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## SENATE BILL NO. 779

## AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice  
on January 21, 2015)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator McWaters)

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-338 and 16.1-339 of the Code of Virginia, relating to psychiatric treatment of minors; objecting minor; criteria; duration of admission.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 16.1-338 and 16.1-339 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 16.1-338. Parental admission of minors younger than 14 and nonobjecting minors 14 years of age or older.

A. A minor younger than 14 years of age may be admitted to a willing mental health facility for inpatient treatment upon application and with the consent of a parent. A minor 14 years of age or older may be admitted to a willing mental health facility for inpatient treatment upon the joint application and consent of the minor and the minor's parent.

B. Admission of a minor under this section shall be approved by a qualified evaluator who has conducted a personal examination of the minor within 48 hours after admission and has made the following written findings:

1. The minor appears to have a mental illness serious enough to warrant inpatient treatment and is reasonably likely to benefit from the treatment; and

2. The minor has been provided with a clinically appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose of the treatment; and

3. If the minor is 14 years of age or older, that he has been provided with an explanation of his rights under this Act as they would apply if he were to object to admission, and that he has consented to admission; and

4. All available modalities of treatment less restrictive than inpatient treatment have been considered and no less restrictive alternative is available that would offer comparable benefits to the minor.

If admission is sought to a state hospital, the community services board serving the area in which the minor resides shall provide, in lieu of the examination required by this section, a preadmission screening report conducted by an employee or designee of the community services board and shall ensure that the necessary written findings have been made before approving the admission. A copy of the written findings of the evaluation or preadmission screening report required by this section shall be provided to the consenting parent and the parent shall have the opportunity to discuss the findings with the qualified evaluator or employee or designee of the community services board.

C. Within 10 days after the admission of a minor under this section, the director of the facility or the director's designee shall ensure that an individualized plan of treatment has been prepared by the provider responsible for the minor's treatment and has been explained to the parent consenting to the admission and to the minor. The minor shall be involved in the preparation of the plan to the maximum feasible extent consistent with his ability to understand and participate, and the minor's family shall be involved to the maximum extent consistent with the minor's treatment needs. The plan shall include a preliminary plan for placement and aftercare upon completion of inpatient treatment and shall include specific behavioral and emotional goals against which the success of treatment may be measured. A copy of the plan shall be provided to the minor and to his parents.

D. If the parent who consented to a minor's admission under this section revokes his consent at any time, or if a minor 14 or older objects at any time to further treatment, the minor shall be discharged within 48 hours to the custody of such consenting parent unless the minor's continued hospitalization is authorized pursuant to § 16.1-339, 16.1-340.1, or 16.1-345. If the 48-hour time period expires on a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday or day on which the court is lawfully closed, the 48 hours shall extend to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday or day on which the court is lawfully closed. *If a minor 14 or older objects to further treatment, the mental health facility shall (i) immediately notify the consenting parent of the minor's objections and (ii) provide to the consenting parent a summary, prepared by the Office of the Attorney General, of the procedures for requesting continued treatment of the minor pursuant to § 16.1-339, 16.1-340.1, or 16.1-345.*

E. Inpatient treatment of a minor hospitalized under this section may not exceed 90 consecutive days unless it has been authorized by appropriate hospital medical personnel, based upon their written findings that the criteria set forth in subsection B of this section continue to be met, after such persons have examined the minor and interviewed the consenting parent and reviewed reports submitted by members of the facility staff familiar with the minor's condition.

F. Any minor admitted under this section while younger than 14 and his consenting parent shall be

60 informed orally and in writing by the director of the facility for inpatient treatment within 10 days of his  
61 fourteenth birthday that continued voluntary treatment under the authority of this section requires his  
62 consent.

63 G. Any minor 14 years of age or older who joins in an application and consents to admission  
64 pursuant to subsection A, shall, in addition to his parent, have the right to access his health information.  
65 The concurrent authorization of both the parent and the minor shall be required to disclose such minor's  
66 health information.

67 H. A minor who has been hospitalized while properly detained by a juvenile and domestic relations  
68 district court or circuit court shall be returned to the detention home, shelter care, or other facility  
69 approved by the Department of Juvenile Justice by the sheriff serving the jurisdiction where the minor  
70 was detained within 24 hours following completion of a period of inpatient treatment, unless the court  
71 having jurisdiction over the case orders that the minor be released from custody.

72 **§ 16.1-339. Parental admission of an objecting minor 14 years of age or older.**

73 A. A minor 14 years of age or older who (i) objects to admission; or (ii) is incapable of making an  
74 informed decision may be admitted to a willing facility for up to 96 120 hours, pending the review  
75 required by subsections B and C of this section, upon the application of a parent. If admission is sought  
76 to a state hospital, the community services board serving the area in which the minor resides shall  
77 provide the preadmission screening report required by subsection B of § 16.1-338 and shall ensure that  
78 the necessary written findings, except the minor's consent, have been made before approving the  
79 admission.

80 B. A minor admitted under this section shall be examined within 24 hours of his admission by a  
81 qualified evaluator designated by the community services board serving the area where the facility is  
82 located. If the 24-hour time period expires on a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which the  
83 court is lawfully closed, the 24 hours shall extend to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, legal  
84 holiday, or day on which the court is lawfully closed. The evaluator shall prepare a report that shall  
85 include written findings as to whether:

86 1. Because of mental illness, the minor (i) presents a serious danger to himself or others to the extent  
87 that severe or irremediable injury is likely to result, as evidenced by recent acts or threats or (ii) is  
88 experiencing a serious deterioration of his ability to care for himself in a developmentally  
89 age-appropriate manner, as evidenced by delusional thinking or by a significant impairment of  
90 functioning in hydration, nutrition, self-protection, or self-control;

91 2. The minor is in need of inpatient treatment for a mental illness and is reasonably likely to benefit  
92 from the proposed treatment; and

93 3. *The minor has been provided with a clinically appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose*  
94 *of the treatment; and*

95 ~~3. Inpatient~~ 4. *All available modalities of treatment is the least less restrictive than inpatient*  
96 *treatment have been considered and no less restrictive alternative that meets the minor's needs is*  
97 *available that would offer comparable benefits to the minor.*

98 The qualified evaluator shall submit his report to the juvenile and domestic relations district court for  
99 the jurisdiction in which the facility is located.

100 C. Upon admission of a minor under this section, the facility shall file a petition for judicial approval  
101 no sooner than 24 hours and no later than 96 120 hours after admission with the juvenile and domestic  
102 relations district court for the jurisdiction in which the facility is located. To the extent available, the  
103 petition shall contain the information required by § 16.1-339.1. A copy of this petition shall be delivered  
104 to the minor's consenting parent. Upon receipt of the petition and of the evaluator's report submitted  
105 pursuant to subsection B, the judge shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the minor and counsel to  
106 represent the minor, unless it has been determined that the minor has retained counsel. A copy of the  
107 evaluator's report shall be provided to the minor's counsel and guardian ad litem. The court and the  
108 guardian ad litem shall review the petition and evaluator's report and shall ascertain the views of the  
109 minor, the minor's consenting parent, the evaluator, and the attending psychiatrist. The court shall  
110 conduct its review in such place and manner, including the facility, as it deems to be in the best  
111 interests of the minor. Based upon its review and the recommendations of the guardian ad litem, the  
112 court shall order one of the following dispositions:

113 1. If the court finds that the minor does not meet the criteria for admission specified in subsection B,  
114 the court shall issue an order directing the facility to release the minor into the custody of the parent  
115 who consented to the minor's admission. However, nothing herein shall be deemed to affect the terms  
116 and provisions of any valid court order of custody affecting the minor.

117 2. If the court finds that the minor meets the criteria for admission specified in subsection B, the  
118 court shall issue an order authorizing continued hospitalization of the minor for up to 90 days on the  
119 basis of the parent's consent.

120 Within 10 days after the admission of a minor under this section, the director of the facility or the  
121 director's designee shall ensure that an individualized plan of treatment has been prepared by the

provider responsible for the minor's treatment and has been explained to the parent consenting to the admission and to the minor. A copy of the plan shall also be provided to the guardian ad litem and to counsel for the minor. The minor shall be involved in the preparation of the plan to the maximum feasible extent consistent with his ability to understand and participate, and the minor's family shall be involved to the maximum extent consistent with the minor's treatment needs. The plan shall include a preliminary plan for placement and aftercare upon completion of inpatient treatment and shall include specific behavioral and emotional goals against which the success of treatment may be measured.

3. If the court determines that the available information is insufficient to permit an informed determination regarding whether the minor meets the criteria specified in subsection B, the court shall schedule a commitment hearing that shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures specified in §§ 16.1-341 through 16.1-345. The minor may be detained in the hospital for up to ~~96~~ 120 additional hours pending the holding of the commitment hearing.

D. A minor admitted under this section who rescinds his objection may be retained in the hospital pursuant to § 16.1-338.

E. If the parent who consented to a minor's admission under this section revokes his consent at any time, the minor shall be released within 48 hours to the parent's custody unless the minor's continued hospitalization is authorized pursuant to § 16.1-340.1 or 16.1-345. If the 48-hour time period expires on a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which the court is lawfully closed, the 48 hours shall extend to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which the court is lawfully closed.

F. A minor who has been hospitalized while properly detained by a juvenile and domestic relations district court or circuit court shall be returned to the detention home, shelter care, or other facility approved by the Department of Juvenile Justice by the sheriff serving the jurisdiction where the minor was detained within 24 hours following completion of a period of inpatient treatment, unless the court having jurisdiction over the case orders that the minor be released from custody.