,000.

3330 Upon a conviction under this subdivision, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the 3331 Department of Motor Vehicles, in accordance with § 46.2-383, an abstract of the record of such 3332 conviction, which shall become a part of the person's driving record. Notwithstanding the provisions of 3333 § 46.2-492, no driver demerit points shall be assessed for any violation of this subdivision, except that 3334 persons convicted of a second, third, fourth, or subsequent violation within five years of a first offense 3335 shall be assessed three demerit points for each such violation.

3336 5. The driver of a vehicle who enters the HOT lanes by crossing through any barrier, buffer, or other 3337 area separating the HOT lanes from other lanes of travel is guilty of a violation of § 46.2-852, unless 3338 the vehicle is a state or local law-enforcement vehicle, firefighting truck, ambulance, or rescue 3339 squademergency medical services vehicle used in the performance of its official duties. No person shall 3340 be subject to prosecution both under this subdivision and under subdivision 1, 2, or 4 for actions arising 3341 out of the same transaction or occurrence.

3342 Upon a conviction under this subdivision, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the 3343 Department of Motor Vehicles in accordance with § 46.2-383 an abstract of the record of such 3344 conviction, which shall become a part of the convicted person's driving record.

3345 6. No person shall be subject to prosecution both under this section and under § 33.2-501, 46.2-819, 3346 or 46.2-819.1 for actions arising out of the same transaction or occurrence.

3347 7. Any action under this section shall be brought in the general district court of the county or city in 3348 which the violation occurred. 3349

§ 33.2-613. Free use of toll facilities by certain state officers and employees; penalties.

3350 A. Vehicles transporting two or more persons, including the driver, may be permitted toll-free use of 3351 the Dulles Toll Road during rush hours by the Board; however, notwithstanding the provisions of 3352 subdivision B 1 of § 56-543 said vehicles shall not be permitted toll-free use of a roadway as defined 3353 pursuant to the Virginia Highway Corporation Act of 1988 (§ 56-535 et seq.). Upon presentation of a 3354 toll pass issued pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Board, the following persons may use all toll 3355 bridges, toll ferries, toll tunnels, and toll roads in the Commonwealth without the payment of toll while 3356 in the performance of their official duties:

- 3357 1. The Commissioner of Highways:
- 3358 2. Members of the Commonwealth Transportation Board;
- 3359 3. Employees of the Department of Transportation;
- 3360 4. The Superintendent of the Department of State Police;
- 3361 5. Officers and employees of the Department of State Police;
- 3362 6. Members of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board;
- 7. Employees of the regulatory and hearings divisions of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage 3363 3364 Control and special agents of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control;
- 3365 8. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- 3366 9. Employees of the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- 3367 10. Local police officers;
- 3368 11. Sheriffs and their deputies;
- 3369 12. Regional jail officials;
- 3370 13. Animal wardens;
- 3371 14. The Director and officers of the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries;
- 3372 15. Persons operating firefighting equipment and ambulancesemergency medical services vehicles 3373 owned by a political subdivision of the Commonwealth or a nonprofit association or corporation;
- 3374 16. Operators of school buses being used to transport pupils to or from schools;

3375 17. Operators of (i) commuter buses having a capacity of 20 or more passengers, including the driver, and used to regularly transport workers to and from their places of employment and (ii) public 3376 3377 transit buses;

- 3378 18. Employees of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation;
- 3379 19. Employees of any transportation facility created pursuant to the Virginia Highway Corporation

3380 Act of 1988; and

3381 20. Law-enforcement officers of the Virginia Marine Resources Commission.

3382 B. Notwithstanding the provision of subsection A requiring presentation of a toll pass for toll-free 3383 use of such facilities, in cases of emergency and circumstances of concern for public safety on the 3384 highways of the Commonwealth, the Department of Transportation shall, in order to alleviate an actual 3385 or potential threat or risk to the public's safety, facilitate the flow of traffic on or within the vicinity of 3386 the toll facility by permitting the temporary suspension of toll collection operations on its facilities.

1. The assessment of the threat to public safety shall be performed and the decision temporarily to 3387 suspend toll collection operations shall be made by the Commissioner of Highways or his designee. 3388

3389 2. Major incidents that may require the temporary suspension of toll collection operations shall 3390 include (i) natural disasters such as hurricanes, tornadoes, fires, and floods; (ii) accidental releases of 3391 hazardous materials such as chemical spills; (iii) major traffic accidents, such as multivehicle collisions; and (iv) other incidents deemed to present a risk to public safety. 3392

3393 3. In any judicial proceeding in which a person is found to be criminally responsible or civilly liable 3394 for any incident resulting in the suspension of toll collections as provided in this subsection, the court 3395 may assess against the person an amount equal to lost toll revenue as a part of the costs of the 3396 proceeding and order that such amount, not to exceed \$2,000 for any individual incident, be paid to the 3397 Department of Transportation for deposit into the toll road fund.

3398 C. Any tollgate keeper who refuses to permit the persons listed in subsection A to use any toll bridge, toll ferry, toll tunnel, or toll road upon presentation of such a toll pass is guilty of a 3399 misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$50 and not less than \$2.50. Any person other than 3400 3401 those listed in subsection A who exhibits any such toll pass for the purpose of using any toll bridge, toll ferry, toll tunnel, or toll road is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 3402

D. Any vehicle operated by the holder of a valid driver's license issued by the Commonwealth or 3403 3404 any other state shall be allowed free use of all toll bridges, toll roads, and other toll facilities in the 3405 Commonwealth if: 3406

1. The vehicle is specially equipped to permit its operation by a handicapped person;

3407 2. The driver of the vehicle has been certified, either by a physician licensed by the Commonwealth or any other state or by the Adjudication Office of the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, as being 3408 3409 severely physically disabled and having permanent upper limb mobility or dexterity impairments that 3410 substantially impair his ability to deposit coins in toll baskets;

3411 3. The driver has applied for and received from the Department of Transportation a vehicle window 3412 sticker identifying him as eligible for such free passage; and 3413

4. Such identifying window sticker is properly displayed on the vehicle.

A copy of this subsection shall be posted at all toll bridges, toll roads, and other toll facilities in the Commonwealth. The Department of Transportation shall provide envelopes for payments of tolls by 3414 3415 3416 those persons exempted from tolls pursuant to this subsection and shall accept any payments made by such persons. 3417

3418 E. Nothing contained in this section or in § 33.2-612 or 33.2-1718 shall operate to affect the 3419 provisions of § 22.1-187.

3420 F. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A, B, and C, only the following persons may use 3421 the Chesapeake Bay Bridge-Tunnel, facilities of the Richmond Metropolitan Transportation Authority, or 3422 facilities of an operator authorized to operate a toll facility pursuant to the Public-Private Transportation 3423 Act of 1995 (§ 33.2-1800 et seq.) without the payment of toll when necessary and incidental to the 3424 conduct of official business:

- 3425 1. The Commissioner of Highways;
- 3426 2. Members of the Commonwealth Transportation Board;
- 3427 3. Employees of the Department of Transportation;
- 3428 4. The Superintendent of the Department of State Police;
- 3429 5. Officers and employees of the Department of State Police;
- 3430 6. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- 3431 7. Employees of the Department of Motor Vehicles; and
- 3432 8. Sheriffs and deputy sheriffs.

3433 G. Any vehicle operated by a quadriplegic driver shall be allowed free use of all toll facilities in 3434 Virginia controlled by the Richmond Metropolitan Transportation Authority, pursuant to the requirements 3435 of subdivisions D 1 through 4.

3436 § 35.1-25. Exemptions.

- 3437 The provisions of this title applicable to restaurants shall not apply to:
- 3438 1. Boardinghouses that do not accommodate transients;
- 3439 2. Cafeterias operated by industrial plants for employees only;
- 3440 3. Churches; fraternal or school organizations; organizations that are exempt from taxation under
- 3441 § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and volunteer fire departments and rescue squads volunteer

3442 emergency medical services agencies that hold occasional dinners, bazaars, and other fund-raisers of one 3443 or two days' duration, at which food (i) prepared in the homes of members; (ii) prepared in the kitchen 3444 of the church, school, or organization; or (iii) purchased or donated from a restaurant licensed pursuant 3445 to Chapter 3 (§ 35.1-18 et seq.) is offered for sale to the public. Restaurants licensed pursuant to 3446 Chapter 3 that donate or sell food to the entities identified in this subdivision shall not be required to 3447 apply for any additional permits from, or pay any additional permit application fees to, the Department 3448 for the proposed occasional dinner, bazaar, or other fund raiser;

3449 4. Grocery stores, including the delicatessen portion that is a part of a grocery store selling 3450 exclusively for off-premises consumption, and places manufacturing or selling packaged or canned 3451 goods;

3452 5. Churches that serve meals consisting of food prepared in the homes of members or in the kitchen 3453 of the church or purchased or donated from a restaurant licensed pursuant to Chapter 3 (§ 35.1-18 et 3454 seq.) for their members or their invited guests;

3455 6. Convenience stores or gas stations that are subject to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 3456 Services' Retail Food Establishment Regulations or any regulations subsequently adopted and that (i) 3457 have 15 or fewer seats at which food is served to the public on the premises of the convenience store or 3458 gas station and (ii) are not associated with a national or regional restaurant chain. Notwithstanding this 3459 exemption, such convenience stores or gas stations shall remain responsible for collecting any applicable 3460 local meals tax; or

3461 7. Concession stands at youth athletic activities, if such stands are promoted or sponsored by a youth 3462 athletic association or by any charitable nonprofit organization or group thereof that has been recognized 3463 as being a part of the recreational program of the political subdivision where the association or 3464 organization is located by an ordinance or resolution of such political subdivision. 3465

§ 38.2-1904. Rate standards.

3466 A. Rates for the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies shall not be excessive, inadequate, 3467 or unfairly discriminatory. All rates and all changes and amendments to rates to which this chapter 3468 applies for use in this Commonwealth shall consider loss experience and other factors within Virginia if relevant and actuarially sound;, provided, that other data, including countrywide, regional, or other state 3469 3470 data, may be considered where such data is relevant and where a sound actuarial basis exists for 3471 considering data other than Virginia-specific data.

3472 1. No rate shall be held to be excessive unless it is unreasonably high for the insurance provided and 3473 a reasonable degree of competition does not exist in the area with respect to the classification to which 3474 the rate applies.

3475 2. No rate shall be held inadequate unless it is unreasonably low for the insurance provided and (i) 3476 continued use of it would endanger solvency of the insurer or (ii) use of the rate by the insurer has or, 3477 if continued, will have the effect of destroying competition or creating a monopoly.

3478 3. No rate shall be unfairly discriminatory if a different rate is charged for the same coverage and 3479 the rate differential (i) is based on sound actuarial principles or (ii) is related to actual or reasonably anticipated experience. 3480

3481 B. 1. In determining whether rates comply with the standards of subsection A of this section, 3482 separate consideration shall be given to (i) past and prospective loss experience within and outside this 3483 Commonwealth, (ii) conflagration or catastrophe hazards, (iii) a reasonable margin for underwriting 3484 profit and contingencies, (iv) dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium deposits allowed or returned by 3485 insurers to their policyholders, members or subscribers, (v) past and prospective expenses both 3486 countrywide and those specifically applicable to this Commonwealth, (vi) the loss reserving practices, 3487 standards and procedures utilized by the insurer, (vii) investment income earned or realized by insurers 3488 from their unearned premium and loss reserve and the Commission may give separate consideration to 3489 investment income earned on surplus funds, and (viii) all other relevant factors within and outside this 3490 Commonwealth. When actual experience or data does not exist, the Commission may consider estimates. 3491 2. In the case of fire insurance rates, consideration shall be given to the experience of the fire 3492 insurance business during a period of not less than the most recent five-year period for which such 3493 experience is available.

3494 3. In the case of workers' compensation insurance rates for volunteer firefighters or volunteer 3495 lifesaving or volunteer rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel, the rates shall be 3496 calculated based upon the combined experience of both volunteer firefighters or volunteer lifesaving or 3497 volunteer rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel and paid firefighters or paid 3498 lifesaving or paid rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel, so that the resulting rate 3499 is the same for both volunteer and paid members, but in no event shall resulting premiums be less than 3500 forty dollars \$40 per year for any volunteer firefighter or rescue squad member volunteer emergency 3501 medical services personnel.

3502 4. In the case of uninsured motorist coverage required by subsection A of § 38.2-2206, consideration 3503 shall be given to all sums distributed by the Commission from the Uninsured Motorists Fund in 3504 accordance with the provisions of Chapter 30 (§ 38.2-3000 et seq.) of this title.

C. For the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies, including insurance against contingent, 3505 3506 consequential and indirect losses as defined in \S 38.2-133 (i) the systems of expense provisions included in the rates for use by any insurer or group of insurers may differ from those of other insurers or groups 3507 3508 of insurers to reflect the requirements of the operating methods of any such insurer or group for any 3509 class of insurance, or with respect to any subdivision or combination of insurance for which separate 3510 expense provisions are applicable, and (ii) risks may be grouped by classifications for the establishment 3511 of rates and minimum premiums. Classification rates may be modified to produce rates for individual 3512 risks in accordance with rating plans that establish standards for measuring variations in hazards, expense provisions, or both. The standards may measure any difference between risks that can be demonstrated to have a probable effect upon losses or expenses. Notwithstanding any other provision of 3513 3514 3515 this subsection, except as permitted by § 38.2-1908, each member of a rate service organization shall use 3516 the uniform classification system, uniform experience rating plan, and uniform statistical plan of its 3517 designated rate service organization in the provision of insurance defined in § 38.2-119.

3518 D. No insurer shall use any information pertaining to any motor vehicle conviction or accident to 3519 produce increased or surcharged rates above their filed manual rates for individual risks for a period 3520 longer than thirty-six 36 months. This period shall begin no later than twelve 12 months after the date 3521 of the conviction or accident.

3522 E. Each authorized insurer subject to the provisions of this chapter may file with the Commission an expense reduction plan that permits variations in expense provisions. Such filing may contain provisions 3523 3524 permitting agents to reduce their commission resulting in an appropriate reduction in premium. Nothing 3525 in this section shall be construed to require an agent to reduce a commission, nor may an insurer 3526 unreasonably refuse to reduce a premium due to a commission reduction as permitted by its filed 3527 expense reduction plan. 3528

§ 38.2-2005. Provisions governing making of rates.

3529 A. Rates for the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies shall not be excessive, inadequate, 3530 or unfairly discriminatory. All rates and all changes and amendments to rates to which this chapter applies for use in this Commonwealth shall consider loss experience and other factors within Virginia if 3531 3532 relevant and actuarially sound; however, other data, including countrywide, regional or other state data, 3533 may be considered where such data is relevant and where a sound actuarial basis exists for considering 3534 data other than Virginia-specific data.

3535 B. 1. In making rates for the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies, separate 3536 consideration shall be given to (i) past and prospective loss experience within and outside this 3537 Commonwealth, (ii) conflagration or catastrophe hazards, (iii) a reasonable margin for underwriting 3538 profit and contingencies, (iv) dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium deposits allowed or returned by 3539 insurers to their policyholders, members or subscribers, (v) past and prospective expenses both countrywide and those specifically applicable to this Commonwealth, (vi) investment income earned or 3540 3541 realized by insurers from their unearned premium and loss reserve and the Commission may give 3542 separate consideration to investment income earned on surplus funds, (vii) the loss reserving practices, 3543 standards and procedures utilized by the insurer, and (viii) all other relevant factors within and outside 3544 this Commonwealth. When actual experience or data does not exist, the Commission may consider 3545 estimates.

3546 2. In the case of fire insurance rates, consideration shall be given to the experience of the fire 3547 insurance business during a period of not less than the most recent five-year period for which such 3548 experience is available. 3549

3. [Repealed.]

3550 In the case of workers' compensation insurance rates for volunteer firefighters or volunteer lifesaving 3551 or volunteer rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel written through the Virginia 3552 Worker's Compensation Insurance Plan, the rates shall be calculated based upon the combined 3553 experience of both volunteer firefighters or volunteer lifesaving or volunteer rescue squad members 3554 emergency medical services personnel and paid firefighters or paid lifesaving or paid rescue squad 3555 members emergency medical services personnel, so that the resulting rate is the same for both volunteer 3556 and paid members, but in no event shall resulting premiums be less than forty dollars \$40 per year for 3557 any volunteer firefighter or rescue squad member volunteer emergency medical services personnel.

3558 C. For the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies (i) the systems of expense provisions 3559 included in the rates for use by any insurer or group of insurers may differ from those of other insurers 3560 or groups of insurers to reflect the requirements of the operating methods of any such insurer or group for any class of insurance, or for any subdivision or combination of insurance for which separate 3561 3562 expense provisions apply, and (ii) risks may be grouped by classifications for the establishment of rates 3563 and minimum premiums. Classification rates may be modified to produce rates for individual risks in 3564 accordance with rating plans that establish standards for measuring variations in hazards, expense provisions, or both. The standards may measure any difference among risks that can be demonstrated to have a probable effect upon losses or expenses.

3567 D. All rates, rating schedules or rating plans and every manual of classifications, rules and rates,
including every modification thereof, approved by the Commission under this chapter, shall be used until a change is approved by the Commission.

3570 § 38.2-2201. Provisions for payment of medical expense and loss of income benefits; assignment 3571 of certain benefits.

A. Upon request of an insured, each insurer licensed in this Commonwealth issuing or delivering any policy or contract of bodily injury or property damage liability insurance covering liability arising from the ownership, maintenance or use of any motor vehicle shall provide on payment of the premium, as a minimum coverage (i) to persons occupying the insured motor vehicle; and (ii) to the named insured and, while resident of the named insured's household, the spouse and relatives of the named insured while in or upon, entering or alighting from or through being struck by a motor vehicle while not occupying a motor vehicle, the following health care and disability benefits for each accident:

1. All reasonable and necessary expenses for medical, chiropractic, hospital, dental, surgical, ambulance, prosthetic and rehabilitation services, *emergency medical services vehicle transportation services*, and funeral expenses, resulting from the accident and incurred within three years after the date of the accident, up to \$2,000 per person; however, if the insured does not elect to purchase such limit the insurer and insured may agree to any other limit;

2. If the person is usually engaged in a remunerative occupation, an amount equal to the loss of income incurred after the date of the accident resulting from injuries received in the accident up to \$100 per week during the period from the first workday lost as a result of the accident up to the date the person is able to return to his usual occupation. However, the period shall not extend beyond one year from the date of the accident; and

3589 3. An expense described in subdivision 1 shall be deemed to have been incurred:

a. If the insured is directly responsible for payment of the expense;

b. If the expense is paid by (i) a health care insurer pursuant to a negotiated contract with the health care provider or (ii) Medicaid or Medicare, where the actual payment with reference to the medical bill rendered by the provider is less than or equal to the provider's usual and customary fee, in the amount of the actual payment as evidenced by an explanation of benefits, remittance advice, or similar documentation from the health care provider; however, if the insured is required to make a payment in addition to the actual payment by the health care insurer or Medicaid or Medicare, the amount shall be increased by the payment made by the insured; or

c. If no medical bill is rendered or specific charge made by a health care provider to the insured, aninsurer, or any other person, in the amount of the usual and customary fee charged in that communityfor the service rendered.

3601 B. The insured has the option of purchasing either or both of the coverages set forth in subdivisions 3602 A 1 and A 2. Either or both of the coverages, as well as any other medical expense or loss of income 3603 coverage under any policy of automobile liability insurance, shall be payable to the covered injured 3604 person or pursuant to an assignment of benefits in accordance with subsection D, notwithstanding the 3605 failure or refusal of the named insured or other person entitled to the coverage to give notice to the 3606 insurer of an accident as soon as practicable under the terms of the policy, except where the failure or 3607 refusal prejudices the insurer in establishing the validity of the claim.

3608 C. În any policy of personal automobile insurance in which the insured has purchased coverage
3609 under subsection A, every insurer providing such coverage arising from the ownership, maintenance or
3610 use of no more than four motor vehicles shall be liable to pay up to the maximum policy limit available
3611 on every motor vehicle insured under that coverage if the health care or disability expenses and costs
3612 mentioned in subsection A exceed the limits of coverage for any one motor vehicle so insured.

3613 D. Any attempt to assign medical expense benefits shall be subject to the following:

3614 1. An assignment of medical expense benefits shall be valid only if:

a. A copy of the AOB form, executed by the assignor and in compliance with the other requirements
of subdivision D 1 and a copy of the notice complying with subdivision g if such notice is provided in
a separate document pursuant to subdivision e, is provided to the motor vehicle insurer;

3618 b. The AOB form is (i) in writing, which includes any printed or electronic format, (ii) dated, and **3619** (iii) executed by the assignor;

3620 c. The AOB form includes a conspicuous statement that the assignor is not required to execute the 3621 AOB form;

d. If the AOB form includes a notice that complies with the provisions of subdivision g, the AOB form is signed, initialed, or otherwise marked by the assignor, at or near the notice provision, to acknowledge that the assignor has read, or had the opportunity to read, the notice;

3625 e. If the AOB form does not include a notice that complies with the provisions of subdivision g, (i)

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3626 the assignor is given a separate document, in any printed or electronic format, that is delivered to the 3627 assignor at the same time as the AOB form and that contains a notice that complies with the provisions 3628 of subdivision g; (ii) the AOB form includes a conspicuous statement that a notice regarding the 3629 assignment of medical expense benefits is provided in a separate document; and (iii) the AOB form is 3630 signed, initialed, or otherwise marked by the assignor at or near the statement described in clause (ii) to 3631 acknowledge that the assignor has read, or had the opportunity to read, the separate document containing 3632 the notice;

3633 f. The statements required by subdivision D 1 to be included in the AOB form or a separate 3634 document, including the notice prescribed by subdivision g, are in not less than eight-point type; and

3635 g. The assignor is provided, either in the AOB form or in a separate document, a notice that 3636 summarizes the effect of the assignment of medical expense benefits, which notice states the following: 3637 "Notice: automobile accident patients

3638 If you have been in an automobile accident, you may be entitled to payment from your automobile 3639 insurance if you have medical expense benefits coverage. By signing this assignment of benefits form 3640 you are giving to your health care provider the right to receive some or all of that payment directly 3641 from your automobile insurance company.

3642 If you have health insurance and your healthcare provider is in-network: as long as you provide 3643 information necessary to verify your health insurance coverage the healthcare provider may only bill the 3644 amount you owe for any copayment, coinsurance, or deductibles to your automobile insurance and you 3645 may be entitled to any remainder of your automobile insurance benefit.

3646 If you do not provide information necessary to verify your health insurance coverage, do not have health insurance, or your healthcare provider is not in your health insurer's provider network: your health 3647 3648 care provider may bill their full charges to your automobile insurance.

You may want to consult your insurance agent or attorney before signing or initialing this form. You 3649 3650 are not required to sign/initial this form to receive care.";

3651 2. Upon receipt of a copy of an AOB form that satisfies the requirements of subdivision D 1 and (i) 3652 an explanation of benefits or remittance advice or (ii) a bill, claim form, or documentation from the 3653 assignee advising that it has been represented to the assignee that the covered injured person does not have health insurance or is covered by a self-insured or self-funded employee welfare benefit plan 3654 3655 subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 which requires medical expense 3656 coverage to be primary, a motor vehicle insurer shall pay directly to the health care provider, from any 3657 medical expense benefits available to such person under a motor vehicle insurance policy:

3658 a. If the covered injured person is covered under a health care policy, the health care provider is an 3659 in-network provider, and the health care provider has submitted its claim to the health insurer for the health care services, the amount of any copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles owed by the injured 3660 3661 covered person to the health care provider, as evidenced by an explanation of benefits, remittance 3662 advice, or similar documentation provided to the motor vehicle insurer; or

3663 b. If (i) the covered injured person is not covered under a health care policy, (ii) the covered injured 3664 person is covered by a self-insured or self-funded employee welfare benefit plan subject to the 3665 Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 which requires medical expense coverage to be primary, or (iii) the health care provider is not an in-network provider, amounts to cover the cost of the 3666 3667 health care services provided, in the amount of the usual and customary fee charged in that community 3668 for the health care services rendered;

3669 3. A motor vehicle insurer shall in all respects be held harmless for making payments pursuant to 3670 subdivision D 2 to a health care provider in accordance with an assignment of benefits that satisfies the 3671 requirements of subdivision D 1;

4. A covered injured person shall not be required to assign to any person any medical expense 3672 3673 benefits he may have under this section, including any assignment of the proceeds of such coverages;

3674 5. An assignment of medical expense benefits shall be void and unenforceable as against public 3675 policy if the assignment does not comply with the requirements of subdivision D 1;

3676 6. Medical expense benefits may not be reduced because of any benefits paid, payable, or provided 3677 by any insurance contract providing hospital, medical, surgical, and similar or related benefits, or any subscription contract or health services plan delivered or issued for delivery or providing for the 3678 3679 payment of benefits to or on behalf of persons residing in or employed in the Commonwealth, except as 3680 authorized by this section; and

3681 7. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the payment of medical expense benefits due to the covered 3682 injured person directly to any state or federal assistance program that has provided medical benefits to 3683 such injured person when the injury arose out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor 3684 vehicle. 3685

E. As used in subsection D:

3686 "AOB form" means the document or instrument that contains a provision by which the assignor 3687 assigns medical expense benefits, including any assignment of the proceeds of such coverages, to an 3688 assignee. The AOB form may be a separate instrument or included in another instrument, including a 3689 consent form or a form assigning other benefits.

3690 "Assignee" means the health care provider to which the assignor is assigning medical expense 3691 benefits, including any assignment of the proceeds of such coverages.

3692 "Assignor" means the covered injured person or a person authorized to consent on the covered 3693 injured person's behalf.

3694 "Health care policy" means any health care plan, subscription contract, evidence of coverage, 3695 certificate, health services plan, medical or hospital services plan, accident and sickness insurance policy 3696 or certificate, or other similar certificate, policy, contract, or arrangement, and any endorsement or rider 3697 thereto, offered, arranged, issued, or administered by a health insurer to an individual or a group 3698 contract holder to cover all or a portion of the cost of individuals, or their eligible dependents, receiving 3699 covered health care services. Health care policy includes coverages issued pursuant to (i) Chapter 28 (§ 2.2-2800 et seq.) of Title 2.2 (state employees); (ii) § 2.2-1204 (local choice); (iii) 5 U.S.C. § 8901 et 3700 3701 seq. (federal employees); and (iv) an employee welfare benefit plan as defined in 29 U.S.C. § 1002(1) of 3702 the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 that is self-insured or self-funded. Health care policy does not include (a) coverages issued pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1395 et seq. (Medicare); Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1396 et seq. 3703 3704 3705 (Medicaid), or Title XXI of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1397aa et seq. (CHIP); or Chapter 55 3706 of Title 10 of the United States Code, 10 U.S.C. § 1071 et seq. (TRICARE); (b) subscription contracts 3707 for one or more dental or optometric services plans that are subject to Chapter 45 (§ 38.2-4500 et seq.); 3708 (c) insurance policies that provide coverage, singly or in combination, for death, dismemberment, 3709 disability, or hospital and medical care caused by or necessitated as a result of accident or specified 3710 kinds of accidents, including student accident, sports accident, blanket accident, specific accident, and 3711 accidental death and dismemberment policies; (d) credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance issued pursuant to Chapter 37.1 (§ 38.2-3717 et seq.) of Title 38.2; (e) insurance policies that 3712 provide payments when an insured is disabled or unable to work because of illness, disease, or injury, 3713 3714 including incidental benefits; (f) long-term care insurance as defined in § 38.2-5200; (g) plans providing 3715 only limited health care services under § 38.2-4300 unless offered by endorsement or rider to a group 3716 health benefit plan; (h) TRICARE supplement, Medicare supplement, and workers' compensation coverages; or (i) medical expense coverage issued pursuant to this section. 3717

3718 "Health care provider" has the same meaning that is ascribed to that term in § 8.01-581.1.

3719 "Health care services" means items or services furnished to any individual for the purpose of 3720 preventing, alleviating, curing, or healing human illness, injury, or physical disability. 3721

"Health insurer" means any entity that is the issuer or sponsor of a health care policy.

3722 "In-network provider" means a health care provider that is employed by or has entered into a 3723 provider agreement with the health insurer that has issued the health care policy, under which applicable 3724 agreement the health care provider has agreed to provide health care services to covered patients.

3725 "Medical expense benefits" means the benefits of coverages described in subdivision A 1, including any assignment of the proceeds of such coverages. 3726

3727 "Motor vehicle insurer" means the insurer issuing or delivering a policy or contract covering liability 3728 arising from the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle that provides coverage for medical 3729 expense benefits.

3730 "Person authorized to consent on the covered injured person's behalf" means any person authorized 3731 by law to consent on behalf of the covered injured person incapable of making an informed decision or, 3732 in the case of a minor child, the parent or parents having custody of the child or the child's legal 3733 guardian or as otherwise provided by law.

3734 "Provider agreement" means a contract, agreement, or arrangement between a health care provider 3735 and a health insurer, or a health insurer's network, provider panel, intermediary, or representative, under 3736 which the health care provider has agreed to provide health care services to patients with coverage under 3737 a health care policy issued by the health insurer and to accept payment from the health insurer for the 3738 health care services provided. 3739

§ 38.2-2202. Required notice of optional coverage available.

3740 A. No original premium notice for insurance covering liability arising out of the ownership, 3741 maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle shall be issued or delivered unless it contains on the front of 3742 the premium notice or unless there is enclosed with the premium notice, in **boldface** type, the following 3743 statement:

3744 IMPORTANT NOTICE

3745 IN ADDITION TO THE MINIMUM INSURANCE REQUIRED BY LAW, YOU MAY 3746 PURCHASE ADDITIONAL INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR THE NAMED INSURED AND FOR 3747 HIS RELATIVES WHO ARE MEMBERS OF HIS HOUSEHOLD WHILE IN OR UPON, ENTERING OR ALIGHTING FROM A MOTOR VEHICLE, OR THROUGH BEING STRUCK BY A MOTOR 3748

3749 VEHICLE WHILE NOT OCCUPYING A MOTOR VEHICLE, AND FOR OCCUPANTS OF THE 3750 INSURED MOTOR VEHICLE. THE FOLLOWING HEALTH CARE AND DISABILITY BENEFITS ARE AVAILABLE FOR EACH ACCIDENT: 3751 3752 1. PAYMENT OF UP TO \$2,000 PER PERSON FOR ALL REASONABLE AND NECESSARY 3753 EXPENSES FOR MEDICAL, CHIROPRACTIC, HOSPITAL, DENTAL, SURGICAL, AMBULANCE, 3754 PROSTHETIC AND REHABILITATION SERVICES, EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES VEHICLE 3755 TRANSPORTATION SERVICES, AND FUNERAL EXPENSES RESULTING FROM THE ACCIDENT AND INCURRED WITHIN THREE YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF THE ACCIDENT. HOWEVER, 3756 IF YOU DO NOT PURCHASE THE \$2,000 LIMIT OF COVERAGE, YOU AND THE COMPANY 3757 3758 MAY AGREE TO ANY OTHER LIMIT; AND 2. AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE LOSS OF INCOME UP TO \$100 PER WEEK IF THE INJURED PERSON IS ENGAGED IN AN OCCUPATION FOR WHICH HE RECEIVES 3759 3760 COMPENSATION, FROM THE FIRST WORKDAY LOST AS A RESULT OF THE ACCIDENT UP 3761 3762 TO THE DATE THE PERSON IS ABLE TO RETURN TO HIS USUAL OCCUPATION. SUCH 3763 PAYMENTS ARE LIMITED TO A PERIOD EXTENDING ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF THE 3764 ACCIDENT. 3765 IF YOU DESIRE TO PURCHASE EITHER OR BOTH OF THESE COVERAGES AT AN 3766 ADDITIONAL PREMIUM, YOU MAY DO SO BY CONTACTING THE AGENT OR COMPANY 3767 THAT ISSUED YOUR POLICY. 3768 The insurer issuing the premium notice shall inform the insured by any reasonable means of communication of the approximate premium for the additional coverage. 3769 3770 B. No new policy or original premium notice of insurance covering liability arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle shall be issued or delivered unless it contains the 3771 3772 following statement printed in boldface type, or unless the statement is attached to the front of or is 3773 enclosed with the policy or premium notice: 3774 IMPORTANT NOTICE 3775 IN ADDITION TO THE INSURANCE COVERAGE REQUIRED BY LAW TO PROTECT YOU AGAINST A LOSS CAUSED BY AN UNINSURED MOTORIST, IF YOU HAVE PURCHASED 3776 LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE THAT IS HIGHER THAN THAT REQUIRED BY LAW TO 3777 PROTECT YOU AGAINST LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MAINTENANCE, 3778 3779 OR USE OF THE MOTOR VEHICLES COVERED BY THIS POLICY, AND YOU HAVE NOT 3780 ALREADY PURCHASED UNINSURED MOTORIST INSURANCE COVERAGE EQUAL TO YOUR 3781 LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE : 1. YOUR UNINSURED AND UNDERINSURED MOTORIST INSURANCE COVERAGE HAS 3782 3783 INCREASED TO THE LIMITS OF YOUR LIABILITY COVERAGE AND THIS INCREASE WILL COST YOU AN EXTRA PREMIUM CHARGE; AND 3784 3785 2. YOUR TOTAL PREMIUM CHARGE FOR YOUR MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE COVERAGE WILL INCREASE IF YOU DO NOT NOTIFY YOUR AGENT OR INSURER OF YOUR 3786 DESIRE TO REDUCE COVERAGE WITHIN 20 DAYS OF THE MAILING OF THE POLICY OR 3787 3788 THE PREMIUM NOTICE, AS THE CASE MAY BE. THE INSURER MAY REQUIRE THAT SUCH 3789 A REQUEST TO REDUCE COVERAGE BE IN WRITING. 3790 3. IF THIS IS A NEW POLICY AND YOU HAVE ALREADY SIGNED A WRITTEN 3791 REJECTION OF SUCH HIGHER LIMITS IN CONNECTION WITH IT, PARAGRAPHS 1 AND 2 OF 3792 THIS NOTICE DO NOT APPLY. 3793 After twenty 20 days, the insurer shall be relieved of the obligation imposed by this subsection to 3794 attach or imprint the foregoing statement to any subsequently delivered renewal policy, extension 3795 certificate, other written statement of coverage continuance, or to any subsequently mailed premium 3796 notice. 3797 § 38.2-3407.9. Reimbursement for emergency medical services vehicle transportation services. 3798 A. If an accident and sickness insurance policy provides coverage for ambulance emergency medical 3799 services vehicle transportation services, any person providing such services to a person covered under 3800 such policy shall receive reimbursement for such services directly from the issuer of such policy, when 3801 the issuer of such policy is presented with an assignment of benefits by the person providing such 3802 services. B. No (i) insurer proposing to issue individual or group accident and sickness insurance policies 3803 3804 providing hospital, medical and surgical or major medical coverage on an expense-incurred basis, (ii) corporation providing individual or group accident and sickness subscription contracts, or (iii) health 3805 3806 maintenance organization providing a health care plan for health care services shall establish or promote 3807 an emergency medical response and transportation system that encourages or directs access by a person 3808 covered under such policy, contract or plan in competition with or in substitution of an emergency 911 3809 system or other state, county or municipal emergency medical system for ambulance emergency medical 3810 services vehicle transportation services. An entity subject to this subsection may use transportation

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3811 outside an emergency 911 system or other state, county or municipal emergency medical system for 3812 services that are not ambulance emergency medical services vehicle transportation services.

C. For the purposes of this section, "ambulance emergency medical services vehicle transportation 3813 3814 services" means the transportation of any person requiring resuscitation or emergency relief or where 3815 human life is endangered, by means of any ambulance, rescue or life-saving emergency medical services 3816 vehicle designed or used principally for such purposes. Such term includes emergency medical services 3817 ambulances and mobile intensive care units. No (i) insurer proposing to issue individual or group accident and sickness insurance policies providing hospital, medical and surgical or major medical 3818 3819 coverage on an expense-incurred basis, (ii) corporation providing individual or group accident and 3820 sickness subscription contracts, or (iii) health maintenance organization providing a health care plan for 3821 health care services shall require a person covered under such policy, contract or plan to obtain prior 3822 authorization before accessing an emergency 911 system or other state, county or municipal emergency 3823 medical system for ambulance emergency medical services vehicle transportation services.

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§ 40.1-79.01. Exemptions from chapter generally.

3825 A. Nothing in this chapter, except the provisions of §§ 40.1-100 A, 40.1-100.1, 40.1-100.2, and 3826 40.1-103, shall apply to:

3827 1. A child engaged in domestic work when such work is performed in connection with the child's 3828 own home and directly for his parent or a person standing in place of his parent;

3829 2. A child employed in occasional work performed outside school hours where such work is in 3830 connection with the employer's home but not in connection with the employer's business, trade, or 3831 profession;

3832 3. A child 12 or 13 years of age employed outside school hours on farms, in orchards or in gardens 3833 with the consent of his parent or a person standing in place of his parent;

4. A child between the ages of 12 and 18 employed as a page or clerk for either the House of 3834 3835 Delegates or the Senate of Virginia;

3836 5. A child participating in the activities of a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 3837 agency;

3838 6. A child under 16 years of age employed by his parent in an occupation other than manufacturing; 3839 or

3840 7. A child 12 years of age or older employed by an eleemosynary organization or unit of state or 3841 local government as a referee for sports programs sponsored by that eleemosynary, state, or local 3842 organization or by an organization of referees sponsored by an organization recognized by the United 3843 States Olympic Committee under 36 U.S.C. § 220522.

3844 B. Nothing in this chapter, except §§ 40.1-100.1, 40.1-100.2, and 40.1-103, shall be construed to 3845 apply to a child employed by his parent or a person standing in place of his parent on farms, in 3846 orchards or in gardens owned or operated by such parent or person. 3847

§ 40.1-103. Cruelty and injuries to children; penalty; abandoned infant.

3848 A. It shall be unlawful for any person employing or having the custody of any child willfully or 3849 negligently to cause or permit the life of such child to be endangered or the health of such child to be 3850 injured, or willfully or negligently to cause or permit such child to be placed in a situation that its life, 3851 health or morals may be endangered, or to cause or permit such child to be overworked, tortured, 3852 tormented, mutilated, beaten or cruelly treated. Any person violating this section shall be is guilty of a 3853 Class 6 felony.

3854 B. If a prosecution under this section is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at a 3855 hospital or rescue squad emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense to 3856 prosecution of a parent under this section that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that 3857 provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended rescue squad emergency medical services agency 3858 that employs emergency medical technicians services personnel, within the first 14 days of the child's 3859 life. In order for the affirmative defense to apply, the child shall be delivered in a manner reasonably 3860 calculated to ensure the child's safety.

3861 § 44-146.28. Authority of Governor and agencies under his control in declared state of 3862 emergency.

3863 (a) In the case of a declaration of a state of emergency as defined in § 44-146.16, the Governor is 3864 authorized to expend from all funds of the state treasury not constitutionally restricted, a sum sufficient. 3865 Allotments from such sum sufficient may be made by the Governor to any state agency or political 3866 subdivision of the Commonwealth to carry out disaster service missions and responsibilities. Allotments 3867 may also be made by the Governor from the sum sufficient to provide financial assistance to eligible 3868 applicants located in an area declared to be in a state of emergency, but not declared to be a major 3869 disaster area for which federal assistance might be forthcoming. This shall be considered as a program 3870 of last resort for those local jurisdictions that cannot meet the full cost.

3871 The Virginia Department of Emergency Management shall establish guidelines and procedures for 3872 determining whether and to what extent financial assistance to local governments may be provided.

3873 The guidelines and procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

3874 (1) Participants may be eligible to receive financial assistance to cover a percentage of eligible costs 3875 if they demonstrate that they are incapable of covering the full cost. The percentage may vary, based on the Commission on Local Government's fiscal stress index. The cumulative effect of recent disasters 3876 3877 during the preceding twelve months may also be considered for eligibility purposes.

3878 (2) Only eligible participants that have sustained an emergency or disaster as defined in § 44-146.16 3879 with total eligible costs of four dollars or more per capita may receive assistance except that (i) any 3880 town with a total population of less than 3,500 shall be eligible for disaster assistance for incurred 3881 eligible damages of \$15,000 or greater and (ii) any town with a population of 3,500 or more, but less than 5,000 shall be eligible for disaster assistance for incurred eligible damages of \$20,000 or greater 3882 and (iii) any town with a population of 5,000 or greater with total eligible costs of four dollars or more 3883 3884 per capita may receive assistance. No site or facility may be included with less than \$1,000 in eligible 3885 costs. However, the total cost of debris clearance may be considered as costs associated with a single 3886 site.

3887 (3) Eligible participants shall be fully covered by all-risk property and flood insurance policies, 3888 including provisions for insuring the contents of the property and business interruptions, or shall be 3889 self-insured, in order to be eligible for this assistance. Insurance deductibles shall not be covered by this 3890 program.

3891 (4) Eligible costs incurred by towns, public service authorities, volunteer fire departments and 3892 volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services agencies may be included in a county's or city's 3893 total costs.

3894 (5) Unless otherwise stated in guidelines and procedures, eligible costs are defined as those listed in 3895 the Public Assistance component of Public Law 93-288, as amended, excluding beach replenishment and 3896 snow removal.

3897 (6) State agencies, as directed by the Virginia Department of Emergency Management, shall conduct 3898 an on-site survey to validate damages and to document restoration costs.

3899 (7) Eligible participants shall maintain complete documentation of all costs in a manner approved by 3900 the Auditor of Public Accounts and shall provide copies of the documentation to the Virginia 3901 Department of Emergency Management upon request.

3902 If a jurisdiction meets the criteria set forth in the guidelines and procedures, but is in an area that has 3903 neither been declared to be in a state of emergency nor been declared to be a major disaster area for 3904 which federal assistance might be forthcoming, the Governor is authorized, in his discretion, to make an 3905 allotment from the sum sufficient to that jurisdiction without a declaration of a state of emergency, in 3906 the same manner as if a state of emergency declaration had been made.

3907 The Governor shall report to the Chairmen of the Senate Finance Committee, the House 3908 Appropriations Committee, and the House Finance Committee within thirty days of authorizing the sum 3909 sufficient pursuant to this section. The Virginia Department of Emergency Management shall report 3910 annually to the General Assembly on the local jurisdictions that received financial assistance and the 3911 amount each jurisdiction received.

3912 (b) Public agencies under the supervision and control of the Governor may implement their 3913 emergency assignments without regard to normal procedures (except mandatory constitutional 3914 requirements) pertaining to the performance of public work, entering into contracts, incurring of 3915 obligations, employment of temporary workers, rental of equipment, purchase of supplies and materials 3916 and expenditures of public funds.

3917 (c) Allotments may be made by the Governor from a sum sufficient to provide financial assistance to 3918 Virginia state agencies and political subdivisions responding to a declared state of emergency in another 3919 state as provided by § 44-146.17, whether or not a state of emergency is declared in the Commonwealth 3920 pursuant to § 44-146.16.

3921 (d) Allotments may be made by the Governor from a sum sufficient for the deployment of personnel 3922 and materials for the Virginia National Guard and the Virginia Defense Force to prepare for a response 3923 to any of the circumstances set forth in subdivisions A 1 through A 5 of § 44-75.1, whether or not a 3924 state of emergency is declared in the Commonwealth pursuant to § 44-146.16. However, preparation 3925 authorized by this subsection shall be limited to the deployment of no more than 300 personnel, and 3926 shall be limited to no more than five days, unless a state of emergency is declared. 3927

§ 45.1-161.199. Certified emergency medical services providers.

At least one person who is a working coal miner and who has been certified by the State Board of 3928 3929 Health as possessing the qualifications of an emergency medical technician or holds a valid certificate 3930 as an emergency medical services first responder provider issued by the Commissioner of the Department of Health shall be located so as to be available for duty at each mine when miners are 3931 3932 working at that mine. Such emergency medical services personnel providers shall be utilized in 3933 sufficient numbers to assure that workers in any mine location can be reached by them within such

3934 reasonable time as is determined by the Chief. Emergency medical services personnel providers shall 3935 have available to them at all times the necessary equipment, as specified by the Chief, for prompt 3936 response to emergencies. In the event that at any time there is at any mine an insufficient number of 3937 qualified miners volunteering to serve as emergency medical services personnel providers as provided 3938 for in this section, the operator may elect to utilize the services of first aid trainees, in such numbers as 3939 the Chief determines to be appropriate. Telephone or equivalent facilities shall be installed to provide 3940 two-way voice communication between the emergency medical services personnel providers and medical 3941 personnel outside the mine.

3942 § 46.2-208. Records of Department; when open for inspection; release of privileged information.

A. All records in the office of the Department containing the specific classes of information outlined below shall be considered privileged records:

3945 1. Personal information, including all data defined as "personal information" in § 2.2-3801;

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2. Driver information, including all data that relates to driver's license status and driver activity; and
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3949 B. The Commissioner shall release such information only under the following conditions:

3950 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, medical data included in personal data shall be released only to a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner as provided in § 46.2-322.

3952 2. Insurance data may be released as specified in §§ 46.2-372, 46.2-380, and 46.2-706.

3953 3. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, information disclosed or furnished shall be assessed a fee as specified in § 46.2-214.

3955 4. When the person requesting the information is (i) the subject of the information, (ii) the parent or 3956 guardian of the subject of the information, (iii) the authorized representative of the subject of the 3957 information, or (iv) the owner of the vehicle that is the subject of the information, the Commissioner 3958 shall provide him with the requested information and a complete explanation of it. Requests for such 3959 information need not be made in writing or in person and may be made orally or by telephone, provided 3960 that the Department is satisfied that there is adequate verification of the requester's identity. When so 3961 requested in writing by (a) the subject of the information, (b) the parent or guardian of the subject of 3962 the information, (c) the authorized representative of the subject of the information, or (d) the owner of 3963 the vehicle that is the subject of the information, the Commissioner shall verify and, if necessary, correct 3964 the personal information provided and furnish driver and vehicle information in the form of an abstract 3965 of the record.

3966 5. On the written request of any insurance carrier, surety, or representative of an insurance carrier or 3967 surety, the Commissioner shall furnish such insurance carrier, surety, or representative an abstract of the 3968 record of any person subject to the provisions of this title. The abstract shall include any record of any 3969 conviction of a violation of any provision of any statute or ordinance relating to the operation or 3970 ownership of a motor vehicle or of any injury or damage in which he was involved and a report of 3971 which is required by § 46.2-372. No such report of any conviction or accident shall be made after 60 3972 months from the date of the conviction or accident unless the Commissioner or court used the 3973 conviction or accident as a reason for the suspension or revocation of a driver's license or driving 3974 privilege, in which case the revocation or suspension and any conviction or accident pertaining thereto 3975 shall not be reported after 60 months from the date that the driver's license or driving privilege has been 3976 reinstated. This abstract shall not be admissible in evidence in any court proceedings.

6. On the written request of any business organization or its agent, in the conduct of its business, the
Commissioner shall compare personal information supplied by the business organization or agent with
that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by the business
organization or agent is different from that contained in the Department's records, provide the business
organization or agent with correct information as contained in the Department's records. Personal
information provided under this subdivision shall be used solely for the purpose of pursuing remedies
that require locating an individual.

3984 7. The Commissioner shall provide vehicle information to any business organization or agent on such business' or agent's written request. Disclosures made under this subdivision shall not include any personal information and shall not be subject to the limitations contained in subdivision 6 of this subsection.

8. On the written request of any motor vehicle rental or leasing company or its designated agent, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by the company or agent with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by the company or agent with correct information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide the company or agent with driver information in the form of an abstract of any person subject to the provisions of this title. Such abstract shall include any record of any conviction of a violation of any provision of any statute or ordinance

3995 relating to the operation or ownership of a motor vehicle or of any injury or damage in which the 3996 subject of the abstract was involved and a report of which is required by § 46.2-372. No such abstract 3997 shall include any record of any conviction or accident more than 60 months after the date of such 3998 conviction or accident unless the Commissioner or court used the conviction or accident as a reason for 3999 the suspension or revocation of a driver's license or driving privilege, in which case the revocation or 4000 suspension and any conviction or accident pertaining thereto shall cease to be included in such abstract 4001 after 60 months from the date on which the driver's license or driving privilege was reinstated. No 4002 abstract released under this subdivision shall be admissible in evidence in any court proceedings.

4003 9. On the request of any federal, state, or local governmental entity, local government group 4004 self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, attorney for the Commonwealth, court, or the authorized 4005 agent of any of the foregoing, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by the governmental entity, local government group self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, attorney for 4006 4007 the Commonwealth, court, or the authorized agent of any of the foregoing, with that contained in the 4008 Department's records and, when the information supplied by the governmental entity, local government 4009 group self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, attorney for the Commonwealth, court, or the 4010 authorized agent of any of the foregoing, is different from that contained in the Department's records, 4011 provide the governmental entity, local government group self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, 4012 attorney for the Commonwealth, court, or the authorized agent of any of the foregoing, with correct 4013 information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver and vehicle information in 4014 the form of an abstract of the record showing all convictions, accidents, driver's license suspensions or 4015 revocations, and other appropriate information as the governmental entity, local government group 4016 self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, attorney for the Commonwealth, court, or the authorized 4017 agent of any of the foregoing, may require in order to carry out its official functions. The abstract shall 4018 be provided free of charge.

4019 10. On request of the driver licensing authority in any other state or foreign country, the
4020 Commissioner shall provide whatever classes of information the requesting authority shall require in
4021 order to carry out its official functions. The information shall be provided free of charge.

4022 11. On the written request of any employer, prospective employer, or authorized agent of either, and 4023 with the written consent of the individual concerned, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal 4024 information supplied by the employer, prospective employer, or agent with that contained in the 4025 Department's records and, when the information supplied by the employer, prospective employer, or 4026 agent is different from that contained in the Department's records, provide the employer, prospective 4027 employer, or agent with correct information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide the 4028 employer, prospective employer, or agent with driver information in the form of an abstract of an 4029 individual's record showing all convictions, accidents, driver's license suspensions or revocations, and 4030 any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses, provided that the individual's position 4031 or the position that the individual is being considered for involves the operation of a motor vehicle.

4032 12. On the written request of any member of or applicant for membership in a volunteer fire 4033 company or any volunteer emergency medical services personnel or applicant to serve as volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services personnel, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal 4034 4035 information supplied by the volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical 4036 services agency with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by 4037 the volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency is different 4038 from that contained in the Department's records, provide the volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency with correct information as contained in the Department's 4039 4040 records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of an abstract of the member's, personnel, or applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of 4041 driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall be provided free of charge if 4042 4043 the request is accompanied by appropriate written evidence that the person is a member of or applicant 4044 for membership in a volunteer fire company or a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 4045 agency to serve as a member of a volunteer emergency medical services agency and the abstract is 4046 needed by a volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency to 4047 establish the qualifications of the member, *volunteer*, or applicant to operate equipment owned by the 4048 volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency.

4049 13. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer with a Virginia affiliate 4050 of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information 4051 supplied by a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big 4052 4053 Sisters of America is different from that contained in the Department's records, provide the Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America with correct information as contained in the 4054 4055 Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of an abstract of the applicant's 4056 record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of driver's

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4057 license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall be provided at a fee that is one-half4058 the normal charge if the request is accompanied by appropriate written evidence that the person has4059 applied to be a volunteer with a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America.

 14. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer with a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant to § 9.1-153, the Commissioner shall provide an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall be provided free of charge if the request is accompanied by appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer with a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant to § 9.1-153.

4066 15. Upon the request of any employer, prospective employer, or authorized representative of either, 4067 the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by the employer, prospective employer, or agent with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied 4068 4069 by the employer, prospective employer, or agent is different from that contained in the Department's 4070 records, provide the employer, prospective employer, or agent with correct information as contained in 4071 the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of an abstract of the driving 4072 record of any individual who has been issued a commercial driver's license, provided that the 4073 individual's position or the position that the individual is being considered for involves the operation of 4074 a commercial motor vehicle. Such abstract shall show all convictions, accidents, license suspensions, 4075 revocations, or disqualifications, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses.

4076 16. Upon the receipt of a completed application and payment of applicable processing fees, the4077 Commissioner may enter into an agreement with any governmental authority or business to exchange4078 information specified in this section by electronic or other means.

4079 17. Upon the request of an attorney representing a person in a motor vehicle accident, the 4080 Commissioner shall provide vehicle information, including the owner's name and address, to the 4081 attorney.

4082 18. Upon the request, in the course of business, of any authorized representative of an insurance 4083 company or of any not-for-profit entity organized to prevent and detect insurance fraud, or perform 4084 rating and underwriting activities, the Commissioner shall provide to such person (i) all vehicle 4085 information, including the owner's name and address, descriptive data and title, registration, and vehicle 4086 activity data as requested or (ii) all driver information including name, license number and classification, 4087 date of birth, and address information for each driver under the age of 22 licensed in the 4088 Commonwealth of Virginia meeting the request criteria designated by such person, with such request 4089 criteria consisting of driver's license number or address information. No such information shall be used 4090 for solicitation of sales, marketing, or other commercial purposes.

4091 19. Upon the request of an officer authorized to issue criminal warrants, for the purpose of issuing a
4092 warrant for arrest for unlawful disposal of trash or refuse in violation of § 33.2-802 the Commissioner
4093 shall provide vehicle information, including the owner's name and address.

4094 20. Upon written request of the compliance agent of a private security services business, as defined
4095 in § 9.1-138, which is licensed by the Department of Criminal Justice Services, the Commissioner shall
4096 provide the name and address of the owner of the vehicle under procedures determined by the
4097 Commissioner.

4098 21. Upon the request of the operator of a toll facility or traffic light photo-monitoring system acting 4099 on behalf of a government entity, or of the Dulles Access Highway, or an authorized agent or employee 4100 of a toll facility operator or traffic light photo-monitoring system operator acting on behalf of a 4101 government entity or the Dulles Access Highway, for the purpose of obtaining vehicle owner data under 4102 subsection L of § 46.2-819.1 or subsection H of § 15.2-968.1 or subsection N of § 46.2-819.5. 4103 Information released pursuant to this subdivision shall be limited to the name and address of the 4104 registered owner of the vehicle having failed to pay a toll or having failed to comply with a traffic light 4105 signal or having improperly used the Dulles Access Highway and the vehicle information, including all 4106 descriptive vehicle data and title and registration data of the same vehicle.

4107 22. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer with a Virginia affiliate 4108 of Compeer, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by a Virginia affiliate of Compeer with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by a 4109 4110 Virginia affiliate of Competer is different from that contained in the Department's records, provide the 4111 Virginia affiliate of Compeer with correct information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) 4112 provide driver information in the form of an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, 4113 accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual 4114 currently possesses. Such abstract shall be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the 4115 request is accompanied by appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer with a Virginia affiliate of Compeer. 4116

4117 23. Upon the request of the Department of Environmental Quality for the purpose of obtaining

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4118 vehicle owner data in connection with enforcement actions involving on-road testing of motor vehicles,4119 pursuant to § 46.2-1178.1.

4120 24. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with a 4121 Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by a Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross with that contained in the Department's 4122 4123 records and, when the information supplied by a Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross is different 4124 from that contained in the Department's records, provide the Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross 4125 with correct information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in 4126 the form of an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions 4127 or revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract 4128 shall be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the request is accompanied by 4129 appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with a 4130 Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross.

4131 25. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with a 4132 Virginia chapter of the Civil Air Patrol, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information 4133 supplied by a Virginia chapter of the Civil Air Patrol with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by a Virginia chapter of the Civil Air Patrol is different from that 4134 4135 contained in the Department's records, provide the Virginia chapter of the Civil Air Patrol with correct 4136 information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of 4137 an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or 4138 revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall 4139 be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the request is accompanied by appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with a Virginia chapter of 4140 4141 the Civil Air Patrol.

26. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with 4142 4143 Faith in Action, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by Faith in Action 4144 with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by Faith in Action is 4145 different from that contained in the Department's records, provide Faith in Action with correct 4146 information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of 4147 an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or 4148 revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall 4149 be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the request is accompanied by appropriate 4150 written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with Faith in Action.

4151 27. On the written request of the surviving spouse or child of a deceased person or the executor or
4152 administrator of a deceased person's estate, the Department shall, if the deceased person had been issued
4153 a driver's license or special identification card by the Department, supply the requestor with a hard copy
4154 image of any photograph of the deceased person kept in the Department's records.

4155 28. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer with a Virginia Council 4156 of the Girl Scouts of the USA, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by a 4157 Virginia Council of the Girl Scouts of the USA with that contained in the Department's records and, 4158 when the information supplied by a Virginia Council of the Girl Scouts of the USA is different from 4159 that contained in the Department's records, provide a Virginia Council of the Girl Scouts of the USA 4160 with correct information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in 4161 the form of an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract 4162 shall be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the request is accompanied by 4163 appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer with the Virginia Council of 4164 4165 the Girl Scouts of the USA.

4166 C. Whenever the Commissioner issues an order to suspend or revoke the driver's license or driving
4167 privilege of any individual, he may notify the National Driver Register Service operated by the United
4168 States Department of Transportation and any similar national driver information system and provide
4169 whatever classes of information the authority may require.

D. Accident reports may be inspected under the provisions of §§ 46.2-379 and 46.2-380.

E. Whenever the Commissioner takes any licensing action pursuant to the provisions of the Virginia
Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.), he may provide information to the Commercial
Driver License Information System, or any similar national commercial driver information system,
regarding such action.

4175 F. In addition to the foregoing provisions of this section, vehicle information may also be inspected **4176** under the provisions of §§ 46.2-633, 46.2-644.02, 46.2-644.03, and §§ 46.2-1200.1 through 46.2-1237.

4177 G. The Department may promulgate regulations to govern the means by which personal, vehicle, and 4178 driver information is requested and disseminated.

4179 H. Driving records of any person accused of an offense involving the operation of a motor vehicle

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4180 shall be provided by the Commissioner upon request to any person acting as counsel for the accused. If 4181 such counsel is from the public defender's office or has been appointed by the court, such records shall 4182 be provided free of charge.

4183 I. The Department shall maintain the records of persons convicted of violations of § 18.2-36.2, 4184 subsection B of § 29.1-738, and §§ 29.1-738.02, 29.1-738.2, and 29.1-738.4 which shall be forwarded by 4185 every general district court or circuit court or the clerk thereof, pursuant to § 46.2-383. Such records 4186 shall be electronically available to any law-enforcement officer as provided for under clause (ii) of 4187 subdivision B 9.

4188 J. Whenever the Commissioner issues a certificate of title for a motor vehicle, he may notify the 4189 National Motor Vehicle Title Information System, or any other nationally recognized system providing 4190 similar information, or any entity contracted to collect information for such system, and may provide 4191 whatever classes of information are required by such system. 4192

§ 46.2-334.01. Licenses issued to persons less than 19 years old subject to certain restrictions.

4193 A. Any learner's permit or driver's license issued to any person less than 18 years old shall be 4194 subject to the following:

4195 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-498, whenever the driving record of a person less than 4196 19 years old shows that he has been convicted of committing, when he was less than 18 years old, (i) 4197 an offense for which demerit points have been assessed or are assessable under Article 19 (§ 46.2-489 et 4198 seq.) or (ii) a violation of any provision of Article 12 (§ 46.2-1091 et seq.) or Article 13 (§ 46.2-1095 et 4199 seq.) of Chapter 10, the Commissioner shall direct such person to attend a driver improvement clinic. 4200 No safe driving points shall be awarded for such clinic attendance, nor shall any safe driving points be awarded for voluntary or court-assigned clinic attendance. Such person's parent, guardian, legal 4201 4202 custodian, or other person standing in loco parentis may attend such clinic and receive a reduction in 4203 demerit points and/or an award of safe driving points pursuant to § 46.2-498. The provisions of this 4204 subdivision shall not be construed to prohibit awarding of safe driving points to a person less than 18 4205 years old who attends and successfully completes a driver improvement clinic without having been 4206 directed to do so by the Commissioner or required to do so by a court.

4207 2. If any person less than 19 years old is convicted a second time of committing, when he was less 4208 than 18 years old, (i) an offense for which demerit points have been assessed or are assessable under 4209 Article 19 (§ 46.2-489 et seq.) or (ii) a violation of any provision of Article 12 (§ 46.2-1091 et seq.) or 4210 Article 13 (§ 46.2-1095 et seq.) of Chapter 10, the Commissioner shall suspend such person's driver's 4211 license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle for 90 days. Such suspension shall be consecutive to, and 4212 not concurrent with, any other period of license suspension, revocation, or denial. Any person who has 4213 had his driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle suspended in accordance with this 4214 subdivision may petition the juvenile and domestic relations district court of his residence for a restricted 4215 license to authorize such person to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth to and from his home, 4216 his place of employment, or an institution of higher learning where he is enrolled, provided there is no 4217 other means of transportation by which such person may travel between his home and his place of 4218 employment or the institution of higher learning where he is enrolled. On such petition the court may, in 4219 its discretion, authorize the issuance of a restricted license for a period not to exceed the term of the 4220 suspension of the person's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth. Such 4221 restricted license shall be valid solely for operation of a motor vehicle between such person's home and 4222 his place of employment or the institution of higher learning where he is enrolled.

4223 3. If any person is convicted a third time of committing, when he was less than 18 years old, (i) an 4224 offense for which demerit points have been assessed or are assessable under Article 19 (§ 46.2-489 et 4225 seq.) or (ii) a violation of any provision of Article 12 (§ 46.2-1091 et seq.) or Article 13 (§ 46.2-1095 et 4226 seq.) of Chapter 10, the Commissioner shall revoke such person's driver's license or privilege to operate 4227 a motor vehicle for one year or until such person reaches the age of 18 years, whichever is longer. Such 4228 revocation shall be consecutive to, and not concurrent with, any other period of license suspension, 4229 revocation, or denial.

4230 4. In no event shall any person subject to the provisions of this section be subject to the suspension or revocation provisions of subdivision 2 or 3 for multiple convictions arising out of the same 4231 4232 transaction or occurrence.

4233 B. The initial license issued to any person younger than 18 years of age shall be deemed a 4234 provisional driver's license. Until the holder is 18 years old, a provisional driver's license shall not 4235 authorize its holder to operate a motor vehicle with more than one passenger who is less than 21 years 4236 old, unless the driver is accompanied by a parent or person acting in loco parentis provided that such 4237 person accompanying the driver is occupying the seat beside the driver and is lawfully permitted to 4238 operate a motor vehicle at the time. After the first year the provisional license is issued the holder may 4239 operate a motor vehicle with up to three passengers who are less than 21 years old when (i) the holder is driving to or from a school-sponsored activity, or (ii) a licensed driver who is at least 21 years old is 4240

4241 occupying the seat beside the driver, or (iii) in cases of emergency. This passenger limitation, however, 4242 shall not apply to members of the driver's family or household. For the purposes of this subsection, "a 4243 member of the driver's family or household" means any of the following: (a) the driver's spouse, 4244 children, stepchildren, brothers, sisters, half-brothers, half-sisters, and any individual who has a child in 4245 common with the driver, whether or not they reside in the same home with the driver; (b) the driver's 4246 brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law who reside in the same home with the driver; and (c) any individual 4247 who cohabits with the driver, and any children of such individual residing in the same home with the 4248 driver.

4249 C. The holder of a provisional driver's license shall not operate a motor vehicle on the highways of 4250 the Commonwealth between the hours of midnight and 4:00 a.m. except when driving (i) to or from a 4251 place of business where he is employed; (ii) to or from an activity that is supervised by an adult and is sponsored by a school or by a civic, religious, or public organization; (iii) accompanied by a parent, a 4252 4253 person acting in loco parentis, or by a spouse who is 18 years old or older, provided that such person 4254 accompanying the driver is actually occupying a seat beside the driver and is lawfully permitted to 4255 operate a motor vehicle at the time; or (iv) in cases of emergency, including response by volunteer 4256 firefighters and volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services personnel to emergency calls.

4257 C1. Except in a driver emergency or when the vehicle is lawfully parked or stopped, the holder of a 4258 provisional driver's license shall not operate a motor vehicle on the highways of the Commonwealth 4259 while using any cellular telephone or any other wireless telecommunications device, regardless of 4260 whether such device is or is not hand-held.

4261 D. The provisional driver's license restrictions in subsections B, C, and C1 shall expire on the 4262 holder's eighteenth birthday. A violation of the provisional driver's license restrictions in either 4263 subsection B, C, or C1 shall constitute a traffic infraction. For a second or subsequent violation of the provisional driver's license restrictions in either subsection B, C, or C1, in addition to any other 4264 penalties that may be imposed pursuant to § 16.1-278.10, the court may suspend the juvenile's privilege 4265 4266 to drive for a period not to exceed six months.

E. A violation of subsection B, C, or C1 shall not constitute negligence, be considered in mitigation 4267 4268 of damages of whatever nature, be admissible in evidence, or be the subject of comment by counsel in 4269 any action for the recovery of damages arising out of the operation, ownership, or maintenance of a 4270 motor vehicle, nor shall anything in this subsection change any existing law, rule, or procedure 4271 pertaining to any such civil action.

4272 F. No citation for a violation of this section shall be issued unless the officer issuing such citation 4273 has cause to stop or arrest the driver of such motor vehicle for the violation of some other provision of 4274 this Code or local ordinance relating to the operation, ownership, or maintenance of a motor vehicle or 4275 any criminal statute. 4276

§ 46.2-502. Clinic fees.

4277 A. The Department and all businesses, organizations, governmental entities or individuals certified by 4278 the Department to provide driver improvement clinic instruction may charge a fee not to exceed \$100, 4279 which shall include the processing fee set forth in subsection B of this section, to persons notified by 4280 the Department to attend a driver improvement clinic. No person shall be permitted to attend a driver 4281 improvement clinic unless the person first pays the required attendance fee to the business, organization, 4282 governmental entity or individual providing the driver improvement clinic instruction.

4283 B. All businesses, organizations, governmental entities or individuals certified by the Department to 4284 provide driver improvement clinic instruction shall collect for the Department a processing fee of \$10 4285 from each person attending a driver improvement clinic taught by such businesses, organizations, 4286 governmental entities or individuals. Such processing fee payments shall accompany the clinic rosters 4287 submitted to the Department by such businesses, organizations, governmental entities or individuals. No such processing fee, however, shall be required or collected from members of volunteer rescue squads 4288 4289 emergency medical services agencies and volunteer fire departments who attend such clinics in order to 4290 successfully complete training for emergency vehicle operation. All fees collected by the Department 4291 under this subsection shall be paid by the Commissioner into the state treasury and shall be set aside as 4292 a special fund to be used to meet the expenses of the Department. 4293

§ 46.2-644.2. Department's records; fees; exemption.

4294 The Department shall maintain a record of any certificate of title it issued under this article. Fees to 4295 be paid to the Department for issuance of such certificates of title shall be the same as those imposed 4296 for the titling of motor vehicles pursuant to § 46.2-627.

4297 Any all-terrain vehicle or off-road motorcycle purchased and used by a nonprofit volunteer rescue 4298 squad emergency medical services agency shall be exempt from fees imposed under this section.

§ 46.2-649.1:1. Registration of vehicles owned and used by volunteer fire departments or 4299 4300 volunteer emergency medical services agencies.

4301 Upon application therefor, the Commissioner shall register and issue permanent license plates without 4302 year or month decals for display on any (i) firefighting truck, trailer, and semitrailer on which

4303 firefighting apparatus is permanently attached when any such vehicle is owned or under exclusive 4304 control of a volunteer fire department or (ii) ambulance emergency medical services vehicle or other 4305 vehicle owned or used exclusively by a volunteer fire department or volunteer lifesaving or first aid 4306 erew or rescue squad emergency medical services agency if any such vehicle is used exclusively as an 4307 ambulance or lifesaving and first aid emergency medical services vehicle and is not rented, leased, or 4308 lent to any private individual, firm, or corporation, and no charge is made by the organization for the 4309 use of the vehicle. The equipment shall be painted a distinguishing color and conspicuously display in 4310 letters and figures not less than three inches in height the identity of the volunteer fire department, 4311 lifesaving or first aid crew or rescue squad or volunteer emergency medical services agency having 4312 control of its operation.

No fee shall be charged for any vehicle registration or license plate issuance under this section.

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4314 § 46.2-694. (Contingent expiration date) Fees for vehicles designed and used for transportation 4315 of passengers; weights used for computing fees; burden of proof.

4316 A. The annual registration fees for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers designed and used for the 4317 transportation of passengers on the highways in the Commonwealth are:

4318 1. Thirty-three dollars for each private passenger car or motor home if the passenger car or motor home weighs 4,000 pounds or less, provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur.

4322 2. Thirty-eight dollars for each passenger car or motor home which weighs more than 4,000 pounds,4323 provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used4324 for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur.

3. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a private motor vehicle other than a motorcycle with a normal seating capacity of more than 10 adults, including the driver, if the private motor vehicle is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur. In no case shall the fee be less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

4331 4. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a school bus. In no case shall the fee be
4332 less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

4334 5. Twenty-three dollars for each trailer or semitrailer designed for use as living quarters for human 4335 beings.

6. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.30 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of passengers, operating either intrastate or interstate. Interstate common carriers of interstate passengers may elect to be licensed and pay the fees prescribed in subdivision 7 on submission to the Commissioner of a declaration of operations and equipment as he may prescribe. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

4341 7. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of interstate passengers if election is made to be licensed 4342 4343 under this subsection. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 4344 pounds. In lieu of the foregoing fee of \$0.70 per 100 pounds, a motor carrier of passengers, operating 4345 two or more vehicles both within and outside the Commonwealth and registered for insurance purposes 4346 with the Surface Transportation Board of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway 4347 Administration, may apply to the Commissioner for prorated registration. Upon the filing of such 4348 application, in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe, the Commissioner shall apportion the 4349 registration fees provided in this subsection so that the total registration fees to be paid for such vehicles 4350 of such carrier shall be that proportion of the total fees, if there were no apportionment, that the total 4351 number of miles traveled by such vehicles of such carrier within the Commonwealth bears to the total 4352 number of miles traveled by such vehicles within and outside the Commonwealth. Such total mileage in 4353 each instance is the estimated total mileage to be traveled by such vehicles during the license year for 4354 which such fees are paid, subject to the adjustment in accordance with an audit to be made by 4355 representatives of the Commissioner at the end of such license year, the expense of such audit to be 4356 borne by the carrier being audited. Each vehicle passing into or through Virginia shall be registered and 4357 licensed in Virginia and the annual registration fee to be paid for each such vehicle shall not be less 4358 than \$33. For the purpose of determining such apportioned registration fees, only those motor vehicles, 4359 trailers, or semitrailers operated both within and outside the Commonwealth shall be subject to inclusion 4360 in determining the apportionment provided for herein.

8. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.80 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer
or semitrailer kept or used for rent or for hire or operated under a lease without a chauffeur for the
transportation of passengers. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs more than

4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers. 4364

4365 9. Twenty-three dollars for a taxicab or other vehicle which is kept for rent or hire operated with a 4366 chauffeur for the transportation of passengers, and which operates or should operate under permits issued 4367 by the Department as required by law. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs 4368 more than 4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

4369 10. Eighteen dollars for a motorcycle, with or without a sidecar. To this fee shall be added a 4370 surcharge of \$3 which shall be distributed as provided in § 46.2-1191.

4371 10a. Fourteen dollars for a moped, to be paid into the state treasury and set aside as a special fund to 4372 be used to meet the expenses of the Department. 4373

10b. Eighteen dollars for an autocycle.

4374 11. Twenty-three dollars for a bus used exclusively for transportation to and from church school, for 4375 the purpose of religious instruction, or church, for the purpose of divine worship. If the empty weight of 4376 the vehicle exceeds 4,000 pounds, the fee shall be \$28.

4377 12. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for other passenger-carrying 4378 vehicles.

4379 13. An additional fee of \$4.25 per year shall be charged and collected at the time of registration of 4380 each pickup or panel truck and each motor vehicle under subdivisions 1 through 12. All funds collected 4381 from \$4 of the \$4.25 fee shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be set aside as a special fund to 4382 be used only for emergency medical services purposes. The moneys in the special emergency 4383 medical services fund shall be distributed as follows:

4384 a. Two percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to provide funding to the Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads to be used solely for the purpose of conducting 4385 4386 volunteer recruitment, retention, and training activities;

b. Thirty percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to support (i) emergency 4387 medical services training programs (excluding advanced life support classes); (ii) advanced life support 4388 4389 training; (iii) recruitment and retention programs (all funds for such support shall be used to recruit and 4390 retain volunteer emergency medical services personnel only, including public awareness campaigns, 4391 technical assistance programs, and similar activities); (iv) emergency medical services system 4392 development, initiatives, and priorities based on needs identified by the State Emergency Medical 4393 Services Advisory Board; (v) local, regional, and statewide performance contracts for emergency medical 4394 services to meet the objectives stipulated in § 32.1-111.3; (vi) technology and radio communication 4395 enhancements; and (vii) improved emergency preparedness and response. Any funds set aside for 4396 distribution under this provision and remaining undistributed at the end of any fiscal year shall revert to 4397 the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund; 4398

c. Thirty-two percent shall be distributed to the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

4399 d. Ten percent shall be available to the State Department of Health's Office of Emergency Medical 4400 Services for use in emergency medical services; and

4401 e. Twenty-six percent shall be returned by the Comptroller to the locality wherein such vehicle is 4402 registered, to provide funding for training of volunteer or salaried emergency medical services 4403 personnel of licensed, nonprofit emergency medical services agencies that hold a valid license issued by the Commissioner of Health and for the purchase of necessary equipment and supplies for use in such 4404 4405 locality for licensed, nonprofit emergency medical and rescue services provided by nonprofit emergency 4406 medical services agencies that hold a valid license issued by the Commissioner of Health.

All revenues generated by the remaining \$0.25 of the \$4.25 fee approved by the 2008 Session of the 4407 4408 General Assembly shall be deposited into the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund and used only to pay for 4409 the costs associated with the certification and recertification training of emergency medical services 4410 personnel.

The Comptroller shall clearly designate on the warrant, check, or other means of transmitting these 4411 4412 funds that such moneys are only to be used for purposes set forth in this subdivision. Such funds shall 4413 be in addition to any local appropriations and local governing bodies shall not use these funds to 4414 supplant local funds. Each local governing body shall report annually to the Board of Health on the use 4415 of the funds returned to it pursuant to this section. In any case in which the local governing body grants 4416 the funds to a regional emergency medical services council to be distributed to the licensed, nonprofit 4417 emergency medical and rescue services agency that holds a valid license issued by the Commissioner of 4418 *Health*, the local governing body shall remain responsible for the proper use of the funds. If, at the end 4419 of any fiscal year, a report on the use of the funds returned to the locality pursuant to this section for 4420 that year has not been received from a local governing body, any funds due to that local governing body 4421 for the next fiscal year shall be retained until such time as the report has been submitted to the Board.

4422 B. All motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers registered as provided in subsection B of § 46.2-646 4423 shall pay a registration fee equal to one-twelfth of all fees required by subsection A of this section or § 46.2-697 for such motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, computed to the nearest cent, multiplied by the 4424 4425 number of months in the registration period for such motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers.

4426 C. The manufacturer's shipping weight or scale weight shall be used for computing all fees required 4427 by this section to be based upon the weight of the vehicle.

4428 D. The applicant for registration bears the burden of proof that the vehicle for which registration is sought is entitled by weight, design, and use to be registered at the fee tendered by the applicant to the Commissioner or to his authorized agent.

4431 § 46.2-694. (Contingent effective date) Fees for vehicles designed and used for transportation of 4432 passengers; weights used for computing fees; burden of proof.

4433 A. The annual registration fees for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers designed and used for the 4434 transportation of passengers on the highways in the Commonwealth are:

1. Twenty-three dollars for each private passenger car or motor home if the passenger car or motor
home weighs 4,000 pounds or less, provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for
compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a
chauffeur.

4439 2. Twenty-eight dollars for each passenger car or motor home which weighs more than 4,000
4440 pounds, provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept
4441 or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur.

3. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a private motor vehicle other than a motorcycle with a normal seating capacity of more than 10 adults, including the driver, if the private motor vehicle is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur. In no case shall the fee be less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

4448 4. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a school bus. In no case shall the fee be 4449 less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 4450 pounds.

4451 5. Twenty-three dollars for each trailer or semitrailer designed for use as living quarters for human beings.

6. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.30 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle,
trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of passengers, operating either intrastate or interstate.
Interstate common carriers of interstate passengers may elect to be licensed and pay the fees prescribed
in subdivision 7 on submission to the Commissioner of a declaration of operations and equipment as he
may prescribe. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

4458 7. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, 4459 trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of interstate passengers if election is made to be licensed 4460 under this subsection. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 4461 pounds. In lieu of the foregoing fee of \$0.70 per 100 pounds, a motor carrier of passengers, operating 4462 two or more vehicles both within and outside the Commonwealth and registered for insurance purposes 4463 with the Surface Transportation Board of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway 4464 Administration, may apply to the Commissioner for prorated registration. Upon the filing of such 4465 application, in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe, the Commissioner shall apportion the 4466 registration fees provided in this subsection so that the total registration fees to be paid for such vehicles 4467 of such carrier shall be that proportion of the total fees, if there were no apportionment, that the total 4468 number of miles traveled by such vehicles of such carrier within the Commonwealth bears to the total 4469 number of miles traveled by such vehicles within and outside the Commonwealth. Such total mileage in 4470 each instance is the estimated total mileage to be traveled by such vehicles during the license year for 4471 which such fees are paid, subject to the adjustment in accordance with an audit to be made by 4472 representatives of the Commissioner at the end of such license year, the expense of such audit to be 4473 borne by the carrier being audited. Each vehicle passing into or through Virginia shall be registered and 4474 licensed in Virginia and the annual registration fee to be paid for each such vehicle shall not be less 4475 than \$33. For the purpose of determining such apportioned registration fees, only those motor vehicles, 4476 trailers, or semitrailers operated both within and outside the Commonwealth shall be subject to inclusion 4477 in determining the apportionment provided for herein.

8. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.80 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer kept or used for rent or for hire or operated under a lease without a chauffeur for the transportation of passengers. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

9. Twenty-three dollars for a taxicab or other vehicle which is kept for rent or hire operated with a chauffeur for the transportation of passengers, and which operates or should operate under permits issued by the Department as required by law. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

4486 10. Eighteen dollars for a motorcycle, with or without a sidecar. To this fee shall be added a

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4487 surcharge of \$3 which shall be distributed as provided in § 46.2-1191.

4488 10a. Fourteen dollars for a moped, to be paid into the state treasury and set aside as a special fund to4489 be used to meet the expenses of the Department.

4490 10b. Eighteen dollars for an autocycle.

11. Twenty-three dollars for a bus used exclusively for transportation to and from church school, forthe purpose of religious instruction, or church, for the purpose of divine worship. If the empty weight ofthe vehicle exceeds 4,000 pounds, the fee shall be \$28.

4494 12. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for other passenger-carrying4495 vehicles.

4496 13. An additional fee of \$4.25 per year shall be charged and collected at the time of registration of
4497 each pickup or panel truck and each motor vehicle under subdivisions 1 through 12. All funds collected
4498 from \$4 of the \$4.25 fee shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be set aside as a special fund to
4499 be used only for emergency medical service services purposes. The moneys in the special emergency
4500 medical services fund shall be distributed as follows:

4501 a. Two percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to provide funding to the
4502 Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads to be used solely for the purpose of conducting
4503 volunteer recruitment, retention and training activities;

b. Thirty percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to support (i) emergency 4504 4505 medical services training programs (excluding advanced life support classes); (ii) advanced life support 4506 training; (iii) recruitment and retention programs (all funds for such support shall be used to recruit and 4507 retain volunteer emergency medical services personnel only, including public awareness campaigns, technical assistance programs, and similar activities); (iv) emergency medical services system development, initiatives, and priorities based on needs identified by the State Emergency Medical 4508 4509 4510 Services Advisory Board; (v) local, regional, and statewide performance contracts for emergency medical services to meet the objectives stipulated in § 32.1-111.3; (vi) technology and radio communication 4511 4512 enhancements; and (vii) improved emergency preparedness and response. Any funds set aside for 4513 distribution under this provision and remaining undistributed at the end of any fiscal year shall revert to 4514 the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

c. Thirty-two percent shall be distributed to the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

4516 d. Ten percent shall be available to the State Department of Health's Office of Emergency Medical 4517 Services for use in emergency medical services; and

e. Twenty-six percent shall be returned by the Comptroller to the locality wherein such vehicle is registered, to provide funding for training of volunteer or salaried emergency medical services services personnel of licensed, nonprofit emergency medical services agencies that hold a valid license issued by the Commissioner of Health and for the purchase of necessary equipment and supplies for use in such locality for licensed, nonprofit emergency medical and rescue services provided by nonprofit or volunteer emergency medical services agencies that hold a valid license issued by the Commissioner of Health.

4525 All revenues generated by the remaining \$0.25 of the \$4.25 fee approved by the 2008 Session of the
4526 General Assembly shall be deposited into the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund and used only to pay for
4527 the costs associated with the certification and recertification training of emergency medical services
4528 personnel.

4529 The Comptroller shall clearly designate on the warrant, check, or other means of transmitting these 4530 funds that such moneys are only to be used for purposes set forth in this subdivision. Such funds shall 4531 be in addition to any local appropriations and local governing bodies shall not use these funds to 4532 supplant local funds. Each local governing body shall report annually to the Board of Health on the use of the funds returned to it pursuant to this section. In any case in which the local governing body grants 4533 4534 the funds to a regional emergency medical services council to be distributed to the licensed, nonprofit 4535 emergency medical and rescue services agency that holds a valid license issued by the Commissioner of 4536 *Health*, the local governing body shall remain responsible for the proper use of the funds. If, at the end of any fiscal year, a report on the use of the funds returned to the locality pursuant to this section for 4537 4538 that year has not been received from a local governing body, any funds due to that local governing body 4539 for the next fiscal year shall be retained until such time as the report has been submitted to the Board.

B. All motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers registered as provided in subsection B of § 46.2-646
shall pay a registration fee equal to one-twelfth of all fees required by subsection A of this section or
§ 46.2-697 for such motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, computed to the nearest cent, multiplied by the
number of months in the registration period for such motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers.

4544 C. The manufacturer's shipping weight or scale weight shall be used for computing all fees required 4545 by this section to be based upon the weight of the vehicle.

4546 D. The applicant for registration bears the burden of proof that the vehicle for which registration is sought is entitled by weight, design, and use to be registered at the fee tendered by the applicant to the Commissioner or to his authorized agent.

4549 § 46.2-698. Fees for farm vehicles.

4550 A. The fees for registration of farm motor vehicles having gross weights of 7,500 pounds or more, 4551 when such vehicles are used exclusively for farm use as defined in this section, shall be one-half of the fee per 1,000 pounds of gross weight for private carriers as calculated under the provisions of 4552 4553 § 46.2-697 and one-half of the fee for overload permits under § 46.2-1128, but the annual registration 4554 fee to be paid for each farm vehicle shall not be less than \$15.

4555 B. A farm motor vehicle is used exclusively for farm use:

4556 1. When owned by a person who is engaged either as an owner, renter, or operator of a farm of a 4557 size reasonably requiring the use of such vehicle or vehicles and when such vehicle is:

4558 a. Used in the transportation of agricultural products of the farm he is working to market, or to other 4559 points for sale or processing, or when used to transport materials, tools, equipment, or supplies which 4560 are to be used or consumed on the farm he is working, or when used for any other transportation 4561 incidental to the regular operation of such farm;

4562 b. Used in transporting forest products, including forest materials originating on a farm or incident to 4563 the regular operation of a farm, to the farm he is working or transporting for any purpose forest products which originate on the farm he is working; or 4564

4565 c. Used in the transportation of farm produce, supplies, equipment, or materials to a farm not worked 4566 by him, pursuant to a mutual cooperative agreement.

4567 2. When the nonfarm use of such motor vehicle is limited to the personal use of the owner and his 4568 immediate family in attending church or school, securing medical treatment or supplies, or securing 4569 other household or family necessities.

4570 C. As used in this section, the term "farm" means one or more areas of land used for the production, 4571 cultivation, growing, or harvesting of agricultural products, but does not include a tree farm that is not 4572 also a nursery or Christmas tree farm, unless it is part of what otherwise is a farm. As used in this section, the term "agricultural products" means any nursery plants; Christmas trees; horticultural, 4573 4574 viticultural, and other cultivated plants and crops; aquaculture; dairy; livestock; poultry; bee; or other 4575 farm products.

4576 D. The first application for registration of a vehicle under this section shall be made on forms 4577 provided by the Department and shall include: 4578

1. The location and acreage of each farm on which the vehicle to be registered is to be used;

4579 2. The type of agricultural commodities, poultry, dairy products or livestock produced on such farms 4580 and the approximate amounts produced annually;

4581 3. A statement, signed by the vehicle's owner, that the vehicle to be registered will only be used for 4582 one or more of the purposes specified in subsection B of this section; and

4583 4. Other information required by the Department.

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The above information is not required for the renewal of a vehicle's registration under this section.

4585 E. The Department shall issue appropriately designated license plates for those motor vehicles registered under this section. The manner in which such license plates are designated shall be at the 4586 4587 discretion of the Commissioner.

4588 F. The owner of a farm vehicle shall inform the Commissioner within 30 days or at the time of his 4589 next registration renewal, whichever comes first, when such vehicle is no longer used exclusively for 4590 farm use as defined in this section, and shall pay the appropriate registration fee for the vehicle based 4591 on its type of operation. It shall constitute a Class 2 misdemeanor to: (i) operate or to permit the 4592 operation of any farm motor vehicle for which the fee for registration and license plates is herein 4593 prescribed on any highway in the Commonwealth without first having paid the prescribed registration 4594 fee; or (ii) operate or permit the operation of any motor vehicle, registered under this section, for 4595 purposes other than as provided under subsection B of this section; or (iii) operate as a for-hire vehicle.

4596 G. Nothing in this section shall affect the exemptions of agricultural and horticultural vehicles under 4597 §§ 46.2-664 through 46.2-670.

4598 H. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, vehicles licensed under this section may be used 4599 by volunteer rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel and volunteer firefighters in 4600 responding to emergency calls, in reporting for regular duty, and in attending squad emergency medical 4601 services agency or fire company meetings and drills. 4602

§ 46.2-726. License plates with reserved numbers or letters; fees.

4603 The Commissioner may, in his discretion, reserve license plates with certain registration numbers or 4604 letters or combinations thereof for issuance to persons requesting license plates so numbered and 4605 lettered.

4606 License plates with reserved numbers or letters may be issued for and displayed on vehicles operated 4607 as ambulances by private ambulance services emergency medical services vehicles operated by 4608 emergency medical services agencies.

4609 The annual fee or, in the case of permanent license plates for trailers and semitrailers, the one-time

4610 fee, for the issuance of any license plates with reserved numbers or letters shall be ten dollars \$10 plus 4611 the prescribed fee for state license plates. If those license plates with reserved numbers or letters are 4612 subject to an additional fee beyond the prescribed fee for state license plates, the fee for such special 4613 license plates with reserved numbers or letters shall be ten dollars \$10 plus the additional fee for the special license plates plus the prescribed fee for state license plates. 4614

4615 The annual fee for reissuing license plates with the same combination of letters and numbers as 4616 license plates that were previously issued but not renewed shall be ten dollars \$10 plus the prescribed 4617 fee for state license plates. If those license plates are special license plates subject to an additional fee 4618 beyond the prescribed fee for state license plates, the fee shall be ten dollars \$10 plus the additional fee for the special license plates plus the prescribed fee for state license plates. 4619

4620 § 46.2-735. Special license plates for members of volunteer emergency medical services agencies 4621 and members of volunteer emergency medical services agency auxiliaries; fees.

4622 The Commissioner, on application, shall supply members of volunteer rescue squads emergency 4623 medical services agencies and members of volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency auxiliaries special license plates bearing the letters "R S" followed by numbers or letters or any 4624 4625 combination thereof.

Only one application shall be required from each volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 4626 4627 agency or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency auxiliary. The application shall 4628 contain the names and residence addresses of all members of the volunteer emergency medical services 4629 agency and members of the volunteer emergency medical services agency auxiliary who request license 4630 plates. The Commissioner shall charge the prescribed cost of state license plates for each set of license 4631 plates issued under this section.

4632 § 46.2-752. Taxes and license fees imposed by counties, cities, and towns; limitations on 4633 amounts; disposition of revenues; requiring evidence of payment of personal property taxes and 4634 certain fines; prohibiting display of licenses after expiration; failure to display valid local license 4635 required by other localities; penalty.

A. Except as provided in § 46.2-755, counties, cities, and towns may levy and assess taxes and 4636 4637 charge license fees on motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers. However, none of these taxes and license fees shall be assessed or charged by any county on vehicles owned by residents of any town 4638 4639 located in the county when such town constitutes a separate school district if the vehicles are already 4640 subject to town license fees and taxes, nor shall a town charge a license fee to any new resident of the 4641 town, previously a resident of a county within which all or part of the town is situated, who has 4642 previously paid a license fee for the same tax year to such county. The amount of the license fee or tax 4643 imposed by any county, city, or town on any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall not be greater than the annual or one-year fee imposed by the Commonwealth on the motor vehicle, trailer, or 4644 4645 semitrailer. The license fees and taxes shall be imposed in such manner, on such basis, for such periods, 4646 and subject to proration for fractional periods of years, as the proper local authorities may determine.

Owners or lessees of motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers who have served outside of the United 4647 4648 States in the armed services of the United States shall have a 90-day grace period, beginning on the date 4649 they are no longer serving outside the United States, in which to comply with the requirements of this section. For purposes of this section, "the armed services of the United States" includes active duty 4650 4651 service with the regular Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard or other reserve 4652 component. 4653

Local licenses may be issued free of charge for any or all of the following:

4654 1. Vehicles powered by clean special fuels as defined in § 46.2-749.3, including dual-fuel and bi-fuel 4655 vehicles.

2. Vehicles owned by volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services agencies,

3. Vehicles owned by volunteer fire departments,

4658 4. Vehicles owned or leased by active members or active auxiliary members of volunteer rescue 4659 squads emergency medical services agencies,

4660 5. Vehicles owned or leased by active members or active auxiliary members of volunteer fire 4661 departments.

6. Vehicles owned or leased by auxiliary police officers,

4663 7. Vehicles owned or leased by volunteer police chaplains,

4664 8. Vehicles owned by surviving spouses of persons qualified to receive special license plates under § 46.2-739, 4665

4666 9. Vehicles owned or leased by auxiliary deputy sheriffs or volunteer deputy sheriffs, 4667

10. Vehicles owned by persons qualified to receive special license plates under § 46.2-739,

11. Vehicles owned by any of the following who served at least 10 years in the locality: former 4668 members of volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services agencies, former members of volunteer 4669 fire departments, former auxiliary police officers, members and former members of authorized police 4670 volunteer citizen support units, members and former members of authorized sheriff's volunteer citizen 4671

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4672 support units, former volunteer police chaplains, and former volunteer special police officers appointed 4673 under former § 15.2-1737. In the case of active members of volunteer rescue squads emergency medical 4674 services agencies and active members of volunteer fire departments, applications for such licenses shall 4675 be accompanied by written evidence, in a form acceptable to the locality, of their active affiliation or 4676 membership, and no member of an emergency medical services agency or member of a volunteer fire 4677 *department* shall be issued more than one such license free of charge,

12. All vehicles having a situs for the imposition of licensing fees under this section in the locality,

4678 4679 13. Vehicles owned or leased by deputy sheriffs; however, no deputy sheriff shall be issued more 4680 than one such license free of charge,

4681 14. Vehicles owned or leased by police officers; however, no police officer shall be issued more than 4682 one such license free of charge,

4683 15. Vehicles owned or leased by officers of the State Police; however, no officer of the State Police 4684 shall be issued more than one such license free of charge,

4685 16. Vehicles owned or leased by salaried firefighters; however, no salaried firefighter shall be issued 4686 more than one such license free of charge,

17. Vehicles owned or leased by salaried emergency medical technicians services personnel; 4687 4688 however, no salaried emergency medical technician services personnel shall be issued more than one 4689 such license free of charge,

4690 18. Vehicles with a gross weight exceeding 10,000 pounds owned by museums officially designated 4691 by the Commonwealth,

4692 19. Vehicles owned by persons, or their surviving spouses, qualified to receive special license plates 4693 under subsection A of § 46.2-743, and

4694 20. Vehicles owned or leased by members of the Virginia Defense Force; however, no member of 4695 the Virginia Defense Force shall be issued more than one such license free of charge.

4696 The governing body of any county, city, or town issuing licenses under this section may by 4697 ordinance provide for a 50 percent reduction in the fee charged for the issuance of any such license 4698 issued for any vehicle owned or leased by any person who is 65 years old or older. No such discount, 4699 however, shall be available for more than one vehicle owned or leased by the same person.

4700 The governing body of any county, city, or town issuing licenses free of charge under this subsection 4701 may by ordinance provide for (i) the limitation, restriction, or denial of such free issuance to an 4702 otherwise qualified applicant, including without limitation the denial of free issuance to a taxpayer who 4703 has failed to timely pay personal property taxes due with respect to the vehicle and (ii) the grounds for 4704 such limitation, restriction, or denial.

4705 The situs for the imposition of licensing fees under this section shall in all cases, except as 4706 hereinafter provided, be the county, city, or town in which the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is 4707 normally garaged, stored, or parked. If it cannot be determined where the personal property is normally 4708 garaged, stored, or parked, the situs shall be the domicile of its owner. In the event the owner of the 4709 motor vehicle is a full-time student attending an institution of higher education, the situs shall be the 4710 domicile of such student, provided the student has presented sufficient evidence that he has paid a 4711 personal property tax on the motor vehicle in his domicile.

4712 B. The revenue derived from all county, city, or town taxes and license fees imposed on motor 4713 vehicles, trailers, or semitrailers shall be applied to general county, city, or town purposes.

4714 C. A county, city, or town may require that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be locally 4715 licensed until the applicant has produced satisfactory evidence that all personal property taxes on the 4716 motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to be licensed have been paid and satisfactory evidence that any 4717 delinquent motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer personal property taxes owing have been paid which 4718 have been properly assessed or are assessable against the applicant by the county, city, or town. A 4719 county, city, or town may also provide that no motor vehicle license shall be issued unless the tangible 4720 personal property taxes properly assessed or assessable by that locality on any tangible personal property 4721 used or usable as a dwelling titled by the Department of Motor Vehicles and owned by the taxpaver 4722 have been paid. Any county and any town within any such county may by agreement require that all 4723 personal property taxes assessed by either the county or the town on any vehicle be paid before 4724 licensure of such vehicle by either the county or the town.

4725 C1. The Counties of Dinwiddie, Lee, and Wise may, by ordinance or resolution adopted after public 4726 notice and hearing and, with the consent of the treasurer, require that no license may be issued under 4727 this section unless the applicant has produced satisfactory evidence that all fees, including delinquent 4728 fees, payable to such county or local solid waste authority, for the disposal of solid waste pursuant to 4729 the Virginia Water and Waste Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5100 et seq.), or pursuant to § 15.2-2159, have 4730 been paid in full. For purposes of this subsection, all fees, including delinquent fees, payable to a county 4731 for waste disposal services described herein, shall be paid to the treasurer of such county; however, in Wise County, the fee shall be paid to the county or its agent. 4732

4733 D. The Counties of Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William and towns within them and any
4734 city may require that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be licensed by that jurisdiction unless
4735 all fines owed to the jurisdiction by the owner of the vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer for violation of the
4736 jurisdiction's ordinances governing parking of vehicles have been paid. The provisions of this subsection
4737 shall not apply to vehicles owned by firms or companies in the business of renting motor vehicles.

4738 E. If in any county imposing license fees and taxes under this section, a town therein imposes like 4739 fees and taxes on vehicles of owners resident in the town, the owner of any vehicle subject to the fees 4740 or taxes shall be entitled, on the owner's displaying evidence that he has paid the fees or taxes, to 4741 receive a credit on the fees or taxes imposed by the county to the extent of the fees or taxes he has paid 4742 to the town. Nothing in this section shall deprive any town now imposing these licenses and taxes from 4743 increasing them or deprive any town not now imposing them from hereafter doing so, but subject to the 4744 limitations provided in subsection D. The governing body of any county and the governing body of any 4745 town in that county wherein each imposes the license tax herein provided may provide mutual 4746 agreements so that not more than one license plate or decal in addition to the state plate shall be 4747 required.

4748 F. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection E, in a consolidated county wherein a tier-city exists, 4749 the tier-city may, in accordance with the provisions of the agreement or plan of consolidation, impose 4750 license fees and taxes under this section in addition to those fees and taxes imposed by the county, 4751 provided that the combined county and tier-city rates do not exceed the maximum provided in 4752 subsection A. No credit shall be allowed on the fees or taxes imposed by the county for fees or taxes 4753 paid to the tier-city, except as may be provided by the consolidation agreement or plan. The governing 4754 body of any county and the governing body of any tier-city in such county wherein each imposes the license tax herein may provide by mutual agreement that no more than one license plate or decal in 4755 addition to the state license plate shall be required. 4756

4757 G. Any county, city, or town may by ordinance provide that it shall be unlawful for any owner or 4758 operator of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer (i) to fail to obtain and, if any required by such 4759 ordinance, to display the local license required by any ordinance of the county, city or town in which 4760 the vehicle is registered, or (ii) to display upon a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer any such local 4761 license, required by ordinance to be displayed, after its expiration date. The ordinance may provide that 4762 a violation shall constitute a misdemeanor the penalty for which shall not exceed that of a Class 4 4763 misdemeanor and may, in the case of a motor vehicle registered to a resident of the locality where such vehicle is registered, authorize the issuance by local law-enforcement officers of citations, summonses, 4764 4765 parking tickets, or uniform traffic summonses for violations. Any such ordinance may also provide that 4766 a violation of the ordinance by the registered owner of the vehicle may not be discharged by payment of 4767 a fine except upon presentation of satisfactory evidence that the required license has been obtained. 4768 Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a county, city, or town to issue a decal or any other 4769 tangible evidence of a local license to be displayed on the licensed vehicle if the county's, city's, or 4770 town's ordinance does not require display of a decal or other evidence of payment. No ordinance 4771 adopted pursuant to this section shall require the display of any local license, decal, or sticker on any 4772 vehicle owned by a public service company, as defined in § 56-76, having a fleet of at least 2,500 4773 vehicles garaged in the Commonwealth.

H. Except as provided by subsections E and F, no vehicle shall be subject to taxation under the provisions of this section in more than one jurisdiction. Furthermore, no person who has purchased a local vehicle license, decal, or sticker for a vehicle in one county, city, or town and then moves to and garages his vehicle in another county, city, or town shall be required to purchase another local license, decal, or sticker from the county, city, or town to which he has moved and wherein his vehicle is now garaged until the expiration date of the local license, decal, or sticker issued by the county, city, or town from which he moved.

4781 I. Purchasers of new or used motor vehicles shall be allowed at least a 10-day grace period,
4782 beginning with the date of purchase, during which to pay license fees charged by local governments
4783 under authority of this section.

4784 J. The treasurer or director of finance of any county, city, or town may enter into an agreement with 4785 the Commissioner whereby the Commissioner will refuse to issue or renew any vehicle registration of 4786 any applicant therefor who owes to such county, city or town any local vehicle license fees or 4787 delinquent tangible personal property tax or parking citations. Before being issued any vehicle 4788 registration or renewal of such license or registration by the Commissioner, the applicant shall first 4789 satisfy all such local vehicle license fees and delinquent taxes or parking citations and present evidence 4790 satisfactory to the Commissioner that all such local vehicle license fees and delinquent taxes or parking citations have been paid in full. The Commissioner shall charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs of 4791 4792 such enforcement action, and the treasurer or director of finance may add the cost of this fee to the 4793 delinquent tax bill or the amount of the parking citation. The treasurer or director of finance of any 4794 county, city, or town seeking to collect delinquent taxes or parking citations through the withholding of

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4795 registration or renewal thereof by the Commissioner as provided for in this subsection shall notify the 4796 Commissioner in the manner provided for in his agreement with the Commissioner and supply to the 4797 Commissioner information necessary to identify the debtor whose registration or renewal is to be denied. 4798 Any agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall provide the debtor notice 4799 of the intent to deny renewal of registration at least 30 days prior to the expiration date of a current 4800 vehicle registration. For the purposes of this subsection, notice by first-class mail to the registrant's 4801 address as maintained in the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles shall be deemed sufficient. In 4802 the case of parking violations, the Commissioner shall only refuse to issue or renew the vehicle 4803 registration of any applicant therefor pursuant to this subsection for the vehicle that incurred the parking violations. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles owned by firms or companies in 4804 4805 the business of renting motor vehicles.

4806 K. The governing bodies of any two or more counties, cities, or towns may enter into compacts for 4807 the regional enforcement of local motor vehicle license requirements. The governing body of each 4808 participating jurisdiction may by ordinance require the owner or operator of any motor vehicle, trailer, 4809 or semitrailer to display on his vehicle a valid local license issued by another county, city, or town that 4810 is a party to the regional compact, provided that the owner or operator is required by the jurisdiction of 4811 situs, as provided in § 58.1-3511, to obtain and display such license. The ordinance may also provide 4812 that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be locally licensed until the applicant has produced 4813 satisfactory evidence that (i) all personal property taxes on the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to be 4814 licensed have been paid to all participating jurisdictions and (ii) any delinquent motor vehicle, trailer, or 4815 semitrailer personal property taxes that have been properly assessed or are assessable by any 4816 participating jurisdiction against the applicant have been paid. Any city and any county having the urban 4817 county executive form of government, the counties adjacent to such county and towns within them may 4818 require that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be licensed by that jurisdiction or any other 4819 jurisdiction in the compact unless all fines owed to any participating jurisdiction by the owner of the 4820 vehicle for violation of any participating jurisdiction's ordinances governing parking of vehicles have 4821 been paid. The ordinance may further provide that a violation shall constitute a misdemeanor the penalty 4822 for which shall not exceed that of a Class 4 misdemeanor. Any such ordinance may also provide that a 4823 violation of the ordinance by the owner of the vehicle may not be discharged by payment of a fine and 4824 applicable court costs except upon presentation of satisfactory evidence that the required license has 4825 been obtained. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles owned by firms or 4826 companies in the business of renting motor vehicles.

L. In addition to the taxes and license fees permitted in subsection A, counties, cities, and towns may
charge a license fee of no more than \$1 per motor vehicle, trailer, and semitrailer. Except for the
provisions of subsection B, such fee shall be subject to all other provisions of this section. All funds
collected pursuant to this subsection shall be paid pursuant to § 51.1-1204 to the Volunteer Firefighters'
and Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund to the accounts of all members of the Fund who are
volunteers for fire departments or rescue squads emergency medical services agencies within the
jurisdiction of the particular county, city, or town.

4834 § 46.2-818. Stopping vehicle of another; blocking access to premises; damaging or threatening 4835 commercial vehicle or operator thereof; penalties.

- 4836 No person shall intentionally and willfully:
- 4837 1. Stop the vehicle of another for the sole purpose of impeding its progress on the highways, except4838 in the case of an emergency or mechanical breakdown;

2. Block the access to or egress from any premises of any service facility operated for the purposes
of (i) selling fuel for motor vehicles, (ii) performing repair services on motor vehicles, or (iii) furnishing
food, rest, or any other convenience for the use of persons operating motor vehicles engaged in
intrastate and interstate commerce on the highways of this *the* Commonwealth;

4843 3. Damage any vehicle engaged in commerce on the highways of this *the* Commonwealth, or
4844 threaten, assault, or otherwise harm the person of any operator of a motor vehicle being used for the
4845 transportation of property for hire.

4846 Any person violating any provision of this section shall be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, and in addition, his driver's license may be suspended by the court for a period of not more than one year.
4848 The court shall forward such license to the Department as provided by § 46.2-398.

The provisions of this section shall not apply to any law-enforcement officer, school guard, fire
fighter firefighter, or member of a rescue squad emergency medical services personnel engaged in the
performance of his duties nor to any vehicle owned or controlled by the Virginia Department of
Transportation while engaged in the construction, reconstruction, or maintenance of highways.

- 4853 § 46.2-915.1. All-terrain vehicles and off-road motorcycles; penalty.
- 4854 A. No all-terrain vehicle shall be operated:

4855 1. On any public highway, or other public property, except (i) as authorized by proper authorities,

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4856 (ii) to the extent necessary to cross a public highway by the most direct route, or (iii) by 4857 law-enforcement officers, firefighters, or rescue squad emergency medical services personnel responding 4858 to emergencies;

4859 2. By any person under the age of 16, except that (i) children between the ages of 12 and 16 may 4860 operate all-terrain vehicles powered by engines of no more than 90 cubic centimeters displacement and 4861 (ii) children less than 12 years old may operate all-terrain vehicles powered by engines of no more than 4862 70 cubic centimeters displacement;

4863 3. By any person unless he is wearing a protective helmet of a type approved by the Superintendent 4864 of State Police for use by motorcycle operators;

4865 4. On another person's property without the written consent of the owner of the property or as 4866 explicitly authorized by law; or

4867 5. With a passenger at any time, unless such all-terrain vehicle is designed and equipped to be 4868 operated with more than one rider.

4869 B. Notwithstanding subsection A, all-terrain vehicles may be operated on the highways in Buchanan County and Tazewell County if the following conditions are met: 4870

4871 1. Such operation is approved by action of the Buchanan County Board of Supervisors for operation 4872 along the Pocahontas Trail on Bill Young Mountain and across Virginia Route 635 in Buchanan County 4873 and approved by action of the Tazewell County Board of Supervisors for operation along the Pocahontas 4874 Trail in and between the Town of Pocahontas and Boissevain; across Virginia Routes 644, 663, 659, 4875 627, 734, and 747; within the corporate limits of the Town of Pocahontas in Tazewell County; and 4876 across property of the Virginia Department of Corrections in Tazewell County, provided that permission 4877 is granted for such operation pursuant to § 2.2-1150;

4878 2. Signs, whose design, number, and location are approved by the Virginia Department of 4879 Transportation, have been posted warning motorists that all-terrain vehicles may be operating on the 4880 highway;

4881 3. Such all-terrain vehicles are operated during daylight hours on the highway for no more than one 4882 mile between one off-road trail and another;

4883 4. Signs required by this subsection are purchased and installed by the person or club requesting the 4884 Board of Supervisors' approval for such over-the-road operation of all-terrain vehicles;

4885 5. All-terrain vehicles operators shall, when operating on the highway, obey all rules of the road 4886 applicable to other motor vehicles; 4887

6. Riders of such all-terrain vehicles shall wear approved helmets; and

7. Such all-terrain vehicles shall operate at speeds of no more than 25 miles per hour.

4889 No provision of this subsection shall be construed to require all-terrain vehicles operated on a 4890 highway as provided in this subsection to comply with lighting requirements contained in this title.

4891 C. Any retailer selling any all-terrain vehicle shall affix thereto, or verify that there is affixed thereto, 4892 a decal or sticker, approved by the Superintendent of State Police, which clearly and completely states 4893 the prohibition contained in subsection A of this section.

4894 $\hat{\mathbf{D}}$. A violation of this section shall not constitute negligence, be considered in mitigation of damages 4895 of whatever nature, be admissible in evidence or be the subject of comment by counsel in any action for 4896 the recovery of damages arising out of the operation, ownership, or maintenance of an all-terrain vehicle 4897 or off-road motorcycle, nor shall anything in this section change any existing law, rule, or procedure 4898 pertaining to any such civil action, nor shall this section bar any claim which otherwise exists.

4899 E. Violation of any provision of this section shall be punishable by a civil penalty of not more than 4900 \$500. 4901

F. The provisions of this section shall not apply:

1. To any all-terrain vehicle being used in conjunction with farming activities; or

4903 2. To members of the household or employees of the owner or lessee of private property on which 4904 the all-terrain vehicle is operated.

4905 G. For the purposes of this section, "all-terrain vehicle" shall have the meaning ascribed in 4906 § 46.2-100.

4907 § 46.2-920. Certain vehicles exempt from regulations in certain situations; exceptions and 4908 additional requirements.

4909 A. The driver of any emergency vehicle, when such vehicle is being used in the performance of 4910 public services, and when such vehicle is operated under emergency conditions, may, without subjecting 4911 himself to criminal prosecution: 4912

1. Disregard speed limits, while having due regard for safety of persons and property;

4913 2. Proceed past any steady or flashing red signal, traffic light, stop sign, or device indicating moving 4914 traffic shall stop if the speed of the vehicle is sufficiently reduced to enable it to pass a signal, traffic 4915 light, or device with due regard to the safety of persons and property;

4916 3. Park or stop notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter;

4917 4. Disregard regulations governing a direction of movement of vehicles turning in specified directions

4918 so long as the operator does not endanger life or property;

4919 5. Pass or overtake, with due regard to the safety of persons and property, another vehicle at any 4920 intersection;

4921 6. Pass or overtake with due regard to the safety of persons and property, while en route to an 4922 emergency, stopped or slow-moving vehicles, by going to the left of the stopped or slow-moving vehicle 4923 either in a no-passing zone or by crossing the highway centerline; or

4924 7. Pass or overtake with due regard to the safety of persons and property, while en route to an 4925 emergency, stopped or slow-moving vehicles, by going off the paved or main traveled portion of the 4926 roadway on the right. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, vehicles exempted in this 4927 instance will not be required to sound a siren or any device to give automatically intermittent signals.

4928 B. The exemptions granted to emergency vehicles by subsection A in subdivisions A1, A3, A4, A5, 4929 and A6 shall apply only when the operator of such vehicle displays a flashing, blinking, or alternating 4930 emergency light or lights as provided in §§ 46.2-1022 and 46.2-1023 and sounds a siren, exhaust 4931 whistle, or air horn designed to give automatically intermittent signals, as may be reasonably necessary. 4932 The exemption granted under subdivision A 2 shall apply only when the operator of such emergency 4933 vehicle displays a flashing, blinking, or alternating emergency light or lights as provided in §§ 46.2-1022 4934 and 46.2-1023 and either (a) sounds a siren, exhaust whistle, or air horn designed to give automatically 4935 intermittent signals or (b) slows the vehicle down to a speed reasonable for the existing conditions, 4936 yields right-of-way to the driver of another vehicle approaching or entering the intersection from another 4937 direction or, if required for safety, brings the vehicle to a complete stop before proceeding with due 4938 regard for the safety of persons and property. In addition, the exemptions granted to emergency vehicles 4939 by subsection A shall apply only when there is in force and effect for such vehicle either (i) standard 4940 motor vehicle liability insurance covering injury or death to any person in the sum of at least \$100,000 4941 because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident and, subject to the limit for one 4942 person, to a limit of \$300,000 because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one 4943 accident, and to a limit of \$20,000 because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident or (ii) a certificate of self-insurance issued pursuant to § 46.2-368. Such exemptions shall not, 4944 4945 however, protect the operator of any such vehicle from criminal prosecution for conduct constituting 4946 reckless disregard of the safety of persons and property. Nothing in this section shall release the operator 4947 of any such vehicle from civil liability for failure to use reasonable care in such operation. 4948

C. For the purposes of this section, the term "emergency vehicle" shall mean:

4949 1. Any law-enforcement vehicle operated by or under the direction of a federal, state, or local 4950 law-enforcement officer (i) in the chase or apprehension of violators of the law or persons charged with 4951 or suspected of any such violation or (ii) in response to an emergency call;

4952 2. Any regional detention center vehicle operated by or under the direction of a correctional officer 4953 responding to an emergency call or operating in an emergency situation;

4954 3. Any vehicle used to fight fire, including publicly owned state forest warden vehicles, when 4955 traveling in response to a fire alarm or emergency call;

4956 4. Any ambulance, rescue, or life saving emergency medical services vehicle designed or used for the principal purpose of supplying resuscitation or emergency relief providing emergency medical services 4957 4958 where human life is endangered;

4959 5. Any Department of Emergency Management vehicle or Office of Emergency Medical Services 4960 vehicle, when responding to an emergency call or operating in an emergency situation;

4961 6. Any Department of Corrections vehicle designated by the Director of the Department of 4962 Corrections, when (i) responding to an emergency call at a correctional facility, (ii) participating in a 4963 drug-related investigation, (iii) pursuing escapees from a correctional facility, or (iv) responding to a 4964 request for assistance from a law-enforcement officer; and

4965 7. Any vehicle authorized to be equipped with alternating, blinking, or flashing red or red and white 4966 secondary warning lights under the provisions of § 46.2-1029.2.

4967 D. Any law-enforcement vehicle operated by or under the direction of a federal, state, or local 4968 law-enforcement officer may disregard speed limits, while having due regard for safety of persons and 4969 property, (i) in testing the accuracy of speedometers of such vehicles, (ii) in testing the accuracy of 4970 speed measuring devices specified in § 46.2-882, or (iii) in following another vehicle for the purpose of 4971 determining its speed.

4972 E. A Department of Environmental Quality vehicle, while en route to an emergency and with due 4973 regard to the safety of persons and property, may overtake and pass stopped or slow-moving vehicles by 4974 going off the paved or main traveled portion of the highway on the right or on the left. These 4975 Department of Environmental Quality vehicles shall not be required to sound a siren or any device to 4976 give automatically intermittent signals, but shall display red or red and white warning lights when 4977 performing such maneuvers.

4978 F. Any law-enforcement vehicle operated by or under the direction of a federal, state, or local

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4979 law-enforcement officer while conducting a funeral escort, wide-load escort, dignitary escort, or any 4980 other escort necessary for the safe movement of vehicles and pedestrians may, without subjecting 4981 himself to criminal prosecution: 4982

1. Disregard speed limits, while having due regard for safety of persons and property;

4983 2. Proceed past any steady or flashing red signal, traffic light, stop sign, or device indicating moving 4984 traffic shall stop if the speed of the vehicle is sufficiently reduced to enable it to pass a signal, traffic 4985 light, or device with due regard for the safety of persons and property;

4986 3. Park or stop notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter;

4987 4. Disregard regulations governing a direction of movement of vehicles turning in specified directions 4988 so long as the operator does not endanger life or property; or

4989 5. Pass or overtake, with due regard for the safety of persons and property, another vehicle.

4990 Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, vehicles exempted in this subsection may sound a 4991 siren or any device to give automatically intermittent signals.

4992 § 46.2-921. Following or parking near fire apparatus or emergency medical services vehicle.

4993 It shall be unlawful, in any county, city, or town for the driver of any vehicle, other than one on 4994 official business, to follow any fire apparatus or rescue squad emergency medical services vehicle 4995 traveling in response to a fire alarm or emergency call at any distance closer than 500 feet to such 4996 apparatus or rescue squad emergency medical services vehicle or to park such vehicle within 500 feet of 4997 where fire apparatus has stopped in answer to a fire alarm. 4998

§ 46.2-1020. Other permissible lights.

4999 Any motor vehicle may be equipped with fog lights, not more than two of which can be illuminated 5000 at any time, one or two auxiliary driving lights if so equipped by the manufacturer, two daytime running 5001 lights, two side lights of not more than six candlepower, an interior light or lights of not more than 15 5002 candlepower each, and signal lights.

5003 The provision of this section limiting interior lights to no more than 15 candlepower shall not apply 5004 to (i) alternating, blinking, or flashing colored emergency lights mounted inside law-enforcement motor 5005 vehicles which may otherwise legally be equipped with such colored emergency lights, or (ii) flashing shielded red or red and white lights, authorized under § 46.2-1024, mounted inside vehicles owned or 5006 5007 used by (a) members of volunteer fire companies or volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services 5008 agencies, (b) professional fire fighters firefighters, or (c) police chaplains. A vehicle equipped with 5009 lighting devices as authorized in this section shall be operated by a police chaplain only if he has 5010 successfully completed a course of training in the safe operation of a motor vehicle under emergency 5011 conditions and a certificate attesting to such successful completion, signed by the course instructor, is 5012 carried at all times in the vehicle when operated by the police chaplain to whom the certificate applies.

5013 Unless such lighting device is both covered and unlit, no motor vehicle which is equipped with any 5014 lighting device other than lights required or permitted in this article, required or approved by the 5015 Superintendent, or required by the federal Department of Transportation shall be operated on any 5016 highway in the Commonwealth. Nothing in this section shall permit any vehicle, not otherwise 5017 authorized, to be equipped with colored emergency lights, whether blinking or steady-burning. 5018

§ 46.2-1023. Flashing red or red and white warning lights.

5019 Fire apparatus, forest warden vehicles, ambulances, rescue and life saving emergency medical services vehicles, vehicles of the Department of Emergency Management, vehicles of the Department of 5020 5021 Environmental Quality, vehicles of the Virginia National Guard Civil Support Team when responding to 5022 an emergency, vehicles of county, city, or town Departments of Emergency Management, vehicles of the 5023 Office of Emergency Medical Services, animal warden vehicles, and vehicles used by security personnel of the Huntington Ingalls Industries, Bassett-Walker, Inc., the Winchester Medical Center, the National 5024 5025 Aeronautics and Space Administration's Wallops Flight Facility, and, within those areas specified in their orders of appointment, by special conservators of the peace and policemen for certain places appointed 5026 5027 pursuant to §§ 19.2-13 and 19.2-17 may be equipped with flashing, blinking, or alternating red or red 5028 and white combination warning lights of types approved by the Superintendent. Such warning lights may 5029 be of types constructed within turn signal housings or motorcycle headlight housings, subject to approval 5030 by the Superintendent.

§ 46.2-1024. Flashing or steady-burning red or red and white warning lights.

5032 Any member of a fire department, volunteer fire company, or volunteer rescue squad, any ambulance 5033 driver employed by a privately owned ambulance service, emergency medical services agency and any 5034 police chaplain may equip one vehicle owned by him with no more than two flashing or steady-burning 5035 red or red and white combination warning lights of types approved by the Superintendent. Warning 5036 lights permitted by this section shall be lit only when answering emergency calls. A vehicle equipped 5037 with lighting devices as authorized in this section shall be operated by a police chaplain only if he has 5038 successfully completed a course of training in the safe operation of a motor vehicle under emergency 5039 conditions and a certificate attesting to such successful completion, signed by the course instructor, is 5040 carried at all times in the vehicle when operated by the police chaplain to whom the certificate applies.

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5041 § 46.2-1025. Flashing amber, purple, or green warning lights. 5042

A. The following vehicles may be equipped with flashing, blinking, or alternating amber warning 5043 lights of types approved by the Superintendent:

5044 1. Vehicles used for the principal purpose of towing or servicing disabled vehicles;

5045 2. Vehicles used in constructing, maintaining, and repairing highways or utilities on or along public 5046 highways:

5047 3. Vehicles used for the principal purpose of removing hazardous or polluting substances from state 5048 waters and drainage areas on or along public highways, or state vehicles used to perform other 5049 state-required environmental activities, provided that the amber lights are not lit while the vehicle is in 5050 motion;

5051 4. Vehicles used for servicing automatic teller machines, provided the amber lights are not lit while 5052 the vehicle is in motion;

- 5053 5. Vehicles used in refuse collection, provided the amber lights are lit only when the vehicles are 5054 engaged in refuse collection operations; 5055
 - 6. Vehicles used by individuals for emergency snow-removal purposes;
- 5056 7. Hi-rail vehicles, provided the amber lights are lit only when the vehicles are operated on railroad 5057 rails;

5058 8. Fire apparatus, ambulances, and rescue and life-saving and emergency medical services vehicles, 5059 provided the amber lights are used in addition to lights permitted under § 46.2-1023 and are so mounted 5060 or installed as to be visible from behind the vehicle;

5061 9. Vehicles owned and used by businesses providing security services, provided the amber lights are 5062 not lit while the vehicle is being operated on a public highway;

5063 10. Vehicles used to collect and deliver the United States mail, provided the amber lights are lit only 5064 when the vehicle is actually engaged in such collection or delivery;

- 5065 11. Vehicles used to transport petroleum or propane products, provided the amber light is mounted 5066 on the rear of the vehicle and is lit when parked while making a delivery of petroleum or propane 5067 products, or when the vehicle's back-up lights are lit and its device producing an audible signal when 5068 the vehicle is operated in reverse gear, as provided for in § 46.2-1175.1, is in operation;
- 5069 12. Vehicles used by law-enforcement agency personnel in the enforcement of laws governing motor 5070 vehicle parking;
- 5071 13. Government-owned law-enforcement vehicles, provided the lights are used for the purpose of 5072 giving directional warning to vehicular traffic to move one direction or another and are not lit while the 5073 vehicle is in motion;
- 5074 14. Chase vehicles when used to unload a hot air balloon or used to load a hot air balloon after 5075 landing, provided the amber lights are not lit while the vehicle is in motion;
- 5076 15. Vehicles used for farm, agricultural, or horticultural purposes, or any farm tractor;
- 5077 16. Vehicles owned and used by construction companies operating under Virginia contractors 5078 licenses;
- 5079 17. Vehicles used to lead or provide escorts for bicycle races authorized by the Department of 5080 Transportation or the locality in which the race is being conducted;
- 5081 18. Vehicles used by radio or television stations for remote broadcasts, provided that the amber lights 5082 are not lit while the vehicle is in motion;
- 5083 19. Vehicles used by municipal safety officers in the performance of their official duties. For the 5084 purpose of this subdivision, "municipal safety officers" means municipal employees responsible for 5085 managing municipal safety programs and ensuring municipal compliance with safety and environmental 5086 regulatory mandates;
- 5087 20. Vehicles used as pace cars, security vehicles, or fire-fighting vehicles by any speedway or motor 5088 vehicle race track, provided that the amber lights are not lit while the vehicle is being operated on a 5089 public highway;
- 5090 21. Vehicles used in patrol work by members of neighborhood watch groups approved by the chief 5091 law-enforcement officer of the locality in their assigned neighborhood watch program area, provided that 5092 the vehicles are clearly identified as neighborhood watch vehicles, and the amber lights are not lit while 5093 the vehicle is in motion; and
- 5094 22. Vehicles that are not tow trucks as defined in § 46.2-100, but are owned or controlled by a 5095 towing and recovery business, provided that the amber lights are lit only when the vehicle is being used 5096 at a towing and recovery site.
- 5097 B. Except as otherwise provided in this section, such amber lights shall be lit only when performing 5098 the functions which qualify them to be equipped with such lights.
- 5099 C. Vehicles used to lead or provide escorts for funeral processions may use either amber warning lights or purple warning lights, but amber warning lights and purple warning lights shall not 5100 simultaneously be used on the same vehicle. The Superintendent of State Police shall develop standards 5101

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5102 and specifications for purple lights authorized in this subsection.

5103 D. Vehicles used by police, fire-fighting firefighting, or rescueemergency medical services personnel 5104 as command centers at the scene of incidents may be equipped with and use green warning lights of a 5105 type approved by the Superintendent. Such lights shall not be activated while the vehicle is operating 5106 upon the highway.

§ 46.2-1027. Warning lights on certain demonstrator vehicles.

5108 Dealers or businesses engaged in the sale of fire, rescue emergency medical services, or law-enforcement vehicles or ambulances may, for demonstration purposes, equip such vehicles with 5109 colored warning lights. 5110

§ 46.2-1028. Auxiliary lights on firefighting, Virginia Department of Transportation, and other 5111 5112 emergency vehicles.

5113 Any fire-fighting firefighting vehicle, ambulance, rescue or life saving emergency medical services 5114 vehicle, Virginia Department of Transportation vehicle, or tow truck may be equipped with clear 5115 auxiliary lights, which shall be used exclusively for lighting emergency scenes. Such lights shall be of a 5116 type approved by the Superintendent, and shall not be used in a manner which that may blind or 5117 interfere with the vision of the drivers of approaching vehicles. In no event shall such lights be lighted 5118 while the vehicle is in motion. 5119

§ 46.2-1029.2. Certain vehicles may be equipped with secondary warning lights.

5120 In addition to other lights authorized by this article, any (i) fire apparatus, (ii) government-owned 5121 vehicle operated on official business by a local fire chief or other local fire official, and (iii) rescue 5122 squad vehicle, ambulance, or any other emergency medical services vehicle may be equipped with 5123 alternating, blinking, or flashing red or red and white secondary warning lights mounted inside the 5124 vehicle's taillights or marker lights of a type approved by the Superintendent of State Police. 5125

§ 46.2-1044. Cleats, etc., on tires; chains; tires with studs.

5126 No tire on a vehicle moved on a highway shall have on its periphery any block, stud, flange, cleat, 5127 spike, or any other protuberance of any material other than rubber which projects beyond the tread of 5128 the traction surface of the tire. It shall be permissible, however, to use on the highways farm machinery 5129 having protuberances which will not injure the highway and to use tire chains of reasonable proportions 5130 when required for safety because of snow, ice, or other conditions tending to cause a vehicle to slide or 5131 skid. It shall also be permissible to use on any vehicle whose gross weight does not exceed 10,000 5132 pounds tires with studs which project no more than one-sixteenth of an inch beyond the tread of the 5133 traction surface of the tire when compressed if the studs cover no more than three percent of the traction 5134 surface of the tire. 5135

The use of studded tires shall be permissible only from October 15 to April 15.

5136 The provisions of this section shall not apply to any (i) law-enforcement vehicle operated by or 5137 under the direction of a federal, state, or local law-enforcement officer; (ii) vehicle used to fight fire, 5138 including publicly owned state forest warden vehicles; (iii) ambulance, rescue, or life saving emergency 5139 medical services vehicle; or (iv) vehicle owned or operated by the Virginia Department of 5140 Transportation or its contractors in maintenance and emergency response operations. 5141

§ 46.2-1052. Tinting films, signs, decals, and stickers on windshields, etc.; penalties.

5142 A. Except as otherwise provided in this article or permitted by federal law, it shall be unlawful for 5143 any person to operate any motor vehicle on a highway with any sign, poster, colored or tinted film, 5144 sun-shading material, or other colored material on the windshield, front or rear side windows, or rear 5145 windows of such motor vehicle. This provision, however, shall not apply to any certificate or other paper required by law or permitted by the Superintendent to be placed on a motor vehicle's windshield 5146 5147 or window.

5148 The size of stickers or decals used by counties, cities, and towns in lieu of license plates shall be in 5149 compliance with regulations promulgated by the Superintendent. Such stickers shall be affixed on the 5150 windshield at a location designated by the Superintendent.

5151 B. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, whenever a motor vehicle is equipped 5152 with a mirror on each side of such vehicle, so located as to reflect to the driver of such vehicle a view 5153 of the highway for at least 200 feet to the rear of such vehicle, any or all of the following shall be 5154 lawful:

5155 1. To drive a motor vehicle equipped with one optically grooved clear plastic right-angle rear view 5156 lens attached to one rear window of such motor vehicle, not exceeding 18 inches in diameter in the case 5157 of a circular lens or not exceeding 11 inches by 14 inches in the case of a rectangular lens, which 5158 enables the driver of the motor vehicle to view below the line of sight as viewed through the rear 5159 window:

5160 2. To have affixed to the rear side windows, rear window or windows of a motor vehicle any sticker 5161 or stickers, regardless of size; or

3. To drive a motor vehicle when the driver's clear view of the highway through the rear window or 5162 5163 windows is otherwise obstructed.

5164 C. Except as provided in § 46.2-1053, but notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, 5165 no sun-shading or tinting film may be applied or affixed to any window of a motor vehicle unless such 5166 motor vehicle is equipped with a mirror on each side of such motor vehicle, so located as to reflect to the driver of the vehicle a view of the highway for at least 200 feet to the rear of such vehicle, and the 5167 5168 sun-shading or tinting film is applied or affixed in accordance with the following:

5169 1. No sun-shading or tinting films may be applied or affixed to the rear side windows or rear 5170 window or windows of any motor vehicle operated on the highways of this the Commonwealth that 5171 reduce the total light transmittance of such window to less than 35 percent;

5172 2. No sun-shading or tinting films may be applied or affixed to the front side windows of any motor vehicle operated on the highways of this the Commonwealth that reduce total light transmittance of such 5173 5174 window to less than 50 percent;

5175 3. No sun-shading or tinting films shall be applied or affixed to any window of a motor vehicle that 5176 (i) have a reflectance of light exceeding 20 percent or (ii) produce a holographic or prism effect.

5177 Any person who operates a motor vehicle on the highways of this the Commonwealth with 5178 sun-shading or tinting films that (i) have a total light transmittance less than that required by 5179 subdivisions 1 and 2 of this subsection, (ii) have a reflectance of light exceeding 20 percent, or (iii) 5180 produce holographic or prism effects shall be is guilty of a traffic infraction but shall not be awarded 5181 any demerit points by the Commissioner for the violation.

5182 Any person or firm who applies or affixes to the windows of any motor vehicle in Virginia 5183 sun-shading or tinting films that (i) reduce the light transmittance to levels less than that allowed in 5184 subdivisions 1 and 2 of this subsection, (ii) have a reflectance of light exceeding 20 percent, or (iii) 5185 produce holographic or prism effects shall be is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor for the first offense 5186 and of a Class 2 misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.

5187 D. The Division of Purchases and Supply, pursuant to § 2.2-1112, shall determine the proper 5188 standards for equipment or devices used to measure light transmittance through windows of motor 5189 vehicles. Law-enforcement officers shall use only such equipment or devices to measure light 5190 transmittance through windows that meet the standards established by the Division. Such measurements 5191 made by law-enforcement officers shall be given a tolerance of minus seven percentage points.

5192 E. No film or darkening material may be applied on the windshield except to replace the sunshield in 5193 the uppermost area as installed by the manufacturer of the vehicle.

5194 F. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the affixing to the rear window of a motor vehicle of a 5195 single sticker no larger than 20 square inches if such sticker is totally contained within the lower five 5196 inches of the glass of the rear window, nor shall subsection B of this section apply to a motor vehicle to 5197 which but one such sticker is so affixed.

5198 G. Nothing in this section shall prohibit applying to the rear side windows or rear window of any 5199 multipurpose passenger vehicle or pickup truck sun-shading or tinting films that reduce the total light 5200 transmittance of such window or windows below 35 percent. 5201

H. As used in this article:

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"Front side windows" means those windows located adjacent to and forward of the driver's seat;

"Holographic effect" means a picture or image that may remain constant or change as the viewing 5203 5204 angle is changed;

5205 "Multipurpose passenger vehicle" means any motor vehicle that is (i) designed to carry no more than 5206 10 persons and (ii) constructed either on a truck chassis or with special features for occasional off-road 5207 use;

5208 "Prism effect" means a visual, iridescent, or rainbow-like effect that separates light into various 5209 colored components that may change depending on viewing angle; 5210

"Rear side windows" means those windows located to the rear of the driver's seat;

5211 "Rear window" or "rear windows" means those windows which are located to the rear of the 5212 passenger compartment of a motor vehicle and which are approximately parallel to the windshield.

5213 I. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, sun-shading material which was applied 5214 or installed prior to July 1, 1987, in a manner and on which windows not then in violation of Virginia 5215 law, shall continue to be lawful, provided that it can be shown by appropriate receipts that such material 5216 was installed prior to July 1, 1987.

5217 J. Where a person is convicted within one year of a second or subsequent violation of this section 5218 involving the operation of the same vehicle having a tinted or smoked windshield, the court, in addition 5219 to any other penalty, may order the person so convicted to remove such tinted or smoked windshield 5220 from the vehicle.

K. The provisions of this section shall not apply to law-enforcement vehicles.

5222 L. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the rear windows or rear side windows of any 5223 ambulance, rescue squad vehicle, or any other emergency medical services vehicle used to transport 5224 patients.

5225 M. The provisions of subdivision C 1 of this section shall not apply to sight-seeing carriers as 5226 defined in § 46.2-2000 and contract passenger carriers as defined in § 46.2-2000. 5227

§ 46.2-1076. Lettering on certain vehicles.

5228 A. No person shall drive, cause to be driven, or permit the driving of a "for hire" motor vehicle on 5229 the highways in the Commonwealth unless the legal name or trade name of the motor carrier as defined 5230 in Chapter 20 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) or Chapter 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) operating the vehicle is plainly 5231 displayed on both sides of the vehicle. The letters and numerals in the display shall be of such size, 5232 shape, and color as to be readily legible during daylight hours from a distance of fifty 50 feet while the 5233 vehicle is not in motion. The display shall be kept legible and may take the form of a removable device 5234 which meets the identification and legibility requirements of this section. 5235

B. This section shall not apply to any motor vehicle: 5236

1. Having a registered gross weight of less than 10,000 pounds;

2. Which is used exclusively for wedding, ambulance, weddings or funeral services; or

3. Which is rented without chauffeur and operated under a valid lease which gives the lessee 5238 5239 exclusive control of the vehicle; or 5240

4. Which is used exclusively as an emergency medical services vehicle.

5241 C. Subsection A of this section shall also apply to tow trucks used in providing service to the public 5242 for hire. For the purposes of this section, "tow truck" means any motor vehicle which is constructed and 5243 used primarily for towing, lifting, or otherwise moving disabled vehicles.

5244 D. No person shall drive on the highways in the Commonwealth a pickup or panel truck, tractor 5245 truck, trailer, or semitrailer bearing any name other than that of the vehicle's owner or lessee. However, 5246 the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to advertising material for another, displayed pursuant to 5247 a valid contract. 5248

§ 46.2-1077.1. Mobile infrared transmitters; demerit points not to be awarded.

5249 A. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of the 5250 Commonwealth when such vehicle is equipped with a mobile infrared transmitter or any other device or 5251 mechanism, passive or active, used to preempt or change the signal given by a traffic light so as to give 5252 the right-of-way to the vehicle equipped with such device. It shall be unlawful to use any such device or 5253 mechanism on any such motor vehicle on the highways. It shall be unlawful to sell any such device or 5254 mechanism in the Commonwealth, except for uses permitted under this section. In addition, the 5255 provisions of this section shall not apply to any law-enforcement, fire-fighting firefighting, life-saving, or 5256 rescue vehicle or ambulance or emergency medical services vehicle responding to an emergency call or 5257 operating in an emergency situation or any vehicle providing public transportation service in a corridor 5258 approved for public transportation priority by the Virginia Department of Transportation or the 5259 governing body of any county, city, or town having control of the highways within its boundaries.

5260 This section shall not be construed to authorize the forfeiture to the Commonwealth of any such 5261 device or mechanism. Any such device or mechanism may be taken by the arresting officer if needed as 5262 evidence, and, when no longer needed, shall be returned to the person charged with a violation of this 5263 section, or at that person's request and his expense, mailed to an address specified by him. Any 5264 unclaimed devices may be destroyed on court order after six months have elapsed from the final date for 5265 filing an appeal.

5266 Except as provided in subsection B of this section, the presence of any such prohibited device or 5267 mechanism in or on a motor vehicle on the highways of the Commonwealth shall constitute prima facie 5268 evidence of the violation of this section. The Commonwealth need not prove that the device or 5269 mechanism in question was in an operative condition or being operated.

5270 B. A person shall not be guilty of a violation of this section when the device or mechanism in 5271 question, at the time of the alleged offense, had no power source and was not readily accessible for use 5272 by the driver or any passenger in the vehicle. 5273

C. No demerit points shall be awarded by the Commissioner for violations of this section.

5274 § 46.2-1078.1. Use of handheld personal communications devices in certain motor vehicles; 5275 exceptions; penalty.

5276 A. It is unlawful for any person to operate a moving motor vehicle on the highways in the 5277 Commonwealth while using any handheld personal communications device to:

5278 1. Manually enter multiple letters or text in the device as a means of communicating with another 5279 person; or

5280 2. Read any email or text message transmitted to the device or stored within the device, provided 5281 that this prohibition shall not apply to any name or number stored within the device nor to any caller 5282 identification information. 5283

B. The provisions of this section shall not apply to:

5284 1. The operator of any emergency vehicle while he is engaged in the performance of his official 5285 duties:

5286 2. An operator who is lawfully parked or stopped;

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5287 3. The use of factory-installed or aftermarket global positioning systems (GPS) or wireless 5288 communications devices used to transmit or receive data as part of a digital dispatch system; or

5289 4. Any person using a handheld personal communications device to report an emergency.

5290 C. A violation of this section is a traffic infraction punishable, for a first offense, by a fine of \$125 5291 and, for a second or subsequent offense, by a fine of \$250.

5292 For the purposes of this section, "emergency vehicle" means:

5293 1. Any law-enforcement vehicle operated by or under the direction of a federal, state, or local 5294 law-enforcement officer;

5295 2. Any regional detention center vehicle operated by or under the direction of a correctional officer 5296 responding to an emergency call or operating in an emergency situation;

5297 3. Any vehicle used to fight fire, including publicly owned state forest warden vehicles, when 5298 traveling in response to a fire alarm or emergency call;

5299 4. Any ambulance, rescue, or life-saving emergency medical services vehicle designed or used for the 5300 principal purpose of supplying resuscitation or emergency relief medical services where human life is 5301 endangered;

5302 5. Any Department of Emergency Management vehicle or Office of Emergency Medical Services 5303 vehicle, when responding to an emergency call or operating in an emergency situation;

5304 6. Any Department of Corrections vehicle designated by the Director of the Department of 5305 Corrections, when (i) responding to an emergency call at a correctional facility, (ii) participating in a 5306 drug-related investigation, (iii) pursuing escapees from a correctional facility, or (iv) responding to a 5307 request for assistance from a law-enforcement officer; and

5308 7. Any vehicle authorized to be equipped with alternating, blinking, or flashing red or red and white 5309 secondary warning lights pursuant to $\frac{1}{8}$ 46.2-1029.2. 5310

D. Distracted driving shall be included as a part of the driver's license knowledge examination.

§ 46.2-1239. Parking in certain locations; penalty.

5312 No person shall park a vehicle or permit it to stand, whether attended or unattended, on a highway in 5313 front of a private driveway, within fifteen 15 feet of a fire hydrant or the entrance to a fire station, within fifteen 15 feet of the entrance to a plainly designated building housing rescue squad equipment or 5314 5315 ambulances emergency medical services agency, or within twenty 20 feet from the intersection of curb lines or, if none, then within fifteen 15 feet of the intersection of property lines at any highway 5316 5317 intersection.

§ 46.2-1900. Definitions.

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5319 Unless the context otherwise requires, the following words and terms for the purpose of this chapter 5320 shall have the following meanings:

5321 "Certificate of origin" means the document provided by the manufacturer of a new T&M vehicle, or 5322 its distributor, which is the only valid indication of ownership between the manufacturer, its distributor, 5323 its franchised T&M vehicle dealers, and the original purchaser not for resale.

5324 "Dealer-operator" means the individual who works at the established place of business of a dealer 5325 and who is responsible for and in charge of day-to-day operations of that place of business.

5326 "Distributor" means a person who sells or distributes new T&M vehicles pursuant to a written 5327 agreement with the manufacturer, to franchised T&M vehicle dealers in the Commonwealth.

"Distributor branch" means a branch office maintained by a distributor for the sale of T&M vehicles 5328 5329 to T&M vehicle dealers or for directing or supervising, in whole or in part, its representatives in the 5330 Commonwealth.

5331 "Distributor representative" means a person employed by a distributor or by a distributor branch, for 5332 the purpose of making or promoting the sale of T&M vehicles or for supervising or contacting its 5333 dealers, prospective dealers, or representatives in the Commonwealth.

5334 "Factory branch" means a branch office maintained by a person for the sale of T&M vehicles to 5335 distributors or for the sale of T&M vehicles to T&M vehicle dealers, or for directing or supervising, in 5336 whole or in part, its representatives in the Commonwealth.

5337 "Factory representative" means a person employed by a person who manufactures or assembles T&M 5338 vehicles, or by a factory branch for the purpose of making or promoting the sale of its T&M vehicles, 5339 or for supervising or contacting its dealers, prospective dealers, or representatives in the Commonwealth.

5340 "Factory repurchase T&M vehicle" means a T&M vehicle sold, leased, rented, consigned, or 5341 otherwise transferred to a person under an agreement that the T&M vehicle will be resold or otherwise 5342 retransferred only to the manufacturer or distributor of the T&M vehicle, and which is reacquired by the 5343 manufacturer or distributor, or its agents.

"Family member" means a person who either (i) is the spouse, child, grandchild, spouse of a child, 5344 5345 spouse of a grandchild, brother, sister, or parent of the dealer or owner, or (ii) has been employed 5346 continuously by the dealer for at least five years.

5347 "Franchise" means a written contract or agreement between two or more persons whereby one

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5348 person, the franchisee, is granted the right to engage in the business of offering and selling, servicing, or 5349 offering, selling, and servicing new T&M vehicles of a particular line-make or late model or factory 5350 repurchase T&M vehicles of a particular line-make manufactured or distributed by the grantor of the 5351 right, the franchisor, and where the operation of the franchisee's business is substantially associated with 5352 the franchisor's trademark, trade name, advertising, or other commercial symbol designating the 5353 franchisor, the T&M vehicle or its manufacturer or distributor. The term shall include any severable part 5354 or parts of a franchise agreement which separately provides for selling and servicing different line-makes 5355 of the franchisor.

5356 "Franchised late model or factory repurchase T&M vehicle dealer" means a dealer in late model or factory repurchase T&M vehicles, including a franchised new T&M vehicle dealer, that has a franchise 5357 5358 agreement with a manufacturer or distributor of the line-make of the late model or factory repurchase 5359 T&M vehicles.

5360 "Franchised T&M vehicle dealer" or "franchised dealer" means a dealer in new T&M vehicles that 5361 has a franchise agreement with a manufacturer or distributor of new T&M vehicles. 5362

"Independent T&M vehicle dealer" means a dealer in used T&M vehicles.

5363 "Late model T&M vehicle" means a T&M vehicle of the current model year and the immediately 5364 preceding model year.

5365 "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the business of constructing or assembling new T&M 5366 vehicles or a person engaged in the business of manufacturing engines, power trains, or rear axles, when 5367 such engines, power trains, or rear axles are not warranted by the final manufacturer or assembler of the motor home. 5368

5369 "Motor home" means a motor vehicle with a normal seating capacity of not more than ten 10 5370 persons, including the driver, designed primarily for use as living quarters for human beings.

"Motor vehicle dealer," "motor vehicle manufacturer," "motor vehicle factory branch," "motor vehicle 5371 distributor," "motor vehicle distributor branch," "motor vehicle factory representative," and "motor 5372 vehicle distributor representative" mean the same as provided in § 46.2-1500. 5373

5374 "New T&M vehicle" means any T&M vehicle which that (i) has not been previously sold except in 5375 good faith for the purpose of resale, (ii) has not been used as a rental, driver education, or 5376 demonstration T&M vehicle, or for the personal and business transportation of the manufacturer, 5377 distributor, dealer, or any of his employees, (iii) has not been used except for limited use necessary in 5378 moving or road testing the T&M vehicle prior to delivery to a customer, (iv) is transferred by a 5379 certificate of origin, and (v) has the manufacturer's certification that it conforms to all applicable federal 5380 T&M vehicle safety and emission standards. Notwithstanding provisions (i) and (iii), a T&M vehicle 5381 that has been previously sold but not titled shall be deemed a new T&M vehicle if it meets the 5382 requirements of provisions (ii), (iv), and (v) of this definition.

"Original license" means a T&M vehicle dealer license issued to an applicant who has never been 5383 5384 licensed as a T&M vehicle dealer in Virginia or whose Virginia T&M vehicle dealer license has been 5385 expired for more than thirty days. 5386

"Relevant market area" means as follows:

5387 1. In metropolitan localities with a population of 250,000, the relevant market area shall be a circular 5388 area around an existing franchised dealer not to exceed a radius of ten miles, but in no case less than 5389 seven miles.

2. If the population in an area within a radius of ten 10 miles around an existing franchised dealer is 5390 5391 less than 250,000, but the population in an area within a radius of fifteen 15 miles around an existing 5392 franchised dealer is 150,000 or more, the relevant market area shall be that area within the fifteen-mile 5393 15-mile radius.

5394 3. In all other cases the relevant market area shall be an area within a radius of twenty 20 miles 5395 around an existing franchised dealer or the area of responsibility defined in the franchise, whichever is 5396 greater. In any case where the franchise agreement is silent as to area responsibility, the relevant market 5397 area shall be the greater of an area within a radius of twenty 20 miles around an existing franchised 5398 dealer or that area in which the franchisor otherwise requires the franchisee to make significant retail 5399 sales or sales efforts.

5400 In determining population for this definition, the most recent census by the U.S. Bureau of the 5401 Census or the most recent population update, either from the National Planning Data Corporation or 5402 other similar recognized source, shall be accumulated for all census tracts either wholly or partially 5403 within the relevant market area.

5404 "Retail installment sale" means every sale of one or more T&M vehicles to a buyer for his use and not for resale, in which the price of the T&M vehicle is payable in one or more installments and in 5405 5406 which the seller has either retained title to the goods or has taken or retained a security interest in the 5407 goods under form of contract designated either as a security agreement, conditional sale, bailment lease, 5408 chattel mortgage, or otherwise.

5409 "Sale at retail" or "retail sale" means the act or attempted act of selling, bartering, exchanging, or

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5410 otherwise disposing of a T&M vehicle to a buyer for his personal use and not for resale.

5411 "Sale at wholesale" or "wholesale" means a sale to T&M vehicle dealers or wholesalers other than to 5412 consumers, or a sale to one who intends to resell.

5413 "T&M vehicle" means motor homes and travel trailers as defined in this section.

5414 "T&M vehicle dealer" or "dealer" means any person who:

5415 1. For commission, money, or other thing of value, buys, sells, exchanges, either outright or on 5416 conditional sale, bailment lease, chattel mortgage, or otherwise or arranges or offers or attempts to 5417 solicit or negotiate on behalf of others a sale, purchase, or exchange of an interest in new T&M 5418 vehicles, new and used T&M vehicles, or used T&M vehicles alone, whether or not the T&M vehicles 5419 are owned by him;

5420 2. Is wholly or partly engaged in the business of selling new T&M vehicles, new and used T&M 5421 vehicles, or used T&M vehicles only, whether or not the T&M vehicles are owned by him; or

5422 3. Offers to sell, sells, displays, or permits the display for sale, of five or more T&M vehicles within 5423 any twelve 12 consecutive months.

The term "T&M vehicle dealer" does not include:

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5425 1. Receivers, trustees, administrators, executors, guardians, conservators or other persons appointed 5426 by or acting under judgment or order of any court or their employees when engaged in the specific 5427 performance of their duties as employees. 5428

2. Public officers, their deputies, assistants, or employees, while performing their official duties.

5429 3. Persons other than business entities primarily engaged in the leasing or renting of T&M vehicles 5430 to others when selling or offering such vehicles for sale at retail, disposing of T&M vehicles acquired 5431 for their own use and actually so used, when the T&M vehicles have been so acquired and used in good 5432 faith and not for the purpose of avoiding the provisions of this chapter.

5433 4. Persons dealing solely in the sale and distribution of fire-fighting firefighting equipment, 5434 ambulances emergency medical services vehicles, and funeral vehicles, including T&M vehicles adapted 5435 therefor; however, this exemption shall not exempt any person from the provisions of §§ 46.2-1919, 5436 46.2-1920 and 46.2-1949.

5437 5. Any financial institution chartered or authorized to do business under the laws of the 5438 Commonwealth or the United States which may have received title to a T&M vehicle in the normal 5439 course of its business by reason of a foreclosure, other taking, repossession, or voluntary reconveyance 5440 to that institution occurring as a result of any loan secured by a lien on the T&M vehicle.

5441 6. An employee of an organization arranging for the purchase or lease by the organization of T&M 5442 vehicles for use in the organization's business.

5443 7. Any person licensed to sell real estate who sells a manufactured home or similar vehicle in 5444 conjunction with the sale of the parcel of land on which the manufactured home or similar vehicle is 5445 located.

5446 8. Any person who permits the operation of a T&M vehicle show or permits the display of T&M 5447 vehicles for sale by any T&M vehicle dealer licensed under this chapter.

5448 9. An insurance company authorized to do business in the Commonwealth that sells or disposes of 5449 T&M vehicles under a contract with its insured in the regular course of business.

5450 10. Any publication, broadcast, or other communications media when engaged in the business of 5451 advertising, but not otherwise arranging for the sale of T&M vehicles owned by others.

5452 11. Any person dealing solely in the sale or lease of T&M vehicles designed exclusively for off-road 5453 use.

12. Any credit union authorized to do business in Virginia, provided the credit union does not 5454 5455 receive a commission, money, or other thing of value directly from a T&M vehicle dealer.

5456 13. Any person licensed as a manufactured home dealer, broker, manufacturer, or salesperson under 5457 Chapter 4.2 (§ 36-85.16 et seq.) of Title 36.

5458 "T&M vehicle salesperson" or "salesperson" means any person who is licensed as and employed as a 5459 salesperson by a T&M vehicle dealer to sell or exchange T&M vehicles.

"T&M vehicle show" means a display of T&M vehicles to the general public at a location other than 5460 5461 a dealer's location licensed under this chapter where the T&M vehicles are not being offered for sale or 5462 exchange during or as part of the display.

5463 "Travel trailer" means a vehicle designed to provide temporary living quarters of such size or weight 5464 as not to require special highway movement permits when towed by a motor vehicle and having a gross 5465 trailer area less than 320 square feet.

5466 "Used T&M vehicle" means any T&M vehicle other than a new T&M vehicle as defined in this 5467 section.

5468 "Wholesale auction" means an auction of T&M vehicles restricted to sales at wholesale.

5469 § 46.2-2000.1. Vehicles excluded from operation of chapter.

5470 This chapter shall not be construed to include: 5471 1. Motor vehicles employed solely in transporting school children and teachers;

5472 2. Taxicabs, or other motor vehicles performing bona fide taxicab service, having a seating capacity 5473 of not more than six passengers, excluding the driver, while operating in a county, city, or town which 5474 has or adopts an ordinance regulating and controlling taxicabs and other vehicles performing a bona fide 5475 taxicab service, and not operating on a regular route or between fixed termini;

5476 3. Motor vehicles owned or operated by or on behalf of hotels while used exclusively for the 5477 transportation of hotel patronage between hotels and local railroad or other common carrier stations;

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4. Motor vehicles owned and operated by the United States, the District of Columbia, or any state, or any municipality or any other political subdivision of this Commonwealth, including passenger-carrying 5480 motor vehicles while being operated under an exclusive contract with the United States;

5481 5. Any motor vehicle designed with a seating capacity for and used to transport not more than fifteen 15 passengers, including the driver, if the driver and the passengers are engaged in a share-the-ride 5482 5483 undertaking and if they share not more than the expenses of operation of the vehicle. Regular payments 5484 toward a capital recovery fund not exceeding the cost of the vehicle or used to pay for leasing the 5485 vehicle are to be considered eligible expenses of operation;

5486 6. Unless otherwise provided, motor vehicles while used exclusively in the transportation of passengers within the corporate limits of incorporated cities or towns, and motor vehicles used 5487 5488 exclusively in the regular transportation of passengers within the boundaries of such cities or towns and 5489 adjacent counties where such vehicles are being operated by such county or pursuant to a contract with 5490 the board of supervisors of such county;

5491 7. Motor vehicles while operated under the exclusive regulatory control of a transportation district 5492 commission acting pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of Title 5493 33.2;

5494 8. Motor vehicles used for the transportation of passengers by nonprofit, nonstock corporations 5495 funded solely by federal, state or local subsidies, the use of which motor vehicles are restricted as to 5496 regular and irregular routes to contracts with four or more counties and, at the commencement of the 5497 operation, no certificated carrier provides the same or similar services within such counties; and 5498

9. Ambulances Emergency medical services vehicles as defined in § 32.1-111.1.

§ 51.1-153. Service retirement.

5500 A. Normal retirement. - Any member in service at his normal retirement date with five or more years 5501 of creditable service may retire at any time upon written notification to the Board setting forth the date 5502 the retirement is to become effective. Any member in service who was denied membership prior to July 5503 1, 1987, as a result of being age 60 or over when first employed may retire at any time after his normal 5504 retirement date and the requirement of having five or more years of service shall not apply.

5505 B. Early retirement. - 1. Any member in service who has attained his fifty-fifth birthday with five or 5506 more years of creditable service may retire prior to his normal retirement date upon written notification 5507 to the Board setting forth the date the retirement is to become effective.

5508 However, a person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, or a member who does not 5509 have at least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013, under this chapter shall be allowed 5510 to retire under this subdivision prior to his normal retirement date only if the person is in service and 5511 has attained his sixtieth birthday with five or more years of creditable service, and the benefit for such 5512 person shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of subdivision A 3 of § 51.1-155.

5513 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 3, any state employee, teacher, or employee of a political 5514 subdivision who is a member of the retirement system may retire prior to his normal retirement date 5515 after attaining age 50 and 30 years of creditable service, upon written notification to the Board setting 5516 forth the date the retirement is to become effective. The benefit for such member shall be calculated in 5517 accordance with the provisions of subdivision A 1 of § 51.1-155.

5518 3. A person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, or a member who does not have at 5519 least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013, as a state employee, teacher, or employee of 5520 a political subdivision may retire prior to his normal retirement date after the sum of his age and years 5521 of creditable service equals 90, upon written notification to the Board setting forth the date the 5522 retirement is to become effective. The benefit for such member shall be calculated in accordance with 5523 the provisions of subdivision A 1 of § 51.1-155.

5524 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a political subdivision by legally adopted resolution may declare to 5525 the Board that, for purposes of subdivisions B 1 and B 3 and subsection D, and subdivision A 3 of 5526 § 51.1-155, any person who is an individual who meets the definition of "emergency medical services" 5527 personnel" in §32.1-111.1 or who is employed as a firefighter, emergency medical technician, or law-enforcement officer as those terms are defined in § 15.2-1512.2 (i) shall not be considered a person 5528 5529 who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, and (ii) shall be deemed to have at least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013. Such resolution shall be irrevocable. 5530

5531 C. Deferred retirement for members terminating service. - Any member who terminates service after 5532 five or more years of creditable service, regardless of termination date, may retire under the provisions

5533 of subsection A, B, or D of this section if he has not withdrawn his accumulated contributions prior to 5534 the effective date of his retirement or if he has five or more years of creditable service for which his 5535 employer has paid the contributions and such contributions cannot be withdrawn. For the purposes of 5536 this subsection, any requirements as to the member being in service shall not apply.

5537 D. 50/10 retirement. - Any member in service on or after January 1, 1994, who has attained his 5538 fiftieth birthday with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire prior to his normal retirement 5539 date upon written notification to the Board setting forth the date the retirement is to become effective. A 5540 person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, or a member who does not have at least 60 5541 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013, shall not be allowed to retire pursuant to this 5542 subsection.

5543 E. Effective date of retirement. - The effective date of retirement shall be after the last day of service 5544 of the member, but shall not be more than 90 days prior to the filing of the notice of retirement.

5545 F. Notification on behalf of member. - If the member is physically or mentally unable to submit 5546 written notification of his intention to retire, the member's appointing authority may submit notification 5547 on his behalf. 5548

§ 51.1-155. Service retirement allowance.

5549 A. Retirement allowance. - A member shall receive an annual retirement allowance, payable for life, 5550 as follows:

5551 1. Normal retirement. - The allowance shall equal 1.70 percent of his average final compensation 5552 multiplied by the amount of his creditable service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, for a member who (i) 5553 is a person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, or (ii) does not have at least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013, the allowance shall equal the sum of (a) 1.65 percent of his 5554 5555 average final compensation multiplied by the amount of his creditable service performed or purchased 5556 on or after January 1, 2013, and (b) 1.70 percent of his average final compensation multiplied by the 5557 amount of all other creditable service.

5558 2. Early retirement; applicable to teachers, state employees, and certain others. - The allowance shall 5559 be determined in the same manner as for normal retirement with creditable service and average final 5560 compensation being determined as of the date of actual retirement. If the member has less than 30 years 5561 of service at retirement, the amount of the retirement allowance shall be reduced on an actuarial 5562 equivalent basis for the period by which the actual retirement date precedes the earlier of (i) his normal 5563 retirement date or (ii) the first date on which he would have completed a total of 30 years of creditable 5564 service. The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to teachers and state employees. These provisions 5565 shall also apply to employees of any political subdivision that participates in the retirement system if the 5566 political subdivision makes the election provided in subdivision 3.

5567 3. Early retirement; applicable to employees of certain political subdivisions, any person who 5568 becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, and any member who does not have at least 60 months of 5569 creditable service as of January 1, 2013. - The allowance shall be determined in the same manner as for 5570 normal retirement with creditable service and average final compensation being determined as of the 5571 date of actual retirement. If the creditable service of the member equals 30 or more years but the sum of 5572 his age at retirement plus his creditable service at retirement is less than 90, the amount of the 5573 retirement allowance shall be reduced on an actuarial equivalent basis for the period by which the actual 5574 retirement date precedes the earlier of (i) his normal retirement date or (ii) the first date on which the 5575 sum of his then attained age plus his then creditable service would have been equal to 90 or more had 5576 he remained in service until such date. If the member has less than 30 years of creditable service, the 5577 retirement allowance shall be reduced for the period by which the actual retirement date precedes the 5578 earlier of (i) his normal retirement date or (ii) the first date on which he would have completed a total 5579 of at least 30 years of creditable service and his then creditable service plus his then attained age would 5580 have been equal to 90 or more.

5581 The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to the employees of any political subdivision that 5582 participates in the retirement system and any other employees as provided by law. The participating 5583 political subdivision may, however, elect to provide its employees with the early retirement allowance set forth in subdivision 2. No such election shall be made for a person who becomes a member on or 5584 5585 after July 1, 2010, or a member who does not have at least 60 months of creditable service as of 5586 January 1, 2013. Any election pursuant to this subdivision shall be set forth in a legally adopted 5587 resolution.

5588 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a political subdivision by legally adopted resolution may declare to 5589 the Board that, for purposes of this subdivision, subdivisions B 1 and B 3 and subsection D of 5590 § 51.1-153, any person who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in 5591 \$32.1-111.1 or is employed as a firefighter, emergency medical technician, or law-enforcement officer as 5592 those terms are defined in § 15.2-1512.2 (i) shall not be considered a person who becomes a member on 5593 or after July 1, 2010, and (ii) shall be deemed to have at least 60 months of creditable service as of

5594 January 1, 2013. Such resolution shall be irrevocable.

5595 4. Additional allowance. - In addition to the allowance payable under subdivisions 1, 2, and 3, a member shall receive an additional allowance which shall be the actuarial equivalent, for his attained 5596 5597 age at the time of retirement, of the excess of his accumulated contributions transferred from the 5598 abolished system to the retirement system, including interest credited at the rate of two percent 5599 compounded annually since the transfer to the date of retirement, over the annual amounts equal to four 5600 percent of his annual creditable compensation at the date of abolishment for a period equal to his period 5601 of membership in the abolished system.

5602 5. 50/10 retirement. - The allowance shall be payable in a monthly stream of payments equal to the 5603 greater of (i) the actuarial equivalent of the benefit the member would have received had he terminated service and deferred retirement to age 55 or (ii) the actuarially calculated present value of the member's 5604 5605 accumulated contributions, including accrued interest.

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B. Beneficiary serving in position covered by this title.

5607 1. Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and 3, if a beneficiary of a service retirement allowance 5608 under this chapter or the provisions of Chapters 2 (§ 51.1-200 et seq.), 2.1 (§ 51.1-211 et seq.), or 3 5609 (§ 51.1-300 et seq.) is at any time in service as an employee in a position covered for retirement purposes under the provisions of this or any chapter other than Chapter 6 (§ 51.1-600 et seq.), 6.1 5610 5611 (§ 51.1-607 et seq.), or 7 (§ 51.1-700 et seq.), his retirement allowance shall cease while so employed. 5612 Any member who retires and later returns to covered employment shall not be entitled to select a 5613 different retirement option for a subsequent retirement.

5614 2. Active members of the General Assembly who are eligible to receive a retirement allowance under 5615 this title, excluding their service as a member of the General Assembly, shall be eligible to receive a 5616 retirement allowance based on their creditable service and average final compensation for service other than as a member of the General Assembly. Such members of the General Assembly shall continue to 5617 5618 be reported as any other members of the retirement system. Upon ceasing to serve in the General 5619 Assembly, members of the General Assembly receiving a retirement allowance based on their creditable 5620 service and average final compensation for service other than as a member of the General Assembly 5621 shall have their retirement allowance recomputed prospectively to include their service as a member of 5622 the General Assembly. Active members of the General Assembly shall be prohibited from receiving a 5623 service retirement allowance under this title based solely on their service as a member of the General 5624 Assembly.

5625 3. (Expires July 1, 2015) Any person receiving a service retirement allowance under this chapter, who is hired as a local school board instructional or administrative employee required to be licensed by 5626 5627 the Board of Education, may elect to continue to receive the retirement allowance during such 5628 employment, under the following conditions:

5629 (a) The person has been receiving such retirement allowance for a certain period of time preceding 5630 his employment as provided by law;

5631 (b) The person is not receiving a retirement benefit pursuant to an early retirement incentive program 5632 from any local school division within the Commonwealth; and

5633 (c) At the time the person is employed, the position to which he is assigned is among those 5634 identified by the Superintendent of Public Instruction pursuant to subdivision 4 of § 22.1-23, by the 5635 relevant division superintendent, pursuant to § 22.1-70.3, or by the relevant local school board, pursuant 5636 to subdivision 9 of § 22.1-79.

5637 If the person elects to continue to receive the retirement allowance during the period of such 5638 employment, then his service performed and compensation received during such period of time will not 5639 increase, decrease, or affect in any way his retirement benefits before, during, or after such employment. 5640

§ 51.1-169. Hybrid retirement program.

A. For purposes of this section, "hybrid retirement program" or "program" means a hybrid retirement 5641 5642 program covering any employee in a position covered for retirement purposes under the provisions of 5643 Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.) for retirement purposes other than the Virginia Retirement System 5644 defined benefit retirement plan established under Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.). Persons who are 5645 participants in, or eligible to be participants in, the retirement plans under the provisions of Chapter 2 5646 (§ 51.1-200 et seq.), Chapter 2.1 (§ 51.1-211 et seq.), the optional retirement plans established under 5647 §§ 51.1-126.1, 51.1-126.3, 51.1-126.4, and 51.1-126.7, or a person eligible to earn the benefits permitted 5648 by § 51.1-138 shall not be eligible to participate in the hybrid retirement program. Any person who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in § 32.1-111.1 or is employed as a 5649 firefighter, emergency medical technician, or law-enforcement officer as those terms are defined in 5650 5651 § 15.2-1512.2 and whose employing political subdivision has legally adopted an irrevocable resolution as described in subdivision B 4 of § 51.1-153 and subdivision A 3 of § 51.1-155 shall not be eligible to 5652 participate in the hybrid retirement program. No member of the Judicial Retirement System under 5653 5654 Chapter 3 (§ 51.1-300 et seq.) shall be eligible to participate in the hybrid retirement program described 5655 in § 51.1-169 except members appointed to an original term on or after January 1, 2014.

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The Board shall maintain the hybrid retirement program established by this section, and any
employer is authorized to make contributions under such program for the benefit of its employees
participating in such program. Every person who is otherwise eligible to participate in the program but
is not a member of a retirement plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System the first time he is
hired on or after January 1, 2014, in a covered position, shall participate in the hybrid retirement
program established by this section.

A person who participates in the otherwise applicable defined benefit retirement plan established by this title and administered by the Virginia Retirement System under this chapter may make an irrevocable election to participate in the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section. Such election shall be exercised no later than April 30, 2014. If an election is not made by April 30, 2014, such employee shall be deemed to have elected not to participate in the hybrid retirement program and shall continue to participate in his current retirement plan.

5668 B. 1. The employer shall make contributions to the defined benefit component of the program in accordance with § 51.1-145.

5670 2. The employer shall make a mandatory contribution to the defined contribution component of the 5671 program on behalf of an employee participating in the program in the amount of one percent of 5672 creditable compensation. In addition, the employer shall make a matching contribution on behalf of the 5673 employee based on the employee's voluntary contributions under the defined contribution component of 5674 the program to the deferred compensation plan established under § 51.1-602, up to a maximum of 2.5 5675 percent of creditable compensation for the payroll period, as follows: (i) 100 percent of the first one 5676 percent of creditable compensation contributed by the employee to the defined contribution component 5677 of the program under subdivision C 2 for the payroll period, and (ii) 50 percent of the next three 5678 percent of creditable compensation contributed by the employee to the defined contribution component 5679 of the program under subdivision C 2 for the payroll period. The matching contribution by the employer 5680 shall be made to the appropriate cash match plan established for the employee under § 51.1-608.

- 5681 3. The total amount contributed by the employer under subdivision 2 shall vest to the employee's benefit according to the following schedule:
- **5683** a. Upon completion of two years of active participation, 50 percent.

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- 5684 b. Upon completion of three years of active participation, 75 percent.
 - c. Upon completion of four years of active participation, 100 percent.
- **5686** For purposes of this subdivision, "active participation" includes creditable service, as defined in **5687** § 51.1-124.3, in any retirement plan established by this title and administered by the Retirement System.
- 5688 If an employee terminates employment with an employer prior to achieving 100 percent vesting, contributions made by an employer on behalf of the employee under subdivision 2 that are not vested, shall be forfeited. The Board may establish a forfeiture account and may specify the uses of the forfeiture account.
- 5692 4. An employee may direct the investment of contributions made by an employer under subdivision5693 B 2.
- 5694 5. No loans or hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by an employer under subdivision B 2.
- 5696 C. 1. An employee participating in the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section shall,
 5697 pursuant to procedures established by the Board, make mandatory contributions on a salary reduction
 5698 basis in accordance with § 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code (i) to the defined benefit component of
 5699 the program in the amount of four percent of creditable compensation in lieu of the amount described in
 5700 subsection A of § 51.1-144 and (ii) to the defined contribution component of the program in the amount
 5701 of one percent of creditable compensation.
- 5702 2. An employee participating in the hybrid retirement program may also make voluntary
 5703 contributions to the defined contribution component of the program of up to four percent of creditable
 5704 compensation or the limit on elective deferrals pursuant to § 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code,
 5705 whichever is less. The contribution by the employee shall be made to the appropriate deferred
 5706 compensation plan established by the employee under § 51.1-602.
- 5707 3. If an employee's voluntary contributions under subdivision C 2 are less than four percent of creditable compensation, the contribution will increase by one-half of one percent, beginning on January 1, 2017, and every three years thereafter, until the employee's voluntary contributions under subdivision C 2 reach four percent of creditable compensation. The increase will be effective beginning with the first pay period that begins in such calendar year unless the employee elects not to increase the voluntary contribution in a manner prescribed by the Board.
- 5713 4. No loans or hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by an employee 5714 under this subsection.
- 5715 D. 1. The amount of the service retirement allowance under the defined benefit component of the 5716 program shall be governed by § 51.1-155 for all creditable service credited prior to the effective date of

5717 the member's participation in the program. For all other creditable service, the allowance shall equal one 5718 percent of a member's average final compensation multiplied by the amount of his creditable service 5719

while in the program. For judges who are participating in the hybrid retirement program, creditable 5720 service shall be determined as provided in § 51.1-303 and service retirement eligibility shall be determined as provided in § 51.1-305. 5721 5722

2. No member shall retire for disability under the defined benefit component of the program.

5723 3. Except as provided in subdivision 1, any employee participating in the hybrid retirement program 5724 maintained under this section shall be considered to be a person who becomes a member on or after 5725 July 1, 2010.

5726 4. In all other respects, administration of the defined benefit component of the program shall be 5727 governed by the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.).

5728 E. With respect to any employee who elects, pursuant to subsection A, to participate in the otherwise 5729 applicable defined benefit retirement plan established by this title and administered by the Virginia 5730 Retirement System, the employer shall collect and pay all employee and employer contributions to the 5731 Virginia Retirement System for retirement and group life insurance in accordance with the provisions of 5732 Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.) for such employee.

5733 F. 1. The Board shall develop policies and procedures for administering the hybrid retirement 5734 program it maintains, including the establishment of guidelines for employee elections and deferrals 5735 under the program.

5736 2. No employee who is an active member in the hybrid retirement program maintained under this 5737 section shall also be an active member of any other optional retirement plan maintained under the 5738 provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.).

5739 3. If a member of the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section is at any time in 5740 service as an employee in a position covered for retirement purposes under the provisions of Chapter 1 5741 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.), 2 (§ 51.1-200 et seq.), 2.1 (§ 51.1-211 et seq.), or 3 (§ 51.1-300 et seq.), his benefit payments under the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section shall be suspended 5742 5743 while so employed; provided, however, reemployment shall have no effect on a payment under the 5744 defined contribution component of the program if the benefit is being paid in an annuity form under an 5745 annuity contract purchased with the member's account balance.

5746 4. Any administrative fee imposed pursuant to subdivision A 13 of § 51.1-124.22 on any employer 5747 for administering and overseeing the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section shall be 5748 charged for each employee participating in such program and shall be for costs incurred by the Virginia 5749 Retirement System that are directly related to the administration and oversight of such program. 5750 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board is authorized to collect all or a portion of such fee directly 5751 from the employee.

5752 5. The creditable compensation for any employee on whose behalf employee or employer 5753 contributions are made into the hybrid retirement program shall not exceed the limit on compensation as 5754 adjusted by the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service pursuant to the transition provisions applicable to eligible participants under state and local governmental plans under § 401(a)(17) of the 5755 Internal Revenue Code as amended in 1993 and as contained in § 13212(d)(3) of the Omnibus Budget 5756 5757 Reconciliation Act of 1993 (P.L. 103-66).

5758 6. The Board may contract with private corporations or institutions, subject to the standards set forth 5759 in § 51.1-124.30, to provide investment products as well as any other goods and services related to the administration of the hybrid retirement program. The Virginia Retirement System is hereby authorized to 5760 5761 perform related services, including but not limited to, providing consolidated billing, individual and 5762 collective recordkeeping and accountings, and asset purchase, control, and safekeeping.

5763 § 51.1-1200. Fund established; administration and management; Volunteer Firefighters' and 5764 **Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund Board.**

5765 There is hereby created a fund to be known and designated as the "Volunteer Firefighters' and 5766 Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund" (the Fund). The Fund is established to provide service 5767 awards to eligible volunteer firefighters and rescue squad workers volunteer emergency medical services 5768 personnel who elect to become members of the Fund. The Volunteer Firefighters' and Rescue Squad 5769 Workers' Service Award Fund Board (the Board) shall utilize the assistance of the Virginia Retirement 5770 System in establishing, investing, and maintaining the Fund. The Board of Trustees of the Virginia 5771 Retirement System shall administer and manage the investment of the Fund as custodian and provide 5772 staff to further carry out the provisions of this chapter. The Virginia Retirement System shall invest the Funds in accordance with Article 3.1 (§ 51.1-124.30 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of this title. The Fund shall 5773 5774 annually reimburse the Virginia Retirement System for all costs incurred and associated, directly and 5775 indirectly, with the administration of this chapter and management and investment of the Fund. 5776

§ 51.1-1201. Volunteer Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund Board.

A. The Volunteer Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund Board is hereby 5777 5778 created and is to be composed of 10 members. The Director of the Virginia Retirement System shall be

a member and act as chairman. The Governor shall appoint three members of the Board from a list 5779 5780 provided by the Virginia State Firefighter's Firefighter's Association and three members from a list 5781 provided by the Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads. Such appointees shall be confirmed 5782 by the General Assembly and shall serve for six-year terms. No Board member appointed by the 5783 Governor shall serve more than two full consecutive terms. The Speaker of the House of Delegates shall 5784 appoint two members of the House of Delegates and the Senate Committee on Rules shall appoint one 5785 member of the Senate. Legislative members shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office.

5786 B. The Director of the Virginia Retirement System with the consent of the Board shall immediately 5787 declare the office of any nonlegislative member of the Board vacant when he finds that the member is 5788 unable to perform the duties of his office or for any reason does not meet the qualifications of this 5789 section. The Governor shall appoint a new member, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly, to 5790 serve for a full or unexpired term whenever the office of a nonlegislative member becomes or is 5791 declared vacant. In any case where a new appointment is made, the person receiving the appointment shall be a (i) volunteer firefighter representative if his predecessor was a volunteer firefighter 5792 5793 representative or (ii) volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services personnel representative if his predecessor was a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services personnel representative. 5794

5795 C. The members of the Board shall serve without compensation; however, the nongovernmental 5796 members may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Board 5797 or in acting in an official capacity for the Board.

5798 D. The first Board appointed shall meet as soon as practicable for the purpose of organizing and 5799 electing officers. Officers other than the chairman shall be elected for one-year terms. The Board shall 5800 adopt a general statement of policy and procedures. The Board shall meet at least quarterly and at such 5801 special meetings as the chairman may call. The chairman may call a special meeting at any time and 5802 shall call a special meeting when requested by three or more members of the Board. No meeting shall 5803 be deemed a regular or special meeting unless a quorum is present.

5804 E. Members of the Board shall be subject to removal from office only as set forth in Article 7 (§ 24.2-230 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of Title 24.2. The Circuit Court of the City of Richmond shall have 5805 5806 exclusive jurisdiction over such removal proceedings. 5807

§ 51.1-1203. Definitions.

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For purposes of this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

5809 "Creditable service" means service as an eligible volunteer plus any service credited pursuant to 5810 § 51.1-1207.

5811 "Eligible volunteer" means any volunteer rescue squad member emergency medical services personnel 5812 or any volunteer firefighter who is a member of a bona fide volunteer rescue or emergency medical 5813 squad services agency or volunteer fire department and who is otherwise eligible pursuant to the criteria 5814 established by the Board.

"Member" means an eligible volunteer. 5815

5816 § 51.1-1204. Application for membership in Fund; quarterly payments by members; matching 5817 payments from the general fund; payments credited to separate accounts of members.

5818 Eligible volunteers, and all persons who subsequently become eligible volunteers, may apply to the 5819 Board for membership in the Fund. Upon becoming a member of the Fund, each eligible volunteer shall 5820 pay an amount to be set by the Board per quarter into the Fund. Each quarterly payment made by a 5821 member shall be supplemented by such contribution from the general fund of the state treasury for a 5822 period not to exceed twenty 20 years as shall be determined by the Board and as may be appropriated by 5823 the general appropriation act. The quarterly payments shall be credited to the separate accounts of the 5824 members, and the matching contributions shall be credited to the Fund. The member contribution or any 5825 additional contribution to the Fund may be made by (i) the individual fire department or rescue squad 5826 emergency medical services agency, provided it is paid for all eligible members of the Fund within the 5827 particular fire department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency; (ii) local government, 5828 provided it is paid for all eligible members of the Fund who are volunteers for fire departments or 5829 rescue squads emergency medical services agencies within the jurisdiction of the local government; or 5830 (iii) any other source provided it is paid for all eligible members of the Fund. Such accounts shall be 5831 kept so that they are available for payment on withdrawal from membership or upon receipt of the 5832 service award. No eligible volunteer shall maintain more than one membership in the Fund. In the event 5833 an eligible volunteer is in more than one eligible position, he must choose the position upon which his 5834 membership will be determined.

§ 51.1-1206. Other distributions.

5836 The Board shall direct payment in lump sums from the Fund as follows:

5837 1. To any eligible volunteer firefighter or eligible volunteer rescue squad worker who is an individual 5838 who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in § 32.1-111.1 upon attaining age sixty 60 who has at least five but less than ten 10 years of creditable service as an eligible volunteer, an 5839

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5840 amount equal to (i) the amount paid into the Fund by him plus (ii) the amount paid into the Fund on his 5841 behalf by his fire department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency plus (iii) the amount 5842 paid into the Fund on his behalf by his local government plus (iv) the amount paid into the Fund on his 5843 behalf by any other source plus (v) a portion of the amount paid into the Fund, on his behalf, from the 5844 general fund of the state treasury pursuant to § 51.1-1204 plus (vi) any investment gains less any losses on the amounts paid into the Fund described under clauses (i) through (v). The portion of the amount 5845 5846 paid from the general fund on behalf of such person that shall be paid to such person shall be based upon such person's years of creditable service as follows: 5847

5849 Years of creditable Portion of general fund contributions 5850 5851 service to be paid 5852 At least five but 5853 5854 less than six Five percent of general fund contributions 5855 At least six but 5856 5857 less than seven Ten percent of general fund contributions 5858 At least seven but 5859 5860 less than eight Twenty-five percent of general fund contributions 5861 At least eight but 5862 5863 less than nine Forty-five percent of general fund contributions 5864 At least nine but

less than ten Seventy percent of general fund contributions

5867 In any case where the person shall be paid less than 100 percent of the general fund contributions 5868 made on his behalf, the investment gain or investment loss applicable to such contributions that shall be 5869 paid, or subtracted from any payment otherwise required, to such person shall equal the amount of the 5870 investment gain or investment loss, applicable to such contributions at the time of payment, multiplied 5871 by the percentage of such general fund contributions to be paid to the person as determined under this 5872 subdivision.

5873 2. If the eligible volunteer firefighter or volunteer rescue squad member who is an individual who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in § 32.1-111.1 ceases to serve as a 5874 5875 volunteer and has less than five years of creditable service upon attaining age sixty 60, such person shall not be paid, nor have any right or interest in, the amount paid into the Fund on his behalf (i) by his fire 5876 5877 department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency, (ii) from the general fund of the state 5878 treasury pursuant to § 51.1-1204, or (iii) by any local government. Such person shall, however, be paid 5879 all contributions to the Fund that he has made plus the applicable portion of any investment gains or 5880 losses thereon.

5881 The amount paid into the Fund on his behalf by his fire department or rescue squad emergency 5882 medical services agency shall remain in the Fund and shall be deemed additional contributions made by 5883 such fire department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency. The amount paid into the 5884 Fund on his behalf from the general fund of the state treasury shall remain in the Fund and shall be 5885 deemed additional contributions made from the general fund of the state treasury. The amount paid into 5886 the Fund on his behalf from a local government shall remain in the Fund and shall be deemed additional 5887 contributions from such local government.

5888 3. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to preclude any eligible volunteer firefighter
or eligible volunteer rescue squad worker emergency medical services personnel from completing the
requisite number of years of active service, after attaining the age of sixty 60, necessary to entitle him
to the distribution provided for in § 51.1-1205.

5892 4. If an eligible volunteer firefighter or eligible volunteer rescue squad worker who is an individual 5893 who meets the definition of " emergency medical services personnel" in § 32.1-111.1 dies before a 5894 service award is otherwise paid to him under the provisions of this chapter and while he is an eligible 5895 volunteer, there shall be paid to his beneficiary an amount equal to the contributions he has made, the 5896 matching contributions made on his behalf, and any investment gains on such contributions less any 5897 losses. If an eligible volunteer firefighter or eligible volunteer rescue squad worker emergency medical 5898 services personnel dies before a service award is otherwise paid to him under the provisions of this 5899 chapter and while he is no longer an eligible volunteer, there shall be paid to his beneficiary an amount

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5900 equal to the amount paid into the Fund by the volunteer and any investment gains on that amount, less 5901 any losses. For purposes of this section, a member's beneficiary is the person or persons the member 5902 may name on a form prepared by the Board, signed by the member and filed in a manner prescribed by 5903 the Board. If there are no such persons, then his beneficiary shall be his spouse; if there is no spouse, 5904 then his living children equally, if there are no children, then his heirs-at-law as may be determined by 5905 the Board; or if there are no heirs, then his estate, if it is administered.

5906 5. To any firefighter or rescue squad worker emergency medical services personnel withdrawing from 5907 the Fund, upon proper application, all moneys he contributed to the Fund less any investment losses, 5908 and an administrative fee of twenty-five dollars \$25.

5909 § 51.1-1207. Determination of prior creditable service; information furnished by applicants for 5910 membership.

5911 Any member with eligible service prior to the effective date of membership may purchase up to ten 5912 10 years of such service upon certification of his fire department or rescue squad emergency medical 5913 services agency. Such purchase shall be prorated at the rate of one year for every two years of eligible 5914 service. The cost of such service shall be an amount as established by the Board. Notwithstanding any 5915 other provisions of this chapter, the Board may grant qualified prior service credits to an eligible 5916 volunteer firefighter or eligible rescue squad worker volunteer emergency medical services personnel, 5917 under such terms and conditions that the Board may adopt, if the Board determines that such volunteer 5918 has been denied such prior service credit through no fault of his own.

5919 § 51.1-1208. Length of service not affected by serving in more than one department or agency; 5920 transfer from one department or agency to another.

5921 AnThe length of service of an eligible volunteer firefighter's firefighter or eligible volunteer rescue 5922 squad worker's length of service who is an individual who meets the definition of "emergency services 5923 *personnel"* in §32.1-111.1 shall not be affected by the fact that he may have served with more than one 5924 department or squad agency, and upon transfer from one department or squad agency to another, notice 5925 of the fact shall be given to the Board. 5926

§ 53.1-47. Purchases by agencies, localities, and certain nonprofit organizations.

5927 Articles and services produced or manufactured by persons confined in state correctional facilities: 5928 1. Shall be purchased by all departments, institutions, and agencies of the Commonwealth which that 5929 are supported in whole or in part with funds from the state treasury for their use or the use of persons 5930 whom they assist financially. Except as provided in § 53.1-48, no such articles or services shall be 5931 purchased by any department, institution, or agency of the Commonwealth from any other source; and

5932 2. May be purchased by any county, district of any county, city, or town and by any nonprofit 5933 organization, including volunteer lifesaving or first aid crews, rescue squads emergency medical services 5934 agencies, fire departments, sheltered workshops, and community service organizations. 5935

§ 53.1-133.8. Purchases by agencies, localities, and certain nonprofit organizations.

Articles and services produced or manufactured by participants in jail industry programs:

5936 5937 1. May be purchased by all departments, institutions, and agencies of the Commonwealth which that 5938 are supported in whole or in part with funds from the state treasury for their use or the use of persons whom they assist financially, provided such purchase is not in conflict with the provisions of Article 3 5939 5940 (§ 53.1-41 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title.

5941 2. May be purchased by any county, district of any county, city, or town and by any nonprofit, 5942 volunteer lifesaving or first aid crews, rescue squads emergency medical services agencies, fire 5943 departments, sheltered workshops, and community service organizations.

5944 § 54.1-829. License required; bond; physical examination; emergency medical services vehicles; 5945 physician; and health insurance.

5946 A. Unless exempted by § 54.1-830, no person shall promote or conduct a boxing, martial arts, or 5947 wrestling event in the Commonwealth without first having obtained a license for such event from the 5948 Department. No such license shall be granted except to a licensed promoter.

5949 B. Unless exempted by § 54.1-830, no person shall act as a promoter, matchmaker, trainer, boxer or 5950 wrestler in the Commonwealth without first having obtained a license for such activity from the 5951 Department and such license remains in full force and effect.

5952 C. No license to act as a promoter shall be granted unless the applicant executes and files with the 5953 Department a bond, in such penalty as the Department shall determine through regulation, conditioned 5954 on the payment of the fees and penalties imposed by this chapter and for the fulfillment of contracts 5955 made with boxers and wrestlers in accordance with Department regulations.

5956 D. Each boxer shall, and each wrestler may, be examined prior to entering the ring by a physician 5957 who has been licensed to practice medicine in the Commonwealth for at least five years. The physician 5958 shall be appointed by the Department and shall certify in writing that the contestant's physical condition 5959 is such that he is physically able to engage in the contest.

5960 E. No boxing event shall be conducted without the continuous presence at ringside of a physician 5961 who has been licensed to practice medicine in the Commonwealth for at least five years, and unless an 5962 ambulance emergency medical services vehicle is at the site of the boxing event.

5963 F. No boxer shall participate in any event unless covered by a health insurance policy with minimum 5964 coverage in an amount determined by Department regulation.

5965 § 54.1-3408. Professional use by practitioners.

A. A practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine or a licensed 5966 5967 nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01, a licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, or 5968 a TPA-certified optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32 shall only 5969 prescribe, dispense, or administer controlled substances in good faith for medicinal or therapeutic 5970 purposes within the course of his professional practice.

5971 B. The prescribing practitioner's order may be on a written prescription or pursuant to an oral prescription as authorized by this chapter. The prescriber may administer drugs and devices, or he may 5972 5973 cause drugs or devices to be administered by: 5974

1. A nurse, physician assistant, or intern under his direction and supervision;

5975 2. Persons trained to administer drugs and devices to patients in state-owned or state-operated 5976 hospitals or facilities licensed as hospitals by the Board of Health or psychiatric hospitals licensed by 5977 the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services who administer drugs under the 5978 control and supervision of the prescriber or a pharmacist;

5979 3. Emergency medical services personnel certified and authorized to administer drugs and devices 5980 pursuant to regulations of the Board of Health who act within the scope of such certification and 5981 pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol; or

5982 4. A licensed respiratory care practitioner as defined in § 54.1-2954 who administers by inhalation 5983 controlled substances used in inhalation or respiratory therapy.

C. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol, the prescriber, who is authorized by 5984 5985 state or federal law to possess and administer radiopharmaceuticals in the scope of his practice, may 5986 authorize a nuclear medicine technologist to administer, under his supervision, radiopharmaceuticals used 5987 in the diagnosis or treatment of disease.

5988 D. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the 5989 course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses and licensed practical 5990 nurses to possess (i) epinephrine and oxygen for administration in treatment of emergency medical 5991 conditions and (ii) heparin and sterile normal saline to use for the maintenance of intravenous access 5992 lines.

5993 Pursuant to the regulations of the Board of Health, certain emergency medical services technicians 5994 may possess and administer epinephrine in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

Pursuant to an order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his 5995 5996 professional practice, any school nurse, school board employee, employee of a local governing body, or 5997 employee of a local health department who is authorized by a prescriber and trained in the 5998 administration of epinephrine may possess and administer epinephrine.

Pursuant to an order issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, an 5999 6000 employee of a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or 6001 a person providing services pursuant to a contract with a provider licensed by the Department of 6002 Behavioral Health and Developmental Services may possess and administer epinephrine, provided such 6003 person is authorized and trained in the administration of epinephrine.

6004 E. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course 6005 of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed physical therapists to possess and 6006 administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, and any other Schedule VI topical drug.

F. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course 6007 of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed athletic trainers to possess and 6008 6009 administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, or other Schedule VI topical drugs; oxygen for use 6010 in emergency situations; and epinephrine for use in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

6011 G. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the 6012 course of his professional practice, and in accordance with policies and guidelines established by the 6013 Department of Health pursuant to § 32.1-50.2, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses or 6014 licensed practical nurses under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse to possess and 6015 administer tuberculin purified protein derivative (PPD) in the absence of a prescriber. The Department of 6016 Health's policies and guidelines shall be consistent with applicable guidelines developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for preventing transmission of mycobacterium tuberculosis and shall 6017 be updated to incorporate any subsequently implemented standards of the Occupational Safety and 6018 Health Administration and the Department of Labor and Industry to the extent that they are inconsistent 6019 with the Department of Health's policies and guidelines. Such standing protocols shall explicitly describe 6020 the categories of persons to whom the tuberculin test is to be administered and shall provide for 6021 6022 appropriate medical evaluation of those in whom the test is positive. The prescriber shall ensure that the 6023 nurse implementing such standing protocols has received adequate training in the practice and principles6024 underlying tuberculin screening.

6025 The Health Commissioner or his designee may authorize registered nurses, acting as agents of the
6026 Department of Health, to possess and administer, at the nurse's discretion, tuberculin purified protein
6027 derivative (PPD) to those persons in whom tuberculin skin testing is indicated based on protocols and
6028 policies established by the Department of Health.

6029 H. Pursuant to a written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his 6030 professional practice, such prescriber may authorize, with the consent of the parents as defined in 6031 § 22.1-1, an employee of a school board who is trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon to 6032 assist with the administration of insulin or administer glucagon to a student diagnosed as having diabetes 6033 and who requires insulin injections during the school day or for whom glucagon has been prescribed for 6034 the emergency treatment of hypoglycemia. Such authorization shall only be effective when a licensed 6035 nurse, nurse practitioner, physician, or physician assistant is not present to perform the administration of 6036 the medication.

6037 Pursuant to a written order issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, 6038 such prescriber may authorize an employee of a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral 6039 Health and Developmental Services or a person providing services pursuant to a contract with a provider 6040 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to assist with the 6041 administration of insulin or to administer glucagon to a person diagnosed as having diabetes and who 6042 requires insulin injections or for whom glucagon has been prescribed for the emergency treatment of 6043 hypoglycemia, provided such employee or person providing services has been trained in the 6044 administration of insulin and glucagon.

6045 I. A prescriber may authorize, pursuant to a protocol approved by the Board of Nursing, the 6046 administration of vaccines to adults for immunization, when a practitioner with prescriptive authority is 6047 not physically present, by (i) licensed pharmacists, (ii) registered nurses, or (iii) licensed practical nurses 6048 under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse. A prescriber acting on behalf of and in 6049 accordance with established protocols of the Department of Health may authorize the administration of 6050 vaccines to any person by a pharmacist, nurse, certified emergency medical technician intermediate, or 6051 designated emergency medical technician-paramedic services provider who holds an advanced life 6052 support certificate issued by the Commissioner of Health under the direction of an operational medical 6053 director when the prescriber is not physically present. Emergency medical services personnel provider 6054 shall provide documentation of the vaccines to be recorded in the Virginia Immunization Information 6055 System.

6056 J. A dentist may cause Schedule VI topical drugs to be administered under his direction and supervision by either a dental hygienist or by an authorized agent of the dentist.

Further, pursuant to a written order and in accordance with a standing protocol issued by the dentist
in the course of his professional practice, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his general
supervision, as defined in § 54.1-2722, to possess and administer topical oral fluorides, topical oral
anesthetics, topical and directly applied antimicrobial agents for treatment of periodontal pocket lesions,
as well as any other Schedule VI topical drug approved by the Board of Dentistry.

In addition, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his direction to administer Schedule VI
 nitrous oxide and oxygen inhalation analgesia and, to persons 18 years of age or older, Schedule VI
 local anesthesia.

K. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the
course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize registered professional nurses certified
as sexual assault nurse examiners-A (SANE-A) under his supervision and when he is not physically
present to possess and administer preventive medications for victims of sexual assault as recommended
by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

6071 L. This section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person who has satisfactorily 6072 completed a training program for this purpose approved by the Board of Nursing and who administers 6073 such drugs in accordance with a prescriber's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of 6074 administration, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy relating to 6075 security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be normally self-administered by (i) an 6076 individual receiving services in a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 6077 Developmental Services; (ii) a resident of the Virginia Rehabilitation Center for the Blind and Vision Impaired; (iii) a resident of a facility approved by the Board or Department of Juvenile Justice for the 6078 6079 placement of children in need of services or delinquent or alleged delinquent youth; (iv) a program 6080 participant of an adult day-care center licensed by the Department of Social Services; (v) a resident of 6081 any facility authorized or operated by a state or local government whose primary purpose is not to provide health care services; (vi) a resident of a private children's residential facility, as defined in 6082 § 63.2-100 and licensed by the Department of Social Services, Department of Education, or Department 6083

6084 of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; or (vii) a student in a school for students with 6085 disabilities, as defined in § 22.1-319 and licensed by the Board of Education.

In addition, this section shall not prevent a person who has successfully completed a training
 program for the administration of drugs via percutaneous gastrostomy tube approved by the Board of
 Nursing and been evaluated by a registered nurse as having demonstrated competency in administration
 of drugs via percutaneous gastrostomy tube from administering drugs to a person receiving services from
 a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to such person
 percutaneous gastrostomy tube. The continued competency of a person to administer drugs via
 percutaneous gastrostomy tube shall be evaluated semiannually by a registered nurse.

6093 M. Medication aides registered by the Board of Nursing pursuant to Article 7 (§ 54.1-3041 et seq.) 6094 of Chapter 30 may administer drugs that would otherwise be self-administered to residents of any 6095 assisted living facility licensed by the Department of Social Services. A registered medication aide shall 6096 administer drugs pursuant to this section in accordance with the prescriber's instructions pertaining to 6097 dosage, frequency, and manner of administration; in accordance with regulations promulgated by the 6098 Board of Pharmacy relating to security and recordkeeping; in accordance with the assisted living 6099 facility's Medication Management Plan; and in accordance with such other regulations governing their 6100 practice promulgated by the Board of Nursing.

6101 N. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person who administers 6102 such drugs in accordance with a physician's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of 6103 administration and with written authorization of a parent, and in accordance with school board 6104 regulations relating to training, security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be 6105 normally self-administered by a student of a Virginia public school. Training for such persons shall be 6106 accomplished through a program approved by the local school boards, in consultation with the local 6107 departments of health.

O. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person to (i) a child in 6108 6109 a child day program as defined in § 63.2-100 and regulated by the State Board of Social Services or a local government pursuant to § 15.2-914, or (ii) a student at a private school that complies with the 6110 accreditation requirements set forth in § 22.1-19 and is accredited by the Virginia Council for Private 6111 Education, provided such person (a) has satisfactorily completed a training program for this purpose 6112 6113 approved by the Board of Nursing and taught by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine, or pharmacist; (b) has obtained written authorization from a parent or 6114 guardian; (c) administers drugs only to the child identified on the prescription label in accordance with 6115 the prescriber's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of administration; and (d) 6116 administers only those drugs that were dispensed from a pharmacy and maintained in the original, 6117 labeled container that would normally be self-administered by the child or student, or administered by a 6118 6119 parent or guardian to the child or student.

6120 P. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration or dispensing of drugs and devices by 6121 persons if they are authorized by the State Health Commissioner in accordance with protocols 6122 established by the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-42.1 when (i) the Governor has 6123 declared a disaster or a state of emergency or the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services has issued a declaration of an actual or potential bioterrorism incident or other actual or potential public 6124 6125 health emergency; (ii) it is necessary to permit the provision of needed drugs or devices; and (iii) such 6126 persons have received the training necessary to safely administer or dispense the needed drugs or 6127 devices. Such persons shall administer or dispense all drugs or devices under the direction, control, and 6128 supervision of the State Health Commissioner.

6129 Q. Nothing in this title shall prohibit the administration of normally self-administered drugs by 6130 unlicensed individuals to a person in his private residence.

R. This section shall not interfere with any prescriber issuing prescriptions in compliance with his authority and scope of practice and the provisions of this section to a Board agent for use pursuant to subsection G of § 18.2-258.1. Such prescriptions issued by such prescriber shall be deemed to be valid prescriptions.

6135 S. Nothing in this title shall prevent or interfere with dialysis care technicians or dialysis patient care 6136 technicians who are certified by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions or persons 6137 authorized for provisional practice pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.), in the ordinary 6138 course of their duties in a Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility, from administering heparin, topical 6139 needle site anesthetics, dialysis solutions, sterile normal saline solution, and blood volumizers, for the 6140 purpose of facilitating renal dialysis treatment, when such administration of medications occurs under the orders of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant and under the immediate and 6141 direct supervision of a licensed registered nurse. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a 6142 6143 patient care dialysis technician trainee from performing dialysis care as part of and within the scope of 6144 the clinical skills instruction segment of a supervised dialysis technician training program, provided such 6145 trainee is identified as a "trainee" while working in a renal dialysis facility.

6146 The dialysis care technician or dialysis patient care technician administering the medications shall 6147 have demonstrated competency as evidenced by holding current valid certification from an organization 6148 approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.).

6149 T. Persons who are otherwise authorized to administer controlled substances in hospitals shall be 6150 authorized to administer influenza or pneumococcal vaccines pursuant to § 32.1-126.4.

6151 U. Pursuant to a specific order for a patient and under his direct and immediate supervision, a 6152 prescriber may authorize the administration of controlled substances by personnel who have been 6153 properly trained to assist a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine, provided the method does not 6154 include intravenous, intrathecal, or epidural administration and the prescriber remains responsible for 6155 such administration.

6156 V. A physician assistant, nurse or a dental hygienist may possess and administer topical fluoride 6157 varnish to the teeth of children aged six months to three years pursuant to an oral or written order or a 6158 standing protocol issued by a doctor of medicine, osteopathic medicine, or dentistry that conforms to 6159 standards adopted by the Department of Health.

W. A prescriber, acting in accordance with guidelines developed pursuant to § 32.1-46.02, may 6160 authorize the administration of influenza vaccine to minors by a licensed pharmacist, registered nurse, 6161 6162 licensed practical nurse under the direction and immediate supervision of a registered nurse, certified emergency medical technician intermediate, or emergency medical technician paramedic services 6163 provider who holds an advanced life support certificate issued by the Commissioner of Health when the 6164 6165 prescriber is not physically present.

6166 X. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 54.1-3303 and only for the purpose of participation in pilot 6167 programs conducted by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, a person may 6168 obtain a prescription for a family member or a friend and may possess and administer naloxone for the purpose of counteracting the effects of opiate overdose. 6169

6170 § 56-484.14. Powers and duties of E-911 Services Board.

6171 The E-911 Services Board shall have the power and duty to:

6172 1. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its 6173 duties and the execution of its powers, including purchase agreements payable from (i) the Wireless 6174 E-911 Fund and (ii) other moneys appropriated for the provision of enhanced 9-1-1 services.

6175 2. Pursue all legal remedies to enforce any provision of this article, or any contract entered into 6176 pursuant to this article.

6177 3. Develop a comprehensive, statewide enhanced 9-1-1 plan for wireless E-911, VoIP E-911, and any 6178 other future communications technologies accessing E-911 for emergency purposes. In constructing and 6179 periodically updating this plan as appropriate, the Board shall monitor trends and advances in enhanced 6180 wireless, VoIP, and other emergency telecommunications technologies, plan and forecast future needs for these enhanced technologies, and formulate strategies for the efficient and effective delivery of enhanced 6181 6182 9-1-1 services in the future with the exclusion of traditional circuit-switched wireline 9-1-1 service.

6183 4. Grant such extensions of time for compliance with the provisions of § 56-484.16 as the Board 6184 deems appropriate.

6185 5. Take all steps necessary to inform the public of the use of the digits "9-1-1" as the designated emergency telephone number and the use of the digits "#-7-7" as a designated non-emergency telephone 6186 6187 number.

6188 6. Report annually to the Governor, the Senate Committee on Finance and the House Committee on 6189 Appropriations, and the Virginia State Crime Commission on (i) the state of enhanced 9-1-1 services in 6190 the Commonwealth, (ii) the impact of, or need for, legislation affecting enhanced 9-1-1 services in the 6191 Commonwealth, and (iii) the need for changes in the E-911 funding mechanism provided to the Board, 6192 as appropriate.

6193 7. Provide advisory technical assistance to PSAPs and state and local law enforcement, and fire and 6194 emergency medical service services agencies, upon request.

6195 8. Collect, distribute, and withhold moneys from the Wireless E-911 Fund as provided in this article.

6196 9. Develop a comprehensive single, statewide electronic addressing database to support geographic data and statewide base map data programs pursuant to § 2.2-2027. 6197

6198 10. Receive such funds as may be appropriated for purposes consistent with this article and such 6199 gifts, donations, grants, bequests, or other funds as may be received from, applied for or offered by 6200 either public or private sources.

6201 11. Manage other moneys appropriated for the provision of enhanced emergency telecommunications 6202 services. 6203

12. Perform all acts necessary, convenient, or desirable to carrying out the purposes of this article.

6204 13. Drawing from the work of E-911 professional organizations, in its sole discretion, publish best 6205 practices for PSAPs. These best practices shall be voluntary and recommended by a subcommittee composed of PSAP representatives. 6206

6207 14. Monitor developments in enhanced 9-1-1 service and multiline telephone systems and the impact 6208 of such technologies upon the implementation of Article 8 (§ 56-484.19 et seq.). The Board shall include 6209 its assessment of such impact in the annual report filed pursuant to subdivision 6.

§ 57-60. Exemptions.

A. The following persons shall be exempt from the registration requirements of § 57-49, but shall 6211 6212 otherwise be subject to the provisions of this chapter:

6213 1. Educational institutions that are accredited by the Board of Education, by a regional accrediting 6214 association or by an organization affiliated with the National Commission on Accrediting, the Association Montessori Internationale, the American Montessori Society, the Virginia Independent 6215 Schools Association, or the Virginia Association of Independent Schools, any foundation having an 6216 6217 established identity with any of the aforementioned educational institutions, and any other educational 6218 institution confining its solicitation of contributions to its student body, alumni, faculty and trustees, and 6219 their families.

6220 2. Persons requesting contributions for the relief of any individual specified by name at the time of 6221 the solicitation when all of the contributions collected without any deductions whatsoever are turned 6222 over to the named beneficiary for his use.

6223 3. Charitable organizations that do not intend to solicit and receive, during a calendar year, and have 6224 not actually raised or received, during any of the three next preceding calendar years, contributions from 6225 the public in excess of \$5,000, if all of their functions, including fund-raising activities, are carried on 6226 by persons who are unpaid for their services and if no part of their assets or income inures to the 6227 benefit of or is paid to any officer or member. Nevertheless, if the contributions raised from the public, 6228 whether all of such are or are not received by any charitable organization during any calendar year, shall 6229 be in excess of \$5,000, it shall, within 30 days after the date it has received total contributions in excess of \$5,000, register with and report to the Commissioner as required by this chapter. 6230 6231

4. Organizations that solicit only within the membership of the organization by the members thereof.

6232 5. Organizations that have no office within the Commonwealth, that solicit in the Commonwealth 6233 from without the Commonwealth solely by means of telephone or telegraph, direct mail or advertising in 6234 national media, and that have a chapter, branch, or affiliate within the Commonwealth that has registered 6235 with the Commissioner.

6236 6. Organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under \$ 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue 6237 Code and that are organized wholly as Area Health Education Centers in accordance with § 32.1-122.7.

6238 7. Health care institutions defined herein as any facilities that have been granted tax-exempt status 6239 under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and that are (i) licensed by the Department of Health or 6240 the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; (ii) designated by the Health Care 6241 Financing Administration (HCFA) as federally qualified health centers; (iii) certified by the HCFA as 6242 rural health clinics; or (iv) wholly organized for the delivery of health care services without charge; and 6243 any supporting organization that exists solely to support any such health care institutions. For the 6244 purposes of clause (iv), "delivery of health care services without charge" includes the delivery of dental, 6245 medical or other health services where a reasonable minimum fee is charged to cover administrative 6246 costs.

8. Civic organizations as defined herein.

9. Agencies providing or offering to provide debt management plans for consumers that are licensed 6248 6249 pursuant to Chapter 20 (§ 6.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 6.2.

6250 10. Agencies designated by the Virginia Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services pursuant 6251 to subdivision A 6 of § 51.5-135 as area agencies on aging.

6252 11. Labor unions, labor associations and labor organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status 6253 under \S 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

6254 12. Trade associations that have been granted tax-exempt status under \S 501(c)(6) of the Internal 6255 Revenue Code.

6256 13. Organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under \$ 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue 6257 Code and that are organized wholly as regional emergency medical services councils in accordance with 6258 § 32.1-111.11 *32.1-111.4:2.*

6259 14. Nonprofit organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under 501(c)(3) of the Internal 6260 Revenue Code and that solicit contributions only through (i) grant proposals submitted to for-profit 6261 corporations, (ii) grant proposals submitted to other nonprofit organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (iii) grant proposals submitted to 6262 organizations determined to be private foundations under § 509(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. 6263

6264 B. A charitable organization shall be subject to the provisions of §§ 57-57 and 57-59, but shall 6265 otherwise be exempt from the provisions of this chapter for any year in which it confines its solicitations in the Commonwealth to five or fewer contiguous cities and counties, and in which it has 6266 registered under the charitable solicitations ordinance, if any, of each such city and county. No 6267 6268 organization shall be exempt under this subsection if, during its next preceding fiscal year, more than 10

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6269 percent of its gross receipts were paid to any person or combination of persons, located outside the 6270 boundaries of such cities and counties, other than for the purchase of real property, or tangible personal 6271 property or personal services to be used within such localities. An organization that is otherwise 6272 qualified for exemption under this subsection that solicits by means of a local publication, or radio or 6273 television station, shall not be disqualified solely because the circulation or range of such medium 6274 extends beyond the boundaries of such cities or counties.

6275 C. No charitable or civic organization shall be exempt under this section unless it submits to the 6276 Commissioner, who in his discretion may extend such filing deadline prospectively or retrospectively for 6277 good cause shown, on forms to be prescribed by him, the name, address and purpose of the organization 6278 and a statement setting forth the reason for the claim for exemption. Parent organizations may file 6279 consolidated applications for exemptions for any chapters, branches, or affiliates that they believe to be 6280 exempt from the registration provisions of this chapter. If the organization is exempted, the 6281 Commissioner shall issue a letter of exemption, which may be exhibited to the public. A registration fee 6282 of \$10 shall be required of every organization requesting an exemption after June 30, 1984. The letter of 6283 exemption shall remain in effect as long as the organization continues to solicit in accordance with its 6284 claim for exemption.

6285 D. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as being applicable to the American Red Cross or any 6286 of its local chapters.

§ 58.1-1404. Exemptions.

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6288 A. Any watercraft sold to or used by the United States or any of the governmental agencies thereof 6289 or the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof or sold to an insurance company 6290 for the sole purpose of disposition when such insurance company has paid the registered owner of such 6291 watercraft on a total loss claim shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

6292 B. Any person who was the owner of a watercraft that was not required to be titled prior to January 6293 1, 1998, shall apply for a title for such watercraft without incurring liability for the tax imposed under 6294 this chapter.

6295 C. Any watercraft constructed by a commercial waterman for his own use shall be exempt from the 6296 tax imposed under this chapter.

6297 D. Any registered dealer in watercraft shall be exempt from the tax imposed by subdivisions 1 and 2 6298 of § 58.1-1402. Such dealer shall also be exempt from titling requirements as provided in § 29.1-733.6.

6299 E. Any watercraft purchased by and for the use of a volunteer sea rescue squad, volunteer fire 6300 department, or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency not conducted for profit shall 6301 be exempt from the tax imposed under this chapter.

6302 F. Any watercraft transferred to trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the owners of the 6303 watercraft and the beneficiaries of the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries may also be named in the trust instrument, or transferred by trustees of such a trust to 6304 6305 beneficiaries of the trust following the death of the grantor, when no consideration has passed between 6306 the grantor and the beneficiaries in either case, shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this chapter. 6307

§ 58.1-1505. Exemptions.

6308 A. Any aircraft sold to or used by (i) the United States or any of the governmental agencies thereof, 6309 (ii) the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof, (iii) any air carrier operating in 6310 intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce providing scheduled air service as defined in § 58.1-1501, (iv) 6311 any nonprofit charitable organization which that is exempt from taxation under \S 501(c) (3) of the 6312 Internal Revenue Code and which that is organized and operated exclusively for the purpose of 6313 providing charitable, long-distance, advanced life-support, air ambulance transportation services using an 6314 emergency medical services vehicle for low-income medical patients in the Commonwealth, or (v) an 6315 organization which that is exempt from taxation under § 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which that is organized for the primary purpose of distributing food, clothing, medicines and other 6316 necessities of life to, and providing shelter for, needy persons in the United States and throughout the 6317 6318 world shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

6319 B. Aircraft that are (i) considered Warbirds, manufactured and intended for military use, excluding 6320 those manufactured after 1954, and (ii) used only for (a) exhibit or display to the general public and 6321 otherwise used for educational purposes (including such flights as are necessary for testing, maintaining, 6322 or preparing such aircraft for safe operation), or (b) airshow and flight demonstrations (including such 6323 flights necessary for testing, maintaining, or preparing such aircraft for safe operation), but not including 6324 any aircraft used for commercial purposes, including transportation and other services for a fee, shall be 6325 exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

C. Beginning July 1, 2011, and ending December 31, 2014, any aircraft purchased or used by a 6326 6327 qualified company shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. For purposes of this 6328 subsection, a qualified company shall be an aviation-related company, limited liability company, 6329 partnership, or a combination of such entities that have a common ownership interest through a parent,

6330 as a direct or indirect subsidiary of a parent, or as affiliated brother-sister entities that (i) is 6331 headquartered in the Commonwealth, (ii) between January 1, 2010, and December 31, 2014, makes a new capital investment of at least \$4 million in aviation-related real estate and real estate improvements 6332 in the Commonwealth on publicly-owned, public-use airports, (iii) between January 1, 2010, and 6333 December 31, 2014, creates in the Commonwealth at least 50 new jobs that pay at least one and a half 6334 6335 times the prevailing average wage in the locality in which the jobs are located, (iv) owns or uses aircraft 6336 that are used primarily for intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce, and (v) has entered into a memorandum of understanding with the Virginia Economic Development Partnership, after consultation 6337 6338 with the Virginia Department of Aviation, on or before December 31, 2014, that at a minimum provides 6339 the details for determining the amount of capital investment made and the number of new jobs created, 6340 the timeline for achieving the capital investment and new job goals, the repayment obligations should those goals not be achieved, and any conditions under which repayment by the qualifying person 6341 6342 claiming the exemption may be required.

6343 D. Any aircraft sold in the Commonwealth as evidenced by Federal Aviation Administration Bill of 6344 Sale AC Form 8050-2 and registered outside of the Commonwealth as evidenced by Federal Aviation 6345 Administration Aircraft Registration AC Form 8050-1 shall be exempt from the sales tax imposed by 6346 this chapter, so long as the aircraft is removed from the Commonwealth within 60 days of the date of 6347 purchase on the Bill of Sale. If the aircraft is removed from the Commonwealth within 60 days of the 6348 date of purchase, the time between the date of purchase and the removal of the aircraft shall not be 6349 counted for purposes of determining whether the aircraft is subject to the use tax imposed by this 6350 chapter on aircraft that are based in the Commonwealth for over 60 days in any 12 month 12-month 6351 period. 6352

§ 58.1-2226. Exemptions from tax.

No tax shall be levied or collected pursuant to this chapter on:

6354 1. Motor fuel sold and delivered to a governmental entity for the exclusive use by the governmental 6355 entity. This exemption shall not apply with respect to fuel sold or delivered to any person operating under contract with the governmental entity; 6356

2. Motor fuel sold and delivered to a nonprofit charitable organization which that is exempt from 6357 6358 taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which is organized and operated 6359 exclusively for the purpose of providing charitable, long-distance, advanced life-support, air ambulance 6360 transportation services using emergency medical services vehicles for low-income medical patients in the 6361 Commonwealth, for the exclusive use of such organization in the operation of an aircraft;

3. Bonded aviation jet fuel; 6362

6363 4. Dyed diesel fuel, except as provided in subdivision A 1 of § 58.1-2225;

5. Motor fuel removed, by transport truck or another means of transfer outside the terminal transfer 6364 6365 system, from a terminal for export, if the supplier of the motor fuel collects tax on the fuel at the rate of 6366 the motor fuel's destination state; or

6367 6. Heating oil, as defined in § 58.1-2201.

§ 58.1-2235. Information required on return filed by supplier.

A. A return of a supplier shall list all of the following information and any other information 6369 6370 required by the Commissioner:

1. The number of gallons of tax-paid motor fuel received by the supplier during the month, sorted by 6371 6372 type of fuel, seller, point of origin, destination state, and carrier;

6373 2. The number of gallons of motor fuel removed at a terminal rack during the month from the account of the supplier, sorted by type of fuel, person receiving the fuel, terminal code, and carrier; 6374

6375 3. The number of gallons of motor fuel removed during the month for export, sorted by type of fuel, 6376 person receiving the fuel, terminal code, destination state, and carrier;

4. The number of gallons of motor fuel removed during the month from a terminal located in another 6377 6378 state for conveyance to Virginia, as indicated on the shipping document for the fuel, sorted by type of 6379 fuel, person receiving the fuel, terminal code, and carrier;

6380 5. The number of gallons of motor fuel the supplier sold during the month to the following, sorted 6381 by type of fuel, exempt entity, person receiving the fuel, terminal code, and carrier:

a. A governmental entity whose use of fuel is exempt from the tax;

b. A licensed aviation consumer purchasing aviation jet fuel;

6384 c. A licensed distributor or importer who resold the motor fuel to a governmental unit whose use of 6385 fuel is exempt from the tax, as indicated by the distributor or importer;

6386 d. A licensed distributor or importer who resold aviation jet fuel to a licensed aviation consumer as 6387 indicated by the distributor or importer;

6388 e. A licensed exporter who resold the motor fuel to a person whose use of the fuel is exempt from 6389 tax in the destination state, as indicated by the exporter;

6390 f. A nonprofit charitable organization which is exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal 6391 Revenue Code and which is organized and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing charitable,

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6392 long-distance, advanced life-support, air ambulance transportation services using emergency medical 6393 services vehicles for low-income medical patients in the Commonwealth, for the exclusive use of such 6394 organization in the operation of an aircraft; and

6395 g. A licensed distributor or importer who resold the motor fuel to a nonprofit charitable organization 6396 which is exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which is organized 6397 and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing charitable, long-distance, advanced life-support, air 6398 ambulance transportation services using emergency medical services vehicles for low-income medical 6399 patients in the Commonwealth, for the exclusive use of such organization in the operation of an aircraft; 6400 and

6401 6. The amount of discounts allowed under subsection C of § 58.1-2233 on motor fuel sold during the 6402 month to licensed distributors or licensed importers.

6403 B. Suppliers shall not require information identifying who purchased exempt fuel from persons 6404 licensed under this chapter.

6405 § 58.1-2250. Exemptions from tax.

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No tax shall be levied or collected pursuant to this article on:

6407 1. Alternative fuel sold and delivered to a governmental entity for the exclusive use by the 6408 governmental entity. This exemption shall not apply with respect to alternative fuel sold or delivered to 6409 any person operating under contract with the governmental entity;

6410 2. Alternative fuel sold and delivered to a nonprofit charitable organization which that is exempt 6411 from taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which that is organized and operated 6412 exclusively for the purpose of providing charitable, long-distance, advanced life-support, air ambulance 6413 transportationservices using emergency medical services vehicles for low-income medical patients in the 6414 Commonwealth, for the exclusive use of such organization in the operation of an aircraft; or

6415 3. Alternative fuel produced by the owner or lessee of an agricultural operation, as defined in 6416 § 3.2-300, and used (i) exclusively for farm use by the owner or lessee or (ii) in any motor vehicles 6417 operated by the producer of such fuel.

§ 58.1-2259. Fuel uses eligible for refund of taxes paid for motor fuels.

6419 A. A refund of the tax paid for the purchase of fuel in quantities of five gallons or more at any time 6420 shall be granted in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-2261 to any person who establishes to the 6421 satisfaction of the Commissioner that such person has paid the tax levied pursuant to this chapter upon 6422 any fuel: 6423

1. Sold and delivered to a governmental entity for its exclusive use;

6424 2. Used by a governmental entity, provided persons operating under contract with a governmental 6425 entity shall not be eligible for such refund;

6426 3. Sold and delivered to an organization described in subdivision 2 of § 58.1-2226 or subdivision 2 6427 of § 58.1-2250 for its exclusive use in the operation of an aircraft;

6428 4. Used by an organization described in subdivision 2 of § 58.1-2226 or subdivision 2 of § 58.1-2250 6429 for its exclusive use in the operation of an aircraft, provided persons operating under contract with such 6430 an organization shall not be eligible for such refund;

6431 5. Purchased by a licensed exporter and subsequently transported and delivered by such licensed 6432 exporter to another state for sales or use outside the boundaries of the Commonwealth if the tax 6433 applicable in the destination state has been paid, provided a refund shall not be granted pursuant to this 6434 section on any fuel which is transported and delivered outside of the Commonwealth in the fuel supply 6435 tank of a highway vehicle or an aircraft;

6436 6. Used by any person performing transportation under contract or lease with any transportation district for use in a highway vehicle controlled by a transportation district created under the 6437 6438 Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) and used in providing transit service by the 6439 transportation district by contract or lease, provided the refund shall be paid to the person performing 6440 such transportation;

6441 7. Used by any private, nonprofit agency on aging, designated by the Department for Aging and 6442 Rehabilitative Services, providing transportation services to citizens in highway vehicles owned, operated 6443 or under contract with such agency;

6444 8. Used in operating or propelling highway vehicles owned by a nonprofit organization that provides 6445 specialized transportation to various locations for elderly or disabled individuals to secure essential 6446 services and to participate in community life according to the individual's interest and abilities;

6447 9. Used in operating or propelling buses owned and operated by a county or the school board thereof 6448 while being used to transport children to and from public school or from school to and from educational 6449 or athletic activities;

6450 10. Used by buses owned or solely used by a private, nonprofit, nonreligious school while being used to transport children to and from such school or from such school to and from educational or 6451 6452 athletic activities;

6453 11. Used by any county or city school board or any private, nonprofit, nonreligious school 6454 contracting with a private carrier to transport children to and from public schools or any private, nonprofit, nonreligious school, provided the tax shall be refunded to the private carrier performing such 6455 transportation; 6456

6457 12. Used in operating or propelling the equipment of volunteer firefighting companies and of 6458 volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services agencies within the Commonwealth used actually 6459 and necessarily for firefighting and rescue emergency medical services purposes;

6460 13. Used in operating or propelling motor equipment belonging to counties, cities and towns, if 6461 actually used in public activities; 6462

14. Used for a purpose other than in operating or propelling highway vehicles, watercraft or aircraft;

15. Used off-highway in self-propelled equipment manufactured for a specific off-road purpose, 6463 6464 which is used on a job site and the movement of which on any highway is incidental to the purpose for 6465 which it was designed and manufactured;

16. Proven to be lost by accident, including the accidental mixing of (i) dyed diesel fuel with 6466 tax-paid motor fuel, (ii) gasoline with diesel fuel, or (iii) undyed diesel fuel with dyed kerosene, but 6467 6468 excluding fuel lost through personal negligence or theft; 6469

17. Used in operating or propelling vehicles used solely for racing other vehicles on a racetrack;

6470 18. Used in operating or propelling unlicensed highway vehicles and other unlicensed equipment 6471 used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural purposes on lands owned or leased by the owner or 6472 lessee of such vehicles and not operated on or over any highway for any purpose other than to move it 6473 in the manner and for the purpose mentioned. The amount of refund shall be equal to the amount of the 6474 taxes paid less one-half cent per gallon on such fuel so used which shall be paid by the Commissioner 6475 into the state treasury to the credit of the Virginia Agricultural Foundation Fund;

6476 19. Used in operating or propelling commercial watercraft. The amount of refund shall be equal to 6477 the amount of the taxes paid less one and one-half cents per gallon on such fuel so used which shall be 6478 paid by the Commissioner into the state treasury to be credited as provided in subsection D of 6479 § 58.1-2289. If any applicant so requests, the Commissioner shall pay into the state treasury, to the 6480 credit of the Game Protection Fund, the entire tax paid by such applicant for the purposes specified in subsection D of § 58.1-2289. If any applicant who is an operator of commercial watercraft so requests, 6481 6482 the Commissioner shall pay into the state treasury, to the credit of the Marine Fishing Improvement 6483 Fund, the entire tax paid by such applicant for the purposes specified in § 28.2-208;

6484 20. Used in operating stationary engines, or pumping or mixing equipment on a highway vehicle if 6485 the fuel used to operate such equipment is stored in an auxiliary tank separate from the fuel tank used to 6486 propel the highway vehicle, and the highway vehicle is mechanically incapable of self-propulsion while 6487 fuel is being used from the auxiliary tank; or

21. Used in operating or propelling recreational and pleasure watercraft.

6489 B. 1. Any person purchasing fuel for consumption in a solid waste compacting or ready-mix concrete 6490 highway vehicle, or a bulk feed delivery truck, where the vehicle's equipment is mechanically or 6491 hydraulically driven by an internal combustion engine that propels the vehicle, is entitled to a refund in 6492 an amount equal to 35 percent of the tax paid on such fuel. For purposes of this section, a "bulk feed 6493 delivery truck" means bulk animal feed delivery trucks utilizing power take-off (PTO) driven auger or 6494 air feed discharge systems for off-road deliveries of animal feed.

6495 2. Any person purchasing fuel for consumption in a vehicle designed or permanently adapted solely 6496 and exclusively for bulk spreading or spraying of agricultural liming materials, chemicals, or fertilizer, 6497 where the vehicle's equipment is mechanically or hydraulically driven by an internal combustion engine that propels the vehicle, is entitled to a refund in an amount equal to 55 percent of the tax paid on such 6498 6499 fuel.

6500 C. Any person purchasing any fuel on which tax imposed pursuant to this chapter has been paid may 6501 apply for a refund of the tax if such fuel was consumed by a highway vehicle used in operating an 6502 urban or suburban bus line or a taxicab service. This refund also applies to a common carrier of 6503 passengers which has been issued a certificate pursuant to § 46.2-2075 or 46.2-2099.4 providing regular 6504 route service over the highways of the Commonwealth. No refund shall be granted unless the majority of the passengers using such bus line, taxicab service or common carrier of passengers do so for travel 6505 6506 of a distance of not more than 40 miles, one way, in a single day between their place of abode and their 6507 place of employment, shopping areas or schools.

6508 If the applicant for a refund is a taxicab service, he shall hold a valid permit from the Department to 6509 engage in the business of a taxicab service. No applicant shall be denied a refund by reason of the fee 6510 arrangement between the holder of the permit and the driver or drivers, if all other conditions of this 6511 section have been met.

6512 Under no circumstances shall a refund be granted more than once for the same fuel. The amount of refund under this subsection shall be equal to the amount of the taxes paid, except refunds granted on 6513 6514 the tax paid on fuel used by a taxicab service shall be in an amount equal to the tax paid less \$0.01 per

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6515 gallon on the fuel used.

6516 Any refunds made under this subsection shall be deducted from the urban highway funds allocated to 6517 the highway construction district, pursuant to Article 5 (§ 33.2-351 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 33.2, in 6518 which the recipient has its principal place of business.

6519 Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all provisions of law applicable to the refund of fuel 6520 taxes by the Commissioner generally shall apply to the refunds authorized by this subsection. Any 6521 county having withdrawn its roads from the secondary system of state highways under provisions of 6522 § 11 of Chapter 415 of the Acts of 1932 shall receive its proportionate share of such special funds as is 6523 now provided by law with respect to other fuel tax receipts.

6524 D. Any person purchasing fuel for consumption in a vehicle designed or permanently adapted solely 6525 and exclusively for bulk spreading or spraying of agricultural liming materials, chemicals, or fertilizer, 6526 where the vehicle's equipment is mechanically or hydraulically driven by an internal combustion engine 6527 that propels the vehicle, is entitled to a refund in an amount equal to 55 percent of the tax paid on such 6528 fuel.

6529 E. Any person purchasing diesel fuel used in operating or propelling a passenger car, a pickup or 6530 panel truck, or a truck having a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less is entitled to a 6531 refund of a portion of the taxes paid in an amount equal to the difference between the rate of tax on diesel fuel and the rate of tax on gasoline and gasohol pursuant to § 58.1-2217. For purposes of this 6532 subsection, "passenger car," "pickup or panel truck," and "truck" shall have the meaning given in 6533 6534 § 46.2-100. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, diesel fuel used in a vehicle upon which the 6535 fuels tax has been refunded pursuant to this subsection shall be exempt from the tax imposed under 6536 Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.).

6537 F. Refunds resulting from any fuel shipments diverted from Virginia shall be based on the amount of 6538 tax paid for the fuel less discounts allowed by § 58.1-2233.

6539 G. Any person who is required to be licensed under this chapter and is applying for a refund shall 6540 not be eligible for such refund if the applicant was not licensed at the time the refundable transaction 6541 was conducted. 6542

§ 58.1-2403. Exemptions.

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No tax shall be imposed as provided in § 58.1-2402 if the vehicle is:

6544 1. Sold to or used by the United States government or any governmental agency thereof;

6545 2. Sold to or used by the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof;

6546 3. Registered in the name of a volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer emergency 6547 *medical services agency* not operated for profit;

6548 4. Registered to any member of the Mattaponi, Pamunkey, or Chickahominy Indian tribes or any 6549 other recognized Indian tribe of the Commonwealth living on the tribal reservation;

6550 5. Transferred incidental to repossession under a recorded lien and ownership is transferred to the 6551 lienholder; 6552

6. A manufactured home permanently attached to real estate and included in the sale of real estate;

6553 7. A gift to the spouse, son, or daughter of the transferor. With the exception of a gift to a spouse, 6554 this exemption shall not apply to any unpaid obligation assumed by the transferee incidental to the transfer; 6555

6556 8. Transferred from an individual or partnership to a corporation or limited liability company or from 6557 a corporation or limited liability company to an individual or partnership if the transfer is incidental to the formation, organization or dissolution of a corporation or limited liability company in which the 6558 6559 individual or partnership holds the majority interest;

6560 9. Transferred from a wholly owned subsidiary to the parent corporation or from the parent 6561 corporation to a wholly owned subsidiary;

6562 10. Being registered for the first time in the Commonwealth and the applicant holds a valid, 6563 assignable title or registration issued to him by another state or a branch of the United States Armed 6564 Forces and (i) has owned the vehicle for longer than 12 months or (ii) has owned the vehicle for less 6565 than 12 months and provides evidence of a sales tax paid to another state. However, when a vehicle has 6566 been purchased by the applicant within the last 12 months and the applicant is unable to provide 6567 evidence of a sales tax paid to another state, the applicant shall pay the Virginia sales tax based on the 6568 fair market value of the vehicle at the time of registration in Virginia;

6569 11. a. Titled in a Virginia or non-Virginia motor vehicle dealer's name for resale; or

6570 b. Titled in the name of an automotive manufacturer having its headquarters in Virginia, except for 6571 any commercially leased vehicle that is not described under subdivision 3 of § 46.2-602.2. For purposes 6572 of this subdivision, "automotive manufacturer" and "headquarters" means the same as such terms are 6573 defined in § 46.2-602.2;

6574 12. A motor vehicle having seats for more than seven passengers and sold to an urban or suburban 6575 bus line the majority of whose passengers use the buses for traveling a distance of less than 40 miles,

6576 one way, on the same day;

6577 13. Purchased in the Commonwealth by a nonresident and a Virginia title is issued for the sole purpose of recording a lien against the vehicle if the vehicle will be registered in a state other than 6578 6579 Virginia;

14. A motor vehicle designed for the transportation of 10 or more passengers, purchased by and for 6580 6581 the use of a church conducted not for profit;

6582 15. Loaned or leased to a private nonprofit institution of learning, for the sole purpose of use in the 6583 instruction of driver's education when such education is a part of such school's curriculum for full-time 6584 students:

6585 16. Sold to an insurance company or local government group self-insurance pool, created pursuant to § 15.2-2703, for the sole purpose of disposition when such company or pool has paid the registered 6586 6587 owner of such vehicle a total loss claim;

6588 17. Owned and used for personal or official purposes by accredited consular or diplomatic officers of 6589 foreign governments, their employees or agents, and members of their families, if such persons are 6590 nationals of the state by which they are appointed and are not citizens of the United States;

6591 18. A self-contained mobile computerized axial tomography scanner sold to, rented or used by a 6592 nonprofit hospital or a cooperative hospital service organization as described in § 501(e) of the United 6593 States Internal Revenue Code:

6594 19. A motor vehicle having seats for more than seven passengers and sold to a restricted common 6595 carrier or common carrier of passengers;

6596 20. Beginning July 1, 1989, a self-contained mobile unit designed exclusively for human diagnostic 6597 or therapeutic service, sold to, rented to, or used by a nonprofit hospital, or a cooperative hospital 6598 service organization as described in § 501(e) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, or a nonprofit 6599 corporation as defined in § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, established for research in, diagnosis of, or therapy for human ailments; 6600

6601 21. Transferred, as a gift or through a sale to an organization exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) 6602 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided the motor vehicle is not titled and tagged for use by such 6603 organization;

22. A motor vehicle sold to an organization which is exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) of the 6604 6605 Internal Revenue Code and which is organized for the primary purpose of distributing food, clothing, 6606 medicines, and other necessities of life to, and providing shelter for, needy persons in the United States 6607 and throughout the world;

6608 23. Transferred to the trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the individual titleholder of a 6609 Virginia titled motor vehicle and the beneficiaries of the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries of the trust may also be named in the trust instrument, when no 6610 6611 consideration has passed between the titleholder and the beneficiaries; and transferred to the original 6612 titleholder from the trustees holding title to the motor vehicle;

6613 24. Transferred to trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the owners of the vehicle and the beneficiaries of the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries may also be 6614 named in the trust instrument, or transferred by trustees of such a trust to beneficiaries of the trust 6615 6616 following the death of the grantor, when no consideration has passed between the grantor and the 6617 beneficiaries in either case:

6618 25. Sold by a vehicle's lessor to its lessee upon the expiration of the term of the vehicle's lease, if 6619 the lessee is a natural person and this natural person has paid the tax levied pursuant to this chapter with 6620 respect to the vehicle when he leased it from the lessor, and if the lessee presents an original copy of the lease upon request of the Department of Motor Vehicles or other evidence that the sales tax has 6621 6622 been paid to the Commonwealth by the lessee purchasing the vehicle;

6623 26. Titled in the name of a deceased person and transferred to the spouse or heir, or under the will, 6624 of such deceased person;

6625 27. An all-terrain vehicle, moped, or off-road motorcycle all as defined in § 46.2-100. Such all-terrain vehicles, mopeds, or off-road motorcycles shall not be deemed a motor vehicle or other 6626 **6627** vehicle subject to the tax imposed under this chapter; or

6628 28. A motor vehicle that is sold to an organization that is exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) of 6629 the Internal Revenue Code and that is primarily used by the organization to transport to markets for sale 6630 produce that is (i) produced by local farmers and (ii) sold by such farmers to the organization. 6631

§ 58.1-3506. Other classifications of tangible personal property for taxation.

6632 A. The items of property set forth below are each declared to be a separate class of property and shall constitute a classification for local taxation separate from other classifications of tangible personal 6633 6634 property provided in this chapter:

1. a. Boats or watercraft weighing five tons or more, not used solely for business purposes; 6635

b. Boats or watercraft weighing less than five tons, not used solely for business purposes; 6636

2. Aircraft having a maximum passenger seating capacity of no more than 50 that are owned and 6637

6638 operated by scheduled air carriers operating under certificates of public convenience and necessity issued 6639 by the State Corporation Commission or the Civil Aeronautics Board;

6640 3. Aircraft having a registered empty gross weight equal to or greater than 20,000 pounds that are 6641 not owned or operated by scheduled air carriers recognized under federal law, but not including any 6642 aircraft described in subdivision 4;

6643 4. Aircraft that are (i) considered Warbirds, manufactured and intended for military use, excluding 6644 those manufactured after 1954, and (ii) used only for (a) exhibit or display to the general public and 6645 otherwise used for educational purposes (including such flights as are necessary for testing, maintaining, 6646 or preparing such aircraft for safe operation), or (b) airshow and flight demonstrations (including such 6647 flights necessary for testing, maintaining, or preparing such aircraft for safe operation), shall constitute a 6648 new class of property. Such class of property shall not include any aircraft used for commercial 6649 purposes, including transportation and other services for a fee;

5. All other aircraft not included in subdivisions A 2, A 3, or A 4 and flight simulators; 6650

6. Antique motor vehicles as defined in § 46.2-100 which may be used for general transportation 6651 6652 purposes as provided in subsection C of § 46.2-730; 6653

7. Tangible personal property used in a research and development business;

6654 8. Heavy construction machinery not used for business purposes, including but not limited to land 6655 movers, bulldozers, front-end loaders, graders, packers, power shovels, cranes, pile drivers, forest 6656 harvesting and silvicultural activity equipment and ditch and other types of diggers;

9. Generating equipment purchased after December 31, 1974, for the purpose of changing the energy 6657 6658 source of a manufacturing plant from oil or natural gas to coal, wood, wood bark, wood residue, or any 6659 other alternative energy source for use in manufacturing and any cogeneration equipment purchased to 6660 achieve more efficient use of any energy source. Such generating equipment and cogeneration equipment 6661 shall include, without limitation, such equipment purchased by firms engaged in the business of 6662 generating electricity or steam, or both;

10. Vehicles without motive power, used or designed to be used as manufactured homes as defined 6663 6664 in § 36-85.3;

11. Computer hardware used by businesses primarily engaged in providing data processing services 6665 6666 to other nonrelated or nonaffiliated businesses;

6667 12. Privately owned pleasure boats and watercraft, 18 feet and over, used for recreational purposes 6668 only;

6669 13. Privately owned vans with a seating capacity of not less than seven nor more than 15 persons, 6670 including the driver, used exclusively pursuant to a ridesharing arrangement as defined in § 46.2-1400;

6671 14. Motor vehicles specially equipped to provide transportation for physically handicapped 6672 individuals;

6673 15. Motor vehicles (i) owned by members of a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 6674 agency or a member of a volunteer fire department or (ii) leased by members of a volunteer rescue 6675 squad emergency medical services personnel or a member of a volunteer fire department if the member 6676 volunteer is obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor 6677 vehicle. One motor vehicle that is owned by each volunteer rescue squad member who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in §32.1-111.1 or volunteer fire department 6678 6679 member, or leased by each volunteer rescue squad member who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in § 32.1-111.1 or volunteer fire department member if the member 6680 6681 *volunteer* is obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor 6682 vehicle, may be specially classified under this section, provided the volunteer rescue squad member -or 6683 volunteer fire department member regularly responds to emergency calls. The volunteer shall furnish the 6684 commissioner of revenue, or other assessing officer, with a certification by the chief or head of the 6685 volunteer organization emergency medical services agency or volunteer fire department, that the volunteer is an individual who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in §32.1-111.1 or a member of the volunteer rescue squad -or fire department who regularly responds to 6686 6687 6688 calls or regularly performs other duties for the rescue squad emergency medical services agency or fire 6689 department, and the motor vehicle owned or leased by the volunteer rescue squad member or volunteer 6690 fire department member is identified. The certification shall be submitted by January 31 of each year to 6691 the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer; however, the commissioner of revenue or other 6692 assessing officer shall be authorized, in his discretion, and for good cause shown and without fault on 6693 the part of the member volunteer, to accept a certification after the January 31 deadline. In any county 6694 that prorates the assessment of tangible personal property pursuant to § 58.1-3516, a replacement vehicle may be certified and classified pursuant to this subsection when the vehicle certified as of the 6695 6696 immediately prior January date is transferred during the tax year;

6697 16. Motor vehicles (i) owned by auxiliary members of a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency or volunteer fire department or (ii) leased by auxiliary members of a volunteer rescue 6698

6699 squad emergency medical services agency or volunteer fire department if the auxiliary member is 6700 obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor vehicle. One motor vehicle that is regularly used by each auxiliary volunteer fire department or rescue squad 6701 emergency medical services agency member may be specially classified under this section. The auxiliary 6702 6703 member shall furnish the commissioner of revenue, or other assessing officer, with a certification by the 6704 chief or head of the volunteer organization emergency medical services agency or volunteer fire 6705 *department*, that the volunteer is an auxiliary member of the volunteer rescue squad emergency medical 6706 services agency or fire department who regularly performs duties for the rescue squad emergency 6707 medical services agency or fire department, and the motor vehicle is identified as regularly used for such purpose; however, if a volunteer rescue squad meets the definition of "emergency medical services 6708 6709 personnel" in § 32.1-111.1 or volunteer fire department member and an auxiliary member are members of the same household, that household shall be allowed no more than two special classifications under 6710 this subdivision or subdivision 15. The certification shall be submitted by January 31 of each year to the 6711 6712 commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer; however, the commissioner of revenue or other 6713 assessing officer shall be authorized, in his discretion, and for good cause shown and without fault on 6714 the part of the *auxiliary* member, to accept a certification after the January 31 deadline;

6715 17. Motor vehicles owned by a nonprofit organization and used to deliver meals to homebound
6716 persons or provide transportation to senior or handicapped citizens in the community to carry out the
6717 purposes of the nonprofit organization;

6718 18. Privately owned camping trailers as defined in § 46.2-100, and privately owned travel trailers as
6719 defined in § 46.2-1900, which are used for recreational purposes only, and privately owned trailers as
6720 defined in § 46.2-100 which are designed and used for the transportation of horses except those trailers
6721 described in subdivision A 11 of § 58.1-3505;

6722 19. One motor vehicle owned and regularly used by a veteran who has either lost, or lost the use of,
6723 one or both legs, or an arm or a hand, or who is blind or who is permanently and totally disabled as
6724 certified by the Department of Veterans Services. In order to qualify, the veteran shall provide a written
6725 statement to the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer from the Department of Veterans
6726 Services that the veteran has been so designated or classified by the Department of Veterans Services as
6727 to meet the requirements of this section, and that his disability is service-connected. For purposes of this
6728 section, a person is blind if he meets the provisions of § 46.2-100;

6729 20. Motor vehicles (i) owned by persons who have been appointed to serve as auxiliary police officers pursuant to Article 3 (§ 15.2-1731 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2 or (ii) leased by persons 6730 6731 who have been so appointed to serve as auxiliary police officers if the person is obligated by the terms 6732 of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor vehicle. One motor vehicle that is 6733 regularly used by each auxiliary police officer to respond to auxiliary police duties may be specially 6734 classified under this section. In order to qualify for such classification, any auxiliary police officer who 6735 applies for such classification shall identify the vehicle for which this classification is sought, and shall 6736 furnish the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer with a certification from the governing 6737 body that has appointed such auxiliary police officer or from the official who has appointed such 6738 auxiliary officers. That certification shall state that the applicant is an auxiliary police officer who 6739 regularly uses a motor vehicle to respond to auxiliary police duties, and it shall state that the vehicle for 6740 which the classification is sought is the vehicle that is regularly used for that purpose. The certification 6741 shall be submitted by January 31 of each year to the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer; 6742 however, the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer shall be authorized, in his discretion, 6743 and for good cause shown and without fault on the part of the member, to accept a certification after the 6744 January 31 deadline;

6745 21. Until the first to occur of June 30, 2019, or the date that a special improvements tax is no longer
6746 levied under § 15.2-4607 on property within a Multicounty Transportation Improvement District created
6747 pursuant to Chapter 46 (§ 15.2-4600 et seq.) of Title 15.2, tangible personal property that is used in
6748 manufacturing, testing, or operating satellites within a Multicounty Transportation Improvement District,
6749 provided that such business personal property is put into service within the District on or after July 1,
6750

6751 22. Motor vehicles which use clean special fuels as defined in § 46.2-749.3, which shall not include6752 any vehicle described in subdivision 38 or 40;

6753 23. Wild or exotic animals kept for public exhibition in an indoor or outdoor facility that is properly
6754 licensed by the federal government, the Commonwealth, or both, and that is properly zoned for such
6755 use. "Wild animals" means any animals that are found in the wild, or in a wild state, within the
6756 boundaries of the United States, its territories or possessions. "Exotic animals" means any animals that
6757 are found in the wild, or in a wild state, and are native to a foreign country;

6758 24. Furniture, office, and maintenance equipment, exclusive of motor vehicles, that are owned and6759 used by an organization whose real property is assessed in accordance with § 58.1-3284.1 and that is6760 used by that organization for the purpose of maintaining or using the open or common space within a

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6761 residential development;

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6762 25. Motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers with a gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or more used to transport property for hire by a motor carrier engaged in interstate commerce;

6764 26. All tangible personal property employed in a trade or business other than that described in 6765 subdivisions A 1 through A 19, except for subdivision A 17, of § 58.1-3503;

27. Programmable computer equipment and peripherals employed in a trade or business;

6767 28. Privately owned pleasure boats and watercraft, motorized and under 18 feet, used for recreational 6768 purposes only;

6769 29. Privately owned pleasure boats and watercraft, nonmotorized and under 18 feet, used for 6770 recreational purposes only;

6771 30. Privately owned motor homes as defined in § 46.2-100 that are used for recreational purposes only;

6773 31. Tangible personal property used in the provision of Internet services. For purposes of this
6774 subdivision, "Internet service" means a service, including an Internet Web-hosting service, that enables
6775 users to access content, information, electronic mail, and the Internet as part of a package of services
6776 sold to customers;

6777 32. Motor vehicles (i) owned by persons who serve as auxiliary, reserve, volunteer, or special deputy 6778 sheriffs or (ii) leased by persons who serve as auxiliary, reserve, volunteer, or special deputy sheriffs if 6779 the person is obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor vehicle. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "auxiliary deputy sheriff" means auxiliary, reserve, 6780 6781 volunteer, or special deputy sheriff. One motor vehicle that is regularly used by each auxiliary deputy 6782 sheriff to respond to auxiliary deputy sheriff duties may be specially classified under this section. In 6783 order to qualify for such classification, any auxiliary deputy sheriff who applies for such classification 6784 shall identify the vehicle for which this classification is sought, and shall furnish the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer with a certification from the governing body that has appointed such 6785 6786 auxiliary deputy sheriff or from the official who has appointed such auxiliary deputy sheriff. That certification shall state that the applicant is an auxiliary deputy sheriff who regularly uses a motor 6787 6788 vehicle to respond to such auxiliary duties, and it shall state that the vehicle for which the classification 6789 is sought is the vehicle that is regularly used for that purpose. The certification shall be submitted by 6790 January 31 of each year to the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer; however, the 6791 commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer shall be authorized, in his discretion, and for good 6792 cause shown and without fault on the part of the member, to accept a certification after the January 31 6793 deadline;

6794 33. Forest harvesting and silvicultural activity equipment;

6795 34. Equipment used primarily for research, development, production, or provision of biotechnology
6796 for the purpose of developing or providing products or processes for specific commercial or public
6797 purposes, including, but not limited to, medical, pharmaceutical, nutritional, and other health-related
6798 purposes; agricultural purposes; or environmental purposes but not for human cloning purposes as
6799 defined in § 32.1-162.21 or for products or purposes related to human embryo stem cells. For purposes
6800 of this section, biotechnology equipment means equipment directly used in activities associated with the
6801 science of living things;

6802 35. Boats or watercraft weighing less than five tons, used for business purposes only;

6803 36. Boats or watercraft weighing five tons or more, used for business purposes only;

6804 37. Tangible personal property which is owned and operated by a service provider who is not a
6805 CMRS provider and is not licensed by the FCC used to provide, for a fee, wireless broadband Internet
6806 service. For purposes of this subdivision, "wireless broadband Internet service" means a service that
6807 enables customers to access, through a wireless connection at an upload or download bit rate of more
6808 than one megabyte per second, Internet service, as defined in § 58.1-602, as part of a package of
6809 services sold to customers;

- **6810** 38. Low-speed vehicles as defined in § 46.2-100;
- 6811 39. Motor vehicles with a seating capacity of not less than 30 persons, including the driver;
- **6812** 40. Motor vehicles powered solely by electricity;

6813 41. Tangible personal property designed and used primarily for the purpose of manufacturing a 6814 product from renewable energy as defined in § 56-576;

6815 42. Motor vehicles leased by a county, city, town, or constitutional officer if the locality or constitutional officer is obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor vehicle;

6818 43. Computer equipment and peripherals used in a data center. For purposes of this subdivision,
6819 "data center" means a facility whose primary services are the storage, management, and processing of
6820 digital data and is used to house (i) computer and network systems, including associated components
6821 such as servers, network equipment and appliances, telecommunications, and data storage systems; (ii)

6822 systems for monitoring and managing infrastructure performance; (iii) equipment used for the 6823 transformation, transmission, distribution, or management of at least one megawatt of capacity of 6824 electrical power and cooling, including substations, uninterruptible power supply systems, all electrical 6825 plant equipment, and associated air handlers; (iv) Internet-related equipment and services; (v) data **6826** communications connections; (vi) environmental controls; (vii) fire protection systems; and (viii) security 6827 systems and services:

6828 44. Motor vehicles (i) owned by persons who serve as uniformed members of the Virginia Defense 6829 Force pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 44-54.4 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 44 or (ii) leased by persons who 6830 serve as uniformed members of the Virginia Defense Force pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 44-54.4 et seq.) of 6831 Chapter 1 of Title 44 if the person is obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor vehicle. One motor vehicle that is regularly used by a uniformed member of 6832 6833 the Virginia Defense Force to respond to his official duties may be specially classified under this 6834 section. In order to qualify for such classification, any person who applies for such classification shall 6835 identify the vehicle for which the classification is sought and shall furnish to the commissioner of the 6836 revenue or other assessing officer a certification from the Adjutant General of the Department of 6837 Military Affairs under § 44-11. That certification shall state that (a) the applicant is a uniformed member of the Virginia Defense Force who regularly uses a motor vehicle to respond to his official duties, and 6838 6839 (b) the vehicle for which the classification is sought is the vehicle that is regularly used for that purpose. 6840 The certification shall be submitted by January 31 of each year to the commissioner of the revenue or 6841 other assessing officer; however, the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer shall be 6842 authorized, in his discretion, and for good cause shown and without fault on the part of the member, to 6843 accept a certification after the January 31 deadline; and

6844 45. If a locality has adopted an ordinance pursuant to subsection D of § 58.1-3703, tangible personal 6845 property of a business that qualifies under such ordinance for the first two tax years in which the 6846 business is subject to tax upon its personal property pursuant to this chapter. If a locality has not 6847 adopted such ordinance, this classification shall apply to the tangible personal property for such first two tax years of a business that otherwise meets the requirements of subsection D of § 58.1-3703. 6848

6849 B. The governing body of any county, city or town may levy a tax on the property enumerated in subsection A at different rates from the tax levied on other tangible personal property. The rates of tax 6850 **6851** and the rates of assessment shall (i) for purposes of subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 11 through 20, 22 6852 through 24, and 26 through 45, not exceed that applicable to the general class of tangible personal property, (ii) for purposes of subdivisions A 7, A 9, A 21, and A 25, not exceed that applicable to 6853 6854 machinery and tools, and (iii) for purposes of subdivision A 10, equal that applicable to real property. If 6855 a motor vehicle is included in multiple classifications under subsection A, then the rate of tax shall be the lowest rate assigned to such classifications. If computer equipment and peripherals used in a data 6856 6857 center could be included in classifications set forth in subdivision A 11, 26, 27, or 43, then the computer equipment and peripherals used in a data center shall be taxed at the lowest rate available 6858 6859 under subdivision A 11, 26, 27, or 43.

6860 C. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, for any qualifying vehicle, as such term is 6861 defined in § 58.1-3523, (i) included in any separate class of property in subsection A and (ii) assessed **6862** for tangible personal property taxes by a county, city, or town receiving a payment from the Commonwealth under Chapter 35.1 (§ 58.1-3523 et seq.) for providing tangible personal property tax 6863 6864 relief, the county, city, or town may levy the tangible personal property tax on such qualifying vehicle 6865 at a rate not to exceed the rates of tax and rates of assessment required under such chapter. 6866

§ 58.1-3610. Volunteer fire departments and volunteer emergency medical services agencies.

6867 Volunteer fire departments and volunteer rescue squads which emergency medical services agencies that operate exclusively for the benefit of the general public without charge are hereby classified as 6868 6869 charitable organizations. 6870

§ 58.1-3833. County food and beverage tax.

6871 A. Any county is hereby authorized to levy a tax on food and beverages sold, for human 6872 consumption, by a restaurant, as such term is defined in subdivision 9 of § 35.1-1, not to exceed four 6873 percent of the amount charged for such food and beverages. Such tax shall not be levied on food and **6874** beverages sold through vending machines or by (i) boardinghouses that do not accommodate transients; 6875 (ii) cafeterias operated by industrial plants for employees only; (iii) restaurants to their employees as part 6876 of their compensation when no charge is made to the employee; (iv) volunteer fire departments and 6877 rescue squads volunteer emergency medical services agencies; nonprofit churches or other religious bodies; or educational, charitable, fraternal, or benevolent organizations the first three times per calendar 6878 6879 year and, beginning with the fourth time, on the first \$100,000 of gross receipts per calendar year from 6880 sales of food and beverages (excluding gross receipts from the first three times), as a fundraising 6881 activity, the gross proceeds of which are to be used by such church, religious body or organization 6882 exclusively for nonprofit educational, charitable, benevolent, or religious purposes; (v) churches that 6883 serve meals for their members as a regular part of their religious observances; (vi) public or private

6884 elementary or secondary schools, colleges, and universities to their students or employees; (vii) hospitals, 6885 medical clinics, convalescent homes, nursing homes, or other extended care facilities to patients or 6886 residents thereof; (viii) day care centers; (ix) homes for the aged, infirm, handicapped, battered women, 6887 narcotic addicts, or alcoholics; or (x) age-restricted apartment complexes or residences with restaurants, 6888 not open to the public, where meals are served and fees are charged for such food and beverages and 6889 are included in rental fees. Also, the tax shall not be levied on food and beverages: (a) when used or 6890 consumed and paid for by the Commonwealth, any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or the 6891 United States; or (b) provided by a public or private nonprofit charitable organization or establishment 6892 to elderly, infirm, blind, handicapped, or needy persons in their homes, or at central locations; or (c) 6893 provided by private establishments that contract with the appropriate agency of the Commonwealth to 6894 offer food, food products, or beverages for immediate consumption at concession prices to elderly, 6895 infirm, blind, handicapped, or needy persons in their homes or at central locations.

6896 Grocery stores and convenience stores selling prepared foods ready for human consumption at a6897 delicatessen counter shall be subject to the tax, for that portion of the grocery store or convenience store6898 selling such items.

6899 This tax shall be levied only if the tax is approved in a referendum within the county which shall be 6900 held in accordance with § 24.2-684 and initiated either by a resolution of the board of supervisors or on 6901 the filing of a petition signed by a number of registered voters of the county equal in number to 10 6902 percent of the number of voters registered in the county, as appropriate on January 1 of the year in 6903 which the petition is filed with the court of such county. The clerk of the circuit court shall publish 6904 notice of the election in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for three 6905 consecutive weeks prior to the election. If the voters affirm the levy of a local meals tax, the tax shall 6906 be effective in an amount and on such terms as the governing body may by ordinance prescribe. If such 6907 resolution of the board of supervisors or such petition states for what projects and/or purposes the 6908 revenues collected from the tax are to be used, then the question on the ballot for the referendum shall 6909 include language stating for what projects and/or purposes the revenues collected from the tax are to be 6910 used.

6911 The term "beverage" as set forth herein shall mean alcoholic beverages as defined in § 4.1-100 and
6912 nonalcoholic beverages served as part of a meal. The tax shall be in addition to the sales tax currently
6913 imposed by the county pursuant to the authority of Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of this title. Collection
6914 of such tax shall be in a manner prescribed by the governing body.

6915 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A of this section, Roanoke County, Rockbridge 6916 County, Frederick County, Arlington County, and Montgomery County, are hereby authorized to levy a 6917 tax on food and beverages sold for human consumption by a restaurant, as such term is defined in 6918 § 35.1-1 and as modified in subsection A above and subject to the same exemptions, not to exceed four 6919 percent of the amount charged for such food and beverages, provided that the governing body of the 6920 respective county holds a public hearing before adopting a local food and beverage tax, and the 6921 governing body by unanimous vote adopts such tax by local ordinance. The tax shall be effective in an 6922 amount and on such terms as the governing body may by ordinance prescribe.

C. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county, city or town
to levy a meals tax. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to § 58.1-3711 shall apply to any tax
levied under this section, mutatis mutandis. All food and beverage tax collections and all meals tax
collections shall be deemed to be held in trust for the county, city or town imposing the applicable tax.
The wrongful and fraudulent use of such collections other than remittance of the same as provided by
law shall constitute embezzlement pursuant to § 18.2-111.

6929 D. No county which has heretofore adopted an ordinance pursuant to subsection A of this section 6930 shall be required to submit an amendment to its meals tax ordinance to the voters in a referendum.

6931 E. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no locality shall levy any tax under this 6932 section upon (i) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a discretionary gratuity in addition 6933 to the sales price; (ii) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a mandatory gratuity or 6934 service charge added by the restaurant in addition to the sales price, but only to the extent that such 6935 mandatory gratuity or service charge does not exceed 20% of the sales price; or (iii) alcoholic beverages 6936 sold in factory sealed containers and purchased for off-premises consumption or food purchased for 6937 human consumption as "food" is defined in the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. § 2012, as amended, 6938 and federal regulations adopted pursuant to that act, except for the following items: sandwiches, salad 6939 bar items sold from a salad bar, prepackaged single-serving salads consisting primarily of an assortment 6940 of vegetables, and nonfactory sealed beverages.

6941 § 58.1-3840. Certain excise taxes permitted.

6942 A. The provisions of Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of this title to the contrary notwithstanding, any 6943 city or town having general taxing powers established by charter pursuant to or consistent with the 6944 provisions of § 15.2-1104 may impose excise taxes on cigarettes, admissions, transient room rentals,

6945 meals, and travel campgrounds. No such taxes on meals may be imposed on (i) that portion of the 6946 amount paid by the purchaser as a discretionary gratuity in addition to the sales price of the meal; (ii) 6947 that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a mandatory gratuity or service charge added by the 6948 restaurant in addition to the sales price of the meal, but only to the extent that such mandatory gratuity 6949 or service charge does not exceed 20% of the sales price; or (iii) food and beverages sold through 6950 vending machines or on any tangible personal property purchased with food coupons issued by the United States Department of Agriculture under the Food Stamp Program or drafts issued through the 6951 Virginia Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children. No such taxes on meals 6952 6953 may be imposed when sold or provided by (a) restaurants, as such term is defined in subdivision 9 a of 6954 § 35.1-1, to their employees as part of their compensation when no charge is made to the employee; (b) 6955 volunteer fire departments and rescue squads volunteer emergency medical services agencies; nonprofit churches or other religious bodies; or educational, charitable, fraternal, or benevolent organizations, the 6956 6957 first three times per calendar year and, beginning with the fourth time, on the first \$100,000 of gross receipts per calendar year from sales of meals (excluding gross receipts from the first three times), as a 6958 6959 fundraising activity, the gross proceeds of which are to be used by such church, religious body or 6960 organization exclusively for nonprofit educational, charitable, benevolent, or religious purposes; (c) 6961 churches that serve meals for their members as a regular part of their religious observances; (d) public 6962 or private elementary or secondary schools, or public or private colleges and universities, to their 6963 students or employees; (e) hospitals, medical clinics, convalescent homes, nursing homes, or other 6964 extended care facilities to patients or residents thereof; (f) day care centers; (g) homes for the aged, 6965 infirm, handicapped, battered women, narcotic addicts, or alcoholics; or (h) age-restricted apartment 6966 complexes or residences with restaurants, not open to the public, where meals are served and fees are 6967 charged for such food and beverages and are included in rental fees.

Also, the tax shall not be levied on meals: (a) when used or consumed and paid for by the
Commonwealth, any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or the United States; or (b) provided
by a public or private nonprofit charitable organization or establishment to elderly, infirm, blind,
handicapped, or needy persons in their homes, or at central locations; or (c) provided by private
establishments that contract with the appropriate agency of the Commonwealth to offer food, food
products, or beverages for immediate consumption at concession prices to elderly, infirm, blind,
handicapped, or needy persons in their homes or at central locations.

6975 In addition, as set forth in § 51.5-98, no blind person operating a vending stand or other business
6976 enterprise under the jurisdiction of the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired and located on
6977 property acquired and used by the United States for any military or naval purpose shall be required to
6978 collect and remit meals taxes.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no city or town shall levy any tax under this section upon alcoholic beverages sold in factory sealed containers and purchased for off-premises consumption or food purchased for human consumption as "food" is defined in the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. § 2012, as amended, and federal regulations adopted pursuant to that act, except for the following items: sandwiches, salad bar items sold from a salad bar, prepackaged single-serving salads consisting primarily of an assortment of vegetables, and nonfactory sealed beverages.

6985 C. Any city or town that is authorized to levy a tax on admissions may levy the tax on admissions
6986 paid for any event held at facilities that are not owned by the city or town at a lower rate than the rate
6987 levied on admissions paid for any event held at its city- or town-owned civic centers, stadiums and
6988 amphitheatres.

6989 D. [Expired.]

6990 § 63.2-100. Definitions.

- 6991 As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:
- 6992 "Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

6993 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 6994 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 6995 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental 6996 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 6997 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled **6998** substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 6999 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 7000 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

7001 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 7002 necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 7003 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 7004 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a 7005 decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal 7006 authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical

7007 treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary 7008 care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; 7009 (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the 7010 subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have 7011 considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision 7012 7013 shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4;

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3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child; 7015 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act 7016 of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

7017 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 7018 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco 7019 parentis; or

7020 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 7021 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the 7022 7023 parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor 7024 for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902.

7025 If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital 7026 or rescue squad emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent 7027 safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended 7028 rescue squad emergency medical services agency that employs emergency medical technicians services 7029 providers, within 14 days of the child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to 7030 § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the 7031 ground of abandonment.

7032 "Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a 7033 licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

7034 "Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a 7035 child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

7036 "Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable 7037 confinement of an adult.

7038 "Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure 7039 and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, 7040 infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by 7041 the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) 7042 the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. 7043 Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or 7044 controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total 7045 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults.

7046 "Adult exploitation" means the illegal use of an incapacitated adult or his resources for another's 7047 profit or advantage.

7048 "Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a 7049 physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three 7050 adults.

7051 "Adult neglect" means that an adult is living under such circumstances that he is not able to provide 7052 for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical and mental health and 7053 that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair his well-being. 7054 However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such adult is receiving religious 7055 nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care, provided that such 7056 treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the religious practices of the adult 7057 and there is a written or oral expression of consent by that adult.

7058 "Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to 7059 protect an adult from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

7060 "Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who 7061 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with 7062 activities of daily living.

7063 "Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates 7064 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for 7065 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for 7066 in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board 7067 of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any

7068 portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or 7069 maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility 7070 serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational 7071 program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as 7072 a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the 7073 facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled 7074 that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of 7075 Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing 7076 Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total 7077 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general 7078 7079 supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled 7080 individual.

7081 "Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive 7082 7083 these benefits except for excess income.

7084 "Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

7085 "Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means 7086 parent(s) by previous adoption. 7087

"Board" means the State Board of Social Services. 7088

"Child" means any natural person under 18 years of age.

"Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of 7089 7090 13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or 7091 more children at any location.

7092 "Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the 7093 absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the 7094 supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

7095 "Child-placing agency" means any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or 7096 independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819 or a local board that places children in foster homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221. Officers, employees, or 7097 7098 agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their authority as such, who 7099 serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

"Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes 7100 7101 assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child 7102 7103 and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being 7104 abused or neglected.

7105 "Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of 7106 Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or 7107 collect child support, or child and spousal support.

7108 "Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility, 7109 family day home, family day system, or independent foster home.

7110 "Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time 7111 care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services 7112 to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care. 7113 7114 Children's residential facility shall not include:

1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events, 7115 7116 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer 7117 vacation; 7118

2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

7120 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized representative. 7121 7122

"Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

"Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services 7123 of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated 7124 7125 as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

"Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining 7126 7127 after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

7128 "Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and 7129 cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating,

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repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or
repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance
with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended.

7134 "Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home 7135 of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the 7136 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care 7137 for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents 7138 or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the 7139 provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving six through 12 children, exclusive of the 7140 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family 7141 day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own 7142 children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarily 7143 registered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all grandchildren of the provider 7144 shall not be required to be licensed.

"Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system;
who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes;
inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to available health and social services.

7151 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an
7153 entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency.

7154 "Foster home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which any child, other than a child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household.

7156 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned
7157 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with
7158 § 63.2-401.

"Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by
birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein
independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by
birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such
person and (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of
subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8.

"Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over and persons who are former foster care children between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning to self-sufficiency.

"Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parental supervision.

7172 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 7173 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare 7174 agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and 7175 activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached 7176 the age of 21 years or (ii) is at least 18 years of age but who has not yet reached 21 years of age and 7177 who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of 7178 a local board of social services. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, 7179 and money management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate 7180 services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

7181 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living
7182 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an
7183 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

7184 "Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster
7185 care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other
7186 entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under
7187 which it operates.

7188 "Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care
7189 placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of
7190 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or

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7191 nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the 7192 action of any court.

7193 "Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

7194 "Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.
7195 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this
7196 Commonwealth.

7197 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the 7198 city or county.

7199 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation
7200 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel
7201 Management.

7202 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in7203 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

"Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child care; and general relief.

"Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services
to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for
a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the
Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents
of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical
Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

7213 "Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary
7214 registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a
7215 certificate of registration from the Commissioner.

7216 "Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults
7217 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of
7218 daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent
7219 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

"Šocial services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic
violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by
the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of
Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14
of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under
the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

7226 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed
7227 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A
7228 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

7229 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the
7230 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible
7231 children.

7232 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the
7233 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive
7234 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from the Virginia Initiative for
7235 Employment Not Welfare (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609.

7236 "Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social
7237 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on
7238 behalf of qualifying children.

§ 63.2-1515. Central registry; disclosure of information.

7240 The central registry shall contain such information as shall be prescribed by Board regulation; 7241 however, when the founded case of abuse or neglect does not name the parents or guardians of the child 7242 as the abuser or neglector, and the abuse or neglect occurred in a licensed or unlicensed child day 7243 center, a licensed, registered or approved family day home, a private or public school, or a children's 7244 residential facility, the child's name shall not be entered on the registry without consultation with and 7245 permission of the parents or guardians. If a child's name currently appears on the registry without 7246 consultation with and permission of the parents or guardians for a founded case of abuse and neglect 7247 that does not name the parents or guardians of the child as the abuser or neglector, such parents or 7248 guardians may have the child's name removed by written request to the Department. The information 7249 contained in the central registry shall not be open to inspection by the public. However, appropriate 7250 disclosure may be made in accordance with Board regulations.

7251 The Department shall respond to requests for a search of the central registry made by (i) local departments and (ii) local school boards regarding applicants for employment, pursuant to § 22.1-296.4,

7253 in cases where there is no match within the central registry within 10 business days of receipt of such 7254 requests. In cases where there is a match within the central registry regarding applicants for 7255 employment, the Department shall respond to requests made by local departments and local school 7256 boards within 30 business days of receipt of such requests. The response may be by first-class mail or 7257 facsimile transmission.

7258 Any central registry check of a person who has applied to be a volunteer with a (a) Virginia affiliate 7259 of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America, (b) Virginia affiliate of Compeer, (c) Virginia affiliate of 7260 Childhelp USA/rs, (d) volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 7261 agency, or (e) with a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant to § 9.1-153 shall be conducted 7262 at no charge. 7263

§ 65.2-101. Definitions.

7264 As used in this title:

7265

"Average weekly wage" means:

7266 1. a. The earnings of the injured employee in the employment in which he was working at the time 7267 of the injury during the period of 52 weeks immediately preceding the date of the injury, divided by 52; 7268 but if the injured employee lost more than seven consecutive calendar days during such period, although 7269 not in the same week, then the earnings for the remainder of the 52 weeks shall be divided by the 7270 number of weeks remaining after the time so lost has been deducted. When the employment prior to the 7271 injury extended over a period of less than 52 weeks, the method of dividing the earnings during that 7272 period by the number of weeks and parts thereof during which the employee earned wages shall be 7273 followed, provided that results fair and just to both parties will be thereby obtained. When, by reason of 7274 a shortness of time during which the employee has been in the employment of his employer or the 7275 casual nature or terms of his employment, it is impractical to compute the average weekly wages as 7276 above defined, regard shall be had to the average weekly amount which during the 52 weeks previous to 7277 the injury was being earned by a person of the same grade and character employed in the same class of 7278 employment in the same locality or community.

7279 b. When for exceptional reasons the foregoing would be unfair either to the employee or employee, 7280 such other method of computing average weekly wages may be resorted to as will most nearly 7281 approximate the amount which the injured employee would be earning were it not for the injury.

7282 2. Whenever allowances of any character made to an employee in lieu of wages are a specified part 7283 of the wage contract, they shall be deemed a part of his earnings. For the purpose of this title, the 7284 average weekly wage of the members of the Virginia National Guard, the Virginia Naval Militia and the 7285 Virginia Defense Force, registered members on duty or in training of the United States Civil Defense 7286 Corps of this the Commonwealth, volunteer firefighters engaged in firefighting activities under the 7287 supervision and control of the Department of Forestry, and forest wardens shall be deemed to be such 7288 amount as will entitle them to the maximum compensation payable under this title; however, any award 7289 entered under the provisions of this title on behalf of members of the National Guard, the Virginia 7290 Naval Militia or their dependents, or registered members on duty or in training of the United States 7291 Civil Defense Corps of this the Commonwealth or their dependents, shall be subject to credit for 7292 benefits paid them under existing or future federal law on account of injury or occupational disease 7293 covered by the provisions of this title.

7294 3. Whenever volunteer firefighters, volunteer lifesaving or volunteer rescue squad members 7295 *emergency medical services personnel*, volunteer law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary or reserve police, 7296 auxiliary or reserve deputy sheriffs, volunteer emergency medical technicians, members of volunteer 7297 search and rescue organizations, volunteer members of community emergency response teams, and 7298 volunteer members of medical reserve corps are deemed employees under this title, their average weekly 7299 wage shall be deemed sufficient to produce the minimum compensation provided by this title for injured 7300 workers or their dependents. For the purposes of workers' compensation insurance premium calculations, 7301 the monthly payroll for each volunteer firefighter or volunteer lifesaving or volunteer rescue squad 7302 member who is an individual who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in 7303 § 32.1-111.1 shall be deemed to be \$300.

4. The average weekly wage of persons, other than those covered in subdivision 3 of this definition, 7304 7305 who respond to a hazardous materials incident at the request of the Department of Emergency 7306 Management shall be based upon the earnings of such persons from their primary employers.

7307 "Award" means the grant or denial of benefits or other relief under this title or any rule adopted 7308 pursuant thereto.

7309 "Change in condition" means a change in physical condition of the employee as well as any change 7310 in the conditions under which compensation was awarded, suspended, or terminated which would affect 7311 the right to, amount of, or duration of compensation.

"Client company" means any person that enters into an agreement for professional employer services 7312 7313 with a professional employer organization.

7314 "Coemployee" means an employee performing services pursuant to an agreement for professional 7315 employer services between a client company and a professional employer organization.

"Commission" means the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission as well as its former 7316 7317 designation as the Virginia Industrial Commission.

7318 "Employee" means:

7319 1. a. Every person, including aliens and minors, in the service of another under any contract of hire 7320 or apprenticeship, written or implied, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed, except (i) one whose 7321 employment is not in the usual course of the trade, business, occupation or profession of the employer 7322 or (ii) as otherwise provided in subdivision 2 of this definition.

7323 b. Any apprentice, trainee, or retrainee who is regularly employed while receiving training or 7324 instruction outside of regular working hours and off the job, so long as the training or instruction is 7325 related to his employment and is authorized by his employer.

7326 c. Members of the Virginia National Guard and the Virginia Naval Militia, whether on duty in a paid 7327 or unpaid status or when performing voluntary service to their unit in a nonduty status at the request of 7328 their commander.

7329 Income benefits for members of the National Guard or Naval Militia shall be terminated when they 7330 are able to return to their customary civilian employment or self-employment. If they are neither employed nor self-employed, those benefits shall terminate when they are able to return to their military 7331 7332 duties. If a member of the National Guard or Naval Militia who is fit to return to his customary civilian 7333 employment or self-employment remains unable to perform his military duties and thereby suffers loss 7334 of military pay which he would otherwise have earned, he shall be entitled to one day of income 7335 benefits for each unit training assembly or day of paid training which he is unable to attend. 7336

d. Members of the Virginia Defense Force.

7337 e. Registered members of the United States Civil Defense Corps of this the Commonwealth, whether 7338 on duty or in training.

7339 f. Except as provided in subdivision 2 of this definition, all officers and employees of the 7340 Commonwealth, including (i) forest wardens; (ii) judges, clerks, deputy clerks and employees of juvenile and domestic relations district courts and general district courts; and (iii) secretaries and administrative 7341 assistants for officers and members of the General Assembly employed pursuant to § 30-19.4 and 7342 7343 compensated as provided in the general appropriation act, who shall be deemed employees of the 7344 Commonwealth.

7345 g. Except as provided in subdivision 2 of this definition, all officers and employees of a municipal 7346 corporation or political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

7347 h. Except as provided in subdivision 2 of this definition, (i) every executive officer, including 7348 president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer or other officer, elected or appointed in accordance with the 7349 charter and bylaws of a corporation, municipal or otherwise and (ii) every manager of a limited liability 7350 company elected or appointed in accordance with the articles of organization or operating agreement of 7351 the limited liability company.

7352 i. Policemen and firefighters, sheriffs and their deputies, town sergeants and their deputies, county 7353 and city commissioners of the revenue, county and city treasurers, attorneys for the Commonwealth, 7354 clerks of circuit courts and their deputies, officers and employees, and electoral board members appointed in accordance with § 24.2-106, who shall be deemed employees of the respective cities, 7355 7356 counties and towns in which their services are employed and by whom their salaries are paid or in 7357 which their compensation is earnable. However, notwithstanding the foregoing provision of this subdivision, such individuals who would otherwise be deemed to be employees of the city, county, or 7358 7359 town in which their services are employed and by whom their salaries are paid or in which their compensation is earnable shall be deemed to be employees of the Commonwealth while rendering aid 7360 7361 outside of the Commonwealth pursuant to a request, approved by the Commonwealth, under the 7362 Emergency Management Assistance Compact enacted pursuant to § 44-146.28:1.

7363 j. Members of the governing body of any county, city, or town in the Commonwealth, whenever 7364 coverage under this title is extended to such members by resolution or ordinance duly adopted.

7365 k. Volunteers, officers and employees of any commission or board of any authority created or 7366 controlled by a local governing body, or any local agency or public service corporation owned, operated 7367 or controlled by such local governing body, whenever coverage under this title is authorized by 7368 resolution or ordinance duly adopted by the governing board of any county, city, town, or any political 7369 subdivision thereof.

7370 1. Except as provided in subdivision 2 of this definition, volunteer firefighters, volunteer lifesaving or 7371 rescue squad members emergency medical services agency personnel, volunteer law-enforcement 7372 chaplains, auxiliary or reserve police, auxiliary or reserve deputy sheriffs, volunteer emergency medical 7373 technicians, members of volunteer search and rescue organizations, volunteer members of regional 7374 hazardous materials emergency response teams, volunteer members of community emergency response 7375 teams, and volunteer members of medical reserve corps, who shall be deemed employees of (i) the

7376 political subdivision or state institution of higher education in which the principal office of such 7377 volunteer fire company, volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad emergency medical services agency 7378 personel, volunteer law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary or reserve police force, auxiliary or reserve 7379 deputy sheriff force, volunteer emergency medical technicians, volunteer search and rescue organization, 7380 regional hazardous materials emergency response team, community emergency response team, or medical 7381 reserve corps is located if the governing body of such political subdivision or state institution of higher 7382 education has adopted a resolution acknowledging those persons as employees for the purposes of this 7383 title or (ii) in the case of volunteer firefighters or volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad members 7384 emergency medical services personnel, the fire companies or squads emergency medical services 7385 agencies for which volunteer services are provided whenever such companies or squads elect to be 7386 included as an employer under this title.

7387 m. (1) Volunteer firefighters, volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad members emergency medical 7388 services agency personnel, volunteer law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary or reserve police, auxiliary or 7389 reserve deputy sheriffs, volunteer emergency medical technicians, members of volunteer search and 7390 rescue organizations and any other persons who respond to an incident upon request of the Department 7391 of Emergency Management, who shall be deemed employees of the Department of Emergency 7392 Management for the purposes of this title.

7393 (2) Volunteer firefighters when engaged in firefighting activities under the supervision and control of 7394 the Department of Forestry, who shall be deemed employees of the Department of Forestry for the 7395 purposes of this title.

7396 n. Any sole proprietor, shareholder of a stock corporation having only one shareholder, member of a 7397 limited liability company having only one member, or all partners of a business electing to be included 7398 as an employee under the workers' compensation coverage of such business if the insurer is notified of 7399 this election. Any sole proprietor, shareholder or member or the partners shall, upon such election, be 7400 entitled to employee benefits and be subject to employee responsibilities prescribed in this title.

7401 When any partner or sole shareholder, member or proprietor is entitled to receive coverage under this title, such person shall be subject to all provisions of this title as if he were an employee; however, the 7402 7403 notices required under §§ 65.2-405 and 65.2-600 of this title shall be given to the insurance carrier, and 7404 the panel of physicians required under § 65.2-603 shall be selected by the insurance carrier.

7405 o. The independent contractor of any employer subject to this title at the election of such employer 7406 provided (i) the independent contractor agrees to such inclusion and (ii) unless the employer is 7407 self-insured, the employer's insurer agrees in writing to such inclusion. All or part of the cost of the 7408 insurance coverage of the independent contractor may be borne by the independent contractor.

7409 When any independent contractor is entitled to receive coverage under this section, such person shall 7410 be subject to all provisions of this title as if he were an employee, provided that the notices required 7411 under §§ 65.2-405 and 65.2-600 are given either to the employer or its insurance carrier.

7412 However, nothing in this title shall be construed to make the employees of any independent 7413 contractor the employees of the person or corporation employing or contracting with such independent 7414 contractor.

7415 p. The legal representative, dependents and any other persons to whom compensation may be payable 7416 when any person covered as an employee under this title shall be deceased.

7417 q. Jail officers and jail superintendents employed by regional jails or jail farm boards or authorities, 7418 whether created pursuant to Article 3.1 (§ 53.1-95.2 et seq.) or Article 5 (§ 53.1-105 et seq.) of Chapter 7419 3 of Title 53.1, or an act of assembly.

7420 r. AmeriCorps members who receive stipends in return for volunteering in local, state and nonprofit 7421 agencies in the Commonwealth, who shall be deemed employees of the Commonwealth for the purposes 7422 of this title.

7423 s. Food Stamp recipients participating in the work experience component of the Food Stamp 7424 Employment and Training Program, who shall be deemed employees of the Commonwealth for the 7425 purposes of this title.

7426 t. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families recipients not eligible for Medicaid participating in the 7427 work experience component of the Virginia Initiative for Employment Not Welfare Program, who shall 7428 be deemed employees of the Commonwealth for the purposes of this title. 7429

2. "Employee" shall not mean:

7430 a. Officers and employees of the Commonwealth who are elected by the General Assembly, or 7431 appointed by the Governor, either with or without the confirmation of the Senate. This exception shall 7432 not apply to any "state employee" as defined in § 51.1-124.3 nor to Supreme Court Justices, judges of the Court of Appeals, judges of the circuit or district courts, members of the Workers' Compensation 7433 7434 Commission and the State Corporation Commission, or the Superintendent of State Police.

7435 b. Officers and employees of municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the Commonwealth 7436 who are elected by the people or by the governing bodies, and who act in purely administrative

7437 capacities and are to serve for a definite term of office.

7438 c. Any person who is a licensed real estate salesperson, or a licensed real estate broker associated 7439 with a real estate broker, if (i) substantially all of the salesperson's or associated broker's remuneration is 7440 derived from real estate commissions, (ii) the services of the salesperson or associated broker are 7441 performed under a written contract specifying that the salesperson is an independent contractor, and (iii) 7442 such contract includes a provision that the salesperson or associated broker will not be treated as an 7443 employee for federal income tax purposes.

7444 d. Any taxicab or executive sedan driver, provided the Commission is furnished evidence that such 7445 individual is excluded from taxation by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. 7446

e. Casual employees.

f. Domestic servants.

g. Farm and horticultural laborers, unless the employer regularly has in service more than three 7448 7449 full-time employees.

7450 h. Employees of any person, firm or private corporation, including any public service corporation, 7451 that has regularly in service less than three employees in the same business within this Commonwealth, 7452 unless such employees and their employers voluntarily elect to be bound by this title. However, this exemption shall not apply to the operators of underground coal mines or their employees. An executive 7453 officer who is not paid salary or wages on a regular basis at an agreed upon amount and who rejects 7454 7455 coverage under this title pursuant to § 65.2-300 shall not be included as an employee for purposes of 7456 this subdivision.

7457 i. Employees of any common carrier by railroad engaging in commerce between any of the several 7458 states or territories or between the District of Columbia and any of the states or territories and any 7459 foreign nation or nations, and any person suffering injury or death while he is employed by such carrier in such commerce. This title shall not be construed to lessen the liability of any such common carrier or 7460 7461 to diminish or take away in any respect any right that any person so employed, or the personal representative, kindred or relation, or dependent of such person, may have under the act of Congress 7462 relating to the liability of common carriers by railroad to their employees in certain cases, approved 7463 7464 April 22, 1908, or under §§ 8.01-57 through 8.01-62 or § 56-441.

j. Employees of common carriers by railroad who are engaged in intrastate trade or commerce. 7465 7466 However, this title shall not be construed to lessen the liability of such common carriers or take away or 7467 diminish any right that any employee or, in case of his death, the personal representative of such 7468 employee of such common carrier may have under §§ 8.01-57 through 8.01-61 or § 56-441.

7469 k. Except as provided in subdivision 1 of this definition, a member of a volunteer fire fighting, 7470 lifesaving or rescue squad fire department or volunteer emergency medical services agency when engaged in activities related principally to participation as an individual who meets the definition of "emergency medical services personnel" in § 32.1-111.1 or a member of such squad fire department 7471 7472 7473 whether or not the volunteer continues to receive compensation from his employer for time away from 7474 the job.

7475 I. Except as otherwise provided in this title, noncompensated employees and noncompensated directors of corporations exempt from taxation pursuant to § 501(c)(3) of Title 26 of the United States 7476 7477 Code (Internal Revenue Code of 1954).

m. Any person performing services as a sports official for an entity sponsoring an interscholastic or 7478 7479 intercollegiate sports event or any person performing services as a sports official for a public entity or a 7480 private, nonprofit organization which sponsors an amateur sports event. For the purposes of this 7481 subdivision, "sports official" includes an umpire, referee, judge, scorekeeper, timekeeper or other person who is a neutral participant in a sports event. This shall not include any person, otherwise employed by 7482 7483 an organization or entity sponsoring a sports event, who performs services as a sports official as part of 7484 his regular employment.

7485 n. Any person who suffers an injury on or after July 1, 2012, for which there is jurisdiction under 7486 either the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, 33 U.S.C. § 901 et seq., and its 7487 extensions, or the Merchant Marine Act of 1920, 46 U.S.C. § 30104 et seq. However, this title shall not be construed to eliminate or diminish any right that any person or, in the case of the person's death, his 7488 7489 personal representative, may have under either the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, 7490 33 U.S.C. § 901 et seq., and its extensions, or the Merchant Marine Act of 1920, 46 U.S.C. § 30104 et 7491 seq.

7492 "Employer" includes (i) any person, the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof and any 7493 individual, firm, association or corporation, or the receiver or trustee of the same, or the legal representative of a deceased employer, using the service of another for pay and (ii) any volunteer fire 7494 7495 company or volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad emergency medical services agency electing to be 7496 included and maintaining coverage as an employer under this title. If the employer is insured, it includes 7497 his insurer so far as applicable.

7498 "Executive officer" means (i) the president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer or other officer,

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7499 elected or appointed in accordance with the charter and bylaws of a corporation and (ii) the managers 7500 elected or appointed in accordance with the articles of organization or operating agreement of a limited 7501 liability company. However, such term does not include noncompensated officers of corporations exempt 7502 from taxation pursuant to § 501(c)(3) of Title 26 of the United States Code (Internal Revenue Code of 7503 1954).

7504 "Filed" means hand delivered to the Commission's office in Richmond or any regional office 7505 maintained by the Commission; sent by means of electronic transmission approved by the Commission; 7506 sent by facsimile transmission; or posted at any post office of the United States Postal Service by 7507 certified or registered mail. Filing by first-class mail, electronic transmission, or facsimile transmission 7508 shall be deemed completed only when the document or other material transmitted reaches the 7509 Commission or its designated agent.

7510 "Injury" means only injury by accident arising out of and in the course of the employment or occupational disease as defined in Chapter 4 (§ 65.2-400 et seq.) of this title and does not include a 7511 7512 disease in any form, except when it results naturally and unavoidably from either of the foregoing 7513 causes. Such term shall not include any injury, disease or condition resulting from an employee's 7514 voluntary:

7515 1. Participation in employer-sponsored off-duty recreational activities which are not part of the 7516 employee's duties; or

7517 2. Use of a motor vehicle that was provided to the employee by a motor vehicle dealer as defined by 7518 § 46.2-1500 and bears a dealer's license plate as defined by § 46.2-1550 for (i) commuting to or from 7519 work or (ii) any other nonwork activity.

7520 Such term shall include any injury, disease or condition:

7521 1. Arising out of and in the course of the employment of (a) an employee of a hospital as defined in 7522 § 32.1-123; (b) an employee of a health care provider as defined in § 8.01-581.1; (c) an employee of the 7523 Department of Health or a local department of health; (d) a member of a search and rescue organization; 7524 or (e) any person described in clauses (i) through (iv), (vi), and (ix) of subsection A of § 65.2-402.1 7525 otherwise subject to the provisions of this title; and

7526 2. Resulting from (a) the administration of vaccinia (smallpox) vaccine, Cidofivir and derivatives 7527 thereof, or Vaccinia Immune Globulin as part of federally initiated smallpox countermeasures, or (b) 7528 transmission of vaccinia in the course of employment from an employee participating in such 7529 countermeasures to a coemployee of the same employer.

7530 "Professional employer organization" means any person that enters into a written agreement with a 7531 client company to provide professional employer services.

7532 "Professional employer services" means services provided to a client company pursuant to a written 7533 agreement with a professional employer organization whereby the professional employer organization 7534 initially employs all or a majority of a client company's workforce and assumes responsibilities as an 7535 employer for all coemployees that are assigned, allocated, or shared by the agreement between the 7536 professional employer organization and the client company.

7537 "Staffing service" means any person, other than a professional employer organization, that hires its 7538 own employees and assigns them to a client to support or supplement the client's workforce. It includes 7539 temporary staffing services that supply employees to clients in special work situations such as employee 7540 absences, temporary skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special assignments and projects. 7541

§ 65.2-102. Coverage of firefighters and law-enforcement officers in off-duty capacity.

7542 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a claim for workers' compensation benefits shall be 7543 deemed to be in the course of employment of any firefighter or law-enforcement officer who, in an 7544 off-duty capacity or outside an assigned shift or work location, undertakes any law-enforcement or 7545 rescue activity. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an employer from using any defense otherwise 7546 available under this title.

7547 B. For purposes of this section:

"Firefighter" means all (i) salaried firefighters, including special forest wardens designated pursuant 7548 7549 to § 10.1-1135, emergency medical technicians, lifesaving and rescue squad members services personnel, 7550 and arson investigators and (ii) volunteer firefighters and lifesaving or rescue squad members emergency 7551 medical services personnel, if the governing body of the political subdivision in which the principal 7552 office of such volunteer fire company or volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad emergency medical 7553 services agency is located has adopted a resolution acknowledging such volunteer fire company or 7554 volunteer lifesaving and rescue squad emergency medical services agency as employees for purposes of 7555 this title.

"Law-enforcement officer" means all (i) members of county, city, town, or authority police 7556 7557 departments, (ii) sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, (iii) auxiliary or reserve police and auxiliary or reserve 7558 deputy sheriffs, if the governing body of the political subdivision in which the principal office of such auxiliary or reserve police and auxiliary or reserve deputy sheriff force is located has adopted a 7559

resolution acknowledging such auxiliary or reserve police and auxiliary or reserve deputy sheriffs as
employees for purposes of this title, (iv) members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System, and
(v) members of the Capitol Police as described in § 30-34.2:1.

7563 § 65.2-402. Presumption as to death or disability from respiratory disease, hypertension or 7564 heart disease, cancer.

A. Respiratory diseases that cause (i) the death of volunteer or salaried firefighters or Department of
Emergency Management hazardous materials officers or (ii) any health condition or impairment of such
firefighters or Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officers resulting in total or
partial disability shall be presumed to be occupational diseases, suffered in the line of duty, that are
covered by this title unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to
the contrary.

7571 B. Hypertension or heart disease causing the death of, or any health condition or impairment 7572 resulting in total or partial disability of (i) salaried or volunteer firefighters, (ii) members of the State 7573 Police Officers' Retirement System, (iii) members of county, city, or town police departments, (iv) 7574 sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, (v) Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officers, 7575 (vi) city sergeants or deputy city sergeants of the City of Richmond, (vii) Virginia Marine Police 7576 officers, (viii) conservation police officers who are full-time sworn members of the enforcement division of the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, (ix) Capitol Police officers, (x) special agents of the 7577 7578 Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control appointed under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et 7579 seq.) of Title 4.1, (xi) for such period that the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority voluntarily 7580 subjects itself to the provisions of this chapter as provided in § 65.2-305, officers of the police force established and maintained by the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, (xii) officers of the 7581 police force established and maintained by the Norfolk Airport Authority, (xiii) sworn officers of the 7582 police force established and maintained by the Virginia Port Authority, and (xiv) campus police officers 7583 appointed under Chapter 17 (§ 23-232 et seq.) of Title 23 and employed by any public institution of 7584 7585 higher education shall be presumed to be occupational diseases, suffered in the line of duty, that are 7586 covered by this title unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to 7587 the contrary.

7588 C. Leukemia or pancreatic, prostate, rectal, throat, ovarian or breast cancer causing the death of, or 7589 any health condition or impairment resulting in total or partial disability of, any volunteer or salaried 7590 firefighter, Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer, commercial vehicle 7591 enforcement officer or motor carrier safety trooper employed by the Department of State Police, or 7592 full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles having 7593 completed twelve 12 years of continuous service who has a contact with a toxic substance encountered 7594 in the line of duty shall be presumed to be an occupational disease, suffered in the line of duty, that is covered by this title, unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to 7595 7596 the contrary. For the purposes of this section, a "toxic substance" is one which is a known or suspected 7597 carcinogen, as defined by the International Agency for Research on Cancer, and which causes, or is 7598 suspected to cause, leukemia or pancreatic, prostate, rectal, throat, ovarian or breast cancer.

7599 D. The presumptions described in subsections A, B, and C shall only apply if persons entitled to invoke them have, if requested by the private employer, appointing authority or governing body 7600 7601 employing them, undergone preemployment physical examinations that (i) were conducted prior to the 7602 making of any claims under this title that rely on such presumptions, (ii) were performed by physicians 7603 whose qualifications are as prescribed by the private employer, appointing authority or governing body 7604 employing such persons, (iii) included such appropriate laboratory and other diagnostic studies as the 7605 private employer, appointing authorities or governing bodies may have prescribed, and (iv) found such persons free of respiratory diseases, hypertension, cancer or heart disease at the time of such 7606 7607 examinations.

E. Persons making claims under this title who rely on such presumptions shall, upon the request of
private employers, appointing authorities or governing bodies employing such persons, submit to
physical examinations (i) conducted by physicians selected by such employers, authorities, bodies or
their representatives and (ii) consisting of such tests and studies as may reasonably be required by such
physicians. However, a qualified physician, selected and compensated by the claimant, may, at the
election of such claimant, be present at such examination.

7614 F. Whenever a claim for death benefits is made under this title and the presumptions of this section 7615 are invoked, any person entitled to make such claim shall, upon the request of the appropriate private 7616 employer, appointing authority or governing body that had employed the deceased, submit the body of 7617 the deceased to a postmortem examination as may be directed by the Commission. A qualified 7618 physician, selected and compensated by the person entitled to make the claim, may, at the election of 7619 such claimant, be present at such postmortem examination.

7620 G. Volunteer lifesaving and rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel, volunteer 7621 law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary and reserve deputy sheriffs, and auxiliary and reserve police are not

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7622 included within the coverage of this section.

7623 H. For purposes of this section, the term "firefighter" shall include includes special forest wardens 7624 designated pursuant to § 10.1-1135 and any persons who are employed by or contract with private 7625 employers primarily to perform firefighting services.

7626 § 65.2-402.1. Presumption as to death or disability from infectious disease.

7627 A. Hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV causing the death of, or any health 7628 condition or impairment resulting in total or partial disability of, any (i) salaried or volunteer firefighter, 7629 paramedic or salaried or volunteer emergency medical technician services personnel, (ii) member of the 7630 State Police Officers' Retirement System, (iii) member of county, city, or town police departments, (iv) 7631 sheriff or deputy sheriff, (v) Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer, (vi) 7632 city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the City of Richmond, (vii) Virginia Marine Police officer, (viii) conservation police officer who is a full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the 7633 Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, (ix) Capitol Police officer, (x) special agent of the 7634 7635 Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control appointed under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et 7636 seq.) of Title 4.1, (xi) for such period that the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority voluntarily 7637 subjects itself to the provisions of this chapter as provided in § 65.2-305, officer of the police force 7638 established and maintained by the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, (xii) officer of the police 7639 force established and maintained by the Norfolk Airport Authority, (xiii) conservation officer of the 7640 Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115, (xiv) sworn officer of 7641 the police force established and maintained by the Virginia Port Authority, or (xv) any campus police 7642 officer appointed under Chapter 17 (§ 23-232 et seq.) of Title 23 and employed by any public institution 7643 of higher education, who has a documented occupational exposure to blood or body fluids shall be 7644 presumed to be occupational diseases, suffered in the line of government duty, that are covered by this 7645 title unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to the contrary. 7646 For purposes of this section, an occupational exposure occurring on or after July 1, 2002, shall be deemed "documented" if the person covered under this section gave notice, written or otherwise, of the 7647 7648 occupational exposure to his employer, and an occupational exposure occurring prior to July 1, 2002, 7649 shall be deemed "documented" without regard to whether the person gave notice, written or otherwise, 7650 of the occupational exposure to his employer. 7651

B. As used in this section:

7652 "Blood or body fluids" means blood and body fluids containing visible blood and other body fluids 7653 to which universal precautions for prevention of occupational transmission of blood-borne pathogens, as 7654 established by the Centers for Disease Control, apply. For purposes of potential transmission of hepatitis, 7655 meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis, or HIV the term "blood or body fluids" includes respiratory, 7656 salivary, and sinus fluids, including droplets, sputum, saliva, mucous, and any other fluid through which 7657 infectious airborne or blood-borne organisms can be transmitted between persons.

7658 "Hepatitis" means hepatitis A, hepatitis B, hepatitis non-A, hepatitis non-B, hepatitis C or any other 7659 strain of hepatitis generally recognized by the medical community.

7660 "HIV" means the medically recognized retrovirus known as human immunodeficiency virus, type I or 7661 type II, causing immunodeficiency syndrome.

7662 "Occupational exposure," in the case of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV, 7663 means an exposure that occurs during the performance of job duties that places a covered employee at 7664 risk of infection.

7665 C. Persons covered under this section who test positive for exposure to the enumerated occupational 7666 diseases, but have not yet incurred the requisite total or partial disability, shall otherwise be entitled to 7667 make a claim for medical benefits pursuant to § 65.2-603, including entitlement to an annual medical 7668 examination to measure the progress of the condition, if any, and any other medical treatment, 7669 prophylactic or otherwise.

7670 D. Whenever any standard, medically-recognized vaccine or other form of immunization or 7671 prophylaxis exists for the prevention of a communicable disease for which a presumption is established 7672 under this section, if medically indicated by the given circumstances pursuant to immunization policies 7673 established by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health 7674 Service, a person subject to the provisions of this section may be required by such person's employer to 7675 undergo the immunization or prophylaxis unless the person's physician determines in writing that the 7676 immunization or prophylaxis would pose a significant risk to the person's health. Absent such written 7677 declaration, failure or refusal by a person subject to the provisions of this section to undergo such 7678 immunization or prophylaxis shall disqualify the person from any presumption established by this 7679 section.

7680 E. The presumptions described in subsection A shall only apply if persons entitled to invoke them 7681 have, if requested by the appointing authority or governing body employing them, undergone preemployment physical examinations that (i) were conducted prior to the making of any claims under 7682

7683 this title that rely on such presumptions, (ii) were performed by physicians whose qualifications are as 7684 prescribed by the appointing authority or governing body employing such persons, (iii) included such 7685 appropriate laboratory and other diagnostic studies as the appointing authorities or governing bodies may 7686 have prescribed, and (iv) found such persons free of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV at the time of such examinations. The presumptions described in subsection A shall not be effective 7687 7688 until six months following such examinations, unless such persons entitled to invoke such presumption 7689 can demonstrate a documented exposure during the six-month period.

7690 F. Persons making claims under this title who rely on such presumption shall, upon the request of 7691 appointing authorities or governing bodies employing such persons, submit to physical examinations (i) conducted by physicians selected by such appointing authorities or governing bodies or their 7692 7693 representatives and (ii) consisting of such tests and studies as may reasonably be required by such physicians. However, a qualified physician, selected and compensated by the claimant, may, at the 7694 7695 election of such claimant, be present at such examination. 7696

§ 66-25.1. Work programs.

7697 A. The Director or his designee may enter into an agreement with a public or private entity for the 7698 operation of a work program for juveniles committed to the Department.

7699 B. The primary purpose of such work program shall be the training of such juveniles, not the 7700 production of goods or the rendering of service by juveniles committed to the Department. Such work 7701 programs also shall not interfere with or impact a juvenile's education program where the goal is 7702 achieving a high school diploma or its equivalent. The Board shall promulgate regulations governing the 7703 form and review process for proposed agreements.

7704 C. Articles produced or manufactured and services provided by juveniles participating in such a work 7705 program may be purchased by any county, by any district of any county, city, or town and by any nonprofit organization, including volunteer lifesaving or first aid crews, rescue squads emergency 7706 7707 *medical services agencies*, fire departments, sheltered workshops and community service organizations. Such articles and services may also be bought, sold or acquired by exchange on the open market 7708 7709 through the participating public or private entity.

7710 D. Revenues received from the sale of articles, as provided in subsection C, shall be deposited into a 7711 special fund established in the state treasury. Such funds shall be expended to support work programs 7712 for juveniles committed to the Department.

2. That §§ 27-8.1, 27-19, 27-23.6, 32.1-111.10, and 32.1-111.11 of the Code of Virginia are repealed. 7713