# **2015 SESSION**

14103952D 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 505** 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee on Transportation 4 5 6 on January 22, 2014) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Wagner) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-1176, 2.2-3705.6, 2.2-3711, 3.2-5603, 13.1-620, 23-300 through 7 23-303, 33.1-23.1, 33.1-46.2, 33.1-49, 33.1-251, 46.2-600, 46.2-694, as it is currently effective and 8 as it may become effective, 46.2-749.3, 46.2-1130, 56-1, 56-1.2, 56-232.2, 56-265.1, 58.1-400.2, 58.1-609.10, 58.1-2259, 58.1-2402, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, 58.1-2403, 58.1-2627.1, 58.1-2665, 58.1-2905, and 58.1-3713.4 of the Code of Virginia and to 9 10 amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 3.2-5603.1, 33.1-251.1, 46.2-602.4, and 11 46.2-1129.2, by adding in Title 46.2 a chapter numbered 30, consisting of sections numbered 12 46.2-3000 through 46.2-3004, and by adding sections numbered 56-1.2:2 and 56-235.11, relating to 13 14 incentives to use natural gas for transportation purposes; grant programs; vehicle registration requirements; taxes and fees; special fund established; standards for dispensing natural gas motor 15 16 fuels; replacement program for state-owned vehicles; loan program for home fueling appliances; regulation of natural gas fueling services; Virginia Universities Clean Energy Development and 17 18 Economic Stimulus Foundation; study of liquefied natural gas storage and refueling facilities. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 19 20 1. That §§ 2.2-1176, 2.2-3705.6, 2.2-3711, 3.2-5603, 13.1-620, 23-300 through 23-303, 33.1-23.1, 21 33.1-46.2, 33.1-49, 33.1-251, 46.2-600, 46.2-694, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, 46.2-749.3, 46.2-1130, 56-1, 56-1.2, 56-232.2, 56-265.1, 58.1-400.2, 58.1-609.10, 58.1-2259, 22 23 58.1-2402, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, 58.1-2403, 58.1-2627.1, 58.1-2665, 58.1-2905, and 58.1-3713.4 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that 24 25 the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 3.2-5603.1, 33.1-251.1, 46.2-602.4, and 46.2-1129.2, by adding in Title 46.2 a chapter numbered 30, consisting of sections numbered 26 46.2-3000 through 46.2-3004, and by adding sections numbered 56-1.2:2 and 56-235.11 as follows: 27 28 § 2.2-1176. Approval of purchase, lease, or contract rental of motor vehicle. 29 A. No motor vehicle shall be purchased, leased, or subject to a contract rental with public funds by 30 the Commonwealth or by any officer or employee on behalf of the Commonwealth without the prior 31 written approval of the Director. No lease or contract rental shall be approved by the Director except 32 upon demonstration that the cost of such lease or contract rental plus operating costs of the vehicle shall 33 be less than comparable costs for a vehicle owned by the Commonwealth. 34 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the Virginia Department of Transportation shall be 35 exempted from the approval of purchase, lease, or contract rental of motor vehicles used directly in carrying out its maintenance, operations, and construction programs. 36 37 B. Notwithstanding other provisions of law, on or before January 1, 2012, the Director, in 38 conjunction with the Secretary of Administration and the Secretary of Natural Resources, shall establish 39 a plan providing for the replacement of state-owned or operated vehicles with vehicles that operate using 40 natural gas, electricity, or other alternative fuels, to the greatest extent practicable, considering available 41 infrastructure, the location and use of vehicles, capital and operating costs, and potential for fuel 42 savings; however, the plan shall require the purchase of natural gas-fueled vehicles rather than other vehicles that operate using electricity or other alternative fuels whenever the life-cycle cost for such 43 natural gas-fueled vehicles is not more than 10 percent greater than for conventional vehicles. The plan 44 shall be submitted to the Governor for his review and approval. Once the plan is approved by the 45 Governor, the Director shall implement the plan for the centralized fleet. All state agencies and 46 47 institutions shall cooperate with the Director in developing and implementing the plan. **48** References in this subsection to natural gas-fueled vehicles include (i) vehicles fueled by propane and 49 (ii) bi-fuel vehicles. 50 § 2.2-3705.6. Exclusions to application of chapter; proprietary records and trade secrets. 51 The following records are excluded from the provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law: 52 53 1. Proprietary information gathered by or for the Virginia Port Authority as provided in § 62.1-132.4 54 or 62.1-134.1. 2. Financial statements not publicly available filed with applications for industrial development 55 financings in accordance with Chapter 49 (§ 15.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 15.2. 56 57 3. Confidential proprietary records, voluntarily provided by private business pursuant to a promise of confidentiality from a public body, used by the public body for business, trade and tourism development 58 or retention; and memoranda, working papers or other records related to businesses that are considering 59

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60 locating or expanding in Virginia, prepared by a public body, where competition or bargaining is
61 involved and where, if such records are made public, the financial interest of the public body would be
62 adversely affected.

4. Information that was filed as confidential under the Toxic Substances Information Act (§ 32.1-239
et seq.), as such Act existed prior to July 1, 1992.

5. Fisheries data that would permit identification of any person or vessel, except when required by court order as specified in § 28.2-204.

67 6. Confidential financial statements, balance sheets, trade secrets, and revenue and cost projections
68 provided to the Department of Rail and Public Transportation, provided such information is exempt
69 under the federal Freedom of Information Act or the federal Interstate Commerce Act or other laws
70 administered by the Surface Transportation Board or the Federal Railroad Administration with respect to
71 data provided in confidence to the Surface Transportation Board and the Federal Railroad
72 Administration.

73 7. Confidential proprietary records related to inventory and sales, voluntarily provided by private
 regy suppliers to the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy, used by that Department for energy
 regy contingency planning purposes or for developing consolidated statistical information on energy supplies.

8. Confidential proprietary information furnished to the Board of Medical Assistance Services or the
Medicaid Prior Authorization Advisory Committee pursuant to Article 4 (§ 32.1-331.12 et seq.) of
Chapter 10 of Title 32.1.

79 9. Proprietary, commercial or financial information, balance sheets, trade secrets, and revenue and 80 cost projections provided by a private transportation business to the Virginia Department of Transportation and the Department of Rail and Public Transportation for the purpose of conducting 81 transportation studies needed to obtain grants or other financial assistance under the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (P.L. 105-178) for transportation projects, provided such information is 82 83 exempt under the federal Freedom of Information Act or the federal Interstate Commerce Act or other 84 laws administered by the Surface Transportation Board or the Federal Railroad Administration with 85 respect to data provided in confidence to the Surface Transportation Board and the Federal Railroad 86 87 Administration. However, the exemption provided by this subdivision shall not apply to any wholly 88 owned subsidiary of a public body.

89 10. Confidential information designated as provided in subsection F of § 2.2-4342 as trade secrets or
90 proprietary information by any person who has submitted to a public body an application for
91 prequalification to bid on public construction projects in accordance with subsection B of § 2.2-4317.

92 11. a. Memoranda, staff evaluations, or other records prepared by the responsible public entity, its 93 staff, outside advisors, or consultants exclusively for the evaluation and negotiation of proposals filed under the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.) or the Public Private Education 94 95 Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002 (§ 56-575.1 et seq.), where (i) if such records were made public 96 prior to or after the execution of an interim or a comprehensive agreement, § 56-573.1:1 or 56-575.17 97 notwithstanding, the financial interest or bargaining position of the public entity would be adversely affected, and (ii) the basis for the determination required in clause (i) is documented in writing by the 98 99 responsible public entity; and

100 b. Records provided by a private entity to a responsible public entity, affected jurisdiction, or 101 affected local jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 or 102 the Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002, to the extent that such records contain (i) trade secrets of the private entity as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et 103 seq.); (ii) financial records of the private entity, including balance sheets and financial statements, that 104 are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or (iii) other 105 information submitted by the private entity, where, if the records were made public prior to the 106 execution of an interim agreement or a comprehensive agreement, the financial interest or bargaining 107 108 position of the public or private entity would be adversely affected. In order for the records specified in 109 clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the private entity shall make 110 a written request to the responsible public entity:

111 1. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from 112 disclosure is sought;

2. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and

3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

The responsible public entity shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets or financial records of the private entity. To protect other records submitted by the private entity from disclosure, the responsible public entity shall determine whether public disclosure prior to the execution of an interim agreement or a comprehensive agreement would adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the public or private entity. The responsible public entity shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by the responsible public entity under this subdivision. Once a written determination is made

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by the responsible public entity, the records afforded protection under this subdivision shall continue tobe protected from disclosure when in the possession of any affected jurisdiction or affected localjurisdiction.

Except as specifically provided in subdivision 11 a, nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to authorize the withholding of (a) procurement records as required by § 56-573.1:1 or 56-575.17; (b) information concerning the terms and conditions of any interim or comprehensive agreement, service contract, lease, partnership, or any agreement of any kind entered into by the responsible public entity and the private entity; (c) information concerning the terms and conditions of any financing arrangement that involves the use of any public funds; or (d) information concerning the performance of any private entity developing or operating a qualifying transportation facility or a qualifying project.

For the purposes of this subdivision, the terms "affected jurisdiction," "affected local j

12. Confidential proprietary information or trade secrets, not publicly available, provided by a private
person or entity to the Virginia Resources Authority or to a fund administered in connection with
financial assistance rendered or to be rendered by the Virginia Resources Authority where, if such
information were made public, the financial interest of the private person or entity would be adversely
affected, and, after June 30, 1997, where such information was provided pursuant to a promise of
confidentiality.

143 13. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), or confidential 144 proprietary records that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or 145 otherwise, provided by a (a) bidder or applicant for a franchise or (b) franchisee under Chapter 21 146 (§ 15.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 15.2 to the applicable franchising authority pursuant to a promise of 147 confidentiality from the franchising authority, to the extent the records relate to the bidder's, applicant's, 148 or franchisee's financial capacity or provision of new services, adoption of new technologies or 149 implementation of improvements, where such new services, technologies or improvements have not been 150 implemented by the franchisee on a nonexperimental scale in the franchise area, and where, if such 151 records were made public, the competitive advantage or financial interests of the franchisee would be 152 adversely affected.

153 In order for trade secrets or confidential proprietary information to be excluded from the provisions 154 of this chapter, the bidder, applicant, or franchisee shall (i) invoke such exclusion upon submission of 155 the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought, (ii) identify the data or other 156 materials for which protection is sought, and (iii) state the reason why protection is necessary.

157 No bidder, applicant, or franchisee may invoke the exclusion provided by this subdivision if the
158 bidder, applicant, or franchisee is owned or controlled by a public body or if any representative of the
159 applicable franchising authority serves on the management board or as an officer of the bidder,
160 applicant, or franchisee.

161 14. Documents and other information of a proprietary nature furnished by a supplier of charitable
 162 gaming supplies to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to subsection E of
 163 § 18.2-340.34.

164 15. Records and reports related to Virginia apple producer sales provided to the Virginia State Apple 165 Board pursuant to § 3.2-1215.

166 16. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.) of Title 59.1,
167 submitted by CMRS providers as defined in § 56-484.12 to the Wireless Carrier E-911 Cost Recovery
168 Subcommittee created pursuant to § 56-484.15, relating to the provision of wireless E-911 service.

169 17. Records submitted as a grant or loan application, or accompanying a grant or loan application, to 170 the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority pursuant to Article 3 (§ 2.2-2233.1 et seq.) of Chapter 22 of Title 2.2 or to the Commonwealth Health Research Board pursuant to Chapter 22 171 172 (§ 23-277 et seq.) of Title 23 to the extent such records contain proprietary business or research-related 173 information produced or collected by the applicant in the conduct of or as a result of study or research 174 on medical, rehabilitative, scientific, technical, technological, or scholarly issues, when such information 175 has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented, if the disclosure of such information 176 would be harmful to the competitive position of the applicant.

177 18. Confidential proprietary records and trade secrets developed and held by a local public body (i)
178 providing telecommunication services pursuant to § 56-265.4:4 and (ii) providing cable television
179 services pursuant to Article 1.1 (§ 15.2-2108.2 et seq.) of Chapter 21 of Title 15.2, to the extent that
180 disclosure of such records would be harmful to the competitive position of the locality. In order for
181 confidential proprietary information or trade secrets to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter,
182 the locality in writing shall (a) invoke the protections of this subdivision, (b) identify with specificity the

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183 records or portions thereof for which protection is sought, and (c) state the reasons why protection is 184 necessary.

185 19. Confidential proprietary records and trade secrets developed by or for a local authority created in 186 accordance with the Virginia Wireless Service Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5431.1 et seq.) to provide 187 qualifying communications services as authorized by Article 5.1 (§ 56-484.7:1 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of 188 Title 56, where disclosure of such information would be harmful to the competitive position of the 189 authority, except that records required to be maintained in accordance with § 15.2-2160 shall be 190 released.

191 20. Trade secrets as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.) or financial 192 records of a business, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, provided to the Department of Small Business and Supplier Diversity as part of an application for (i) certification as a small, women-owned, or 193 194 195 minority-owned business in accordance with Chapter 16.1 (§ 2.2-1603 et seq.) or (ii) a claim made by a disadvantaged business or an economically disadvantaged individual against the Capital Access Fund for 196 Disadvantaged Businesses created pursuant to § 2.2-2311. In order for such trade secrets or financial 197 198 records to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the business shall (a) invoke such exclusion 199 upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought, (b) 200 identify the data or other materials for which protection is sought, and (c) state the reasons why 201 protection is necessary.

202 21. Documents and other information of a proprietary or confidential nature disclosed by a carrier to the State Health Commissioner pursuant to §§ 32.1-276.5:1 and 32.1-276.7:1. 203

22. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), including, but 204 205 not limited to, financial records, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, and revenue and cost projections 206 supplied by a private or nongovernmental entity to the State Inspector General for the purpose of an 207 208 audit, special investigation, or any study requested by the Office of the State Inspector General in 209 accordance with law.

210 In order for the records specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this 211 chapter, the private or nongovernmental entity shall make a written request to the State Inspector 212 General:

213 1. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from 214 disclosure is sought; 215

2. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and

3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

217 The State Inspector General shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets or financial records of the private entity. The State Inspector 218 219 General shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by it 220 under this subdivision.

221 23. Records submitted as a grant application, or accompanying a grant application, to the Virginia Tobacco Indemnification and Community Revitalization Commission to the extent such records contain 222 (i) trade secrets as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), (ii) financial records 223 of a grant applicant that is not a public body, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are 224 225 not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, or (iii) research-related information produced or collected by the applicant in the conduct of or as a result of study or research 226 227 on medical, rehabilitative, scientific, technical, technological, or scholarly issues, when such information 228 has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented, if the disclosure of such information 229 would be harmful to the competitive position of the applicant; and memoranda, staff evaluations, or 230 other records prepared by the Commission or its staff exclusively for the evaluation of grant 231 applications. The exclusion provided by this subdivision shall apply to grants that are consistent with the 232 powers of and in furtherance of the performance of the duties of the Commission pursuant to 233 § 3.2-3103.

234 In order for the records specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this 235 chapter, the applicant shall make a written request to the Commission:

236 1. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from 237 disclosure is sought; 238

2. Identifying with specificity the data, records or other materials for which protection is sought; and 3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

239 240 The Commission shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets, financial records or research-related information of the applicant. The 241 242 Commission shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded 243 by it under this subdivision.

24. a. Records of the Commercial Space Flight Authority relating to rate structures or charges for the

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245 use of projects of, the sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority if public disclosure 246 would adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the Authority or a private entity 247 providing records to the Authority; or

248 b. Records provided by a private entity to the Commercial Space Flight Authority, to the extent that 249 such records contain (i) trade secrets of the private entity as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act 250 (§ 59.1-336 et seq.); (ii) financial records of the private entity, including balance sheets and financial 251 statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or 252 (iii) other information submitted by the private entity, where, if the records were made public, the 253 financial interest or bargaining position of the Authority or private entity would be adversely affected.

In order for the records specified in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of subdivision 24 b to be excluded from 254 255 the provisions of this chapter, the private entity shall make a written request to the Authority:

256 1. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from 257 disclosure is sought; 258

2. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and

3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

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260 The Authority shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect 261 the trade secrets or financial records of the private entity. To protect other records submitted by the 262 private entity from disclosure, the Authority shall determine whether public disclosure would adversely 263 affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the Authority or private entity. The Authority shall 264 make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by it under this 265 subdivision.

266 25. Documents and other information of a proprietary nature furnished by an agricultural landowner 267 or operator to the Department of Conservation and Recreation, the Department of Environmental 268 Quality, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or any political subdivision, agency, or 269 board of the Commonwealth pursuant to §§ 10.1-104.7, 10.1-104.8, and 10.1-104.9, other than when 270 required as part of a state or federal regulatory enforcement action.

271 26. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), provided to the 272 Department of Environmental Quality pursuant to the provisions of § 10.1-1458. In order for such trade secrets to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the submitting party shall (i) invoke this 273 274 exclusion upon submission of the data or materials for which protection from disclosure is sought, (ii) 275 identify the data or materials for which protection is sought, and (iii) state the reasons why protection is 276 necessary.

277 27. Documents and other information of a proprietary nature furnished by a licensed public-use 278 airport to the Department of Aviation for funding from programs administered by the Department of 279 Aviation or the Virginia Aviation Board, where if the records were made public, the financial interest of 280 the public-use airport would be adversely affected.

281 In order for the records specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this 282 chapter, the public-use airport shall make a written request to the Department of Aviation:

283 1. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from 284 disclosure is sought;

285 2. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and

3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

287 28. Records, documents, and other information of a proprietary nature submitted as a grant 288 application, or accompanying a grant application, to the Department of Motor Vehicles to the extent 289 such records contain (i) trade secrets as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.). 290 (ii) financial records of a grant applicant that is not a public body, including balance sheets and 291 financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or 292 otherwise, or (iii) research-related information produced or collected by the applicant in the conduct of 293 or as a result of study or research on scientific, technical, technological, or scholarly issues, when such 294 information has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented, if the disclosure of such 295 information would be harmful to the competitive position of the applicant; and memoranda, staff 296 evaluations, or other records prepared by the Department or its staff exclusively for the evaluation of 297 grant applications. The exclusion provided by this subdivision shall apply to grants that are consistent 298 with the powers of and in furtherance of the performance of the duties of the Department pursuant to its 299 administration of the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to § 46.2-3001. 300

§ 2.2-3711. Closed meetings authorized for certain limited purposes.

301 A. Public bodies may hold closed meetings only for the following purposes:

302 1. Discussion, consideration, or interviews of prospective candidates for employment; assignment, 303 appointment, promotion, performance, demotion, salaries, disciplining, or resignation of specific public 304 officers, appointees, or employees of any public body; and evaluation of performance of departments or schools of public institutions of higher education where such evaluation will necessarily involve 305

306 discussion of the performance of specific individuals. Any teacher shall be permitted to be present 307 during a closed meeting in which there is a discussion or consideration of a disciplinary matter that 308 involves the teacher and some student and the student involved in the matter is present, provided the 309 teacher makes a written request to be present to the presiding officer of the appropriate board.

310 2. Discussion or consideration of admission or disciplinary matters or any other matters that would 311 involve the disclosure of information contained in a scholastic record concerning any student of any 312 Virginia public institution of higher education or any state school system. However, any such student, legal counsel and, if the student is a minor, the student's parents or legal guardians shall be permitted to 313 314 be present during the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence at a closed meeting, if such 315 student, parents, or guardians so request in writing and such request is submitted to the presiding officer 316 of the appropriate board.

3. Discussion or consideration of the acquisition of real property for a public purpose, or of the 317 318 disposition of publicly held real property, where discussion in an open meeting would adversely affect 319 the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body. 320

4. The protection of the privacy of individuals in personal matters not related to public business.

321 5. Discussion concerning a prospective business or industry or the expansion of an existing business 322 or industry where no previous announcement has been made of the business' or industry's interest in 323 locating or expanding its facilities in the community.

324 6. Discussion or consideration of the investment of public funds where competition or bargaining is 325 involved, where, if made public initially, the financial interest of the governmental unit would be 326 adversely affected.

327 7. Consultation with legal counsel and briefings by staff members or consultants pertaining to actual 328 or probable litigation, where such consultation or briefing in open meeting would adversely affect the 329 negotiating or litigating posture of the public body; and consultation with legal counsel employed or 330 retained by a public body regarding specific legal matters requiring the provision of legal advice by such counsel. For the purposes of this subdivision, "probable litigation" means litigation that has been specifically threatened or on which the public body or its legal counsel has a reasonable basis to believe 331 332 333 will be commenced by or against a known party. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to 334 permit the closure of a meeting merely because an attorney representing the public body is in attendance 335 or is consulted on a matter.

336 8. In the case of boards of visitors of public institutions of higher education, discussion or 337 consideration of matters relating to gifts, bequests and fund-raising activities, and grants and contracts 338 for services or work to be performed by such institution. However, the terms and conditions of any such 339 gifts, bequests, grants, and contracts made by a foreign government, a foreign legal entity, or a foreign 340 person and accepted by a public institution of higher education in Virginia shall be subject to public disclosure upon written request to the appropriate board of visitors. For the purpose of this subdivision, 341 342 (i) "foreign government" means any government other than the United States government or the 343 government of a state or a political subdivision thereof; (ii) "foreign legal entity" means any legal entity 344 created under the laws of the United States or of any state thereof if a majority of the ownership of the 345 stock of such legal entity is owned by foreign governments or foreign persons or if a majority of the membership of any such entity is composed of foreign persons or foreign legal entities, or any legal 346 entity created under the laws of a foreign government; and (iii) "foreign person" means any individual 347 348 who is not a citizen or national of the United States or a trust territory or protectorate thereof.

349 9. In the case of the boards of trustees of the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts, the Virginia Museum 350 of Natural History, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, and The Science Museum of Virginia, 351 discussion or consideration of matters relating to specific gifts, bequests, and grants. 352

10. Discussion or consideration of honorary degrees or special awards.

353 11. Discussion or consideration of tests, examinations, or other records excluded from this chapter 354 pursuant to subdivision 4 of § 2.2-3705.1.

355 12. Discussion, consideration, or review by the appropriate House or Senate committees of possible 356 disciplinary action against a member arising out of the possible inadequacy of the disclosure statement 357 filed by the member, provided the member may request in writing that the committee meeting not be 358 conducted in a closed meeting.

359 13. Discussion of strategy with respect to the negotiation of a hazardous waste siting agreement or to 360 consider the terms, conditions, and provisions of a hazardous waste siting agreement if the governing 361 body in open meeting finds that an open meeting will have an adverse effect upon the negotiating position of the governing body or the establishment of the terms, conditions and provisions of the siting 362 363 agreement, or both. All discussions with the applicant or its representatives may be conducted in a 364 closed meeting.

365 14. Discussion by the Governor and any economic advisory board reviewing forecasts of economic activity and estimating general and nongeneral fund revenues. 366

367 15. Discussion or consideration of medical and mental health records excluded from this chapter

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**368** pursuant to subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.5.

369 16. Deliberations of the State Lottery Board in a licensing appeal action conducted pursuant to
370 subsection D of § 58.1-4007 regarding the denial or revocation of a license of a lottery sales agent; and
371 discussion, consideration or review of State Lottery Department matters related to proprietary lottery
372 game information and studies or investigations exempted from disclosure under subdivision 6 of
373 § 2.2-3705.3 and subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.7.

17. Those portions of meetings by local government crime commissions where the identity of, or
information tending to identify, individuals providing information about crimes or criminal activities
under a promise of anonymity is discussed or disclosed.

18. Those portions of meetings in which the Board of Corrections discusses or discloses the identity
of, or information tending to identify, any prisoner who (i) provides information about crimes or
criminal activities, (ii) renders assistance in preventing the escape of another prisoner or in the
apprehension of an escaped prisoner, or (iii) voluntarily or at the instance of a prison official renders
other extraordinary services, the disclosure of which is likely to jeopardize the prisoner's life or safety.

19. Discussion of plans to protect public safety as it relates to terrorist activity and briefings by staff
members, legal counsel, or law-enforcement or emergency service officials concerning actions taken to
respond to such activity or a related threat to public safety; or discussion of reports or plans related to
the security of any governmental facility, building or structure, or the safety of persons using such
facility, building or structure.

387 20. Discussion by the Board of the Virginia Retirement System, acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, or 388 of any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, or of the Rector and Visitors of the 389 University of Virginia, acting pursuant to § 23-76.1, or by the Board of the Virginia College Savings 390 Plan, acting pursuant to § 23-38.80, regarding the acquisition, holding or disposition of a security or 391 other ownership interest in an entity, where such security or ownership interest is not traded on a 392 governmentally regulated securities exchange, to the extent that such discussion (i) concerns confidential 393 analyses prepared for the Rector and Visitors of the University of Virginia, prepared by the retirement 394 system or by the Virginia College Savings Plan or provided to the retirement system or the Virginia 395 College Savings Plan under a promise of confidentiality, of the future value of such ownership interest 396 or the future financial performance of the entity, and (ii) would have an adverse effect on the value of 397 the investment to be acquired, held or disposed of by the retirement system, the Rector and Visitors of 398 the University of Virginia, or the Virginia College Savings Plan. Nothing in this subdivision shall be 399 construed to prevent the disclosure of information relating to the identity of any investment held, the 400 amount invested or the present value of such investment.

401 21. Those portions of meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by the State Child
402 Fatality Review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.1, and those portions of meetings in which
403 individual child death cases are discussed by a regional or local child fatality review team established
404 pursuant to § 32.1-283.2, and those portions of meetings in which individual death cases are discussed
405 by family violence fatality review teams established pursuant to § 32.1-283.3.

406 22. Those portions of meetings of the University of Virginia Board of Visitors or the Eastern 407 Virginia Medical School Board of Visitors, as the case may be, and those portions of meetings of any 408 persons to whom management responsibilities for the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern 409 Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, have been delegated, in which there is discussed 410 proprietary, business-related information pertaining to the operations of the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, including business development 411 412 or marketing strategies and activities with existing or future joint venturers, partners, or other parties 413 with whom the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case 414 may be, has formed, or forms, any arrangement for the delivery of health care, if disclosure of such 415 information would adversely affect the competitive position of the Medical Center or Eastern Virginia 416 Medical School, as the case may be.

417 23. In the case of the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority, discussion or consideration of any of the following: the acquisition or disposition of real or personal property where 418 419 disclosure would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the Authority; operational plans that could affect the value of such property, real or personal, owned or desirable for 420 421 ownership by the Authority; matters relating to gifts, bequests and fund-raising activities; grants and 422 contracts for services or work to be performed by the Authority; marketing or operational strategies 423 where disclosure of such strategies would adversely affect the competitive position of the Authority; 424 members of its medical and teaching staffs and qualifications for appointments thereto; and qualifications 425 or evaluations of other employees.

426 24. Those portions of the meetings of the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program Committee within
427 the Department of Health Professions to the extent such discussions identify any practitioner who may
428 be, or who actually is, impaired pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

429 25. Meetings or portions of meetings of the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan wherein 430 personal information, as defined in § 2.2-3801, which has been provided to the Board or its employees 431 by or on behalf of individuals who have requested information about, applied for, or entered into 432 prepaid tuition contracts or savings trust account agreements pursuant to Chapter 4.9 (§ 23-38.75 et seq.) 433 of Title 23 is discussed.

434 26. Discussion or consideration, by the Wireless Carrier E-911 Cost Recovery Subcommittee created pursuant to § 56-484.15, of trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et 435 seq.), submitted by CMRS providers as defined in § 56-484.12, related to the provision of wireless 436 437 E-911 service.

438 27. Those portions of disciplinary proceedings by any regulatory board within the Department of 439 Professional and Occupational Regulation, Department of Health Professions, or the Board of Accountancy conducted pursuant to § 2.2-4019 or 2.2-4020 during which the board deliberates to reach 440 441 a decision or meetings of health regulatory boards or conference committees of such boards to consider 442 settlement proposals in pending disciplinary actions or modifications to previously issued board orders as 443 requested by either of the parties.

444 28. Discussion or consideration of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 11 of 445 § 2.2-3705.6 by a responsible public entity or an affected local jurisdiction, as those terms are defined in 446 § 56-557, or any independent review panel appointed to review information and advise the responsible 447 public entity concerning such records.

448 29. Discussion of the award of a public contract involving the expenditure of public funds, including 449 interviews of bidders or offerors, and discussion of the terms or scope of such contract, where 450 discussion in an open session would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body. 451

452 30. Discussion or consideration of grant or loan application records excluded from this chapter 453 pursuant to subdivision 17 of § 2.2-3705.6 by (i) the Commonwealth Health Research Board or (ii) the 454 Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority or the Research and Technology Investment 455 Advisory Committee appointed to advise the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority.

456 31. Discussion or consideration by the Commitment Review Committee of records excluded from 457 this chapter pursuant to subdivision 9 of § 2.2-3705.2 relating to individuals subject to commitment as sexually violent predators under Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2. 458 459

32. [Expired.]

460 33. Discussion or consideration of confidential proprietary records and trade secrets excluded from 461 this chapter pursuant to subdivision 18 of § 2.2-3705.6.

34. Discussion or consideration by a local authority created in accordance with the Virginia Wireless 462 Service Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5431.1 et seq.) of confidential proprietary records and trade secrets 463 464 excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 19 of § 2.2-3705.6.

465 35. Discussion or consideration by the State Board of Elections or local electoral boards of voting 466 security matters made confidential pursuant to § 24.2-625.1.

36. Discussion or consideration by the Forensic Science Board or the Scientific Advisory Committee 467 468 created pursuant to Article 2 (§ 9.1-1109 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 9.1 of records excluded from 469 this chapter pursuant to subdivision A 2 a of § 2.2-3706.

37. Discussion or consideration by the Brown v. Board of Education Scholarship Program Awards 470 471 Committee of records or confidential matters excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 3 of 472 § 2.2-3705.4, and meetings of the Committee to deliberate concerning the annual maximum scholarship 473 award, review and consider scholarship applications and requests for scholarship award renewal, and 474 cancel, rescind, or recover scholarship awards.

475 38. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Port Authority of records excluded from this chapter 476 pursuant to subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.6.

477 39. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Virginia Retirement System acting 478 pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, by the Investment Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 51.1-124.26, by any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, by the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan acting pursuant to § 23-38.80, or by the Virginia College Savings Plan's Investment 479 480 Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 23-38.79:1 of records excluded from this chapter pursuant 481 482 to subdivision 25 of § 2.2-3705.7.

483 40. Discussion or consideration of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 3 of **484** § 2.2-3705.6.

485 41. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Education of records relating to the denial, 486 suspension, or revocation of teacher licenses excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 12 of **487** § 2.2-3705.3.

42. Those portions of meetings of the Virginia Military Advisory Council or any commission created 488 489 by executive order for the purpose of studying and making recommendations regarding preventing 490 closure or realignment of federal military and national security installations and facilities located in

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491 Virginia and relocation of such facilities to Virginia, or a local or regional military affairs organization 492 appointed by a local governing body, during which there is discussion of records excluded from this 493 chapter pursuant to subdivision 12 of § 2.2-3705.2.

494 43. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Veterans Services Foundation of 495 records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 29 of § 2.2-3705.7.

496 44. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Tobacco Indemnification and Community 497 Revitalization Commission of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 23 of 498 § 2.2-3705.6.

499 45. Discussion or consideration by the board of directors of the Commercial Space Flight Authority 500 of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 24 of § 2.2-3705.6.

501 46. Discussion or consideration by the Department of Motor Vehicles of records excluded from this 502 chapter pursuant to subdivision 28 of § 2.2-3705.6.

503 B. No resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation or motion adopted, passed or agreed to in a 504 closed meeting shall become effective unless the public body, following the meeting, reconvenes in open 505 meeting and takes a vote of the membership on such resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation, or 506 motion that shall have its substance reasonably identified in the open meeting.

507 C. Public officers improperly selected due to the failure of the public body to comply with the other 508 provisions of this section shall be de facto officers and, as such, their official actions are valid until they 509 obtain notice of the legal defect in their election.

510 D. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the holding of conferences between two or 511 more public bodies, or their representatives, but these conferences shall be subject to the same 512 procedures for holding closed meetings as are applicable to any other public body.

513 E. This section shall not be construed to (i) require the disclosure of any contract between the 514 Department of Health Professions and an impaired practitioner entered into pursuant to Chapter 25.1 515 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1 or (ii) require the board of directors of any authority created pursuant to the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act (§ 15.2-4900 et seq.), or any public body 516 517 empowered to issue industrial revenue bonds by general or special law, to identify a business or industry 518 to which subdivision A 5 applies. However, such business or industry shall be identified as a matter of 519 public record at least 30 days prior to the actual date of the board's authorization of the sale or issuance 520 of such bonds.

521 § 3.2-5603. Two systems of weights and measures recognized; definitions and tables of National 522 Institute of Standards and Technology to govern.

523 Both the system of weights and measures in customary use in the United States and the metric 524 system of weights and measures are recognized, and one or the other, or both, of these systems shall be 525 used for all commercial purposes in the Commonwealth. The definitions of basic units of weight and 526 measure, the tables of weight and measure, and weights and measures equivalents, as published by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, are recognized and shall govern weighing and measuring equipment and transactions in the Commonwealth, except as otherwise provided in 527 528 529 § 3.2-5603.1.

#### 530 § 3.2-5603.1. Standards for dispensing compressed natural gas and liquefied natural gas for use as 531 *motor fuel.* 532

A. As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:

533 "Diesel gallon equivalent" or "DGE" means the amount of compressed natural gas or liquefied 534 natural gas containing the same energy content as one gallon of diesel.

535 "Gasoline gallon equivalent" or "GGE" means the amount of compressed natural gas or liquefied 536 natural gas containing the same energy content as one gallon of gasoline.

537 B. Compressed natural gas and liquefied natural gas sold at retail for use as a motor fuel shall be 538 dispensed in units as follows:

539 1. Compressed natural gas shall be dispensed either in GGE units or DGE units. A GGE of 540 compressed natural gas shall initially be set at 5.66 pounds and shall remain at that level unless 541 changed pursuant to regulation adopted as provided in subsection D. A DGE of compressed natural gas 542 shall initially be set at 6.38 pounds and shall remain at that level unless changed pursuant to regulation 543 adopted by the Commissioner pursuant to subsection D; and

544 2. Liquefied natural gas and liquefied propane shall be dispensed in DGE units. A DGE of liquefied 545 natural gas shall initially be set at 6.06 pounds and shall remain at this level unless changed pursuant 546 to regulation adopted by the Commissioner pursuant to subsection D. A DGE of liquefied propane gas 547 shall initially be set at 4.11 pounds and shall remain at this level unless changed pursuant to regulation 548 adopted by the Commissioner pursuant to subsection D.

549 C. On and after January 1, 2015, any dispenser used for the sale of compressed natural gas, 550 liquefied natural gas, or liquefied propane at retail for use as motor fuel shall display the GGE or the DGE unit as the primary display information provided. Such dispenser shall indicate (i) the number of 551

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552 GGEs or DGEs, and fractions thereof, sold; (ii) the total sales price of the compressed natural gas or

553 liquefied natural gas or liquefied propane dispensed; and (iii) the sales price per GGE or DGE of the 554 compressed natural gas or liquefied natural gas or liquefied propane sold. Information concerning the 555 sale of compressed natural gas or liquefied natural gas or liquefied propane by GGE or DGE may be 556 provided at the point of sale in literature, signs, or other advertisements.

557 D. The Commissioner shall adopt regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this section 558 and to adopt the values set out in subdivisions B 1 and B 2. If it subsequently becomes necessary to 559 revise such standards due to changes in the energy content of motor fuels, the Commissioner shall take 560 into consideration whether the National Conference on Weights and Measures has adopted similar standards for dispensing compressed natural gas and liquefied natural gas and whether those standards 561 use different values for GGE and DGE units. If the National Conference on Weights and Measures has 562 adopted different GGE and DGE units, it shall be presumed that such standards should also be adopted 563 564 for the Commonwealth unless good cause is shown otherwise.

E. The values set out in subdivisions B 1 and B 2 shall be applied to any sale of compressed natural 565 gas or liquefied natural gas or liquefied propane sold at retail for use as a motor fuel on or after 566 567 January 1, 2015. 568

### § 13.1-620. Special kinds of business.

569 A. If any corporation is to conduct the business of a bank or trust company, that shall be stated in 570 the articles of incorporation and the corporation shall not have power to conduct other business except 571 as may be related to or incidental to the banking or trust company business.

572 B. If any corporation is to conduct the business of an insurance company, that shall be stated in the 573 articles of incorporation and the articles shall further set forth the class or classes of insurance the 574 corporation proposes to undertake and the corporation shall not have power to conduct other business 575 except as may be related to or incidental to the insurance business.

576 C. If any corporation is to conduct the business of a savings and loan association or savings bank, 577 that shall be stated in the articles of incorporation and the corporation shall not have power to conduct 578 other business except as may be related to or incidental to the stated business.

579 D. If any corporation is to conduct the business of a railroad or other public service company, that 580 shall be stated in the articles of incorporation and a brief description of the business shall be included. 581 Otherwise the corporation shall not have the power to conduct a public service business or to exercise 582 any of the privileges of a public service company. No corporation shall be organized under this chapter 583 for the purpose of conducting in this Commonwealth more than one kind of public service business 584 except that the telephone and telegraph businesses or the water and sewer businesses may be combined, 585 but this provision shall not limit the powers of domestic corporations existing on January 1, 1986. No 586 corporation organized under this chapter to conduct the business of a public service company shall have 587 general business powers in this Commonwealth. Corporations organized under this chapter to conduct 588 the business of a public service company may, however, conduct in this Commonwealth other public 589 service business or nonpublic service business so far as may be related to or incidental to its stated 590 business as a public service company and in any other state such business as may be authorized or 591 permitted by the laws thereof. Nothing in this subsection shall limit the powers of such corporation in 592 respect of the securities of other corporations or of limited liability companies.

593 E. If one or more of the purposes set forth in the articles of incorporation is to own, manage or 594 control any plant or equipment or any part of a plant or equipment within the Commonwealth for the 595 conveyance of telephone messages or for the production, transmission, delivery or furnishing of heat, light, power or water, including heated or chilled water, or sewerage facilities, either directly or 596 597 indirectly, to or for the public, the Commission shall not issue a certificate of incorporation unless the 598 articles of incorporation expressly state that the corporation is to conduct business as a public service 599 company.

600  $\overline{F}$ . Whether or not classified elsewhere in the Code as public service companies the following are not 601 required to incorporate as public service companies: a person authorized by the Federal Communications 602 Commission to provide commercial mobile service, household goods carriers, petroleum tank truck 603 carriers, bottled gas companies, taxicab companies, community television companies, charter party 604 carriers, restricted parcel carriers, sight-seeing carriers, companies excluded from the definition of 605 "public utility" by § 56-265.1(b)(4) or by § 56-1.2 and, compressed natural gas filling fueling service 606 stations, and liquefied natural gas fueling service stations.

607 G. A water or sewer company that proposes to serve more than fifty customers shall incorporate as a 608 public service company. A water or sewer company shall not serve more than fifty customers unless its 609 articles of incorporation state that the corporation is to conduct business as a public service company. 610 The two preceding sentences shall not apply to a water or sewer company incorporated before and operating a water or sewer system on January 1, 1970; however, as to any water or sewer system 611 serving more than fifty customers, upon application to the Commission by a majority of the customers 612 613 or by the company, a hearing may be held after thirty days' notice to the company and the system's

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614 customers or a majority thereof, and the Commission may order such, if any, improvements or rate 615 changes or both as are just and reasonable. Upon ordering into effect any rate changes or improvements 616 found to be just and reasonable, the water or sewer system shall remain subject to the Commission's regulatory authority in the same manner as a public utility for such reasonable period as the Commission 617 618 may direct. Nothing in this subsection shall apply to persons described in § 56-1.2.

#### 619 § 23-300. Virginia Universities Clean Energy Development and Economic Stimulus Foundation 620 created; purpose; structure.

621 A. There is hereby created the Virginia Universities Clean Energy Development and Economic 622 Stimulus Foundation (Foundation) established as a body corporate and political subdivision of the 623 Commonwealth which, with the cooperation and assistance of the universities, shall identify, obtain, 624 disburse, and administer funding for the following purposes: (i) research and development of alternative 625 fuels, clean energy production, and related technologies; (ii) support of economic development projects 626 in economically disadvantaged areas; and (iii) advancing the goal of increasing the number of natural gas-fueled vehicles operating within the Commonwealth; and (iv) provision of assistance in the 627 628 commercialization of alternative fuels and clean energy technologies developed with funds administered 629 by the Foundation.

630 B. The Foundation shall have, and is vested with, all of the politic and corporate powers as are set 631 forth in this chapter. The Foundation shall have only those powers and duties as enumerated in this 632 chapter.

633 C. The Foundation shall operate as a not-for-profit corporate entity and all funding made available to 634 the Foundation shall be used solely for the purposes set forth in this chapter and shall be provided from 635 such sources as specified in this chapter. No public funds shall be used for the work of the Foundation, 636 which shall not be construed as an agency of the Commonwealth.

637 D. The Foundation shall be exempt from the provisions of the Virginia Public Procurement Act 638 (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.).

639 E. The exercise of the powers granted by this chapter shall be in all respects for the benefit of the 640 citizens of the Commonwealth and for the promotion of their welfare, convenience, and prosperity.

641 F. The Foundation shall be performing an essential governmental function in the exercise of the 642 powers conferred upon it by this chapter, and the property of the Foundation and its income and 643 operations shall be exempt from taxation or assessments upon any property acquired or used by the 644 Foundation under the provisions of this chapter. 645

## § 23-301. Membership of the Board; terms; vacancies; officers; meetings, etc.

646 A. The Foundation shall be governed by a Board of Directors composed of eight nine members as 647 follows: the president of the University of Virginia or his designee; the president of Virginia Polytechnic 648 Institute and State University or his designee; the president of one of the other institutions included in 649 the Virginia Coastal Energy Research Consortium, pursuant to § 67-600 of the Code of Virginia, or his 650 designee; one nonlegislative citizen member who shall represent public service companies providing energy to consumers, to be appointed by the Governor; one nonlegislative citizen member who shall 651 652 represent an association advocating growth in North America of the use and acceptance of vehicles powered by natural gas or propane, to be appointed by the Governor; three nonlegislative citizen 653 654 members to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates; and one nonlegislative citizen 655 member to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules.

656 Nonlegislative citizen members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates and the Senate 657 Committee on Rules shall have specialized background and expertise on one or more of the following 658 subjects: environmental or conservation issues; financing and commercialization of newly developed 659 technologies or products; energy production issues; natural gas and propane vehicles and associated 660 infrastructure; or scientific research methodologies and protocols.

B. There shall be no limitation on the terms of Board members and they shall serve at the pleasure 661 of the appointing authority, except for the president of the other institutions included in the Virginia 662 663 Coastal Energy Research Consortium, which shall rotate among the member institutions on an annual 664 basis.

665 C. The Board shall appoint from its membership a chairman and a vice-chairman, both of whom shall serve in such capacities at the pleasure of the Board. The chairman, or in his absence, the 666 667 vice-chairman, shall preside at all meetings of the Board. The meetings of the Board shall be held on 668 the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the members so request. The Board shall meet not 669 less than twice annually. A majority of members of the Board serving at any one time shall constitute a 670 quorum for the transaction of business. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Board may meet, conduct business, and vote by means of electronic communication. 671

- 672 § 23-302. Powers and duties of the Board.
- 673 A. The Board shall have the power to:
- 674 1. Adopt, use, and alter at will an official seal;

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675 2. Make bylaws for the management and regulation of its affairs;

676 3. Sue and be sued;

677 4. Maintain an office at such place or places within the Commonwealth as it may designate;

678 5. Accept, hold, and administer moneys, grants, securities, or other property transferred, given, or 679 bequeathed to the Foundation, absolutely or in trust, for the purposes for which the Foundation is 680 created:

681 6. Determine how moneys provided to the Foundation are to be distributed and to authorize grants, loans, or other distributions of such moneys for the purposes set forth in this chapter; **682** 

683 7. Make and execute contracts and all other instruments and agreements necessary or convenient for 684 the exercise of its powers and functions;

685 8. Invest its funds as provided in this chapter or permitted by applicable law;

9. Expend from such funds as are available to it a reasonable amount for personnel, operations, and 686 **687** administration of the Foundation; and

688 10. Provide assistance to the Department of Motor Vehicles in its awarding of competitive grants 689 and other incentives relating to natural gas and propane vehicle fueling facilities and related 690 infrastructure, conversions of conventionally fueled vehicles to natural gas-fueled vehicles or 691 propane-fueled vehicles, and purchases of original equipment manufacturer (OEM) natural gas-fueled 692 vehicles: and

693 11. Do any lawful act necessary or appropriate to carry out the powers herein granted or reasonably 694 implied, including use of whatever lawful means may be necessary and appropriate to recover any payments wrongfully made from the funds available to the Foundation. 695

696 B. The Board shall employ on a full-time, part-time, or contract basis such personnel as may be necessary to ensure that the purposes of this chapter are achieved, including, but not limited to, a chief 697 executive officer, legal counsel, and chief research policy officer. 698 699

C. The Board and such staff as may be employed shall have the following duties:

700 1. Establish procedures by which persons seeking funds from the Foundation may make application 701 for an award of such fund; 702

2. Actively seek out and encourage appropriate projects; and

3. Actively seek out and expend all reasonable efforts to obtain funds from all available sources.

704 D. Any proposed projects funded by the Foundation shall be consistent with the purposes set forth in 705 this chapter.

706 E. The Board shall report its activities annually by December 1 to the Governor, the Speaker of the 707 House, and the Senate Committee on Rules. 708

## § 23-303. Evaluation of proposals; due diligence; participation by universities.

709 A. All requests seeking funds from the Foundation shall be thoroughly evaluated utilizing the criteria set forth in subsection B of this section. The Board and such staff as may be employed shall participate 710 711 in the evaluation and may utilize such additional assistance as they determine necessary. The universities shall provide expertise for the evaluation process as requested by the Board. 712

B. Each funding request shall be evaluated according to the extent to which it meets a substantial 713 714 portion of the following criteria as appropriate to the project or technology proposed:

1. Whether, and to what extent, the proposed project will identify, develop, and facilitate production 715 and marketing of alternative fuels, clean energy sources, reduced dependence on foreign energy supplies, 716 717 more affordable energy, discovery and development of raw materials necessary for energy production, or other similar improvements in energy creation, production, distribution, and affordability; 718

2. Whether, and to what extent, the proposed project will aid in economic revitalization of 719 720 economically disadvantaged areas; 721

3. The scientific and technological value and viability of the proposed project;

722 4. The likelihood that the proposed project will fully realize its stated objectives; 723

5. The cost of the proposed project in relation to its reasonably foreseeable economic impact;

724 6. Whether, and to what extent, the proposed project will likely result in a commercially viable 725 outcome: 726

7. The effort and time necessary to commercialize outcomes of the proposed project;

8. Whether, and to what extent, the requesting entity has utilized other available funding sources; and 727 9. Whether, and to what extent, the proposed project will advance the goal of increasing the number 728 729

of natural gas-fueled vehicles operating within the Commonwealth; and 730

10. Such other criteria as the Board may determine.

731 C. The Board shall determine whether a funding request sufficiently meets the criteria established 732 and the purposes of this chapter, and if so, the appropriate amount of funding to be provided. Funding shall be awarded only to those proposed projects that best meet the established criteria and purposes of 733 734 this chapter.

735 D. Any member of the Board who has a personal interest in any transaction before the Board shall be disqualified from participating in that transaction, and shall forthwith make disclosure of the existence 736

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737 of his interest, including the full name and address of the business involved, and his disclosure shall also be reflected in the public records of the Board for five years in the office of the administrative head 738 739 of the Board or, if the Board has a clerk, in the clerk's office.

740 § 33.1-23.1. Allocation of funds among highway systems.

741 A. The Commonwealth Transportation Board shall allocate each year from all funds made available 742 for highway purposes such amount as it deems reasonable and necessary for the maintenance of roads 743 within the interstate system of highways, the primary system of state highways, the secondary system of 744 state highways and for city and town street maintenance payments made pursuant to § 33.1-41.1 and 745 payments made to counties which have withdrawn or elect to withdraw from the secondary system of 746 state highways pursuant to § 33.1-23.5:1.

747 B. After funds are set aside for administrative and general expenses and pursuant to other provisions 748 in this title that provide for the disposition of funds prior to allocation for highway purposes, and after 749 allocation is made pursuant to subsection A, the Commonwealth Transportation Board shall allocate an 750 amount determined by the Board, not to exceed \$500 million in any given year, as follows: 25 percent 751 to bridge reconstruction and rehabilitation; 25 percent to advancing high priority projects statewide; 25 752 percent to reconstructing deteriorated interstate and primary system pavements determined to have a Combined Condition Index of less than 60; 15 percent to projects undertaken pursuant to the 753 754 Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 56-556 et seq.); five percent to paving unpaved roads 755 carrying more than 200 vehicles per day; and five percent to smart roadway technology the Natural Gas 756 Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to § 46.2-3001, provided that, at the discretion of the 757 Commonwealth Transportation Board, such percentages of funds may be adjusted in any given year to 758 meet project cash flow needs or when funds cannot be expended due to legal, environmental, or other 759 project management considerations and provided that such allocations shall cease beginning July 1, 2020. After such allocations are made, the Board may allocate each year up to 10 percent of the funds 760 remaining for highway purposes for the undertaking and financing of rail projects that, in the Board's 761 determination, will result in mitigation of highway congestion. After the foregoing allocations have been 762 763 made, the Board shall allocate the remaining funds available for highway purposes, exclusive of federal 764 funds for the interstate system, among the several highway systems for construction first pursuant to §§ 33.1-23.1:1 and 33.1-23.1:2 and then as follows: 765

1. Forty percent of the remaining funds exclusive of federal-aid matching funds for the interstate 766 767 system shall be allocated to the primary system of state highways, including the arterial network, and in addition, an amount shall be allocated to the primary system as interstate matching funds as provided in 768 769 subsection B of § 33.1-23.2.

770 2. Thirty percent of the remaining funds exclusive of federal-aid matching funds for the interstate 771 system shall be allocated to urban highways for state aid pursuant to § 33.1-44.

772 3. Thirty percent of the remaining funds exclusive of federal-aid matching funds for the interstate 773 system shall be allocated to the secondary system of state highways.

774 C. In addition, the Commonwealth Transportation Board, from funds appropriated for such purpose 775 in the general appropriation act, shall allocate additional funds to the Cities of Newport News, Norfolk, 776 and Portsmouth and the County of Warren in such manner and apportion such funds among such 777 localities as the Board may determine, unless otherwise provided in the general appropriation act. The 778 localities shall use such funds to address highway maintenance and repair needs created by or associated 779 with port operations in those localities.

780 D. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, the General Assembly may, through the 781 general appropriations act, permit the Governor to increase the amounts to be allocated to highway 782 maintenance, highway construction, either or both. 783

E. As used in this section:

784 "Bridge reconstruction and rehabilitation" means reconstruction and rehabilitation of those bridges 785 identified by the Department of Transportation as being functionally obsolete or structurally deficient.

786 "High priority projects" means those projects of regional or statewide significance identified by the 787 Board that reduce congestion, increase safety, create jobs, or increase economic development.

788 "Smart roadway technology" means those projects or programs identified by the Board that reduce 789 congestion, improve mobility, improve safety, provide up-to-date travel data, or improve emergency 790 response. 791

## § 33.1-46.2. Designation of high-occupancy vehicle lanes; use of such lanes; penalties.

792 A. In order to facilitate the rapid and orderly movement of traffic to and from urban areas during 793 peak traffic periods, the Commonwealth Transportation Board may designate one or more lanes of any 794 highway in the interstate, primary, or secondary highway systems as high-occupancy vehicle lanes, 795 hereinafter referred to in this section as HOV lanes. When lanes have been so designated and have been 796 appropriately marked with such signs or other markers as the Board may prescribe, they shall be reserved during periods designated by the Board for the exclusive use of buses and high-occupancy 797

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798 vehicles. Any local governing body may also, with respect to highways under its exclusive jurisdiction, 799 designate HOV lanes and impose and enforce restrictions on the use of such HOV lanes. Any highway 800 for which the local jurisdiction receives highway maintenance funds pursuant to § 33.1-41.1 shall be 801 deemed to be within the exclusive jurisdiction of the local governing body for the purposes of this 802 section. HOV lanes shall be reserved for high-occupancy vehicles of a specified number of occupants as 803 determined by the Board or, for HOV lanes designated by a local governing body, by that local 804 governing body. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, no designation of any lane or 805 lanes of any highway as HOV lanes shall apply to the use of any such lanes by:

806 1. Emergency vehicles such as fire-fighting vehicles, ambulances, and rescue squad vehicles,

807 2. Law-enforcement vehicles,

808 3. Motorcycles,

809 4. a. Transit and commuter buses designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver,

810 b. Any vehicle operating under a certificate issued under § 46.2-2075, 46.2-2080, 46.2-2096, 46.2-2099.4, or 46.2-2099.44, 811

5. Vehicles of public utility companies operating in response to an emergency call,

813 6. Vehicles bearing clean special fuel vehicle license plates or natural gas vehicle license plates 814 issued pursuant to § 46.2-749.3, provided such use is in compliance with federal law, 815

7. Taxicabs having two or more occupants, including the driver, or

816 8. (Contingent effective date) Any active duty military member in uniform who is utilizing Interstate 817 Route 264 and Interstate Route 64 for the purposes of traveling to or from a military facility in the 818 Hampton Roads Planning District.

819 In the Hampton Roads Planning District, HOV restrictions may be temporarily lifted and HOV lanes 820 opened to use by all vehicles when restricting use of HOV lanes becomes impossible or undesirable and 821 the temporary lifting of HOV limitations is indicated by signs along or above the affected portion of 822 highway.

823 The Commissioner of VDOT shall implement a program of the HOV facilities in the Hampton Roads 824 Planning District beginning not later than May 1, 2000. This program shall include the temporary lifting of HOV restrictions and the opening of HOV lanes to all traffic when an incident resulting from 825 826 nonrecurring causes within the general lanes occurs such that a lane of traffic is blocked or is expected to be blocked for 10 minutes or longer. The HOV restrictions for the facility will be reinstated when the 827 828 general lane is no longer blocked and is available for use.

829 The Commissioner shall maintain necessary records to evaluate the effects of such openings on the 830 operation of the general lanes and the HOV lanes. He shall report on the effects of this program. This 831 program will terminate if the Federal Highway Administration requires repayment of any federal 832 highway construction funds because of the program's impact on the HOV facilities in Hampton Roads.

B. In designating any lane or lanes of any highway as HOV lanes, the Board, or local governing 833 834 body as the case may be, shall specify the hour or hours of each day of the week during which the 835 lanes shall be so reserved, and the hour or hours shall be plainly posted at whatever intervals along the lanes the Board or local governing body deems appropriate. Any person driving a motor vehicle in a 836 designated HOV lane in violation of this section shall be guilty of a traffic infraction which shall not be 837 838 a moving violation and on conviction shall be fined \$100. However, violations committed within the 839 boundaries of Planning District Eight shall be punishable as follows:

840 For a first offense, by a fine of \$125;

841 For a second offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$250; 842

For a third offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$500; and

843 For a fourth or subsequent offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of 844 \$1.000.

Upon a conviction under this section, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the Department 845 846 of Motor Vehicles in accordance with § 46.2-383 an abstract of the record of such conviction which 847 shall become a part of the person's driving record. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-492, no 848 driver demerit points shall be assessed for any violation of this section; except that persons convicted of 849 second, third, fourth, or subsequent violations within five years of a first offense committed in Planning 850 District Eight shall be assessed three demerit points for each such violation.

851 C. In the prosecution of an offense, committed in the presence of a law-enforcement officer, of 852 failure to obey a road sign restricting a highway, or portion thereof, to the use of high-occupancy vehicles, proof that the vehicle described in the HOV violation summons was operated in violation of 853 854 this section, together with proof that the defendant was at the time of such violation the registered 855 owner of the vehicle, shall constitute in evidence a rebuttable presumption that such registered owner of the vehicle was the person who committed the violation. Such presumption shall be rebutted if the 856 registered owner of the vehicle testifies in open court under oath that he was not the operator of the 857 858 vehicle at the time of the violation. A summons for a violation of this section may be executed in 859 accordance with § 19.2-76.2. Such rebuttable presumption shall not arise when the registered owner of 860 the vehicle is a rental or leasing company.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 19.2-76, whenever a summons for a violation of this section 861 862 is served in any county, city, or town, it may be executed by mailing by first-class mail a copy thereof to the address of the owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the Department of Motor 863 864 Vehicles. If the summoned person fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons mailed 865 pursuant to this section, the summons shall be executed in the manner set out in § 19.2-76.3.

866 No proceedings for contempt or arrest of a person summoned by mailing shall be instituted for his 867 failure to appear on the return date of the summons.

868 E. Notwithstanding § 33.1-252, high-occupancy vehicles having three or more occupants (HOV-3) 869 may be permitted to use the Omer L. Hirst-Adelard L. Brault Expressway (Dulles Toll Road) without 870 paying a toll.

871 F. Notwithstanding the contrary provisions of this section, the following conditions shall be met 872 before the HOV-2 designation of Interstate Route 66 outside the Capital Beltway can be changed to 873 HOV-3 or any more restrictive designation:

874 1. The Department shall publish a notice of its intent to change the existing designation and also 875 immediately provide similar notice of its intent to all members of the General Assembly representing 876 districts that touch or are directly impacted by traffic on Interstate Route 66. 877

2. The Department shall hold public hearings in the corridor to receive comments from the public.

878 3. The Department shall make a finding of the need for a change in such designation, based on 879 public hearings and its internal data and present this finding to the Commonwealth Transportation Board 880 for approval.

881 4. The Commonwealth Transportation Board shall make written findings and a decision based upon 882 the following criteria: 883

a. Is changing the HOV-2 designation to HOV-3 in the public interest?

884 b. Is there quantitative and qualitative evidence that supports the argument that HOV-3 will facilitate 885 the flow of traffic on Interstate Route 66?

886 c. Is changing the HOV-2 designation beneficial to comply with the federal Clean Air Act 887 Amendments of 1990?

888 G. [Repealed.]

§ 33.1-49. Power and authority of Commonwealth Transportation Board generally.

889 890 The Commonwealth Transportation Board may plan, designate, acquire, open, construct, reconstruct, 891 improve, maintain, discontinue, abandon and regulate the use of the Interstate System in the same 892 manner in which it is now or may be authorized to plan, designate, acquire, open, construct, reconstruct, 893 improve, maintain, discontinue, abandon and regulate the use of the primary system of state highways. 894 The Board may vacate, close or change the location of any street or public way in the manner in which 895 it is now authorized by law to vacate, close or change the location of a highway in the primary system. 896 The Board shall have any and all other authority and power relative to such Interstate System as is 897 vested in it relative to highways in the primary system and shall include the right to acquire by **898** purchase, eminent domain, grant or dedication title to lands or rights-of-way for such interstate highways 899 whether within or without the limits of any city or town, and in addition thereto, shall have such other 900 power, control and jurisdiction necessary to comply with the provisions of the Federal-Aid Highway Act 901 of 1956 and all acts amendatory or supplementary thereto, all other provisions of law to the contrary 902 notwithstanding.

903 Regulations adopted pursuant to this section and § 33.1-12 shall provide that hauling limits for 904 explosive, flammable, or other hazardous cargo shall not apply to the compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, or liquefied propane stored on board a vehicle for the propulsion of that vehicle. 905 906 Restrictions may apply to carried or transported fuel not stored for the propulsion of the vehicle.

907 § 33.1-251. Unlawful for Department of Transportation to permit free passage over certain 908 bridges and ferries; exceptions.

909 Except for those persons exempted from tolls under § 33.1-252 or reimbursed under § 33.1-251.1, it 910 shall be unlawful for the Department of Transportation or any employee thereof to give or permit free 911 passage over any bridge, tunnel or ferry which has been secured through the issuance of revenue bonds 912 and which bonds are payable from the revenues of such project. Every vehicle shall pay the same toll as 913 others similarly situated. Except as provided in § 33.1-252, the provisions hereof shall apply with full 914 force and effect to vehicles and employees of the state government, governments of counties, cities and 915 towns or other political subdivisions, and to vehicles and persons of all other categories and 916 descriptions, public, private, eleemosynary, or otherwise.

#### 917 § 33.1-251.1. Natural gas vehicle toll reimbursement.

918 Upon application to the Department of Transportation on a form prescribed by the Commissioner of Highways, operators of vehicles registered in the Commonwealth that have met the requirements of 919 920 § 46.2-602.4 shall be reimbursed for tolls paid on highways in the Commonwealth. Such applications

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921 may be filed quarterly with evidence provided by the applicant's electronic transponder and such other

922 information as may be required by the Commissioner of Highways. An application for reimbursement
923 must be made within one year of the end of the quarter for which the application is made in order to
924 receive reimbursement.

Reimbursements shall be paid on a first-come, first-served basis, not to exceed a total of \$10 million
in reimbursement per year. If reimbursements for any year are less than \$10 million, the remainder of
funds in the subaccount shall revert to the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to
\$ 46.2-3001.

#### § 46.2-600. Owner to secure registration and certificate of title or certificate of ownership.

930 Except as otherwise provided, for the purposes of this chapter, a moped shall be deemed a motor 931 vehicle.

932 Except as otherwise provided in this chapter every person who owns a motor vehicle, trailer or
933 semitrailer, or his authorized attorney-in-fact, shall, before it is operated on any highway in the
934 Commonwealth, register with the Department and obtain from the Department the registration card and
935 certificate of title for the vehicle. Individuals applying for registration shall provide the Department with
936 the residence address of the owner of the vehicle being registered. A business applying for registration
937 shall provide the Department with the street address of the owner or lessee of the vehicle being
938 registered.

**939** At the time of registration, the owner of the vehicle shall disclose if the vehicle is a natural gas vehicle and subject to the registration requirements of § 46.2-602.4.

941 At the option of the applicant for registration, the address shown on the title and registration card 942 may be either a post office box or the business or residence address of the applicant.

943 Unless he has previously applied for registration and a certificate of title or he is exempted under
944 §§ 46.2-619, 46.2-626.1, 46.2-631, and 46.2-1206, every person residing in the Commonwealth who
945 owns a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, or his duly authorized attorney-in-fact, shall, within 30 days
946 of the purchase or transfer, apply to the Department for a certificate of ownership.

947 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require titling or registration in the Commonwealth of948 any farm tractor or special construction and forestry equipment, as defined in § 46.2-100.

949 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, provided such vehicle is registered and
950 titled elsewhere in the United States, nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require titling or
951 registration in the Commonwealth of any vehicle located in the Commonwealth if that vehicle is
952 registered to a non-Virginia resident active duty military service member, activated reserve or national
953 guard member, or mobilized reserve or national guard member living in Virginia.

### 954 § 46.2-602.4. Registration of natural gas vehicles; titling and registration of converted natural gas 955 vehicles.

956 A. The Department shall require registrants to disclose whether the vehicle is fueled by natural gas.
957 If the vehicle is fueled by natural gas, the registration shall disclose what type of fuel is used, the end-of-life date for gas storage cylinders, and whether the vehicle is converted or an original equipment manufactured vehicle.

960 If the vehicle is a converted natural gas vehicle with previously used gas storage cylinders, the
961 Department shall not register the vehicle unless the cylinders have been inspected as described in
962 subsection B and the registrant is able to present documentation verifying such inspection.

963 When a motor vehicle is converted to be fueled by natural gas or to use natural gas and another
964 fuel type, the person in whose name the vehicle is registered shall within 30 days notify the Department
965 of the conversion or alternative fuel types.

966 B. 1. Upon receipt of an application and such evidence of ownership as required by the 967 Commissioner pursuant to § 46.2-625, the Department shall issue a certificate of title for a converted 968 natural gas vehicle.

969 2. No converted natural gas vehicle shall be registered until the owner submits written 970 documentation to the Department that the converted vehicle is equipped with (i) a retrofitted system that 971 has been certified or approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for the make and model of 972 the vehicle and (ii) cylinders that comply with the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards pursuant to 973 49 C.F.R. § 571.304 and that include proper labeling. If applicable, such documentation shall further 974 provide that previously used cylinders have been inspected by a certified technician capable of verifying 975 the cylinders are in proper working condition and are suitable for continued use. The owner shall 976 provide documentation that the vehicle has passed a Virginia safety inspection. Such certifications shall 977 be on a form approved by the Commissioner and the Superintendent.

978 3. The completion of the certification required by this section shall not impose any liability on the safety inspector for the quality of the conversion process; however, nothing in this section shall be construed so as to relieve the safety inspector of any liability that may be imposed pursuant to Article 21 (§ 46.2-1157 et seq.) of Chapter 10 or under any regulation promulgated pursuant to § 46.2-1165, relating to the safety inspection of the converted natural gas vehicle.

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983 4. The submission of a certification pursuant to this section shall be sufficient documentation to
984 exempt the converted natural gas vehicle for which it is submitted from the emissions inspection
985 program required by Article 22 (§ 46.2-1176 et seq.) of Chapter 10.

986 5. When necessary and upon application, the Department shall issue temporary trip permits in accordance with § 46.2-651 for the purpose of transporting the converted natural gas vehicle to and from an official Virginia safety inspection station.

989 6. No natural gas vehicle that is required to be registered in the Commonwealth shall be operated 990 on the highways of the Commonwealth until it is registered pursuant to this section.

991 The provisions of this subsection need only be satisfied once for each converted natural gas vehicle.

**992** *C.* Any reference in this section to a vehicle fueled by natural gas includes (i) a vehicle fueled by propane and (ii) a bi-fuel vehicle.

**994** D. Nothing in this section shall apply to any vehicle registered under the International Registration **995** Plan.

996 § 46.2-694. (Contingent expiration date) Fees for vehicles designed and used for transportation
 997 of passengers; weights used for computing fees; burden of proof.

A. The annual registration fees for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers designed and used for the transportation of passengers on the highways in the Commonwealth are:

1000 1. Thirty-three dollars for each private passenger car or motor home if the passenger car or motor 1001 home weighs 4,000 pounds or less, provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for 1002 compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a 1003 chauffeur.

1004 2. Thirty-eight dollars for each passenger car or motor home which weighs more than 4,000 pounds,
1005 provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur.

1007 3. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a private motor vehicle other than a motorcycle with a normal seating capacity of more than 10 adults including the driver if the private motor vehicle is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur. In no case shall the fee be less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

1013 4. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a school bus. In no case shall the fee be 1014 less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 1015 pounds.

1016 5. Twenty-three dollars for each trailer or semitrailer designed for use as living quarters for human beings.

6. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.30 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of passengers, operating either intrastate or interstate. Interstate common carriers of interstate passengers may elect to be licensed and pay the fees prescribed in subdivision 7 of this subsection on submission to the Commissioner of a declaration of operations and equipment as he may prescribe. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

1024 7. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, 1025 trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of interstate passengers if election is made to be licensed 1026 under this subsection. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 1027 pounds. In lieu of the foregoing fee of \$0.70 per 100 pounds, a motor carrier of passengers, operating 1028 two or more vehicles both within and outside the Commonwealth and registered for insurance purposes 1029 with the Surface Transportation Board of the United States Department of Transportation, Federal 1030 Highway Administration, may apply to the Commissioner for prorated registration. Upon the filing of 1031 such application, in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe, the Commissioner shall apportion the 1032 registration fees provided in this subsection so that the total registration fees to be paid for such vehicles 1033 of such carrier shall be that proportion of the total fees, if there were no apportionment, that the total 1034 number of miles traveled by such vehicles of such carrier within the Commonwealth bears to the total 1035 number of miles traveled by such vehicles within and outside the Commonwealth. Such total mileage in 1036 each instance is the estimated total mileage to be traveled by such vehicles during the license year for 1037 which such fees are paid, subject to the adjustment in accordance with an audit to be made by 1038 representatives of the Commissioner at the end of such license year, the expense of such audit to be 1039 borne by the carrier being audited. Each vehicle passing into or through Virginia shall be registered and 1040 licensed in Virginia and the annual registration fee to be paid for each such vehicle shall not be less 1041 than \$33. For the purpose of determining such apportioned registration fees, only those motor vehicles, 1042 trailers, or semitrailers operated both within and outside the Commonwealth shall be subject to inclusion 1043 in determining the apportionment provided for herein.

1044 8. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.80 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer 1045 or semitrailer kept or used for rent or for hire or operated under a lease without a chauffeur for the 1046 transportation of passengers. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs more than 1047 4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

1048 9. Twenty-three dollars for a taxicab or other vehicle which is kept for rent or hire operated with a 1049 chauffeur for the transportation of passengers, and which operates or should operate under permits issued 1050 by the Department as required by law. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs 1051 more than 4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

1052 10. Eighteen dollars for a motorcycle, with or without a sidecar. To this fee shall be added a 1053 surcharge of \$3 which shall be distributed as provided in § 46.2-1191.

10a. Fourteen dollars for a moped, to be paid into the state treasury and set aside as a special fund to 1054 1055 be used to meet the expenses of the Department.

1056 11. Twenty-three dollars for a bus used exclusively for transportation to and from church school, for 1057 the purpose of religious instruction, or church, for the purpose of divine worship. If the empty weight of 1058 the vehicle exceeds 4,000 pounds, the fee shall be \$28.

1059 12. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for other passenger-carrying 1060 vehicles.

1061 13. An additional fee of \$4.25 per year shall be charged and collected at the time of registration of 1062 each pickup or panel truck and each motor vehicle under subdivisions 1 through 12 of this subsection. 1063 All funds collected from \$4 of the \$4.25 fee shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be set aside 1064 as a special fund to be used only for emergency medical service purposes. The moneys in the special 1065 emergency medical services fund shall be distributed as follows:

a. Two percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to provide funding to the 1066 Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads to be used solely for the purpose of conducting 1067 1068 volunteer recruitment, retention and training activities;

1069 b. Thirty percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to support (i) emergency 1070 medical services training programs (excluding advanced life support classes); (ii) advanced life support 1071 training; (iii) recruitment and retention programs (all funds for such support shall be used to recruit and 1072 retain volunteer emergency medical services personnel only, including public awareness campaigns, 1073 technical assistance programs, and similar activities); (iv) emergency medical services system 1074 development, initiatives, and priorities based on needs identified by the State Emergency Medical 1075 Services Advisory Board; (v) local, regional, and statewide performance contracts for emergency medical 1076 services to meet the objectives stipulated in § 32.1-111.3; (vi) technology and radio communication 1077 enhancements; and (vii) improved emergency preparedness and response. Any funds set aside for 1078 distribution under this provision and remaining undistributed at the end of any fiscal year shall revert to 1079 the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund; 1080

c. Thirty-two percent shall be distributed to the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

1081 d. Ten percent shall be available to the State Department of Health's Office of Emergency Medical 1082 Services for use in emergency medical services; and

1083 e. Twenty-six percent shall be returned by the Comptroller to the locality wherein such vehicle is 1084 registered, to provide funding for training of volunteer or salaried emergency medical service personnel 1085 of licensed, nonprofit emergency medical services agencies and for the purchase of necessary equipment 1086 and supplies for use in such locality for licensed, nonprofit emergency medical and rescue services.

1087 All revenues generated by the remaining \$0.25 of the \$4.25 fee approved by the 2008 Session of the 1088 General Assembly shall be deposited into the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund and used only to pay for 1089 the costs associated with the certification and recertification training of emergency medical services 1090 personnel.

The Comptroller shall clearly designate on the warrant, check, or other means of transmitting these 1091 1092 funds that such moneys are only to be used for purposes set forth in this subdivision. Such funds shall 1093 be in addition to any local appropriations and local governing bodies shall not use these funds to 1094 supplant local funds. Each local governing body shall report annually to the Board of Health on the use 1095 of the funds returned to it pursuant to this section. In any case in which the local governing body grants 1096 the funds to a regional emergency medical services council to be distributed to the licensed, nonprofit 1097 emergency medical and rescue services, the local governing body shall remain responsible for the proper 1098 use of the funds. If, at the end of any fiscal year, a report on the use of the funds returned to the 1099 locality pursuant to this section for that year has not been received from a local governing body, any 1100 funds due to that local governing body for the next fiscal year shall be retained until such time as the 1101 report has been submitted to the Board.

1102 B. All motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers registered as provided in subsection B of § 46.2-646 1103 shall pay a registration fee equal to one-twelfth of all fees required by subsection A of this section or § 46.2-697 for such motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, computed to the nearest cent, multiplied by the 1104 1105 number of months in the registration period for such motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers.

1106 C. The manufacturer's shipping weight or scale weight shall be used for computing all fees required 1107 by this section to be based upon the weight of the vehicle.

1108 D. The applicant for registration bears the burden of proof that the vehicle for which registration is 1109 sought is entitled by weight, design, and use to be registered at the fee tendered by the applicant to the 1110 Commissioner or to his authorized agent.

E. All fees collected pursuant to subdivisions A 1 through 12 for the registration of a natural gas
vehicle that has met the requirements of § 46.2-602.4 shall be deposited in the Natural Gas Vehicle
Incentive Fund established pursuant to § 46.2-3001, after reimbursement or retention of direct costs
incurred by the Department in administering this registration process.

1115 § 46.2-694. (Contingent effective date) Fees for vehicles designed and used for transportation of 1116 passengers; weights used for computing fees; burden of proof.

1117 A. The annual registration fees for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers designed and used for the 1118 transportation of passengers on the highways in the Commonwealth are:

1119 1. Twenty-three dollars for each private passenger car or motor home if the passenger car or motor 1120 home weighs 4,000 pounds or less, provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for 1121 compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a 1122 chauffeur.

1123 2. Twenty-eight dollars for each passenger car or motor home which weighs more than 4,000 pounds, provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur.

3. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a private motor vehicle other than a motorcycle with a normal seating capacity of more than 10 adults including the driver if the private motor vehicle is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur. In no case shall the fee be less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

4. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a school bus. In no case shall the fee be less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

1135 5. Twenty-three dollars for each trailer or semitrailer designed for use as living quarters for human beings.

6. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.30 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of passengers, operating either intrastate or interstate. Interstate common carriers of interstate passengers may elect to be licensed and pay the fees prescribed in subdivision 7 of this subsection on submission to the Commissioner of a declaration of operations and equipment as he may prescribe. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

1143 7. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, 1144 trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of interstate passengers if election is made to be licensed 1145 under this subsection. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 1146 pounds. In lieu of the foregoing fee of \$0.70 per 100 pounds, a motor carrier of passengers, operating 1147 two or more vehicles both within and outside the Commonwealth and registered for insurance purposes 1148 with the Surface Transportation Board of the United States Department of Transportation, Federal 1149 Highway Administration, may apply to the Commissioner for prorated registration. Upon the filing of 1150 such application, in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe, the Commissioner shall apportion the registration fees provided in this subsection so that the total registration fees to be paid for such vehicles 1151 1152 of such carrier shall be that proportion of the total fees, if there were no apportionment, that the total 1153 number of miles traveled by such vehicles of such carrier within the Commonwealth bears to the total 1154 number of miles traveled by such vehicles within and outside the Commonwealth. Such total mileage in 1155 each instance is the estimated total mileage to be traveled by such vehicles during the license year for 1156 which such fees are paid, subject to the adjustment in accordance with an audit to be made by 1157 representatives of the Commissioner at the end of such license year, the expense of such audit to be 1158 borne by the carrier being audited. Each vehicle passing into or through Virginia shall be registered and 1159 licensed in Virginia and the annual registration fee to be paid for each such vehicle shall not be less 1160 than \$33. For the purpose of determining such apportioned registration fees, only those motor vehicles, 1161 trailers, or semitrailers operated both within and outside the Commonwealth shall be subject to inclusion 1162 in determining the apportionment provided for herein.

1163 8. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.80 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer 1164 or semitrailer kept or used for rent or for hire or operated under a lease without a chauffeur for the 1165 transportation of passengers. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs more than 1166 4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

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9. Twenty-three dollars for a taxicab or other vehicle which is kept for rent or hire operated with a chauffeur for the transportation of passengers, and which operates or should operate under permits issued by the Department as required by law. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

1171 10. Eighteen dollars for a motorcycle, with or without a sidecar. To this fee shall be added a surcharge of \$3 which shall be distributed as provided in § 46.2-1191.

1173 10a. Fourteen dollars for a moped, to be paid into the state treasury and set aside as a special fund to 1174 be used to meet the expenses of the Department.

1175 11. Twenty-three dollars for a bus used exclusively for transportation to and from church school, for1176 the purpose of religious instruction, or church, for the purpose of divine worship. If the empty weight of1177 the vehicle exceeds 4,000 pounds, the fee shall be \$28.

1178 12. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for other passenger-carrying vehicles.

1180 13. An additional fee of \$4.25 per year shall be charged and collected at the time of registration of
1181 each pickup or panel truck and each motor vehicle under subdivisions 1 through 12 of this subsection.
1182 All funds collected from \$4 of the \$4.25 fee shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be set aside
1183 as a special fund to be used only for emergency medical service purposes. The moneys in the special
1184 emergency medical services fund shall be distributed as follows:

a. Two percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to provide funding to the
Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads to be used solely for the purpose of conducting
volunteer recruitment, retention and training activities;

1188 b. Thirty percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to support (i) emergency 1189 medical services training programs (excluding advanced life support classes); (ii) advanced life support 1190 training; (iii) recruitment and retention programs (all funds for such support shall be used to recruit and 1191 retain volunteer emergency medical services personnel only, including public awareness campaigns, technical assistance programs, and similar activities); (iv) emergency medical services system 1192 development, initiatives, and priorities based on needs identified by the State Emergency Medical 1193 1194 Services Advisory Board; (v) local, regional, and statewide performance contracts for emergency medical 1195 services to meet the objectives stipulated in § 32.1-111.3; (vi) technology and radio communication enhancements; and (vii) improved emergency preparedness and response. Any funds set aside for 1196 1197 distribution under this provision and remaining undistributed at the end of any fiscal year shall revert to 1198 the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

c. Thirty-two percent shall be distributed to the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

d. Ten percent shall be available to the State Department of Health's Office of Emergency MedicalServices for use in emergency medical services; and

e. Twenty-six percent shall be returned by the Comptroller to the locality wherein such vehicle is
registered, to provide funding for training of volunteer or salaried emergency medical service personnel
of licensed, nonprofit emergency medical services agencies and for the purchase of necessary equipment
and supplies for use in such locality for licensed, nonprofit emergency medical and rescue services.

All revenues generated by the remaining \$0.25 of the \$4.25 fee approved by the 2008 Session of the General Assembly shall be deposited into the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund and used only to pay for the costs associated with the certification and recertification training of emergency medical services personnel.

1210 The Comptroller shall clearly designate on the warrant, check, or other means of transmitting these funds that such moneys are only to be used for purposes set forth in this subdivision. Such funds shall 1211 1212 be in addition to any local appropriations and local governing bodies shall not use these funds to 1213 supplant local funds. Each local governing body shall report annually to the Board of Health on the use 1214 of the funds returned to it pursuant to this section. In any case in which the local governing body grants 1215 the funds to a regional emergency medical services council to be distributed to the licensed, nonprofit 1216 emergency medical and rescue services, the local governing body shall remain responsible for the proper 1217 use of the funds. If, at the end of any fiscal year, a report on the use of the funds returned to the 1218 locality pursuant to this section for that year has not been received from a local governing body, any funds due to that local governing body for the next fiscal year shall be retained until such time as the 1219 1220 report has been submitted to the Board.

B. All motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers registered as provided in subsection B of § 46.2-646
shall pay a registration fee equal to one-twelfth of all fees required by subsection A of this section or
§ 46.2-697 for such motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, computed to the nearest cent, multiplied by the
number of months in the registration period for such motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers.

1225 C. The manufacturer's shipping weight or scale weight shall be used for computing all fees required 1226 by this section to be based upon the weight of the vehicle.

1227 D. The applicant for registration bears the burden of proof that the vehicle for which registration is 1228 sought is entitled by weight, design, and use to be registered at the fee tendered by the applicant to the

1229 Commissioner or to his authorized agent.

1230 E. All fees collected pursuant to subdivisions A 1 through 12 for the registration of a natural gas 1231 vehicle registered pursuant to § 46.2-602.4 shall be deposited in the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund 1232 established pursuant to § 46.2-3001, after reimbursement or retention of direct costs incurred by the 1233 Department in administering this registration process.

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§ 46.2-749.3. Special license plates for clean special fuel vehicles and natural gas vehicles. 1235 A. The owner of any motor vehicle, except a motorcycle, that may utilize clean special fuel may 1236 purchase special license plates indicating the motor vehicle utilizes clean special fuels or natural gas. 1237 Upon receipt of an application, the Commissioner shall issue special license plates to the owners of such 1238 vehicles.

1239 As used in this section, "clean special fuel" means any product or energy source used to propel a 1240 highway vehicle, the use of which, compared to conventional gasoline or reformulated gasoline, results 1241 in lower emissions of oxides of nitrogen, volatile organic compounds, carbon monoxide or particulates 1242 or any combination thereof. The term includes compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, liquefied 1243 petroleum gas, *liquefied propane*, hydrogen, hythane (a combination of compressed natural gas and 1244 hydrogen), and electricity.

1245 On and after July 1, 2006, *clean special fuel* license plates provided for in this section shall be 1246 issued with a new design distinctively different from the design of license plates issued to owners of 1247 vehicles that qualify for license plates under this section whose applications are received by the 1248 Department prior to July 1, 2006, hereinafter referred to as "the FY 2007 design." The distinctively 1249 different design shall be developed by the Department in consultation with the Department of State 1250 Police.

1251 On and after July 1, 2011, *clean special fuel* license plates provided for in this section shall be 1252 issued with a new design distinctively different from the design of license plates issued to owners of 1253 vehicles that qualify for license plates under this section whose applications are received by the 1254 Department prior to July 1, 2011 (hereinafter referred to as the FY 2012 design). The distinctively 1255 different design shall be developed by the Department in consultation with the Department of State 1256 Police. Thereafter, only "the FY 2012 design" plate shall be issued to owners of vehicles that qualify for 1257 license plates under this section.

1258 On and after July 1, 2014, natural gas vehicle license plates provided for in this section shall be 1259 issued to owners of vehicles that have met the registration requirements of § 46.2-602.4 as provided in 1260 subsection C. The design shall be developed by the Department and the cost of such plates to the owner 1261 shall be not more than the cost of the plate and its development by the Department.

1262 1. For the purposes of subdivision A 6 of § 33.1-46.2, on HOV lanes serving the I-95/395 corridor 1263 that are not HOT lanes, only vehicles (i) registered with and displaying *clean* special *fuel* license plates 1264 issued under this section prior to July 1, 2006, or (ii) that have met the registration requirements of 1265 § 46.2-602.4 and that display natural gas vehicle license plates issued under this section shall be treated 1266 as vehicles displaying special license plates issued under this section.

1267 2. For the purposes of subdivision A 6 of § 33.1-46.2, on HOV lanes serving the Interstate Route 66 1268 corridor, only vehicles (i) registered with and displaying *clean* special *fuel* license plates issued under 1269 this section prior to July 1, 2011, or (ii) that have met the registration requirements of § 46.2-602.4 and 1270 that display natural gas vehicle license plates issued under this section shall be treated as vehicles 1271 displaying special license plates issued under this section.

1272 3. The Commissioner of Highways shall provide annually to the Chairmen of the Senate and House 1273 of Delegates Committees on Transportation traffic volumes on the HOV facilities that result in a 1274 degraded condition as identified in SAFETEA-LU or other applicable federal law and reported to the 1275 Federal Highway Administration. This report shall be used by the Chairmen of their respective 1276 committees to recommend further restriction on use of HOV facilities by clean special fuel vehicles.

1277 4. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, in consultation with the Motor Vehicle 1278 Dealer Board, shall develop procedures to ensure that all potential purchasers of clean special fuel 1279 vehicles receive adequate notice of the benefits, risks and timelines required for the issuance of clean 1280 special fuel vehicle license plates and natural gas vehicle license plates.

1281 B. With the exception of plates issued to government-use vehicles, the annual fee for *clean special* 1282 *fuel* plates issued pursuant to this section shall be \$25 in addition to the prescribed fee for state license 1283 plates. For each such \$25 fee collected in excess of 1,000 registrations pursuant to this section, \$151284 \$7.50 shall be paid to the State Treasury state treasury and credited to a special nonreverting fund 1285 known as the HOV Enforcement Fund, established within the Department of Accounts, for use by the 1286 Virginia State Police for enhanced HOV enforcement, and \$7.50 shall be paid to the state treasury and 1287 credited to the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to § 46.2-3001. The fee for 1288 *clean special fuel* plates issued pursuant to this section to government-use vehicles shall be as prescribed 1289 in subsection A of § 46.2-750.

1290 C. Owners of pickup or panel trucks, tractor trucks, and tow trucks that have met the registration 1291 requirements of § 46.2-602.4 may apply to the Department for natural gas vehicle license plates on a

1292 form prescribed by the Department.

#### 1293 § 46.2-1129.2. Further extension of weight limits for vehicles fueled by natural gas.

1294 Any motor vehicle that is fueled, wholly or partially, by natural gas or propane shall be allowed up 1295 to an additional 2,000 pounds total in gross, single axle, tandem axle, or bridge formula weight limits.

1296 To be eligible for this exception, the operator of the vehicle must be able to demonstrate that the 1297 vehicle is a natural gas vehicle, a bi-fuel vehicle using natural gas, a vehicle using propane, or a 1298 vehicle that has been converted to a natural gas vehicle.

1299 The extension of weight authorized under this section shall not be valid for the operation of any 1300 vehicle on an interstate highway if the vehicle has:

1301 1. A single axle weight in excess of 20,000 pounds;

1302 2. A tandem axle weight in excess of 34,000 pounds;

1303 3. A gross weight, based on axle spacing, greater than that permitted in § 46.2-1127; or

1304 4. A gross weight, regardless of axle spacing, in excess of 80,000 pounds.

#### 1305 § 46.2-1130. Crossing bridge or culvert by vehicle heavier than allowed; where weight signs to 1306 be erected.

1307 No vehicle shall cross any bridge or culvert in the Commonwealth if the gross weight of such 1308 vehicle is greater than the amount posted for the bridge or culvert as its carrying capacity.

1309 Signs stating the carrying capacity shall be erected and maintained near each end of the bridge or 1310 culvert on the approaches to such bridge or culvert. Whenever the weight capacity of any structure on 1311 the interstate or primary system is reduced below the weight limit permitted on the road of which it is a part, a sign indicating that there is a restricted structure shall be placed in advance of the last alternate route on the road upon which there is a restricted structure. Whenever the weight capacity of any 1312 1313 1314 structure is reduced below the weight limit permitted on the road of which it is a part, a sign indicating 1315 that there is a restricted structure, shall be placed in advance of the last alternate route on the road upon 1316 which there is a restricted structure.

1317 The weight capacity of any structure shall apply to fuel carried on board a vehicle but shall not 1318 apply to fuel on board a liquefied natural gas vehicle, a compressed natural gas vehicle, or a vehicle 1319 using propane that is necessary for the propulsion of such vehicle. 1320

## CHAPTER 30.

## NATURAL GAS VEHICLE INCENTIVE FUND AND PROGRAM.

## § 46.2-3000. Definitions.

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As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1324 "Fund" means the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to § 46.2-3001.

1325 "Grant" means a grant issued pursuant to the Access to Natural Gas Grant Program or the Natural 1326 Gas Vehicle Grant Program.

1327 "Incremental cost" means the capital cost of an applicant's project less a baseline cost that would otherwise be incurred by an applicant in the normal course of a project involving conventional fuels. 1328 1329

"Natural gas fueling stations" includes fueling stations that dispense liquefied propane.

"Natural gas vehicles" includes bi-fuel and propane vehicles.

# § 46.2-3001. Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund.

1332 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Natural 1333 Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund. The Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller. Any 1334 moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall 1335 be made by the State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by 1336 the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles or the Director of the Department of Mines, 1337 1338 Minerals and Energy.

1339 Funds for the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund shall be paid into the state treasury and credited 1340 to the Fund and shall include, in addition to all funds appropriated by the General Assembly, such as funds provided under the state portion of the federal Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality 1341 Improvement (CMAQ) program and any grants, donations, gifts, or bequests, the following: 1342

1343 1. Five percent of the amount allocated pursuant to subsection B of  $\S$  33.1-23.1;

2. Revenues collected pursuant to subsection E of § 46.2-694;

1345 3. The designated 50 percent of fees collected pursuant to subsection B of § 46.2-749.3 until June 1346 30, 2017;

1347 4. An annual allocation of \$300,000 pursuant to § 58.1-2665;

- 1348 5. Revenues collected pursuant to subsection C of § 58.1-2905; and
- 1349 6. Revenue from taxes as provided in § 58.1-3713.4.
- 1350 Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the purposes of (i) reimbursement of tolls pursuant to
- § 33.1-251.1; (ii) grants under the Access to Natural Gas Grant Program pursuant to § 46.2-3002; and 1351

(iii) grants under the Natural Gas Vehicle Grant Program established pursuant to § 46.2-3003. 1352 1353 Annually, \$10 million shall be allocated from the Fund into a subaccount for the reimbursement of tolls 1354 pursuant to clause (i). After such \$10 million is allocated, then 50 percent of the Fund may annually be 1355 used to fund grants pursuant to clause (ii), and the remaining 50 percent of the Fund may annually be 1356 used to fund grants pursuant to clause (iii).

#### 1357 § 46.2-3002. Access to Natural Gas Grant Program.

1358 A. Beginning January 1, 2015, but not later than December 31, 2019, any person that, for the 1359 purposes of allowing the public to refuel natural gas vehicles within three miles of an interstate 1360 highway, (i) constructs a new natural gas fueling station, (ii) adds natural gas fueling capacity to an 1361 existing conventional fueling station, or (iii) converts an existing conventional fueling station into a 1362 natural gas fueling station may compete for a grant pursuant to this section by applying to the Department. To be eligible for a grant under the program, an applicant shall agree to make the refueling facility available to persons not associated with the person at times designated by the grant 1363 1364 1365 agreement. A recipient of a grant under this chapter is not eligible to receive a second grant under this 1366 chapter for the same facility. A recipient of a grant under this chapter shall use the grant only to pay 1367 the costs of the facility for which the grant is made. The recipient may not use the grant to pay the 1368 recipient's administrative expenses.

1369 B. Grants shall be in an amount not to exceed the lesser of 50 percent of incremental costs of the 1370 refueling facility or (i) \$100,000 if the refueling station is a compressed natural gas station, (ii) 1371 \$250,000 if the refueling station is a liquefied natural gas station, or (iii) \$400,000 if the refueling 1372 station is both a compressed and liquefied natural gas station.

C. The Department shall develop guidelines setting forth the general requirements of qualifying and 1373 1374 applying for a grant. Such guidelines shall establish criteria under which grants are awarded to 1375 applicants on a competitive basis, shall provide that decisions awarding grants shall be made annually, 1376 and shall give priority in awarding grants to those applicants that are expected to provide the greatest 1377 capacity to meet existing or future demand for public access to natural gas refueling, including reducing 1378 the distance between refueling facilities along routes with the greatest projected need for such facilities, 1379 relative to the cost of the grant. 1380

### § 46.2-3003. Natural Gas Vehicle Grant Program.

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A. Beginning January 1, 2015, but not later than December 31, 2019, any person that:

1382 1. Converts a vehicle to a natural gas vehicle, and registers such vehicle as described in 1383 § 46.2-602.4, may apply for a grant from the Fund. Such grant shall be in an amount equal to 50 1384 percent of the conversion cost, not to exceed \$25,000 per vehicle. No more than five grants pursuant to 1385 this subsection shall be awarded per person per year. Grant applications pursuant to this subsection 1386 must be received within one year of the conversion.

1387 2. Purchases a new OEM natural gas vehicle may apply for a grant from the Fund. Such grant shall 1388 be in an amount equal to 50 percent of the incremental cost of purchasing such new vehicle, not to exceed \$25,000 per vehicle. No more than \$250,000 in grants pursuant to this subsection shall be 1389 1390 awarded per person per year. Grant applications pursuant to this subsection must be received within one year of the purchase of the OEM natural gas vehicle. 1391

1392 B. Persons shall apply to the Department for a grant pursuant to this section. Grants shall be issued 1393 in the order that each completed eligible application is received. In the event that the amount of eligible 1394 grants requested in a fiscal year exceeds the funds available in the Fund, such grants shall be paid in 1395 the next fiscal year in which funds are available. Conversions or purchases must be completed by 1396 December 31, 2019, and applications must be received by December 31, 2020.

1397 C. The Department shall develop guidelines setting forth the general requirements of qualifying for a 1398 grant. 1399

## § 46.2-3004. Public may purchase natural gas from state fuel network.

1400 Any private individual or entity that is not acting under the authority of a federal, state, or local 1401 government agency and is not purchasing compressed natural gas from the state's fuel network for sale, 1402 resale, distribution, redistribution, trade, exchange, or in furtherance of a commercial enterprise may 1403 purchase compressed natural gas from the state's fuel network.

1404 The Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy shall promulgate regulations providing that state 1405 and local agencies may (i) restrict the purchase by private individuals or entities in case of an 1406 emergency that warrants holding compressed natural gas in reserve for use by state or emergency 1407 vehicles, (ii) be given priority to dispense and receive compressed natural gas from the state's fuel 1408 network sites, (iii) limit the amount of compressed natural gas that may be purchased from the state's 1409 fuel network by any private individual or entity at any one time or in the aggregate during a given 1410 period of time, and (iv) stipulate conditions upon which a private individual or entity's authorization to 1411 purchase compressed natural gas from the state fuel network may be granted, revoked, or suspended 1412 under this section.

#### § 56-1. Definitions. 1413

1414 Whenever used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1415 "Broadband connection," for purposes of this section, means a connection where transmission speeds 1416 exceed 200 kilobits per second in at least one direction.

"Commission" means the State Corporation Commission. 1417

"Compressed natural gas fueling service" means the replenishment of the compressed natural gas 1418 1419 storage tank of a motor vehicle, locomotive, ship, boat, or other transportation device fueled by 1420 compressed natural gas.

1421 "Corporation" or "company" includes all corporations created by acts of the General Assembly of 1422 Virginia, or under the general incorporation laws of this Commonwealth, or doing business therein, and 1423 shall exclude all municipal corporations, other political subdivisions, and public institutions owned or 1424 controlled by the Commonwealth.

1425 "Electric vehicle charging service" means the replenishment of the battery of a plug-in electric motor 1426 vehicle, which replenishment occurs by plugging the motor vehicle into an electric power source in order to charge or recharge its battery. 1427

1428 "Interexchange telephone service" means telephone service between points in two or more exchanges 1429 that is not classified as local exchange telephone service. "Interexchange telephone service" shall not 1430 include Voice-over-Internet protocol service for purposes of regulation by the Commission, including the 1431 imposition of certification processing fees and other administrative requirements, and the filing or 1432 approval of tariffs. Nothing herein shall be construed to either mandate or prohibit the payment of 1433 switched network access rates or other intercarrier compensation, if any, related to Voice-over-Internet 1434 protocol service.

"Liquefied natural gas fueling service" means the replenishment of the liquefied natural gas or 1435 1436 propane storage tank of a motor vehicle, locomotive, ship, boat, or other transportation device fueled by liquefied natural gas. 1437

1438 "Liquefied propane fueling service" means the replenishment of the liquefied propane or propane storage tank of a motor vehicle, locomotive, ship, boat, or other transportation device fueled by 1439 1440 liquefied propane.

1441 "Local exchange telephone service" means telephone service provided in a geographical area 1442 established for the administration of communication services and consists of one or more central offices 1443 together with associated facilities which are used in providing local exchange service. Local exchange 1444 service, as opposed to interexchange service, consists of telecommunications between points within an 1445 exchange or between exchanges which are within an area where customers may call at specified rates and charges. "Local exchange telephone service" shall not include Voice-over-Internet protocol service 1446 1447 for purposes of regulation by the Commission, including the imposition of certification processing fees 1448 and other administrative requirements, and the filing or approval of tariffs. Nothing herein shall be 1449 construed to either mandate or prohibit the payment of switched network access rates or other 1450 intercarrier compensation, if any, related to Voice-over-Internet protocol service.

1451 "Mail" includes electronic mail and other forms of electronic communication when the customer has 1452 requested or authorized electronic bill delivery or other electronic communications.

"Municipality" or "municipal corporation" shall include an authority created by a governmental unit 1453 1454 exempt from the referendum requirement of § 15.2-5403. 1455

"Person" includes individuals, partnerships, limited liability companies, and corporations.

1456 "Plug-in electric motor vehicle" means an on-road motor vehicle that draws propulsion using a 1457 traction battery that has at least four kilowatt hours of capacity, uses an external source of electric 1458 energy to charge or recharge the battery, has a gross vehicle weight of not more than 14,000 pounds, 1459 and meets any applicable emissions standards.

1460 "Public service corporation" or "public service company" includes gas, pipeline, electric light, heat, 1461 power and water supply companies, sewer companies, telephone companies, and all persons authorized 1462 to transport passengers or property as a common carrier. "Public service corporation" or "public service 1463 company" shall not include (i) a municipal corporation, other political subdivision or public institution owned or controlled by the Commonwealth; however, if such an entity has obtained a certificate to 1464 1465 provide services pursuant to § 56-265.4:4, then such entity shall be deemed to be a public service 1466 corporation or public service company and subject to the authority of the Commission with respect only 1467 to its provision of the services it is authorized to provide pursuant to such certificate; or (ii) any 1468 company described in subdivision (b)(10) of § 56-265.1.

1469 "Railroad" includes all railroad or railway lines, whether operated by steam, electricity, or other 1470 motive power, except when otherwise specifically designated.

"Railroad company" includes any company, trustee or other person owning, leasing or operating a 1471 1472 railroad.

"Rate" means rate charged for any service rendered or to be rendered. 1473

1474 "Rate," "charge" and "regulation" include joint rates, joint charges and joint regulations, respectively.

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1475 "Regulated operating revenue" includes only revenue from services not found to be competitive.

1476 "Transportation company" includes any railroad company, any company transporting express by 1477 railroad, and any ship or boat company.

1478 "Virginia limited liability company" means (i) any limited liability company organized under Chapter 1479 12 (§ 13.1-1000 et seq.) of Title 13.1, (ii) any entity that has become a limited liability company 1480 pursuant to Article 12.2 (§ 13.1-722.8 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 13.1 or pursuant to conversion or 1481 domestication under Chapter 12 (§ 13.1-1000 et seq.) of Title 13.1, or (iii) any foreign limited liability 1482 company that is organized or is domesticated by filing articles of organization that meet the 1483 requirements of §§ 13.1-1003 and 13.1-1011 and include (a) the name of the foreign limited liability 1484 company immediately prior to the filing of the articles of organization; (b) the date on which and the 1485 jurisdiction in which the foreign limited liability company was first formed, organized, created or 1486 otherwise came into being; and (c) the jurisdiction that constituted the seat, siege social, or principal 1487 place of business or central administration of the foreign limited liability company, or any equivalent 1488 thereto under applicable law, immediately prior to the filing of the articles of organization. With respect 1489 to an organization or domestication pursuant to clause (iii), the terms and conditions of a domestication 1490 shall be approved in the manner provided for by the document, instrument, agreement or other writing, 1491 as the case may be, governing the internal affairs of the foreign limited liability company in the conduct 1492 of its business or by applicable law other than the law of the Commonwealth, as appropriate, and the 1493 provisions governing the status, powers, obligations, and choice of law applicable under § 13.1-1010.3 1494 shall apply to any limited liability company so domesticated or organized.

1495 "Voice-over-Internet protocol service" or "VoIP service" means any service that: (i) enables real-time, 1496 two-way voice communications that originate or terminate from the user's location using Internet 1497 protocol or any successor protocol and (ii) uses a broadband connection from the user's location. This 1498 definition includes any such service that permits users generally to receive calls that originate on the 1499 public switched telephone network and to terminate calls to the public switched telephone network. 1500

## § 56-1.2. Persons not designated as public utility, public service corporation, etc.

1501 The terms public utility, public service corporation, or public service company, as used in Chapters 1 1502 (§ 56-1 et seq.), 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), 10.1 (§ 56-265.1 et seq.), and 10.2:1 (§ 56-265.13:1 et seq.) of 1503 this title, shall not refer to:

1504 1. Any person who owns or operates property and provides electricity, natural gas, water, or sewer 1505 service to residents or tenants on the property, provided that (i) the electricity, natural gas, water or 1506 sewer service provided to the residents or tenants is purchased by the person from a public utility, 1507 public service corporation, public service company, or person licensed by the Commission as a 1508 competitive provider of energy services, or a county, city or town, or other publicly regulated political 1509 subdivision or public body, (ii) the person or his agent charges to the resident or tenant on the property 1510 only that portion of the person's utility charges for the electricity, natural gas, water, or sewer service 1511 which is attributable to usage by the resident or tenant on the property, and additional service charges 1512 permitted by § 55-226.2, and (iii) the person maintains three years' billing records for such charges; or

1513 2. Any person who is not a public service corporation and who provides electric vehicle charging 1514 service at retail. The ownership or operation of a facility at which electric vehicle charging service is 1515 sold, and the selling of electric vehicle charging service from that facility, does not render the person a public utility, public service corporation, or public service company as used in Chapters 1 (§ 56-1 et 1516 1517 seq.), 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), 10.1 (§ 56-265.1 et seq.), and 10.2:1 (§ 56-265.13:1 et seq.) solely because 1518 of that sale, ownership, or operation; or

1519 3. Any person who is not a public service corporation and who provides retail compressed natural 1520 gas fueling service, liquefied natural gas fueling service, or liquefied propane fueling service. The 1521 ownership or operation of a facility at which compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, or liquefied 1522 propane is sold, and the selling of compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, or liquefied propane 1523 for the purpose of fueling a motor vehicle, locomotive, ship, boat, or other transportation device from 1524 that facility, does not render the person a public utility, public service corporation, or public service 1525 company as used in Chapters 1 (§ 56-1 et seq.), 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), 10.1 (§ 56-265.1 et seq.), and 1526 10.2:1 (§ 56-265.13:1 et seq.) solely because of that sale, ownership, or operation.

1527 § 56-1.2:2. Retail sale of compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, or liquefied propane in 1528 connection with the provision of compressed or liquefied natural gas fueling service or liquefied 1529 propane fueling service.

1530 A. The provision of compressed natural gas fueling service, liquefied natural gas fueling service, or 1531 liquefied propane fueling service by a person who is not a public utility, public service corporation, or 1532 public service company shall not constitute the retail sale of electricity if the compressed natural gas, 1533 liquefied natural gas, or liquefied propane furnished in connection with the provision of compressed 1534 natural gas fueling service, liquefied natural gas fueling service, or liquefied propane fueling service is 1535 used solely for transportation purposes.

1536 B. The provision of compressed natural gas fueling service, liquefied natural gas fueling service, or 1537 liquefied propane fueling service shall:

1538 1. Be a permitted natural gas utility activity of a certificated natural gas utility; and 1539

2. Not affect the status as a public utility of a certificated public utility that provides such service.

1540 § 56-232.2. Regulation of natural gas service fueling service.

1541 The Commission may refrain from regulating and prescribing shall not regulate or prescribe the 1542 rates, charges, and fees for the provision of retail compressed natural gas *fueling* service or retail 1543 liquefied natural gas fueling service provided by corporations persons other than public service corporations. Wholesale compressed natural gas sales provided by public service corporations shall 1544 1545 continue to be regulated by the Commission to the same extent as are services provided by other public 1546 utilities under this chapter. The Commission may adopt regulations implementing this statute. 1547

§ 56-235.11. Compressed natural gas vehicle home fueling appliances; loan programs.

A. As used in this section:

1549 "CNG home fueling appliance" means an appliance for fueling compressed natural gas cylinders in 1550 motor vehicles that connects to a customer's household gas meter and permits the fueling of the motor 1551 vehicle at the customer's residence.

1552 "CNG home fueling appliance loan program" means a program under which a utility provides a 1553 subsidy and other assistance to incentivize participating residential customers to lease a CNG home 1554 fueling appliance from the utility.

1555 "Residential customer" means a retail customer that purchases natural gas for consumption at a 1556 single-family or multifamily residential dwelling owned by such retail customer. 1557

"Utility" means a public utility authorized to furnish natural gas service in Virginia.

B. Any utility may apply to the Commission for approval to establish a CNG home fueling appliance 1558 1559 loan program. Upon approval of its application, the utility shall be authorized to offer to its residential customers the option to lease a CNG home fueling appliance from the utility in accordance with the 1560 terms of the program, subject to the limits on the size of the program as provided in this section. 1561 1562

C. The Commission shall approve such application if the applicant utility demonstrates that:

1563 1. The monthly payments under the lease (i) cover the costs of installation and maintenance of the 1564 CNG home fueling appliance and (ii) are fixed at an amount that reflects the utility's subsidization of 1565 the lease to the end that the customer's lease payments under the program are less than the amount that 1566 the customer would reasonably be expected to pay, either as lease payments or as installment payments if the appliance were to be purchased, without the utility's subsidy, which subsidy amount shall be 1567 1568 approved by the Commission and consistent with the requirements of subsection E;

1569 2. The conditions for participation in the program are reasonable and include requirements that the participating residential customer be a customer of the utility, meet specified credit requirements 1570 1571 approved as reasonable by the Commission, and agree to the terms of a standard lease agreement that 1572 has been approved as reasonable by the Commission;

1573 3. The lease payments shall be billed on the residential customer's natural gas utility billing 1574 statement as a separate line item, and the lease payments shall not include the cost of the natural gas 1575 consumed;

1576 4. The utility shall have the right to disconnect and remove the CNG home fueling appliance for 1577 nonpayment of monthly lease payments, but shall not disconnect the customer's residential natural gas 1578 service solely as a result of the customer's nonpayment of monthly lease payments; and

5. The utility shall offer to its residential customers the option of participating in the CNG home 1579 fueling appliance loan program on a nondiscriminatory, first-come, first-served basis, subject to (i) 1580 1581 limitations on the size of the program established by the Commission as provided in subsection D and 1582 (ii) the option of the utility not to lease a CNG home fueling appliance to a residential customer if the 1583 cost of installing the appliance at the customer's residence, including electric and natural gas 1584 connections and structural alterations, exceeds \$2,000.

1585 D. The Commission shall adopt regulations establishing limits on the size of the program. The limits 1586 established by the Commission shall ensure that the number of leases in effect at any one time within 1587 the utility's service territory does not exceed 500 or such larger number that the Commission finds may 1588 be entered into without increasing the risk that one class of customers will be subsidized by another 1589 class of customers.

1590 E. The utility's subsidization of the lease payments by residential customers participating in the 1591 program shall not be so large as to require an increase in the rates for natural gas service for any 1592 class of the utility's customers.

1593 F. The Commission is authorized to adopt rules or regulations that ensure that a utility's CNG home 1594 fueling appliance loan program is consistent with the public interest.

#### 1595 § 56-265.1. Definitions.

1596 In this chapter the following terms shall have the following meanings:

1597 (a) "Company" means a corporation, a limited liability company, an individual, a partnership, an 1598 association, a joint-stock company, a business trust, a cooperative, or an organized group of persons, 1599 whether incorporated or not; or any receiver, trustee or other liquidating agent of any of the foregoing in 1600 his capacity as such; but not a municipal corporation or a county, unless such municipal corporation or 1601 county has obtained a certificate pursuant to § 56-265.4:4.

1602 (b) "Public utility" means any company which owns or operates facilities within the Commonwealth 1603 of Virginia for the generation, transmission or distribution of electric energy for sale, for the production, 1604 storage, transmission, or distribution, otherwise than in enclosed portable containers, of natural or 1605 manufactured gas or geothermal resources for sale for heat, light or power, or for the furnishing of 1606 telephone service, sewerage facilities or water; however, the term "public utility" shall not include any 1607 of the following:

1608 (1) Except as otherwise provided in § 56-265.3:1, any company furnishing sewerage facilities, geothermal resources or water to less than 50 customers. Any company furnishing water or sewer 1609 services to 10 or more customers and excluded by this subdivision from the definition of "public utility" 1610 1611 for purposes of this chapter nevertheless shall not abandon the water or sewer services unless and until 1612 approval is granted by the Commission or all the customers receiving such services agree to accept 1613 ownership of the company. 1614

(2) Any company generating and distributing electric energy exclusively for its own consumption.

1615 (3) Any company (A) which furnishes electric service together with heating and cooling services, 1616 generated at a central plant installed on the premises to be served, to the tenants of a building or 1617 buildings located on a single tract of land undivided by any publicly maintained highway, street or road 1618 at the time of installation of the central plant, and (B) which does not charge separately or by meter for 1619 electric energy used by any tenant except as part of a rental charge. Any company excluded by this subdivision from the definition of "public utility" for the purposes of this chapter nevertheless shall, 1620 within 30 days following the issuance of a building permit, notify the State Corporation Commission in 1621 1622 writing of the ownership, capacity and location of such central plant, and it shall be subject, with regard 1623 to the quality of electric service furnished, to the provisions of Chapters 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) and 17 1624 (§ 56-509 et seq.) of this title and regulations thereunder and be deemed a public utility for such 1625 purposes, if such company furnishes such service to 100 or more lessees.

1626 (4) Any company, or affiliate thereof, making a first or direct sale, or ancillary transmission or 1627 delivery service, of natural or manufactured gas to fewer than 35 commercial or industrial customers, 1628 which are not themselves "public utilities" as defined in this chapter, or to certain public schools as 1629 indicated in this subdivision, for use solely by such purchasing customers at facilities which are not 1630 located in a territory for which a certificate to provide gas service has been issued by the Commission 1631 under this chapter and which, at the time of the Commission's receipt of the notice provided under 1632 § 56-265.4:5, are not located within any area, territory, or jurisdiction served by a municipal corporation 1633 that provided gas distribution service as of January 1, 1992, provided that such company shall comply 1634 with the provisions of § 56-265.4:5. Direct sales or ancillary transmission or delivery services of natural 1635 gas to public schools in the following localities may be made without regard to the number of schools involved and shall not count against the "fewer than 35" requirement in this subdivision: the Counties of 1636 Dickenson, Wise, Russell, and Buchanan, and the City of Norton. 1637

1638 (5) Any company which that is not a public service corporation and which that provides compressed 1639 natural gas *fueling* service or *liquefied natural gas fueling service* at retail for the public.

1640 (6) Any company selling landfill gas from a solid waste management facility permitted by the 1641 Department of Environmental Quality to a public utility certificated by the Commission to provide gas 1642 distribution service to the public in the area in which the solid waste management facility is located. If 1643 such company submits to the public utility a written offer for sale of such gas and the public utility 1644 does not agree within 60 days to purchase such gas on mutually satisfactory terms, then the company 1645 may sell such gas to (i) any facility owned and operated by the Commonwealth which is located within 1646 three miles of the solid waste management facility or (ii) any purchaser after such landfill gas has been 1647 liquefied. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the City of Lynchburg or Fairfax County.

1648 (7) Any authority created pursuant to the Virginia Water and Waste Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5100 et 1649 seq.) making a sale or ancillary transmission or delivery service of landfill gas to a commercial or industrial customer from a solid waste management facility permitted by the Department of 1650 1651 Environmental Quality and operated by that same authority, if such an authority limits off-premises sale, 1652 transmission or delivery service of landfill gas to no more than one purchaser. The authority may 1653 contract with other persons for the construction and operation of facilities necessary or convenient to the 1654 sale, transmission or delivery of landfill gas, and no such person shall be deemed a public utility solely 1655 by reason of its construction or operation of such facilities. If the purchaser of the landfill gas is located 1656 within the certificated service territory of a natural gas public utility, the public utility may file for 1657 Commission approval a proposed tariff to reflect any anticipated or known changes in service to the purchaser as a result of the use of landfill gas. No such tariff shall impose on the purchaser of the 1658

1659 landfill gas terms less favorable than similarly situated customers with alternative fuel capabilities; 1660 provided, however, that such tariff may impose such requirements as are reasonably calculated to 1661 recover the cost of such service and to protect and ensure the safety and integrity of the public utility's 1662 facilities.

(8) A company selling or delivering only landfill gas, electricity generated from only landfill gas, or 1663 1664 both, that is derived from a solid waste management facility permitted by the Department of Environmental Quality and sold or delivered from any such facility to not more than three commercial 1665 or industrial purchasers or to a natural gas or electric public utility, municipal corporation or county as 1666 authorized by this section. If a purchaser of the landfill gas is located within the certificated service 1667 territory of a natural gas public utility or within an area in which a municipal corporation provides gas 1668 distribution service and the landfill gas is to be used in facilities constructed after January 1, 2000, such 1669 company shall submit to such public utility or municipal corporation a written offer for sale of that gas 1670 1671 prior to offering the gas for sale or delivery to a commercial or industrial purchaser. If the public utility 1672 or municipal corporation does not agree within 60 days following the date of the offer to purchase such 1673 landfill gas on mutually satisfactory terms, then the company shall be authorized to sell such landfill 1674 gas, electricity, or both, to the commercial or industrial purchaser, utility, municipal corporation, or 1675 county. Such public utility may file for Commission approval a proposed tariff to reflect any anticipated or known changes in service to the purchaser as a result of the purchaser's use of the landfill gas. No 1676 1677 such tariff shall impose on such purchaser of the landfill gas terms less favorable than those imposed on 1678 similarly situated customers with alternative fuel capabilities; provided, however, that such tariff may 1679 impose such requirements as are reasonably calculated to recover any cost of such service and to protect 1680 and ensure the safety and integrity of the public utility's facilities.

(9) A company that is not organized as a public service company pursuant to subsection D of 1681 § 13.1-620 and that sells and delivers propane air only to one or more public utilities. Any company excluded by this subdivision from the definition of "public utility" for the purposes of this chapter 1682 1683 nevertheless shall be subject to the Commission's jurisdiction relating to gas pipeline safety and 1684 1685 enforcement.

1686 (10) A farm or aggregation of farms that owns and operates facilities within the Commonwealth for the generation of electric energy from waste-to-energy technology. As used in this subdivision, (i) 1687 1688 "farm" means any person that obtains at least 51 percent of its annual gross income from agricultural 1689 operations and produces the agricultural waste used as feedstock for the waste-to-energy technology, (ii) "agricultural waste" means biomass waste materials capable of decomposition that are produced from the 1690 1691 raising of plants and animals during agricultural operations, including animal manures, bedding, plant stalks, hulls, and vegetable matter, and (iii) "waste-to-energy technology" means any technology, 1692 1693 including but not limited to a methane digester, that converts agricultural waste into gas, steam, or heat 1694 that is used to generate electricity on-site.

1695 (11) A company, other than an entity organized as a public service company, that provides 1696 non-utility gas service as provided in § 56-265.4:6. 1697

(c) "Commission" means the State Corporation Commission.

1698 (d) "Geothermal resources" means those resources as defined in  $\S$  45.1-179.2.

#### 1699 § 58.1-400.2. Taxation of electric suppliers, pipeline distribution companies, gas utilities, and gas 1700 suppliers.

1701 A. Any electric supplier, pipeline distribution company, gas utility, or gas supplier that is subject to 1702 income tax pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, except those organized as 1703 cooperatives and exempt from federal taxation under § 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall be subject to the tax levied pursuant to § 58.1-400. 1704

B. Any electric supplier that operates as a cooperative and is exempt from income tax pursuant to 1705 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, shall be subject to tax at the tax rate set forth in 1706 § 58.1-400 on all modified net income derived from nonmember sales. Any gas supplier, pipeline 1707 1708 distribution company or gas utility which has a taxable year that begins after January 1, 2001, but 1709 before January 1, 2002, shall also be subject to the provisions under subsection E.

1710 C. The following words and terms when used in this section shall have the following meanings:

1711 "Electric supplier" means any corporation, cooperative, partnership or other business entity providing 1712 electric service.

1713 "Electricity" is deemed tangible personal property for purposes of the corporate income tax pursuant 1714 to this article.

1715 "Gas supplier" means any person licensed by the State Corporation Commission to engage in the 1716 business of selling natural gas.

1717 "Gas utility" has the same meaning as provided in § 56-235.8.

1718 "Members" means those customers of a cooperative who receive allocations of patronage capital from 1719 a cooperative.

1720 "Modified net income" means all revenue of a cooperative from the sale of electricity within the

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1721 Commonwealth with the following subtractions: 1722

1. Revenue attributable to sales of electric power to its members.

1723 2. Nonmember share of all ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year 1724 in carrying on the sale of electric power to nonmembers. Such nonmember expenses shall be determined 1725 by allocating the amount of such expenses between sales of electricity to members and sales of 1726 electricity to nonmembers. Such allocation shall be applicable to all tax credits available to an electric 1727 supplier.

1728

"Nonmember" means those customers which are not members.

1729 "Ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred" means ordinary and necessary expenses 1730 determined according to generally accepted accounting principles. 1731

"Pipeline distribution company" has the same meaning as provided in § 58.1-2600.

1732 D. The Department of Taxation shall promulgate all regulations necessary to implement the intent of 1733 this section. This section shall apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2001.

1734 E. 1. Any gas supplier, pipeline distribution company or gas utility which has a taxable year that begins after January 1, 2001, but before January 1, 2002, shall be required to file an income tax return 1735 1736 as if a short taxable year has occurred covering the period beginning January 1, 2001, and ending on the 1737 last day prior to the beginning of the gas supplier's, pipeline distribution company's or gas utility's 1738 taxable year pursuant to § 58.1-440 A.

1739 2. If a return is required to be made under subdivision 1 of this subsection, federal taxable income 1740 will be determined using the methodology prescribed in § 443 of the Internal Revenue Code, as if the 1741 gas supplier, pipeline distribution company or gas utility was undergoing a change of annual accounting 1742 period, and § 58.1-440 B and the regulations thereunder.

1743 F. Five percent of the revenues from pipeline distribution companies paying the tax levied pursuant 1744 to § 58.1-400 shall be annually paid into the state treasury and credited to the Natural Gas Vehicle 1745 Incentive Fund established pursuant to § 46.2-3001.

#### 1746 § 58.1-609.10. Miscellaneous exemptions.

1747 The tax imposed by this chapter or pursuant to the authority granted in §§ 58.1-605 and 58.1-606 1748 shall not apply to the following:

1749 1. Artificial or propane gas, firewood, coal or home heating oil used for domestic consumption. 1750 "Domestic consumption" means the use of artificial or propane gas, firewood, coal or home heating oil 1751 by an individual purchaser for other than business, commercial or industrial purposes. The Tax 1752 Commissioner shall establish by regulation a system for use by dealers in classifying individual purchases for domestic or nondomestic use based on the principal usage of such gas, wood, coal or oil. 1753 1754 Any person making a nondomestic purchase and paying the tax pursuant to this chapter who uses any 1755 portion of such purchase for domestic use may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth 1756 day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for a refund of the tax paid on the 1757 domestic use portion.

1758 2. An occasional sale, as defined in § 58.1-602. A nonprofit organization that is eligible to be granted 1759 an exemption on its purchases pursuant to § 58.1-609.11, and that is otherwise eligible for the exemption 1760 pursuant to this subdivision, shall be exempt pursuant to this subdivision on its sales of (i) food, 1761 prepared food and meals and (ii) tickets to events that include the provision of food, prepared food and 1762 meals, so long as such sales take place on fewer than 24 occasions in a calendar year.

1763 3. Tangible personal property for future use by a person for taxable lease or rental as an established 1764 business or part of an established business, or incidental or germane to such business, including a 1765 simultaneous purchase and taxable leaseback.

1766 4. Delivery of tangible personal property outside the Commonwealth for use or consumption outside 1767 of the Commonwealth. Delivery of goods destined for foreign export to a factor or export agent shall be 1768 deemed to be delivery of goods for use or consumption outside of the Commonwealth.

1769 5. Tangible personal property purchased with food coupons issued by the United States Department of Agriculture under the Food Stamp Program or drafts issued through the Virginia Special 1770 1771 Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children.

6. Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption in the performance of maintenance 1772 1773 and repair services at Nuclear Regulatory Commission-licensed nuclear power plants located outside the 1774 Commonwealth.

1775 7. Beginning July 1, 1997, and ending July 1, 2006, a professional's provision of original, revised, 1776 edited, reformatted or copied documents, including but not limited to documents stored on or transmitted 1777 by electronic media, to its client or to third parties in the course of the professional's rendition of 1778 services to its clientele.

1779 8. School lunches sold and served to pupils and employees of schools and subsidized by government; 1780 school textbooks sold by a local board or authorized agency thereof; and school textbooks sold for use 1781 by students attending a college or other institution of learning, when sold (i) by such institution of

1782 learning or (ii) by any other dealer, when such textbooks have been certified by a department or
1783 instructor of such institution of learning as required textbooks for students attending courses at such institution.

1785 9. Medicines, drugs, hypodermic syringes, artificial eyes, contact lenses, eyeglasses, eyeglass cases, 1786 and contact lens storage containers when distributed free of charge, all solutions or sterilization kits or 1787 other devices applicable to the wearing or maintenance of contact lenses or eyeglasses when distributed 1788 free of charge, and hearing aids dispensed by or sold on prescriptions or work orders of licensed 1789 physicians, dentists, optometrists, ophthalmologists, opticians, audiologists, hearing aid dealers and 1790 fitters, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and veterinarians; controlled drugs purchased for use by 1791 a licensed physician, optometrist, licensed nurse practitioner, or licensed physician assistant in his 1792 professional practice, regardless of whether such practice is organized as a sole proprietorship, partnership, or professional corporation, or any other type of corporation in which the shareholders and 1793 1794 operators are all licensed physicians, optometrists, licensed nurse practitioners, or licensed physician 1795 assistants engaged in the practice of medicine, optometry, or nursing; medicines and drugs purchased for 1796 use or consumption by a licensed hospital, nursing home, clinic, or similar corporation not otherwise 1797 exempt under this section; and samples of prescription drugs and medicines and their packaging 1798 distributed free of charge to authorized recipients in accordance with the federal Food, Drug, and 1799 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.A. § 301 et seq., as amended). With the exceptions of those medicines and 1800 drugs used for agricultural production animals that are exempt to veterinarians under subdivision 1 of 1801 § 58.1-609.2, any veterinarian dispensing or selling medicines or drugs on prescription shall be deemed to be the user or consumer of all such medicines and drugs. 1802

1803 10. Wheelchairs and parts therefor, braces, crutches, prosthetic devices, orthopedic appliances, 1804 catheters, urinary accessories, other durable medical equipment and devices, and related parts and supplies specifically designed for those products; and insulin and insulin syringes, and equipment, 1805 1806 devices or chemical reagents that may be used by a diabetic to test or monitor blood or urine, when 1807 such items or parts are purchased by or on behalf of an individual for use by such individual. Durable 1808 medical equipment is equipment that (i) can withstand repeated use, (ii) is primarily and customarily 1809 used to serve a medical purpose, (iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or 1810 injury, and (iv) is appropriate for use in the home.

11. Drugs and supplies used in hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.

1812 12. Special equipment installed on a motor vehicle when purchased by a handicapped person to enable such person to operate the motor vehicle.

1814 13. Special typewriters and computers and related parts and supplies specifically designed for those products used by handicapped persons to communicate when such equipment is prescribed by a licensed physician.

1817 14. a. (i) Any nonprescription drugs and proprietary medicines purchased for the cure, mitigation,
1818 treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings and (ii) any samples of nonprescription drugs and
1819 proprietary medicines distributed free of charge by the manufacturer, including packaging materials and
1820 constituent elements and ingredients.

b. The terms "nonprescription drugs" and "proprietary medicines" shall be defined pursuant to
regulations promulgated by the Department of Taxation. The exemption authorized in this subdivision
shall not apply to cosmetics.

1824 15. Tangible personal property withdrawn from inventory and donated to (i) an organization exempt
1825 from taxation under § 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) the Commonwealth, any political
1826 subdivision of the Commonwealth, or any school, agency, or instrumentality thereof.

1827 16. Tangible personal property purchased by nonprofit churches that are exempt from taxation under 1828 § 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or whose real property is exempt from local taxation 1829 pursuant to the provisions of § 58.1-3606, for use (i) in religious worship services by a congregation or 1830 church membership while meeting together in a single location and (ii) in the libraries, offices, meeting 1831 or counseling rooms or other rooms in the public church buildings used in carrying out the work of the 1832 church and its related ministries, including kindergarten, elementary and secondary schools. The 1833 exemption for such churches shall also include baptistries; bulletins, programs, newspapers and 1834 newsletters that do not contain paid advertising and are used in carrying out the work of the church; 1835 gifts including food for distribution outside the public church building; food, disposable serving items, 1836 cleaning supplies and teaching materials used in the operation of camps or conference centers by the 1837 church or an organization composed of churches that are exempt under this subdivision and which are 1838 used in carrying out the work of the church or churches; and property used in caring for or maintaining 1839 property owned by the church including, but not limited to, mowing equipment; and building materials 1840 installed by the church, and for which the church does not contract with a person or entity to have 1841 installed, in the public church buildings used in carrying out the work of the church and its related 1842 ministries, including, but not limited to worship services; administrative rooms; and kindergarten, 1843 elementary, and secondary schools.

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1844 17. Medical products and supplies, which are otherwise taxable, such as bandages, gauze dressings, 1845 incontinence products and wound-care products, when purchased by a Medicaid recipient through a 1846 Department of Medical Assistance Services provider agreement.

1847 18. Beginning July 1, 2007, and ending July 1, 2012, multifuel heating stoves used for heating an 1848 individual purchaser's residence. "Multifuel heating stoves" are stoves that are capable of burning a wide 1849 variety of alternative fuels, including, but not limited to, shelled corn, wood pellets, cherry pits, and 1850 olive pits.

1851 19. Fabrication of animal meat, grains, vegetables, or other foodstuffs when the purchaser (i) supplies 1852 the foodstuffs and they are consumed by the purchaser or his family, (ii) is an organization exempt from 1853 taxation under \$501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (iii) donates the foodstuffs to an 1854 organization exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1855 20. Compressed natural gas home fueling appliances used for fueling compressed natural gas 1856 cylinders in motor vehicles that connect to a customer's household gas meter and permit the fueling of 1857 the motor vehicle at the customer's residence.

1858 21. Compressed natural gas (CNG), liquefied natural gas (LNG), or liquefied propane station fueling 1859 equipment, including condensers, compressors, dispensers, storage cylinders, gas dryers, pumps, and 1860 meters, purchased for the business, commercial, or industrial purpose of setting up a CNG, LNG, or 1861 liquefied propane fueling station.

## § 58.1-2259. Fuel uses eligible for refund of taxes paid for motor fuels.

1863 A. A refund of the tax paid for the purchase of fuel in quantities of five gallons or more at any time 1864 shall be granted in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-2261 to any person who establishes to the 1865 satisfaction of the Commissioner that such person has paid the tax levied pursuant to this chapter upon 1866 any fuel: 1867

1. Sold and delivered to a governmental entity for its exclusive use;

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1868 2. Used by a governmental entity, provided persons operating under contract with a governmental 1869 entity shall not be eligible for such refund;

1870 3. Sold and delivered to an organization described in subdivision 2 of § 58.1-2226 or subdivision 2 1871 of § 58.1-2250 for its exclusive use in the operation of an aircraft;

1872 4. Used by an organization described in subdivision 2 of § 58.1-2226 or subdivision 2 of § 58.1-2250 1873 for its exclusive use in the operation of an aircraft, provided persons operating under contract with such 1874 an organization shall not be eligible for such refund;

1875 5. Purchased by a licensed exporter and subsequently transported and delivered by such licensed 1876 exporter to another state for sales or use outside the boundaries of the Commonwealth if the tax 1877 applicable in the destination state has been paid, provided a refund shall not be granted pursuant to this 1878 section on any fuel which is transported and delivered outside of the Commonwealth in the fuel supply 1879 tank of a highway vehicle or an aircraft;

1880 6. Used by any person performing transportation under contract or lease with any transportation 1881 district for use in a highway vehicle controlled by a transportation district created under the 1882 Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 15.2-4500 et seq.) and used in providing transit service by the 1883 transportation district by contract or lease, provided the refund shall be paid to the person performing 1884 such transportation;

1885 7. Used by any private, nonprofit agency on aging, designated by the Department for Aging and 1886 Rehabilitative Services, providing transportation services to citizens in highway vehicles owned, operated 1887 or under contract with such agency;

1888 8. Used in operating or propelling highway vehicles owned by a nonprofit organization that provides 1889 specialized transportation to various locations for elderly or disabled individuals to secure essential 1890 services and to participate in community life according to the individual's interest and abilities;

1891 9. Used in operating or propelling buses owned and operated by a county or the school board thereof 1892 while being used to transport children to and from public school or from school to and from educational 1893 or athletic activities;

1894 10. Used by buses owned or solely used by a private, nonprofit, nonreligious school while being 1895 used to transport children to and from such school or from such school to and from educational or 1896 athletic activities;

1897 11. Used by any county or city school board or any private, nonprofit, nonreligious school 1898 contracting with a private carrier to transport children to and from public schools or any private, 1899 nonprofit, nonreligious school, provided the tax shall be refunded to the private carrier performing such 1900 transportation;

12. Used in operating or propelling the equipment of volunteer firefighting companies and of 1901 1902 volunteer rescue squads within the Commonwealth used actually and necessarily for firefighting and 1903 rescue purposes;

1904 13. Used in operating or propelling motor equipment belonging to counties, cities and towns, if 1905 actually used in public activities;

1906 14. Used for a purpose other than in operating or propelling highway vehicles, watercraft or aircraft;

1907 15. Used off-highway in self-propelled equipment manufactured for a specific off-road purpose, 1908 which is used on a job site and the movement of which on any highway is incidental to the purpose for 1909 which it was designed and manufactured;

1910 16. Proven to be lost by accident, including the accidental mixing of (i) dyed diesel fuel with 1911 tax-paid motor fuel, (ii) gasoline with diesel fuel, or (iii) undyed diesel fuel with dyed kerosene, but 1912 excluding fuel lost through personal negligence or theft; 1913

17. Used in operating or propelling vehicles used solely for racing other vehicles on a racetrack;

1914 18. Used in operating or propelling unlicensed highway vehicles and other unlicensed equipment 1915 used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural purposes on lands owned or leased by the owner or lessee of such vehicles and not operated on or over any highway for any purpose other than to move it 1916 1917 in the manner and for the purpose mentioned. The amount of refund shall be equal to the amount of the 1918 taxes paid less one-half cent per gallon on such fuel so used which shall be paid by the Commissioner 1919 into the state treasury to the credit of the Virginia Agricultural Foundation Fund;

1920 19. Used in operating or propelling commercial watercraft. The amount of refund shall be equal to 1921 the amount of the taxes paid less one and one-half cents per gallon on such fuel so used which shall be paid by the Commissioner into the state treasury to be credited as provided in subsection D of 1922 1923 § 58.1-2289. If any applicant so requests, the Commissioner shall pay into the state treasury, to the 1924 credit of the Game Protection Fund, the entire tax paid by such applicant for the purposes specified in 1925 subsection D of § 58.1-2289. If any applicant who is an operator of commercial watercraft so requests, 1926 the Commissioner shall pay into the state treasury, to the credit of the Marine Fishing Improvement 1927 Fund, the entire tax paid by such applicant for the purposes specified in § 28.2-208;

1928 20. Used in operating stationary engines, or pumping or mixing equipment on a highway vehicle if 1929 the fuel used to operate such equipment is stored in an auxiliary tank separate from the fuel tank used to 1930 propel the highway vehicle, and the highway vehicle is mechanically incapable of self-propulsion while 1931 fuel is being used from the auxiliary tank; or 1932

21. Used in operating or propelling recreational and pleasure watercraft.

1933 B. 1. Any person purchasing fuel for consumption in a solid waste compacting or ready-mix concrete 1934 highway vehicle, or a bulk feed delivery truck, where the vehicle's equipment is mechanically or 1935 hydraulically driven by an internal combustion engine that propels the vehicle, or purchasing natural 1936 gas fuel for use by a power take-off or engine exhaust for the purpose of unloading bulk cargo by 1937 pumping or turning a concrete mixer drum used in the manufacturing process or for the purpose of compacting solid waste, mounted on a motor vehicle and having no separate fuel tank or power unit, is 1938 1939 entitled to a refund in an amount equal to 35 percent of the tax paid on such fuel. For purposes of this section, a "bulk feed delivery truck" means bulk animal feed delivery trucks utilizing power take-off 1940 1941 (PTO) driven auger or air feed discharge systems for off-road deliveries of animal feed.

1942 2. Any person purchasing fuel for consumption in a vehicle designed or permanently adapted solely 1943 and exclusively for bulk spreading or spraying of agricultural liming materials, chemicals, or fertilizer, 1944 where the vehicle's equipment is mechanically or hydraulically driven by an internal combustion engine 1945 that propels the vehicle, is entitled to a refund in an amount equal to 55 percent of the tax paid on such 1946 fuel.

1947 C. Any person purchasing any fuel on which tax imposed pursuant to this chapter has been paid may 1948 apply for a refund of the tax if such fuel was consumed by a highway vehicle used in operating an 1949 urban or suburban bus line or a taxicab service. This refund also applies to a common carrier of 1950 passengers which has been issued a certificate pursuant to § 46.2-2075 or 46.2-2099.4 providing regular 1951 route service over the highways of the Commonwealth. No refund shall be granted unless the majority of the passengers using such bus line, taxicab service or common carrier of passengers do so for travel 1952 1953 of a distance of not more than 40 miles, one way, in a single day between their place of abode and their 1954 place of employment, shopping areas or schools.

1955 If the applicant for a refund is a taxicab service, he shall hold a valid permit from the Department to 1956 engage in the business of a taxicab service. No applicant shall be denied a refund by reason of the fee 1957 arrangement between the holder of the permit and the driver or drivers, if all other conditions of this 1958 section have been met.

Under no circumstances shall a refund be granted more than once for the same fuel. The amount of 1959 1960 refund under this subsection shall be equal to the amount of the taxes paid, except refunds granted on 1961 the tax paid on fuel used by a taxicab service shall be in an amount equal to the tax paid less \$0.01 per 1962 gallon on the fuel used.

1963 Any refunds made under this subsection shall be deducted from the urban highway funds allocated to 1964 the highway construction district, pursuant to Article 1.1 (§ 33.1-23.01 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 1965 33.1, in which the recipient has its principal place of business.

1966 Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all provisions of law applicable to the refund of fuel

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1967 taxes by the Commissioner generally shall apply to the refunds authorized by this subsection. Any 1968 county having withdrawn its roads from the secondary system of state highways under provisions of 1969 § 11 Chapter 415 of the Acts of 1932 shall receive its proportionate share of such special funds as is 1970 now provided by law with respect to other fuel tax receipts.

1971 D. Any person purchasing fuel for consumption in a vehicle designed or permanently adapted solely 1972 and exclusively for bulk spreading or spraying of agricultural liming materials, chemicals, or fertilizer, 1973 where the vehicle's equipment is mechanically or hydraulically driven by an internal combustion engine 1974 that propels the vehicle, is entitled to a refund in an amount equal to 55 percent of the tax paid on such 1975 fuel.

1976 E. Any person purchasing diesel fuel used in operating or propelling a passenger car, a pickup or 1977 panel truck, or a truck having a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less is entitled to a 1978 refund of a portion of the taxes paid in an amount equal to the difference between the rate of tax on 1979 diesel fuel and the rate of tax on gasoline and gasohol pursuant to § 58.1-2217. For purposes of this subsection, "passenger car," "pickup or panel truck," and "truck" shall have the meaning given in 1980 1981 § 46.2-100. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, diesel fuel used in a vehicle upon which the 1982 fuels tax has been refunded pursuant to this subsection shall be exempt from the tax imposed under 1983 Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.).

1984 F. Refunds resulting from any fuel shipments diverted from Virginia shall be based on the amount of 1985 tax paid for the fuel less discounts allowed by § 58.1-2233.

1986 G. Any person who is required to be licensed under this chapter and is applying for a refund shall 1987 not be eligible for such refund if the applicant was not licensed at the time the refundable transaction 1988 was conducted. 1989

§ 58.1-2402. (Contingent expiration date) Levy.

1990 A. There is hereby levied, in addition to all other taxes and fees of every kind now imposed by law, 1991 a tax upon the sale or use of motor vehicles in Virginia, other than a sale to or use by a person for 1992 rental as an established business or part of an established business or incidental or germane to such 1993 business.

1994 The amount of the tax to be collected shall be determined by the Commissioner by the application of 1995 the following rates against the gross sales price:

1996 1. Three percent through midnight on June 30, 2013, four percent (4.0%) beginning July 1, 2013, 1997 through midnight on June 30, 2014, four and five-hundredths of a percent (4.05%) beginning July 1, 1998 2014, through midnight on June 30, 2015, four and one tenth of a percent (4.1%) beginning July 1, 1999 2015, through midnight on June 30, 2016, and four and fifteen-hundredths (4.15%) of a percent 2000 beginning on and after July 1, 2016, of the sale price of each motor vehicle sold in Virginia. If such 2001 motor vehicle is a manufactured home as defined in § 36-85.3, the tax shall be three percent of the sale 2002 price of each such manufactured home sold in the Commonwealth; if such vehicle is a mobile office as 2003 defined in § 58.1-2401, the tax shall be two percent of the sale price of each mobile office sold in the 2004 Commonwealth; if such vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross combination weight rating of 2005 26,001 pounds or more and is neither (i) a manufactured home as defined in § 36-85.3, (ii) a mobile 2006 office as defined in § 58.1-2401, (iii) a trailer or semitrailer as severally defined in § 46.2-100 that is not 2007 designed or used to carry property, nor (iv) a vehicle registered under § 46.2-700, the tax shall be zero 2008 percent of the sale price of each such vehicle sold in the Commonwealth.

2009 2. Three percent through midnight on June 30, 2013, four percent (4.0%) beginning July 1, 2013, 2010 through midnight on June 30, 2014, four and five-hundredths of a percent (4.05%) beginning July 1, 2011 2014, through midnight on June 30, 2015, four and one tenth of a percent (4.1%) beginning July 1, 2012 2015, through midnight on June 30, 2016, and four and fifteen-hundredths (4.15%) of a percent 2013 beginning on and after July 1, 2016, of the sale price of each motor vehicle, not sold in Virginia but 2014 used or stored for use in the Commonwealth; or three percent of the sale price of each manufactured 2015 home as defined in § 36-85.3, or two percent of the sale price of each mobile office as defined in 2016 § 58.1-2401, not sold in Virginia but used or stored for use in this Commonwealth. If such vehicle has a 2017 gross vehicle weight rating or gross combination weight rating of 26,001 pounds or more and is neither 2018 (i) a manufactured home as defined in § 36-85.3, (ii) a mobile office as defined in § 58.1-2401, (iii) a 2019 trailer or semitrailer as severally defined in § 46.2-100 that is not designed or used to carry property, nor 2020 (iv) a vehicle registered under § 46.2-700, the tax shall be zero percent of the sale price of each such 2021 vehicle not sold in the Commonwealth but used or stored for use in the Commonwealth. When any 2022 motor vehicle or manufactured home not sold in the Commonwealth is first used or stored for use in 2023 Virginia six months or more after its acquisition, the tax shall be based on its current market value.

2024 3. The minimum tax levied on the sale of any motor vehicle in the Commonwealth that is subject to 2025 taxation at a rate exceeding zero percent shall be \$75, except as provided by those exemptions defined 2026 in § 58.1-2403.

2027 4 through 7. [Repealed.] 2028 B. A transaction taxed under subdivision A 1 shall not also be taxed under subdivision A 2, nor shall 2029 the same transaction be taxed more than once under either subdivision.

2030 C. Any motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer exempt from this tax under subdivision A 1 or 2 of 2031 § 58.1-2403 shall be subject to the tax, based on the current market value when such vehicle is no 2032 longer owned or used by the United States government or any governmental agency, or the 2033 Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof, unless such vehicle is then rented, in 2034 which case the tax imposed by § 58.1-1736 shall apply, subject to the exemptions provided in § 58.1-1737. Further, any motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer exempt from the tax imposed by this 2035 2036 chapter under subdivision A 11 of § 58.1-2403 or §§ 46.2-663 through 46.2-674 shall be subject to the 2037 tax, based on the current market value, when such vehicle is subsequently licensed to operate on the 2038 highways of the Commonwealth.

2039 D. Any person who with intent to evade or to aid another person to evade the tax provided for 2040 herein, falsely states the selling price of a vehicle on a bill of sale, assignment of title, application for 2041 title, or any other document or paper submitted to the Commissioner pursuant to any provisions of this title or Title 46.2, shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. 2042

2043 E. Effective January 1, 1997, any amount designated as a "processing fee" and any amount charged 2044 by a dealer for processing a transaction, which is required to be included on a buyer's order pursuant to 2045 subdivision A 10 of § 46.2-1530, shall be subject to the tax. 2046

## § 58.1-2402. (Contingent effective date) Levy.

2047 A. There is hereby levied, in addition to all other taxes and fees of every kind now imposed by law, 2048 a tax upon the sale or use of motor vehicles in Virginia, other than a sale to or use by a person for 2049 rental as an established business or part of an established business or incidental or germane to such 2050 business.

The amount of the tax to be collected shall be determined by the Commissioner by the application of 2051 2052 the following rates against the gross sales price:

2053 1. Three percent of the sale price of each motor vehicle sold in Virginia. If such motor vehicle is a 2054 manufactured home as defined in § 36-85.3, the tax shall be three percent of the sale price of each such 2055 manufactured home sold in the Commonwealth; if such vehicle is a mobile office as defined in 2056 § 58.1-2401, the tax shall be two percent of the sale price of each mobile office sold in the 2057 Commonwealth; if such vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross combination weight rating of 2058 26,001 pounds or more and is neither (i) a manufactured home as defined in § 36-85.3, (ii) a mobile 2059 office as defined in § 58.1-2401, (iii) a trailer or semitrailer as severally defined in § 46.2-100 that is not 2060 designed or used to carry property, nor (iv) a vehicle registered under § 46.2-700, the tax shall be zero 2061 percent of the sale price of each such vehicle sold in the Commonwealth.

2062 2. Three percent of the sale price of each motor vehicle, or three percent of the sale price of each 2063 manufactured home as defined in § 36-85.3, or two percent of the sale price of each mobile office as 2064 defined in § 58.1-2401, not sold in Virginia but used or stored for use in the Commonwealth. If such 2065 vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross combination weight rating of 26,001 pounds or more 2066 and is neither (i) a manufactured home as defined in § 36-85.3, (ii) a mobile office as defined in 2067 § 58.1-2401, (iii) a trailer or semitrailer as severally defined in § 46.2-100 that is not designed or used to 2068 carry property, nor (iv) a vehicle registered under § 46.2-700, the tax shall be zero percent of the sale 2069 price of each such vehicle not sold in the Commonwealth but used or stored for use in the 2070 Commonwealth. When any motor vehicle or manufactured home not sold in the Commonwealth is first 2071 used or stored for use in Virginia six months or more after its acquisition, the tax shall be based on its 2072 current market value.

2073 3. The minimum tax levied on the sale of any motor vehicle in the Commonwealth that is subject to 2074 taxation at a rate exceeding zero percent shall be \$35, except as provided by those exemptions defined 2075 in § 58.1-2403. 2076

4 through 7. [Repealed.]

2077 B. A transaction taxed under subdivision A 1 shall not also be taxed under subdivision A 2, nor shall 2078 the same transaction be taxed more than once under either subdivision.

2079 C. Any motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer exempt from this tax under subdivision A 1 or 2 of 2080 § 58.1-2403 shall be subject to the tax, based on the current market value when such vehicle is no 2081 longer owned or used by the United States government or any governmental agency, or the 2082 Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof, unless such vehicle is then rented, in 2083 which case the tax imposed by § 58.1-1736 shall apply, subject to the exemptions provided in § 58.1-1737. Further, any motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer exempt from the tax imposed by this 2084 chapter under subdivision A 11 of § 58.1-2403 or §§ 46.2-663 through 46.2-674 shall be subject to the 2085 2086 tax, based on the current market value, when such vehicle is subsequently licensed to operate on the 2087 highways of the Commonwealth.

2088 D. Any person who with intent to evade or to aid another person to evade the tax provided for 2089 herein, falsely states the selling price of a vehicle on a bill of sale, assignment of title, application for

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2090 title, or any other document or paper submitted to the Commissioner pursuant to any provisions of this 2091 title or Title 46.2, shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor.

2092 E. Effective January 1, 1997, any amount designated as a "processing fee" and any amount charged 2093 by a dealer for processing a transaction, which is required to be included on a buyer's order pursuant to 2094 subdivision A 10 of § 46.2-1530, shall be subject to the tax.

#### 2095 § 58.1-2403. Exemptions.

2096 A. No tax shall be imposed as provided in § 58.1-2402 if the vehicle is:

2097 1. Sold to or used by the United States government or any governmental agency thereof;

2098 2. Sold to or used by the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof;

2099 3. Registered in the name of a volunteer fire department or rescue squad not operated for profit;

2100 4. Registered to any member of the Mattaponi, Pamunkey, or Chickahominy Indian tribes or any

other recognized Indian tribe of the Commonwealth living on the tribal reservation; 2101 2102 5. Transferred incidental to repossession under a recorded lien and ownership is transferred to the

2103 lienholder; 2104

6. A manufactured home permanently attached to real estate and included in the sale of real estate;

2105 7. A gift to the spouse, son, or daughter of the transferor. With the exception of a gift to a spouse, 2106 this exemption shall not apply to any unpaid obligation assumed by the transferee incidental to the 2107 transfer;

2108 8. Transferred from an individual or partnership to a corporation or limited liability company or from 2109 a corporation or limited liability company to an individual or partnership if the transfer is incidental to 2110 the formation, organization or dissolution of a corporation or limited liability company in which the 2111 individual or partnership holds the majority interest;

2112 9. Transferred from a wholly owned subsidiary to the parent corporation or from the parent 2113 corporation to a wholly owned subsidiary;

2114 10. Being registered for the first time in the Commonwealth and the applicant holds a valid, 2115 assignable title or registration issued to him by another state or a branch of the United States Armed 2116 Forces and (i) has owned the vehicle for longer than 12 months or (ii) has owned the vehicle for less 2117 than 12 months and provides evidence of a sales tax paid to another state. However, when a vehicle has 2118 been purchased by the applicant within the last 12 months and the applicant is unable to provide 2119 evidence of a sales tax paid to another state, the applicant shall pay the Virginia sales tax based on the 2120 fair market value of the vehicle at the time of registration in Virginia; 2121

11. a. Titled in a Virginia or non-Virginia motor vehicle dealer's name for resale; or

2122 b. Titled in the name of an automotive manufacturer having its headquarters in Virginia, except for 2123 any commercially leased vehicle that is not described under subdivision 3 of § 46.2-602.2. For purposes 2124 of this subdivision, "automotive manufacturer" and "headquarters" means the same as such terms are 2125 defined in § 46.2-602.2;

2126 12. A motor vehicle having seats for more than seven passengers and sold to an urban or suburban 2127 bus line the majority of whose passengers use the buses for traveling a distance of less than 40 miles, 2128 one way, on the same day;

2129 13. Purchased in the Commonwealth by a nonresident and a Virginia title is issued for the sole 2130 purpose of recording a lien against the vehicle if the vehicle will be registered in a state other than 2131 Virginia;

2132 14. A motor vehicle designed for the transportation of 10 or more passengers, purchased by and for 2133 the use of a church conducted not for profit;

2134 15. Loaned or leased to a private nonprofit institution of learning, for the sole purpose of use in the 2135 instruction of driver's education when such education is a part of such school's curriculum for full-time 2136 students;

2137 16. Sold to an insurance company or local government group self-insurance pool, created pursuant to 2138 § 15.2-2703, for the sole purpose of disposition when such company or pool has paid the registered 2139 owner of such vehicle a total loss claim;

2140 17. Owned and used for personal or official purposes by accredited consular or diplomatic officers of 2141 foreign governments, their employees or agents, and members of their families, if such persons are 2142 nationals of the state by which they are appointed and are not citizens of the United States;

2143 18. A self-contained mobile computerized axial tomography scanner sold to, rented or used by a 2144 nonprofit hospital or a cooperative hospital service organization as described in § 501(e) of the United 2145 States Internal Revenue Code;

2146 19. A motor vehicle having seats for more than seven passengers and sold to a restricted common 2147 carrier or common carrier of passengers;

2148 20. Beginning July 1, 1989, a self-contained mobile unit designed exclusively for human diagnostic 2149 or therapeutic service, sold to, rented to, or used by a nonprofit hospital, or a cooperative hospital 2150 service organization as described in § 501(e) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, or a nonprofit 2151 corporation as defined in § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, established for research in, diagnosis 2152 of, or therapy for human ailments;

21. Transferred, as a gift or through a sale to an organization exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) 2153 2154 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided the motor vehicle is not titled and tagged for use by such 2155 organization;

2156 22. A motor vehicle sold to an organization which is exempt from taxation under \$501(c)(3) of the 2157 Internal Revenue Code and which is organized for the primary purpose of distributing food, clothing, medicines and other necessities of life to, and providing shelter for, needy persons in the United States 2158 2159 and throughout the world;

2160 23. Transferred to the trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the individual titleholder of a Virginia titled motor vehicle and the beneficiaries of the trust are the same persons, regardless of 2161 whether other beneficiaries of the trust may also be named in the trust instrument, when no 2162 2163 consideration has passed between the titleholder and the beneficiaries; and transferred to the original 2164 titleholder from the trustees holding title to the motor vehicle;

2165 24. Transferred to trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the owners of the vehicle and the 2166 beneficiaries of the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries may also be named in the trust instrument, or transferred by trustees of such a trust to beneficiaries of the trust 2167 2168 following the death of the grantor, when no consideration has passed between the grantor and the 2169 beneficiaries in either case;

2170 25. Sold by a vehicle's lessor to its lessee upon the expiration of the term of the vehicle's lease, if 2171 the lessee is a natural person and this natural person has paid the tax levied pursuant to this chapter with 2172 respect to the vehicle when he leased it from the lessor, and if the lessee presents an original copy of the lease upon request of the Department of Motor Vehicles or other evidence that the sales tax has 2173 2174 been paid to the Commonwealth by the lessee purchasing the vehicle;

2175 26. Titled in the name of a deceased person and transferred to the spouse or heir, or under the will, 2176 of such deceased person; or

2177 27. An all-terrain vehicle, moped, or off-road motorcycle all as defined in § 46.2-100. Such 2178 all-terrain vehicles, mopeds, or off-road motorcycles shall not be deemed a motor vehicle or other 2179 vehicle subject to the tax imposed under this chapter.

2180 B. The tax imposed on compressed natural gas vehicles and liquefied natural gas vehicles pursuant 2181 to § 58.1-2402 shall be on the value of the same vehicle with a conventional gasoline or diesel system 2182 as determined by the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles and not on the value of the 2183 vehicle with the compressed natural gas or liquefied natural gas system. 2184

## § 58.1-2627.1. Taxation of pipeline companies.

2185 A. Every pipeline transmission company shall pay to the Department on its allocated and apportioned 2186 net taxable income, in lieu of a license tax, the tax levied pursuant to Chapter 3 (§ 58.1-300 et seq.) 2187 (State Income Tax) of this title. There shall be deducted from such allocated and apportioned net income 2188 an amount equal to the percentage that gross profit (operating revenues less cost of purchased gas) 2189 derived from sales in this Commonwealth for consumption by the purchaser of natural or manufactured 2190 gas is of the total gross profit in the Commonwealth of the taxpayer.

B. The annual report of such company required pursuant to § 58.1-2628 shall be made to the 2191 Department, on forms prepared and furnished by the Department, if the company is a pipeline 2192 2193 transmission company or to the Commission if a pipeline distribution company. The Department shall 2194 assess the value of the property of each pipeline transmission company and the Commission shall assess 2195 the value of the property of each pipeline distribution company. The applicable county, city, town and 2196 magisterial district property levies shall attach thereto. The powers and duties granted to the Commission 2197 by §§ 58.1-2633 B and C and 58.1-2634 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the Department.

C. A company liable for the license tax under subsection A shall not be liable for the tax imposed 2198 2199 by Chapter 28 (§ 58.1-2814 et seq.) of this title.

2200 D. When a company qualifies as both a pipeline transmission company and a pipeline distribution 2201 company, it shall for property tax valuation purposes be considered a pipeline distribution company.

2202 E. Five percent of the revenues from pipeline transmission companies, as defined in § 58.1-2600, paying the tax levied pursuant to § 58.1-300 et seq. shall be annually paid into the state treasury and 2203 2204 credited to the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to § 46.2-3001. 2205

§ 58.1-2665. Use of taxes collected under this article.

2206 The taxes paid into the state treasury under this article shall be deposited in a special fund to be used 2207 only by the Commission and by the Department of Taxation as provided in § 58.1-2664, for the purpose 2208 of making appraisals, assessments and collections against public service companies, and for the further 2209 purposes of the Commission in investigating and inspecting the properties or the service or services of such public service companies, and for the supervision and administration of all laws relative to such 2210 2211 public service companies, whenever the same shall be deemed necessary by the Commission.

2212 By March 31 of each fiscal year, the Commission shall transfer \$300,000 from the special regulatory

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2213 revenue fund provided in this section to the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to 2214 § 46.2-3001.

### § 58.1-2905. Collection and remittance of tax.

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2216 A. A pipeline distribution company or gas utility shall collect the tax from the consumer by adding it 2217 as a separate charge to the consumer's monthly statement. Until the consumer pays the tax to such 2218 company, the tax shall constitute a debt of the consumer to the Commonwealth. If any consumer 2219 receives and pays for gas but refuses to pay the tax that is imposed by the Commonwealth, the pipeline 2220 distribution company or gas utility shall notify the Commission of the names and addresses of such 2221 consumers. If any consumer fails to pay a bill issued by a pipeline distribution company or gas utility, 2222 including the tax imposed by the Commonwealth, the pipeline distribution company or gas utility shall 2223 follow its normal collection procedures with regard to the charge for the gas and the tax and upon 2224 collection of the bill or any part thereof shall (i) apportion the net amount collected between the charge 2225 for gas service and the tax and (ii) remit the tax portion to the Commission. After the consumer pays 2226 the tax to the pipeline distribution company or gas utility, the taxes shall be deemed to be held in trust 2227 by such pipeline distribution company or gas utility until remitted to the Commission.

2228 B. A pipeline distribution company or gas utility shall remit monthly to the Commission the amount 2229 of tax paid during the preceding month by the pipeline distribution company's consumers, except for the 2230 portion which represents the local consumption tax, which portion shall be remitted to the locality in 2231 which the natural gas was consumed and shall be based on such locality's license fee rate which it 2232 imposed.

2233 C. The natural gas consumption tax shall be remitted monthly, on or before the last day of the 2234 succeeding month of collection. Those portions of the natural gas consumption tax that related to the 2235 state consumption tax and the special regulatory tax shall be remitted to the Commission; the portion 2236 that relates to the local consumption tax shall be remitted to the appropriate localities. Failure to remit 2237 timely will result in a ten percent penalty. Five percent of the portion of the natural gas consumption 2238 tax that relates to the monthly state consumption tax collected by the Commission shall be paid into the 2239 state treasury and credited to the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to 2240 § 46.2-3001.

2241 D. Taxes on natural gas sales in the year ending December 31, 2000, relating to the local license tax, 2242 shall be paid in accordance with § 58.1-3731. Monthly payments in accordance with subsection C shall 2243 commence on February 28, 2001.

2244 E. The portion of the natural gas consumption tax relating to the local license tax replaces and 2245 precludes localities from imposing a license tax in accordance with § 58.1-3731 and the business, professional, occupation and license tax in accordance with Chapter 37 (§ 58.1-3700 et seq.) of this title 2246 2247 on gas suppliers subsequent to December 31, 2000, except as provided in subsection D. If the license fee rate imposed by a locality is less than the equivalent of the local consumption tax rate component of 2248 2249 the consumption tax paid under subsection A of § 58.1-2904, the excess collected by the Commission 2250 shall constitute additional state consumption tax revenue and shall be remitted by the Commission to the 2251 state treasury.

2252 F. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a locality from enacting an ordinance or other local law to 2253 allow such locality to receive that portion of the natural gas consumption tax that represents the local 2254 consumption tax beginning at such time that natural gas service is first made available in such locality. 2255 The amount of such local consumption tax to be distributed to the locality shall be determined in 2256 accordance with the provisions of subsection B, assuming that the maximum license tax rate allowed 2257 pursuant to § 58.1-3731 was imposed. 2258

### § 58.1-3713.4. Additional one percent tax on gas.

2259 Notwithstanding the rate limitations established in §§ 58.1-3712 and 58.1-3713, a county or city may 2260 levy an additional license tax on every person engaging in the business of severing gases from the earth. 2261 The license tax shall be at a rate not to exceed one percent of the gross receipts from the sale of gases 2262 severed within the county or city. The provisions of § 58.1-3712 as they relate to measurement of gross 2263 receipts shall be applicable to this section. The Fifty percent of the revenue received from such 2264 additional tax shall be paid into the general fund of the county or city from where the gases are severed, 2265 and 50 percent shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to § 46.2-3001. However, in the Counties of Buchanan, Dickenson, Lee, 2266 Russell, Scott, Tazewell, and Wise and the City of Norton, one-half of the revenues derived from such 2267 2268 tax shall be paid to split between the Natural Gas Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to 2269 § 46.2-3001 and the Virginia Coalfield Economic Development Fund.

2270 2. That the Virginia Port Authority shall conduct a study of the following issues related to the 2271 siting of liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage and refueling facilities in the Hampton Roads region for transportation purposes: (i) the costs of developing one or more LNG storage and refueling 2272 facilities capable of serving rail locomotives, ships, and trucks involved in the transportation of 2273

cargo to and from ports of Hampton Roads; (ii) the optimal locations within Hampton Roads for 2274 the siting of such LNG storage and refueling facilities that will be accessible by rail locomotives, 2275 2276 ships, and trucks; (iii) issues related to the development of small scale natural gas liquefication 2277 facilities at properties of the Port Authority for use in transportation fueling; (iv) the feasibility of, 2278 and policy issues relating to, building and operating an LNG storage and refueling facility for 2279 trucks at the inland port at Front Royal; (v) options for private financing of such LNG storage and refueling facilities; and (vi) whether existing state and federal laws authorize the bunkering or 2280 2281 offshore fueling of LNG-fueled vessels from facilities located in Hampton Roads and, if not, what 2282 legal or administrative changes are required in order to permit such activities. All agencies of the 2283 Commonwealth shall provide assistance to the Port Authority for this study, upon request. The Port Authority shall complete its study by November 30, 2015, and shall submit to the Governor, 2284 the Senate Committees on Finance, Transportation, and Commerce and Labor, and the House 2285 2286 Committees on Appropriations, Transportation, and Commerce and Labor a report of its findings 2287 and recommendations.

2288 3. That the provisions of this act amending §§ 33.1-46.2 and 46.2-749.3 shall expire on June 30, 2017.

**2290 4.** That the provisions of this act shall become effective on October 1, 2014.