2015 SESSION

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SENATE BILL NO. 785

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE (Proposed by the Senate Committee on General Laws and Technology

on January 26, 2015)

(Patrons Prior to Substitute—Senators McEachin and Ebbin [SB 1181])

5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-3004, 15.2-1507, 15.2-1604, and 22.1-306 of the Code of Virginia 7 and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 2.2-2901.1, 15.2-1500.1, and 8 22.1-295.2, relating to the Virginia Human Rights Act; public employment; prohibited discrimination 9 based on sexual orientation or gender identity.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 10

1. That §§ 2.2-3004, 15.2-1507, 15.2-1604, and 22.1-306 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 11 reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 2.2-2901.1, 12 13 15.2-1500.1, and 22.1-295.2 as follows: 14

§ 2.2-2901.1. Employment discrimination prohibited.

A. For the purposes of this section:

16 "Gender identity" means the gender-related identity, appearance, or other gender-related 17 characteristics of an individual, with or without regard to the individual's designated sex at birth.

"Sexual orientation" means a person's actual or perceived heterosexuality, bisexuality, or 18 19 homosexuality.

20 B. No state agency, institution, board, bureau, commission, council, or instrumentality of the 21 Commonwealth shall discriminate in employment on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, 22 sex, pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, age, marital status, disability, sexual 23 orientation, gender identity, or status as veteran. This prohibition does not in any way permit or require 24 the lowering of any job requirements, performance standards, or qualifications necessary to successfully 25 perform the duties of the position 26

§ 2.2-3004. Grievances qualifying for a grievance hearing; grievance hearing generally.

27 A. A grievance qualifying for a hearing shall involve a complaint or dispute by an employee relating 28 to the following adverse employment actions in which the employee is personally involved, including 29 but not limited to (i) formal disciplinary actions, including suspensions, demotions, transfers and 30 assignments, and dismissals resulting from formal discipline or unsatisfactory job performance; (ii) the 31 application of all written personnel policies, procedures, rules and regulations where it can be shown that 32 policy was misapplied or unfairly applied; (iii) discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, political affiliation, age, disability, national origin Θ , sex, pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, marital status, sexual orientation as defined in § 2.2-2901.1, gender identity as defined in 33 34 35 § 2.2-2901.1, or status as a veteran; (iv) arbitrary or capricious performance evaluations; (v) acts of 36 retaliation as the result of the use of or participation in the grievance procedure or because the employee 37 has complied with any law of the United States or of the Commonwealth, has reported any violation of 38 such law to a governmental authority, has sought any change in law before the Congress of the United 39 States or the General Assembly, or has reported an incidence of fraud, abuse, or gross mismanagement; 40 and (vi) retaliation for exercising any right otherwise protected by law.

41 B. Management reserves the exclusive right to manage the affairs and operations of state government. 42 Management shall exercise its powers with the highest degree of trust. In any employment matter that management precludes from proceeding to a grievance hearing, management's response, including any 43 44 appropriate remedial actions, shall be prompt, complete, and fair.

45 C. Complaints relating solely to the following issues shall not proceed to a hearing: (i) establishment and revision of wages, salaries, position classifications, or general benefits; (ii) work activity accepted by 46 47 the employee as a condition of employment or which may reasonably be expected to be a part of the job content; (iii) contents of ordinances, statutes or established personnel policies, procedures, and rules **48** and regulations; (iv) methods, means, and personnel by which work activities are to be carried on; (v) 49 termination, layoff, demotion, or suspension from duties because of lack of work, reduction in work 50 51 force, or job abolition; (vi) hiring, promotion, transfer, assignment, and retention of employees within the agency; and (vii) relief of employees from duties of the agency in emergencies. 52

53 D. Except as provided in subsection A of § 2.2-3003, decisions regarding whether a grievance 54 qualifies for a hearing shall be made in writing by the agency head or his designee within five workdays of the employee's request for a hearing. A copy of the decision shall be sent to the employee. The 55 employee may appeal the denial of a hearing by the agency head to the Director of the Department of 56 Human Resource Management (the Director). Upon receipt of an appeal, the agency shall transmit the 57 entire grievance record to the Department of Human Resource Management within five workdays. The 58 59 Director shall render a decision on whether the employee is entitled to a hearing upon the grievance

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60 record and other probative evidence.

61 E. The hearing pursuant to § 2.2-3005 shall be held in the locality in which the employee is employed or in any other locality agreed to by the employee, employer, and hearing officer. The 62 63 employee and the agency may be represented by legal counsel or a lay advocate, the provisions of 64 § 54.1-3904 notwithstanding. The employee and the agency may call witnesses to present testimony and 65 be cross-examined.

66 § 15.2-1500.1. Employment discrimination prohibited.

A. As used in this chapter:

"Gender identity" means the gender-related identity, appearance, or other gender-related 68 69 characteristics of an individual, with or without regard to the individual's designated sex at birth.

70 "Sexual orientation" means a person's actual or perceived heterosexuality, bisexuality, or 71 homosexuality.

72 B. No department, office, board, commission, agency, or instrumentality of local government shall 73 discriminate in employment on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, pregnancy, 74 childbirth or related medical conditions, age, marital status, disability, sexual orientation, gender 75 identity, or status as a veteran. This prohibition does not in any way permit or require the lowering of 76 any job requirements, performance standards, or qualifications necessary to successfully perform the 77 duties of the position 78

§ 15.2-1507. Provision of grievance procedure; training programs.

79 A. If a local governing body fails to adopt a grievance procedure required by § 15.2-1506 or fails to 80 certify it as provided in this section, the local governing body shall be deemed to have adopted a grievance procedure which is consistent with the provisions of Chapter 30 (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.) of Title 81 82 2.2 and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto for so long as the locality remains in noncompliance. 83 The locality shall provide its employees with copies of the applicable grievance procedure upon request. 84 The term "grievance" as used herein shall not be interpreted to mean negotiations of wages, salaries, or 85 fringe benefits.

86 Each grievance procedure, and each amendment thereto, in order to comply with this section, shall 87 be certified in writing to be in compliance by the city, town or county attorney, and the chief 88 administrative officer of the locality, and such certification filed with the clerk of the circuit court 89 having jurisdiction in the locality in which the procedure is to apply. Local government grievance 90 procedures in effect as of July 1, 1991, shall remain in full force and effect for 90 days thereafter, 91 unless certified and filed as provided above within a shorter time period.

92 Each grievance procedure shall include the following components and features:

93 1. Definition of grievance. A grievance shall be a complaint or dispute by an employee relating to 94 his employment, including but not necessarily limited to (i) disciplinary actions, including dismissals, 95 disciplinary demotions, and suspensions, provided that dismissals shall be grievable whenever resulting 96 from formal discipline or unsatisfactory job performance; (ii) the application of personnel policies, 97 procedures, rules and regulations, including the application of policies involving matters referred to in 98 clause (iii) of subdivision 2 (iii) below; (iii) discrimination on the basis of race, color, ereed, religion, 99 political affiliation, age, disability, national origin or, sex, pregnancy, childbirth or related medical 100 conditions, sexual orientation, gender identity, or status as a veteran; and (iv) acts of retaliation as the 101 result of the use of or participation in the grievance procedure or because the employee has complied 102 with any law of the United States or of the Commonwealth, has reported any violation of such law to a 103 governmental authority, has sought any change in law before the Congress of the United States or the 104 General Assembly, or has reported an incidence of fraud, abuse, or gross mismanagement. For the 105 purposes of clause (iv) there shall be a rebuttable presumption that increasing the penalty that is the 106 subject of the grievance at any level of the grievance shall be an act of retaliation.

2. Local government responsibilities. Local governments shall retain the exclusive right to manage 107 108 the affairs and operations of government. Accordingly, the following complaints are nongrievable: (i) establishment and revision of wages or salaries, position classification or general benefits; (ii) work 109 110 activity accepted by the employee as a condition of employment or work activity which may reasonably 111 be expected to be a part of the job content; (iii) the contents of ordinances, statutes or established 112 personnel policies, procedures, rules and regulations; (iv) failure to promote except where the employee can show that established promotional policies or procedures were not followed or applied fairly; (v) the 113 114 methods, means and personnel by which work activities are to be carried on; (vi) except where such 115 action affects an employee who has been reinstated within the previous six months as the result of the 116 final determination of a grievance, termination, layoff, demotion or suspension from duties because of 117 lack of work, reduction in work force, or job abolition; (vii) the hiring, promotion, transfer, assignment 118 and retention of employees within the local government; and (viii) the relief of employees from duties 119 of the local government in emergencies. In any grievance brought under the exception to clause (vi) of 120 this subdivision, the action shall be upheld upon a showing by the local government that: (i) (a) there 121 was a valid business reason for the action and (ii) (b) the employee was notified of the reason in writing 122 prior to the effective date of the action.

123 3. Coverage of personnel.

124 a. Unless otherwise provided by law, all nonprobationary local government permanent full-time and 125 part-time employees are eligible to file grievances with the following exceptions: 126

(1) Appointees of elected groups or individuals;

127 (2) Officials and employees who by charter or other law serve at the will or pleasure of an 128 appointing authority;

129 (3) Deputies and executive assistants to the chief administrative officer of a locality;

130 (4) Agency heads or chief executive officers of government operations;

(5) Employees whose terms of employment are limited by law; 131

132 (6) Temporary, limited term and seasonal employees;

133 (7) Law-enforcement officers as defined in Chapter 5 (§ 9.1-500 et seq.) of Title 9.1 whose grievance 134 is subject to the provisions of Chapter 10.1 and who have elected to proceed pursuant to those 135 provisions in the resolution of their grievance, or any other employee electing to proceed pursuant to 136 any other existing procedure in the resolution of his grievance.

137 b. Notwithstanding the exceptions set forth in subdivision 3 a above, local governments, at their sole 138 discretion, may voluntarily include employees in any of the excepted categories within the coverage of 139 their grievance procedures.

140 c. The chief administrative officer of each local government, or his designee, shall determine the 141 officers and employees excluded from the grievance procedure, and shall be responsible for maintaining 142 an up-to-date list of the affected positions.

143 4. Grievance procedure availability and coverage for employees of community services boards, 144 redevelopment and housing authorities, and regional housing authorities. Employees of community 145 services boards, redevelopment and housing authorities created pursuant to § 36-4, and regional housing 146 authorities created pursuant to § 36-40 shall be included in (i) a local governing body's grievance 147 procedure or personnel system, if agreed to by the department, board, or authority and the locality or (ii) 148 a grievance procedure established and administered by the department, board or authority which is 149 consistent with the provisions of Chapter 30 (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.) of Title 2.2 and any regulations 150 promulgated pursuant thereto. If a department, board or authority fails to establish a grievance procedure pursuant to clause (i) or (ii), it shall be deemed to have adopted a grievance procedure which is 151 152 consistent with the provisions of Chapter 30 (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.) of Title 2.2 and any regulations 153 adopted pursuant thereto for so long as it remains in noncompliance.

154 5. General requirements for procedures.

155 a. Each grievance procedure shall include not more than four steps for airing complaints at 156 successively higher levels of local government management, and a final step providing for a panel 157 hearing or a hearing before an administrative hearing officer upon the agreement of both parties.

158 b. Grievance procedures shall prescribe reasonable and specific time limitations for the grievant to 159 submit an initial complaint and to appeal each decision through the steps of the grievance procedure.

160 c. Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit a local government from granting its employees rights greater than those contained herein, provided such grant does not exceed or violate the general 161 162 law or public policy of the Commonwealth.

163 6. Time periods.

164 a. It is intended that speedy attention to employee grievances be promoted, consistent with the ability 165 of the parties to prepare for a fair consideration of the issues of concern.

166 b. The time for submitting an initial complaint shall not be less than 20 calendar days after the event 167 giving rise to the grievance, but local governments may, at their option, allow a longer time period.

168 c. Limits for steps after initial presentation of grievance shall be the same or greater for the grievant 169 than the time which is allowed for local government response in each comparable situation.

170 d. Time frames may be extended by mutual agreement of the local government and the grievant.

171 7. Compliance.

172 a. After the initial filing of a written grievance, failure of either party to comply with all substantial 173 procedural requirements of the grievance procedure, including the panel or administrative hearing, 174 without just cause shall result in a decision in favor of the other party on any grievable issue, provided 175 the party not in compliance fails to correct the noncompliance within five workdays of receipt of written 176 notification by the other party of the compliance violation. Such written notification by the grievant shall 177 be made to the chief administrative officer, or his designee.

178 b. The chief administrative officer, or his designee, at his option, may require a clear written 179 explanation of the basis for just cause extensions or exceptions. The chief administrative officer, or his 180 designee, shall determine compliance issues. Compliance determinations made by the chief 181 administrative officer shall be subject to judicial review by filing petition with the circuit court within 182 30 days of the compliance determination.

183 8. Management steps.

184 a. The first step shall provide for an informal, initial processing of employee complaints by the 185 immediate supervisor through a nonwritten, discussion format.

186 b. Management steps shall provide for a review with higher levels of local government authority 187 following the employee's reduction to writing of the grievance and the relief requested on forms 188 supplied by the local government. Personal face-to-face meetings are required at all of these steps.

189 c. With the exception of the final management step, the only persons who may normally be present 190 in the management step meetings are the grievant, the appropriate local government official at the level 191 at which the grievance is being heard, and appropriate witnesses for each side. Witnesses shall be 192 present only while actually providing testimony. At the final management step, the grievant, at his 193 option, may have present a representative of his choice. If the grievant is represented by legal counsel, 194 local government likewise has the option of being represented by counsel.

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9. Qualification for panel or administrative hearing.

196 a. Decisions regarding grievability and access to the procedure shall be made by the chief 197 administrative officer of the local government, or his designee, at any time prior to the panel hearing, at 198 the request of the local government or grievant, within 10 calendar days of the request. No city, town, 199 or county attorney, or attorney for the Commonwealth, shall be authorized to decide the question of grievability. A copy of the ruling shall be sent to the grievant. Decisions of the chief administrative 200 201 officer of the local government, or his designee, may be appealed to the circuit court having jurisdiction 202 in the locality in which the grievant is employed for a hearing on the issue of whether the grievance 203 qualifies for a panel hearing. Proceedings for review of the decision of the chief administrative officer or 204 his designee shall be instituted by the grievant by filing a notice of appeal with the chief administrative 205 officer within 10 calendar days from the date of receipt of the decision and giving a copy thereof to all other parties. Within 10 calendar days thereafter, the chief administrative officer or his designee shall 206 207 transmit to the clerk of the court to which the appeal is taken: a copy of the decision of the chief administrative officer, a copy of the notice of appeal, and the exhibits. A list of the evidence furnished 208 209 to the court shall also be furnished to the grievant. The failure of the chief administrative officer or his 210 designee to transmit the record shall not prejudice the rights of the grievant. The court, on motion of the 211 grievant, may issue a writ of certiorari requiring the chief administrative officer to transmit the record on 212 or before a certain date.

213 b. Within 30 days of receipt of such records by the clerk, the court, sitting without a jury, shall hear 214 the appeal on the record transmitted by the chief administrative officer or his designee and such 215 additional evidence as may be necessary to resolve any controversy as to the correctness of the record. 216 The court, in its discretion, may receive such other evidence as the ends of justice require. The court 217 may affirm the decision of the chief administrative officer or his designee, or may reverse or modify the 218 decision. The decision of the court shall be rendered no later than the fifteenth day from the date of the conclusion of the hearing. The decision of the court is final and is not appealable. 219 220

10. Final hearings.

a. Qualifying grievances shall advance to either a panel hearing or a hearing before an administrative hearing officer, as set forth in the locality's grievance procedure, as described below:

223 (1) If the grievance procedure adopted by the local governing body provides that the final step shall be an impartial panel hearing, the panel may, with the exception of those local governments covered by 224 225 subdivision a (2) of this subsection, consist of one member appointed by the grievant, one member 226 appointed by the agency head and a third member selected by the first two. In the event that agreement 227 cannot be reached as to the final panel member, the chief judge of the circuit court of the jurisdiction 228 wherein the dispute arose shall select the third panel member. The panel shall not be composed of any 229 persons having direct involvement with the grievance being heard by the panel, or with the complaint or 230 dispute giving rise to the grievance. Managers who are in a direct line of supervision of a grievant, 231 persons residing in the same household as the grievant and the following relatives of a participant in the 232 grievance process or a participant's spouse are prohibited from serving as panel members: spouse, parent, 233 child, descendants of a child, sibling, niece, nephew and first cousin. No attorney having direct 234 involvement with the subject matter of the grievance, nor a partner, associate, employee or co-employee 235 of the attorney shall serve as a panel member.

236 (2) If the grievance procedure adopted by the local governing body provides for the final step to be 237 an impartial panel hearing, local governments may retain the panel composition method previously 238 approved by the Department of Human Resource Management and in effect as of the enactment of this 239 statute. Modifications to the panel composition method shall be permitted with regard to the size of the 240 panel and the terms of office for panel members, so long as the basic integrity and independence of panels are maintained. As used in this section, the term "panel" shall include all bodies designated and 241 242 authorized to make final and binding decisions.

243 (3) When a local government elects to use an administrative hearing officer rather than a 244 three-person panel for the final step in the grievance procedure, the administrative hearing officer shall

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be appointed by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia. The appointment shall be 245 246 made from the list of administrative hearing officers maintained by the Executive Secretary pursuant to 247 § 2.2-4024 and shall be made from the appropriate geographical region on a rotating basis. In the 248 alternative, the local government may request the appointment of an administrative hearing officer from 249 the Department of Human Resource Management. If a local government elects to use an administrative 250 hearing officer, it shall bear the expense of such officer's services.

251 (4) When the local government uses a panel in the final step of the procedure, there shall be a 252 chairperson of the panel and, when panels are composed of three persons (one each selected by the 253 respective parties and the third from an impartial source), the third member shall be the chairperson.

254 (5) Both the grievant and the respondent may call upon appropriate witnesses and be represented by 255 legal counsel or other representatives at the hearing. Such representatives may examine, cross-examine, 256 question and present evidence on behalf of the grievant or respondent before the panel or hearing officer without being in violation of the provisions of \S 54.1-3904. 257

258 (6) The decision of the panel or hearing officer shall be final and binding and shall be consistent 259 with provisions of law and written policy.

260 (7) The question of whether the relief granted by a panel or hearing officer is consistent with written 261 policy shall be determined by the chief administrative officer of the local government, or his designee, 262 unless such person has a direct personal involvement with the event or events giving rise to the 263 grievance, in which case the decision shall be made by the attorney for the Commonwealth of the 264 jurisdiction in which the grievance is pending. 265

b. Rules for panel and administrative hearings.

Unless otherwise provided by law, local governments shall adopt rules for the conduct of panel or 266 267 administrative hearings as a part of their grievance procedures, or shall adopt separate rules for such hearings. Rules which are promulgated shall include, but need not be limited to the following 268 269 provisions:

270 (1) That neither the panels nor the hearing officer have authority to formulate policies or procedures 271 or to alter existing policies or procedures;

272 (2) That panels and the hearing officer have the discretion to determine the propriety of attendance at 273 the hearing of persons not having a direct interest in the hearing, and, at the request of either party, the 274 hearing shall be private;

275 (3) That the local government provide the panel or hearing officer with copies of the grievance 276 record prior to the hearing, and provide the grievant with a list of the documents furnished to the panel 277 or hearing officer, and the grievant and his attorney, at least 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing, 278 shall be allowed access to and copies of all relevant files intended to be used in the grievance 279 proceeding;

280 (4) That panels and hearing officers have the authority to determine the admissibility of evidence 281 without regard to the burden of proof, or the order of presentation of evidence, so long as a full and 282 equal opportunity is afforded to all parties for the presentation of their evidence;

283 (5) That all evidence be presented in the presence of the panel or hearing officer and the parties, 284 except by mutual consent of the parties;

285 (6) That documents, exhibits and lists of witnesses be exchanged between the parties or hearing 286 officer in advance of the hearing;

287 (7) That the majority decision of the panel or the decision of the hearing officer, acting within the 288 scope of its or his authority, be final, subject to existing policies, procedures and law;

289 (8) That the panel or hearing officer's decision be provided within a specified time to all parties; and 290 (9) Such other provisions as may facilitate fair and expeditious hearings, with the understanding that 291 the hearings are not intended to be conducted like proceedings in courts, and that rules of evidence do 292 not necessarily apply.

293 11. Implementation of final hearing decisions.

294 Either party may petition the circuit court having jurisdiction in the locality in which the grievant is 295 employed for an order requiring implementation of the hearing decision.

296 B. Notwithstanding the contrary provisions of this section, a final hearing decision rendered under 297 the provisions of this section which would result in the reinstatement of any employee of a sheriff's 298 office, who has been terminated for cause may be reviewed by the circuit court for the locality upon the 299 petition of the locality. The review of the circuit court shall be limited to the question of whether the 300 decision of the panel or hearing officer was consistent with provisions of law and written policy.

301 § 15.2-1604. Appointment of deputies and employment of employees; discriminatory practices 302 by certain officers; civil penalty.

303 A. It shall be an unlawful employment practice for a constitutional officer:

304 1. To fail or refuse to appoint or hire or to discharge any individual, or otherwise to discriminate 305 against any individual with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions or privileges of appointment

or employment, because of such individual's race, color, religion, sex or, national origin, pregnancy, 306 307 childbirth or related medical conditions, sexual orientation as defined in § 15.2-1500.1, gender identity 308 as defined in § 15.2-1500.1, or status as a veteran; or

309 2. To limit, segregate, or classify his appointees, employees or applicants for appointment or 310 employment in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive any individual of employment 311 opportunities or otherwise adversely affect his status as an employee, because of the individual's race, 312 color, religion, sex or, national origin, pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, sexual orientation as defined in § 15.2-1500.1, gender identity as defined in § 15.2-1500.1, or status as a 313 314 veteran.

315 B. Nothing in this section shall be construed to make it an unlawful employment practice for a 316 constitutional officer to hire or appoint an individual on the basis of his sex or national origin in those 317 instances where sex or national origin is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that particular office. The provisions of this section shall not apply to 318 319 policy-making positions, confidential or personal staff positions, or undercover positions. 320

C. With regard to notices and advertisements:

321 1. Every constitutional officer shall, prior to hiring any employee, advertise such employment position in a newspaper having general circulation or a state or local government job placement service 322 323 in such constitutional officer's locality except where the vacancy is to be used (i) as a placement 324 opportunity for appointees or employees affected by layoff, (ii) as a transfer opportunity or demotion for 325 an incumbent, (iii) to fill positions that have been advertised within the past 120 days, (iv) to fill 326 positions to be filled by appointees or employees returning from leave with or without pay, (v) to fill 327 temporary positions, temporary employees being those employees hired to work on special projects that have durations of three months or less, or (vi) to fill policy-making positions, confidential or personal 328 staff positions, or special, sensitive law-enforcement positions normally regarded as undercover work. 329

330 2. No constitutional officer shall print or publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement relating to employment by such constitutional officer indicating any preference, limitation, 331 332 specification, or discrimination, based on sex or national origin, except that such notice or advertisement 333 may indicate a preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based on sex or national origin 334 when sex or national origin is a bona fide occupational qualification for employment.

335 D. Complaints regarding violations of subsection A may be made to the Division of Human Rights 336 of the Department of Law. The Division shall have the authority to exercise its powers as outlined in 337 Article 4 (§ 2.2-520 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 2.2.

338 E. Any constitutional officer who willfully violates the provisions of subsection C shall be subject to 339 a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000.

§ 22.1-295.2. Employment discrimination prohibited.

A. For the purposes of this section:

342 "Gender identity" means the gender-related identity, appearance, or other gender-related 343 characteristics of an individual, with or without regard to the individual's designated sex at birth.

344 "Sexual orientation" means a person's actual or perceived heterosexuality, bisexuality, or 345 homosexuality.

B. No school board or any agent or employee thereof shall discriminate in employment on the basis 346 347 of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, age, 348 marital status, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, or status as a veteran. This prohibition 349 does not in any way permit or require the lowering of any job requirements, performance standards, or qualifications necessary to successfully perform the duties of the position. 350 351

§ 22.1-306. Definitions.

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As used in this article:

"Business day" means any day that the relevant school board office is open.

354 "Day" means calendar days unless a different meaning is clearly expressed in this article. Whenever 355 the last day for performing an act required by this article falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, 356 the act may be performed on the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

"Dismissal" means the dismissal of any teacher during the term of such teacher's contract.

358 "Grievance" means a complaint or dispute by a teacher relating to his employment, including but not 359 necessarily limited to; (i) disciplinary action including dismissal; (ii) the application or interpretation of; 360 (a) personnel policies, (b) procedures, (c) rules and regulations, (d) ordinances, and (e) statutes; (iii) acts of reprisal against a teacher for filing or processing a grievance, participating as a witness in any step, 361 meeting or hearing relating to a grievance, or serving as a member of a fact-finding panel; and (iv) 362 complaints of discrimination on the basis of race, color, ereed religion, political affiliation, handicap 363 disability, age, national origin, or sex, pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, marital status, sexual orientation as defined in § 22.1-295.2, gender identity as defined in § 22.1-295.2, or status 364 365 as a veteran. Each school board shall have the exclusive right to manage the affairs and operations of 366 the school division. Accordingly, the term "grievance" shall not include a complaint or dispute by a 367

teacher relating to (1) establishment and revision of wages or salaries, position classifications or general 368 369 benefits, (2) suspension of a teacher or nonrenewal of the contract of a teacher who has not achieved 370 continuing contract status, (3) the establishment or contents of ordinances, statutes or personnel policies, 371 procedures, rules and regulations, (4) failure to promote, (5) discharge, layoff, or suspension from duties 372 because of decrease in enrollment, decrease in enrollment or abolition of a particular subject or 373 insufficient funding, (6) hiring, transfer, assignment, and retention of teachers within the school division, 374 (7) suspension from duties in emergencies, (8) the methods, means, and personnel by which the school 375 division's operations are to be carried on, or (9) coaching or extracurricular activity sponsorship.

376 While these management rights are reserved to the school board, failure to apply, where applicable,

377 the rules, regulations, policies, or procedures as written or established by the school board is grievable.