2015 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 581

Offered January 8, 2014 Prefiled January 7, 2014

4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-507, 2.2-1122, 2.2-1205, 2.2-1206, 2.2-2821.2, 2.2-4501, 4.1-206, 5 6 8.01-66.2, 8.01-66.5, 8.01-66.7, 8.01-66.8, 8.01-225, 8.01-226.5:2, 8.01-420.2, 8.01-581.13, 8.01-581.19, 9.1-300 through 9.1-303, 9.1-400, 9.1-700, 9.1-801, 10.1-1141, 15.2-622, 15.2-831, 7 15.2-953, 15.2-954.1, 15.2-955, 15.2-1512.2, 15.2-1714, 15.2-1716, 15.2-1716.1, 16.1-228, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-121.2, 18.2-154, 18.2-174.1, 18.2-212, 18.2-340.16, 18.2-340.23, 18.2-340.34:1, 18.2-371, 18.2-371.1, 18.2-414.1, 18.2-426, 18.2-429, 18.2-488.1, 22.1-279.8, 27-1 through 27-3, 27-4, 27-6.1, 8 9 18.2-3/1.1, 18.2-414.1, 18.2-420, 18.2-429, 16.2-406.1, 22.1-2/9.6, 27-1 inrough 27-5, 27-4, 27-0.1, 27-7, 27-8, 27-9, 27-10, 27-11, 27-13, 27-14, 27-15.1, 27-15.2, 27-17, 27-17.1, 27-20, 27-21, 27-23.1 through 27-23.5, 27-23.9, 29.1-355, 29.1-530.4, 29.1-702, 29.1-733.7, as it shall become effective, 32.1-45.1, 32.1-46.02, 32.1-111.1 through 32.1-111.9, 32.1-111.12, 32.1-111.14, 32.1-116.1:1, 32.1-116.3, 32.1-283.1, 32.1-283.2, 32.1-291.12, 33.1-46.2, 33.1-56.3, 33.1-200.1, 33.1-252, 35.1-25, 10 11 12 13 38.2-1904, 38.2-2005, 38.2-2201, 38.2-2202, 38.2-3407.9, 40.1-79.01, 40.1-103, 44-146.28, 45.1-161.199, 46.2-208, 46.2-334.01, 46.2-502, 46.2-644.2, 46.2-649.1:1, 46.2-694, as it is currently 14 15 effective and as it may become effective, 46.2-698, 46.2-726, 46.2-735, 46.2-752, 46.2-818, 16 46.2-915.1, 46.2-920, 46.2-921, 46.2-1020, 46.2-1023 through 46.2-1025, 46.2-1027, 46.2-1028, 17 18 46.2-1029.2, 46.2-1044, 46.2-1052, 46.2-1076, 46.2-1077.1, 46.2-1078.1, 46.2-1239, 46.2-1900, 19 46.2-2000.1, 51.1-153, 51.1-155, 51.1-169, 51.1-1200, 51.1-1201, 51.1-1203, 51.1-1204, 51.1-1206, 20 51.1-1207, 51.1-1208, 53.1-47, 53.1-133.8, 54.1-829, 54.1-3408, 56-484.14, 57-60, 58.1-1404, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 58.1-1405, 58.1-2226, 58.1-2235, 58.1-2250, 21 58.1-2259, 58.1-2403, 58.1-3506, 58.1-3610, 58.1-3833, 58.1-3840, 63.2-100, 63.2-1515, 65.2-101, 22 65.2-102, 65.2-402, 65.2-402.1, and 66-25.1 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 27-6.01, 27-6.02, 27-7.1, 27-15.01, 32.1-111.4:1 through 32.1-111.4:8, 23 24 25 and 32.1-111.14:1 through 32.1-111.14:7; and to repeal §§ 27-6.2, 27-8.1, 27-19, 27-23.6, 26 32.1-111.10, and 32.1-111.11 of the Code of Virginia, relating to fire services and emergency 27 medical services. 28

Patron-Stolle

Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 2.2-507, 2.2-1122, 2.2-1205, 2.2-1206, 2.2-2821.2, 2.2-4501, 4.1-206, 8.01-66.2, 8.01-66.5, 8.01-66.7, 8.01-66.8, 8.01-225, 8.01-226.5:2, 8.01-420.2, 8.01-581.13, 8.01-581.19, 9.1-300 through 9.1-303, 9.1-400, 9.1-700, 9.1-801, 10.1-1141, 15.2-622, 15.2-831, 15.2-953, 15.2-954.1, 15.2-955, 15.2-1512.2, 15.2-1716, 15.2-1716.1, 16.1-228, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-121.2, 18.2-154, 18.2-174.1, 19.2-101.2, 10.2-10.2, 10.2-10.2, 10.2-10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 10.2, 33 34 35 36 18.2-212, 18.2-340.16, 18.2-340.23, 18.2-340.34:1, 18.2-371, 18.2-371.1, 18.2-414.1, 18.2-426, 18.2-429, 37 18.2-488.1, 22.1-279.8, 27-1 through 27-3, 27-4, 27-6.1, 27-7, 27-8, 27-9, 27-10, 27-11, 27-13, 27-14, 38 27-15.1, 27-15.2, 27-17, 27-17.1, 27-20, 27-21, 27-23.1 through 27-23.5, 27-23.9, 29.1-355, 29.1-530.4, 39 40 29.1-702, 29.1-733.7, as it shall become effective, 32.1-45.1, 32.1-46.02, 32.1-111.1 through 41 32.1-111.9, 32.1-111.12, 32.1-111.14, 32.1-116.1:1, 32.1-116.3, 32.1-283.1, 32.1-283.2, 32.1-291.12, 33.1-46.2, 33.1-56.3, 33.1-200.1, 33.1-252, 35.1-25, 38.2-1904, 38.2-2005, 38.2-2201, 38.2-2202, 42 38.2-3407.9, 40.1-79.01, 40.1-103, 44-146.28, 45.1-161.199, 46.2-208, 46.2-334.01, 46.2-502, 43 46.2-644.2, 46.2-649.1:1, 46.2-694, as it is currently effective and as it may become effective, 44 46.2-698, 46.2-726, 46.2-735, 46.2-752, 46.2-818, 46.2-915.1, 46.2-920, 46.2-921, 46.2-1020, 46.2-1023 through 46.2-1025, 46.2-1027, 46.2-1028, 46.2-1029.2, 46.2-1044, 46.2-1052, 46.2-1076, 46.2-1077.1, 46.2-1078.1, 46.2-1239, 46.2-1900, 46.2-2000.1, 51.1-153, 51.1-155, 51.1-169, 51.1-1200, 51.1-1201, 51.1-1203, 51.1-1204, 51.1-1206, 51.1-1207, 51.1-1208, 53.1-47, 53.1-133.8, 54.1-829, 54.1-3408, 56.1-1404 45 46 47 48 49 56-484.14, 57-60, 58.1-1404, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 58.1-1405, 50 58.1-2226, 58.1-2235, 58.1-2250, 58.1-2259, 58.1-2403, 58.1-3506, 58.1-3610, 58.1-3833, 58.1-3840, 51 63.2-100, 63.2-1515, 65.2-101, 65.2-102, 65.2-402, 65.2-402.1, and 66-25.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections 52 53 numbered 27-6.01, 27-6.02, 27-7.1, 27-15.01, 32.1-111.4:1 through 32.1-111.4:8, and 32.1-111.14:1 54 through 32.1-111.14:7 as follows:

55 § 2.2-507. Legal service in civil matters.

A. All legal service in civil matters for the Commonwealth, the Governor, and every state
department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, official, court, or judge,
including the conduct of all civil litigation in which any of them are interested, shall be rendered and

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31 32 59 performed by the Attorney General, except as provided in this chapter and except for any litigation 60 concerning a justice or judge initiated by the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission. No regular counsel shall be employed for or by the Governor or any state department, institution, division, 61 62 commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, or official. The Attorney General may represent personally or 63 through one or more of his assistants any number of state departments, institutions, divisions, 64 commissions, boards, bureaus, agencies, entities, officials, courts, or judges that are parties to the same 65 transaction or that are parties in the same civil or administrative proceeding and may represent multiple interests within the same department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, or entity. 66 The soil and water conservation district directors or districts may request legal advice from local, public, 67 68 or private sources; however, upon request of the soil and water conservation district directors or districts, 69 the Attorney General shall provide legal service in civil matters for such district directors or districts.

70 B. The Attorney General may represent personally or through one of his assistants any of the 71 following persons who are made defendant in any civil action for damages arising out of any matter 72 connected with their official duties: 73

1. Members, agents or employees of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board;

74 2. Agents inspecting or investigators appointed by the State Corporation Commission; 75

3. Agents, investigators, or auditors employed by the Department of Taxation;

4. Members, agents or employees of the State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental 76 77 Services, the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the State Board of Health, 78 the State Department of Health, the Department of General Services, the State Board of Social Services, 79 the Department of Social Services, the State Board of Corrections, the Department of Corrections, the 80 State Board of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Virginia Parole Board, or the 81 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;

5. Persons employed by the Commonwealth Transportation Board, the Department of Transportation, 82 83 or the Department of Rail and Public Transportation;

84 6. Persons employed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles;

85 7. Persons appointed by the Commissioner of Marine Resources;

86 8. Police officers appointed by the Superintendent of State Police;

87 9. Conservation police officers appointed by the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries;

88 10. Hearing officers appointed to hear a teacher's grievance pursuant to § 22.1-311;

89 11. Staff members or volunteers participating in a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant 90 to Article 5 (§ 9.1-151 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1;

91 12. Any emergency medical service services agency that is a licensee of the Department of Health in 92 any civil matter and any guardian ad litem appointed by a court in a civil matter brought against him for alleged errors or omissions in the discharge of his court-appointed duties; 93 94

13. Conservation officers of the Department of Conservation and Recreation; or

95 14. A person appointed by written order of a circuit court judge to run an existing corporation or 96 company as the judge's representative, when that person is acting in execution of a lawful order of the 97 court and the order specifically refers to this section and appoints such person to serve as an agent of 98 the Commonwealth.

99 Upon request of the affected individual, the Attorney General may represent personally or through 100 one of his assistants any basic or advanced emergency medical care attendant or technician possessing a 101 valid certificate issued by authority of the State Board of Health in any civil matter in which a defense 102 of immunity from liability is raised pursuant to § 8.01-225.

103 C. If, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it is impracticable or uneconomical for such legal service to be rendered by him or one of his assistants, he may employ special counsel for this purpose, 104 whose compensation shall be fixed by the Attorney General. The compensation for such special counsel 105 shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of the board, commission, division or 106 107 department being represented or whose members, officers, inspectors, investigators, or other employees 108 are being represented pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 109 contrary, the Supreme Court may employ its own counsel in any matter arising out of its official duties 110 in which it, or any justice, is a party.

111 § 2.2-1122. Aid and cooperation of Division may be sought by any public body or public broadcasting station in making purchases; use of facilities of Virginia Distribution Center; services 112 113 to certain volunteer organizations.

A. Virginia public broadcasting stations as defined in § 22.1-20.1, and public bodies as defined in 114 115 § 2.2-4300 who are empowered to purchase material, equipment, and supplies of any kind, may purchase through the Division. When any such public body, public broadcasting station, or duly authorized officer 116 requests the Division to obtain bids for any materials, equipment and supplies, and the bids have been 117 obtained by the Division, the Division may award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder, and the 118 119 public body or public broadcasting station shall be bound by the contract. The Division shall set forth in the purchase order that the materials, equipment, and supplies be delivered to, and that the bill be 120

rendered and forwarded to, the public body or public broadcasting station. Any such bill shall be a validand enforceable claim against the public body or public broadcasting station requesting the bids.

B. The Division may make available to any public body or public broadcasting station the facilities
of the Virginia Distribution Center maintained by the Division; however, the furnishing of any such services or supplies shall not limit or impair any services or supplies normally rendered any department, division, institution, or agency of the Commonwealth.

127 C. The Board of Education shall furnish to the Division a list of public broadcasting stations in128 Virginia for the purposes of this section.

D. The services or supplies authorized by this section shall extend to any volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency that is recognized by an ordinance to be a part of the safety program of a county, city, or town when the services or supplies are sought through and approved by the governing body of such county, city, or town.

E. "Public For purposes of this section, "public broadcasting station" means the same as that term is defined in § 22.1-20.1.

\$ 2.2-1205. Purchase of continued health insurance coverage by the surviving spouse and any dependents of an active or retired local law-enforcement officer, firefighter, etc., through the Department.

138 A. The surviving spouse and any dependents of an active or retired law-enforcement officer of any 139 county, city, or town of the Commonwealth; a jail officer; a regional jail or jail farm superintendent; a 140 sheriff, deputy sheriff, or city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the City of Richmond; a member of 141 any fire company or department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency that has been 142 recognized by an ordinance or a resolution of the governing body of any county, city, or town of this 143 the Commonwealth as an integral part of the official safety program of such county, city, or town; or a 144 member of an emergency medical services department agency, whose death occurs as the direct or 145 proximate result of the performance of his duty, including the presumptions under §§ 27-40.1, 27-40.2, 146 51.1-813, and 65.2-402, shall be entitled, upon proper application to the Department, to purchase 147 continued health insurance coverage on the following conditions: (i) on the date of death, the deceased 148 participated in a health insurance plan administered by the Department pursuant to § 2.2-1204 and (ii) 149 on the date of the deceased's death, the applicants were included in the health insurance plan in 150 condition clause (i) of this subsection. The health insurance plan administered by the Department 151 pursuant to § 2.2-1204 shall provide means whereby coverage for the spouse and any dependents of the 152 deceased as provided in this section may be purchased. The spouse and any dependents of the deceased 153 who purchase continued health insurance coverage pursuant to this section shall pay the same portion of 154 the applicable premium as active employees pay for the same class of coverage, and the local 155 government employer that employed the deceased shall pay the remaining portion of the premium.

B. Any application to purchase continued health insurance coverage hereunder shall be made in writing to the Department within sixty 60 days of the date of the deceased's death. The time for making application may be extended by the Department for good cause shown.

C. In addition to any necessary information requested by the Department, the application shall state whether conditions (i) and (ii) set forth in *clauses* (i) and (ii) of subsection A of this section have been met. If the Department states that such conditions have not been met, the Department shall conduct an informal fact-finding conference or consultation with the applicant pursuant to § 2.2-4019 of the Administrative Process Act. Upon scheduling the conference or consultation, the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) shall apply thereafter.

165 D. Upon payment of any required premiums, coverage shall automatically be extended during the 166 period for making application and shall be effective retroactive to the date of the deceased's death.

E. The terms, conditions, and costs of continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall
be subject to administration by the Department. The Department may increase the cost of coverage
consistent with its administration of health insurance plans under § 2.2-1204. However, at no time shall
a surviving spouse or dependents pay more for continued health insurance coverage than active
employees pay under the same plan for the same class of coverage.

F. For the surviving spouse, continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall
automatically terminate upon occurrence of any of the following: (i) death, (ii) remarriage, (iii) alternate
health insurance coverage being obtained, or (iv) any applicable condition outlined in the policies and
procedures of the Department governing health insurance plans administered pursuant to § 2.2-1204.

G. For any surviving dependents, continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall automatically terminate upon occurrence of any of the following: (i) death; (ii) marriage; (iii) alternate health insurance coverage being obtained; (iv) attaining the age of twenty-one 21, unless the dependent is (a) a full-time college student, in which event coverage shall not terminate until such dependent has either attained the age of twenty-five 25 or until such time as the dependent ceases to be a full-time college student, whichever occurs first, or (b) under a mental or physical disability, in which event

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182 coverage shall not terminate until three months following cessation of the disability; or (v) any applicable condition outlined in the policies and procedures of the Department governing health insurance plans administered pursuant to § 2.2-1204.

185 § 2.2-1206. Purchase of continued health insurance coverage by the surviving spouse and any
 186 dependents of an active local law-enforcement officer, firefighter, etc., through a plan sponsor.

187 A. For the purposes of this section, "plan sponsor" means a local government employer that has
188 established a plan of health insurance coverage for its employees, retirees and dependents of employees
189 as are described in subsection B.

190 B. The surviving spouse and any dependents of an active law-enforcement officer of any county, 191 city, or town of this the Commonwealth; a jail officer; a regional jail or jail farm superintendent; a 192 sheriff, deputy sheriff, or city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the City of Richmond; a member of any fire company or department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency that has been 193 194 recognized by an ordinance or a resolution of the governing body of any county, city, or town of this 195 the Commonwealth as an integral part of the official safety program of such county, city, or town; or a 196 member of an emergency medical services department agency; whose death occurs as the direct or 197 proximate result of the performance of his duty shall be entitled, upon proper application to the 198 appropriate plan sponsor, to purchase continued health insurance coverage on the following conditions: 199 (i) on the date of death, the deceased participated in a health insurance plan administered by the plan 200 sponsor and (ii) on the date of the deceased's death, the applicants were included in the health insurance 201 plan in condition clause (i) of this subsection. The health insurance plan administered by the plan 202 sponsor shall provide means whereby coverage for the spouse and any dependents of the deceased as 203 provided in this section may be purchased.

204 C. Any application to purchase continued health insurance coverage hereunder shall be made in writing to the plan sponsor within sixty 60 days of the date of the deceased's death. The time for making application may be extended by the plan sponsor for good cause shown.

D. In addition to any necessary information requested by the plan sponsor, the application shall state whether conditions (i) and (ii) set forth in *clauses* (i) and (ii) of subsection B have been met. If the plan sponsor states that such conditions have not been met, the plan sponsor, notwithstanding the provisions of \$ 2.2-4002, 2.2-4006, or \$-2.2-4011, shall conduct an informal fact-finding conference or consultation with the applicant pursuant to \$ 2.2-4019 of the Administrative Process Act. Upon scheduling the conference or consultation, the provisions of the local government's grievance procedure for nonprobationary, permanent employees shall apply thereafter.

E. Upon payment of any required premiums, coverage shall automatically be extended during the period for making application and shall be effective retroactive to the date of the deceased's death.

F. The terms, conditions, and costs of continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall
be subject to administration by the plan sponsor. The plan sponsor may increase the cost of coverage
consistent with its administration of health insurance plans under § 2.2-1204. However, at no time shall
the surviving spouse or dependents pay more for continued health insurance coverage than the active
employee rate under the same plan for the same class of coverage.

G. For the surviving spouse, continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall
automatically terminate upon occurrence of any of the following: (i) death, (ii) remarriage, (iii) alternate
health insurance coverage being obtained, or (iv) any applicable condition outlined in the policies and
procedures of the plan sponsor governing health insurance plans administered for its active employees.

225 H. For any surviving dependents, continued health insurance coverage purchased hereunder shall automatically terminate upon occurrence of any of the following: (i) death; (ii) marriage; (iii) alternate 226 227 health insurance coverage being obtained; (iv) attaining the age of twenty-one 21, unless the dependent 228 is (a) a full-time college student, in which event coverage shall not terminate until such dependent has 229 either attained the age of twenty-five 25 or until such time as the dependent ceases to be a full-time 230 college student, whichever occurs first, or (b) under a mental or physical disability, in which event 231 coverage shall not terminate until three months following cessation of the disability; or (v) any 232 applicable condition outlined in the policies and procedures of the plan sponsor governing health 233 insurance plans administered for its active employees.

§ 2.2-2821.2. Leave for volunteer fire and volunteer emergency medical services.

235 State employees shall be allowed up to 24 hours of paid leave in any calendar year, in addition to 236 other paid leave, to serve with a volunteer fire department and rescue squad or volunteer emergency 237 medical services agency or auxiliary unit thereof that has been recognized in accordance with § 15.2-955 238 by an ordinance or resolution of the political subdivision where the volunteer fire department or rescue 239 squad volunteer emergency medical services agency is located as being a part of the safety program of such political subdivision. The Department shall develop personnel policies providing for the use of such leave. For the purposes of this section, "state employee" means any person who is regularly employed 240 241 242 full time on a salaried basis, whose tenure is not restricted as to temporary or provisional appointment, 243 in the service of, and whose compensation is payable, no more often than biweekly, in whole or in part,

244 by the Commonwealth or any department, institution, or agency thereof. 245

§ 2.2-4501. Legal investments for other public funds.

246 A. The Commonwealth, all public officers, municipal corporations, other political subdivisions and 247 all other public bodies of the Commonwealth may invest any and all moneys belonging to them or 248 within their control, other than sinking funds, in the following:

249 1. Stocks, bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness of the Commonwealth and those 250 unconditionally guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the Commonwealth.

251 2. Bonds, notes and other obligations of the United States, and securities unconditionally guaranteed 252 as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States, or any agency thereof. The evidences of 253 indebtedness enumerated by this subdivision may be held directly, or in the form of repurchase 254 agreements collateralized by such debt securities, or in the form of securities of any open-end or 255 closed-end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment 256 Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is 257 limited to such evidences of indebtedness, or repurchase agreements collateralized by such debt 258 securities, or securities of other such investment companies or investment trusts whose portfolios are so 259 restricted.

260 3. Stocks, bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness of any state of the United States upon 261 which there is no default and upon which there has been no default for more than ninety 90 days; 262 provided, that within the twenty 20 fiscal years next preceding the making of such investment, such state has not been in default for more than ninety 90 days in the payment of any part of principal or 263 264 interest of any debt authorized by the legislature of such state to be contracted.

265 4. Stocks, bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness of any county, city, town, district, 266 authority or other public body in the Commonwealth upon which there is no default;, provided, that if 267 the principal and interest be payable from revenues or tolls and the project has not been completed, or if 268 completed, has not established an operating record of net earnings available for payment of principal and interest equal to estimated requirements for that purpose according to the terms of the issue, the 269 270 standards of judgment and care required in Article 9 (§ 64.2-780 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 64.2, 271 without reference to this section, shall apply.

272 In any case in which an authority, having an established record of net earnings available for payment 273 of principal and interest equal to estimated requirements for that purpose according to the terms of the 274 issue, issues additional evidences of indebtedness for the purposes of acquiring or constructing additional 275 facilities of the same general character that it is then operating, such additional evidences of 276 indebtedness shall be governed by the provisions of this section without limitation.

277 5. Legally authorized stocks, bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness of any city, county, 278 town, or district situated in any one of the states of the United States upon which there is no default and 279 upon which there has been no default for more than ninety 90 days; provided; that (i) within the twenty 280 20 fiscal years next preceding the making of such investment, such city, county, town, or district has not 281 been in default for more than ninety 90 days in the payment of any part of principal or interest of any 282 stock, bond, note or other evidence of indebtedness issued by it; (ii) such city, county, town, or district 283 shall have been in continuous existence for at least twenty 20 years; (iii) such city, county, town, or 284 district has a population, as shown by the federal census next preceding the making of such investment, 285 of not less than 25,000 inhabitants; (iv) the stocks, bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness in 286 which such investment is made are the direct legal obligations of the city, county, town, or district 287 issuing the same; (v) the city, county, town, or district has power to levy taxes on the taxable real 288 property therein for the payment of such obligations without limitation of rate or amount; and (vi) the net indebtedness of such city, county, town, or district (including the issue in which such investment is 289 290 made), after deducting the amount of its bonds issued for self-sustaining public utilities, does not exceed 291 ten 10 percent of the value of the taxable property in such city, county, town, or district, to be 292 ascertained by the valuation of such property therein for the assessment of taxes next preceding the 293 making of such investment.

294 6. Bonds and other obligations issued, guaranteed or assumed by the International Bank for 295 Reconstruction and Development, by the Asian Development Bank or by the African Development 296 Bank.

297 B. This section shall not apply to funds authorized by law to be invested by the Virginia Retirement 298 System or to deferred compensation plan funds to be invested pursuant to § 51.1-601 or to funds 299 contributed by a locality to a pension program for the benefit of any volunteer fire department and 300 rescue squad or volunteer emergency medical services agency established pursuant to § 15.2-955.

301 C. Investments made prior to July 1, 1991, pursuant to § 51.1-601 are ratified and deemed valid to 302 the extent that such investments were made in conformity with the standards set forth in Chapter 6 303 (§ 51.1-600 et seq.) of Title 51.1.

304 § 4.1-206. Alcoholic beverage licenses. **305** The Board may grant the following licenses relating to alcoholic beverages generally:

306 1. Distillers' licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture alcoholic beverages other 307 than wine and beer, and to sell and deliver or ship the same, in accordance with Board regulations, in 308 closed containers, to the Board and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the 309 Commonwealth. When the Board has established a government store on the distiller's licensed premises 310 pursuant to subsection D of § 4.1-119, such license shall also authorize the licensee to make a charge to 311 consumers to participate in an organized tasting event conducted in accordance with subsection G of 312 § 4.1-119 and Board regulations.

2. Fruit distillers' licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture any alcoholic beverages
made from fruit or fruit juices, and to sell and deliver or ship the same, in accordance with Board
regulations, in closed containers, to the Board and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale
outside the Commonwealth.

317 3. Banquet facility licenses to volunteer fire departments and volunteer rescue squads emergency 318 medical services agencies, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully 319 acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by any person, and bona fide members and 320 guests thereof, otherwise eligible for a banquet license. However, lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages 321 shall not be purchased or sold by the licensee or sold or charged for in any way by the person permitted to use the premises. Such premises shall be a volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency 322 323 medical services station or both, regularly occupied as such and recognized by the governing body of 324 the county, city, or town in which it is located. Under conditions as specified by Board regulation, such 325 premises may be other than a volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services 326 station, provided such other premises are occupied and under the control of the volunteer fire department 327 or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency while the privileges of its license are 328 being exercised.

4. Bed and breakfast licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to serve alcoholic beverages in dining areas, private guest rooms and other designated areas to persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided, with or without meals, for on-premises consumption only in such rooms and areas, and without regard to the amount of gross receipts from the sale of food prepared and consumed on the premises.

5. Tasting licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell or give samples of alcoholic beverages
of the type specified in the license in designated areas at events held by the licensee. A tasting license
shall be issued for the purpose of featuring and educating the consuming public about the alcoholic
beverages being tasted. A separate license shall be required for each day of each tasting event. No
tasting license shall be required for conduct authorized by § 4.1-201.1.

6. Museum licenses, which may be issued to nonprofit museums exempt from taxation under
§ 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which shall authorize the licensee to (i) permit the
consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by any bona fide
member and guests thereof and (ii) serve alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee to any
bona fide member and guests thereof. However, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in
any way by the licensee. The privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the museum,
regularly occupied and utilized as such.

346 7. Equine sporting event licenses, which may be issued to organizations holding equestrian, hunt and
347 steeplechase events, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired
348 alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by patrons thereof during such event. However,
349 alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way by the licensee. The privileges of this
350 license shall be (i) limited to the premises of the licensee, regularly occupied and utilized for equestrian,
351 hunt and steeplechase events and (ii) exercised on no more than four calendar days per year.

8. Day spa licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to (i) permit the consumption of lawfully acquired wine or beer on the premises of the licensee by any bona fide customer of the day spa and (ii) serve wine or beer on the premises of the licensee to any such bona fide customer; however, the licensee shall not give more than two five-ounce glasses of wine or one 12-ounce glass of beer to any such customer, nor shall it sell or otherwise charge a fee to such customer for the wine or beer served or consumed. The privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the day spa regularly occupied and utilized as such.

9. Motor car sporting event facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by patrons thereof during such events. However, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way, directly or indirectly, by the licensee. The privileges of this license shall be limited to those areas of the licensee's premises designated by the Board that are regularly occupied and utilized for motor car sporting events.

365 10. Meal-assembly kitchen license, which shall authorize the licensee to serve wine or beer on the366 premises of the licensee to any such bona fide customer attending either a private gathering or a special

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367 event; however, the licensee shall not give more than two five-ounce glasses of wine or two 12-ounce
368 glasses of beer to any such customer, nor shall it sell or otherwise charge a fee to such customer for the
369 wine or beer served or consumed. The privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the
370 meal-assembly kitchen regularly occupied and utilized as such.

371 11. Canal boat operator license, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of 372 lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by any bona fide customer 373 attending either a private gathering or a special event; however, the licensee shall not sell or otherwise 374 charge a fee to such customer for the alcoholic beverages so consumed. The privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the licensee, including the canal, the canal boats while in operation, 375 376 and any pathways adjacent thereto. Upon authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and 377 consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises in all areas and locations 378 covered by the license.

379 § 8.01-66.2. Lien against person whose negligence causes injury.

380 Whenever any person sustains personal injuries caused by the alleged negligence of another and 381 receives treatment in any hospital, public or private, or nursing home, or receives medical attention or 382 treatment from any physician, or receives nursing service or care from any registered nurse, or receives 383 physical therapy treatment from any registered physical therapist in this Commonwealth, or receives 384 medicine from a pharmacy, or receives any ambulance service emergency medical services and 385 transportation provided by an emergency medical services vehicle, such hospital, nursing home, 386 physician, nurse, physical therapist, pharmacy or ambulance service emergency medical services and 387 transportation provided by an emergency medical services vehicle shall each have a lien for the amount 388 of a just and reasonable charge for the service rendered, but not exceeding \$2,500 in the case of a 389 hospital or nursing home, \$750 for each physician, nurse, physical therapist, or pharmacy, and \$200 for 390 each ambulance service emergency medical services and transportation provided by an emergency 391 medical services vehicle on the claim of such injured person or of his personal representative against the 392 person, firm or corporation whose negligence is alleged to have caused such injuries.

393 § 8.01-66.5. Written notice required.

394 A. No lien provided for in § 8.01-66.2, 8.01-66.9, or 19.2-368.15 shall be created or become 395 effective in favor of the Commonwealth, an institution thereof, or a hospital, nursing home, physician, 396 nurse, physical therapist, or ambulance service emergency medical services and transportation provided 397 by an emergency medical services vehicle unless and until a written notice of lien setting forth the name 398 of the Commonwealth, or the institution, hospital, nursing home, physician, nurse, physical therapist, or 399 ambulance service emergency medical services and transportation provided by an emergency medical 400 services vehicle and the name of the injured person, has been served upon or given to the person, firm 401 or corporation whose negligence is alleged to have caused such injuries, or to the attorney for the 402 injured party, or to the injured party. Such written notice of lien shall not be required if the attorney for 403 the injured party knew that medical services were either provided or paid for by the Commonwealth.

404 B. In any action for personal injuries or wrongful death against a nursing home or its agents, if the 405 Department of Medical Assistance Services has paid for any health care services provided to the injured 406 party or decedent relating to the action, the injured party or personal representative shall, within 60 days 407 of filing a lawsuit or 21 days of determining that the Department of Medical Assistance Services has 408 paid for such health care services, whichever is later, give written notice to the Department of Medical 409 Assistance Services that the lawsuit has been filed. The Department of Medical Assistance Services shall 410 provide a written response, stating the amount of the lien as of the date of their response, within 60 411 days of receiving a request for that information from the injured party or personal representative.

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§ 8.01-66.7. Hearing and disposal of claim of unreasonableness.

413 If the injured person questions the reasonableness of the charges made by a hospital, nurse, physician, or ambulance service emergency medical services and transportation provided by an 414 415 emergency medical services vehicle claiming a lien pursuant to § 8.01-66.2, the injured person or the 416 hospital, physician, nurse, or ambulance service emergency medical services and transportation provided 417 by an emergency medical services vehicle may file, in the court that would have jurisdiction of such 418 claim if such claim were asserted against the injured person by such hospital, physician, nurse, or 419 ambulance service emergency medical services and transportation provided by an emergency medical 420 services vehicle, a petition setting forth the facts. The court shall hear and dispose of the matter in a 421 summary way after five days' notice to the other party in interest.

422 § 8.01-66.8. Petition to enforce lien.

423 If suit is instituted by an injured person or his personal representative against the person, firm or 424 corporation allegedly causing the person's injuries, a hospital, nursing home, physician, nurse, or 425 ambulance service emergency medical services and transportation provided by an emergency medical 426 services vehicle, in lieu of proceeding according to §§ 8.01-66.5 to 8.01-66.7, may file in the court 427 wherein such suit is pending a petition to enforce the lien provided for in § 8.01-66.2 or §-8.01-66.9. **428** Such petition shall be heard and disposed of in a summary way.

429 § 8.01-225. Persons rendering emergency care, obstetrical services exempt from liability.

430 A. Any person who:

1. In good faith, renders emergency care or assistance, without compensation, to any ill or injured
person (i) at the scene of an accident, fire, or any life-threatening emergency; (ii) at a location for
screening or stabilization of an emergency medical condition arising from an accident, fire, or any
life-threatening emergency; or (iii) en route to any hospital, medical clinic, or doctor's office, shall not
be liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such care or
assistance.

437 2. In the absence of gross negligence, renders emergency obstetrical care or assistance to a female in active labor who has not previously been cared for in connection with the pregnancy by such person or by another professionally associated with such person and whose medical records are not reasonably available to such person shall not be liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such emergency care or assistance. The immunity herein granted shall apply only to the emergency medical care provided.

3. In good faith and without compensation, including any emergency medical services technician *provider* certified by the Board of Health, administers epinephrine in an emergency to an individual
shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions resulting from the
rendering of such treatment if such person has reason to believe that the individual receiving the
injection is suffering or is about to suffer a life-threatening anaphylactic reaction.

448 4. Provides assistance upon request of any police agency, fire department, rescue or emergency squad 449 emergency medical services agency, or governmental agency in the event of an accident or other 450 emergency involving the use, handling, transportation, transmission, or storage of liquefied petroleum 451 gas, liquefied natural gas, hazardous material, or hazardous waste as defined in § 10.1-1400 or 452 regulations of the Virginia Waste Management Board shall not be liable for any civil damages resulting 453 from any act of commission or omission on his part in the course of his rendering such assistance in 454 good faith.

455 5. Is an emergency medical care attendant or technician services provider possessing a valid 456 certificate issued by authority of the State Board of Health who in good faith renders emergency care or 457 assistance, whether in person or by telephone or other means of communication, without compensation, 458 to any injured or ill person, whether at the scene of an accident, fire, or any other place, or while 459 transporting such injured or ill person to, from, or between any hospital, medical facility, medical clinic, 460 doctor's office, or other similar or related medical facility, shall not be liable for any civil damages for 461 acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such emergency care, treatment, or assistance, including but in no way limited to acts or omissions which involve violations of State Department of 462 463 Health regulations or any other state regulations in the rendering of such emergency care or assistance.

464 6. In good faith and without compensation, renders or administers emergency cardiopulmonary 465 resuscitation (CPR); cardiac defibrillation, including, but not limited to, the use of an automated external 466 defibrillator (AED); or other emergency life-sustaining or resuscitative treatments or procedures which have been approved by the State Board of Health to any sick or injured person, whether at the scene of 467 468 a fire, an accident, or any other place, or while transporting such person to or from any hospital, clinic, 469 doctor's office, or other medical facility, shall be deemed qualified to administer such emergency 470 treatments and procedures and shall not be liable for acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of 471 such emergency resuscitative treatments or procedures.

7. Operates an AED at the scene of an emergency, trains individuals to be operators of AEDs, or orders AEDs, shall be immune from civil liability for any personal injury that results from any act or omission in the use of an AED in an emergency where the person performing the defibrillation acts as an ordinary, reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances, unless such personal injury results from gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the person rendering such emergency care.

8. Maintains an AED located on real property owned or controlled by such person shall be immune
from civil liability for any personal injury that results from any act or omission in the use in an
emergency of an AED located on such property unless such personal injury results from gross
negligence or willful or wanton misconduct of the person who maintains the AED or his agent or
employee.

9. Is a volunteer in good standing and certified to render emergency care by the National Ski Patrol
System, Inc., who, in good faith and without compensation, renders emergency care or assistance to any
injured or ill person, whether at the scene of a ski resort rescue, outdoor emergency rescue, or any other
place or while transporting such injured or ill person to a place accessible for transfer to any available
emergency medical system unit, or any resort owner voluntarily providing a ski patroller employed by
him to engage in rescue or recovery work at a resort not owned or operated by him, shall not be liable
for any civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such emergency care,

490 treatment, or assistance, including but not limited to acts or omissions which involve violations of any
491 state regulation or any standard of the National Ski Patrol System, Inc., in the rendering of such
492 emergency care or assistance, unless such act or omission was the result of gross negligence or willful
493 misconduct.

494 10. Is an employee of a school board, authorized by a prescriber and trained in the administration of 495 insulin and glucagon, who, upon the written request of the parents as defined in § 22.1-1, assists with **496** the administration of insulin or administers glucagon to a student diagnosed as having diabetes who 497 requires insulin injections during the school day or for whom glucagon has been prescribed for the **498** emergency treatment of hypoglycemia shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence 499 in acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such treatment if the insulin is administered 500 according to the child's medication schedule or such employee has reason to believe that the individual 501 receiving the glucagon is suffering or is about to suffer life-threatening hypoglycemia. Whenever any 502 employee of a school board is covered by the immunity granted herein, the school board employing him shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions resulting from the 503 504 rendering of such insulin or glucagon treatment.

11. Is a school nurse, an employee of a school board, an employee of a local governing body, or an employee of a local health department who is authorized by a prescriber and trained in the administration of epinephrine and who provides, administers, or assists in the administration of epinephrine to a student believed in good faith to be having an anaphylactic reaction, or is the prescriber of the epinephrine, shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such treatment.

511 12. Is an employee of a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 512 Developmental Services, or provides services pursuant to a contract with a provider licensed by the 513 Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, who has been trained in the 514 administration of insulin and glucagon and who administers or assists with the administration of insulin 515 or administers glucagon to a person diagnosed as having diabetes who requires insulin injections or for 516 whom glucagon has been prescribed for the emergency treatment of hypoglycemia in accordance with 517 § 54.1-3408 shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions 518 resulting from the rendering of such treatment if the insulin is administered in accordance with the 519 prescriber's instructions or such person has reason to believe that the individual receiving the glucagon is suffering or is about to suffer life-threatening hypoglycemia. Whenever any employee of a provider 520 521 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or a person who provides 522 services pursuant to a contract with a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 523 Developmental Services is covered by the immunity granted herein, the provider shall not be liable for 524 any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such 525 insulin or glucagon treatment.

526 13. Is an employee of a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 527 Developmental Services, or provides services pursuant to a contract with a provider licensed by the 528 Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, who has been trained in the 529 administration of epinephrine and who administers or assists in the administration of epinephrine to a 530 person believed in good faith to be having an anaphylactic reaction in accordance with the prescriber's 531 instructions shall not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions 532 resulting from the rendering of such treatment.

533 14. In good faith and without compensation, administers naloxone in an emergency to an individual 534 who is experiencing or is about to experience a life-threatening opiate overdose shall not be liable for 535 any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such 536 treatment if such administering person is a participant in a pilot program conducted by the Department 537 of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services on the administration of naloxone for the purpose of 538 counteracting the effects of opiate overdose.

B. Any licensed physician serving without compensation as the operational medical director for a
licensed an emergency medical services agency that holds a valid permit issued by the Commissioner of *Health* in the Commonwealth shall not be liable for any civil damages for any act or omission resulting
from the rendering of emergency medical services in good faith by the personnel of such licensed
agency unless such act or omission was the result of such physician's gross negligence or willful
misconduct.

Any person serving without compensation as a dispatcher for any licensed public or nonprofit
emergency *medical* services agency in the Commonwealth shall not be liable for any civil damages for
any act or omission resulting from the rendering of emergency services in good faith by the personnel
of such licensed agency unless such act or omission was the result of such dispatcher's gross negligence
or willful misconduct.

550 Any individual, certified by the State Office of Emergency Medical Services as an emergency

551 medical services instructor and pursuant to a written agreement with such office, who, in good faith and 552 in the performance of his duties, provides instruction to persons for certification or recertification as a 553 certified basic life support or advanced life support emergency medical services technician provider shall

not be liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions on his part directly relating to his activities on
behalf of such office unless such act or omission was the result of such emergency medical services
instructor's gross negligence or willful misconduct.

Any licensed physician serving without compensation as a medical advisor to an E-911 system in the
Commonwealth shall not be liable for any civil damages for any act or omission resulting from
rendering medical advice in good faith to establish protocols to be used by the personnel of the E-911
service, as defined in § 58.1-1730, when answering emergency calls unless such act or omission was the
result of such physician's gross negligence or willful misconduct.

Any licensed physician who directs the provision of emergency medical services, as authorized by
the State Board of Health, through a communications device shall not be liable for any civil damages
for any act or omission resulting from the rendering of such emergency medical services unless such act
or omission was the result of such physician's gross negligence or willful misconduct.

Any licensed physician serving without compensation as a supervisor of an AED in the Commonwealth shall not be liable for any civil damages for any act or omission resulting from rendering medical advice in good faith to the owner of the AED relating to personnel training, local emergency medical services coordination, protocol approval, AED deployment strategies, and equipment maintenance plans and records unless such act or omission was the result of such physician's gross negligence or willful misconduct.

572 C. Any communications services provider, as defined in § 58.1-647, including mobile service, and
573 any provider of Voice-over-Internet Protocol service, in the Commonwealth shall not be liable for any
574 civil damages for any act or omission resulting from rendering such service with or without charge
575 related to emergency calls unless such act or omission was the result of such service provider's gross
576 negligence or willful misconduct.

577 Any volunteer engaging in rescue or recovery work at a mine, or any mine operator voluntarily 578 providing personnel to engage in rescue or recovery work at a mine not owned or operated by such 579 operator, shall not be liable for civil damages for acts or omissions resulting from the rendering of such 580 rescue or recovery work in good faith unless such act or omission was the result of gross negligence or 581 willful misconduct. For purposes of this subsection, the term "Voice-over-Internet Protocol service" or 582 "VoIP service" means any Internet protocol-enabled services utilizing a broadband connection, actually 583 originating or terminating in Internet Protocol from either or both ends of a channel of communication **584** offering real time, multidirectional voice functionality, including, but not limited to, services similar to 585 traditional telephone service.

586 D. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to provide immunity from liability arising out 587 of the operation of a motor vehicle.

E. [Expired.]

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589 F. For the purposes of this section, the term "compensation" shall not be construed to include (i) the 590 salaries of police, fire, or other public officials or personnel who render such emergency assistance, (ii) 591 the salaries or wages of employees of a coal producer engaging in emergency medical technician service 592 services or first aid services pursuant to the provisions of § 45.1-161.38, 45.1-161.101, 593 45.1-161.199, or 45.1-161.263, (iii) complimentary lift tickets, food, lodging, or other gifts provided as a 594 gratuity to volunteer members of the National Ski Patrol System, Inc., by any resort, group, or agency, 595 (iv) the salary of any person who (a) owns an AED for the use at the scene of an emergency, (b) trains 596 individuals, in courses approved by the Board of Health, to operate AEDs at the scene of emergencies, 597 (c) orders AEDs for use at the scene of emergencies, or (d) operates an AED at the scene of an 598 emergency, or (v) expenses reimbursed to any person providing care or assistance pursuant to this 599 section.

For the purposes of this section, an emergency medical care attendant or technician services provider
shall be deemed to include a person licensed or certified as such or its equivalent by any other state
when he is performing services which he is licensed or certified to perform by such other state in caring
for a patient in transit in the Commonwealth, which care originated in such other state.

604 Further, the public shall be urged to receive training on how to use CPR and an AED in order to 605 acquire the skills and confidence to respond to emergencies using both CPR and an AED.

§ 8.01-226.5:2. Immunity of hospital personnel for the acceptance of certain infants.

Any personnel of a hospital of rescue squad receiving a child under the circumstances described in subsection B the second paragraph of § 18.2-371, subdivision B 2 of § 18.2-371.1, or subsection B of § 40.1-103 shall be immune from civil liability or criminal prosecution for injury or other damage to the child unless such injury or other damage is the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct by such personnel.

612 § 8.01-420.2. Limitation on use of recorded conversations as evidence.

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613 No mechanical recording, electronic or otherwise, of a telephone conversation shall be admitted into 614 evidence in any civil proceeding unless (i) all parties to the conversation were aware the conversation 615 was being recorded or (ii) the portion of the recording to be admitted contains admissions that, if true, would constitute criminal conduct which is the basis for the civil action, and one of the parties was 616 617 aware of the recording and the proceeding is not one for divorce, separate maintenance or annulment of 618 a marriage. The parties' knowledge of the recording pursuant to clause (i) shall be demonstrated by a 619 declaration at the beginning of the recorded portion of the conversation to be admitted into evidence that 620 the conversation is being recorded. This section shall not apply to emergency reporting systems operated 621 by police and fire departments and by rescue squadsemergency medical services agencies, nor to any 622 communications common carrier utilizing service observing or random monitoring pursuant to § 19.2-62. 623 § 8.01-581.13. Civil immunity for certain health professionals and health profession students

624 serving as members of certain entities.

A. For the purposes of this subsection, "health professional" means any clinical psychologist, applied 625 626 psychologist, school psychologist, dentist, certified emergency medical services personnel provider, 627 licensed professional counselor, licensed substance abuse treatment practitioner, certified substance abuse 628 counselor, certified substance abuse counseling assistant, licensed marriage and family therapist, nurse, 629 optometrist, pharmacist, physician, chiropractor, podiatrist, or veterinarian who is actively engaged in the 630 practice of his profession or any member of the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program Committee 631 pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

632 Unless such act, decision, or omission resulted from such health professional's bad faith or malicious 633 intent, any health professional, as defined in this subsection, shall be immune from civil liability for any 634 act, decision or omission resulting from his duties as a member or agent of any entity which functions 635 primarily (i) to investigate any complaint that a physical or mental impairment, including alcoholism or drug addiction, has impaired the ability of any such health professional to practice his profession and (ii) 636 to encourage, recommend and arrange for a course of treatment or intervention, if deemed appropriate, 637 638 or (iii) to review or monitor the duration of patient stays in health facilities, delivery of professional 639 services, or the quality of care delivered in the statewide emergency medical eare services system for the 640 purpose of promoting the most efficient use of available health facilities and services, the adequacy and 641 quality of professional services, or the reasonableness or appropriateness of charges made by or on 642 behalf of such health professionals. Such entity shall have been established pursuant to a federal or state law, or by one or more public or licensed private hospitals, or a relevant health professional society, 643 644 academy or association affiliated with the American Medical Association, the American Dental 645 Association, the American Pharmaceutical Association, the American Psychological Association, the 646 American Podiatric Medical Association, the American Society of Hospitals and Pharmacies, the 647 American Veterinary Medical Association, the American Association for Counseling and Development, 648 the American Optometric Association, International Chiropractic Association, the American Chiropractic 649 Association, the NAADAC: the Association for Addiction Professionals, the American Association for 650 Marriage and Family Therapy or a governmental agency.

651 B. For the purposes of this subsection, "health profession student" means a student in good standing who is enrolled in an accredited school, program, or curriculum in clinical psychology, counseling, 652 653 dentistry, medicine, nursing, pharmacy, chiropractic, marriage and family therapy, substance abuse 654 treatment, or veterinary medicine and has received training relating to substance abuse.

655 Unless such act, decision, or omission resulted from such health profession student's bad faith or 656 malicious intent, any health profession student, as defined in this subsection, shall be immune from civil 657 liability for any act, decision, or omission resulting from his duties as a member of an entity established 658 by the institution of higher education in which he is enrolled or a professional student's organization 659 affiliated with such institution which functions primarily (i) to investigate any complaint of a physical or 660 mental impairment, including alcoholism or drug addiction, of any health profession student and (ii) to encourage, recommend, and arrange for a course of treatment, if deemed appropriate. 661

662 C. The immunity provided hereunder shall not extend to any person with respect to actions, decisions 663 or omissions, liability for which is limited under the provisions of the federal Social Security Act or 664 amendments thereto.

665 § 8.01-581.19. Civil immunity for physicians, psychologists, podiatrists, optometrists, 666 veterinarians, nursing home administrators, and certified emergency medical services providers 667 while members of certain committees.

A. Any physician, chiropractor, psychologist, podiatrist, veterinarian or optometrist licensed to 668 669 practice in this Commonwealth shall be immune from civil liability for any communication, finding, 670 opinion or conclusion made in performance of his duties while serving as a member of any committee, 671 board, group, commission or other entity that is responsible for resolving questions concerning the 672 admission of any physician, psychologist, podiatrist, veterinarian or optometrist to, or the taking of disciplinary action against any member of, any medical society, academy or association affiliated with 673

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674 the American Medical Association, the Virginia Academy of Clinical Psychologists, the American 675 Psychological Association, the Virginia Applied Psychology Academy, the Virginia Academy of School Psychologists, the American Podiatric Medical Association, the American Veterinary Medical 676 Association, the International Chiropractic Association, the American Chiropractic Association, the **677** 678 Virginia Chiropractic Association, or the American Optometric Association; provided that such 679 communication, finding, opinion or conclusion is not made in bad faith or with malicious intent.

680 B. Any nursing home administrator licensed under the laws of this the Commonwealth shall be immune from civil liability for any communication, finding, opinion, decision or conclusion made in 681 performance of his duties while serving as a member of any committee, board, group, commission or **682** other entity that is responsible for resolving questions concerning the admission of any health care 683 facility to, or the taking of disciplinary action against any member of, the Virginia Health Care **684** Association, provided that such communication, finding, opinion, decision or conclusion is not made in **685 686** bad faith or with malicious intent.

687 C. Any emergency medical services personnel provider certified under the laws of the Commonwealth shall be immune from civil liability for any communication, finding, opinion, decision, 688 689 or conclusion made in performance of his duties while serving as a member of any regional council, 690 committee, board, group, commission or other entity that is responsible for resolving questions concerning the quality of care, including triage, interfacility transfer, and other components of **691** 692 emergency medical services care, unless such communication, finding, opinion, decision or conclusion is 693 made in bad faith or with malicious intent. 694

§ 9.1-300. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

696 "Emergency medical technician services provider" means any person who holds a valid certification issued by the Office of Emergency Medical Services and who is employed solely within the fire **697** 698 department, emergency medical services agency, or public safety department of an employing agency as 699 a full-time emergency medical technician services provider whose primary responsibility is the provision 700 of emergency care to the sick and injured, using either basic or advanced techniques. Emergency 701 medical technicians services provider may also provide fire protection services and assist in the 702 enforcement of the fire prevention code.

"Employing agency" means any municipality of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 703 704 thereof, including authorities and special districts, which employs firefighters and emergency medical 705 technicians services personnel.

706 "Firefighter" means any person who is employed solely within the fire department or public safety 707 department of an employing agency as a full-time firefighter whose primary responsibility is the 708 prevention and extinguishment of fires, the protection of life and property, and the enforcement of local and state fire prevention codes and laws pertaining to the prevention and control of fires. 709

710 "Interrogation" means any questioning of a formal nature as used in Chapter 4 (§ 9.1-500 et seq.) of 711 this title that could lead to dismissal, demotion, or suspension for punitive reasons of a firefighter or 712 emergency medical technician services personnel. 713

§ 9.1-301. Conduct of interrogation.

714 The provisions of this section shall apply whenever a firefighter or emergency medical technician 715 services personnel is subjected to an interrogation which could lead to dismissal, demotion, or 716 suspension for punitive reasons:

717 1. The interrogation shall take place at the facility where the investigating officer is assigned, or at 718 the facility which has jurisdiction over the place where the incident under investigation allegedly 719 occurred, as designated by the investigating officer.

720 2. No firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel shall be subjected to 721 interrogation without first receiving written notice of sufficient detail of the investigation in order to 722 reasonably apprise the firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel of the nature of 723 the investigation.

724 3. All interrogations shall be conducted at a reasonable time of day, preferably when the firefighter 725 or emergency medical technician services personnel is on duty, unless the matters being investigated are 726 of such a nature that immediate action is required.

4. The firefighter or *nonprofit* emergency medical technician services personnel under investigation 727 728 shall be informed of the name, rank, and unit or command of the officer in charge of the investigation, 729 the interrogators, and all persons present during any interrogation.

730 5. Interrogation sessions shall be of reasonable duration and the firefighter or emergency medical 731 technician services personnel shall be permitted reasonable periods for rest and personal necessities. The 732 firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel may have an observer of his choice 733 present during the interrogation, as long as the interview is not unduly delayed. This observer may not 734 participate or represent the employee, may not be involved in the investigation, and must be a current 735 member of the Department, for purposes of confidentiality.

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736 6. The firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel being interrogated shall not be 737 subjected to offensive language or offered any incentive as an inducement to answer any questions.

738 7. If a recording of any interrogation is made, and if a transcript of the interrogation is made, the 739 firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel under investigation shall be entitled to a 740 copy without charge. Such record may be electronically recorded.

741 8. No firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel shall be discharged, disciplined, 742 demoted, denied promotion or seniority, or otherwise disciplined or discriminated against in regard to his 743 employment, or be threatened with any such treatment as retaliation for his exercise of any of the rights 744 granted or protected by this chapter.

745 Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit a local governing body from granting its employees 746 rights greater than those contained herein. 747

§ 9.1-302. Breach of procedures.

748 Any breach of the procedures required by this chapter shall not exclude any evidence from being 749 presented in any case against a firefighter or emergency medical technician services personnel and shall 750 not cause any charge to be dismissed unless the firefighter or emergency medical technician services 751 personnel demonstrates that the breach prejudiced his case.

752 § 9.1-303. Informal counseling not prohibited.

753 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the informal counseling of a firefighter or 754 emergency medical technician services personnel by a supervisor in reference to a minor infraction of 755 policy or procedure which does not result in disciplinary action being taken against the firefighter or 756 emergency medical technician services personnel.

757 § 9.1-400. Title of chapter; definitions. 758

A. This chapter shall be known and designated as the Line of Duty Act.

759 B. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

760 "Beneficiary" means the spouse of a deceased person and such persons as are entitled to take under 761 the will of a deceased person if testate, or as his heirs at law if intestate.

762 "Deceased person" means any individual whose death occurs on or after April 8, 1972, as the direct 763 or proximate result of the performance of his duty, including the presumptions under §§ 27-40.1, 27-40.2, 51.1-813, and 65.2-402, as a law-enforcement officer of the Commonwealth or any of its 764 765 political subdivisions; a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1; a jail officer; a regional jail or jail farm superintendent; a sheriff, deputy sheriff, or city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the City of 766 Richmond; a police chaplain; a member of any fire company or department or rescue squad nonprofit or 767 768 volunteer emergency medical services agency that has been recognized by an ordinance or a resolution 769 of the governing body of any county, city, or town of the Commonwealth as an integral part of the 770 official safety program of such county, city, or town; a member of any fire company providing fire 771 protection services for facilities of the Virginia National Guard; a member of the Virginia National 772 Guard or the Virginia Defense Force while such member is serving in the Virginia National Guard or 773 the Virginia Defense Force on official state duty or federal duty under Title 32 of the United States Code; any special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Board; any regular or special 774 775 conservation police officer who receives compensation from a county, city, or town or from the 776 Commonwealth appointed pursuant to the provisions of § 29.1-200; any commissioned forest warden 777 appointed under the provisions of § 10.1-1135; any member or employee of the Virginia Marine 778 Resources Commission granted the power of arrest pursuant to § 28.2-900; any Department of 779 Emergency Management hazardous materials officer; any other employee of the Department of 780 Emergency Management who is performing official duties of the agency, when those duties are related 781 to a major disaster or emergency, as defined in § 44-146.16, that has been or is later declared to exist under the authority of the Governor in accordance with § 44-146.28; any employee of any county, city, 782 783 or town performing official emergency management or emergency services duties in cooperation with 784 the Department of Emergency Management, when those duties are related to a major disaster or 785 emergency, as defined in § 44-146.16, that has been or is later declared to exist under the authority of 786 the Governor in accordance with § 44-146.28 or a local emergency, as defined in § 44-146.16, declared 787 by a local governing body; any nonfirefighter regional hazardous materials emergency response team 788 member; any conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned 789 pursuant to § 10.1-115; or any full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of 790 Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217.

791 "Disabled person" means any individual who, as the direct or proximate result of the performance of 792 his duty in any position listed in the definition of deceased person in this section, has become mentally 793 or physically incapacitated so as to prevent the further performance of duty where such incapacity is 794 likely to be permanent. The term shall also include any state employee included in the definition of a 795 deceased person who was disabled on or after January 1, 1966.

"Line of duty" means any action the deceased or disabled person was obligated or authorized to 796

797 perform by rule, regulation, condition of employment or service, or law.

798 § 9.1-700. Definitions. 799

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

800 "Employer" means any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, including any county, city, town, 801 authority, or special district that employs fire protection employees except any locality with five or 802 fewer paid firefighters that is exempt from overtime rules by 29 U.S.C. § 207 (k).

803 "Fire protection employee" means any person, other than an employee who is exempt from the 804 overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, who is employed by an employer as a paid 805 firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician services provider, rescue worker, ambulance personnel, or hazardous materials worker who is (i) trained in fire suppression and has the legal 806 807 authority and responsibility to engage in fire suppression, and is employed by a fire department of an employer; and (ii) engaged in the prevention, control, and extinguishment of fires or response to 808 809 emergency situations where life, property, or the environment is at risk.

"Law-enforcement employee" means any person who is responsible for the prevention and detection 810 of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the Commonwealth, other than an 811 812 employee who is exempt from the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act, and who is a full-time employee of either (i) a police department or (ii) a sheriff's office that is part of or 813 814 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof.

815 "Regularly scheduled work hours" means those hours that are recurring and fixed within the work 816 period and for which an employee receives a salary or hourly compensation. "Regularly scheduled work 817 hours" does not include on-call, extra duty assignments or any other nonrecurring and nonfixed hours. 818

§ 9.1-801. Public safety officer defined.

As used in this chapter, the term "public safety officer" includes a law-enforcement officer of this the 819 Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions; a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1; a 820 821 correctional officer employed at a juvenile correctional facility as the term is defined in § 66-25.3; a jail 822 officer; a regional jail or jail farm superintendent; a member of any fire company or department or 823 rescue squad nonprofit or volunteer emergency medical services agency that has been recognized by an 824 ordinance or resolution of the governing body of any county, city, or town of this the Commonwealth as 825 an integral part of the official safety program of such county, city, or town; an arson investigator; a member of the Virginia National Guard or the Virginia Defense Force while such a member is serving 826 827 in the Virginia National Guard or the Virginia Defense Force on official state duty or federal duty under 828 Title 32 of the United States Code; any special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Board; 829 any police agent appointed under the provisions of § 56-353; any regular or special conservation police 830 officer who receives compensation from a county, city, or town or from the Commonwealth appointed 831 pursuant to § 29.1-200; any commissioned forest warden appointed pursuant to § 10.1-1135; any member 832 or employee of the Virginia Marine Resources Commission granted the power to arrest pursuant to 833 § 28.2-900; any Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer; any nonfirefighter 834 regional hazardous materials emergency response team member; any investigator who is a full-time 835 sworn member of the security division of the State Lottery Department; any full-time sworn member of 836 the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles meeting the Department of Criminal 837 Justice Services qualifications, when fulfilling duties pursuant to § 46.2-217; any campus police officer appointed under the provisions of Chapter 17 (§ 23-232 et seq.) of Title 23; and any conservation officer 838 839 of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115.

840 § 10.1-1141. Liability and recovery of cost of fighting forest fires by localities and the State 841 Forester.

842 A. The State Forester in the name of the Commonwealth shall collect the costs of fire fighting 843 *firefighting* performed under the direction of a forest warden in accordance with § 10.1-1139 from any 844 person who, negligently or intentionally without using reasonable care and precaution starts a fire or 845 who negligently or intentionally fails to prevent its escape, which fire burns on any forestland, 846 brushland, grassland or wasteland. Such person shall be liable for the full amount of all expenses 847 incurred by the Commonwealth, for fighting or extinguishing such fire. All expenses collected shall be 848 credited to the Forestry Operations Fund. It shall be the duty of the Commonwealth's attorneys to 849 institute and prosecute proper proceedings under this section, at the instance of the State Forester.

850 B. Any locality may collect the costs of fire fighting firefighting from any person who intentionally 851 starts a fire and who fails to attempt to prevent its escape, which fire burns on any forestland, brushland, 852 grassland or wasteland. Such person shall be liable for the full amount of all expenses incurred by the 853 locality and any volunteer fire *company* or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency to 854 fight or extinguish the fire and the reasonable administrative costs expended to collect such expenses. 855 The locality shall remit any costs recovered on behalf of another entity to such entity.

856 C. The State Forester or a locality may institute an action and recover from either one or both 857 parents of any minor, living with such parents or either of them, the cost of forest fire suppression 858 suffered by reason of the willful or malicious destruction of, or damage to, public or private property by such minor. No more than \$750 may be recovered from such parents or either of them as a result of anyforest fire incident or occurrence on which such action is based.

861 § 15.2-622. Same; director as purchasing agent.

862 The director of finance shall act as purchasing agent for the county, unless the board designates 863 another officer or employee for such purpose. The director of finance or the person designated as 864 purchasing agent shall make all purchases, subject to such exceptions as the board allows. He may 865 transfer supplies, materials and equipment between departments and offices; sell, exchange or otherwise 866 dispose of any surplus supplies, materials or equipment; and make such other sales, exchanges and 867 dispositions as the board authorizes. He may, with the approval of the board, establish suitable 868 specifications or standards for all goods, services, insurance and construction to be procured for the 869 county; inspect all deliveries to determine their compliance with such specifications and standards; and 870 sell supplies, materials and equipment to volunteer rescue squadsemergency medical services agencies at 871 the same cost as the cost of such supplies, materials and equipment to the county. He shall have charge 872 of such storerooms and warehouses of the county as the board provides.

All purchases shall be made in accordance with Chapter 43 (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.) of Title 2.2 and
under such rules and regulations consistent with Chapter 43 of Title 2.2 as the board establishes. He
shall not furnish any goods, services, insurance or construction to any department or office except upon
receipt of a properly approved requisition and unless there is an unencumbered appropriation balance
sufficient to pay for them.

878 § 15.2-831. Same; director as purchasing agent.

879 The director of finance shall act as purchasing agent for the county, unless the board designates some 880 other officer or employee for such purpose. The director of finance or the person designated as 881 purchasing agent shall make all purchases, subject to such exceptions as the board allows. He may 882 transfer supplies, materials or equipment between departments and offices; sell any surplus supplies, 883 materials or equipment; and make such other sales as the board authorizes. He may also, with the **884** board's approval, (i) establish suitable specifications or standards for all supplies, materials and 885 equipment to be purchased for the county; (ii) inspect all deliveries to determine their compliance with 886 such specifications and standards; and (iii) sell supplies, materials and equipment to volunteer rescue squadsemergency medical services agencies and fire-fighting companies at the same cost of such 887 888 supplies, materials and equipment to the county. He shall have charge of such storerooms and 889 warehouses of the county as the board provides.

890 All purchases shall be made in accordance with Chapter 43 (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.) of Title 2.2 and 891 under such rules and regulations consistent with Chapter 43 of Title 2.2 as the board establishes by 892 ordinance or resolution, which ordinance or resolution may, notwithstanding the provisions of 893 § 15.2-830, provide for the use of a combination purchase order-check, which check may be made valid **894** for such maximum amount as the board may fix, not to exceed \$250. Subject to such exceptions as the 895 board provides, before making any sale the director shall invite competitive bidding under such rules 896 and regulations as the board establishes by ordinance or resolution. He shall not furnish any supplies, 897 materials, equipment or contractual services to any department or office except upon receipt of a 898 properly approved requisition and unless there is an unencumbered appropriation balance sufficient to 899 pay for the supplies, materials, equipment or contractual services.

900 § 15.2-953. Donations to charitable institutions and associations, volunteer and nonprofit 901 organizations, chambers of commerce, etc.

902 A. Any locality may make appropriations of public funds, of personal property or of any real estate 903 and donations to the Virginia Indigent Health Care Trust Fund and to any charitable institution or 904 association, located within their respective limits or outside their limits if such institution or association 905 provides services to residents of the locality; however, such institution or association shall not be 906 controlled in whole or in part by any church or sectarian society. The words "sectarian society" shall not 907 be construed to mean a nondenominational Young Men's Christian Association, a nondenominational 908 Young Women's Christian Association, Habitat for Humanity, or the Salvation Army. Nothing in this 909 section shall be construed to prohibit any county or city from making contracts with any sectarian 910 institution for the care of indigent, sick or injured persons.

911 B. Any locality may make gifts and donations of property, real or personal, or money, to (i) any 912 charitable institution or nonprofit or other organization, providing housing for persons 60 years of age or 913 older, or operating a hospital or nursing home; (ii) any association or other organization furnishing 914 voluntary fire-fighting firefighting services; (iii) any nonprofit lifesaving crew or lifesaving organization, 915 or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency, within or outside the boundaries of the 916 locality; (iv) nonprofit recreational associations or organizations; (v) any nonprofit organization 917 providing recreational or daycare services to persons 65 years of age or older; or (vi) any nonprofit 918 association or organization furnishing services to beautify and maintain communities and/or to prevent 919 neighborhood deterioration. Gifts or donations of property, real or personal, or money by any locality to

920 any nonprofit association, recreational association, or organization described in provision (iv), (v), or (vi)

921 may be made provided the nonprofit association, recreational association, or organization is not

922 controlled in whole or in part by any church or sectarian society. Donations of property or money to 923 any such charitable, nonprofit or other hospital or nursing home, institution or organization or nonprofit

924 recreational associations or organizations may be made for construction purposes, for operating expenses,

925 or both.

926 A locality may make like gifts and donations to chambers of commerce which are nonprofit and 927 nonsectarian.

928 A locality may make like gifts, donations and appropriations of money to industrial development 929 authorities for the purposes of promoting economic development.

930 A locality may make like gifts and donations to any and all public and private nonprofit 931 organizations and agencies engaged in commemorating historical events.

932 A locality may make like gifts and donations to any nonprofit organization that is exempt from 933 taxation under \$501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that is engaged in providing energy efficiency 934 services or promoting energy efficiency within or without the boundaries of the locality.

935 A locality may make like gifts and donations to nonprofit foundations established to support the 936 locality's public parks, libraries, and law enforcement. For the purposes of this paragraph, "donations" to 937 any such foundation shall include the lawful provision of in-kind resources.

938 A locality may make monetary gifts, donations, and appropriations of money to a state college or 939 university which provides services to such locality's residents.

940 Public library materials that are discarded from their collections may be given to nonprofit 941 organizations that support library functions, including, but not limited to, friends of the library, library 942 advisory boards, library foundations, library trusts, and library boards of trustees.

C. Any locality may make gifts and donations of personal property and may deliver such gifts and 943 944 donations to another governmental entity in or outside of the Commonwealth within the United States.

D. Any locality may by ordinance provide for payment to any volunteer rescue squad emergency 945 946 medical services agency that meets the required minimum standards for such volunteer rescue squads 947 emergency medical services agency set forth in the ordinance, a sum for each rescue call the volunteer 948 rescue squad emergency medical services agency makes for an automobile accident in which a person 949 has been injured on any of the highways or streets in the locality. In addition, unless otherwise 950 prohibited by law, any locality may make appropriations of money to volunteer fire companies or rescue 951 squads volunteer emergency medical services agency in an amount sufficient to enroll any qualified 952 member of such volunteer fire company or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency in 953 any program available within the locality intended to defray out-of-pocket expenses for emergency 954 ambulance transportation by an emergency medical services vehicle.

E. For the purposes of this section, "donations" shall include the lawful provision of in-kind 955 956 resources for any event sponsored by the donee.

F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to obligate any locality to appropriate funds to any 957 958 entity. Such charitable contribution shall be voluntary.

959 § 15.2-954.1. Volunteer firefighter or volunteer emergency medical services personnel tuition 960 reimbursement.

Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, any locality may by ordinance establish and 961 962 administer a tuition reimbursement program for eligible volunteer firefighters or volunteer emergency 963 medical services personnel, or both, for the purposes of recruitment and retention.

964 § 15.2-955. Approval by local governing body for the establishment of volunteer emergency 965 medical services agencies and firefighting organizations.

966 A. No volunteer rescue squad, emergency medical service organization or other organization 967 providing similar type services, services agency or volunteer fire fighting firefighting organization shall 968 be established in any locality on or after July 1, 1984, without the prior approval by resolution of the 969 governing body.

970 B. Each locality shall seek to ensure that emergency medical services are maintained throughout the 971 entire locality.

972 § 15.2-1512.2. Political activities of employees of localities, firefighters, emergency medical 973 services personnel, and law-enforcement officers and certain other officers and employees. 974

A. For the purposes of this section:

975 "Emergency medical technician services personnel" means any person who holds a valid certification 976 from the Office of Emergency Medical Services and who is employed within the fire department or 977 public safety department of a locality whose primary responsibility is the provision of emergency 978 medical care to the sick or injured, using either basic or advanced techniques. Emergency medical 979 technicians services personnel may also provide fire protection services and assist in the enforcement of 980 the fire prevention code.

981 "Firefighter" means any person who is employed within the fire department or public safety

982 department of a locality whose primary responsibility is the prevention or extinguishment of fires, the 983 protection of life and property, or the enforcement of local or state fire prevention codes or laws **984** pertaining to the prevention or control of fires.

985 "Law-enforcement officer" means any person who is employed within the police department, bureau, 986 or force of any locality, including the sheriff's department of any city or county, and who is authorized 987 by law to make arrests.

988 "Locality" means counties, cities, towns, authorities, or special districts.

989 "Political campaign" means activities engaged in for the purpose of promoting a political issue, for 990 influencing the outcome of an election for local or state office, or for influencing the outcome of a referendum or special election. 991

992 "Political candidate" means any person who has made known his or her intention to seek, or 993 campaign for, local or state office in a general, primary, or special election.

994 "Political party" means any party, organization, or group having as its purpose the promotion of 995 political candidates or political campaigns.

B. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, general or special, no locality shall prohibit an employee of the locality, including firefighters, emergency medical technicians services personnel, or 996 997 998 law-enforcement officers within its employment, or deputies, appointees, and employees of local 999 constitutional officers as defined in § 15.2-1600, from participating in political activities while these 1000 employees are off duty, out of uniform and not on the premises of their employment with the locality.

1001 C. For purposes of this section, the term "political activities" includes, but is not limited to;, voting; 1002 registering to vote; soliciting votes or endorsements on behalf of a political candidate or political 1003 campaign; expressing opinions, privately or publicly, on political subjects and candidates; displaying a 1004 political picture, sign, sticker, badge, or button; participating in the activities of, or contributing 1005 financially to, a political party, candidate, or campaign or an organization that supports a political 1006 candidate or campaign; attending or participating in a political convention, caucus, rally, or other 1007 political gathering; initiating, circulating, or signing a political petition; engaging in fund-raising 1008 activities for any political party, candidate, or campaign; acting as a recorder, watcher, challenger, or 1009 similar officer at the polls on behalf of a political party, candidate, or campaign; or becoming a political 1010 candidate.

1011 D. Employees of a locality, including firefighters, emergency medical technicians services personnel, 1012 law-enforcement officers, and other employees specified in subsection B are prohibited from using their 1013 official authority to coerce or attempt to coerce a subordinate employee to pay, lend, or contribute 1014 anything of value to a political party, candidate, or campaign, or to discriminate against any employee 1015 or applicant for employment because of that person's political affiliations or political activities, except as 1016 such affiliation or activity may be established by law as disqualification for employment.

E. Employees of a locality, including firefighters, emergency medical technicians services personnel, 1017 law-enforcement officers, and other employees specified in subsection B are prohibited from 1018 1019 discriminating in the provision of public services, including but not limited to fire fighting firefighting, 1020 emergency medical, or and law-enforcement services, or responding to requests for such services, on the 1021 basis of the political affiliations or political activities of the person or organization for which such 1022 services are provided or requested.

1023 F. Employees of a locality, including firefighters, emergency medical technicians services personnel, 1024 law-enforcement officers, and other employees specified in subsection B are prohibited from suggesting 1025 or implying that a locality has officially endorsed a political party, candidate, or campaign. 1026

§ 15.2-1714. Establishing police lines, perimeters, or barricades.

1027 Whenever fires, accidents, wrecks, explosions, crimes, riots, or other emergency situations where life, 1028 limb, or property may be endangered may cause persons to collect on the public streets, alleys, 1029 highways, parking lots, or other public area, the chief law-enforcement officer of any locality or that 1030 officer's authorized representative who is responsible for the security of the scene may establish such 1031 areas, zones, or perimeters by the placement of police lines or barricades as are reasonably necessary to 1032 (i) preserve the integrity of evidence at such scenes, (ii) notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 46.2-888 1033 through 46.2-891, facilitate the movement of vehicular and pedestrian traffic into, out of, and around the 1034 scene, (iii) permit firefighters, police officers, and emergency *medical* services personnel to perform 1035 necessary operations unimpeded, and (iv) protect persons and property.

1036 Any police line or barricade erected for these purposes shall be clearly identified by wording such as 1037 "Police Line - DO NOT CROSS" or other similar wording. If material or equipment is not available for 1038 identifying the prohibited area, then a verbal warning by identifiable law-enforcement officials 1039 positioned to indicate a location of a police line or barricade shall be given to any person or persons 1040 attempting to cross police lines or barricades without proper authorization.

1041 Such scene may be secured no longer than is reasonably necessary to effect the above-described 1042 purposes. Nothing in this section shall limit or otherwise affect the authority of, or be construed to deny

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access to such scene by, any person charged by law with the responsibility of rendering assistance at or 1043 1044 investigating any such fires, accidents, wrecks, explosions, crimes or riots.

1045 Personnel from information services such as press, radio, and television, when gathering news, shall 1046 be exempt from the provisions of this section except that it shall be unlawful for such persons to 1047 obstruct the police, firemen and rescue workers firefighters, or emergency medical services personnel in 1048 the performance of their duties at such scene. Such personnel shall proceed at their own risk. 1049

§ 15.2-1716. Reimbursement of expenses incurred in responding to DUI and related incidents.

1050 A. Any locality may provide by ordinance that a person convicted of violating any of the following 1051 provisions shall, at the time of sentencing or in a separate civil action, be liable to the locality or to any 1052 responding volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency, or both, for 1053 restitution of reasonable expenses incurred by the locality for responding law enforcement, firefighting, rescue and emergency medical services, including those incurred by the sheriff's office of such locality, 1054 1055 or by any volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency, or by any 1056 combination of the foregoing, when providing an appropriate emergency response to any accident or 1057 incident related to such violation. The ordinance may further provide that a person convicted of violating 1058 any of the following provisions shall, at the time of sentencing or in a separate civil action, be liable to 1059 the locality or to any responding volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services 1060 agency, or both, for restitution of reasonable expenses incurred by the locality when issuing any related 1061 arrest warrant or summons, including the expenses incurred by the sheriff's office of such locality, or by 1062 any volunteer fire or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency, or by any combination 1063 of the foregoing:

1. The provisions of § 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, 18.2-266.1, 29.1-738, 29.1-738.02, or 1064 1065 46.2-341.24, or a similar ordinance, when such operation of a motor vehicle, engine, train or watercraft 1066 while so impaired is the proximate cause of the accident or incident;

1067 2. The provisions of Article 7 (§ 46.2-852 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 46.2 relating to reckless 1068 driving, when such reckless driving is the proximate cause of the accident or incident;

1069 3. The provisions of Article 1 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 46.2 relating to driving 1070 without a license or driving with a suspended or revoked license; and 1071

4. The provisions of § 46.2-894 relating to improperly leaving the scene of an accident.

1072 B. Personal liability under this section for reasonable expenses of an appropriate emergency response 1073 pursuant to subsection A shall not exceed \$1,000 in the aggregate for a particular accident, arrest, or incident occurring in such locality. In determining the "reasonable expenses," a locality may bill a flat 1074 1075 fee of \$350 or a minute-by-minute accounting of the actual costs incurred. As used in this section, "appropriate emergency response" includes all costs of providing law-enforcement, firefighting, rescue, 1076 1077 and emergency medical services. The court may order as restitution the reasonable expenses incurred by the locality for responding law enforcement, firefighting, rescue and emergency medical services. The 1078 1079 provisions of this section shall not preempt or limit any remedy available to the Commonwealth, to the 1080 locality, or to any volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency to recover the reasonable expenses of an emergency response to an accident or incident not involving impaired driving, operation 1081 1082 of a vehicle, or other conduct as set forth herein.

§ 15.2-1716.1. Reimbursement of expenses incurred in responding to terrorism hoax incident.

1084 Any locality may provide by ordinance that any person who is convicted of a violation of subsection 1085 B or C of § 18.2-46.6, when his violation of such section is the proximate cause of any incident 1086 resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable at the time of sentencing or in a separate 1087 civil action to the locality or to any volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency, or both, 1088 which may provide such emergency response for the reasonable expense thereof, in an amount not to 1089 exceed \$1,000 in the aggregate for a particular incident occurring in such locality. In determining the "reasonable expense," a locality may bill a flat fee of \$250 or a minute-by-minute accounting of the 1090 1091 actual costs incurred. As used in this section, "appropriate emergency response" includes all costs of 1092 providing law-enforcement, fire-fighting firefighting, rescue, and emergency medical services. The 1093 provisions of this section shall not preempt or limit any remedy available to the Commonwealth, to the 1094 locality or to any volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency to recover the reasonable 1095 expenses of an emergency response to an incident not involving a terroristic hoax as set forth herein. 1096

§ 16.1-228. Definitions.

1097 When used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

1098 "Abused or neglected child" means any child:

1099 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 1100 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement or impairment of bodily or mental 1101 1102 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 1103 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 1104 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 1105 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 1106 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

1107 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 1108 necessary for his health; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 1109 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 1110 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child;

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

1112 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any 1113 sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

1114 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 1115 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco 1116 parentis; or

1117 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 1118 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as 1119 defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the 1120 parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor 1121 for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902.

1122 If a civil proceeding under this chapter is based solely on the parent having left the child at a 1123 hospital or rescue squad, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely delivered the child to 1124 a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended rescue squad that employs 1125 emergency medical technicians, within 14 days of the child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental 1126 rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected 1127 child upon the ground of abandonment.

1128 "Adoptive home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which a child resides as a 1129 member of the household and in which he has been placed for the purposes of adoption or in which he 1130 has been legally adopted by another member of the household.

"Adult" means a person 18 years of age or older.

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"Ancillary crime" or "ancillary charge" means any delinquent act committed by a juvenile as a part 1132 1133 of the same act or transaction as, or which constitutes a part of a common scheme or plan with, a 1134 delinquent act which would be a felony if committed by an adult.

1135 "Boot camp" means a short term secure or nonsecure juvenile residential facility with highly 1136 structured components including, but not limited to, military style drill and ceremony, physical labor, 1137 education and rigid discipline, and no less than six months of intensive aftercare. 1138

"Child," "juvenile," or "minor" means a person less than 18 years of age.

1139 "Child in need of services" means (i) a child whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results 1140 in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of the child or (ii) a child under the age of 14 1141 whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and 1142 physical safety of another person; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by 1143 spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or 1144 religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be a child in need of services, nor 1145 shall any child who habitually remains away from or habitually deserts or abandons his family as a 1146 result of what the court or the local child protective services unit determines to be incidents of physical, 1147 emotional or sexual abuse in the home be considered a child in need of services for that reason alone.

1148 However, to find that a child falls within these provisions, (i) the conduct complained of must 1149 present a clear and substantial danger to the child's life or health or to the life or health of another person, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not presently being 1150 1151 received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, rehabilitation or 1152 services needed by the child or his family.

1153 "Child in need of supervision" means:

1154 1. A child who, while subject to compulsory school attendance, is habitually and without justification 1155 absent from school, and (i) the child has been offered an adequate opportunity to receive the benefit of 1156 any and all educational services and programs that are required to be provided by law and which meet 1157 the child's particular educational needs, (ii) the school system from which the child is absent or other 1158 appropriate agency has made a reasonable effort to effect the child's regular attendance without success, 1159 and (iii) the school system has provided documentation that it has complied with the provisions of 1160 § 22.1-258; or

1161 2. A child who, without reasonable cause and without the consent of his parent, lawful custodian or 1162 placement authority, remains away from or deserts or abandons his family or lawful custodian on more 1163 than one occasion or escapes or remains away without proper authority from a residential care facility in which he has been placed by the court, and (i) such conduct presents a clear and substantial danger to 1164 1165 the child's life or health, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not

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1166 presently being received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, 1167 rehabilitation or services needed by the child or his family.

1168 "Child welfare agency" means a child-placing agency, child-caring institution or independent foster 1169 home as defined in § 63.2-100.

1170 "The court" or the "juvenile court" or the "juvenile and domestic relations court" means the juvenile 1171 and domestic relations district court of each county or city.

"Delinquent act" means (i) an act designated a crime under the law of this *the* Commonwealth, or an ordinance of any city, county, town, or service district, or under federal law, (ii) a violation of \$123 \$18.2-308.7, or (iii) a violation of a court order as provided for in \$16.1-292, but shall not include an act other than a violation of \$18.2-308.7, which is otherwise lawful, but is designated a crime only if committed by a child. For purposes of \$\$16.1-241 and 16.1-278.9, the term shall include a refusal to take a blood or breath test in violation of \$18.2-268.2 or a similar ordinance of any county, city, or town.

1179 "Delinquent child" means a child who has committed a delinquent act or an adult who has committed
a delinquent act prior to his 18th birthday, except where the jurisdiction of the juvenile court has been terminated under the provisions of § 16.1-269.6.

1182 "Department" means the Department of Juvenile Justice and "Director" means the administrative head
1183 in charge thereof or such of his assistants and subordinates as are designated by him to discharge the
1184 duties imposed upon him under this law.

"Family abuse" means any act involving violence, force, or threat that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury and that is committed by a person against such person's family or household member. Such act includes, but is not limited to, any forceful detention, stalking, criminal sexual assault in violation of Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or any criminal offense that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury or places one in reasonable

1191 "Family or household member" means (i) the person's spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the 1192 same home with the person, (ii) the person's former spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the same 1193 home with the person, (iii) the person's parents, stepparents, children, stepchildren, brothers, sisters, 1194 half-brothers, half-sisters, grandparents and grandchildren, regardless of whether such persons reside in 1195 the same home with the person, (iv) the person's mother-in-law, father-in-law, sons-in-law, 1196 daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law who reside in the same home with the person, (v) 1197 any individual who has a child in common with the person, whether or not the person and that 1198 individual have been married or have resided together at any time, or (vi) any individual who cohabits 1199 or who, within the previous 12 months, cohabited with the person, and any children of either of them 1200 then residing in the same home with the person.

1201 "Foster care services" means the provision of a full range of casework, treatment and community 1202 services for a planned period of time to a child who is abused or neglected as defined in § 63.2-100 or 1203 in need of services as defined in this section and his family when the child (i) has been identified as 1204 needing services to prevent or eliminate the need for foster care placement, (ii) has been placed through 1205 an agreement between the local board of social services or a public agency designated by the 1206 community policy and management team and the parents or guardians where legal custody remains with 1207 the parents or guardians, (iii) has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services or 1208 child welfare agency, or (iv) has been placed under the supervisory responsibility of the local board 1209 pursuant to § 16.1-293.

1210 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parental supervision.

1214 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years
1215 of age or older and who has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child
1216 welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services
1217 and activities provided to a person who was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached
1218 the age of 21 years. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, and money
1219 management skills development and access to essential documents and other appropriate services to help
1220 children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

1221 "Intake officer" means a juvenile probation officer appointed as such pursuant to the authority of this chapter.

¹²²³ ^îJail" or "other facility designed for the detention of adults" means a local or regional correctional facility as defined in § 53.1-1, except those facilities utilized on a temporary basis as a court holding cell for a child incident to a court hearing or as a temporary lock-up room or ward incident to the transfer of a child to a juvenile facility.

1227 "The judge" means the judge or the substitute judge of the juvenile and domestic relations district

1228 court of each county or city.

1229 "This law" or "the law" means the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court Law embraced in1230 this chapter.

"Legal custody" means (i) a legal status created by court order which vests in a custodian the right to have physical custody of the child, to determine and redetermine where and with whom he shall live, the right and duty to protect, train and discipline him and to provide him with food, shelter, education and ordinary medical care, all subject to any residual parental rights and responsibilities or (ii) the legal status created by court order of joint custody as defined in § 20-107.2.

1236 "Permanent foster care placement" means the place of residence in which a child resides and in 1237 which he has been placed pursuant to the provisions of §§ 63.2-900 and 63.2-908 with the expectation 1238 and agreement between the placing agency and the place of permanent foster care that the child shall 1239 remain in the placement until he reaches the age of majority unless modified by court order or unless 1240 removed pursuant to § 16.1-251 or 63.2-1517. A permanent foster care placement may be a place of 1241 residence of any natural person or persons deemed appropriate to meet a child's needs on a long-term 1242 basis.

1243 "Residual parental rights and responsibilities" means all rights and responsibilities remaining with the parent after the transfer of legal custody or guardianship of the person, including but not limited to the right of visitation, consent to adoption, the right to determine religious affiliation and the responsibility for support.

1247 "Secure facility" or "detention home" means a local, regional or state public or private locked
1248 residential facility that has construction fixtures designed to prevent escape and to restrict the movement
1249 and activities of children held in lawful custody.

- 1250 "Shelter care" means the temporary care of children in physically unrestricting facilities.
- 1251 "State Board" means the State Board of Juvenile Justice.
- 1252 "Status offender" means a child who commits an act prohibited by law which would not be criminal1253 if committed by an adult.

1254 "Status offense" means an act prohibited by law which would not be an offense if committed by an adult.

1256 "Violent juvenile felony" means any of the delinquent acts enumerated in subsection B or C of1257 § 16.1-269.1 when committed by a juvenile 14 years of age or older.

1258 § 18.2-51.1. Malicious bodily injury to law-enforcement officers, firefighters, search and rescue 1259 personnel, or emergency medical services personnel; penalty; lesser-included offense.

1260 If any person maliciously causes bodily injury to another by any means including the means set out 1261 in § 18.2-52, with intent to maim, disfigure, disable or kill, and knowing or having reason to know that 1262 such other person is a law-enforcement officer, as defined hereinafter, firefighter, as defined in 1263 § 65.2-102, search and rescue personnel as defined hereinafter, or emergency medical services personnel, 1264 as defined in § 32.1-111.1 engaged in the performance of his public duties as a law-enforcement officer, firefighter, search and rescue personnel, or emergency medical services personnel, such person shall be 1265 1266 is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for a period of not less than five years nor more than 1267 30 years and, subject to subdivision (g) of § 18.2-10, a fine of not more than \$100,000. Upon 1268 conviction, the sentence of such person shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 1269 two years.

1270 If any person unlawfully, but not maliciously, with the intent aforesaid, causes bodily injury to 1271 another by any means, knowing or having reason to know such other person is a law-enforcement 1272 officer, firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102, search and rescue personnel, or emergency medical services 1273 personnel, engaged in the performance of his public duties as a law-enforcement officer, firefighter, 1274 search and rescue personnel, or emergency medical services personnel *as defined in § 32.1-111.1*, he 1275 shall be *is* guilty of a Class 6 felony, and upon conviction, the sentence of such person shall include a 1276 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of one year.

1277 Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the right of any person charged with a violation1278 of this section from asserting and presenting evidence in support of any defenses to the charge that may1279 be available under common law.

1280 As used in this section, "law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a 1281 police department or sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any 1282 political subdivision thereof, who is responsible for the prevention or detection of crime and the 1283 enforcement of the penal, traffic, or highway laws of this the Commonwealth; any conservation officer 1284 of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115; any 1285 conservation police officer appointed pursuant to § 29.1-200 and auxiliary police officers appointed or 1286 provided for pursuant to §§ 15.2-1731 and 15.2-1733 and auxiliary deputy sheriffs appointed pursuant to 1287 § 15.2-1603.

1288 As used in this section, "search and rescue personnel" means any employee or member of a search

1289 and rescue organization that is authorized by a resolution or ordinance duly adopted by the governing 1290 body of any county, city, or town of the Commonwealth or any member of a search and rescue 1291 organization operating under a memorandum of understanding with the Virginia Department of 1292 Emergency Management.

1293 The provisions of § 18.2-51 shall be deemed to provide a lesser-included offense hereof.

1294 § 18.2-121.2. Trespass by spotlight on agricultural land.

1295 If any person shall willfully use a spotlight or similar lighting apparatus to cast a light upon private 1296 property used for livestock or crops without the written permission of the person in legal possession of such property, he shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. 1297

1298 The prohibition of this section shall not apply to light cast by (i) permanently installed outdoor 1299 lighting fixtures, (ii) headlamps on vehicles moving in normal travel on public or private roads, (iii) railroad locomotives or rolling stock being operated on the tracks or right-of-way of a railroad company, 1300 1301 (iv) aircraft or watercraft, (v) apparatus used by employees of any public utility in maintaining the 1302 utility's lines and equipment, (vi) emergency medical services vehicles or apparatus used by members of 1303 rescue squads or fire departments in the performance of their official duties, (vii) apparatus used by any 1304 law-enforcement officer in the performance of his official duties, or (viii) farm machinery or motor 1305 vehicles being used in normal farming operations. 1306

§ 18.2-154. Shooting at or throwing missiles, etc., at train, car, vessel, etc.; penalty.

1307 Any person who maliciously shoots at, or maliciously throws any missile at or against, any train or 1308 cars on any railroad or other transportation company or any vessel or other watercraft, or any motor 1309 vehicle or other vehicles when occupied by one or more persons, whereby the life of any person on 1310 such train, car, vessel, or other watercraft, or in such motor vehicle or other vehicle, may be put in peril, 1311 is guilty of a Class 4 felony. In the event of the death of any such person, resulting from such malicious 1312 shooting or throwing, the person so offending is guilty of murder in the second degree. However, if the 1313 homicide is willful, deliberate, and premeditated, he is guilty of murder in the first degree.

1314 If any such act is committed unlawfully, but not maliciously, the person so offending is guilty of a 1315 Class 6 felony and, in the event of the death of any such person, resulting from such unlawful act, the 1316 person so offending is guilty of involuntary manslaughter.

1317 If any person commits a violation of this section by maliciously or unlawfully shooting, with a 1318 firearm, at a conspicuously marked law-enforcement, fire or rescue squad emergency medical services 1319 vehicle, ambulance or any other emergency medical vehicle, the sentence imposed shall include a 1320 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of one year to be served consecutively with any other 1321 sentence. 1322

§ 18.2-174.1. Impersonating certain public safety personnel; penalty.

1323 Any person who willfully impersonates, with the intent to make another believe he is, a certified an 1324 emergency medical services personnelprovider, firefighter, special forest warden designated pursuant to 1325 § 10.1-1135, fire marshal, or fire chief is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent 1326 offense is punishable as a Class 6 felony.

1327 § 18.2-212. Calling or summoning emergency medical services vehicle or firefighting apparatus 1328 without just cause; maliciously activating fire alarms in public buildings; venue.

1329 A. Any person who without just cause therefor, calls or summons, by telephone or otherwise, any 1330 ambulance, emergency medical services vehicle or fire-fighting firefighting apparatus, or any person who 1331 maliciously activates a manual or automatic fire alarm in any building used for public assembly or for 1332 other public use, including, but not limited to, schools, theaters, stores, office buildings, shopping centers 1333 and malls, coliseums, and arenas, regardless of whether fire apparatus responds or not, shall be deemed is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 1334

1335 B. A violation of this section may be prosecuted either in the jurisdiction from which the call or 1336 summons was made or in the jurisdiction where the call or summons was received. 1337

§ 18.2-340.16. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1339 "Bingo" means a specific game of chance played with (i) individual cards having randomly numbered 1340 squares ranging from one to 75, (ii) Department-approved electronic devices that display facsimiles of 1341 bingo cards and are used for the purpose of marking and monitoring players' cards as numbers are 1342 called, or (iii) Department-approved cards, in which prizes are awarded on the basis of designated 1343 numbers on such cards conforming to a predetermined pattern of numbers selected at random.

1344 "Board" means the Charitable Gaming Board created pursuant to § 2.2-2455.

1345 "Bona fide member" means an individual who participates in activities of a qualified organization other than such organization's charitable gaming activities. 1346

"Charitable gaming" or "charitable games" means those raffles and games of chance explicitly 1347 1348 authorized by this article.

1349 "Charitable gaming supplies" includes bingo cards or sheets, devices for selecting bingo numbers, 1350 instant bingo cards, pull-tab cards and seal cards, and any other equipment or product manufactured for

1351 or intended to be used in the conduct of charitable games. However, for the purposes of this article, 1352 charitable gaming supplies shall not include items incidental to the conduct of charitable gaming such as 1353 markers, wands, or tape. 1354

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

1355 "Conduct" means the actions associated with the provision of a gaming operation during and 1356 immediately before or after the permitted activity, which may include, but not be limited to, (i) selling 1357 bingo cards or packs, electronic devices, instant bingo or pull-tab cards, or raffle tickets, (ii) calling 1358 bingo games, (iii) distributing prizes, and (iv) any other services provided by volunteer workers.

1359 "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

1360 "Fair market rental value" means the rent that a rental property will bring when offered for lease by 1361 a lessor who desires to lease the property but is not obligated to do so and leased by a lessee under no 1362 necessity of leasing.

1363 "Gaming expenses" means prizes, supplies, costs of publicizing gaming activities, audit and 1364 administration or permit fees, and a portion of the rent, utilities, accounting and legal fees and such 1365 other reasonable and proper expenses as are directly incurred for the conduct of charitable gaming.

1366 "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money generated by an organization from charitable 1367 gaming before the deduction of expenses, including prizes.

1368 "Instant bingo," "pull tabs," or "seal cards" means specific games of chance played by the random 1369 selection of one or more individually prepacked cards, including Department-approved electronic 1370 versions thereof, with winners being determined by the preprinted or predetermined appearance of 1371 concealed letters, numbers or symbols that must be exposed by the player to determine wins and losses 1372 and may include the use of a seal card which conceals one or more numbers or symbols that have been 1373 designated in advance as prize winners. Such cards may be dispensed by electronic or mechanical 1374 equipment.

1375 "Jackpot" means a bingo game that the organization has designated on its game program as a jackpot 1376 game in which the prize amount is greater than \$100.

1377 "Landlord" means any person or his agent, firm, association, organization, partnership, or corporation, 1378 employee, or immediate family member thereof, which owns and leases, or leases any premises devoted 1379 in whole or in part to the conduct of bingo games, and any person residing in the same household as a 1380 landlord.

1381 "Management" means the provision of oversight of a gaming operation, which may include, but is 1382 not limited to, the responsibilities of applying for and maintaining a permit or authorization, compiling, 1383 submitting and maintaining required records and financial reports, and ensuring that all aspects of the 1384 operation are in compliance with all applicable statutes and regulations. 1385

"Network bingo" means a specific bingo game in which pari-mutuel play is permitted.

1386 "Network bingo provider" means a person licensed by the Department to operate network bingo.

1387 "Operation" means the activities associated with production of a charitable gaming activity, which 1388 may include, but not be limited to (i) the direct on-site supervision of the conduct of charitable gaming; 1389 (ii) coordination of volunteers; and (iii) all responsibilities of charitable gaming designated by the 1390 organization's management. 1391

"Organization" means any one of the following:

1392 1. A volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency or 1393 auxiliary unit thereof which that has been recognized in accordance with § 15.2-955 by an ordinance or 1394 resolution of the political subdivision where the volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer 1395 emergency medical services agency is located as being a part of the safety program of such political 1396 subdivision; 1397

2. An organization operated exclusively for religious, charitable, community or educational purposes;

1398 3. An athletic association or booster club or a band booster club established solely to raise funds for 1399 school-sponsored athletic or band activities for a public school or private school accredited pursuant to 1400 § 22.1-19 or to provide scholarships to students attending such school;

4. An association of war veterans or auxiliary units thereof organized in the United States;

5. A fraternal association or corporation operating under the lodge system;

1403 6. A local chamber of commerce; or

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1404 7. Any other nonprofit organization that raises funds by conducting raffles that generate annual gross 1405 receipts of \$40,000 or less, provided such gross receipts from the raffle, less expenses and prizes, are 1406 used exclusively for charitable, educational, religious or community purposes.

1407 "Pari-mutuel play" means an integrated network operated by a licensee of the Department comprised 1408 of participating charitable organizations for the conduct of network bingo games in which the purchase 1409 of a network bingo card by a player automatically includes the player in a pool with all other players in 1410 the network, and where the prize to the winning player is awarded based on a percentage of the total 1411 amount of network bingo cards sold in a particular network.

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1412 "Qualified organization" means any organization to which a valid permit has been issued by the 1413 Department to conduct charitable gaming or any organization that is exempt pursuant to § 18.2-340.23.

1414 "Raffle" means a lottery in which the prize is won by (i) a random drawing of the name or 1415 prearranged number of one or more persons purchasing chances or (ii) a random contest in which the winning name or preassigned number of one or more persons purchasing chances is determined by a 1416 1417 race involving inanimate objects floating on a body of water, commonly referred to as a "duck race."

1418 "Reasonable and proper business expenses" means business expenses actually incurred by a qualified 1419 organization in the conduct of charitable gaming and not otherwise allowed under this article or under 1420 Board regulations on real estate and personal property tax payments, travel expenses, payments of 1421 utilities and trash collection services, legal and accounting fees, costs of business furniture, fixtures and 1422 office equipment and costs of acquisition, maintenance, repair or construction of an organization's real property. For the purpose of this definition, salaries and wages of employees whose primary 1423 1424 responsibility is to provide services for the principal benefit of an organization's members shall not 1425 qualify as a business expense. However, payments made pursuant to § 51.1-1204 to the Volunteer 1426 Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund shall be deemed a reasonable and proper 1427 business expense.

1428 "Supplier" means any person who offers to sell, sells or otherwise provides charitable gaming 1429 supplies to any qualified organization. 1430

§ 18.2-340.23. Organizations exempt from certain permits and fees.

1431 A. No organization that reasonably expects, based on prior charitable gaming annual results or any 1432 other quantifiable method, to realize gross receipts of \$40,000 or less in any 12-month period shall be required to (i) notify the Department of its intention to conduct charitable gaming, or (ii) comply with 1433 1434 Board regulations. If any organization's actual gross receipts for the 12-month period exceed \$40,000, the Department may require the organization to file by a specified date the report required by 1435 1436 § 18.2-340.30.

1437 B. Any volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical services agency or 1438 auxiliary unit thereof which that has been recognized in accordance with § 15.2-955 by an ordinance or 1439 resolution of the political subdivision where the volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer 1440 emergency medical services agency is located as being part of the safety program of such political subdivision shall be exempt from the payment of application fees required by § 18.2-340.25 and the 1441 1442 payment of audit fees required by § 18.2-340.31. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as 1443 exempting volunteer fire departments and rescue squads volunteer emergency medical services agencies 1444 from any other provisions of this article or other Board regulations.

1445 C. Nothing in this section shall prevent the Department from conducting any investigation or audit it 1446 deems appropriate to ensure an organization's compliance with the provisions of this article and, to the 1447 extent applicable, Board regulations.

1448 § 18.2-340.34:1. Bingo managers and callers; remuneration; registration; qualification; 1449 suspension, revocation or refusal to renew certificate; exceptions.

1450 A. No person shall receive remuneration as a bingo manager or caller from any qualified 1451 organization unless and until such person has made application for and has been issued a registration 1452 certificate by the Department. Application for registration shall be made on forms prescribed by the 1453 Department and shall be accompanied by a fee in the amount of \$75. Each registration certificate shall 1454 remain valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance. Application for renewal of a registration 1455 certificate shall be accompanied by a fee in the amount of \$75 and shall be made on forms prescribed 1456 by the Department.

1457 B. As a condition of registration as a bingo manager, the applicant shall (i) have been a bona fide 1458 member of the qualified organization for at least 12 consecutive months prior to making application for 1459 registration and (ii) be required to complete a reasonable training course developed and conducted by the 1460 Department.

1461 As a condition of registration as a bingo caller, the applicant shall be required to complete a 1462 reasonable training course developed and conducted by the Department.

1463 The Department may refuse to register any bingo manager or caller who has (a) been convicted of or 1464 pleaded nolo contendere to a felony in any state or federal court or has been convicted of any offense 1465 which, if committed in the Commonwealth, would be a felony; (b) been convicted of or pleaded nolo 1466 contendere to a crime involving gambling; (c) had any license, permit, certificate, or other authority related to activities defined as charitable gaming in the Commonwealth suspended or revoked in the 1467 1468 Commonwealth or in any other jurisdiction, or (d) failed to file or has been delinquent in excess of one 1469 year in the filing of any tax returns or the payment of any taxes due the Commonwealth.

C. The Department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the registration certificate of any bingo 1470 manager or caller for any conduct described in subsection B or for any violation of this article or 1471 1472 regulations of the Board. Before taking any such action, the Department shall give the bingo manager or 1473 caller a written statement of the grounds upon which it proposes to take such action and an opportunity 1474 to be heard. Every hearing in a contested case shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative 1475 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

1476 D. The provisions of subsection A requiring registration for bingo callers with the Department shall 1477 not apply to a bingo caller for a volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer emergency medical 1478 services agency or auxiliary unit thereof that has been recognized in accordance with § 15.2-955 by an 1479 ordinance or resolution of the political subdivision where the volunteer fire department or rescue squad 1480 volunteer emergency medical services agency is located as being a part of the safety program of such 1481 political subdivision.

1482 § 18.2-371. Causing or encouraging acts rendering children delinguent, abused, etc.; penalty; 1483 abandoned infant.

1484 Any person 18 years of age or older, including the parent of any child, who (i) willfully contributes 1485 to, encourages, or causes any act, omission, or condition which renders a child delinquent, in need of 1486 services, in need of supervision, or abused or neglected as defined in § 16.1-228, or (ii) engages in 1487 consensual sexual intercourse with a child 15 or older not his spouse, child, or grandchild, shall be is 1488 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. This section shall not be construed as repealing, modifying, or in any 1489 way affecting §§ 18.2-18, 18.2-19, 18.2-61, 18.2-63, and 18.2-347.

1490 If the prosecution under this section is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at a 1491 hospital or rescue squad, it shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution of a parent under this section 1492 that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to 1493 an attended rescue squad that employs emergency medical technicians, within the first 14 days of the 1494 child's life. In order for the affirmative defense to apply, the child shall be delivered in a manner 1495 reasonably calculated to ensure the child's safety.

1496 § 18.2-371.1. Abuse and neglect of children; penalty; abandoned infant.

1497 A. Any parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the care of a child under the age of 18 who 1498 by willful act or omission or refusal to provide any necessary care for the child's health causes or 1499 permits serious injury to the life or health of such child shall be is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For purposes of this subsection, "serious injury" shall include includes but is not be limited to (i) 1500 1501 disfigurement, (ii) a fracture, (iii) a severe burn or laceration, (iv) mutilation, (v) maiming, (vi) forced 1502 ingestion of dangerous substances, or and (vii) life-threatening internal injuries.

1503 B. 1. Any parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the care of a child under the age of 18 1504 whose willful act or omission in the care of such child was so gross, wanton, and culpable as to show a 1505 reckless disregard for human life shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

1506 2. If a prosecution under this subsection is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at 1507 a hospital or rescue squad, it shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution of a parent under this 1508 subsection that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency 1509 services or to an attended rescue squad that employs emergency medical technicians, within the first 14 1510 days of the child's life. In order for the affirmative defense to apply, the child shall be delivered in a 1511 manner reasonably calculated to ensure the child's safety.

C. Any parent, guardian or other person having care, custody, or control of a minor child who in 1512 1513 good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and 1514 practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall not, for that reason alone, be considered 1515 in violation of this section.

1516 § 18.2-414.1. Obstructing emergency medical services agency personnel in performance of 1517 mission; penalty.

1518 Any person or persons who unreasonably or unnecessarily obstruct a member or members of a rescue 1519 squad obstructs the delivery of emergency medical services by emergency medical services agency 1520 personnel, whether governmental, private, or volunteer, in the performance of their rescue mission or 1521 who shall fail fails or refuse refuses to cease such obstruction or move on when requested to do so by a 1522 member of a rescue squad emergency medical services personnel going to or at the site of a rescue 1523 mission at which emergency medical services are required, shall be is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. 1524

§ 18.2-426. "Emergency call" and "emergency personnel" defined.

As used in this article:

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1526 "Emergency call" means a call to report a fire or summon police, or for medical aid or ambulance 1527 service emergency medical services, in a situation where human life or property is in jeopardy and the 1528 prompt summoning of aid is essential.

1529 "Emergency personnel" means any persons, paid or volunteer, who receive calls for dispatch of 1530 police, fire, or emergency medical service services personnel, and includes law-enforcement officers, 1531 firefighters, including special forest wardens designated pursuant to § 10.1-1135, and emergency medical 1532 service services personnel.

1533 § 18.2-429. Causing telephone or pager to ring with intent to annov.

1534 A. Any person who, with or without intent to communicate but with intent to annoy any other HB58

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1535 person, causes any telephone or digital pager, not his own, to ring or to otherwise signal, and any 1536 person who permits or condones the use of any telephone under his control for such purpose, is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. A second or subsequent conviction under this subsection is punishable as a 1537 1538 Class 2 misdemeanor if such prior conviction occurred before the date of the offense charged.

1539 B. Any person who, with or without intent to converse, but with intent to annoy, harass, hinder or 1540 delay emergency personnel in the performance of their duties as such, causes a telephone to ring, which 1541 is owned or leased for the purpose of receiving emergency calls by a public or private entity providing 1542 fire, police or emergency medical services, and any person who knowingly permits the use of a telephone under his control for such purpose, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 1543 1544

- § 18.2-488.1. Flag at half mast for certain public safety personnel killed in the line of duty.
 - A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1546 "Emergency medical services provider" means the same as that term is defined in § 32.1-111.1, and 1547 any member of a volunteer lifesaving crew or rescue squad emergency medical services agency.

"Firefighter" means the same as that term is defined in § 9.1-300, and any member of a volunteer 1548 1549 fire department.

1550 "Police officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or sheriff's office 1551 which is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof and who is 1552 responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic, or 1553 highway laws of the Commonwealth.

1554 "Service member" means a member of the United States armed forces, Virginia National Guard, or 1555 Virginia Defense Force.

1556 B. Whenever a service member, police officer, firefighter, or emergency medical services provider 1557 who is a resident of Virginia is killed in the line of duty, all flags, state and local, flown at any building 1558 owned and operated by the Commonwealth shall be flown at half staff or mast for one day to honor and 1559 acknowledge respect for those who made the supreme sacrifice.

1560 C. The Department of General Services shall develop procedures to effectuate the purposes of this 1561 section.

1562 § 22.1-279.8. School safety audits and school crisis, emergency management, and medical 1563 emergency response plans required.

A. For the purposes of this section, unless the context requires otherwise:

1565 "School crisis, emergency management, and medical emergency response plan" means the essential 1566 procedures, operations, and assignments required to prevent, manage, and respond to a critical event or emergency, including natural disasters involving fire, flood, tornadoes, or other severe weather; loss or 1567 1568 disruption of power, water, communications or shelter; bus or other accidents; medical emergencies, 1569 including cardiac arrest and other life-threatening medical emergencies; student or staff member deaths; explosions; bomb threats; gun, knife or other weapons threats; spills or exposures to hazardous 1570 1571 substances; the presence of unauthorized persons or trespassers; the loss, disappearance or kidnapping of 1572 a student; hostage situations; violence on school property or at school activities; incidents involving acts 1573 of terrorism; and other incidents posing a serious threat of harm to students, personnel, or facilities. The 1574 plan shall include a provision that the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal 1575 Injuries Compensation Fund shall be contacted immediately to deploy assistance in the event of an 1576 emergency as defined in the emergency response plan when there are victims as defined in § 19.2-11.01. 1577 The Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund 1578 shall be the lead coordinating agencies for those individuals determined to be victims, and the plan shall 1579 also contain current contact information for both agencies.

1580 "School safety audit" means a written assessment of the safety conditions in each public school to (i) identify and, if necessary, develop solutions for physical safety concerns, including building security 1581 issues and (ii) identify and evaluate any patterns of student safety concerns occurring on school property 1582 1583 or at school-sponsored events. Solutions and responses shall include recommendations for structural 1584 adjustments, changes in school safety procedures, and revisions to the school board's standards for 1585 student conduct.

1586 B. The Virginia Center for School Safety, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall 1587 develop a list of items to be reviewed and evaluated in the school safety audits required by this section. 1588 Such items shall include those incidents reported to school authorities pursuant to § 22.1-279.3:1 and 1589 shall include a school inspection walk-through using a standardized checklist provided by the Virginia 1590 Center for School Safety, which shall incorporate crime prevention through environmental design 1591 principles.

1592 The Virginia Center for School Safety shall prescribe a standardized report format for school safety 1593 audits, additional reporting criteria, and procedures for report submission, which may include instructions 1594 for electronic submission.

1595 Each local school board shall require all schools under its supervisory control to annually conduct 1596 school safety audits as defined in this section and consistent with such list.

1597 The results of such school safety audits shall be made public within 90 days of completion. The 1598 local school board shall retain authority to withhold or limit the release of any security plans, 1599 walk-through checklists, and specific vulnerability assessment components as provided in subdivision 7 1600 of § 2.2-3705.2. The completed walk-through checklist shall be made available upon request to the chief 1601 law-enforcement officer of the locality or his designee. Each school shall maintain a copy of the school 1602 safety audit, which may exclude such security plans, walk-through checklists, and vulnerability 1603 assessment components, within the office of the school principal and shall make a copy of such report 1604 available for review upon written request.

1605 Each school shall submit a copy of its school safety audit to the relevant school division 1606 superintendent. The division superintendent shall collate and submit all such school safety audits, in the 1607 prescribed format and manner of submission, to the Virginia Center for School Safety and shall make 1608 available upon request to the chief law-enforcement officer of the locality the results of such audits.

1609 C. The division superintendent shall establish a school safety audit committee to include, if available, 1610 representatives of parents, teachers, local law-enforcement, emergency services agencies, local 1611 community services boards, and judicial and public safety personnel. The school safety audit committee shall review the completed school safety audits and submit any plans, as needed, for improving school 1612 1613 safety to the division superintendent for submission to the local school board.

1614 D. Each school board shall ensure that every school that it supervises shall develop a written school 1615 crisis, emergency management, and medical emergency response plan, consistent with the definition provided in this section, and shall provide copies of such plans to the chief law-enforcement officer, the 1616 1617 fire chief, the chief director of the emergency medical services official agency, and the emergency 1618 management official of the locality. Each school division shall designate an emergency manager. The 1619 Department of Education and the Virginia Center for School Safety shall provide technical assistance to 1620 the school divisions of the Commonwealth in the development of the school crisis, emergency 1621 management, and medical emergency response plans that describe the components of a medical 1622 emergency response plan developed in coordination with local emergency medical services providers, the 1623 training of school personnel and students to respond to a life-threatening emergency, and the equipment 1624 required for this emergency response. The local school board shall annually review the written school 1625 crisis, emergency management, and medical emergency response plans. The local school board shall 1626 have the authority to withhold or limit the review of any security plans and specific vulnerability assessment components as provided in subdivision 7 of § 2.2-3705.2. The local school division 1627 1628 superintendent shall certify this review in writing to the Virginia Center on School Safety no later than 1629 August 31 of each year.

1630 Upon consultation with local school boards, division superintendents, the Virginia Center for School 1631 Safety, and the Coordinator of Emergency Management, the Board of Education shall develop, and may 1632 revise as it deems necessary, a model school crisis, emergency management, and medical emergency response plan for the purpose of assisting the public schools in Virginia in developing viable, effective 1633 1634 crisis, emergency management, and medical emergency response plans. Such model shall set forth 1635 recommended effective procedures and means by which parents can contact the relevant school or 1636 school division regarding the location and safety of their school children and by which school officials 1637 may contact parents, with parental approval, during a critical event or emergency. 1638

§ 27-1. Firefighters and equipment may in emergencies go or be sent beyond territorial limits.

1639 Whenever the necessity arises during any actual or potential emergency resulting from fire, personal 1640 injury, or other public disaster, the fire fighters or emergency medical technicians firefighters of any 1641 county, city, or town may, together with all necessary equipment, lawfully go or be sent beyond the territorial limits of such county, city, or town to any point within or without the Commonwealth, to 1642 1643 assist in meeting such emergency.

1644 In such event the acts performed for such purpose by such fire fighters or emergency medical 1645 technicians, firefighters and the expenditures made for such purpose by such county, city, or town, shall 1646 be deemed conclusively to be for a public and governmental purpose and all of the immunities from 1647 liability enjoyed by a county, city, or town when acting through its fire fighters or emergency medical 1648 technicians firefighters for a public or governmental purpose within its territorial limits shall be enjoyed 1649 by it to the same extent when such county, city, or town is so acting, under this section or under other 1650 lawful authority, beyond its territorial limits.

1651 The fire fighters or emergency medical technicians firefighters of any county, city, or town, when 1652 acting hereunder, or under other lawful authority, beyond the territorial limits of such county, city, or 1653 town, shall have all the immunities from liability and exemptions from laws, ordinances and regulations, 1654 and shall have all of the pension, relief, disability, workers' compensation and other benefits, enjoyed by 1655 them while performing their respective duties.

1656 § 27-2. Contracts of cities or towns to furnish fire protection.

1657 The governing body of any city or town may, in its discretion, authorize or require the fire HB581

1658 department or emergency medical services department or division thereof to render aid in cases of actual 1659 or potential fire or medical emergency occurring beyond their limits, and may prescribe the conditions 1660 on which such aid may be rendered, and may enter into a contract, or contracts, with nearby, adjacent or 1661 adjoining counties and cities, within or without the Commonwealth, including the District of Columbia, 1662 for rendering aid in fire protection or in emergency medical response in such counties, cities, or any 1663 district, or sanitary district thereof or in the District of Columbia, on such terms as may be agreed upon 1664 by such governing body and the governing body of the District of Columbia or of such counties or 1665 cities and/or district, including sanitary districts;, provided, that each of the parties to such agreement 1666 may contract as follows: (1) (i) waive any and all claims against all the other parties thereto which may arise out of their activities outside their respective jurisdictions under such agreement; (2) (ii) indemnify 1667 and save harmless the other parties to such agreement from all claims by third parties for property 1668 damage or personal injury which may arise out of the activities of the other parties to such agreement 1669 1670 outside their respective jurisdictions under such agreement. When the fire department or emergency 1671 medical services department or division of any city or town is operating under such permission or 1672 contract, or contracts, on any call beyond the corporate limits of the city or town, it shall be deemed to 1673 be operating in a governmental capacity, and subject only to such liability for injuries as it would be if 1674 it were operating within the corporate limits of such city or town. 1675

§ 27-2.1. Contracts for fire protection for federal and state property.

1676 Any county, city, or town may contract with the federal or state governments government to provide 1677 fire or emergency medical service to federal or state property located within or without the boundaries 1678 of the county, city, or town.

1679 In the absence of a written contract, any acts performed and all expenditures made by a county, city, 1680 or town in providing fire protection or emergency medical services to property owned by the federal 1681 government shall be deemed conclusively to be for a public and governmental purpose and all of the 1682 immunities from liability enjoyed by a county, city, or town when acting through its fire fighters or 1683 emergency medical technicians firefighters for a public or governmental purpose within or without its 1684 territorial limits shall be enjoyed by it to the same extent when such county, city, or town is so acting, 1685 under the provisions of this section, or under other lawful authority.

1686 The fire fighters or emergency medical technicians firefighters of any county, city, or town when 1687 acting hereunder, or under other lawful authority, shall have all of the immunities from liability and 1688 exemptions from laws, ordinances and regulations, and shall have all of the pension, relief, disability, 1689 workers' compensation, and other benefits enjoyed by them while performing their respective duties.

1690 The amount of compensation to the county, city, or town pursuant to the contract shall be a matter 1691 within the sole discretion of the governing body of the county, city, or town. 1692

§ 27-3. Contract of county with city or another county for fire protection.

1693 The governing body of any county adjoining or near any city, town, or county, within or without the 1694 Commonwealth, including the District of Columbia, having and maintaining fire-fighting firefighting or 1695 emergency medical services equipment may contract with any such city, town, or county, upon such 1696 terms as such governing body may deem proper, for fighting fires or responding to medical emergencies 1697 in such county, town, or city and may prescribe the terms and conditions upon which such services may 1698 be provided on privately owned property in the county, town, or city and may raise funds with which to 1699 pay for such services, by levying and collecting annually, at such rates as such governing body may 1700 deem sufficient, a special tax upon the property in such county, or in any magisterial district thereof, 1701 subject to local taxation. 1702

§ 27-4. Contract of county, city, or town to furnish fire protection.

1703 Any county, city, or town which that operates fire-fighting firefighting equipment as provided for in § 27-15.2 and any county, city, or town mentioned in § 27-23.627-6.02 may contract with counties, 1704 1705 cities, or towns in, adjacent to, or near such county, city, or town, including the District of Columbia, 1706 for fire protection or emergency medical services in the manner provided for in § 27-2. 1707

§ 27-6.01. Definitions.

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For the purposes of this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1709 "Fire company" means a volunteer firefighting organization organized pursuant to § 27-8 in any 1710 county, city, or town of the Commonwealth for the purpose of fighting fires.

1711 "Fire department" means a firefighting organization established as a department of government of any county, city, or town pursuant to § 27-6.1. 1712

1713 § 27-6.02. Provision of firefighting services.

1714 A. Any county, city, or town may provide firefighting services to its citizens by (i) establishing a fire 1715 department as a department of government pursuant to § 27-6.1 or (ii) contracting with or providing for 1716 the provision of firefighting services by a fire company established pursuant to § 27-8.

1717 B. In cases in which a county, city, or town elects to contract with or provide for firefighting services by a fire company pursuant to clause (ii) of subsection A, the firefighting company shall be 1718 1719 deemed to be an instrumentality of the county, city, or town and, as such, exempt from suit for damages

done incident to fighting fires therein. The county, city, or town may elect to provide for the matters 1720 1721 authorized in §§ 27-4 and 27-39.

1722 "Providing firefighting services" includes travel while performing fire, rescue, or other emergency 1723 operations in emergency vehicles or firefighting apparatus as described in §§ 46.2-920 and 46.2-1023, 1724 respectively. 1725

§ 27-6.1. Establishment of fire department; chief, officers, and employees.

1726 The governing body of any city, town or county, city, or town may establish a fire department as a 1727 department of government a fire/EMS department and may designate it by any name consistent with the names of its other governmental units. The head of such fire department shall be known as "the chief"-1728 1729 or "the director." As many other officers and employees may be employed in such fire/EMS fire 1730 department as the governing body may approve.

1731 § 27-7. Bylaws of fire department; compensation of officers and employees; information on 1732 check stubs, time cards, etc.

1733 The governing body of any eity, town or county, city, or town may empower the fire/EMS fire 1734 department therein to make bylaws to promote its objects consistent with the laws of this the 1735 Commonwealth and ordinances of the eity, town or county, city, or town and may provide for the 1736 compensation of the officers and employees of such department.

1737 All check stubs or time cards purporting to be a record of time spent on the job by a fire fighter or 1738 emergency medical services personnel firefighter shall record all hours of employment, regardless of 1739 how spent. All check stubs or pay records purporting to show the hourly compensation of a fire fighter 1740 or emergency medical services personnel firefighter shall show the actual hourly wage to be paid. 1741 Nothing in this section shall require the showing of such information on check stubs, time cards, or pay 1742 records; however, if such information shall be is shown, the information shall be in compliance with this 1743 section. 1744

§ 27-7.1. Applicant preemployment information with Arlington County Fire Department.

1745 Applicants for employment with the Arlington County Fire Department, having a local ordinance 1746 adopted in accordance with § 19.2-389, shall be required to submit to fingerprinting and to provide 1747 personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with the applicant's fingerprints through the 1748 Central Criminal Records Exchange and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of 1749 obtaining criminal history record information regarding such applicant; however, such applicants shall, 1750 if required by local ordinance, pay the cost of the fingerprinting or criminal records check or both.

1751 The Central Criminal Records Exchange, upon receipt of an applicant's record or notification that 1752 no record exists, shall make a report to the fire chief or his designee, who must belong to a 1753 governmental entity. In determining whether a criminal conviction directly relates to a position, the 1754 locality shall consider the following criteria: (i) the nature and seriousness of the crime; (ii) the 1755 relationship of the crime to the work to be performed in the position applied for; (iii) the extent to 1756 which the position applied for might offer an opportunity to engage in further criminal activity of the 1757 same type as that in which the person had been involved; (iv) the relationship of the crime to the 1758 ability, capacity, or fitness required to perform the duties and discharge the responsibilities of the 1759 position being sought; (v) the extent and nature of the person's past criminal activity; (vi) the age of the 1760 person at the time of the commission of the crime; (vii) the amount of time that has elapsed since the 1761 person's last involvement in the commission of a crime; (viii) the conduct and work activity of the 1762 person prior to and following the criminal activity; and (ix) evidence of the person's rehabilitation or 1763 rehabilitative effort while incarcerated or following release.

1764 If an applicant is denied employment because of information appearing in his criminal history 1765 record, the locality shall provide a copy of the information obtained from the Central Criminal Records 1766 Exchange to the applicant. The information shall not be disseminated, except as provided for in this 1767 section.

1768 § 27-8. Who may form a fire company; limit on number of persons in combined companies.

1769 Any number of persons, not less than twenty 20, may form themselves into a company for 1770 extinguishing fires or for performing emergency medical services, or both. In any county in which two 1771 or more companies for extinguishing fires or for performing emergency medical services shall join together and singly use one fire/EMS fire station, the number of persons in the combined companies 1772 1773 shall be not less than twenty 20. The minimum number of persons required by this section shall only 1774 apply to the formation of a fire company.

1775 § 27-9. Organization of fire company.

1776 A writing stating the formation of such a fire company, with the names of the members thereof 1777 thereto subscribed, shall be recorded in the court of the city or the court of the county wherein such fire 1778 company is *located*. After which, the members of the *fire* company may make regulations for effecting 1779 its objects consistent with the laws of the Commonwealth, the ordinances of the city, town or county, 1780 *city, or town* and the bylaws of the fire/EMS fire department thereof. The principal officer of such fire

1781 company shall be known as "the chief."

1782 § 27-10. Dissolution of fire company.

1783 Whenever the fire/EMS fire department of the city, town, or county, city, or town to which any 1784 fire/EMS fire company belongs shall ascertain that such company has failed, for three months successively, to consist of twenty 20 effective members in the case of a fire company, or ascertain that 1785 1786 it has failed for the like period to have or keep in good and serviceable condition, an engine, hose, 1787 emergency medical services vehicle and equipment and other proper implements, or the governing body 1788 of the county, city, or town for any reason deems it advisable, such governing body may dissolve the 1789 fire company.

1790 § 27-11. Duty of members on alarm of fire or call of a medical emergency.

1791 Every member of the *fire* company shall, upon any alarm of fire or call of a medical emergency, 1792 attend according to the ordinances of the city, town or county, city, or town, or the bylaws, rules, or 1793 regulations of the fire/EMS fire department or the fire company's regulations, and endeavor to extinguish 1794 such fire or assist in the medical emergency. 1795

§ 27-13. Appointment of chief and other officers.

1796 In every city, town or county, city, or town in which there is any such a fire company is established, 1797 there shall be appointed, at such time and in such manner as the governing body of such eity, town or 1798 county, *city*, *or town* may prescribe, a chief or director and as many other officers as such governing 1799 body may direct. 1800

§ 27-14. Ordinances as to fire departments and fire companies.

1801 A. Such The governing body of any county, city, or town in which a fire department or fire company 1802 is established may make such ordinances in relation to the powers and duties of fire/EMS departments, companies such fire departments or fire companies, and chiefs or directors and other officers of such 1803 1804 fire departments or fire companies as it may deem proper, including billing property owners on behalf 1805 of volunteer fire departments as provided in § 38.2-2130.

1806 B. The ordinances shall not require a minor who achieved certification under National Fire Protection 1807 Association 1001, level one, firefighter standards, as administered by the Department of Fire Programs, 1808 on or before January 1, 2006, between the ages of 15 and 16, to repeat the certification after his 1809 sixteenth birthday.

§ 27-15.1. Authority of chief or other officer in charge when answering alarm; penalty for 1810 1811 refusal to obey orders.

1812 While any fire/EMS fire department or fire/EMS fire company is in the process of answering an 1813 alarm or operating at an emergency incident where there is imminent danger or the actual occurrence of 1814 fire or explosion or the uncontrolled release of hazardous materials which threaten life or property and 1815 returning to the station, the chief, director, or other officer in charge of such fire/EMS fire department or 1816 fire company at that time shall have the authority to: (i) maintain order at such emergency incident or 1817 its vicinity, (ii) direct the actions of the fire fighters firefighters or emergency medical services personnel at the incident, (iii) notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 46.2-888 through 46.2-891, keep bystanders or 1818 1819 other persons at a safe distance from the incident and emergency equipment, (iv) facilitate the speedy 1820 movement and operation of emergency equipment and fire fighters firefighters or emergency medical 1821 services personnel, (v) cause an investigation to be made into the origin and cause of the incident, and 1822 (vi) until the arrival of a police officer, direct and control traffic in person or by deputy and facilitate 1823 the movement of traffic. The fire chief, director, or other officer in charge shall display his fire fighter's 1824 or emergency medical services personnel's firefighter's badge, or other proper means of identification. 1825 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this authority shall extend to the activation of traffic control 1826 signals designed to facilitate the safe egress and ingress of emergency equipment at a fire/EMS fire 1827 station. Any person or persons refusing to obey the orders of the chief, director, or his deputies or other 1828 officer in charge at that time shall be is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor. The chief, director, or other 1829 officer in charge shall have the power to make arrests for violation of the provisions of this section. The 1830 authority granted under the provisions of this section may not be exercised to inhibit or obstruct 1831 members of law-enforcement agencies or rescue squads emergency medical services agencies from 1832 performing their normal duties when operating at such emergency incident, nor to conflict with or 1833 diminish the lawful authority, duties, and responsibilities of forest wardens, including but not limited to 1834 the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 10.1. Personnel from the news media, such as 1835 the press, radio, and television, when gathering the news may enter at their own risk into the incident 1836 area only when the officer in charge has deemed the area safe and only into those areas of the incident 1837 that do not, in the opinion of the officer in charge, interfere with the fire/EMS fire department or fire fighters fire company, firefighters, or emergency medical services personnel dealing with such 1838 1839 emergencies, in which case the chief or other officer in charge may order such person from the scene of 1840 the emergency incident.

1841 § 27-15.1:1. Penalty for refusing or neglecting to obey order of chief or other officer in command. If any person at a fire refuses or neglects to obey any order duly given by the chief or other officer

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1843 in command, he shall be fined a civil penalty not to exceed \$100.

1844 § 27-15.2. Purchase, maintenance, etc., of equipment; donated equipment.

1845 A. The governing body of every city, town or county, *city, and town* shall have power to provide for 1846 the purchase, operation, manning, and maintenance of suitable equipment for fighting fires or performing 1847 emergency medical services in or upon the property of the city, town or county, city, or town and of its 1848 inhabitants, and to prescribe the terms and conditions upon which the same will be used for fighting 1849 fires or performing emergency medical services in or upon privately owned property. All equipment 1850 purchased after October 1, 1970, shall be equipped with threads of USA Standard B2.3, B2.4 of the 1851 American Standards Association.

1852 B. Any fire/EMS fire department of a city, town, or county, city, or town, or any fire/EMS fire 1853 company donating equipment for fighting fires or performing emergency medical services to any 1854 fire/EMS fire department or any fire/EMS fire company, which equipment met existing engineering and 1855 safety standards at the time of its purchase by the donating entity, shall be immune from civil liability 1856 unless the donating entity acted with gross negligence or willful misconduct.

1857 C. A safety inspection must shall be completed by a certified emergency vehicle service center and a 1858 report designating any deficiencies shall be provided prior to the change in ownership of the donated 1859 emergency vehicle. 1860

§ 27-17. Entry of buildings on fire and premises adjoining.

1861 The chief of any fire/EMS fire department, or fire company or other authorized officer in command 1862 at a fire or medical emergency, and his subordinates, upon his order or direction, shall have the right at 1863 any time of the day or night to enter any building or upon any premises where a fire or medical 1864 emergency is in progress, or any building or premises adjacent thereto for the purpose of extinguishing 1865 the fire or performing emergency medical services. 1866

§ 27-17.1. Remaining on premises after fire extinguished.

1867 The chief or other authorized officer of any fire/EMS fire department or fire/EMS fire company in 1868 command at a fire or medical emergency, and his subordinates upon his order or direction, shall have 1869 the right to remain at the scene of fire or medical emergency, including remaining in any building or 1870 house, for purposes of protecting the property and preventing the public from entry into the premises, 1871 until such reasonable time as the owner may resume responsibility for the protection of the property. 1872

§ 27-20. Destruction of property to prevent spread of fire.

1873 The chief, director, or other officer commanding in his absence, may direct the pulling down or 1874 destroying of any fence, house, or other thing which he may judge necessary to be pulled down or 1875 destroyed, to prevent the further spreading of a fire, and for this purpose may require such assistance 1876 from all present as he shall judge necessary. 1877

§ 27-21. Owner may recover amount of actual damage.

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1878 The owner of such property destroyed pursuant to § 27-20 shall be entitled to recover from the city, 1879 town or county, city, or town the amount of the actual damage which he may have sustained by reason 1880 of the same having been pulled down or destroyed under such direction.

§ 27-23.1. Establishment of fire zones or districts; tax levies.

1882 The governing bodies of the several cities or counties of this the Commonwealth may create and 1883 establish, by designation on a map of the city or county showing current, official parcel boundaries, or 1884 by any other description which is legally sufficient for the conveyance of property or the creation of 1885 parcels, fire/EMS fire zones or districts in such cities or counties, within which may be located and 1886 established one or more fire/EMS fire departments, to be equipped with apparatus for fighting fires and 1887 protecting property and human life within such zones or districts from loss or damage by fire, illness or 1888 injury.

1889 In the event of the creation of such zones or districts in any city or county, the city or county 1890 governing body may acquire, in the name of the city or county, real or personal property to be devoted 1891 to the uses aforesaid, and shall prescribe rules and regulations for the proper management, control, and 1892 conduct thereof. Such governing body shall also have authority to contract with, or secure the services 1893 of, any individual corporation, organization, or municipal corporation, or any volunteer fire fighters or 1894 emergency medical services personnel firefighters for such fire or emergency medical services protection 1895 as may be required.

1896 To raise funds for the purposes aforesaid, the governing body of any city or county in which such 1897 zones or districts are established may levy annually a tax on the assessed value of all property real and 1898 personal within such zones or districts, subject to local taxation, which tax shall be extended and 1899 collected as other city or county taxes are extended and collected. However, any property located in 1900 Augusta County that has qualified for an agricultural or forestal use-value assessment pursuant to Article 1901 4 (§ 58.1-3229 et seq.) of Chapter 32 of Title 58.1 may not be included within such a zone or district 1902 and may not be subject to such tax. In any city or county having a population between 25,000 and 1903 25,500, the maximum rate of tax under this section shall be \$0.30 on \$100 of assessed value.

1904 The amount realized from such levy shall be kept separate from all other moneys of the city or 1905 county and shall be applied to no other purpose than the maintenance and operation of the fire/EMS fire 1906 departments and companies established under the provisions of this section.

1907 § 27-23.2. Advances by city or county to fire zone or district.

1908 The governing body of any city or county in this Commonwealth may advance funds, not otherwise 1909 specifically allocated or obligated, from the general fund to a fire/EMS fire zone or district to assist the 1910 fire zone or district to exercise the powers set forth in § 27-23.1.

1911 § 27-23.3. Reimbursement for advances.

1912 Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the governing body shall direct the treasurer to 1913 reimburse the general fund of the city or county from the proceeds of any funds to the credit of the 1914 fire/EMS fire zone or district, not otherwise specifically allocated or obligated to the extent that the city or county has made advances to the fire/EMS fire zone or district from such general fund to assist the 1915 1916 zone or district to exercise the powers set forth in § 27-23.1. 1917

§ 27-23.4. Validation of prior advances.

1918 The advancement of any funds heretofore advanced from the general fund by the governing body of 1919 any city or county in this Commonwealth for the benefit of a fire/EMS fire zone or district in exercising 1920 the lawful powers of such fire/EMS fire zone or district is hereby validated and confirmed.

1921 § 27-23.5. Exclusion of certain areas from fire zones or districts and exemption of such areas 1922 from certain levies.

1923 The governing body of any city or county having a fire/EMS fire zone or district created under the 1924 provisions of § 27-23.1, prior to June 1 of any calendar year, may alter the boundaries of such fire/EMS 1925 fire zone or district for the purpose of excluding an area of any such fire/EMS fire zone or district 1926 which is also within the boundaries of a sanitary district providing fire protection or emergency medical services or under contract to a sanitary district providing fire protection or emergency medical services. 1927

1928 Any area excluded from a fire/EMS fire zone or district as provided by this section shall not be subject to the levy set forth in § 27-23.1 for the year such area is excluded. 1929 1930

§ 27-23.9. Supervision and control of joint services of fire companies or departments.

1931 Whenever two or more fire/EMS fire companies or fire departments are called to provide joint 1932 services in any district or political subdivision, the commander of the first company or department to 1933 arrive shall have general supervision and control of all such participating companies and departments 1934 until an officer of such district or political subdivision who is otherwise authorized by law to do so shall 1935 assume such general supervision and control. 1936

§ 29.1-355. Disposition of funds.

1937 All moneys received from the sale of the special stamps shall be paid into the local treasury to the 1938 credit of a special damage stamp fund and identified by the year in which the moneys were collected. 1939 The special fund shall be used for the following purposes:

1940 1. Payment for damages to crops, fruit trees, commercially grown Christmas trees, nursery stock, livestock, colonies of bees, bee equipment and appliances, as defined in § 3.2-4400, or farm equipment 1941 1942 that is caused by deer, elk, or bear at any time, or by big game hunters during hunting season; and

1943 2. Payment of the actual and necessary costs of the administration of the provisions of this article, 1944 including the printing and distribution of the required stamps and the payment of reasonable fees to persons designated by a local governing body to inspect, evaluate, and confirm reported claims and 1945 1946 adjust such claims; and

1947 3. In the discretion of the local governing body, payment of the costs of law enforcement directly 1948 related to and incidental to carrying out the provisions of this article and the general game laws of the 1949 Commonwealth; any person compensated to engage in such law-enforcement activities shall be approved 1950 for such employment by the director and appointed to be a special conservation police officer in 1951 accordance with the Board's standards and policies governing such appointment; and

1952 4. In the discretion of the local governing body, administrative expenses related to the special 1953 stamps, support of a county volunteer fire prevention and suppression program when the program 1954 includes fire fighting on big game hunting lands open to the public, and support of local volunteer 1955 rescue squadsemergency medical services agency whose services are available to hunters in distress. 1956 However, the money appropriated from the special damage stamp fund for these purposes shall not 1957 exceed, in the aggregate, in any calendar year, an amount equal to 25 percent of the amount paid into 1958 the special damage stamp fund during the fiscal year or previous calendar year. Once selecting the fiscal 1959 year or previous calendar year, the local governing body must continue to use that selected period of 1960 time in determining the amount of money to be appropriated from the special damage stamp fund.

1961 § 29.1-530.4. Duty of certain entities to report hunting incidents.

1962 Any law-enforcement agency or emergency medical services provider that receives a report that a person engaged in hunting as defined in § 29.1-100 has suffered serious bodily injury or death, 1963 shall immediately give notice of the incident to the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries. 1964

1965 § 29.1-702. Registration requirements; display of numbers; cancellation of certificate;

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1966 exemption.

1967 A. 1. The owner of each motorboat requiring numbering by the Commonwealth shall file an 1968 application for a number with the Department on forms approved by it. The owner of the motorboat or 1969 the owner's agent shall sign the application and pay the following boat registration fee:

- 1970 a. For a motorboat under 16 feet, \$18;
- 1971 b. For a motorboat 16 feet to less than 20 feet, \$22;
- 1972 c. For a motorboat 20 feet to less than 40 feet, \$28;
- 1973 d. For a motorboat 40 feet and over, \$36.
- 1974 2. Owners, other than manufacturers or dealers, of more than 10 motorboats numbered by the 1975 Commonwealth, shall pay \$18 each for the first 10 such boats and \$12 for each additional boat.

1976 3. Upon receipt of the application in approved form, the Department shall have the application 1977 entered upon the records of its office and issue to the applicant a certificate of number stating the 1978 identification number awarded to the motorboat and the name, address and a social security number or 1979 numbers, or federal tax identification number of the owner or owners. Any certificate issued in 1980 accordance with this chapter shall expire three years from the last day of the month in which it was 1981 issued. Upon proper application and payment of fee, and in the discretion of the Director, the certificate 1982 may be renewed.

1983 B. The owner shall paint on or attach to each side of the bow of the motorboat the identification 1984 number in the manner prescribed by rules and regulations of the Board. The number shall be maintained 1985 in legible condition. The certificate of number shall be pocket-size and shall be available for inspection 1986 on the motorboat for which issued whenever such motorboat is in operation. However, the certificate of 1987 number for any vessel less than 26 feet in length, and leased or rented to another for the lessee's 1988 noncommercial use for less than 24 hours, may be retained on shore by the vessel's owner or his representative at the place at which the vessel departs and returns to the possession of the owner or his 1989 1990 representative, provided the vessel is appropriately identified as to its owner while in use under such 1991 lease or rental.

1992 C. No number other than the number awarded to a motorboat or granted reciprocity pursuant to this 1993 chapter shall be displayed on either side of the bow of the motorboat.

1994 D. The Department is authorized to cancel and recall any certificate of number issued by the 1995 Department when it appears proper payment has not been made for the certificate of number or when 1996 the certificate has been improperly or erroneously issued.

1997 E. Any motorboat purchased and used by a nonprofit volunteer rescue squad emergency medical 1998 services agency or volunteer fire department shall be exempt from the registration fees imposed by 1999 subsection A of this section. 2000

§ 29.1-733.7. (Effective July 1, 2014) Application for certificate of title.

2001 A. Except as otherwise provided in § 29.1-733.10, 29.1-733.15, 29.1-733.19, 29.1-733.20, 2002 29.1-733.21, or 29.1-733.22, only an owner may apply for a certificate of title.

2003 B. An application for a certificate of title shall be signed by the applicant and contain:

2004 1. The applicant's name, the street address of the applicant's principal residence, and, if different, the 2005 applicant's mailing address;

2006 2. The name and mailing address of each other owner of the watercraft at the time of application;

2007 3. The motor vehicle driver's license number, social security number, or taxpayer identification 2008 number of each owner;

2009 4. The hull identification number for the watercraft or, if none, an application for the issuance of a 2010 hull identification number for the watercraft;

- 2011 5. The registration number for the watercraft or, if none issued by the Department, an application for 2012 a registration number;
- 2013 6. A description of the watercraft as required by the Department, which shall include:

2014 a. The official number for the watercraft, if any, assigned by the U.S. Coast Guard;

- 2015 b. The name of the manufacturer, builder, or maker;
- 2016 c. The model year or the year in which the manufacture or build of the watercraft was completed;
- 2017 d. The overall length of the watercraft;
- 2018 e. The watercraft type;
- 2019 f. The hull material;
- 2020 g. The propulsion type;
- 2021 h. The engine drive type, if any:
- 2022 i. The motor identification, including manufacturer's name and serial number, except on motors of 25 2023 horsepower or less; and
- 2024 j. The fuel type, if any;

2025 7. An indication of all security interests in the watercraft known to the applicant and the name and 2026 mailing address of each secured party;

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2027 8. A statement that the watercraft is not a documented vessel or a foreign-documented vessel;

2028 9. Any title brand known to the applicant and, if known, the jurisdiction under whose law the title 2029 brand was created;

2030 10. If the applicant knows that the watercraft is hull damaged, a statement that the watercraft is hull 2031 damaged:

2032 11. If the application is made in connection with a transfer of ownership, the transferor's name, street 2033 address and, if different, mailing address, the sales price, if any, and the date of the transfer; and

2034 12. If the watercraft previously was registered or titled in another jurisdiction, a statement identifying 2035 each jurisdiction known to the applicant in which the watercraft was registered or titled.

2036 C. In addition to the information required by subsection B, an application for a certificate of title 2037 may contain an electronic communication address of the owner, transferor, or secured party.

D. Except as otherwise provided in § 29.1-733.19, 29.1-733.20, 29.1-733.21, or 29.1-733.22, an 2038 2039 application for a certificate of title shall be accompanied by:

2040 1. A certificate of title that is signed by the owner shown on the certificate and that: 2041

a. Identifies the applicant as the owner of the watercraft; or

b. Is accompanied by a record that identifies the applicant as the owner; or

2. If there is no certificate of title:

2044 a. If the watercraft was a documented vessel, a record issued by the U.S. Coast Guard that shows 2045 that the watercraft is no longer a documented vessel and identifies the applicant as the owner;

2046 b. If the watercraft was a foreign-documented vessel, a record issued by the foreign country that 2047 shows that the watercraft is no longer a foreign-documented vessel and identifies the applicant as the 2048 owner; or

2049 c. In all other cases, a certificate of origin, bill of sale, or other record that to the satisfaction of the Department identifies the applicant as the owner. Issuance of registration under the provisions of 2050 2051 § 29.1-702 is prima facie evidence of ownership of a watercraft and entitlement to a certificate of title 2052 under the provisions of this article.

2053 E. A record submitted in connection with an application is part of the application. The Department 2054 shall maintain the record in its files.

2055 F. The Department shall require that an application for a certificate of title be accompanied by 2056 payment or evidence of payment of all fees and taxes payable by the applicant under law of the 2057 Commonwealth other than this article in connection with the application or the acquisition or use of the 2058 watercraft. The Department shall charge \$7 for issue of each certificate of title, transfer of title, or for 2059 the recording of a supplemental lien. The Department shall charge \$2 for the issuance of each duplicate 2060 title or for changes to a previously issued certificate of title that are made necessary by a change of the 2061 motor on the watercraft. Any watercraft purchased and used by a nonprofit volunteer rescue squad 2062 *emergency medical services agency* shall be exempt from the fees imposed under this section.

2063 G. The application shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the Department and shall contain 2064 any other information required by the Director.

H. Whenever any person, after applying for or obtaining the certificate of title of a watercraft, moves 2065 2066 from the address shown in the application or upon the certificate of title, he shall, within 30 days, notify 2067 the Department in writing of his change of address. A fee of \$7 shall be imposed upon anyone failing to 2068 comply with this subsection within the time prescribed.

2069 § 32.1-45.1. Deemed consent to testing and release of test results related to infection with 2070 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses.

2071 A. Whenever any health care provider, or any person employed by or under the direction and control of a health care provider, is directly exposed to body fluids of a patient in a manner that may, according 2072 to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit human 2073 immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the patient whose body fluids were involved in the 2074 2075 exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus 2076 or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such patient shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such 2077 test results to the person who was exposed. In other than emergency situations, it shall be the responsibility of the health care provider to inform patients of this provision prior to providing them 2078 2079 with health care services which create a risk of such exposure.

B. Whenever any patient is directly exposed to body fluids of a health care provider, or of any 2080 2081 person employed by or under the direction and control of a health care provider, in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit 2082 2083 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human 2084 2085 immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the patient who was exposed. C. For the purposes of this section, "health care provider" means any person, facility or agency 2086

2087 2088 licensed or certified to provide care or treatment by the Department of Health, Department of Behavioral

Health and Developmental Services, Department of Rehabilitative Services, or the Department of Social
Services, any person licensed or certified by a health regulatory board within the Department of Health
Professions except for the Boards of Funeral Directors and Embalmers and Veterinary Medicine or any
personal care agency contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services.

D. "Health care provider," as defined in subsection C of this section, shall be deemed to include any person who renders emergency care or assistance, without compensation and in good faith, at the scene of an accident, fire, or any life-threatening emergency, or while en route therefrom to any hospital, medical clinic or doctor's office during the period while rendering such emergency care or assistance.
The Department of Health shall provide appropriate counseling and opportunity for face-to-face disclosure of any test results to any such person.

E. Whenever any law-enforcement officer, salaried or volunteer firefighter, paramedic or salaried or volunteer emergency medical technician services provider is directly exposed to body fluids of a person in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person who was exposed.

2106 F. Whenever a person is directly exposed to the body fluids of a law-enforcement officer, salaried or 2107 volunteer firefighter, paramedic or salaried or volunteer emergency medical technician services provider 2108 in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and 2109 Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body 2110 fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with 2111 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. The law-enforcement officer, salaried or 2112 volunteer firefighter, paramedic or salaried or volunteer emergency medical technician services provider 2113 shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person who was 2114 exposed.

2115 G. For the purposes of this section, "law-enforcement officer" means a person who is both (i)
2116 engaged in his public duty at the time of such exposure and (ii) employed by any sheriff's office, any
2117 adult or youth correctional facility, or any state or local law-enforcement agency, or any agency or
2118 department under the direction and control of the Commonwealth or any local governing body that
2119 employs persons who have law-enforcement authority.

2120 H. Whenever any school board employee is directly exposed to body fluids of any person in a 2121 manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and 2122 Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the person whose body 2123 fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with 2124 human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. Such person shall also be deemed to have 2125 consented to the release of such test results to the school board employee who was exposed. In other 2126 than emergency situations, it shall be the responsibility of the school board employee to inform the 2127 person of this provision prior to the contact that creates a risk of such exposure.

I. Whenever any person is directly exposed to the body fluids of a school board employee in a manner that may, according to the then current guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, transmit human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses, the school board employee whose body fluids were involved in the exposure shall be deemed to have consented to testing for infection with human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B or C viruses. The school board employee shall also be deemed to have consented to the release of such test results to the person.

J. For the purposes of this section, "school board employee" means a person who is both (i) acting in
the course of employment at the time of such exposure and (ii) employed by any local school board in
the Commonwealth.

2137 K. For purposes of this section, if the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing is a minor, 2138 and that minor refuses to provide such specimen, consent for obtaining such specimen shall be obtained 2139 from the parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis of such minor prior to initiating such 2140 testing. If the parent or guardian or person standing in loco parentis withholds such consent, or is not 2141 reasonably available, the person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus or hepatitis B 2142 or C viruses, or the employer of such person, may petition the juvenile and domestic relations district 2143 court in the county or city where the minor resides or resided, or, in the case of a nonresident, the 2144 county or city where the health care provider, law-enforcement agency or school board has its principal 2145 office or, in the case of a health care provider rendering emergency care pursuant to subsection D, the 2146 county or city where the exposure occurred, for an order requiring the minor to provide a blood 2147 specimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this section.

2148 L. Except as provided in subsection K, if the person whose blood specimen is sought for testing **2149** refuses to provide such specimen, any person potentially exposed to the human immunodeficiency virus

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2150 or hepatitis B or C viruses, or the employer of such person, may petition the general district court of the 2151 county or city in which the person whose specimen is sought resides or resided, or, in the case of a nonresident, the county or city where the health care provider, law-enforcement agency or school board 2152 2153 has its principal office or, in the case of a health care provider rendering emergency care pursuant to 2154 subsection D, the county or city where the exposure occurred, for an order requiring the person to 2155 provide a blood specimen or to submit to testing and to disclose the test results in accordance with this 2156 section. At any hearing before the court, the person whose specimen is sought or his counsel may appear. The court shall be advised by the Commissioner or his designee prior to entering any testing 2157 2158 order. If a testing order is issued, both the petitioner and the person from whom the blood specimen is 2159 sought shall receive counseling and opportunity for face-to-face disclosure of any test results by a 2160 licensed practitioner or trained counselor.

§ 32.1-46.02. Administration of influenza vaccine to minors.

2162 The Board shall, together with the Board of Nursing and by August 31, 2009, develop and issue guidelines for the administration of influenza vaccine to minors by licensed pharmacists, registered 2163 2164 nurses, licensed practical nurses, certified emergency medical technicians intermediate, or emergency 2165 medical technicians-paramedic services providers who hold an emergency medical technician intermediate or emergency medical technician paramedic certification issued by the Office of Emergency 2166 Medical Services pursuant to § 54.1-3408. Such guidelines shall require the consent of the minor's 2167 2168 parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis, and shall be consistent with applicable guidelines 2169 developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

2170 § 32.1-111.1. Definitions.

2171 As used in this article:

2172 "Advisory Board" means the State Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board.

2173 "Agency" means any person engaged in the business, service or regular activity, whether or not for
 2174 profit, of transporting persons who are sick, injured, wounded or otherwise incapacitated or helpless, or
 2175 of rendering immediate medical care to such persons.

2176 "Ambulance" means any vehicle, vessel or aircraft, which holds a valid permit issued by the Office
2177 of Emergency Medical Services, that is specially constructed, equipped, maintained and operated, and is
2178 intended to be used for emergency medical care and the transportation of patients who are sick, injured,
2179 wounded, or otherwise incapacitated or helpless. The word "ambulance" may not appear on any vehicle,
2180 vessel or aircraft that does not hold a valid permit.

2181 "Automated external defibrillator" means a medical device which combines a heart monitor and
2182 defibrillator and (i) has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, (ii) is
2183 capable of recognizing the presence or absence of ventricular fibrillation or rapid ventricular tachycardia,
2184 (iii) is capable of determining, without intervention by an operator, whether defibrillation should be
2185 performed, and (iv) automatically charges and requests delivery of an electrical impulse to an
2186 individual's heart, upon determining that defibrillation should be performed.

2187 "Emergency medical services" means those services provided when responding to an individual's
 2188 perceived needs for immediate medical care in order to prevent loss of life or aggravation of
 2189 physiological or psychological illness or injury.

2190 "Emergency medical services agency" or "EMS agency" means any individual who holds a valid
2191 emergency medical services agency permit issued by the Office of Emergency Medical Services, who
2192 provides emergency medical services and engages in the business, service, or regular activity, whether
2193 for profit or not for profit, of rendering immediate medical services to or transporting for the purpose of
2194 receiving medical services of persons who are sick, injured, or otherwise incapacitated.
2195 "Emergency medical services personnel" or "EMS personnel" means persons responsible for an

2195 "Emergency medical services personnel" or "EMS personnel" means persons responsible for an
2196 emergency medical services provider who is affiliated with an emergency medical services agency and
2197 who participates in the direct provision of emergency medical services in a given medical emergency
2198 including all persons who could be described as attendants, attendants in-charge, or operators.

2199 "Emergency medical services physician" or "EMS physician" means a physician who holds a current
 2200 endorsement from the Office of Emergency Medical Services (EMS) and may serve as an EMS agency
 2201 operational medical director or training program physician course director.

"Emergency medical services provider" or "EMS provider" means a person who holds a valid certification issued by the Office of Emergency Medical Services.

2204 "Emergency medical services system" means a system that provides for the arrangement of personnel,
 2205 facilities, equipment, and other system components for the effective and coordinated delivery of
 2206 emergency medical services within a specified geographical area.

2207 "Emergency medical services vehicle" means any vehicle, vessel, or aircraft, or ambulance that holds
2208 a valid emergency medical services vehicle permit issued by the Office of Emergency Medical Services
2209 that is equipped, maintained, or operated to provide emergency medical care or transportation of patients
2210 who are sick, injured, wounded, or otherwise incapacitated or helpless services.

2211 "Operational medical director" or "OMD" means an EMS physician, currently licensed to practice

2212 medicine or osteopathic medicine in the Commonwealth, who is formally recognized and responsible for 2213 providing medical direction, oversight, and quality improvement to an EMS agency.

§ 32.1-111.2. Exemptions from provisions of this article. 2214

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2215 The following entities are exempted from the provisions of this article:

2216 1. Emergency medical service services agencies based outside the Commonwealth, except that any 2217 such emergency medical services agency receiving a person who is sick, injured, wounded, incapacitated, 2218 or helpless within the Commonwealth for transportation to a location within the Commonwealth shall 2219 comply with the provisions of this article;

2. Emergency medical services agencies operated by the United States government; and

2221 3. Wheelchair interfacility transport services and wheelchair interfacility transport service vehicles 2222 that are engaged, whether or not for profit, in the business, service, or regular activity of and exclusively 2223 used for transporting wheelchair bound passengers between medical facilities in the Commonwealth 2224 when no ancillary medical care or oversight is necessary. However, such services and vehicles shall 2225 comply with Department of Medical Assistance Services regulations regarding the transportation of 2226 Medicaid recipients to covered services.

2227 § 32.1-111.3. Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan; Trauma Triage Plan; Stroke Triage 2228 Plan.

2229 A. The Board of Health shall develop a Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan that shall 2230 *provide for a* comprehensive, coordinated, emergency medical care system in the Commonwealth and 2231 prepare a Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan which shall incorporate, but not be limited to, the 2232 plans prepared by the regional emergency medical services councils. The Board shall review, update, and publish the Plan triennially, making such revisions as may be necessary to improve the effectiveness 2233 2234 and efficiency of the Commonwealth's emergency medical care services system. The Plan shall 2235 incorporate the regional emergency medical services plans prepared by the regional emergency medical services councils pursuant to § 32.1-111.4:2. Publishing through electronic means and posting on the 2236 2237 Department website shall satisfy the publication requirement. The objectives of such Plan and the system 2238 shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

2239 1. Establishing a comprehensive statewide emergency medical eare services system, incorporating 2240 facilities, transportation, manpower, communications, and other components as integral parts of a unified 2241 system that will serve to improve the delivery of emergency medical services and thereby decrease 2242 morbidity, hospitalization, disability, and mortality;

2243 2. Reducing the time period between the identification of an acutely ill or injured patient and the 2244 definitive treatment; 2245

3. Increasing the accessibility of high quality emergency medical services to all citizens of Virginia;

2246 4. Promoting continuing improvement in system components, including ground, water and air 2247 transportation, communications, hospital emergency departments and other emergency medical care 2248 facilities, consumer health information and education, and health manpower and manpower training;

2249 5. Ensuring performance improvement of the Emergency Medical Services emergency medical 2250 services system and emergency medical care delivered on scene, in transit, in hospital emergency 2251 departments and within the hospital environment;

2252 6. Working with professional medical organizations, hospitals, and other public and private agencies 2253 in developing approaches whereby the many persons who are presently using the existing emergency 2254 department for routine, nonurgent, primary medical care will be served more appropriately and 2255 economically;

2256 7. Conducting, promoting, and encouraging programs of education and training designed to upgrade 2257 the knowledge and skills of health manpower involved in emergency medical services, including 2258 expanding the availability of paramedic and advanced life support training throughout the 2259 Commonwealth with particular emphasis on regions underserved by personnel emergency medical 2260 services providers having such skills and training;

2261 8. Consulting with and reviewing, with agencies and organizations, the development of applications 2262 to governmental or other sources for grants or other funding to support emergency medical services 2263 programs:

2264 9. Establishing a statewide air medical evacuation system which shall be developed by the 2265 Department of Health in coordination with the Department of State Police and other appropriate state 2266 agencies;

2267 10. Establishing and maintaining a process for designation of appropriate hospitals as trauma centers 2268 and specialty care centers based on an applicable national evaluation system;

2269 11. Maintaining a comprehensive emergency medical services patient care data collection and 2270 performance improvement system pursuant to Article 3.1 (§ 32.1-116.1 et seq.);

2271 12. Collecting data and information and preparing reports for the sole purpose of the designation and 2272 verification of trauma centers and other specialty care centers pursuant to this section. All data and

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information collected shall remain confidential and shall be exempt from the provisions of the VirginiaFreedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.);

2275 13. Establishing and maintaining a process for crisis intervention and peer support services for
 2276 emergency medical services *personnel* and public safety personnel, including statewide availability and
 2277 accreditation of critical incident stress management teams;

2278 14. Establishing a statewide emergency medical services for children program to provide coordination
2279 and support for emergency pediatric care, availability of pediatric emergency medical care equipment,
2280 and pediatric training of medical care providers;

15. Establishing and supporting a statewide system of health and medical emergency response teams, including emergency medical services disaster task forces, coordination teams, disaster medical assistance teams, and other support teams that shall assist local emergency medical services at their request during mass casualty, disaster, or whenever local resources are overwhelmed;

2285 16. Establishing and maintaining a program to improve dispatching of emergency medical services
 2286 personnel and vehicles, including establishment of and support for emergency medical services dispatch training, accreditation of 911 dispatch centers, and public safety answering points;

2288 17. Identifying and establishing best practices for managing and operating *emergency medical* 2289 services agencies, improving and managing emergency medical response times, and disseminating such information to the appropriate persons and entities;

18. Ensuring that the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries
Compensation Fund shall be contacted immediately to deploy assistance in the event there are victims as
defined in § 19.2-11.01, and that the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal
Injuries Compensation Fund become the lead coordinating agencies for those individuals determined to
be victims; and

19. Maintaining current contact information for both the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund.

B. The Board of Health shall also develop and maintain as a component of the Emergency Medical
Services Plan a statewide prehospital and interhospital Trauma Triage Plan designed to promote rapid
access for pediatric and adult trauma patients to appropriate, organized trauma care through the
publication and regular updating of information on resources for trauma care and generally accepted
criteria for trauma triage and appropriate transfer. The Trauma Triage Plan shall include:

2303 1. A strategy for maintaining the statewide Trauma Triage Plan through formal regional trauma triage 2304 plans that incorporate each region's geographic variations and trauma care capabilities and resources, 2305 including hospitals designated as trauma centers pursuant to subsection A. The regional trauma triage 2306 plans shall be reviewed triennially. Plans should ensure that the Department of Criminal Justice Services 2307 and the Virginia Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund shall be contacted immediately to deploy 2308 assistance in the event there are victims as defined in § 19.2-11.01, and that the Department of Criminal 2309 Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund become the lead coordinating 2310 agencies for those individuals determined to be victims; and maintain current contact information for both the Department of Criminal Justice Services and the Virginia Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund. 2311

2312 2. A uniform set of proposed criteria for prehospital and interhospital triage and transport of trauma 2313 patients developed by the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, in consultation with the 2314 Virginia Chapter of the American College of Surgeons, the Virginia College of Emergency Physicians, 2315 the Virginia Hospital and Healthcare Association, and prehospital care providers. The Emergency 2316 Medical Services Advisory Board may revise such criteria from time to time to incorporate accepted 2317 changes in medical practice or to respond to needs indicated by analyses of data on patient outcomes. 2318 Such criteria shall be used as a guide and resource for health care providers and are not intended to 2319 establish, in and of themselves, standards of care or to abrogate the requirements of § 8.01-581.20. A 2320 decision by a health care provider to deviate from the criteria shall not constitute negligence per se.

2321 3. A performance improvement program for monitoring the quality of care, consistent with other 2322 components of the Emergency Medical Services Plan. The program shall provide for collection and 2323 analysis of data on emergency medical and trauma services from existing validated sources, including 2324 but not limited to the emergency medical services patient care information system, pursuant to Article 2325 3.1 (§ 32.1-116.1 et seq.), the Patient Level Data System, and mortality data. The Emergency Medical 2326 Services Advisory Board shall review and analyze such data on a quarterly basis and report its findings 2327 to the Commissioner. The Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board may execute these duties 2328 through a committee composed of persons having expertise in critical care issues and representatives of 2329 emergency medical services providers. The program for monitoring and reporting the results of 2330 emergency medical and trauma services data analysis shall be the sole means of encouraging and 2331 promoting compliance with the trauma triage criteria.

2332 The Commissioner shall report aggregate findings of the analysis annually to each regional
2333 emergency medical services council. The report shall be available to the public and shall identify,
2334 minimally, as defined in the statewide plan, the frequency of (i) incorrect triage in comparison to the

2335 total number of trauma patients delivered to a hospital prior to pronouncement of death and (ii) incorrect 2336 interfacility transfer for each region.

2337 The Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board or its designee shall ensure that each hospital or 2338 emergency medical services director is informed of any incorrect interfacility transfer or triage, as 2339 defined in the statewide plan, specific to the provider and shall give the provider an opportunity to 2340 correct any facts on which such determination is based, if the provider asserts that such facts are 2341 inaccurate. The findings of the report shall be used to improve the Trauma Triage Plan, including triage, 2342 and transport and trauma center designation criteria.

2343 The Commissioner shall ensure the confidentiality of patient information, in accordance with 2344 § 32.1-116.2. Such data or information in the possession of or transmitted to the Commissioner, the 2345 Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, any committee acting on behalf of the Emergency 2346 Medical Services Advisory Board, any hospital or prehospital care provider, any regional emergency 2347 medical services council, licensed emergency medical services agency that holds a valid permit issued 2348 by the Commissioner, or group or committee established to monitor the quality of care pursuant to this 2349 subdivision, or any other person shall be privileged and shall not be disclosed or obtained by legal discovery proceedings, unless a circuit court, after a hearing and for good cause shown arising from 2350 2351 extraordinary circumstances, orders disclosure of such data.

2352 C. The Board of Health shall also develop and maintain as a component of the Emergency Medical 2353 Services Plan a statewide prehospital and interhospital Stroke Triage Plan designed to promote rapid 2354 access for stroke patients to appropriate, organized stroke care through the publication and regular 2355 updating of information on resources for stroke care and generally accepted criteria for stroke triage and 2356 appropriate transfer. The Stroke Triage Plan shall include:

2357 1. A strategy for maintaining the statewide Stroke Triage Plan through formal regional stroke triage 2358 plans that incorporate each region's geographic variations and stroke care capabilities and resources, 2359 including hospitals designated as "primary stroke centers" through certification by the Joint Commission 2360 or a comparable process consistent with the recommendations of the Brain Attack Coalition. The 2361 regional stroke triage plans shall be reviewed triennially.

2. A uniform set of proposed criteria for prehospital and interhospital triage and transport of stroke 2362 2363 patients developed by the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, in consultation with the 2364 American Stroke Association, the Virginia College of Emergency Physicians, the Virginia Hospital and 2365 Healthcare Association, and prehospital care providers. The Board of Health may revise such criteria 2366 from time to time to incorporate accepted changes in medical practice or to respond to needs indicated 2367 by analyses of data on patient outcomes. Such criteria shall be used as a guide and resource for health 2368 care providers and are not intended to establish, in and of themselves, standards of care or to abrogate 2369 the requirements of § 8.01-581.20. A decision by a health care provider to deviate from the criteria shall 2370 not constitute negligence per se.

2371 D. Whenever any state-owned aircraft, vehicle, or other form of conveyance is utilized under the 2372 provisions of this section, an appropriate amount not to exceed the actual costs of operation may be 2373 charged by the agency having administrative control of such aircraft, vehicle, or other form of 2374 conveyance.

2375 § 32.1-111.4. Regulations; emergency medical services providers, personnel, and vehicles; 2376 response times; enforcement provisions; civil penalties. 2377

A. The State Board of Health shall prescribe by regulation:

2378 1. Requirements for record keeping, supplies, operating procedures, and other *emergency medical* 2379 services agency operations;

2380 2. Requirements for the sanitation and maintenance of emergency medical services vehicles and their 2381 medical supplies and equipment;

2382 3. Procedures, including the requirements for forms, to authorize qualified emergency medical 2383 services personnel to follow Do Not Resuscitate Orders pursuant to § 54.1-2987.1;

2384 4. Requirements for the composition, administration, duties, and responsibilities of the State 2385 **Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board**;

2386 5. Requirements, developed in consultation with the Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, 2387 governing the training, certification, and recertification of emergency medical services personnel;

2388 6. Requirements for written notification to the State Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, 2389 the State Office of Emergency Medical Services, and the Financial Assistance and Review Committee of 2390 the Board's action, and the reasons therefor, on requests and recommendations of the Advisory Board, 2391 the State Office of Emergency Medical Services or the Committee, no later than five workdays after 2392 reaching its decision, specifying whether the Board has approved, denied, or not acted on such requests 2393 and recommendations;

2394 7. Authorization procedures, developed in consultation with the Emergency Medical Services 2395 Advisory Board, which allow the possession and administration of epinephrine or a medically accepted equivalent for emergency cases of anaphylactic shock by certain levels of certified emergency medical
services personnel as authorized by § 54.1-3408 and authorization procedures that allow the possession
and administration of oxygen with the authority of the local medical director and a licensed an
emergency medical services agency *that holds a valid permit issued by the Commissioner*;

8. A uniform definition of "response time" and requirements, developed in consultation with the
Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board, for each agency to measure response times starting from
the time a call for emergency medical care is received until (i) the time an appropriate emergency
medical response unit services vehicle is responding and (ii) the appropriate emergency medical response
unit services vehicle arrives on the scene, and requirements for agencies to collect and report such data
to the Director of the Office of Emergency Medical Services who shall compile such information and
make it available to the public, upon request; and

9. Enforcement provisions, including, but not limited to, civil penalties that the Commissioner may assess against any agency or other entity found to be in violation of any of the provisions of this article or any regulation promulgated under this article. All amounts paid as civil penalties for violations of this article or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be deposited in the emergency medical services special fund established pursuant to § 46.2-694, to be used only for emergency medical services purposes.

B. The Board shall classify *emergency medical services* agencies and emergency medical services
vehicles by type of service rendered and shall specify the medical equipment, the supplies, the vehicle
specifications and the, *providers, and* personnel required for each classification.

2416 C. In formulating its regulations, the Board shall consider the current Minimal Equipment List for2417 Ambulances adopted by the Committee on Trauma of the American College of Surgeons.

§ 32.1-111.4:1. State Emergency Medical Services Advisory Board; purpose; membership; duties; reimbursement of expenses; staff support.

2420 A. There is hereby created in the executive branch the State Emergency Medical Services Advisory 2421 Board for the purpose of advising the State Board of Health concerning the administration of the 2422 statewide emergency medical care system and emergency medical services vehicles maintained and 2423 operated to provide transportation to persons requiring emergency medical treatment and for reviewing 2424 and making recommendations on the Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan. The Advisory Board 2425 shall be composed of 28 members appointed by the Governor as follows: one representative each from 2426 the Virginia Municipal League, Virginia Association of Counties, Virginia Hospital and Healthcare 2427 Association, and each of the 11 regional emergency medical services councils; one member each from 2428 the Medical Society of Virginia, Virginia Chapter of the American College of Emergency Physicians, 2429 Virginia Chapter of the American College of Surgeons, Virginia Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics, Emergency Nurses Association or the Virginia Nurses' Association, Virginia State 2430 2431 Firefighters Association, Virginia Fire Chiefs Association, a Virginia professional firefighter, Virginia 2432 Ambulance Association, Virginia Association of Governmental Emergency Medical Services 2433 Administrators, and Virginia Association of Public Safety Communications Officials; two representatives 2434 of the Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads, Inc.; and one consumer who shall not be 2435 involved in or affiliated with emergency medical services in any capacity. Each organization and group 2436 shall submit three nominees from among which the Governor may make appointments. Of the three 2437 nominees submitted by each of the regional emergency medical services councils, at least one nominee 2438 shall be a representative of providers of prehospital care. Any person appointed to the Advisory Board 2439 shall be a member of the organization that he represents. To ensure diversity in the organizations and 2440 groups represented on the Advisory Board, the Governor may request additional nominees from the 2441 applicable organizations and groups. However, the Governor shall not be bound to make any 2442 appointment from among any nominees recommended by such organizations and groups.

The members of the Advisory Board shall not be eligible to receive compensation; however, the State
Health Department shall provide funding for the reimbursement of expenses incurred by members of the
Advisory Board in the performance of their duties.

B. Beginning July 1, 2012, appointments shall be staggered as follows: nine members for a term of 2446 2447 two years, nine members for a term of three years, and 10 members for a term of four years. 2448 Thereafter, appointments shall be for terms of three years, except an appointment to fill a vacancy, 2449 which shall be for the unexpired term. Appointments shall be in a manner to preserve insofar as 2450 possible the representation of the specified groups. No member shall serve more than two successive 2451 terms. No person representing any organization or group named in subsection A who has served as a 2452 member of the Advisory Board for two or more successive terms for any period or for six or more 2453 consecutive years shall be nominated for appointment or appointed to the Advisory Board unless at least 2454 three consecutive years have elapsed since the person has served on the Advisory Board.

2455 The chairman shall be elected from the membership of the Advisory Board for a term of one year
2456 and shall be eligible for reelection. The Advisory Board shall meet at least four times annually at the
2457 call of the chairman or the Commissioner.

2458 C. The Advisory Board shall:

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2459 1. Advise the State Board of Health on the administration of this article;

2460 2. Review and make recommendations for the Statewide Emergency Medical Services Plan and any 2461 revisions thereto; and

2462 3. Review, on a schedule as it may determine, reports on the status of all aspects of the statewide 2463 emergency medical care system, including the Financial Assistance and Review Committee, the Rescue 2464 Squad Assistance Fund, the regional emergency medical services councils, and the emergency medical 2465 services vehicles, submitted by the State Office of Emergency Medical Services.

2466 D. The Advisory Board shall establish an Advisory Board Executive Committee to assist in the work 2467 of the Advisory Board. The Advisory Board Executive Committee shall, in addition to those duties of the 2468 Advisory Board Executive Committee established by the Advisory Board, review the annual financial 2469 report of the Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads, as required by § 32.1-111.13.

2470 E. The State Health Department's Office of Emergency Medical Services shall provide staff support 2471 to the Advisory Board.

§ 32.1-111.4:2. Regional emergency medical services councils.

2473 The Board shall designate regional emergency medical services councils that shall be authorized to 2474 receive and disburse public funds. Each council shall be charged with the development and 2475 implementation of an efficient and effective regional emergency medical services delivery system.

2476 The Board shall review those agencies that were the designated regional emergency medical services 2477 councils. The Board shall, in accordance with the standards established in its regulations, review and 2478 may renew or deny applications for such designations every three years. In its discretion, the Board 2479 may establish conditions for renewal of such designations or may solicit applications for designation as 2480 a regional emergency medical services council.

2481 Each council shall include, if available, representatives of the participating local governments, fire 2482 protection agencies, law-enforcement agencies, emergency medical services agencies, hospitals, licensed 2483 practicing physicians, emergency care nurses, mental health professionals, emergency medical 2484 technicians, and other appropriate allied health professionals.

Each council shall adopt and revise as necessary a regional emergency medical services plan in 2485 2486 cooperation with the Board.

2487 The designated councils shall be required to match state funds with local funds obtained from private 2488 or public sources in the proportion specified in the regulations of the Board. Moneys received directly 2489 or indirectly from the Commonwealth shall not be used as matching funds. A local governing body may 2490 choose to appropriate funds for the purpose of providing matching grant funds for any council. 2491 However, this section shall not be construed to place any obligation on any local governing body to 2492 appropriate funds to any council.

2493 The Board shall promulgate, in cooperation with the Advisory Board, regulations to implement this 2494 section, which shall include, but not be limited to, requirements to ensure accountability for public 2495 funds, criteria for matching funds, and performance standards. 2496

§ 32.1-111.4:3. Provision of emergency medical services.

2497 A. Any county, city, or town may provide emergency medical services to its citizens by (i) 2498 establishing an emergency medical services agency as a department of government pursuant to 2499 § 32.1-111.4:6 or (ii) contracting with or providing for the provision of emergency medical services by 2500 an emergency medical services agency established pursuant to § 32.1-111.4:7.

2501 B. In cases in which a county, city, or town elects to contract with or provide for emergency medical 2502 services by an emergency medical services agency pursuant to clause (ii) of subsection A, the emergency 2503 medical services agency shall be deemed to be an instrumentality of the county, city, or town and, as 2504 such, exempt from suit for damages done incident to the provision of emergency medical services 2505 therein.

2506 § 32.1-111.4:4. Contracts of counties, cities, and towns to furnish emergency medical services; 2507 public liability insurance to cover claims arising out of mutual aid agreements.

2508 A. The governing body of any city or town may, in its discretion, authorize or require the emergency 2509 medical services agency thereof to render aid in cases of actual or potential medical emergencies 2510 occurring beyond its limits, may prescribe the conditions on which such aid may be rendered, and may 2511 enter into a contract, or contracts, with nearby, adjacent, or adjoining counties and cities, within or 2512 without the Commonwealth, including the District of Columbia, for rendering aid in the provision of 2513 emergency medical services in such counties, cities, or any district, or sanitary district thereof or in the 2514 District of Columbia, on such terms as may be agreed upon by such governing body and the governing 2515 body of the District of Columbia or of such counties and cities, or districts, including sanitary districts, 2516 provided that each of the parties to such agreement may contract as follows: (i) waive any and all claims against all the other parties thereto that may arise out of their activities outside their respective 2517 2518 jurisdictions under such agreement; (ii) indemnify and save harmless the other parties to such

agreement from all claims by third parties for property damage or personal injury that may arise out of
the activities of the other parties to such agreement outside their respective jurisdictions under such
agreement. When the emergency medical services agency of any city or town is operating under such
permission or contract, or contracts, on any call beyond the corporate limits of the city or town, it shall
be deemed to be operating in a governmental capacity, and subject only to such liability for injuries as
it would be if it were operating within the corporate limits of such city or town.

2525 B. Any county, city, or town may contract with the federal or state government to provide emergency 2526 medical services to federal or state property located within or without the boundaries of the county, city, 2527 or town. In the absence of a written contract, any acts performed and all expenditures made by a 2528 county, city, or town in providing emergency medical services to property owned by the federal government shall be deemed conclusively to be for a public and governmental purpose and all of the 2529 2530 immunities from liability enjoyed by a county, city, or town when acting through its emergency medical 2531 services personnel for a public or governmental purpose within or without its territorial limits shall be 2532 enjoyed by it to the same extent when such county, city, or town is so acting, under the provisions of 2533 this section or under other lawful authority.

Emergency medical services personnel of any county, city, or town when acting hereunder, or under
other lawful authority, shall have all of the immunities from liability and exemptions from laws,
ordinances, and regulations and shall have all of the pension, relief, disability, workers' compensation,
and other benefits enjoyed by them while performing their respective duties. The amount of
compensation to the county, city, or town pursuant to the contract shall be a matter within the sole
discretion of the governing body of the county, city, or town.

2540 C. The governing body of any county adjoining or near any county, city, or town, within or without 2541 the Commonwealth, including the District of Columbia, having and maintaining emergency medical 2542 services equipment may contract with any such county, city, or town, upon such terms as such governing 2543 body may deem proper, for responding to medical emergencies in such county, city, or town and may 2544 prescribe the terms and conditions upon which such services may be provided on privately owned 2545 property in the county, city, or town and may raise funds with which to pay for such services, by 2546 levying and collecting annually, at such rates as such governing body may deem sufficient, a special tax 2547 upon the property in such county, or in any magisterial district thereof, subject to local taxation.

D. The governing body of any county, city, or town in the Commonwealth is authorized to procure
or extend the necessary public liability insurance to cover claims arising out of mutual aid agreements
executed with other counties, cities, or towns outside the Commonwealth, including the District of
Columbia.

\$ 32.1-111.4:5. Emergency medical services personnel and equipment may in emergencies go or be sent beyond territorial limits.

Whenever the necessity arises during any actual or potential emergency resulting from fire, personal injury, or other public disaster, the emergency medical services personnel of any county, city, or town may, together with all necessary equipment, lawfully go or be sent beyond the territorial limits of such county, city, or town to any point within or without the Commonwealth to assist in meeting such emergency.

In such event, the acts performed by such fire or emergency medical services personnel and the expenditures made for such purpose by such county, city, or town shall be deemed conclusively to be for a public and governmental purpose, and all of the immunities from liability enjoyed by a county, city, or town when acting through its emergency medical services personnel for a public or governmental purpose within its territorial limits shall be enjoyed by it to the same extent when such county, city, or town is so acting, under this section or under other lawful authority, beyond its territorial limits.

Emergency medical services personnel of any county, city, or town, when acting hereunder or under
other lawful authority, beyond the territorial limits of such county, city, or town, shall have all the
immunities from liability and exemptions from laws, ordinances, and regulations, and shall have all of
the pension, relief, disability, workers' compensation, and other benefits, enjoyed by them while
performing their respective duties.

2570 § 32.1-111.4:6. Establishment of an emergency medical services agency as a department of local 2571 government.

A. The governing body of any county, city, or town may establish an emergency medical services agency as a department of government and may designate it by any name consistent with the names of its other governmental units. The head of such emergency medical services agency shall be known as "the director." As many other officers and employees may be employed in such emergency medical services agency as the governing body may approve.

2577 B. An emergency medical services agency established pursuant to subsection A may consist of
2578 government-employed emergency medical services personnel, volunteer emergency medical services
2579 personnel, or both. If an emergency medical services agency established pursuant to this section
2580 includes volunteer emergency medical services personnel, such volunteer emergency medical services

2581 personnel shall be deemed instrumentalities of the county, city, or town, and, as such, exempt from suit 2582 for damages done incident to providing emergency medical services to the county, city, or town.

2583 C. The governing body of any county, city, or town may empower an emergency medical services 2584 agency established therein pursuant to this section to make bylaws to promote its objects consistent with 2585 the laws of the Commonwealth and ordinances of the county, city, or town and may provide for the 2586 compensation of the officers and employees of such agency.

2587 D. All check stubs or time cards purporting to be a record of time spent on the job by emergency 2588 medical services personnel employed by an emergency medical services agency established pursuant to 2589 this section shall record all hours of employment, regardless of how spent. All check stubs or pay 2590 records purporting to show the hourly compensation of emergency medical services personnel employed 2591 by an emergency medical services agency established pursuant to this section shall show the actual 2592 hourly wage to be paid. Nothing in this section shall require the showing of such information on check 2593 stubs, time cards, or pay records; however, if such information is shown, the information shall be in 2594 compliance with this section.

2595 § 32.1-111.4:7. Establishment of an emergency medical services agency as a nongovernmental 2596 entity.

2597 A. Any number of persons wishing to provide emergency medical services may establish an 2598 emergency medical services agency by (i) recording a writing stating the formation of such company, 2599 with the names of the members thereof thereto subscribed in the court of the county or city wherein 2600 such agency shall be located, (ii) complying with such local ordinances as may exist related to 2601 establishment of an emergency medical services agency, and (iii) obtaining a valid emergency medical 2602 services agency permit from the Office of Emergency Medical Services together with such emergency medical services vehicle permits from the Office of Emergency Medical Services as the Office of 2603 2604 Emergency Medical Services may require. The principal officer of such emergency medical services 2605 agency shall be known as "the director."

2606 B. The members of an emergency medical services agency established pursuant to subsection A may make regulations for effecting its objects consistent with the laws of the Commonwealth, the ordinances 2607 2608 of the county, city, or town, and the bylaws of the emergency medical services agency thereof.

2609 C. In every county, city, or town in which an emergency medical services agency is established 2610 pursuant to this section, there shall be appointed, at such time and in such manner as the governing 2611 body of such county, city, or town in which the emergency medical services agency is located may 2612 prescribe, a director and as many other officers of the emergency medical services agency as such 2613 governing body may direct.

2614 D. An emergency medical services agency established pursuant to this section may be dissolved when 2615 the local governing body of the county, city, or town in which the emergency medical services agency is 2616 located determines that the emergency medical services agency has failed, for three months successively, 2617 to have or keep in good and serviceable condition emergency medical services vehicles and equipment and other proper implements, or when the governing body of the county, city, or town for any reason 2618 2619 deems it advisable. 2620

§ 32.1-111.4:8. Ordinances as to emergency medical services agencies.

2621 The governing body of any county, city, or town in which an emergency medical services agency is 2622 established pursuant to § 32.1-111.4:6 or 32.1-111.4:7 may make such ordinances in relation to the 2623 powers and duties of emergency medical services agencies and directors or other officers of such 2624 emergency medical services agencies as it may deem proper, including billing property owners on behalf 2625 of volunteer emergency medical services agencies as provided in § 38.2-2130.

2626 § 32.1-111.6. Emergency medical services agency permits; emergency medical services vehicle 2627 permits.

2628 A. No person shall operate, conduct, maintain, or profess to be an *emergency medical services* 2629 agency without a valid permit issued by the Commissioner for such *emergency medical services* agency 2630 and for each emergency medical services vehicle used by such agency.

2631 B. The Commissioner shall issue an original or renewal permit for an *emergency medical services* 2632 agency or emergency medical services vehicle which that meets all requirements set forth in this article 2633 and in the regulations of the Board, upon application, on forms and according to procedures established 2634 by the Board. Permits shall be valid for a period specified by the Board, not to exceed two years.

2635 C. The Commissioner may issue temporary permits for *emergency medical services* agencies or 2636 emergency medical services vehicles not meeting required standards, valid for a period not to exceed 2637 sixty 60 days, when the public interest will be served thereby.

2638 D. The issuance of a permit hereunder shall not be construed to authorize any *emergency medical* 2639 services agency to operate any emergency medical services vehicle without a franchise or permit in any 2640 county or municipality which that has enacted an ordinance pursuant to § 32.1-111.14 making it 2641 unlawful to do so.

2642 § 32.1-111.6:1. Commissioner of Health to issue certain emergency medical services permits.

2643 The Commissioner of Health shall issue permits or licenses for emergency medical services agencies 2644 and *emergency medical services* vehicles as needed to ensure compliance with federal regulations 2645 relating to reimbursement of ambulance emergency medical services vehicle transportation services 2646 pursuant to Medicare and Medicaid.

2647 § 32.1-111.7. Inspections.

2648 Each *emergency medical services* agency and each emergency medical services vehicle for which a 2649 permit has been issued shall be inspected as often as the Commissioner deems necessary and a record 2650 thereof shall be maintained. Each such emergency medical services agency or emergency medical services vehicle, its medical supplies and equipment, and the records of its maintenance and operation 2651 2652 shall be available at all reasonable times for inspection. 2653

§ 32.1-111.8. Revocation and suspension of permits.

2654 Whenever an *emergency medical services* agency or an emergency medical services vehicle owned or 2655 operated by an *emergency medical services* agency is in violation of any provision of this article or any applicable regulation, the Commissioner shall have power to revoke or suspend such emergency medical 2656 2657 services agency's permit and the permits of all emergency medical services vehicles owned or operated 2658 by the *emergency medical services* agency. The Commissioner may temporarily suspend any permit for 2659 *emergency medical services* agencies or emergency medical services vehicles without notice, pending a 2660 hearing or informal fact-finding conference, if the Commissioner finds that there is a substantial danger 2661 to public health or safety. When the Commissioner has temporarily suspended a permit pending a 2662 hearing, the Commissioner shall seek an expedited hearing in accordance with the Administrative 2663 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 2664

§ 32.1-111.9. Applications for variances or exemptions.

A. Prior to the submission of (i) an application for a variance to the Commissioner of Health or (ii) 2665 2666 an application for an exemption from any regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter to the Board 2667 of Health by an emergency medical services agency or governmental entity licensed or certified by the 2668 Office of Emergency Medical Services that holds a valid permit issued by the Commissioner, the 2669 application shall be reviewed by the governing body or chief administrative officer of the jurisdiction in 2670 which the principal office of the *emergency medical services* agency or governmental entity licensed or certified by the Office of Emergency Medical Services is located. The recommendation of the governing 2671 2672 body or chief administrative officer of the jurisdiction regarding the variance or exemption shall be 2673 submitted with the application, and the Commissioner or Board, whichever is appropriate, shall consider 2674 that recommendation for the purposes of granting or denying the variance or exemption.

2675 B. A provider An emergency medical services personnel who is certified or is a candidate for 2676 certification by the Office of Emergency Medical Services shall not be required to submit an application 2677 for a variance or exemption to the local governing body or chief administrative officer of the jurisdiction 2678 for review, but shall submit the application for a variance or exemption to the Operational Medical 2679 Director and the agency head of the *emergency medical services* agency with which the provider 2680 emergency medical services personnel is affiliated, and shall include the recommendations of such 2681 Operational Medical Director and the *emergency medical services* agency head *director* together with the 2682 application for a variance or exemption. The recommendation of the Operational Medical Director and 2683 the *emergency medical services* agency head *director* regarding the variance or exemption shall be 2684 submitted with the application and the Commissioner or Board, whichever is appropriate, shall consider 2685 that recommendation for the purposes of granting or denying the variance or exemption.

2686 C. A provider who is not affiliated with an emergency medical services agency shall submit an application for a variance or exemption to the Commissioner or Board, whichever is appropriate, and the 2687 2688 Commissioner or Board, whichever is appropriate, shall consider the application for the purposes of granting or denying the variance or exemption. The Commissioner or Board, whichever is appropriate, 2689 2690 may require a an emergency medical services provider who is not affiliated with an emergency medical 2691 services agency to submit additional case-specific endorsements or supporting documentation as part of 2692 an application for a variance or exemption.

2693 D. The applicant shall have the right to appeal any denial by the Commissioner or Board of an 2694 application for a variance or exemption pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). 2695

§ 32.1-111.12. Virginia Rescue Squads Assistance Fund; disbursements.

2696 A. For the purpose of providing financial assistance to rescue squads and other volunteer and other nonprofit emergency medical services organizations agencies in the Commonwealth, of providing the 2697 2698 requisite training for emergency medical services personnel, and of purchasing equipment needed 2699 by such rescue squads and organizations volunteer and other nonprofit emergency medical services 2700 agencies, there is hereby created in the Department of the Treasury a special nonreverting fund which shall to be known as the Virginia Rescue Squads Assistance Fund, referred to in this section as "the 2701 2702 Fund." The Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller, and any moneys remaining in 2703 such Fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the 2704 Fund. Interest earned on such moneys shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. The Fund shall 2705 consist of any moneys appropriated for this purpose by the General Assembly and any other moneys 2706 received for such purpose by the Board. On and after July 1, 1996, any such moneys unexpended at the 2707 end of a fiscal biennium shall remain in the Fund and shall not revert to the general fund.

2708 B. In accordance with regulations of the Board, the Commissioner shall disburse and expend the 2709 moneys in the Virginia Rescue Squads Assistance Fund. No moneys shall be disbursed directly to any 2710 rescue squad or other nonprofit emergency medical services organization agency unless such squad or 2711 organization agency operates on a nonprofit basis exclusively for the benefit of the general public.

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§ 32.1-111.14. Powers of governing bodies of counties, cities, and towns.

2713 A. Upon finding as fact, after notice and public hearing, that exercise of the powers enumerated 2714 below is necessary to assure the provision of adequate and continuing emergency medical services and 2715 to preserve, protect and promote the public health, safety and general welfare, the governing body of 2716 any county or city is empowered to:

2717 1. Enact an ordinance making it unlawful to operate emergency medical services vehicles or any 2718 class thereof established by the Board in such county or city without having been granted a franchise or 2719 permit to do so;

2720 2. Grant franchises or permits to *emergency medical services* agencies based within or outside the 2721 county or city; however, any emergency medical services agency in operation in any county or city on 2722 June 28, 1968, that continues to operate as such, up to and including the effective date of any ordinance 2723 adopted pursuant to this section, and that submits to the governing body of the county or city 2724 satisfactory evidence of such continuing operation, shall be granted a franchise or permit by such 2725 governing body to serve at least that part of the county or city in which the *emergency medical services* 2726 agency has continuously operated if all other requirements of this article are met;

2727 3. Limit the number of emergency medical services vehicles to be operated within the county or city 2728 and by any *emergency medical services* agency; 2729

4. Determine and prescribe areas of franchised or permitted service within the county or city;

5. Fix and change from time to time reasonable charges for franchised or permitted services;

6. Set minimum limits of liability insurance coverage for emergency medical services vehicles;

2732 7. Contract with franchised or permitted *emergency medical services* agencies for transportation to be 2733 rendered upon call of a county or municipal agency or department and for transportation of bona fide 2734 indigents or persons certified by the local board of social services to be public assistance or social 2735 services recipients; and

2736 8. Establish other necessary regulations consistent with statutes or regulations of the Board relating to 2737 operation of emergency medical services vehicles.

2738 B. In addition to the powers set forth above, the governing body of any county or city is authorized 2739 to provide, or cause to be provided, services of emergency medical services vehicles; to own, operate 2740 and maintain emergency medical services vehicles; to make reasonable charges for use of emergency 2741 medical services vehicles, including charging insurers for ambulance emergency medical services vehicle 2742 transportation services as authorized by § 38.2-3407.9; and to contract with any emergency medical 2743 services agency for the services of its emergency medical services vehicles.

2744 C. Any incorporated town may exercise, within its corporate limits only, all those powers enumerated 2745 in subsections A and B either upon the request of a town to the governing body of the county wherein 2746 the town lies and upon the adoption by the county governing body of a resolution permitting such 2747 exercise, or after 180 days' written notice to the governing body of the county if the county is not 2748 exercising such powers at the end of such 180-day period.

D. No county ordinance enacted, or other county action taken, pursuant to powers granted herein 2749 2750 shall be effective within an incorporated town in such county which is at the time exercising such 2751 powers until 180 days after written notice to the governing body of the town.

2752 E. Nothing herein shall be construed to authorize any county to regulate in any manner emergency 2753 medical services vehicles owned and operated by a town or to authorize any town to regulate in any 2754 manner emergency medical services vehicles owned and operated by a county.

2755 F. Any emergency medical services vehicles operated by a county, city, or town under authority of 2756 this section shall be subject to the provisions of this article and to the regulations of the Board adopted 2757 thereunder. 2758

§ 32.1-111.14:1. Establishment of emergency medical services zones or districts; tax levies.

2759 The governing bodies of the several counties or cities of the Commonwealth may create and 2760 establish, by designation on a map of the county or city showing current, official parcel boundaries, or 2761 by any other description that is legally sufficient for the conveyance of property or the creation of 2762 parcels, emergency medical services zones or districts in such counties or cities within which may be 2763 located and established one or more emergency medical services agencies for providing emergency 2764 medical services within such zones or districts.

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In the event of the creation of such zones or districts in any county or city, the county or city governing body may acquire, in the name of the county or city, real or personal property to be devoted to the uses aforesaid and shall prescribe rules and regulations for the proper management, control, and conduct thereof. Such governing body shall also have authority to contract with, or secure the services of, any individual corporation, organization, or municipal corporation or any volunteer emergency medical services agency or emergency medical services provider for such emergency medical services as may be required.

2772 To raise funds for the purposes aforesaid, the governing body of any county or city in which such 2773 zones or districts are established may levy annually a tax on the assessed value of all property real and 2774 personal within such zones or districts, subject to local taxation, which tax shall be extended and 2775 collected as other county or city taxes are extended and collected. However, any property located in 2776 Augusta County that has qualified for an agricultural or forestal use-value assessment pursuant to 2777 Article 4 (§ 58.1-3229 et seq.) of Chapter 32 of Title 58.1 may not be included within such a zone or 2778 district and may not be subject to such tax. In any county or city having a population between 25,000 2779 and 25,500, the maximum rate of tax under this section shall be \$0.30 on \$100 of assessed value.

2780 The amount realized from such levy shall be kept separate from all other moneys of the county or
2781 city and shall be applied to no other purpose than the maintenance and operation of the emergency
2782 medical services agencies established pursuant to this section.

§ 32.1-111.14:2. Exclusion of certain areas from emergency medical services zones or districts and
 exemption of such areas from certain levies.

The governing body of any county or city having an emergency medical services zone or district
created under the provisions of § 32.1-111.14:1, prior to June 1 of any calendar year, may alter the
boundaries of such emergency medical services zone or district for the purpose of excluding an area of
any such emergency medical services zone or district that is also within the boundaries of a sanitary
district providing emergency medical services or under contract to a sanitary district providing
emergency medical services.

Any area excluded from an emergency medical services zone or district as provided by this section shall not be subject to the levy set forth in § 32.1-111.14:1 for the year such area is excluded.

§ 32.1-111.14:3. Advances by county or city to emergency medical services zone or district;
 reimbursement; validation of prior advances.

A. The governing body of any county or city in the Commonwealth may advance funds, not otherwise
specifically allocated or obligated, from the general fund to an emergency medical services zone or
district to assist the emergency medical services zone or district to exercise the powers set forth in
§ 32.1-111.14:1.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the governing body shall direct the treasurer to reimburse the general fund of the county or city from the proceeds of any funds to the credit of the emergency medical services zone or district, not otherwise specifically allocated or obligated to the extent that the county or city has made advances to the emergency medical services zone or district from such general fund to assist the emergency medical services zone or district to exercise the powers set forth in § 32.1-111.14:1.

2805 C. The advancement of any funds heretofore advanced from the general fund by the governing body
2806 of any county or city in the Commonwealth for the benefit of an emergency medical services zone or
2807 district in exercising the lawful powers of such emergency medical services zone or district is hereby
2808 validated and confirmed.

2809 § 32.1-111.14:4. Authority of director or other attendant in charge when operating at an 2810 emergency incident; penalty for refusal to obey orders.

2811 While any emergency medical services personnel are in the process of operating at an emergency 2812 incident where there is imminent danger and when emergency medical services personnel are returning 2813 to the emergency medical services agency, the incident commander of such emergency medical services 2814 agency at that time shall have the authority to (i) maintain order at such emergency incident or its 2815 vicinity, (ii) direct the actions of emergency medical services personnel at the incident, (iii) notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 46.2-888 through 46.2-891, keep bystanders or other persons at a 2816 2817 safe distance from the incident and emergency equipment, (iv) facilitate the speedy movement and 2818 operation of emergency equipment and emergency medical services personnel, and (v) until the arrival 2819 of a police officer, direct and control traffic in person or by deputy and facilitate the movement of 2820 traffic. The director or other attendant in charge shall display his emergency medical services 2821 personnel's badge or other proper means of identification. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 2822 this authority shall extend to the activation of traffic control signals designed to facilitate the safe egress 2823 and ingress of emergency equipment at an emergency medical services agency. Any person or persons 2824 refusing to obey the orders of the director or other attendant in charge at that time is guilty of a Class 2825 4 misdemeanor. The authority granted under the provisions of this section may not be exercised to 2826 inhibit or obstruct members of law-enforcement agencies or fire departments or fire companies from

2827 performing their normal duties when operating at such emergency incident, nor to conflict with or 2828 diminish the lawful authority, duties, and responsibilities of forest wardens, including but not limited to 2829 the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 10.1. Personnel from the news media, such as 2830 the press, radio, and television, when gathering the news may enter at their own risk into the incident 2831 area only when the attendant in charge has deemed the area safe and only into those areas of the 2832 incident that do not, in the opinion of the incident commander, interfere with the emergency medical 2833 services personnel dealing with such emergencies, in which case the director or other attendant in 2834 charge may order such person from the scene of the emergency incident.

2835 § 32.1-111.14:5. Penalty for disobeying director or other officer in command.

2836 If any person at a fire or medical emergency refuses or neglects to obey any order duly given by the 2837 director or other officer in command, he shall, upon conviction of such offense, be fined not to exceed 2838 \$100. 2839

§ 32.1-111.14:6. Purchase, maintenance, etc., of equipment; donated equipment.

2840 A. The governing body of every county, city, or town shall have power to provide for the purchase, 2841 operation, manning, and maintenance of suitable equipment for providing emergency medical services in 2842 or upon the property of the county, city, or town and of its inhabitants, and to prescribe the terms and 2843 conditions upon which the same will be used for providing emergency medical services in or upon 2844 privately owned property. All equipment purchased after October 1, 1970, shall be equipped with 2845 threads of USA Standard B2.3, B2.4 of the American Standards Association.

2846 B. Any emergency medical services agency donating equipment for providing emergency medical 2847 services to any other emergency medical services agency, which equipment met existing engineering and 2848 safety standards at the time of its purchase by the donating entity, shall be immune from civil liability 2849 unless the donating entity acted with gross negligence or willful misconduct.

2850 C. A safety inspection must be completed by a certified emergency medical services vehicle service 2851 center and a report designating any deficiencies shall be provided prior to the change in ownership of 2852 the donated emergency medical services vehicle.

§ 32.1-111.14:7. Entry of buildings and premises adjoining during a medical emergency.

2854 A. The incident commander at a medical emergency, and his subordinates, upon his order or 2855 direction, shall have the right at any time of the day or night to enter any building or upon any 2856 premises where a medical emergency is in progress, or any building or premises adjacent thereto for 2857 the purpose of providing emergency medical services.

2858 B. The incident commander at a medical emergency, and his subordinates upon his order or 2859 direction, shall have the right to remain at the scene of a medical emergency, including remaining in 2860 any building or house, for purposes of protecting the property and preventing the public from entry into 2861 the premises, until such reasonable time as the owner may resume responsibility for the protection of 2862 the property. 2863

§ 32.1-116.1:1. Disclosure of medical records.

2864 Any licensed physician, licensed health care provider, or licensed health care facility may disclose to 2865 an emergency medical services provider personnel, emergency medical services physician, or their 2866 licensed parent agency the medical records of a sick or injured person to whom such emergency medical 2867 services provider personnel or emergency medical services physician is providing or has rendered 2868 emergency medical care for the purpose of promoting the medical education of the specific person who 2869 provided such care or for quality improvement initiatives of their agency or of the EMS emergency 2870 *medical services* system as a whole. Any emergency medical services provider personnel or emergency 2871 medical services physician to whom such confidential records are disclosed shall not further disclose 2872 such information to any persons not entitled to receive that information in accordance with the 2873 provisions of this section. 2874

§ 32.1-116.3. Reporting of communicable diseases; definitions.

2875 A. For the purposes of this section:

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2876 "Communicable disease of public health threat" means an illness of public health significance, as 2877 determined by the State Health Commissioner in accordance with regulations of the Board of Health, 2878 caused by a specific or suspected infectious agent that may be reasonably expected or is known to be 2879 readily transmitted directly or indirectly from one individual or person to another or to uninfected 2880 persons through airborne or nonairborne means and has been found to create a risk of death or 2881 significant injury or impairment; this definition shall not, however, be construed to include human 2882 immunodeficiency viruses or tuberculosis, unless used as a bioterrorism weapon. "Individual" shall 2883 include any companion animal.

"Communicable diseases" means any airborne infection or disease, including, but not limited to, 2884 2885 tuberculosis, measles, certain meningococcal infections, mumps, chicken pox and Hemophilus Influenzae 2886 Type b, and those transmitted by contact with blood or other human body fluids, including, but not limited to, human immunodeficiency virus, Hepatitis B and Non-A, Non-B Hepatitis. 2887

B. Every licensed health care facility which that transfers or receives patients via emergency medical services ambulances or mobile intensive care units vehicles shall notify the emergency medical services agencies providing such patient transport of the name and telephone number of the individual who is the infection control practitioner with the responsibility of investigating exposure to infectious diseases in the facility.

Every licensed emergency medical services agency that holds a valid permit issued by the
Commissioner and that is established in the Commonwealth shall notify all facilities to which they
transport patients or from which they transfer patients of the names and telephone numbers of the
members, not to exceed three persons, who have been appointed to serve as the exposure control
officers. Every licensed emergency medical services agency that holds a valid permit issued by the *Commissioner* shall implement universal precautions and shall ensure that these precautions are
appropriately followed and enforced.

2900 C. Upon requesting any licensed emergency medical services agency *that holds a valid permit issued*2901 by the Commissioner to transfer a patient who is known to be positive for or who suffers from any
2902 communicable disease, the transferring facility shall inform the attendant-in-charge of the transferring
2903 crew of the general condition of the patient and the types of precautions to be taken to prevent the
2904 spread of the disease. The identity of the patient shall be confidential.

2905 D. If any firefighter, law-enforcement officer, or emergency medical services provider or paramedic
2906 has an exposure of blood or body fluid to mucous membrane, non-intact skin, or a contaminated
2907 needlestick injury, his exposure control officer shall be notified, a report completed and the infection
2908 control practitioner at the receiving facility notified.

2909 E. If, during the course of medical care and treatment, any physician determines that a patient who 2910 was transported to a receiving facility by any licensed emergency medical services agency that holds a valid permit issued by the Commissioner (i) is positive for or has been diagnosed as suffering from an 2911 2912 airborne infectious disease or (ii) is subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to 2913 Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title, then the infection control practitioner in the 2914 facility shall immediately notify the exposure control officer who represents the transporting emergency 2915 medical services agency of the name of the patient, and the date and time of the patient's admittance to 2916 the facility. The exposure control officer for the transporting emergency medical services agency shall 2917 investigate the incident to determine if any exposure of emergency medical services personnel or other 2918 emergency personnel occurred. The identity of the patient and all personnel involved in any such 2919 investigation shall be confidential.

F. If any firefighter, law-enforcement officer, *or* emergency medical services provider or paramedic shall be exposed to a communicable disease, the exposure control officer shall immediately notify the infection control practitioner of the receiving facility. The infection control practitioner of the facility shall conduct an investigation and provide information concerning the extent and severity of the exposure and the recommended course of action to the exposure control officer of the transporting agency.

G. Any person requesting or requiring any employee of a public safety agency as defined in subsection J of § 32.1-45.2 to arrest, transfer, or otherwise exercise custodial supervision over an individual known to the requesting person (i) to be infected with any communicable disease or (ii) to be subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title shall inform such public safety agency employee of a potential risk of exposure to a communicable disease.

H. Local or state correctional facilities which transfer patients known to have a communicable disease or to be subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02
(§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title shall notify the emergency medical services agency providing transportation services of a potential risk of exposure to a communicable disease, including a communicable disease of public health threat. For the purposes of this section, the chief medical person at a local or state correctional facility or the facility director or his designee shall be responsible for providing such information to the transporting agency.

I. Any person who, as a result of this provision, becomes aware of the identity or condition of a person known to be (i) positive for or to suffer from any communicable disease, or to have suffered exposure to a communicable disease or (ii) subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title, shall keep such information confidential, except as expressly authorized by this provision.

J. No person known to be (i) positive for or to suffer from any communicable disease, including any communicable disease of public health threat, or (ii) subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title, shall be refused transportation or service for that reason by an emergency medical services, law-enforcement, or public safety agency.

2949 § 32.1-283.1. State Child Fatality Review Team established; membership; access to and

2950 maintenance of records; confidentiality; etc.

2951 A. There is hereby created the State Child Fatality Review Team, hereinafter referred to as the 2952 "Team," which shall develop and implement procedures to ensure that child deaths occurring in Virginia 2953 are analyzed in a systematic way. The Team shall review (i) violent and unnatural child deaths, (ii) 2954 sudden child deaths occurring within the first 18 months of life, and (iii) those fatalities for which the 2955 cause or manner of death was not determined with reasonable medical certainty. No child death review 2956 shall be initiated by the Team until conclusion of any law-enforcement investigation or criminal 2957 prosecution. The Team shall (i) develop and revise as necessary operating procedures for the review of 2958 child deaths, including identification of cases to be reviewed and procedures for coordination among the 2959 agencies and professionals involved, (ii) improve the identification, data collection, and record keeping 2960 of the causes of child death, (iii) recommend components for prevention and education programs, (iv) 2961 recommend training to improve the investigation of child deaths, and (v) provide technical assistance, 2962 upon request, to any local child fatality teams that may be established. The operating procedures for the 2963 review of child deaths shall be exempt from the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) 2964 pursuant to subdivision 17 of subsection B of § 2.2-4002.

2965 B. The 16-member Team shall be chaired by the Chief Medical Examiner and shall be composed of 2966 the following persons or their designees: the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental 2967 Services; the Director of Child Protective Services within the Department of Social Services; the 2968 Superintendent of Public Instruction; the State Registrar of Vital Records; and the Director of the 2969 Department of Criminal Justice Services. In addition, one representative from each of the following 2970 entities shall be appointed by the Governor to serve for a term of three years: local law-enforcement 2971 agencies, local fire departments, local departments of social services, the Medical Society of Virginia, 2972 the Virginia College of Emergency Physicians, the Virginia Pediatric Society, Virginia Sudden Infant 2973 Death Syndrome Alliance, local emergency medical services personnel, Commonwealth's attorneys, and 2974 community services boards.

2975 C. Upon the request of the Chief Medical Examiner in his capacity as chair of the Team, made after 2976 the conclusion of any law-enforcement investigation or prosecution, information and records regarding a 2977 child whose death is being reviewed by the Team may be inspected and copied by the Chief Medical 2978 Examiner or his designee, including, but not limited to, any report of the circumstances of the event 2979 maintained by any state or local law-enforcement agency or medical examiner, and information or 2980 records maintained on such child by any school, social services agency or court. Information, records or 2981 reports maintained by any Commonwealth's Attorney shall be made available for inspection and copying 2982 by the Chief Medical Examiner pursuant to procedures which shall be developed by the Chief Medical 2983 Examiner and the Commonwealth's Attorneys' Services Council established by § 2.2-2617. Any 2984 presentence report prepared pursuant to § 19.2-299 for any person convicted of a crime that led to the 2985 death of the child shall be made available for inspection and copying by the Chief Medical Examiner pursuant to procedures which shall be developed by the Chief Medical Examiner. In addition, the Chief 2986 2987 Medical Examiner may inspect and copy from any Virginia health care provider, on behalf of the Team, 2988 (i) without obtaining consent, the health and mental health records of the child and those perinatal 2989 medical records of the child's mother that related to such child and (ii) upon obtaining consent from 2990 each adult regarding his personal records, or from a parent regarding the records of a minor child, the 2991 health and mental health records of the child's family. All such information and records shall be 2992 confidential and shall be excluded from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) 2993 pursuant to subdivision 9 of § 2.2-3705.5. Upon the conclusion of the child death review, all information 2994 and records concerning the child and the child's family shall be shredded or otherwise destroyed by the 2995 Chief Medical Examiner in order to ensure confidentiality. Such information or records shall not be 2996 subject to subpoena or discovery or be admissible in any criminal or civil proceeding. If available from 2997 other sources, however, such information and records shall not be immune from subpoena, discovery or 2998 introduction into evidence when obtained through such other sources solely because the information and 2999 records were presented to the Team during a child death review. Further, the findings of the Team may 3000 be disclosed or published in statistical or other form which shall not identify individuals. The portions of 3001 meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by the Team shall be closed pursuant to 3002 subdivision A 21 of § 2.2-3711. In addition to the requirements of § 2.2-3712, all team members, 3003 persons attending closed team meetings, and persons presenting information and records on specific 3004 child deaths to the Team during closed meetings shall execute a sworn statement to honor the 3005 confidentiality of the information, records, discussions, and opinions disclosed during any closed meeting 3006 to review a specific child death. Violations of this subsection shall be punishable as a Class 3 3007 misdemeanor.

3008 D. Upon notification of a child death, any state or local government agency maintaining records on
 3009 such child or such child's family which are periodically purged shall retain such records for the longer
 3010 of 12 months or until such time as the State Child Fatality Review Team has completed its child death

3011 review of the specific case.

3012 E. The Team shall compile annual data which shall be made available to the Governor and the 3013 General Assembly as requested. These statistical data compilations shall not contain any personally 3014 identifying information and shall be public records.

§ 32.1-283.2. Local and regional child fatality review teams established; membership; authority; 3015 3016 confidentiality: immunity.

3017 A. Upon the initiative of any local or regional law-enforcement agency, fire department, department 3018 of social services, emergency medical services agency, Commonwealth's attorney's office, or community 3019 services board, local or regional child fatality teams may be established for the purpose of conducting 3020 contemporaneous reviews of local child deaths in order to develop interventions and strategies for 3021 prevention specific to the locality or region. Each team shall establish rules and procedures to govern the review process. Agencies may share information but shall be bound by confidentiality and execute a 3022 3023 sworn statement to honor the confidentiality of the information they share. Violations shall be 3024 punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor. The State Child Fatality Review Team shall provide technical assistance and direction as provided for in subsection A of § 32.1-283.1. 3025

3026 B. Local and regional teams may be composed of the following persons from the localities 3027 represented on a particular board or their designees: a local or regional medical examiner, a local social 3028 services official in charge of child protective services, a director of the relevant local or district health 3029 department, a chief law-enforcement officer, a local fire marshal, local emergency medical services 3030 agency director, the attorney for the Commonwealth, an executive director of the local community 3031 services board or other local mental health agency, and such additional persons, not to exceed five four, 3032 as may be appointed to serve by the chairperson of the local or regional team. The chairperson shall be elected from among the designated membership. The additional members appointed by the chairperson 3033 may include, but are not restricted to, representatives of local human services agencies; local public 3034 3035 education agencies; local pediatricians, psychiatrists and psychologists; and local child advocacy 3036 organizations.

3037 C. Each team shall establish local rules and procedures to govern the review process prior to 3038 conducting the first child fatality review. The review of a death shall be delayed until any criminal 3039 investigations connected with the death are completed or the Commonwealth consents to the 3040 commencement of such review prior to the completion of the criminal investigation.

3041 D. All information and records obtained or created regarding the review of a fatality shall be confidential and shall be excluded from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) 3042 3043 pursuant to subdivision 9 of § 2.2-3705.5. All such information and records shall be used by the team 3044 only in the exercise of its proper purpose and function and shall not be disclosed. Such information or 3045 records shall not be subject to subpoena, subpoena duces tecum, or discovery or be admissible in any 3046 criminal or civil proceeding. If available from other sources, however, such information and records 3047 shall not be immune from subpoena, subpoena duces tecum, discovery or introduction into evidence 3048 when obtained through such other sources solely because the information and records were presented to 3049 the team during a fatality review. No person who participated in the reviews nor any member of the 3050 team shall be required to make any statement as to what transpired during the review or what 3051 information was collected during the review. Upon the conclusion of the fatality review, all information 3052 and records concerning the victim and the family shall be returned to the originating agency or 3053 destroyed. However, the findings of the team may be disclosed or published in statistical or other form which shall not identify individuals. The portions of meetings in which individual cases are discussed by 3054 3055 the team shall be closed pursuant to subdivision A 21 of § 2.2-3711. All team members, persons 3056 attending closed team meetings, and persons presenting information and records on specific fatalities to 3057 the team during closed meetings shall execute a sworn statement to honor the confidentiality of the 3058 information, records, discussions, and opinions disclosed during any closed meeting to review a specific 3059 death. Violations of this subsection shall be punishable as a Class 3 misdemeanor.

3060 E. Members of teams, as well as their agents and employees, shall be immune from civil liability for 3061 any act or omission made in connection with participation in a child fatality review team review, unless 3062 such act or omission was the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct. Any organization, 3063 institution, or person furnishing information, data, testimony, reports or records to review teams as part 3064 of such review, shall be immune from civil liability for any act or omission in furnishing such 3065 information, unless such act or omission was the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct. 3066

§ 32.1-291.12. Search and notification.

3067 A. The following persons shall make a reasonable search of an individual who the person reasonably 3068 believes is dead or whose death is imminent for a document of gift or other information identifying the 3069 individual as a donor or as an individual who made a refusal:

3070 1. A law-enforcement officer, firefighter, paramedic emergency medical services personnel, or other 3071 emergency rescuer finding the individual; and

3072 2. If no other source of the information is immediately available, a hospital, as soon as practical after

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3073 the individual's arrival at the hospital.

3074 B. If a document of gift or a refusal to make an anatomical gift is located by the search required by 3075 subdivision A 1 and the individual or deceased individual to whom it relates is taken to a hospital, the 3076 person responsible for conducting the search shall send the document of gift or refusal to the hospital.

3077 C. A person is not subject to criminal or civil liability for failing to discharge the duties imposed by 3078 this section but may be subject to administrative sanctions.

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§ 33.1-46.2. Designation of high-occupancy vehicle lanes; use of such lanes; penalties.

3080 A. In order to facilitate the rapid and orderly movement of traffic to and from urban areas during 3081 peak traffic periods, the Commonwealth Transportation Board may designate one or more lanes of any 3082 highway in the interstate, primary, or secondary highway systems as high-occupancy vehicle lanes, 3083 hereinafter referred to in this section as HOV lanes. When lanes have been so designated and have been 3084 appropriately marked with such signs or other markers as the Board may prescribe, they shall be reserved during periods designated by the Board for the exclusive use of buses and high-occupancy 3085 3086 vehicles. Any local governing body may also, with respect to highways under its exclusive jurisdiction, 3087 designate HOV lanes and impose and enforce restrictions on the use of such HOV lanes. Any highway 3088 for which the local jurisdiction receives highway maintenance funds pursuant to § 33.1-41.1 shall be 3089 deemed to be within the exclusive jurisdiction of the local governing body for the purposes of this 3090 section. HOV lanes shall be reserved for high-occupancy vehicles of a specified number of occupants as 3091 determined by the Board or, for HOV lanes designated by a local governing body, by that local 3092 governing body. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, no designation of any lane or 3093 lanes of any highway as HOV lanes shall apply to the use of any such lanes by:

3094 1. Emergency vehicles such as fire-fighting firefighting vehicles, ambulances, and rescue squad 3095 emergency medical services vehicles,

3096 2. Law-enforcement vehicles,

3097 3. Motorcycles,

3098 4. a. Transit and commuter buses designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver,

3099 b. Any vehicle operating under a certificate issued under § 46.2-2075, 46.2-2080, 46.2-2096, 3100 46.2-2099.4, or 46.2-2099.44,

3101 5. Vehicles of public utility companies operating in response to an emergency call,

3102 6. Vehicles bearing clean special fuel vehicle license plates issued pursuant to § 46.2-749.3, provided 3103 such use is in compliance with federal law,

3104 7. Taxicabs having two or more occupants, including the driver, or

3105 8. (Contingent effective date, see Editor's note) Any active duty military member in uniform who is 3106 utilizing Interstate Route 264 and Interstate Route 64 for the purposes of traveling to or from a military 3107 facility in the Hampton Roads Planning District.

3108 In the Hampton Roads Planning District, HOV restrictions may be temporarily lifted and HOV lanes 3109 opened to use by all vehicles when restricting use of HOV lanes becomes impossible or undesirable and 3110 the temporary lifting of HOV limitations is indicated by signs along or above the affected portion of 3111 highway.

3112 The Commissioner of VDOT shall implement a program of the HOV facilities in the Hampton Roads 3113 Planning District beginning not later than May 1, 2000. This program shall include the temporary lifting 3114 of HOV restrictions and the opening of HOV lanes to all traffic when an incident resulting from 3115 nonrecurring causes within the general lanes occurs such that a lane of traffic is blocked or is expected 3116 to be blocked for 10 minutes or longer. The HOV restrictions for the facility will be reinstated when the 3117 general lane is no longer blocked and is available for use.

3118 The Commissioner shall maintain necessary records to evaluate the effects of such openings on the 3119 operation of the general lanes and the HOV lanes. He shall report on the effects of this program. This 3120 program will terminate if the Federal Highway Administration requires repayment of any federal 3121 highway construction funds because of the program's impact on the HOV facilities in Hampton Roads.

3122 B. In designating any lane or lanes of any highway as HOV lanes, the Board, or local governing 3123 body as the case may be, shall specify the hour or hours of each day of the week during which the 3124 lanes shall be so reserved, and the hour or hours shall be plainly posted at whatever intervals along the 3125 lanes the Board or local governing body deems appropriate. Any person driving a motor vehicle in a 3126 designated HOV lane in violation of this section shall be guilty of a traffic infraction which shall not be 3127 a moving violation and on conviction shall be fined \$100. However, violations committed within the 3128 boundaries of Planning District Eight shall be punishable as follows:

3129 For a first offense, by a fine of \$125:

3130 For a second offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$250;

3131 For a third offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$500; and

3132 For a fourth or subsequent offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$1,000. 3133

3134 Upon a conviction under this section, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the Department 3135 of Motor Vehicles in accordance with § 46.2-383 an abstract of the record of such conviction which shall become a part of the person's driving record. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-492, no 3136 driver demerit points shall be assessed for any violation of this section; except that persons convicted of 3137 second, third, fourth, or subsequent violations within five years of a first offense committed in Planning 3138 3139 District Eight shall be assessed three demerit points for each such violation.

3140 C. In the prosecution of an offense, committed in the presence of a law-enforcement officer, of failure to obey a road sign restricting a highway, or portion thereof, to the use of high-occupancy 3141 vehicles, proof that the vehicle described in the HOV violation summons was operated in violation of 3142 3143 this section, together with proof that the defendant was at the time of such violation the registered 3144 owner of the vehicle, shall constitute in evidence a rebuttable presumption that such registered owner of the vehicle was the person who committed the violation. Such presumption shall be rebutted if the 3145 3146 registered owner of the vehicle testifies in open court under oath that he was not the operator of the 3147 vehicle at the time of the violation. A summons for a violation of this section may be executed in accordance with § 19.2-76.2. Such rebuttable presumption shall not arise when the registered owner of 3148 3149 the vehicle is a rental or leasing company.

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 19.2-76, whenever a summons for a violation of this section 3150 3151 is served in any county, city, or town, it may be executed by mailing by first-class mail a copy thereof 3152 to the address of the owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the Department of Motor 3153 Vehicles. If the summoned person fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons mailed 3154 pursuant to this section, the summons shall be executed in the manner set out in § 19.2-76.3.

3155 No proceedings for contempt or arrest of a person summoned by mailing shall be instituted for his 3156 failure to appear on the return date of the summons.

3157 E. Notwithstanding § 33.1-252, high-occupancy vehicles having three or more occupants (HOV-3) 3158 may be permitted to use the Omer L. Hirst-Adelard L. Brault Expressway (Dulles Toll Road) without paying a toll. 3159

3160 F. Notwithstanding the contrary provisions of this section, the following conditions shall be met 3161 before the HOV-2 designation of Interstate Route 66 outside the Capital Beltway can be changed to HOV-3 or any more restrictive designation: 3162

1. The Department shall publish a notice of its intent to change the existing designation and also 3163 3164 immediately provide similar notice of its intent to all members of the General Assembly representing 3165 districts that touch or are directly impacted by traffic on Interstate Route 66. 3166

2. The Department shall hold public hearings in the corridor to receive comments from the public.

3167 3. The Department shall make a finding of the need for a change in such designation, based on 3168 public hearings and its internal data and present this finding to the Commonwealth Transportation Board for approval. 4. The Commonwealth Transportation Board shall make written findings and a decision based upon 3169

3170 3171 the following criteria: 3172

a. Is changing the HOV-2 designation to HOV-3 in the public interest?

3173 b. Is there quantitative and qualitative evidence that supports the argument that HOV-3 will facilitate 3174 the flow of traffic on Interstate Route 66?

c. Is changing the HOV-2 designation beneficial to comply with the federal Clean Air Act 3175 3176 Amendments of 1990?

3177 G. [Repealed.] 3178

§ 33.1-56.3. HOT lanes enforcement.

3179 Any person operating a motor vehicle on designated HOT lanes shall make arrangements with the 3180 HOT lanes operator for payment of the required toll prior to entering such HOT lanes. The driver of a vehicle who enters the HOT lanes in an unauthorized vehicle, in violation of the conditions for use of 3181 such HOT lanes established pursuant to § 33.1-56.2, without payment of the required toll, or without having made arrangements with the HOT lanes operator for payment of the required toll, shall have 3182 3183 3184 committed a violation of this section, which may be enforced in the following manner:

3185 A. On a form prescribed by the Supreme Court, a summons for civil violation of this section may be 3186 executed by a law-enforcement officer, when such violation is observed by such officer. The form shall 3187 contain the option for the driver of the vehicle to prepay all penalties, unpaid toll, administrative fees, 3188 and costs.

3189 B. 1. A HOT lanes operator shall install and operate, or cause to be installed or operated, a 3190 photo-enforcement system at locations where tolls are collected for the use of such HOT lanes.

3191 2. A summons for civil violation of this section may be executed pursuant to this subsection, when 3192 such violation is evidenced by information obtained from a photo-enforcement system as defined in this article. A certificate, sworn to or affirmed by a technician employed or authorized by the HOT lanes 3193 operator, or a facsimile of such a certificate, based on inspection of photographs, microphotographs, 3194 3195 videotapes, or other recorded images produced by a photo-enforcement system, shall be prima facie

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3196 evidence of the facts contained therein. Any photographs, microphotographs, videotape, or other 3197 recorded images evidencing such a violation shall be available for inspection in any proceeding to 3198 adjudicate the liability for such violation under this subsection. Any vehicle rental or vehicle leasing 3199 company, if named in a summons, shall be released as a party to the action if it provides the HOT lanes 3200 operator a copy of the vehicle rental agreement or lease or an affidavit identifying the renter or lessee 3201 prior to the date of hearing set forth in the summons. Upon receipt of such rental agreement, lease, or 3202 affidavit, a summons shall be issued for the renter or lessee identified therein. Release of this 3203 information shall not be deemed a violation of any provision of the Government Data Collection and 3204 Dissemination Practices Act (§ 2.2-3800 et seq.) or the Insurance Information and Privacy Protection Act 3205 (§ 38.2-600 et seq.).

3206 3. On a form prescribed by the Supreme Court, a summons issued under this subsection may be 3207 executed pursuant to § 19.2-76.2. Such form shall contain the option for the driver or registered owner 3208 to prepay all penalties, unpaid toll, administrative fees, and costs. HOT lanes operator personnel or their 3209 agents mailing such summons shall be considered conservators of the peace for the sole and limited 3210 purpose of mailing such summons. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 19.2-76, a summons for a 3211 violation of this section may be executed by mailing by first-class mail a copy thereof to the address of 3212 the owner of the vehicle as shown on the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles or, if the 3213 registered owner has named and provided a valid address for the operator of the vehicle at the time of 3214 the violation in an affidavit executed pursuant to this subsection, such named operator of the vehicle. If 3215 the summoned person fails to appear on the date of return set out in the summons mailed pursuant to 3216 this section, the summons shall be executed in the manner set out in § 19.2-76.3.

4. The registered owner of such vehicle shall be given reasonable notice by way of a summons as provided in this subsection that his vehicle had been used in violation of this section, and such owner shall be given notice of the time and place of the hearing and notice of the civil penalty and costs for such offense.

Upon the filing of an affidavit with the court at least 14 days prior to the hearing date by the registered owner of the vehicle stating that he was not the driver of the vehicle on the date of the violation and providing the legal name and address of the driver of the vehicle at the time of the violation, a summons will also be issued to the alleged driver of the vehicle at the time of the offense.
The affidavit shall constitute prima facie evidence that the person named in the affidavit was driving the vehicle at all the relevant times relating to the matter named in the affidavit.

3227 If the registered owner of the vehicle produces a certified copy of a police report showing that the
vehicle had been reported to the police as stolen prior to the time of the alleged offense and remained
stolen at the time of the alleged offense, then the court shall dismiss the summons issued to the
registered owner of the vehicle.

3231 C. 1. The HOT lanes operator may impose and collect an administrative fee in addition to the unpaid
3232 toll so as to recover the expenses of collecting the unpaid toll, which administrative fee shall be
3233 reasonably related to the actual cost of collecting the unpaid toll and not exceed \$100 per violation. The
3234 operator of the vehicle shall pay the unpaid tolls and any administrative fee detailed in a notice or
3235 invoice issued by a HOT lanes operator. If paid within 30 days of notification, the administrative fee
3236 shall not exceed \$25.

3237 2. Upon a finding by a court of competent jurisdiction that the driver of the vehicle observed by a 3238 law-enforcement officer under subsection A, or the vehicle described in the summons for civil violation 3239 issued pursuant to evidence obtained by a photo-enforcement system under subsection B was in violation 3240 of this section, the court shall impose a civil penalty upon the driver of such vehicle issued a summons 3241 under subsection A, or upon the driver or registered owner of such vehicle issued a summons under 3242 subsection B, payable to the HOT lanes operator as follows: for a first offense, \$50; for a second 3243 offense, \$250; for a third offense within a period of two years of the second offense, \$500; and for a 3244 fourth and subsequent offense within a period of three years of the second offense, \$1,000, together with, in each case, the unpaid toll, all accrued administrative fees imposed by the HOT lanes operator as 3245 3246 authorized by this section, and applicable court costs. The court shall remand penalties, unpaid toll, and 3247 administrative fees assessed for violation of this section to the treasurer or director of finance of the 3248 county or city in which the violation occurred for payment to the HOT lanes operator for expenses 3249 associated with operation of the HOT lanes and payments against any bonds or other liens issued as a 3250 result of the construction of the HOT lanes. No person shall be subject to prosecution under both 3251 subsections A and B for actions arising out of the same transaction or occurrence.

3252 3. Upon a finding by a court that a person has violated this section, in the event such person fails to
3253 pay the required penalties, fees, and costs, the court shall notify the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles,
3254 who shall suspend all of the registration certificates and license plates issued for any motor vehicles
3255 registered solely in the name of such person and shall not issue any registration certificate or license
3256 plate for any other vehicle that such person seeks to register solely in his name until the court has

3257 notified the Commissioner that such penalties, fees, and costs have been paid. The HOT lanes operator 3258 and the Commissioner may enter into an agreement whereby the HOT lanes operator may reimburse the 3259 Department of Motor Vehicles for their reasonable costs to develop, implement, and maintain this 3260 enforcement mechanism, and that specifies that the Commissioner shall have an obligation to suspend 3261 such registration certificates so long as the HOT lanes operator makes the required reimbursements in a 3262 timely manner in accordance with the agreement.

3263 4. Except as provided in subsections D and E, imposition of a civil penalty pursuant to this section 3264 shall not be deemed a conviction as an operator of a motor vehicle under Title 46.2 and shall not be 3265 made part of the driving record of the person upon whom such civil penalty is imposed, nor shall it be 3266 used for insurance purposes in the provision of motor vehicle insurance coverage.

D. 1. The HOT lanes operator may restrict the usage of the HOT lanes to designated vehicle 3267 3268 classifications pursuant to an interim or final comprehensive agreement executed pursuant to § 56-566 or 3269 56-566.1. Notice of any such vehicle classification restrictions shall be provided through the placement 3270 of signs or other markers prior to and at all HOT lanes entrances.

3271 2. Any person driving an unauthorized vehicle on the designated HOT lanes shall be guilty of a 3272 traffic infraction, which shall not be a moving violation, and shall be punishable as follows: for a first 3273 offense, by a fine of \$125; for a second offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a 3274 fine of \$250; for a third offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of \$500; 3275 and for a fourth and subsequent offense within a period of five years from a first offense, by a fine of 3276 \$1,000.

3277 Upon a conviction under this subsection, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the 3278 Department of Motor Vehicles, in accordance with § 46.2-383, an abstract of the record of such conviction that shall become a part of the person's driving record. Notwithstanding the provisions of 3279 3280 § 46.2-492, no driver demerit points shall be assessed for any violation of this subsection, except that 3281 persons convicted of a second, third, fourth, or subsequent violation within five years of a first offense 3282 shall be assessed three demerit points for each such violation.

3283 E. The driver of a vehicle who enters the HOT lanes by crossing through any barrier, buffer or other 3284 area separating the HOT lanes from other lanes of travel shall have committed a violation of § 46.2-852, 3285 unless the vehicle is a state or local law-enforcement vehicle, firefighting truck, ambulance, or rescue 3286 squad emergency medical services vehicle used in the performance of its official duties. No person shall 3287 be subject to both prosecution under this subsection and under subsection A, B, or D for actions arising 3288 out of the same transaction or occurrence.

3289 Upon a conviction under this subsection, the court shall furnish to the Commissioner of the 3290 Department of Motor Vehicles in accordance with § 46.2-383 an abstract of the record of such 3291 conviction, which shall become a part of the convicted person's driving record.

3292 F. No person shall be subject to prosecution under both this section and under § 33.1-46.2, 46.2-819, 3293 or 46.2-819.1 for actions arising out of the same transaction or occurrence.

3294 G. Any action under this section shall be brought in the general district court of the county or city in 3295 which the violation occurred.

3296 § 33.1-200.1. Removal of snow from driveways of volunteer fire departments and rescue squads. 3297 The Department of Transportation shall remove snow from the driveways and entrances on the roads 3298 under the jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation of volunteer fire departments and volunteer 3299 rescue squads emergency medical services agencies when the chief of any individual volunteer fire 3300 department, or the head director of any individual volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 3301 agency, makes a written request for such snow removal service; provided that such service shall only be 3302 performed when such service can be performed during the normal course of snow removal activities of 3303 the Department of Transportation without interfering with, or otherwise inconveniencing, such snow removal activities; provided further, that such service shall not extend to any parking lots adjacent to 3304 3305 such driveways and entranceways not normally used by the volunteer fire department or volunteer rescue 3306 squad emergency medical services vehicles as their direct driveway or entrance. 3307

§ 33.1-252. Free use of toll facilities by certain state officers and employees; penalties.

3308 A. Vehicles transporting two or more persons, including the driver, may be permitted toll-free use of 3309 the Dulles Toll Road during rush hours by the Commonwealth Transportation Board; however, 3310 notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision B 1 of § 56-543 said vehicles shall not be permitted 3311 toll-free use of a roadway as defined pursuant to the Virginia Highway Corporation Act of 1988 (§ 56-535 et seq.). Upon presentation of a toll pass issued pursuant to regulations promulgated by the 3312 3313 Commonwealth Transportation Board, the following persons may use all toll bridges, toll ferries, toll tunnels, and toll roads in this Commonwealth without the payment of toll while in the performance of 3314 3315 their official duties:

- 1. The Commissioner of Highwavs: 3316
- 3317 2. Members of the Commonwealth Transportation Board;
- 3318 3. Employees of the Virginia Department of Transportation;

3319 4. The Superintendent of the Department of State Police;

3320 5. Officers and employees of the Department of State Police;

3321 6. Members of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board;

3322 7. Employees of the regulatory and hearings divisions of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage 3323 Control and special agents of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control;

3324 8. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles;

3325 9. Employees of the Department of Motor Vehicles;

3326 10. Local police officers;

3327 11. Sheriffs and their deputies:

3328 12. Regional jail officials;

3329 13. Animal wardens;

3330 14. The Director and officers of the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries;

3331 15. Persons operating fire-fighting equipment and ambulancesemergency medical services vehicles 3332 owned by a political subdivision of the Commonwealth or a nonprofit association or corporation;

3333 16. Operators of school buses being used to transport pupils to or from schools;

3334 17. Operators of (i) commuter buses having a capacity of 20 or more passengers, including the 3335 driver, and used to regularly transport workers to and from their places of employment and (ii) public 3336 transit buses;

3337 18. Employees of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation;

3338 19. Employees of any transportation facility created pursuant to the Virginia Highway Corporation 3339 Act of 1988; and

3340 20. Law-enforcement officers of the Virginia Marine Resources Commission.

3341 Notwithstanding the foregoing provision of this subsection requiring presentation of a toll pass for 3342 toll-free use of such facilities, in cases of emergency and circumstances of concern for public safety on 3343 the highways of the Commonwealth, the Department shall, in order to alleviate an actual or potential 3344 threat or risk to the public's safety, facilitate the flow of traffic on or within the vicinity of the toll 3345 facility by permitting the temporary suspension of toll collection operations on its facilities.

3346 a. The assessment of the threat to public safety shall be performed and the decision temporarily to 3347 suspend toll collection operations shall be made by the Commissioner or his designee.

3348 b. Major incidents that may require the temporary suspension of toll collection operations shall 3349 include, but not necessarily be limited to (i) natural disasters such as hurricanes, tornadoes, fires, and 3350 floods; (ii) accidental releases of hazardous materials such as chemical spills; (iii) major traffic accidents 3351 such as multivehicle collisions; and (iv) other incidents deemed to present a risk to public safety.

3352 c. In any judicial proceeding in which a person is found to be criminally responsible or civilly liable 3353 for any incident resulting in the suspension of toll collections as provided in this subsection, the court 3354 may assess against the person an amount equal to lost toll revenue as a part of the costs of the 3355 proceeding and order that such amount, not to exceed \$2,000 for any individual incident, be paid to the 3356 Department for deposit into the toll road fund.

3357 B. Any tollgate keeper who shall refuse to permit the persons listed in subsection A of this section to 3358 pass through such tollgate or over such toll bridge or ferry, or toll road or toll tunnel upon presentation 3359 of such a toll pass, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished by a fine of not more than \$50, and 3360 not less than \$2.50. Any person other than those listed in subsection A who shall exhibit any such toll 3361 pass for the purpose of using any toll bridge, toll tunnel or ferry shall be guilty of a Class 1 3362 misdemeanor and punished accordingly.

3363 B1. Any vehicle operated by the holder of a valid driver's license issued by Virginia or any other 3364 state shall be allowed free use of all toll bridges, toll roads, and other toll facilities in Virginia if: 3365

1. The vehicle is specially equipped to permit its operation by a handicapped person;

3366 2. The driver of the vehicle has been certified, either by a physician licensed by Virginia or any 3367 other state or by the Adjudication Office of the United States Veterans Administration, as being severely 3368 physically disabled and having permanent upper limb mobility or dexterity impairments which 3369 substantially impair his ability to deposit coins in toll baskets;

3370 3. The driver has applied for and received from the Department of Transportation a vehicle window 3371 sticker identifying him as eligible for such free passage; and

3372 4. Such identifying window sticker is properly displayed on the vehicle.

3373 A copy of this subsection shall be posted at all toll bridges, toll roads, and other toll facilities in 3374 Virginia. The Department of Transportation shall provide envelopes for payments of tolls by those 3375 persons exempted from tolls pursuant to this subsection and shall accept any payments made by such 3376 persons.

3377 C. Nothing contained in this section or in § 33.1-251 or 33.1-285 shall operate to affect the 3378 provisions of § 22.1-187.

3379 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A and B, only the following persons may use the HB58

- 3380 Chesapeake Bay Bridge-Tunnel, facilities of the Richmond Metropolitan Authority, or facilities of an
- 3381 operator authorized to operate a toll facility pursuant to the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 3382 $(\S 56-556 \text{ et seq.})$ without the payment of toll when necessary and incidental to the conduct of official 3383 business:
- 3384 1. The Commissioner of Highways;
- 3385 2. Members of the Commonwealth Transportation Board;
- 3386 3. Employees of the Department of Transportation;
- 3387 4. The Superintendent of the Department of State Police;
- 3388 5. Officers and employees of the Department of State Police;
- 3389 6. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- 3390 7. Employees of the Department of Motor Vehicles; and
- 3391 8. Sheriffs and deputy sheriffs.
- 3392 E. Any vehicle operated by a quadriplegic driver shall be allowed free use of all toll facilities in Virginia controlled by the Richmond Metropolitan Authority, pursuant to the requirements of 3393 3394 subdivisions 1 through 4 of subsection B1.

3395 § 35.1-25. Exemptions.

- 3396 The provisions of this title applicable to restaurants shall not apply to:
- 3397 1. Boardinghouses that do not accommodate transients:
- 3398 2. Cafeterias operated by industrial plants for employees only;
- 3399 3. Churches; fraternal or school organizations; organizations that are exempt from taxation under 3400 § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and volunteer fire departments and rescue squads volunteer 3401 emergency medical services agencies that hold occasional dinners, bazaars, and other fund-raisers of one 3402 or two days' duration, at which food (i) prepared in the homes of members; (ii) prepared in the kitchen of the church, school, or organization; or (iii) purchased or donated from a restaurant licensed pursuant 3403 to Chapter 3 (§ 35.1-18 et seq.) is offered for sale to the public. Restaurants licensed pursuant to 3404 3405 Chapter 3 that donate or sell food to the entities identified in this subdivision shall not be required to 3406 apply for any additional permits from, or pay any additional permit application fees to, the Department 3407 for the proposed occasional dinner, bazaar, or other fund raiser;
- 4. Grocery stores, including the delicatessen portion that is a part of a grocery store selling 3408 3409 exclusively for off-premises consumption, and places manufacturing or selling packaged or canned 3410 goods;
- 3411 5. Churches that serve meals consisting of food prepared in the homes of members or in the kitchen 3412 of the church or purchased or donated from a restaurant licensed pursuant to Chapter 3 (§ 35.1-18 et 3413 seq.) for their members or their invited guests;
- 3414 6. Convenience stores or gas stations that are subject to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 3415 Services' Retail Food Establishment Regulations or any regulations subsequently adopted and that (i) 3416 have 15 or fewer seats at which food is served to the public on the premises of the convenience store or 3417 gas station and (ii) are not associated with a national or regional restaurant chain. Notwithstanding this 3418 exemption, such convenience stores or gas stations shall remain responsible for collecting any applicable 3419 local meals tax; or
- 3420 7. Concession stands at youth athletic activities, if such stands are promoted or sponsored by a youth 3421 athletic association or by any charitable nonprofit organization or group thereof that has been recognized 3422 as being a part of the recreational program of the political subdivision where the association or 3423 organization is located by an ordinance or resolution of such political subdivision. 3424

§ 38.2-1904. Rate standards.

- 3425 A. Rates for the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies shall not be excessive, inadequate, 3426 or unfairly discriminatory. All rates and all changes and amendments to rates to which this chapter 3427 applies for use in this Commonwealth shall consider loss experience and other factors within Virginia if 3428 relevant and actuarially sound;, provided, other data, including countrywide, regional, or other state data, 3429 may be considered where such data is relevant and where a sound actuarial basis exists for considering 3430 data other than Virginia-specific data.
- 3431 1. No rate shall be held to be excessive unless it is unreasonably high for the insurance provided and 3432 a reasonable degree of competition does not exist in the area with respect to the classification to which 3433 the rate applies.
- 3434 2. No rate shall be held inadequate unless it is unreasonably low for the insurance provided and (i) 3435 continued use of it would endanger solvency of the insurer or (ii) use of the rate by the insurer has or, 3436 if continued, will have the effect of destroying competition or creating a monopoly.
- 3437 3. No rate shall be unfairly discriminatory if a different rate is charged for the same coverage and 3438 the rate differential (i) is based on sound actuarial principles or (ii) is related to actual or reasonably 3439 anticipated experience.
- 3440 B. 1. In determining whether rates comply with the standards of subsection A of this section, 3441 separate consideration shall be given to (i) past and prospective loss experience within and outside this

3442 Commonwealth, (ii) conflagration or catastrophe hazards, (iii) a reasonable margin for underwriting 3443 profit and contingencies, (iv) dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium deposits allowed or returned by 3444 insurers to their policyholders, members or subscribers, (v) past and prospective expenses both 3445 countrywide and those specifically applicable to this Commonwealth, (vi) the loss reserving practices, 3446 standards and procedures utilized by the insurer, (vii) investment income earned or realized by insurers 3447 from their unearned premium and loss reserve and the Commission may give separate consideration to 3448 investment income earned on surplus funds, and (viii) all other relevant factors within and outside this 3449 Commonwealth. When actual experience or data does not exist, the Commission may consider estimates. 3450 2. In the case of fire insurance rates, consideration shall be given to the experience of the fire

3451 insurance business during a period of not less than the most recent five-year period for which such 3452 experience is available.

3453 3. In the case of workers' compensation insurance rates for volunteer firefighters or volunteer 3454 lifesaving or volunteer rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel, the rates shall be 3455 calculated based upon the combined experience of both volunteer firefighters or volunteer lifesaving or 3456 volunteer rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel and paid firefighters or paid 3457 lifesaving or paid rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel, so that the resulting rate 3458 is the same for both volunteer and paid members, but in no event shall resulting premiums be less than 3459 forty dollars \$40 per year for any volunteer firefighter or rescue squad member volunteer emergency 3460 medical services personnel.

3461 4. In the case of uninsured motorist coverage required by subsection A of § 38.2-2206, consideration 3462 shall be given to all sums distributed by the Commission from the Uninsured Motorists Fund in 3463 accordance with the provisions of Chapter 30 (§ 38.2-3000 et seq.) of this title.

3464 C. For the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies, including insurance against contingent, 3465 consequential and indirect losses as defined in § 38.2-133 (i) the systems of expense provisions included 3466 in the rates for use by any insurer or group of insurers may differ from those of other insurers or groups 3467 of insurers to reflect the requirements of the operating methods of any such insurer or group for any 3468 class of insurance, or with respect to any subdivision or combination of insurance for which separate 3469 expense provisions are applicable, and (ii) risks may be grouped by classifications for the establishment 3470 of rates and minimum premiums. Classification rates may be modified to produce rates for individual 3471 risks in accordance with rating plans that establish standards for measuring variations in hazards, 3472 expense provisions, or both. The standards may measure any difference between risks that can be 3473 demonstrated to have a probable effect upon losses or expenses. Notwithstanding any other provision of 3474 this subsection, except as permitted by § 38.2-1908, each member of a rate service organization shall use 3475 the uniform classification system, uniform experience rating plan, and uniform statistical plan of its 3476 designated rate service organization in the provision of insurance defined in § 38.2-119.

3477 D. No insurer shall use any information pertaining to any motor vehicle conviction or accident to 3478 produce increased or surcharged rates above their filed manual rates for individual risks for a period 3479 longer than thirty-six 36 months. This period shall begin no later than twelve 12 months after the date 3480 of the conviction or accident.

3481 E. Each authorized insurer subject to the provisions of this chapter may file with the Commission an 3482 expense reduction plan that permits variations in expense provisions. Such filing may contain provisions 3483 permitting agents to reduce their commission resulting in an appropriate reduction in premium. Nothing 3484 in this section shall be construed to require an agent to reduce a commission, nor may an insurer 3485 unreasonably refuse to reduce a premium due to a commission reduction as permitted by its filed 3486 expense reduction plan. 3487

§ 38.2-2005. Provisions governing making of rates.

3488 A. Rates for the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies shall not be excessive, inadequate, 3489 or unfairly discriminatory. All rates and all changes and amendments to rates to which this chapter 3490 applies for use in this Commonwealth shall consider loss experience and other factors within Virginia if 3491 relevant and actuarially sound; however, other data, including countrywide, regional or other state data, 3492 may be considered where such data is relevant and where a sound actuarial basis exists for considering 3493 data other than Virginia-specific data.

3494 B. 1. In making rates for the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies, separate 3495 consideration shall be given to (i) past and prospective loss experience within and outside this 3496 Commonwealth, (ii) conflagration or catastrophe hazards, (iii) a reasonable margin for underwriting 3497 profit and contingencies, (iv) dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium deposits allowed or returned by 3498 insurers to their policyholders, members or subscribers, (v) past and prospective expenses both 3499 countrywide and those specifically applicable to this Commonwealth, (vi) investment income earned or 3500 realized by insurers from their unearned premium and loss reserve and the Commission may give 3501 separate consideration to investment income earned on surplus funds, (vii) the loss reserving practices, 3502 standards and procedures utilized by the insurer, and (viii) all other relevant factors within and outside

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3503 this Commonwealth. When actual experience or data does not exist, the Commission may consider 3504 estimates.

3505 2. In the case of fire insurance rates, consideration shall be given to the experience of the fire 3506 insurance business during a period of not less than the most recent five-year period for which such 3507 experience is available.

3508 3. [Repealed.]

3509 In the case of workers' compensation insurance rates for volunteer firefighters or volunteer lifesaving 3510 or volunteer rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel written through the Virginia 3511 Worker's Compensation Insurance Plan, the rates shall be calculated based upon the combined 3512 experience of both volunteer firefighters or volunteer lifesaving or volunteer rescue squad members or 3513 nonprofit emergency medical services personnel and paid firefighters or paid lifesaving or paid rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel, so that the resulting rate is the same for both 3514 3515 volunteer and paid members, but in no event shall resulting premiums be less than forty dollars \$40 per 3516 year for any volunteer firefighter or rescue squad member volunteer emergency medical services 3517 personnel.

3518 C. For the classes of insurance to which this chapter applies (i) the systems of expense provisions 3519 included in the rates for use by any insurer or group of insurers may differ from those of other insurers 3520 or groups of insurers to reflect the requirements of the operating methods of any such insurer or group 3521 for any class of insurance, or for any subdivision or combination of insurance for which separate 3522 expense provisions apply, and (ii) risks may be grouped by classifications for the establishment of rates 3523 and minimum premiums. Classification rates may be modified to produce rates for individual risks in 3524 accordance with rating plans that establish standards for measuring variations in hazards, expense 3525 provisions, or both. The standards may measure any difference among risks that can be demonstrated to 3526 have a probable effect upon losses or expenses.

3527 D. All rates, rating schedules or rating plans and every manual of classifications, rules and rates, 3528 including every modification thereof, approved by the Commission under this chapter, shall be used until 3529 a change is approved by the Commission.

3530 § 38.2-2201. Provisions for payment of medical expense and loss of income benefits; assignment 3531 of certain benefits.

3532 A. Upon request of an insured, each insurer licensed in this Commonwealth issuing or delivering any 3533 policy or contract of bodily injury or property damage liability insurance covering liability arising from 3534 the ownership, maintenance or use of any motor vehicle shall provide on payment of the premium, as a 3535 minimum coverage (i) to persons occupying the insured motor vehicle; and (ii) to the named insured 3536 and, while resident of the named insured's household, the spouse and relatives of the named insured 3537 while in or upon, entering or alighting from or through being struck by a motor vehicle while not occupying a motor vehicle, the following health care and disability benefits for each accident: 3538

3539 1. All reasonable and necessary expenses for medical, chiropractic, hospital, dental, surgical, 3540 ambulance, prosthetic and rehabilitation services, emergency medical services vehicle transportation, and 3541 funeral expenses, resulting from the accident and incurred within three years after the date of the 3542 accident, up to \$2,000 per person; however, if the insured does not elect to purchase such limit the 3543 insurer and insured may agree to any other limit;

3544 2. If the person is usually engaged in a remunerative occupation, an amount equal to the loss of 3545 income incurred after the date of the accident resulting from injuries received in the accident up to \$100 3546 per week during the period from the first workday lost as a result of the accident up to the date the 3547 person is able to return to his usual occupation. However, the period shall not extend beyond one year 3548 from the date of the accident; and 3549

3. An expense described in subdivision 1 shall be deemed to have been incurred:

a. If the insured is directly responsible for payment of the expense;

3551 b. If the expense is paid by (i) a health care insurer pursuant to a negotiated contract with the health 3552 care provider or (ii) Medicaid or Medicare, where the actual payment with reference to the medical bill 3553 rendered by the provider is less than or equal to the provider's usual and customary fee, in the amount 3554 of the actual payment as evidenced by an explanation of benefits, remittance advice, or similar 3555 documentation from the health care provider; however, if the insured is required to make a payment in 3556 addition to the actual payment by the health care insurer or Medicaid or Medicare, the amount shall be 3557 increased by the payment made by the insured; or

3558 c. If no medical bill is rendered or specific charge made by a health care provider to the insured, an 3559 insurer, or any other person, in the amount of the usual and customary fee charged in that community 3560 for the service rendered.

3561 B. The insured has the option of purchasing either or both of the coverages set forth in subdivisions 3562 A 1 and A 2. Either or both of the coverages, as well as any other medical expense or loss of income coverage under any policy of automobile liability insurance, shall be payable to the covered injured 3563 3564 person or pursuant to an assignment of benefits in accordance with subsection D, notwithstanding the

3565 failure or refusal of the named insured or other person entitled to the coverage to give notice to the 3566 insurer of an accident as soon as practicable under the terms of the policy, except where the failure or 3567 refusal prejudices the insurer in establishing the validity of the claim.

3568 C. In any policy of personal automobile insurance in which the insured has purchased coverage 3569 under subsection A, every insurer providing such coverage arising from the ownership, maintenance or 3570 use of no more than four motor vehicles shall be liable to pay up to the maximum policy limit available 3571 on every motor vehicle insured under that coverage if the health care or disability expenses and costs 3572 mentioned in subsection A exceed the limits of coverage for any one motor vehicle so insured.

3573 D. Any attempt to assign medical expense benefits shall be subject to the following:

3574 1. An assignment of medical expense benefits shall be valid only if:

3575 a. A copy of the AOB form, executed by the assignor and in compliance with the other requirements 3576 of subdivision D 1 and a copy of the notice complying with subdivision g if such notice is provided in 3577 a separate document pursuant to subdivision e, is provided to the motor vehicle insurer;

3578 b. The AOB form is (i) in writing, which includes any printed or electronic format, (ii) dated, and 3579 (iii) executed by the assignor;

3580 c. The AOB form includes a conspicuous statement that the assignor is not required to execute the 3581 AOB form;

3582 d. If the AOB form includes a notice that complies with the provisions of subdivision g, the AOB 3583 form is signed, initialed, or otherwise marked by the assignor, at or near the notice provision, to 3584 acknowledge that the assignor has read, or had the opportunity to read, the notice;

3585 e. If the AOB form does not include a notice that complies with the provisions of subdivision g, (i) 3586 the assignor is given a separate document, in any printed or electronic format, that is delivered to the 3587 assignor at the same time as the AOB form and that contains a notice that complies with the provisions 3588 of subdivision g; (ii) the AOB form includes a conspicuous statement that a notice regarding the 3589 assignment of medical expense benefits is provided in a separate document; and (iii) the AOB form is 3590 signed, initialed, or otherwise marked by the assignor at or near the statement described in clause (ii) to 3591 acknowledge that the assignor has read, or had the opportunity to read, the separate document containing 3592 the notice;

3593 f. The statements required by subdivision D 1 to be included in the AOB form or a separate 3594 document, including the notice prescribed by subdivision g, are in not less than eight-point type; and

3595 g. The assignor is provided, either in the AOB form or in a separate document, a notice that 3596 summarizes the effect of the assignment of medical expense benefits, which notice states the following: 3597

"Notice: automobile accident patients

3598 If you have been in an automobile accident, you may be entitled to payment from your automobile 3599 insurance if you have medical expense benefits coverage. By signing this assignment of benefits form 3600 you are giving to your health care provider the right to receive some or all of that payment directly 3601 from your automobile insurance company.

If you have health insurance and your healthcare provider is in-network: as long as you provide 3602 3603 information necessary to verify your health insurance coverage the healthcare provider may only bill the 3604 amount you owe for any copayment, coinsurance, or deductibles to your automobile insurance and you 3605 may be entitled to any remainder of your automobile insurance benefit.

3606 If you do not provide information necessary to verify your health insurance coverage, do not have 3607 health insurance, or your healthcare provider is not in your health insurer's provider network: your health 3608 care provider may bill their full charges to your automobile insurance.

3609 You may want to consult your insurance agent or attorney before signing or initialing this form. You 3610 are not required to sign/initial this form to receive care.";

3611 2. Upon receipt of a copy of an AOB form that satisfies the requirements of subdivision D 1 and (i) 3612 an explanation of benefits or remittance advice or (ii) a bill, claim form, or documentation from the 3613 assignee advising that it has been represented to the assignee that the covered injured person does not 3614 have health insurance or is covered by a self-insured or self-funded employee welfare benefit plan 3615 subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 which requires medical expense 3616 coverage to be primary, a motor vehicle insurer shall pay directly to the health care provider, from any 3617 medical expense benefits available to such person under a motor vehicle insurance policy:

3618 a. If the covered injured person is covered under a health care policy, the health care provider is an 3619 in-network provider, and the health care provider has submitted its claim to the health insurer for the 3620 health care services, the amount of any copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles owed by the injured 3621 covered person to the health care provider, as evidenced by an explanation of benefits, remittance 3622 advice, or similar documentation provided to the motor vehicle insurer; or

3623 b. If (i) the covered injured person is not covered under a health care policy, (ii) the covered injured 3624 person is covered by a self-insured or self-funded employee welfare benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 which requires medical expense coverage to be 3625

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3626 primary, or (iii) the health care provider is not an in-network provider, amounts to cover the cost of the 3627 health care services provided, in the amount of the usual and customary fee charged in that community 3628 for the health care services rendered;

3629 3. A motor vehicle insurer shall in all respects be held harmless for making payments pursuant to 3630 subdivision D 2 to a health care provider in accordance with an assignment of benefits that satisfies the 3631 requirements of subdivision D 1;

3632 4. A covered injured person shall not be required to assign to any person any medical expense 3633 benefits he may have under this section, including any assignment of the proceeds of such coverages;

5. An assignment of medical expense benefits shall be void and unenforceable as against public 3634 3635 policy if the assignment does not comply with the requirements of subdivision D 1;

6. Medical expense benefits may not be reduced because of any benefits paid, payable, or provided 3636 by any insurance contract providing hospital, medical, surgical, and similar or related benefits, or any 3637 3638 subscription contract or health services plan delivered or issued for delivery or providing for the 3639 payment of benefits to or on behalf of persons residing in or employed in the Commonwealth, except as 3640 authorized by this section; and

3641 7. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the payment of medical expense benefits due to the covered 3642 injured person directly to any state or federal assistance program that has provided medical benefits to 3643 such injured person when the injury arose out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor 3644 vehicle. 3645

E. As used in subsection D:

3646 "AOB form" means the document or instrument that contains a provision by which the assignor 3647 assigns medical expense benefits, including any assignment of the proceeds of such coverages, to an 3648 assignee. The AOB form may be a separate instrument or included in another instrument, including a 3649 consent form or a form assigning other benefits.

3650 "Assignee" means the health care provider to which the assignor is assigning medical expense 3651 benefits, including any assignment of the proceeds of such coverages.

3652 "Assignor" means the covered injured person or a person authorized to consent on the covered 3653 injured person's behalf.

"Health care policy" means any health care plan, subscription contract, evidence of coverage, 3654 3655 certificate, health services plan, medical or hospital services plan, accident and sickness insurance policy 3656 or certificate, or other similar certificate, policy, contract, or arrangement, and any endorsement or rider 3657 thereto, offered, arranged, issued, or administered by a health insurer to an individual or a group 3658 contract holder to cover all or a portion of the cost of individuals, or their eligible dependents, receiving 3659 covered health care services. Health care policy includes coverages issued pursuant to (i) Chapter 28 (§ 2.2-2800 et seq.) of Title 2.2 (state employees); (ii) § 2.2-1204 (local choice); (iii) 5 U.S.C. § 8901 et 3660 3661 seq. (federal employees); and (iv) an employee welfare benefit plan as defined in 29 U.S.C. § 1002(1) of 3662 the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 that is self-insured or self-funded. Health care policy does not include (a) coverages issued pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 3663 U.S.C. § 1395 et seq. (Medicare); Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1396 et seq., or 3664 Title XX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1397 et seq. (Medicaid); or Chapter 55 of Title 10 of 3665 the United States Code, 10 U.S.C. § 1071 et seq. (TRICARE); (b) subscription contracts for one or more 3666 3667 dental or optometric services plans that are subject to Chapter 45 (§ 38.2-4500 et seq.); (c) insurance 3668 policies that provide coverage, singly or in combination, for death, dismemberment, disability, or 3669 hospital and medical care caused by or necessitated as a result of accident or specified kinds of 3670 accidents, including student accident, sports accident, blanket accident, specific accident, and accidental 3671 death and dismemberment policies; (d) credit life insurance and credit accident and sickness insurance issued pursuant to Chapter 37.1 (§ 38.2-3717 et seq.) of Title 38.2; (e) insurance policies that provide 3672 3673 payments when an insured is disabled or unable to work because of illness, disease, or injury, including 3674 incidental benefits; (f) long-term care insurance as defined in § 38.2-5200; (g) plans providing only 3675 limited health care services under § 38.2-4300 unless offered by endorsement or rider to a group health 3676 benefit plan; (h) TRICARE supplement, Medicare supplement, and workers' compensation coverages; or 3677 (i) medical expense coverage issued pursuant to this section.

3678 "Health care provider" has the same meaning that is ascribed to that term in § 8.01-581.1.

3679 "Health care services" means items or services furnished to any individual for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or healing human illness, injury, or physical disability. 3680

3681 "Health insurer" means any entity that is the issuer or sponsor of a health care policy.

3682 "In-network provider" means a health care provider that is employed by or has entered into a 3683 provider agreement with the health insurer that has issued the health care policy, under which applicable 3684 agreement the health care provider has agreed to provide health care services to covered patients.

"Medical expense benefits" means the benefits of coverages described in subdivision A 1, including 3685 any assignment of the proceeds of such coverages. 3686

3687 "Motor vehicle insurer" means the insurer issuing or delivering a policy or contract covering liability 3688 arising from the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle that provides coverage for medical 3689 expense benefits.

3690 "Person authorized to consent on the covered injured person's behalf" means any person authorized 3691 by law to consent on behalf of the covered injured person incapable of making an informed decision or, 3692 in the case of a minor child, the parent or parents having custody of the child or the child's legal 3693 guardian or as otherwise provided by law.

3694 "Provider agreement" means a contract, agreement, or arrangement between a health care provider 3695 and a health insurer, or a health insurer's network, provider panel, intermediary, or representative, under 3696 which the health care provider has agreed to provide health care services to patients with coverage under 3697 a health care policy issued by the health insurer and to accept payment from the health insurer for the 3698 health care services provided. 3699

§ 38.2-2202. Required notice of optional coverage available.

3700 A. No original premium notice for insurance covering liability arising out of the ownership, 3701 maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle shall be issued or delivered unless it contains on the front of 3702 the premium notice or unless there is enclosed with the premium notice, in **boldface** type, the following 3703 statement: 3704

IMPORTANT NOTICE

3705 IN ADDITION TO THE MINIMUM INSURANCE REQUIRED BY LAW, YOU MAY 3706 PURCHASE ADDITIONAL INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR THE NAMED INSURED AND FOR 3707 HIS RELATIVES WHO ARE MEMBERS OF HIS HOUSEHOLD WHILE IN OR UPON, ENTERING 3708 OR ALIGHTING FROM A MOTOR VEHICLE, OR THROUGH BEING STRUCK BY A MOTOR 3709 VEHICLE WHILE NOT OCCUPYING A MOTOR VEHICLE, AND FOR OCCUPANTS OF THE 3710 INSURED MOTOR VEHICLE. THE FOLLOWING HEALTH CARE AND DISABILITY BENEFITS 3711 ARE AVAILABLE FOR EACH ACCIDENT:

1. PAYMENT OF UP TO \$2,000 PER PERSON FOR ALL REASONABLE AND NECESSARY 3712 EXPENSES FOR MEDICAL, CHIROPRACTIC, HOSPITAL, DENTAL, SURGICAL, AMBULANCE, 3713 PROSTHETIC AND REHABILITATION SERVICES, EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES TRANSPORTATION, AND FUNERAL EXPENSES RESULTING FROM THE ACCIDENT AND 3714 3715 3716 INCURRED WITHIN THREE YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF THE ACCIDENT. HOWEVER, IF YOU DO NOT PURCHASE THE \$2,000 LIMIT OF COVERAGE, YOU AND THE COMPANY MAY 3717 3718 AGREE TO ANY OTHER LIMIT; AND

3719 2. AN AMOUNT EOUAL TO THE LOSS OF INCOME UP TO \$100 PER WEEK IF THE 3720 INJURED PERSON IS ENGAGED IN AN OCCUPATION FOR WHICH HE RECEIVES 3721 COMPENSATION, FROM THE FIRST WORKDAY LOST AS A RESULT OF THE ACCIDENT UP 3722 TO THE DATE THE PERSON IS ABLE TO RETURN TO HIS USUAL OCCUPATION. SUCH 3723 PAYMENTS ARE LIMITED TO A PERIOD EXTENDING ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE OF THE 3724 ACCIDENT.

3725 IF YOU DESIRE TO PURCHASE EITHER OR BOTH OF THESE COVERAGES AT AN 3726 ADDITIONAL PREMIUM, YOU MAY DO SO BY CONTACTING THE AGENT OR COMPANY 3727 THAT ISSUED YOUR POLICY.

3728 The insurer issuing the premium notice shall inform the insured by any reasonable means of 3729 communication of the approximate premium for the additional coverage.

3730 B. No new policy or original premium notice of insurance covering liability arising out of the 3731 ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle shall be issued or delivered unless it contains the 3732 following statement printed in boldface type, or unless the statement is attached to the front of or is 3733 enclosed with the policy or premium notice:

3734 IMPORTANT NOTICE

3735 IN ADDITION TO THE INSURANCE COVERAGE REOUIRED BY LAW TO PROTECT YOU AGAINST A LOSS CAUSED BY AN UNINSURED MOTORIST, IF YOU HAVE PURCHASED 3736 3737 LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE THAT IS HIGHER THAN THAT REQUIRED BY LAW TO PROTECT YOU AGAINST LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MAINTENANCE, OR USE OF THE MOTOR VEHICLES COVERED BY THIS POLICY, AND YOU HAVE NOT 3738 3739 3740 ALREADY PURCHASED UNINSURED MOTORIST INSURANCE COVERAGE EQUAL TO YOUR 3741 LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE :

3742 1. YOUR UNINSURED AND UNDERINSURED MOTORIST INSURANCE COVERAGE HAS 3743 INCREASED TO THE LIMITS OF YOUR LIABILITY COVERAGE AND THIS INCREASE WILL 3744 COST YOU AN EXTRA PREMIUM CHARGE; AND

3745 2. YOUR TOTAL PREMIUM CHARGE FOR YOUR MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE COVERAGE WILL INCREASE IF YOU DO NOT NOTIFY YOUR AGENT OR INSURER OF YOUR 3746 DESIRE TO REDUCE COVERAGE WITHIN 20 DAYS OF THE MAILING OF THE POLICY OR 3747 THE PREMIUM NOTICE, AS THE CASE MAY BE. THE INSURER MAY REQUIRE THAT SUCH 3748

3749 A REQUEST TO REDUCE COVERAGE BE IN WRITING.

3750 3. IF THIS IS A NEW POLICY AND YOU HAVE ALREADY SIGNED A WRITTEN 3751 REJECTION OF SUCH HIGHER LIMITS IN CONNECTION WITH IT, PARAGRAPHS 1 AND 2 OF 3752 THIS NOTICE DO NOT APPLY.

3753 After twenty 20 days, the insurer shall be relieved of the obligation imposed by this subsection to 3754 attach or imprint the foregoing statement to any subsequently delivered renewal policy, extension 3755 certificate, other written statement of coverage continuance, or to any subsequently mailed premium 3756 notice. 3757

§ 38.2-3407.9. Reimbursement for emergency medical services vehicle transportation services.

3758 A. If an accident and sickness insurance policy provides coverage for ambulance emergency medical services vehicle transportation services, any person providing such services to a person covered under 3759 3760 such policy shall receive reimbursement for such services directly from the issuer of such policy, when 3761 the issuer of such policy is presented with an assignment of benefits by the person providing such 3762 services.

3763 B. No (i) insurer proposing to issue individual or group accident and sickness insurance policies 3764 providing hospital, medical and surgical or major medical coverage on an expense-incurred basis, (ii) corporation providing individual or group accident and sickness subscription contracts, or (iii) health 3765 3766 maintenance organization providing a health care plan for health care services shall establish or promote 3767 an emergency medical response and transportation system that encourages or directs access by a person 3768 covered under such policy, contract or plan in competition with or in substitution of an emergency 911 3769 system or other state, county or municipal emergency medical system for ambulance emergency medical 3770 services vehicle transportation services. An entity subject to this subsection may use transportation 3771 outside an emergency 911 system or other state, county or municipal emergency medical system for 3772

services that are not ambulance emergency medical services vehicle transportation services. C. For the purposes of this section, "ambulance emergency medical services vehicle transportation 3773 3774 services" means the transportation of any person requiring resuscitation or emergency relief or where human life is endangered, by means of any ambulance, rescue or life saving emergency medical services 3775 3776 vehicle designed or used principally for such purposes. Such term includes emergency medical services 3777 ambulances and mobile intensive care units. No (i) insurer proposing to issue individual or group 3778 accident and sickness insurance policies providing hospital, medical and surgical or major medical 3779 coverage on an expense-incurred basis, (ii) corporation providing individual or group accident and 3780 sickness subscription contracts, or (iii) health maintenance organization providing a health care plan for 3781 health care services shall require a person covered under such policy, contract or plan to obtain prior 3782 authorization before accessing an emergency 911 system or other state, county or municipal emergency 3783 medical system for ambulance emergency medical services vehicle transportation services. 3784

§ 40.1-79.01. Exemptions from chapter generally.

3785 A. Nothing in this chapter, except the provisions of §§ 40.1-100 A, 40.1-100.1, 40.1-100.2, and 3786 40.1-103, shall apply to:

3787 1. A child engaged in domestic work when such work is performed in connection with the child's 3788 own home and directly for his parent or a person standing in place of his parent;

3789 2. A child employed in occasional work performed outside school hours where such work is in 3790 connection with the employer's home but not in connection with the employer's business, trade, or 3791 profession;

3792 3. A child 12 or 13 years of age employed outside school hours on farms, in orchards or in gardens 3793 with the consent of his parent or a person standing in place of his parent;

3794 4. A child between the ages of 12 and 18 employed as a page or clerk for either the House of 3795 Delegates or the Senate of Virginia;

3796 5. A child participating in the activities of a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 3797 agency;

3798 6. A child under 16 years of age employed by his parent in an occupation other than manufacturing; 3799 or

3800 7. A child 12 years of age or older employed by an eleemosynary organization or unit of state or 3801 local government as a referee for sports programs sponsored by that eleemosynary, state, or local organization or by an organization of referees sponsored by an organization recognized by the United 3802 3803 States Olympic Committee under 36 U.S.C. § 220522.

3804 B. Nothing in this chapter, except §§ 40.1-100.1, 40.1-100.2, and 40.1-103, shall be construed to 3805 apply to a child employed by his parent or a person standing in place of his parent on farms, in 3806 orchards or in gardens owned or operated by such parent or person. 3807

§ 40.1-103. Cruelty and injuries to children; penalty; abandoned infant.

3808 A. It shall be unlawful for any person employing or having the custody of any child willfully or 3809 negligently to cause or permit the life of such child to be endangered or the health of such child to be 3810 injured, or willfully or negligently to cause or permit such child to be placed in a situation that its life,

health or morals may be endangered, or to cause or permit such child to be overworked, tortured,
tormented, mutilated, beaten or cruelly treated. Any person violating this section shall be is guilty of a
Class 6 felony.

B. If a prosecution under this section is based solely on the accused parent having left the child at a hospital or rescue squad, it shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution of a parent under this section that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended rescue squad that employs emergency medical technicians, within the first 14 days of the child's life. In order for the affirmative defense to apply, the child shall be delivered in a manner reasonably calculated to ensure the child's safety.

3820 § 44-146.28. Authority of Governor and agencies under his control in declared state of 3821 emergency.

3822 (a) In the case of a declaration of a state of emergency as defined in § 44-146.16, the Governor is 3823 authorized to expend from all funds of the state treasury not constitutionally restricted, a sum sufficient. 3824 Allotments from such sum sufficient may be made by the Governor to any state agency or political 3825 subdivision of the Commonwealth to carry out disaster service missions and responsibilities. Allotments 3826 may also be made by the Governor from the sum sufficient to provide financial assistance to eligible 3827 applicants located in an area declared to be in a state of emergency, but not declared to be a major 3828 disaster area for which federal assistance might be forthcoming. This shall be considered as a program 3829 of last resort for those local jurisdictions that cannot meet the full cost.

3830 The Virginia Department of Emergency Management shall establish guidelines and procedures for3831 determining whether and to what extent financial assistance to local governments may be provided.

3832 The guidelines and procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

3833 (1) Participants may be eligible to receive financial assistance to cover a percentage of eligible costs
3834 if they demonstrate that they are incapable of covering the full cost. The percentage may vary, based on
3835 the Commission on Local Government's fiscal stress index. The cumulative effect of recent disasters
3836 during the preceding twelve months may also be considered for eligibility purposes.

3837 (2) Only eligible participants that have sustained an emergency or disaster as defined in § 44-146.16 3838 with total eligible costs of four dollars or more per capita may receive assistance except that (i) any 3839 town with a total population of less than 3,500 shall be eligible for disaster assistance for incurred 3840 eligible damages of \$15,000 or greater and (ii) any town with a population of 3,500 or more, but less 3841 than 5,000 shall be eligible for disaster assistance for incurred eligible damages of \$20,000 or greater 3842 and (iii) any town with a population of 5,000 or greater with total eligible costs of four dollars or more 3843 per capita may receive assistance. No site or facility may be included with less than \$1,000 in eligible 3844 costs. However, the total cost of debris clearance may be considered as costs associated with a single 3845 site.

3846 (3) Eligible participants shall be fully covered by all-risk property and flood insurance policies,
including provisions for insuring the contents of the property and business interruptions, or shall be self-insured, in order to be eligible for this assistance. Insurance deductibles shall not be covered by this program.

3850 (4) Eligible costs incurred by towns, public service authorities, volunteer fire departments and volunteer rescue squadsemergency medical services agencies may be included in a county's or city's total costs.

(5) Unless otherwise stated in guidelines and procedures, eligible costs are defined as those listed in
the Public Assistance component of Public Law 93-288, as amended, excluding beach replenishment and
snow removal.

3856 (6) State agencies, as directed by the Virginia Department of Emergency Management, shall conduct3857 an on-site survey to validate damages and to§ document restoration costs.

3858 (7) Eligible participants shall maintain complete documentation of all costs in a manner approved by
3859 the Auditor of Public Accounts and shall provide copies of the documentation to the Virginia
3860 Department of Emergency Management upon request.

3861 If a jurisdiction meets the criteria set forth in the guidelines and procedures, but is in an area that has 3862 neither been declared to be in a state of emergency nor been declared to be a major disaster area for which federal assistance might be forthcoming, the Governor is authorized, in his discretion, to make an allotment from the sum sufficient to that jurisdiction without a declaration of a state of emergency, in the same manner as if a state of emergency declaration had been made.

The Governor shall report to the Chairmen of the Senate Finance Committee, the House
Appropriations Committee, and the House Finance Committee within thirty days of authorizing the sum
sufficient pursuant to this section. The Virginia Department of Emergency Management shall report
annually to the General Assembly on the local jurisdictions that received financial assistance and the
amount each jurisdiction received.

3871 (b) Public agencies under the supervision and control of the Governor may implement their

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3872 emergency assignments without regard to normal procedures (except mandatory constitutional 3873 requirements) pertaining to the performance of public work, entering into contracts, incurring of 3874 obligations, employment of temporary workers, rental of equipment, purchase of supplies and materials 3875 and expenditures of public funds.

3876 (c) Allotments may be made by the Governor from a sum sufficient to provide financial assistance to 3877 Virginia state agencies and political subdivisions responding to a declared state of emergency in another 3878 state as provided by § 44-146.17, whether or not a state of emergency is declared in the Commonwealth 3879 pursuant to § 44-146.16.

3880 (d) Allotments may be made by the Governor from a sum sufficient for the deployment of personnel 3881 and materials for the Virginia National Guard and the Virginia Defense Force to prepare for a response to any of the circumstances set forth in subdivisions A 1 through A 5 of § 44-75.1, whether or not a 3882 state of emergency is declared in the Commonwealth pursuant to § 44-146.16. However, preparation 3883 3884 authorized by this subsection shall be limited to the deployment of no more than 300 personnel, and 3885 shall be limited to no more than five days, unless a state of emergency is declared. 3886

§ 45.1-161.199. Certified emergency medical services personnel.

3887 At least one person who is a working coal miner and who has been certified by the State Board of 3888 Health as possessing the qualifications of an emergency medical technician or holds a valid certificate 3889 as an emergency medical services first responder provider issued by the Commissioner of the 3890 Department of Health shall be located so as to be available for duty at each mine when miners are 3891 working at that mine. Such emergency medical services personnel providers shall be utilized in sufficient numbers to assure that workers in any mine location can be reached by them within such 3892 3893 reasonable time as is determined by the Chief. Emergency medical services personnel providers shall 3894 have available to them at all times the necessary equipment, as specified by the Chief, for prompt 3895 response to emergencies. In the event that at any time there is at any mine an insufficient number of 3896 qualified miners volunteering to serve as emergency medical services personnel providers as provided 3897 for in this section, the operator may elect to utilize the services of first aid trainees, in such numbers as 3898 the Chief determines to be appropriate. Telephone or equivalent facilities shall be installed to provide 3899 two-way voice communication between the emergency medical services personnel providers and medical 3900 personnel outside the mine.

§ 46.2-208. Records of Department; when open for inspection; release of privileged information.

3902 A. All records in the office of the Department containing the specific classes of information outlined 3903 below shall be considered privileged records: 3904

1. Personal information, including all data defined as "personal information" in § 2.2-3801;

3905 2. Driver information, including all data that relates to driver's license status and driver activity; and 3906 3. Vehicle information, including all descriptive vehicle data and title, registration, and vehicle 3907 activity data.

B. The Commissioner shall release such information only under the following conditions:

3909 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, medical data included in personal data shall be 3910 released only to a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner as provided in § 46.2-322.

3911 2. Insurance data may be released as specified in §§ 46.2-372, 46.2-380, and 46.2-706.

3912 3. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, information disclosed or furnished shall be 3913 assessed a fee as specified in § 46.2-214.

3914 4. When the person requesting the information is (i) the subject of the information, (ii) the parent or 3915 guardian of the subject of the information, (iii) the authorized representative of the subject of the information, or (iv) the owner of the vehicle that is the subject of the information, the Commissioner 3916 3917 shall provide him with the requested information and a complete explanation of it. Requests for such 3918 information need not be made in writing or in person and may be made orally or by telephone, provided 3919 that the Department is satisfied that there is adequate verification of the requester's identity. When so 3920 requested in writing by (a) the subject of the information, (b) the parent or guardian of the subject of 3921 the information, (c) the authorized representative of the subject of the information, or (d) the owner of 3922 the vehicle that is the subject of the information, the Commissioner shall verify and, if necessary, correct 3923 the personal information provided and furnish driver and vehicle information in the form of an abstract 3924 of the record.

3925 5. On the written request of any insurance carrier, surety, or representative of an insurance carrier or 3926 surety, the Commissioner shall furnish such insurance carrier, surety, or representative an abstract of the 3927 record of any person subject to the provisions of this title. The abstract shall include any record of any 3928 conviction of a violation of any provision of any statute or ordinance relating to the operation or 3929 ownership of a motor vehicle or of any injury or damage in which he was involved and a report of 3930 which is required by § 46.2-372. No such report of any conviction or accident shall be made after 60 months from the date of the conviction or accident unless the Commissioner or court used the 3931 3932 conviction or accident as a reason for the suspension or revocation of a driver's license or driving 3933 privilege, in which case the revocation or suspension and any conviction or accident pertaining thereto

shall not be reported after 60 months from the date that the driver's license or driving privilege has beenreinstated. This abstract shall not be admissible in evidence in any court proceedings.

6. On the written request of any business organization or its agent, in the conduct of its business, the Commissioner shall compare personal information supplied by the business organization or agent with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by the business organization or agent is different from that contained in the Department's records, provide the business organization or agent with correct information as contained in the Department's records. Personal information provided under this subdivision shall be used solely for the purpose of pursuing remedies that require locating an individual.

3943 7. The Commissioner shall provide vehicle information to any business organization or agent on such business' or agent's written request. Disclosures made under this subdivision shall not include any personal information and shall not be subject to the limitations contained in subdivision 6 of this subsection.

3947 8. On the written request of any motor vehicle rental or leasing company or its designated agent, the 3948 Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by the company or agent with that 3949 contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by the company or agent is 3950 different from that contained in the Department's records, provide the company or agent with correct 3951 information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide the company or agent with driver 3952 information in the form of an abstract of any person subject to the provisions of this title. Such abstract 3953 shall include any record of any conviction of a violation of any provision of any statute or ordinance 3954 relating to the operation or ownership of a motor vehicle or of any injury or damage in which the 3955 subject of the abstract was involved and a report of which is required by § 46.2-372. No such abstract 3956 shall include any record of any conviction or accident more than 60 months after the date of such 3957 conviction or accident unless the Commissioner or court used the conviction or accident as a reason for 3958 the suspension or revocation of a driver's license or driving privilege, in which case the revocation or 3959 suspension and any conviction or accident pertaining thereto shall cease to be included in such abstract 3960 after 60 months from the date on which the driver's license or driving privilege was reinstated. No abstract released under this subdivision shall be admissible in evidence in any court proceedings. 3961

3962 9. On the request of any federal, state, or local governmental entity, local government group 3963 self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, attorney for the Commonwealth, court, or the authorized 3964 agent of any of the foregoing, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by the 3965 governmental entity, local government group self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, attorney for 3966 the Commonwealth, court, or the authorized agent of any of the foregoing, with that contained in the 3967 Department's records and, when the information supplied by the governmental entity, local government 3968 group self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, attorney for the Commonwealth, court, or the 3969 authorized agent of any of the foregoing, is different from that contained in the Department's records, 3970 provide the governmental entity, local government group self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, 3971 attorney for the Commonwealth, court, or the authorized agent of any of the foregoing, with correct 3972 information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver and vehicle information in 3973 the form of an abstract of the record showing all convictions, accidents, driver's license suspensions or 3974 revocations, and other appropriate information as the governmental entity, local government group 3975 self-insurance pool, law-enforcement officer, attorney for the Commonwealth, court, or the authorized 3976 agent of any of the foregoing, may require in order to carry out its official functions. The abstract shall 3977 be provided free of charge.

3978 10. On request of the driver licensing authority in any other state or foreign country, the3979 Commissioner shall provide whatever classes of information the requesting authority shall require in3980 order to carry out its official functions. The information shall be provided free of charge.

3981 11. On the written request of any employer, prospective employer, or authorized agent of either, and 3982 with the written consent of the individual concerned, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal 3983 information supplied by the employer, prospective employer, or agent with that contained in the 3984 Department's records and, when the information supplied by the employer, prospective employer, or 3985 agent is different from that contained in the Department's records, provide the employer, prospective 3986 employer, or agent with correct information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide the 3987 employer, prospective employer, or agent with driver information in the form of an abstract of an 3988 individual's record showing all convictions, accidents, driver's license suspensions or revocations, and 3989 any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses, provided that the individual's position 3990 or the position that the individual is being considered for involves the operation of a motor vehicle.

3991 12. On the written request of any member of or applicant for membership in a volunteer fire company or any volunteer emergency medical services personnel or applicant to serve as a volunteer
3993 rescue squad emergency medical services personnel, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by the volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical

3995 services agency with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by 3996 the volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency is different 3997 from that contained in the Department's records, provide the volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue 3998 squad emergency medical services agency with correct information as contained in the Department's 3999 records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of an abstract of the member's, *personnel's*, or 4000 applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of 4001 driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall be provided free of charge if 4002 the request is accompanied by appropriate written evidence that the person is a member of or applicant 4003 for membership in a volunteer fire company or a volunteer rescue squad or applicant to serve as a 4004 volunteer of a volunteer emergency medical services agency and the abstract is needed by a volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency to establish the 4005 4006 qualifications of the member, *volunteer*, or applicant to operate equipment owned by the volunteer fire 4007 company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency.

4008 13. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer with a Virginia affiliate 4009 of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information 4010 supplied by a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America with that contained in the 4011 Department's records and, when the information supplied by a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America is different from that contained in the Department's records, provide the Virginia 4012 4013 affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America with correct information as contained in the 4014 Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of an abstract of the applicant's 4015 record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of driver's 4016 license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall be provided at a fee that is one-half 4017 the normal charge if the request is accompanied by appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer with a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America. 4018

4019 14. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer with a court-appointed
4020 special advocate program pursuant to § 9.1-153, the Commissioner shall provide an abstract of the
4021 applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of
4022 driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall be provided free of charge if
4023 the request is accompanied by appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer
4024 with a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant to § 9.1-153.

4025 15. Upon the request of any employer, prospective employer, or authorized representative of either, 4026 the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by the employer, prospective 4027 employer, or agent with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied 4028 by the employer, prospective employer, or agent is different from that contained in the Department's 4029 records, provide the employer, prospective employer, or agent with correct information as contained in 4030 the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of an abstract of the driving 4031 record of any individual who has been issued a commercial driver's license, provided that the 4032 individual's position or the position that the individual is being considered for involves the operation of 4033 a commercial motor vehicle. Such abstract shall show all convictions, accidents, license suspensions, 4034 revocations, or disqualifications, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses.

4035 16. Upon the receipt of a completed application and payment of applicable processing fees, the
4036 Commissioner may enter into an agreement with any governmental authority or business to exchange
4037 information specified in this section by electronic or other means.

4038 17. Upon the request of an attorney representing a person in a motor vehicle accident, the **4039** Commissioner shall provide vehicle information, including the owner's name and address, to the **4040** attorney.

4041 18. Upon the request, in the course of business, of any authorized representative of an insurance 4042 company or of any not-for-profit entity organized to prevent and detect insurance fraud, or perform 4043 rating and underwriting activities, the Commissioner shall provide to such person (i) all vehicle 4044 information, including the owner's name and address, descriptive data and title, registration, and vehicle 4045 activity data as requested or (ii) all driver information including name, license number and classification, 4046 date of birth, and address information for each driver under the age of 22 licensed in the 4047 Commonwealth of Virginia meeting the request criteria designated by such person, with such request 4048 criteria consisting of driver's license number or address information. No such information shall be used 4049 for solicitation of sales, marketing, or other commercial purposes.

4050 19. Upon the request of an officer authorized to issue criminal warrants, for the purpose of issuing a
4051 warrant for arrest for unlawful disposal of trash or refuse in violation of § 33.1-346, the Commissioner
4052 shall provide vehicle information, including the owner's name and address.

4053 20. Upon written request of the compliance agent of a private security services business, as defined
4054 in § 9.1-138, which is licensed by the Department of Criminal Justice Services, the Commissioner shall
4055 provide the name and address of the owner of the vehicle under procedures determined by the
4056 Commissioner.

4057 21. Upon the request of the operator of a toll facility or traffic light photo-monitoring system acting 4058 on behalf of a government entity, or of the Dulles Access Highway, or an authorized agent or employee 4059 of a toll facility operator or traffic light photo-monitoring system operator acting on behalf of a 4060 government entity or the Dulles Access Highway, for the purpose of obtaining vehicle owner data under 4061 subsection L of § 46.2-819.1 or subsection H of § 15.2-968.1 or subsection N of § 46.2-819.5. 4062 Information released pursuant to this subdivision shall be limited to the name and address of the 4063 registered owner of the vehicle having failed to pay a toll or having failed to comply with a traffic light 4064 signal or having improperly used the Dulles Access Highway and the vehicle information, including all 4065 descriptive vehicle data and title and registration data of the same vehicle.

4066 22. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer with a Virginia affiliate 4067 of Compeer, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by a Virginia affiliate of 4068 Compeer with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by a 4069 Virginia affiliate of Compeer is different from that contained in the Department's records, provide the 4070 Virginia affiliate of Competer with correct information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) 4071 provide driver information in the form of an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, 4072 accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual 4073 currently possesses. Such abstract shall be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the 4074 request is accompanied by appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer 4075 with a Virginia affiliate of Compeer.

4076 23. Upon the request of the Department of Environmental Quality for the purpose of obtaining4077 vehicle owner data in connection with enforcement actions involving on-road testing of motor vehicles,4078 pursuant to § 46.2-1178.1.

4079 24. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with a 4080 Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information 4081 supplied by a Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by a Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross is different 4082 4083 from that contained in the Department's records, provide the Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross 4084 with correct information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in 4085 the form of an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions 4086 or revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract 4087 shall be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the request is accompanied by 4088 appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with a 4089 Virginia chapter of the American Red Cross.

4090 25. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with a 4091 Virginia chapter of the Civil Air Patrol, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information 4092 supplied by a Virginia chapter of the Civil Air Patrol with that contained in the Department's records 4093 and, when the information supplied by a Virginia chapter of the Civil Air Patrol is different from that 4094 contained in the Department's records, provide the Virginia chapter of the Civil Air Patrol with correct 4095 information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of 4096 an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall 4097 4098 be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the request is accompanied by appropriate 4099 written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with a Virginia chapter of 4100 the Civil Air Patrol.

4101 26. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with 4102 Faith in Action, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by Faith in Action 4103 with that contained in the Department's records and, when the information supplied by Faith in Action is 4104 different from that contained in the Department's records, provide Faith in Action with correct 4105 information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of 4106 an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions or 4107 revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract shall 4108 be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the request is accompanied by appropriate 4109 written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer vehicle operator with Faith in Action.

4110 27. On the written request of the surviving spouse or child of a deceased person or the executor or
4111 administrator of a deceased person's estate, the Department shall, if the deceased person had been issued
4112 a driver's license or special identification card by the Department, supply the requestor with a hard copy
4113 image of any photograph of the deceased person kept in the Department's records.

4114 28. On the written request of any person who has applied to be a volunteer with a Virginia Council
4115 of the Girl Scouts of the USA, the Commissioner shall (i) compare personal information supplied by a
4116 Virginia Council of the Girl Scouts of the USA with that contained in the Department's records and,
4117 when the information supplied by a Virginia Council of the Girl Scouts of the USA is different from

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4118 that contained in the Department's records, provide a Virginia Council of the Girl Scouts of the USA 4119 with correct information as contained in the Department's records and (ii) provide driver information in the form of an abstract of the applicant's record showing all convictions, accidents, license suspensions 4120 4121 or revocations, and any type of driver's license that the individual currently possesses. Such abstract 4122 shall be provided at a fee that is one-half the normal charge if the request is accompanied by 4123 appropriate written evidence that the person has applied to be a volunteer with the Virginia Council of 4124 the Girl Scouts of the USA.

4125 C. Whenever the Commissioner issues an order to suspend or revoke the driver's license or driving 4126 privilege of any individual, he may notify the National Driver Register Service operated by the United 4127 States Department of Transportation and any similar national driver information system and provide 4128 whatever classes of information the authority may require.

D. Accident reports may be inspected under the provisions of §§ 46.2-379 and 46.2-380.

4130 E. Whenever the Commissioner takes any licensing action pursuant to the provisions of the Virginia 4131 Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.), he may provide information to the Commercial 4132 Driver License Information System, or any similar national commercial driver information system, 4133 regarding such action.

4134 F. In addition to the foregoing provisions of this section, vehicle information may also be inspected 4135 under the provisions of §§ 46.2-633, 46.2-644.02, 46.2-644.03, and §§ 46.2-1200.1 through 46.2-1237.

4136 G. The Department may promulgate regulations to govern the means by which personal, vehicle, and 4137 driver information is requested and disseminated.

4138 H. Driving records of any person accused of an offense involving the operation of a motor vehicle 4139 shall be provided by the Commissioner upon request to any person acting as counsel for the accused. If 4140 such counsel is from the public defender's office or has been appointed by the court, such records shall 4141 be provided free of charge.

4142 I. The Department shall maintain the records of persons convicted of violations of § 18.2-36.2, 4143 subsection B of § 29.1-738, and §§ 29.1-738.02, 29.1-738.2, and 29.1-738.4 which shall be forwarded by 4144 every general district court or circuit court or the clerk thereof, pursuant to § 46.2-383. Such records 4145 shall be electronically available to any law-enforcement officer as provided for under clause (ii) of 4146 subdivision B 9.

4147 J. Whenever the Commissioner issues a certificate of title for a motor vehicle, he may notify the 4148 National Motor Vehicle Title Information System, or any other nationally recognized system providing 4149 similar information, or any entity contracted to collect information for such system, and may provide 4150 whatever classes of information are required by such system. 4151

§ 46.2-334.01. Licenses issued to persons less than 19 years old subject to certain restrictions.

4152 A. Any learner's permit or driver's license issued to any person less than 18 years old shall be 4153 subject to the following:

4154 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 46.2-498, whenever the driving record of a person less than 4155 19 years old shows that he has been convicted of committing, when he was less than 18 years old, (i) 4156 an offense for which demerit points have been assessed or are assessable under Article 19 (§ 46.2-489 et 4157 seq.) or (ii) a violation of any provision of Article 12 (§ 46.2-1091 et seq.) or Article 13 (§ 46.2-1095 et 4158 seq.) of Chapter 10, the Commissioner shall direct such person to attend a driver improvement clinic. 4159 No safe driving points shall be awarded for such clinic attendance, nor shall any safe driving points be 4160 awarded for voluntary or court-assigned clinic attendance. Such person's parent, guardian, legal 4161 custodian, or other person standing in loco parentis may attend such clinic and receive a reduction in demerit points and/or an award of safe driving points pursuant to § 46.2-498. The provisions of this 4162 subdivision shall not be construed to prohibit awarding of safe driving points to a person less than 18 4163 years old who attends and successfully completes a driver improvement clinic without having been 4164 4165 directed to do so by the Commissioner or required to do so by a court.

2. If any person less than 19 years old is convicted a second time of committing, when he was less 4166 4167 than 18 years old, (i) an offense for which demerit points have been assessed or are assessable under 4168 Article 19 (§ 46.2-489 et seq.) or (ii) a violation of any provision of Article 12 (§ 46.2-1091 et seq.) or 4169 Article 13 (§ 46.2-1095 et seq.) of Chapter 10, the Commissioner shall suspend such person's driver's 4170 license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle for 90 days. Such suspension shall be consecutive to, and 4171 not concurrent with, any other period of license suspension, revocation, or denial. Any person who has 4172 had his driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle suspended in accordance with this 4173 subdivision may petition the juvenile and domestic relations district court of his residence for a restricted 4174 license to authorize such person to drive a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth to and from his home, 4175 his place of employment, or an institution of higher learning where he is enrolled, provided there is no 4176 other means of transportation by which such person may travel between his home and his place of 4177 employment or the institution of higher learning where he is enrolled. On such petition the court may, in 4178 its discretion, authorize the issuance of a restricted license for a period not to exceed the term of the 4179 suspension of the person's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in the Commonwealth. Such

4180 restricted license shall be valid solely for operation of a motor vehicle between such person's home and 4181 his place of employment or the institution of higher learning where he is enrolled.

4182 3. If any person is convicted a third time of committing, when he was less than 18 years old, (i) an 4183 offense for which demerit points have been assessed or are assessable under Article 19 (§ 46.2-489 et 4184 seq.) or (ii) a violation of any provision of Article 12 (§ 46.2-1091 et seq.) or Article 13 (§ 46.2-1095 et 4185 seq.) of Chapter 10, the Commissioner shall revoke such person's driver's license or privilege to operate 4186 a motor vehicle for one year or until such person reaches the age of 18 years, whichever is longer. Such 4187 revocation shall be consecutive to, and not concurrent with, any other period of license suspension, 4188 revocation, or denial.

4189 4. In no event shall any person subject to the provisions of this section be subject to the suspension 4190 or revocation provisions of subdivision 2 or 3 for multiple convictions arising out of the same 4191 transaction or occurrence.

4192 B. The initial license issued to any person younger than 18 years of age shall be deemed a 4193 provisional driver's license. Until the holder is 18 years old, a provisional driver's license shall not 4194 authorize its holder to operate a motor vehicle with more than one passenger who is less than 21 years 4195 old, unless the driver is accompanied by a parent or person acting in loco parentis provided that such 4196 person accompanying the driver is occupying the seat beside the driver and is lawfully permitted to 4197 operate a motor vehicle at the time. After the first year the provisional license is issued the holder may 4198 operate a motor vehicle with up to three passengers who are less than 21 years old when (i) the holder 4199 is driving to or from a school-sponsored activity, or (ii) a licensed driver who is at least 21 years old is 4200 occupying the seat beside the driver, or (iii) in cases of emergency. This passenger limitation, however, 4201 shall not apply to members of the driver's family or household. For the purposes of this subsection, "a member of the driver's family or household" means any of the following: (a) the driver's spouse, 4202 4203 children, stepchildren, brothers, sisters, half-brothers, half-sisters, and any individual who has a child in 4204 common with the driver, whether or not they reside in the same home with the driver; (b) the driver's 4205 brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law who reside in the same home with the driver; and (c) any individual 4206 who cohabits with the driver, and any children of such individual residing in the same home with the 4207 driver.

4208 C. The holder of a provisional driver's license shall not operate a motor vehicle on the highways of 4209 the Commonwealth between the hours of midnight and 4:00 a.m. except when driving (i) to or from a 4210 place of business where he is employed; (ii) to or from an activity that is supervised by an adult and is 4211 sponsored by a school or by a civic, religious, or public organization; (iii) accompanied by a parent, a 4212 person acting in loco parentis, or by a spouse who is 18 years old or older, provided that such person 4213 accompanying the driver is actually occupying a seat beside the driver and is lawfully permitted to 4214 operate a motor vehicle at the time; or (iv) in cases of emergency, including response by volunteer 4215 firefighters and volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services personnel to emergency calls.

4216 C1. Except in a driver emergency or when the vehicle is lawfully parked or stopped, the holder of a 4217 provisional driver's license shall not operate a motor vehicle on the highways of the Commonwealth 4218 while using any cellular telephone or any other wireless telecommunications device, regardless of 4219 whether such device is or is not hand-held.

4220 D. The provisional driver's license restrictions in subsections B, C, and C1 shall expire on the 4221 holder's eighteenth birthday. A violation of the provisional driver's license restrictions in either 4222 subsection B, C, or C1 shall constitute a traffic infraction. For a second or subsequent violation of the 4223 provisional driver's license restrictions in either subsection B, C, or C1, in addition to any other 4224 penalties that may be imposed pursuant to § 16.1-278.10, the court may suspend the juvenile's privilege 4225 to drive for a period not to exceed six months.

4226 E. A violation of subsection B, C, or C1 shall not constitute negligence, be considered in mitigation 4227 of damages of whatever nature, be admissible in evidence, or be the subject of comment by counsel in 4228 any action for the recovery of damages arising out of the operation, ownership, or maintenance of a 4229 motor vehicle, nor shall anything in this subsection change any existing law, rule, or procedure 4230 pertaining to any such civil action.

4231 F. No citation for a violation of this section shall be issued unless the officer issuing such citation 4232 has cause to stop or arrest the driver of such motor vehicle for the violation of some other provision of 4233 this Code or local ordinance relating to the operation, ownership, or maintenance of a motor vehicle or 4234 any criminal statute. 4235

§ 46.2-502. Clinic fees.

4236 A. The Department and all businesses, organizations, governmental entities or individuals certified by 4237 the Department to provide driver improvement clinic instruction may charge a fee not to exceed \$100, 4238 which shall include the processing fee set forth in subsection B of this section, to persons notified by 4239 the Department to attend a driver improvement clinic. No person shall be permitted to attend a driver 4240 improvement clinic unless the person first pays the required attendance fee to the business, organization,

4241 governmental entity or individual providing the driver improvement clinic instruction.

4242 B. All businesses, organizations, governmental entities or individuals certified by the Department to 4243 provide driver improvement clinic instruction shall collect for the Department a processing fee of \$10 4244 from each person attending a driver improvement clinic taught by such businesses, organizations, 4245 governmental entities or individuals. Such processing fee payments shall accompany the clinic rosters 4246 submitted to the Department by such businesses, organizations, governmental entities or individuals. No 4247 such processing fee, however, shall be required or collected from members of volunteer rescue 4248 squadsemergency medical services agencies and volunteer fire departments who attend such clinics in 4249 order to successfully complete training for emergency vehicle operation. All fees collected by the 4250 Department under this subsection shall be paid by the Commissioner into the state treasury and shall be 4251 set aside as a special fund to be used to meet the expenses of the Department. 4252

§ 46.2-644.2. Department's records; fees; exemption.

4253 The Department shall maintain a record of any certificate of title it issued under this article. Fees to 4254 be paid to the Department for issuance of such certificates of title shall be the same as those imposed 4255 for the titling of motor vehicles pursuant to § 46.2-627.

4256 Any all-terrain vehicle or off-road motorcycle purchased and used by a nonprofit volunteer rescue 4257 squad emergency medical services agency shall be exempt from fees imposed under this section.

4258 § 46.2-649.1:1. Registration of vehicles owned and used by volunteer emergency medical services 4259 agencies or volunteer fire departments.

4260 Upon application therefor, the Commissioner shall register and issue permanent license plates without 4261 year or month decals for display on any (i) firefighting truck, trailer, and semitrailer on which firefighting apparatus is permanently attached when any such vehicle is owned or under exclusive 4262 4263 control of a volunteer fire department or (ii) ambulance emergency medical services vehicle or other vehicle owned or used exclusively by a volunteer fire department or volunteer lifesaving or first aid 4264 4265 erew or rescue squad emergency medical services agency if any such vehicle is used exclusively as an 4266 ambulance or lifesaving and first aid emergency medical services vehicle and is not rented, leased, or lent to any private individual, firm, or corporation, and no charge is made by the organization for the 4267 use of the vehicle. The equipment shall be painted a distinguishing color and conspicuously display in 4268 4269 letters and figures not less than three inches in height the identity of the volunteer fire department, 4270 lifesaving or first aid crew or rescue squad or volunteer emergency medical services agency having 4271 control of its operation. 4272

No fee shall be charged for any vehicle registration or license plate issuance under this section.

4273 § 46.2-694. (Contingent expiration date) Fees for vehicles designed and used for transportation 4274 of passengers; weights used for computing fees; burden of proof.

4275 A. The annual registration fees for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers designed and used for the 4276 transportation of passengers on the highways in the Commonwealth are:

4277 1. Thirty-three dollars for each private passenger car or motor home if the passenger car or motor 4278 home weighs 4,000 pounds or less, provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for 4279 compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a 4280 chauffeur.

4281 2. Thirty-eight dollars for each passenger car or motor home which weighs more than 4,000 pounds, 4282 provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used 4283 for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur.

4284 3. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a private motor vehicle other than a 4285 motorcycle with a normal seating capacity of more than 10 adults including the driver if the private motor vehicle is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used 4286 4287 for rent or for hire or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur. In no case shall the fee be less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 4288 4289 pounds.

4290 4. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a school bus. In no case shall the fee be 4291 less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 4292 pounds.

4293 5. Twenty-three dollars for each trailer or semitrailer designed for use as living quarters for human 4294 beings.

4295 6. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.30 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, 4296 trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of passengers, operating either intrastate or interstate. 4297 Interstate common carriers of interstate passengers may elect to be licensed and pay the fees prescribed 4298 in subdivision 7 of this subsection on submission to the Commissioner of a declaration of operations and 4299 equipment as he may prescribe. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more 4300 than 4,000 pounds.

4301 7. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, 4302 trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of interstate passengers if election is made to be licensed

4303 under this subsection. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds. In lieu of the foregoing fee of \$0.70 per 100 pounds, a motor carrier of passengers, operating 4304 4305 two or more vehicles both within and outside the Commonwealth and registered for insurance purposes 4306 with the Surface Transportation Board of the United States Department of Transportation, Federal 4307 Highway Administration, may apply to the Commissioner for prorated registration. Upon the filing of 4308 such application, in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe, the Commissioner shall apportion the 4309 registration fees provided in this subsection so that the total registration fees to be paid for such vehicles 4310 of such carrier shall be that proportion of the total fees, if there were no apportionment, that the total 4311 number of miles traveled by such vehicles of such carrier within the Commonwealth bears to the total 4312 number of miles traveled by such vehicles within and outside the Commonwealth. Such total mileage in 4313 each instance is the estimated total mileage to be traveled by such vehicles during the license year for 4314 which such fees are paid, subject to the adjustment in accordance with an audit to be made by 4315 representatives of the Commissioner at the end of such license year, the expense of such audit to be 4316 borne by the carrier being audited. Each vehicle passing into or through Virginia shall be registered and 4317 licensed in Virginia and the annual registration fee to be paid for each such vehicle shall not be less 4318 than \$33. For the purpose of determining such apportioned registration fees, only those motor vehicles, 4319 trailers, or semitrailers operated both within and outside the Commonwealth shall be subject to inclusion 4320 in determining the apportionment provided for herein.

8. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.80 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer
or semitrailer kept or used for rent or for hire or operated under a lease without a chauffeur for the
transportation of passengers. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs more than
4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

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4329 10. Eighteen dollars for a motorcycle, with or without a sidecar. To this fee shall be added a surcharge of \$3 which shall be distributed as provided in § 46.2-1191.

4331 10a. Fourteen dollars for a moped, to be paid into the state treasury and set aside as a special fund to4332 be used to meet the expenses of the Department.

11. Twenty-three dollars for a bus used exclusively for transportation to and from church school, for the purpose of religious instruction, or church, for the purpose of divine worship. If the empty weight of the vehicle exceeds 4,000 pounds, the fee shall be \$28.

4336 12. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for other passenger-carrying4337 vehicles.

4338 13. An additional fee of \$4.25 per year shall be charged and collected at the time of registration of
4339 each pickup or panel truck and each motor vehicle under subdivisions 1 through 12 of this subsection.
4340 All funds collected from \$4 of the \$4.25 fee shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be set aside
4341 as a special fund to be used only for emergency medical service services purposes. The moneys in the
4342 special emergency medical services fund shall be distributed as follows:

4343 a. Two percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to provide funding to the
4344 Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads to be used solely for the purpose of conducting
4345 volunteer recruitment, retention and training activities;

4346 b. Thirty percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to support (i) emergency 4347 medical services training programs (excluding advanced life support classes); (ii) advanced life support training; (iii) recruitment and retention programs (all funds for such support shall be used to recruit and 4348 4349 retain volunteer emergency medical services personnel only, including public awareness campaigns, 4350 technical assistance programs, and similar activities); (iv) emergency medical services system 4351 development, initiatives, and priorities based on needs identified by the State Emergency Medical 4352 Services Advisory Board; (v) local, regional, and statewide performance contracts for emergency medical services to meet the objectives stipulated in § 32.1-111.3; (vi) technology and radio communication 4353 4354 enhancements; and (vii) improved emergency preparedness and response. Any funds set aside for 4355 distribution under this provision and remaining undistributed at the end of any fiscal year shall revert to 4356 the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

4357 c. Thirty-two percent shall be distributed to the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

d. Ten percent shall be available to the State Department of Health's Office of Emergency MedicalServices for use in emergency medical services; and

e. Twenty-six percent shall be returned by the Comptroller to the locality wherein such vehicle is
registered, to provide funding for training of volunteer or salaried emergency medical services
personnel of licensed, nonprofit emergency medical services agencies *that hold a valid permit issued by the Commissioner of Health* and for the purchase of necessary equipment and supplies for use in such

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4364 locality for licensed, nonprofit emergency medical and rescue services provided by nonprofit emergency
 4365 medical services agencies that hold a valid permit issued by the Commissioner of Health.

4366 All revenues generated by the remaining \$0.25 of the \$4.25 fee approved by the 2008 Session of the
4367 General Assembly shall be deposited into the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund and used only to pay for
4368 the costs associated with the certification and recertification training of emergency medical services
4369 personnel.

4370 The Comptroller shall clearly designate on the warrant, check, or other means of transmitting these 4371 funds that such moneys are only to be used for purposes set forth in this subdivision. Such funds shall 4372 be in addition to any local appropriations and local governing bodies shall not use these funds to 4373 supplant local funds. Each local governing body shall report annually to the Board of Health on the use 4374 of the funds returned to it pursuant to this section. In any case in which the local governing body grants 4375 the funds to a regional emergency medical services council to be distributed to the licensed, nonprofit 4376 emergency medical and rescue services, the local governing body shall remain responsible for the proper 4377 use of the funds. If, at the end of any fiscal year, a report on the use of the funds returned to the 4378 locality pursuant to this section for that year has not been received from a local governing body, any 4379 funds due to that local governing body for the next fiscal year shall be retained until such time as the 4380 report has been submitted to the Board.

4381 B. All motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers registered as provided in subsection B of § 46.2-646
4382 shall pay a registration fee equal to one-twelfth of all fees required by subsection A of this section or
4383 § 46.2-697 for such motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, computed to the nearest cent, multiplied by the
4384 number of months in the registration period for such motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers.

4385 C. The manufacturer's shipping weight or scale weight shall be used for computing all fees required4386 by this section to be based upon the weight of the vehicle.

4387 D. The applicant for registration bears the burden of proof that the vehicle for which registration is4388 sought is entitled by weight, design, and use to be registered at the fee tendered by the applicant to the4389 Commissioner or to his authorized agent.

4390 § 46.2-694. (Contingent effective date) Fees for vehicles designed and used for transportation of 4391 passengers; weights used for computing fees; burden of proof.

4392 A. The annual registration fees for motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers designed and used for the 4393 transportation of passengers on the highways in the Commonwealth are:

4394 1. Twenty-three dollars for each private passenger car or motor home if the passenger car or motor
4395 home weighs 4,000 pounds or less, provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for
4396 compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a
4397 chauffeur.

4398 2. Twenty-eight dollars for each passenger car or motor home which weighs more than 4,000
4399 pounds, provided that it is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire, or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur.

3. Thirty cents per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for a private motor vehicle other than a motorcycle with a normal seating capacity of more than 10 adults including the driver if the private motor vehicle is not used for the transportation of passengers for compensation and is not kept or used for rent or for hire or is not operated under a lease without a chauffeur. In no case shall the fee be less than \$23 if the vehicle weighs 4,000 pounds or less or \$28 if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds.

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4410 5. Twenty-three dollars for each trailer or semitrailer designed for use as living quarters for human beings.

6. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.30 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle,
trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of passengers, operating either intrastate or interstate.
Interstate common carriers of interstate passengers may elect to be licensed and pay the fees prescribed
in subdivision 7 of this subsection on submission to the Commissioner of a declaration of operations and
equipment as he may prescribe. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more
than 4,000 pounds.

4418 7. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, 4419 trailer, or semitrailer used as a common carrier of interstate passengers if election is made to be licensed 4420 under this subsection. An additional \$5 shall be charged if the motor vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds. In lieu of the foregoing fee of \$0.70 per 100 pounds, a motor carrier of passengers, operating 4421 two or more vehicles both within and outside the Commonwealth and registered for insurance purposes 4422 with the Surface Transportation Board of the United States Department of Transportation, Federal 4423 4424 Highway Administration, may apply to the Commissioner for prorated registration. Upon the filing of 4425 such application, in such form as the Commissioner may prescribe, the Commissioner shall apportion the

4426 registration fees provided in this subsection so that the total registration fees to be paid for such vehicles 4427 of such carrier shall be that proportion of the total fees, if there were no apportionment, that the total 4428 number of miles traveled by such vehicles of such carrier within the Commonwealth bears to the total 4429 number of miles traveled by such vehicles within and outside the Commonwealth. Such total mileage in 4430 each instance is the estimated total mileage to be traveled by such vehicles during the license year for 4431 which such fees are paid, subject to the adjustment in accordance with an audit to be made by 4432 representatives of the Commissioner at the end of such license year, the expense of such audit to be 4433 borne by the carrier being audited. Each vehicle passing into or through Virginia shall be registered and 4434 licensed in Virginia and the annual registration fee to be paid for each such vehicle shall not be less 4435 than \$33. For the purpose of determining such apportioned registration fees, only those motor vehicles, 4436 trailers, or semitrailers operated both within and outside the Commonwealth shall be subject to inclusion 4437 in determining the apportionment provided for herein.

8. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.80 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for each motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer kept or used for rent or for hire or operated under a lease without a chauffeur for the transportation of passengers. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

9. Twenty-three dollars for a taxicab or other vehicle which is kept for rent or hire operated with a chauffeur for the transportation of passengers, and which operates or should operate under permits issued by the Department as required by law. An additional fee of \$5 shall be charged if the vehicle weighs more than 4,000 pounds. This subsection does not apply to vehicles used as common carriers.

10. Eighteen dollars for a motorcycle, with or without a sidecar. To this fee shall be added a surcharge of \$3 which shall be distributed as provided in § 46.2-1191.

10a. Fourteen dollars for a moped, to be paid into the state treasury and set aside as a special fund tobe used to meet the expenses of the Department.

11. Twenty-three dollars for a bus used exclusively for transportation to and from church school, for the purpose of religious instruction, or church, for the purpose of divine worship. If the empty weight of the vehicle exceeds 4,000 pounds, the fee shall be \$28.

12. Thirteen dollars plus \$0.70 per 100 pounds or major fraction thereof for other passenger-carryingvehicles.

4455 13. An additional fee of \$4.25 per year shall be charged and collected at the time of registration of
4456 each pickup or panel truck and each motor vehicle under subdivisions 1 through 12 of this subsection.
4457 All funds collected from \$4 of the \$4.25 fee shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be set aside
4458 as a special fund to be used only for emergency medical service services purposes. The moneys in the
4459 special emergency medical services fund shall be distributed as follows:

4460 a. Two percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to provide funding to the
4461 Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads to be used solely for the purpose of conducting
4462 volunteer recruitment, retention and training activities;

4463 b. Thirty percent shall be distributed to the State Department of Health to support (i) emergency 4464 medical services training programs (excluding advanced life support classes); (ii) advanced life support training; (iii) recruitment and retention programs (all funds for such support shall be used to recruit and 4465 4466 retain volunteer emergency medical services personnel only, including public awareness campaigns, 4467 technical assistance programs, and similar activities); (iv) emergency medical services system development, initiatives, and priorities based on needs identified by the State Emergency Medical 4468 4469 Services Advisory Board; (v) local, regional, and statewide performance contracts for emergency medical 4470 services to meet the objectives stipulated in § 32.1-111.3; (vi) technology and radio communication 4471 enhancements; and (vii) improved emergency preparedness and response. Any funds set aside for 4472 distribution under this provision and remaining undistributed at the end of any fiscal year shall revert to 4473 the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

4474 c. Thirty-two percent shall be distributed to the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund;

d. Ten percent shall be available to the State Department of Health's Office of Emergency MedicalServices for use in emergency medical services; and

e. Twenty-six percent shall be returned by the Comptroller to the locality wherein such vehicle is registered, to provide funding for training of volunteer or salaried emergency medical service services personnel of licensed, nonprofit emergency medical services agencies that hold a valid permit issued by the Commissioner of Health and for the purchase of necessary equipment and supplies for use in such locality for licensed, nonprofit emergency medical and rescue services provided by nonprofit emergency medical services agencies that hold a valid permit issued by the Commissioner of Health.

All revenues generated by the remaining \$0.25 of the \$4.25 fee approved by the 2008 Session of the
General Assembly shall be deposited into the Rescue Squad Assistance Fund and used only to pay for
the costs associated with the certification and recertification training of emergency medical services
personnel.

4487 The Comptroller shall clearly designate on the warrant, check, or other means of transmitting these 4488 funds that such moneys are only to be used for purposes set forth in this subdivision. Such funds shall 4489 be in addition to any local appropriations and local governing bodies shall not use these funds to 4490 supplant local funds. Each local governing body shall report annually to the Board of Health on the use 4491 of the funds returned to it pursuant to this section. In any case in which the local governing body grants 4492 the funds to a regional emergency medical services council to be distributed to the licensed, nonprofit 4493 emergency medical and rescue services agency that holds a valid permit issued by the Commissioner of 4494 *Health*, the local governing body shall remain responsible for the proper use of the funds. If, at the end 4495 of any fiscal year, a report on the use of the funds returned to the locality pursuant to this section for 4496 that year has not been received from a local governing body, any funds due to that local governing body 4497 for the next fiscal year shall be retained until such time as the report has been submitted to the Board.

4498 B. All motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers registered as provided in subsection B of § 46.2-646 4499 shall pay a registration fee equal to one-twelfth of all fees required by subsection A of this section or 4500 § 46.2-697 for such motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, computed to the nearest cent, multiplied by the 4501 number of months in the registration period for such motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers.

4502 C. The manufacturer's shipping weight or scale weight shall be used for computing all fees required 4503 by this section to be based upon the weight of the vehicle.

D. The applicant for registration bears the burden of proof that the vehicle for which registration is 4504 4505 sought is entitled by weight, design, and use to be registered at the fee tendered by the applicant to the 4506 Commissioner or to his authorized agent. 4507

§ 46.2-698. Fees for farm vehicles.

4508 A. The fees for registration of farm motor vehicles having gross weights of 7,500 pounds or more, 4509 when such vehicles are used exclusively for farm use as defined in this section, shall be one-half of the fee per 1,000 pounds of gross weight for private carriers as calculated under the provisions of 4510 § 46.2-697 and one-half of the fee for overload permits under § 46.2-1128, but the annual registration 4511 4512 fee to be paid for each farm vehicle shall not be less than \$15. 4513

B. A farm motor vehicle is used exclusively for farm use:

4514 1. When owned by a person who is engaged either as an owner, renter, or operator of a farm of a 4515 size reasonably requiring the use of such vehicle or vehicles and when such vehicle is:

4516 a. Used in the transportation of agricultural products of the farm he is working to market, or to other 4517 points for sale or processing, or when used to transport materials, tools, equipment, or supplies which 4518 are to be used or consumed on the farm he is working, or when used for any other transportation 4519 incidental to the regular operation of such farm;

4520 b. Used in transporting forest products, including forest materials originating on a farm or incident to 4521 the regular operation of a farm, to the farm he is working or transporting for any purpose forest 4522 products which originate on the farm he is working; or

4523 c. Used in the transportation of farm produce, supplies, equipment, or materials to a farm not worked 4524 by him, pursuant to a mutual cooperative agreement.

4525 2. When the nonfarm use of such motor vehicle is limited to the personal use of the owner and his 4526 immediate family in attending church or school, securing medical treatment or supplies, or securing 4527 other household or family necessities.

C. As used in this section, the term "farm" means one or more areas of land used for the production, 4528 4529 cultivation, growing, or harvesting of agricultural products, but does not include a tree farm that is not 4530 also a nursery or Christmas tree farm, unless it is part of what otherwise is a farm. As used in this 4531 section, the term "agricultural products" means any nursery plants; Christmas trees; horticultural, 4532 viticultural, and other cultivated plants and crops; aquaculture; dairy; livestock; poultry; bee; or other 4533 farm products.

D. The first application for registration of a vehicle under this section shall be made on forms 4534 4535 provided by the Department and shall include:

1. The location and acreage of each farm on which the vehicle to be registered is to be used;

4537 2. The type of agricultural commodities, poultry, dairy products or livestock produced on such farms 4538 and the approximate amounts produced annually;

4539 3. A statement, signed by the vehicle's owner, that the vehicle to be registered will only be used for 4540 one or more of the purposes specified in subsection B of this section; and 4541

4. Other information required by the Department.

The above information is not required for the renewal of a vehicle's registration under this section.

4543 E. The Department shall issue appropriately designated license plates for those motor vehicles 4544 registered under this section. The manner in which such license plates are designated shall be at the 4545 discretion of the Commissioner.

4546 F. The owner of a farm vehicle shall inform the Commissioner within 30 days or at the time of his 4547 next registration renewal, whichever comes first, when such vehicle is no longer used exclusively for 4548 farm use as defined in this section, and shall pay the appropriate registration fee for the vehicle based

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on its type of operation. It shall constitute a Class 2 misdemeanor to: (i) operate or to permit the 4549 4550 operation of any farm motor vehicle for which the fee for registration and license plates is herein 4551 prescribed on any highway in the Commonwealth without first having paid the prescribed registration 4552 fee; or (ii) operate or permit the operation of any motor vehicle, registered under this section, for 4553 purposes other than as provided under subsection B of this section; or (iii) operate as a for-hire vehicle.

4554 G. Nothing in this section shall affect the exemptions of agricultural and horticultural vehicles under 4555 §§ 46.2-664 through 46.2-670.

4556 H. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, vehicles licensed under this section may be used 4557 by volunteer rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel and volunteer firefighters in responding to emergency calls, in reporting for regular duty, and in attending squad emergency medical 4558 4559 services agency or fire company meetings and drills. 4560

§ 46.2-726. License plates with reserved numbers or letters; fees.

4561 The Commissioner may, in his discretion, reserve license plates with certain registration numbers or 4562 letters or combinations thereof for issuance to persons requesting license plates so numbered and 4563 lettered.

4564 License plates with reserved numbers or letters may be issued for and displayed on vehicles operated 4565 as ambulances by private ambulance services emergency medical services vehicles operated by 4566 emergency medical services agencies.

4567 The annual fee or, in the case of permanent license plates for trailers and semitrailers, the one-time 4568 fee, for the issuance of any license plates with reserved numbers or letters shall be ten dollars \$10 plus 4569 the prescribed fee for state license plates. If those license plates with reserved numbers or letters are 4570 subject to an additional fee beyond the prescribed fee for state license plates, the fee for such special 4571 license plates with reserved numbers or letters shall be ten dollars \$10 plus the additional fee for the 4572 special license plates plus the prescribed fee for state license plates.

4573 The annual fee for reissuing license plates with the same combination of letters and numbers as 4574 license plates that were previously issued but not renewed shall be ten dollars \$10 plus the prescribed 4575 fee for state license plates. If those license plates are special license plates subject to an additional fee 4576 beyond the prescribed fee for state license plates, the fee shall be ten dollars \$10 plus the additional fee 4577 for the special license plates plus the prescribed fee for state license plates.

4578 § 46.2-735. Special license plates for members of volunteer emergency medical services agencies 4579 and members of volunteer emergency medical services agency auxiliaries; fees.

4580 The Commissioner, on application, shall supply members of volunteer rescue squads emergency 4581 *medical services agencies* and members of volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency 4582 auxiliaries special license plates bearing the letters "R S" followed by numbers or letters or any 4583 combination thereof.

4584 Only one application shall be required from each volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 4585 agency or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency auxiliary. The application shall 4586 contain the names and residence addresses of all members members of the volunteer emergency medical 4587 services agency and members of the volunteer emergency medical services agency auxiliary who request 4588 license plates. The Commissioner shall charge the prescribed cost of state license plates for each set of 4589 license plates issued under this section.

4590 § 46.2-752. Taxes and license fees imposed by counties, cities, and towns; limitations on 4591 amounts; disposition of revenues; requiring evidence of payment of personal property taxes and 4592 certain fines; prohibiting display of licenses after expiration; failure to display valid local license 4593 required by other localities; penalty.

A. Except as provided in § 46.2-755, counties, cities, and towns may levy and assess taxes and 4594 4595 charge license fees on motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers. However, none of these taxes and 4596 license fees shall be assessed or charged by any county on vehicles owned by residents of any town 4597 located in the county when such town constitutes a separate school district if the vehicles are already 4598 subject to town license fees and taxes, nor shall a town charge a license fee to any new resident of the 4599 town, previously a resident of a county within which all or part of the town is situated, who has 4600 previously paid a license fee for the same tax year to such county. The amount of the license fee or tax 4601 imposed by any county, city, or town on any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall not be greater 4602 than the annual or one-year fee imposed by the Commonwealth on the motor vehicle, trailer, or 4603 semitrailer. The license fees and taxes shall be imposed in such manner, on such basis, for such periods, 4604 and subject to proration for fractional periods of years, as the proper local authorities may determine.

4605 Owners or lessees of motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers who have served outside of the United 4606 States in the armed services of the United States shall have a 90-day grace period, beginning on the date 4607 they are no longer serving outside the United States, in which to comply with the requirements of this section. For purposes of this section, "the armed services of the United States" includes active duty 4608 service with the regular Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard or other reserve 4609

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4611 Local licenses may be issued free of charge for any or all of the following:

4612 1. Vehicles powered by clean special fuels as defined in § 46.2-749.3, including dual-fuel and bi-fuel 4613 vehicles.

4614 2. Vehicles owned by volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services agencies,

4615 3. Vehicles owned by volunteer fire departments,

4. Vehicles owned or leased by active members or active auxiliary members of volunteer rescue 4616 4617 squads emergency medical services agencies,

4618 5. Vehicles owned or leased by active members or active auxiliary members of volunteer fire 4619 departments.

4620 6. Vehicles owned or leased by auxiliary police officers,

4621 7. Vehicles owned or leased by volunteer police chaplains,

4622 8. Vehicles owned by surviving spouses of persons qualified to receive special license plates under 4623 § 46.2-739, 4624

9. Vehicles owned or leased by auxiliary deputy sheriffs or volunteer deputy sheriffs,

10. Vehicles owned by persons qualified to receive special license plates under § 46.2-739,

4626 11. Vehicles owned by any of the following who served at least 10 years in the locality: former members of volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services agencies, former members of volunteer 4627 4628 fire departments, former auxiliary police officers, members and former members of authorized police 4629 volunteer citizen support units, members and former members of authorized sheriff's volunteer citizen 4630 support units, former volunteer police chaplains, and former volunteer special police officers appointed 4631 under § 15.2-1737. In the case of active members of volunteer rescue squads emergency medical services 4632 agencies and active members of volunteer fire departments, applications for such licenses shall be accompanied by written evidence, in a form acceptable to the locality, of their active affiliation or 4633 4634 membership, and no member of an emergency medical services agency or member of a volunteer fire 4635 *department* shall be issued more than one such license free of charge, 4636

12. All vehicles having a situs for the imposition of licensing fees under this section in the locality,

4637 13. Vehicles owned or leased by deputy sheriffs; however, no deputy sheriff shall be issued more 4638 than one such license free of charge,

14. Vehicles owned or leased by police officers; however, no police officer shall be issued more than 4639 4640 one such license free of charge,

15. Vehicles owned or leased by officers of the State Police; however, no officer of the State Police 4641 4642 shall be issued more than one such license free of charge,

4643 16. Vehicles owned or leased by salaried firefighters; however, no salaried firefighter shall be issued 4644 more than one such license free of charge,

17. Vehicles owned or leased by salaried emergency medical technicians services personnel; however 4645 4646 no salaried emergency medical technician services personnel shall be issued more than one such license 4647 free of charge,

4648 18. Vehicles with a gross weight exceeding 10,000 pounds owned by museums officially designated 4649 by the Commonwealth,

4650 19. Vehicles owned by persons, or their surviving spouses, qualified to receive special license plates 4651 under subsection A of § 46.2-743, and

4652 20. Vehicles owned or leased by members of the Virginia Defense Force; however, no member of 4653 the Virginia Defense Force shall be issued more than one such license free of charge.

4654 The governing body of any county, city, or town issuing licenses under this section may by ordinance provide for a 50 percent reduction in the fee charged for the issuance of any such license 4655 4656 issued for any vehicle owned or leased by any person who is 65 years old or older. No such discount, however, shall be available for more than one vehicle owned or leased by the same person. 4657

4658 The governing body of any county, city, or town issuing licenses free of charge under this subsection 4659 may by ordinance provide for (i) the limitation, restriction, or denial of such free issuance to an 4660 otherwise qualified applicant, including without limitation the denial of free issuance to a taxpayer who 4661 has failed to timely pay personal property taxes due with respect to the vehicle and (ii) the grounds for 4662 such limitation, restriction, or denial.

4663 The situs for the imposition of licensing fees under this section shall in all cases, except as 4664 hereinafter provided, be the county, city, or town in which the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is 4665 normally garaged, stored, or parked. If it cannot be determined where the personal property is normally garaged, stored, or parked, the situs shall be the domicile of its owner. In the event the owner of the 4666 motor vehicle is a full-time student attending an institution of higher education, the situs shall be the 4667 4668 domicile of such student, provided the student has presented sufficient evidence that he has paid a 4669 personal property tax on the motor vehicle in his domicile.

4670 B. The revenue derived from all county, city, or town taxes and license fees imposed on motor 4671 vehicles, trailers, or semitrailers shall be applied to general county, city, or town purposes.

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4672 C. A county, city, or town may require that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be locally 4673 licensed until the applicant has produced satisfactory evidence that all personal property taxes on the 4674 motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to be licensed have been paid and satisfactory evidence that any 4675 delinquent motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer personal property taxes owing have been paid which 4676 have been properly assessed or are assessable against the applicant by the county, city, or town. A 4677 county, city, or town may also provide that no motor vehicle license shall be issued unless the tangible 4678 personal property taxes properly assessed or assessable by that locality on any tangible personal property 4679 used or usable as a dwelling titled by the Department of Motor Vehicles and owned by the taxpayer 4680 have been paid. Any county and any town within any such county may by agreement require that all 4681 personal property taxes assessed by either the county or the town on any vehicle be paid before 4682 licensure of such vehicle by either the county or the town.

4683 C1. The Counties of Dinwiddie, Lee, and Wise may, by ordinance or resolution adopted after public 4684 notice and hearing and, with the consent of the treasurer, require that no license may be issued under 4685 this section unless the applicant has produced satisfactory evidence that all fees, including delinquent 4686 fees, payable to such county or local solid waste authority, for the disposal of solid waste pursuant to 4687 the Virginia Water and Waste Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5100 et seq.), or pursuant to § 15.2-2159, have 4688 been paid in full. For purposes of this subsection, all fees, including delinquent fees, payable to a county 4689 for waste disposal services described herein, shall be paid to the treasurer of such county; however, in 4690 Wise County, the fee shall be paid to the county or its agent.

D. The Counties of Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William and towns within them and any city may require that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be licensed by that jurisdiction unless all fines owed to the jurisdiction by the owner of the vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer for violation of the jurisdiction's ordinances governing parking of vehicles have been paid. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles owned by firms or companies in the business of renting motor vehicles.

4696 E. If in any county imposing license fees and taxes under this section, a town therein imposes like 4697 fees and taxes on vehicles of owners resident in the town, the owner of any vehicle subject to the fees 4698 or taxes shall be entitled, on the owner's displaying evidence that he has paid the fees or taxes, to 4699 receive a credit on the fees or taxes imposed by the county to the extent of the fees or taxes he has paid 4700 to the town. Nothing in this section shall deprive any town now imposing these licenses and taxes from 4701 increasing them or deprive any town not now imposing them from hereafter doing so, but subject to the 4702 limitations provided in subsection D. The governing body of any county and the governing body of any 4703 town in that county wherein each imposes the license tax herein provided may provide mutual 4704 agreements so that not more than one license plate or decal in addition to the state plate shall be 4705 required.

4706 F. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection E, in a consolidated county wherein a tier-city exists, 4707 the tier-city may, in accordance with the provisions of the agreement or plan of consolidation, impose 4708 license fees and taxes under this section in addition to those fees and taxes imposed by the county, 4709 provided that the combined county and tier-city rates do not exceed the maximum provided in 4710 subsection A. No credit shall be allowed on the fees or taxes imposed by the county for fees or taxes 4711 paid to the tier-city, except as may be provided by the consolidation agreement or plan. The governing 4712 body of any county and the governing body of any tier-city in such county wherein each imposes the 4713 license tax herein may provide by mutual agreement that no more than one license plate or decal in 4714 addition to the state license plate shall be required.

4715 G. Any county, city, or town may by ordinance provide that it shall be unlawful for any owner or 4716 operator of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer (i) to fail to obtain and, if any required by such 4717 ordinance, to display the local license required by any ordinance of the county, city or town in which 4718 the vehicle is registered, or (ii) to display upon a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer any such local 4719 license, required by ordinance to be displayed, after its expiration date. The ordinance may provide that 4720 a violation shall constitute a misdemeanor the penalty for which shall not exceed that of a Class 4 4721 misdemeanor and may, in the case of a motor vehicle registered to a resident of the locality where such 4722 vehicle is registered, authorize the issuance by local law-enforcement officers of citations, summonses, parking tickets, or uniform traffic summonses for violations. Any such ordinance may also provide that 4723 4724 a violation of the ordinance by the registered owner of the vehicle may not be discharged by payment of 4725 a fine except upon presentation of satisfactory evidence that the required license has been obtained. 4726 Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a county, city, or town to issue a decal or any other 4727 tangible evidence of a local license to be displayed on the licensed vehicle if the county's, city's, or 4728 town's ordinance does not require display of a decal or other evidence of payment. No ordinance 4729 adopted pursuant to this section shall require the display of any local license, decal, or sticker on any 4730 vehicle owned by a public service company, as defined in § 56-76, having a fleet of at least 2,500 4731 vehicles garaged in the Commonwealth.

4732 H. Except as provided by subsections E and F, no vehicle shall be subject to taxation under the

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provisions of this section in more than one jurisdiction. Furthermore, no person who has purchased a
local vehicle license, decal, or sticker for a vehicle in one county, city, or town and then moves to and
garages his vehicle in another county, city, or town shall be required to purchase another local license,
decal, or sticker from the county, city, or town to which he has moved and wherein his vehicle is now
garaged until the expiration date of the local license, decal, or sticker issued by the county, city, or town
from which he moved.

4739 I. Purchasers of new or used motor vehicles shall be allowed at least a 10-day grace period,4740 beginning with the date of purchase, during which to pay license fees charged by local governments4741 under authority of this section.

4742 J. The treasurer or director of finance of any county, city, or town may enter into an agreement with 4743 the Commissioner whereby the Commissioner will refuse to issue or renew any vehicle registration of 4744 any applicant therefor who owes to such county, city or town any local vehicle license fees or 4745 delinquent tangible personal property tax or parking citations. Before being issued any vehicle registration or renewal of such license or registration by the Commissioner, the applicant shall first 4746 4747 satisfy all such local vehicle license fees and delinquent taxes or parking citations and present evidence 4748 satisfactory to the Commissioner that all such local vehicle license fees and delinquent taxes or parking 4749 citations have been paid in full. The Commissioner shall charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs of 4750 such enforcement action, and the treasurer or director of finance may add the cost of this fee to the 4751 delinquent tax bill or the amount of the parking citation. The treasurer or director of finance of any 4752 county, city, or town seeking to collect delinquent taxes or parking citations through the withholding of 4753 registration or renewal thereof by the Commissioner as provided for in this subsection shall notify the 4754 Commissioner in the manner provided for in his agreement with the Commissioner and supply to the 4755 Commissioner information necessary to identify the debtor whose registration or renewal is to be denied. Any agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall provide the debtor notice 4756 4757 of the intent to deny renewal of registration at least 30 days prior to the expiration date of a current 4758 vehicle registration. For the purposes of this subsection, notice by first-class mail to the registrant's 4759 address as maintained in the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles shall be deemed sufficient. In 4760 the case of parking violations, the Commissioner shall only refuse to issue or renew the vehicle 4761 registration of any applicant therefor pursuant to this subsection for the vehicle that incurred the parking 4762 violations. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles owned by firms or companies in 4763 the business of renting motor vehicles.

4764 K. The governing bodies of any two or more counties, cities, or towns may enter into compacts for 4765 the regional enforcement of local motor vehicle license requirements. The governing body of each 4766 participating jurisdiction may by ordinance require the owner or operator of any motor vehicle, trailer, 4767 or semitrailer to display on his vehicle a valid local license issued by another county, city, or town that 4768 is a party to the regional compact, provided that the owner or operator is required by the jurisdiction of 4769 situs, as provided in § 58.1-3511, to obtain and display such license. The ordinance may also provide 4770 that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be locally licensed until the applicant has produced 4771 satisfactory evidence that (i) all personal property taxes on the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to be 4772 licensed have been paid to all participating jurisdictions and (ii) any delinquent motor vehicle, trailer, or 4773 semitrailer personal property taxes that have been properly assessed or are assessable by any participating jurisdiction against the applicant have been paid. Any city and any county having the urban 4774 4775 county executive form of government, the counties adjacent to such county and towns within them may 4776 require that no motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be licensed by that jurisdiction or any other 4777 jurisdiction in the compact unless all fines owed to any participating jurisdiction by the owner of the 4778 vehicle for violation of any participating jurisdiction's ordinances governing parking of vehicles have 4779 been paid. The ordinance may further provide that a violation shall constitute a misdemeanor the penalty 4780 for which shall not exceed that of a Class 4 misdemeanor. Any such ordinance may also provide that a 4781 violation of the ordinance by the owner of the vehicle may not be discharged by payment of a fine and 4782 applicable court costs except upon presentation of satisfactory evidence that the required license has 4783 been obtained. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles owned by firms or 4784 companies in the business of renting motor vehicles.

L. In addition to the taxes and license fees permitted in subsection A, counties, cities, and towns may
charge a license fee of no more than \$1 per motor vehicle, trailer, and semitrailer. Except for the
provisions of subsection B, such fee shall be subject to all other provisions of this section. All funds
collected pursuant to this subsection shall be paid pursuant to \$ 51.1-1204 to the Volunteer Firefighters'
and Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund to the accounts of all members of the Fund who are
volunteers for fire departments or rescue squads emergency medical services agencies within the
jurisdiction of the particular county, city, or town.

4792 § 46.2-818. Stopping vehicle of another; blocking access to premises; damaging or threatening 4793 commercial vehicle or operator thereof; penalties.

4794 No person shall intentionally and willfully:

4795 1. Stop the vehicle of another for the sole purpose of impeding its progress on the highways, except4796 in the case of an emergency or mechanical breakdown;

4797 2. Block the access to or egress from any premises of any service facility operated for the purposes
4798 of (i) selling fuel for motor vehicles, (ii) performing repair services on motor vehicles, or (iii) furnishing
4799 food, rest, or any other convenience for the use of persons operating motor vehicles engaged in
4800 intrastate and interstate commerce on the highways of this *the* Commonwealth;

4801 3. Damage any vehicle engaged in commerce on the highways of this *the* Commonwealth, or
4802 threaten, assault, or otherwise harm the person of any operator of a motor vehicle being used for the
4803 transportation of property for hire.

4804 Any person violating any provision of this section shall be *is* guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, and
4805 in addition, his driver's license may be suspended by the court for a period of not more than one year.
4806 The court shall forward such license to the Department as provided by § 46.2-398.

4807 The provisions of this section shall not apply to any law-enforcement officer, school guard, fire
4808 fighter firefighter, or member of a rescue squad emergency medical services personnel engaged in the
4809 performance of his duties nor to any vehicle owned or controlled by the Virginia Department of
4810 Transportation while engaged in the construction, reconstruction, or maintenance of highways.

§ 46.2-915.1. All-terrain vehicles and off-road motorcycles; penalty.

A. No all-terrain vehicle shall be operated:

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4813 1. On any public highway, or other public property, except (i) as authorized by proper authorities (ii)
4814 to the extent necessary to cross a public highway by the most direct route, or (iii) by law-enforcement
4815 officers, firefighters, or rescue squad emergency medical services personnel responding to emergencies;

4816 2. By any person under the age of 16, except that (i) children between the ages of 12 and 16 may operate all-terrain vehicles powered by engines of no more than 90 cubic centimeters displacement and (ii) children less than 12 years old may operate all-terrain vehicles powered by engines of no more than 70 cubic centimeters displacement;

4820 3. By any person unless he is wearing a protective helmet of a type approved by the Superintendent4821 of State Police for use by motorcycle operators;

4822 4. On another person's property without the written consent of the owner of the property or as explicitly authorized by law; or

4824 5. With a passenger at any time, unless such all-terrain vehicle is designed and equipped to be operated with more than one rider.

4826 B. Notwithstanding subsection A, all-terrain vehicles may be operated on the highways in Buchanan4827 County and Tazewell County if the following conditions are met:

1. Such operation is approved by action of the Buchanan County Board of Supervisors for operation along the Pocahontas Trail on Bill Young Mountain and across Virginia Route 635 in Buchanan County and approved by action of the Tazewell County Board of Supervisors for operation along the Pocahontas Trail in and between the Town of Pocahontas and Boissevain; across Virginia Routes 644, 663, 659, 627, 734, and 747; within the corporate limits of the Town of Pocahontas in Tazewell County; and across property of the Virginia Department of Corrections in Tazewell County, provided that permission is granted for such operation pursuant to § 2.2-1150;

4835 2. Signs, whose design, number, and location are approved by the Virginia Department of
4836 Transportation, have been posted warning motorists that all-terrain vehicles may be operating on the
4837 highway;

4838 3. Such all-terrain vehicles are operated during daylight hours on the highway for no more than one mile between one off-road trail and another;

4840 4. Signs required by this subsection are purchased and installed by the person or club requesting the4841 Board of Supervisors' approval for such over-the-road operation of all-terrain vehicles;

4842 5. All-terrain vehicles operators shall, when operating on the highway, obey all rules of the road applicable to other motor vehicles;

4844 6. Riders of such all-terrain vehicles shall wear approved helmets; and

4845 7. Such all-terrain vehicles shall operate at speeds of no more than 25 miles per hour.

4846 No provision of this subsection shall be construed to require all-terrain vehicles operated on a highway as provided in this subsection to comply with lighting requirements contained in this title.

4848 C. Any retailer selling any all-terrain vehicle shall affix thereto, or verify that there is affixed thereto,
4849 a decal or sticker, approved by the Superintendent of State Police, which clearly and completely states
4850 the prohibition contained in subsection A of this section.

4851 D. A violation of this section shall not constitute negligence, be considered in mitigation of damages
4852 of whatever nature, be admissible in evidence or be the subject of comment by counsel in any action for
4853 the recovery of damages arising out of the operation, ownership, or maintenance of an all-terrain vehicle
4854 or off-road motorcycle, nor shall anything in this section change any existing law, rule, or procedure
4855 pertaining to any such civil action, nor shall this section bar any claim which otherwise exists.

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4856 E. Violation of any provision of this section shall be punishable by a civil penalty of not more than 4857 \$500.

4858 F. The provisions of this section shall not apply: 4859

1. To any all-terrain vehicle being used in conjunction with farming activities; or

4860 2. To members of the household or employees of the owner or lessee of private property on which 4861 the all-terrain vehicle is operated.

4862 G. For the purposes of this section, "all-terrain vehicle" shall have the meaning ascribed in 4863 § 46.2-100.

4864 § 46.2-920. Certain vehicles exempt from regulations in certain situations; exceptions and 4865 additional requirements.

4866 A. The driver of any emergency vehicle, when such vehicle is being used in the performance of 4867 public services, and when such vehicle is operated under emergency conditions, may, without subjecting 4868 himself to criminal prosecution: 4869

1. Disregard speed limits, while having due regard for safety of persons and property;

4870 2. Proceed past any steady or flashing red signal, traffic light, stop sign, or device indicating moving 4871 traffic shall stop if the speed of the vehicle is sufficiently reduced to enable it to pass a signal, traffic 4872 light, or device with due regard to the safety of persons and property; 4873

3. Park or stop notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter;

4874 4. Disregard regulations governing a direction of movement of vehicles turning in specified directions 4875 so long as the operator does not endanger life or property;

5. Pass or overtake, with due regard to the safety of persons and property, another vehicle at any 4876 4877 intersection;

4878 6. Pass or overtake with due regard to the safety of persons and property, while en route to an 4879 emergency, stopped or slow-moving vehicles, by going to the left of the stopped or slow-moving vehicle 4880 either in a no-passing zone or by crossing the highway centerline; or

4881 7. Pass or overtake with due regard to the safety of persons and property, while en route to an 4882 emergency, stopped or slow-moving vehicles, by going off the paved or main traveled portion of the 4883 roadway on the right. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, vehicles exempted in this 4884 instance will not be required to sound a siren or any device to give automatically intermittent signals.

4885 B. The exemptions granted to emergency vehicles by subsection A in subdivisions A1, A3, A4, A5, 4886 and A6 shall apply only when the operator of such vehicle displays a flashing, blinking, or alternating 4887 emergency light or lights as provided in §§ 46.2-1022 and 46.2-1023 and sounds a siren, exhaust 4888 whistle, or air horn designed to give automatically intermittent signals, as may be reasonably necessary. 4889 The exemption granted under subdivision A 2 shall apply only when the operator of such emergency 4890 vehicle displays a flashing, blinking, or alternating emergency light or lights as provided in §§ 46.2-1022 4891 and 46.2-1023 and either (a) sounds a siren, exhaust whistle, or air horn designed to give automatically 4892 intermittent signals or (b) slows the vehicle down to a speed reasonable for the existing conditions, 4893 yields right-of-way to the driver of another vehicle approaching or entering the intersection from another 4894 direction or, if required for safety, brings the vehicle to a complete stop before proceeding with due 4895 regard for the safety of persons and property. In addition, the exemptions granted to emergency vehicles 4896 by subsection A shall apply only when there is in force and effect for such vehicle either (i) standard 4897 motor vehicle liability insurance covering injury or death to any person in the sum of at least \$100,000 4898 because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident and, subject to the limit for one 4899 person, to a limit of \$300,000 because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one 4900 accident, and to a limit of \$20,000 because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one 4901 accident or (ii) a certificate of self-insurance issued pursuant to § 46.2-368. Such exemptions shall not, 4902 however, protect the operator of any such vehicle from criminal prosecution for conduct constituting reckless disregard of the safety of persons and property. Nothing in this section shall release the operator 4903 4904 of any such vehicle from civil liability for failure to use reasonable care in such operation. 4905

C. For the purposes of this section, the term "emergency vehicle" shall mean:

4906 1. Any law-enforcement vehicle operated by or under the direction of a federal, state, or local 4907 law-enforcement officer (i) in the chase or apprehension of violators of the law or persons charged with 4908 or suspected of any such violation or (ii) in response to an emergency call;

4909 2. Any regional detention center vehicle operated by or under the direction of a correctional officer 4910 responding to an emergency call or operating in an emergency situation;

4911 3. Any vehicle used to fight fire, including publicly owned state forest warden vehicles, when 4912 traveling in response to a fire alarm or emergency call;

4913 4. Any ambulance, rescue, or life-saving emergency medical services vehicle designed or used for the 4914 principal purpose of supplying resuscitation or emergency relief providing emergency medical services 4915 where human life is endangered;

4916 5. Any Department of Emergency Management vehicle or Office of Emergency Medical Services 4917 vehicle, when responding to an emergency call or operating in an emergency situation;

4918 6. Any Department of Corrections vehicle designated by the Director of the Department of 4919 Corrections, when (i) responding to an emergency call at a correctional facility, (ii) participating in a 4920 drug-related investigation, (iii) pursuing escapees from a correctional facility, or (iv) responding to a 4921 request for assistance from a law-enforcement officer; and

4922 7. Any vehicle authorized to be equipped with alternating, blinking, or flashing red or red and white 4923 secondary warning lights under the provisions of § 46.2-1029.2.

4924 D. Any law-enforcement vehicle operated by or under the direction of a federal, state, or local 4925 law-enforcement officer may disregard speed limits, while having due regard for safety of persons and 4926 property, (i) in testing the accuracy of speedometers of such vehicles, (ii) in testing the accuracy of 4927 speed measuring devices specified in § 46.2-882, or (iii) in following another vehicle for the purpose of 4928 determining its speed.

4929 E. A Department of Environmental Quality vehicle, while en route to an emergency and with due 4930 regard to the safety of persons and property, may overtake and pass stopped or slow-moving vehicles by 4931 going off the paved or main traveled portion of the highway on the right or on the left. These 4932 Department of Environmental Quality vehicles shall not be required to sound a siren or any device to 4933 give automatically intermittent signals, but shall display red or red and white warning lights when 4934 performing such maneuvers.

4935 F. Any law-enforcement vehicle operated by or under the direction of a federal, state, or local 4936 law-enforcement officer while conducting a funeral escort, wide-load escort, dignitary escort, or any 4937 other escort necessary for the safe movement of vehicles and pedestrians may, without subjecting 4938 himself to criminal prosecution:

4939 1. Disregard speed limits, while having due regard for safety of persons and property;

4940 2. Proceed past any steady or flashing red signal, traffic light, stop sign, or device indicating moving 4941 traffic shall stop if the speed of the vehicle is sufficiently reduced to enable it to pass a signal, traffic 4942 light, or device with due regard for the safety of persons and property;

4943 3. Park or stop notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter;

4944 4. Disregard regulations governing a direction of movement of vehicles turning in specified directions 4945 so long as the operator does not endanger life or property; or

4946 5. Pass or overtake, with due regard for the safety of persons and property, another vehicle.

4947 Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, vehicles exempted in this subsection may sound a 4948 siren or any device to give automatically intermittent signals.

4949 § 46.2-921. Following or parking near fire apparatus or emergency medical services vehicle.

4950 It shall be unlawful, in any county, city, or town for the driver of any vehicle, other than one on 4951 official business, to follow any fire apparatus or rescue squad emergency medical services vehicle 4952 traveling in response to a fire alarm or emergency call at any distance closer than 500 feet to such 4953 apparatus or rescue squad emergency medical services vehicle or to park such vehicle within 500 feet of 4954 where fire apparatus has stopped in answer to a fire alarm. 4955

§ 46.2-1020. Other permissible lights.

4956 Any motor vehicle may be equipped with fog lights, not more than two of which can be illuminated 4957 at any time, one or two auxiliary driving lights if so equipped by the manufacturer, two daytime running 4958 lights, two side lights of not more than six candlepower, an interior light or lights of not more than 15 4959 candlepower each, and signal lights.

4960 The provision of this section limiting interior lights to no more than 15 candlepower shall not apply 4961 to (i) alternating, blinking, or flashing colored emergency lights mounted inside law-enforcement motor 4962 vehicles which may otherwise legally be equipped with such colored emergency lights, or (ii) flashing 4963 shielded red or red and white lights, authorized under § 46.2-1024, mounted inside vehicles owned or 4964 used by (a) members of volunteer fire companies or volunteer rescue squadsemergency medical services 4965 agencies, (b) professional fire fighters, or (c) police chaplains. A vehicle equipped with lighting devices 4966 as authorized in this section shall be operated by a police chaplain only if he has successfully completed 4967 a course of training in the safe operation of a motor vehicle under emergency conditions and a 4968 certificate attesting to such successful completion, signed by the course instructor, is carried at all times 4969 in the vehicle when operated by the police chaplain to whom the certificate applies.

4970 Unless such lighting device is both covered and unlit, no motor vehicle which is equipped with any 4971 lighting device other than lights required or permitted in this article, required or approved by the 4972 Superintendent, or required by the federal Department of Transportation shall be operated on any 4973 highway in the Commonwealth. Nothing in this section shall permit any vehicle, not otherwise 4974 authorized, to be equipped with colored emergency lights, whether blinking or steady-burning.

4975 § 46.2-1023. Flashing red or red and white warning lights.

4976 Fire apparatus, forest warden vehicles, ambulances, rescue and life-savingemergency medical services 4977 vehicles, vehicles of the Department of Emergency Management, vehicles of the Department of 4978 Environmental Quality, vehicles of county, city, or town Departments of Emergency Management,

4979 vehicles of the Office of Emergency Medical Services, animal warden vehicles, and vehicles used by 4980 security personnel of the Northrop Grumman Shipbuilding, Inc., Bassett-Walker, Inc., the Winchester 4981 Medical Center, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's Wallops Flight Facility, and, 4982 within those areas specified in their orders of appointment, by special conservators of the peace and 4983 policemen for certain places appointed pursuant to §§ 19.2-13 and 19.2-17 may be equipped with 4984 flashing, blinking, or alternating red or red and white combination warning lights of types approved by 4985 the Superintendent. Such warning lights may be of types constructed within turn signal housings or 4986 motorcycle headlight housings, subject to approval by the Superintendent.

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§ 46.2-1024. Flashing or steady-burning red or red and white warning lights.

4988 Any member of a fire department, volunteer fire company, or volunteer rescue squad, any ambulance 4989 driver employed by a privately owned ambulance service emergency medical services agency, and any 4990 police chaplain may equip one vehicle owned by him with no more than two flashing or steady-burning 4991 red or red and white combination warning lights of types approved by the Superintendent. Warning 4992 lights permitted by this section shall be lit only when answering emergency calls. A vehicle equipped 4993 with lighting devices as authorized in this section shall be operated by a police chaplain only if he has 4994 successfully completed a course of training in the safe operation of a motor vehicle under emergency 4995 conditions and a certificate attesting to such successful completion, signed by the course instructor, is 4996 carried at all times in the vehicle when operated by the police chaplain to whom the certificate applies. 4997

§ 46.2-1025. Flashing amber, purple, or green warning lights.

4998 A. The following vehicles may be equipped with flashing, blinking, or alternating amber warning 4999 lights of types approved by the Superintendent: 5000

1. Vehicles used for the principal purpose of towing or servicing disabled vehicles;

2. Vehicles used in constructing, maintaining, and repairing highways or utilities on or along public 5001 5002 highways:

5003 3. Vehicles used for the principal purpose of removing hazardous or polluting substances from state 5004 waters and drainage areas on or along public highways, or state vehicles used to perform other 5005 state-required environmental activities, provided that the amber lights are not lit while the vehicle is in 5006 motion;

5007 4. Vehicles used for servicing automatic teller machines, provided the amber lights are not lit while 5008 the vehicle is in motion:

5009 5. Vehicles used in refuse collection, provided the amber lights are lit only when the vehicles are 5010 engaged in refuse collection operations; 5011

6. Vehicles used by individuals for emergency snow-removal purposes;

5012 7. Hi-rail vehicles, provided the amber lights are lit only when the vehicles are operated on railroad 5013 rails:

5014 8. Fire apparatus, ambulances, and rescue and life-saving and emergency medical services vehicles, 5015 provided the amber lights are used in addition to lights permitted under § 46.2-1023 and are so mounted 5016 or installed as to be visible from behind the vehicle;

9. Vehicles owned and used by businesses providing security services, provided the amber lights are 5017 5018 not lit while the vehicle is being operated on a public highway;

5019 10. Vehicles used to collect and deliver the United States mail, provided the amber lights are lit only 5020 when the vehicle is actually engaged in such collection or delivery;

5021 11. Vehicles used to transport petroleum products, provided the amber light is mounted on the rear 5022 of the vehicle and is lit only when the vehicle's back-up lights are lit and its device producing an 5023 audible signal when the vehicle is operated in reverse gear, as provided for in § 46.2-1175.1, is in 5024 operation;

5025 12. Vehicles used by law-enforcement agency personnel in the enforcement of laws governing motor 5026 vehicle parking:

5027 13. Government-owned law-enforcement vehicles, provided the lights are used for the purpose of 5028 giving directional warning to vehicular traffic to move one direction or another and are not lit while the 5029 vehicle is in motion;

5030 14. Chase vehicles when used to unload a hot air balloon or used to load a hot air balloon after 5031 landing, provided the amber lights are not lit while the vehicle is in motion; 5032

15. Vehicles used for farm, agricultural, or horticultural purposes, or any farm tractor;

5033 16. Vehicles owned and used by construction companies operating under Virginia contractors 5034 licenses:

17. Vehicles used to lead or provide escorts for bicycle races authorized by the Department of 5035 5036 Transportation or the locality in which the race is being conducted;

5037 18. Vehicles used by radio or television stations for remote broadcasts, provided that the amber lights 5038 are not lit while the vehicle is in motion;

5039 19. Vehicles used by municipal safety officers in the performance of their official duties. For the 5040 purpose of this subdivision, "municipal safety officers" means municipal employees responsible for

5041 managing municipal safety programs and ensuring municipal compliance with safety and environmental 5042 regulatory mandates;

5043 20. Vehicles used as pace cars, security vehicles, or fire-fighting vehicles by any speedway or motor 5044 vehicle race track, provided that the amber lights are not lit while the vehicle is being operated on a 5045 public highway;

5046 21. Vehicles used in patrol work by members of neighborhood watch groups approved by the chief 5047 law-enforcement officer of the locality in their assigned neighborhood watch program area, provided that 5048 the vehicles are clearly identified as neighborhood watch vehicles, and the amber lights are not lit while 5049 the vehicle is in motion; and

5050 22. Vehicles that are not tow trucks as defined in \S 46.2-100, but are owned or controlled by a 5051 towing and recovery business, provided that the amber lights are lit only when the vehicle is being used 5052 at a towing and recovery site.

5053 B. Except as otherwise provided in this section, such amber lights shall be lit only when performing 5054 the functions which qualify them to be equipped with such lights.

5055 C. Vehicles used to lead or provide escorts for funeral processions may use either amber warning 5056 lights or purple warning lights, but amber warning lights and purple warning lights shall not simultaneously be used on the same vehicle. The Superintendent of State Police shall develop standards 5057 5058 and specifications for purple lights authorized in this subsection.

5059 D. Vehicles used by police, fire-fighting, or rescue personnel as command centers at the scene of 5060 incidents may be equipped with and use green warning lights of a type approved by the Superintendent. 5061 Such lights shall not be activated while the vehicle is operating upon the highway.

§ 46.2-1027. Warning lights on certain demonstrator vehicles.

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5063 Dealers or businesses engaged in the sale of fire, rescueemergency medical services, or 5064 law-enforcement vehicles or ambulances may, for demonstration purposes, equip such vehicles with 5065 colored warning lights.

5066 § 46.2-1028. Auxiliary lights on firefighting, Virginia Department of Transportation, and other 5067 emergency vehicles.

5068 Any fire fighting firefighting vehicle, ambulance, rescue or life-saving emergency medical services 5069 vehicle, Virginia Department of Transportation vehicle, or tow truck may be equipped with clear 5070 auxiliary lights which shall be used exclusively for lighting emergency scenes. Such lights shall be of a 5071 type approved by the Superintendent, and shall not be used in a manner which may blind or interfere 5072 with the vision of the drivers of approaching vehicles. In no event shall such lights be lighted while the 5073 vehicle is in motion.

§ 46.2-1029.2. Certain vehicles may be equipped with secondary warning lights.

5075 In addition to other lights authorized by this article any (i) fire apparatus, (ii) government-owned 5076 vehicle operated on official business by a local fire chief or other local fire official, and (iii) rescue 5077 squad vehicle, ambulance, or any other emergency medical services vehicle may be equipped with 5078 alternating, blinking, or flashing red or red and white secondary warning lights mounted inside the 5079 vehicle's taillights or marker lights of a type approved by the Superintendent of State Police. 5080

§ 46.2-1044. Cleats, etc., on tires; chains; tires with studs.

5081 No tire on a vehicle moved on a highway shall have on its periphery any block, stud, flange, cleat, 5082 spike, or any other protuberance of any material other than rubber which projects beyond the tread of 5083 the traction surface of the tire. It shall be permissible, however, to use on the highways farm machinery 5084 having protuberances which will not injure the highway and to use tire chains of reasonable proportions 5085 when required for safety because of snow, ice, or other conditions tending to cause a vehicle to slide or 5086 skid. It shall also be permissible to use on any vehicle whose gross weight does not exceed 10,000 5087 pounds tires with studs which project no more than one-sixteenth of an inch beyond the tread of the 5088 traction surface of the tire when compressed if the studs cover no more than three percent of the traction 5089 surface of the tire.

5090 The use of studded tires shall be permissible only from October 15 to April 15.

5091 The provisions of this section shall not apply to any (i) law-enforcement vehicle operated by or 5092 under the direction of a federal, state, or local law-enforcement officer; (ii) vehicle used to fight fire, 5093 including publicly owned state forest warden vehicles; (iii) ambulance, rescue, or life-saving emergency 5094 medical services vehicle; or (iv) vehicle owned or operated by the Virginia Department of 5095 Transportation or its contractors in maintenance and emergency response operations. 5096

§ 46.2-1052. Tinting films, signs, decals, and stickers on windshields, etc.; penalties.

5097 A. Except as otherwise provided in this article or permitted by federal law, it shall be unlawful for 5098 any person to operate any motor vehicle on a highway with any sign, poster, colored or tinted film, 5099 sun-shading material, or other colored material on the windshield, front or rear side windows, or rear 5100 windows of such motor vehicle. This provision, however, shall not apply to any certificate or other paper required by law or permitted by the Superintendent to be placed on a motor vehicle's windshield 5101

5102 or window.

5103 The size of stickers or decals used by counties, cities, and towns in lieu of license plates shall be in
5104 compliance with regulations promulgated by the Superintendent. Such stickers shall be affixed on the
5105 windshield at a location designated by the Superintendent.

5106 B. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, whenever a motor vehicle is equipped
5107 with a mirror on each side of such vehicle, so located as to reflect to the driver of such vehicle a view
5108 of the highway for at least 200 feet to the rear of such vehicle, any or all of the following shall be
5109 lawful:

5110 1. To drive a motor vehicle equipped with one optically grooved clear plastic right-angle rear view
5111 lens attached to one rear window of such motor vehicle, not exceeding 18 inches in diameter in the case
5112 of a circular lens or not exceeding 11 inches by 14 inches in the case of a rectangular lens, which
5113 enables the driver of the motor vehicle to view below the line of sight as viewed through the rear
5114 window;

5115 2. To have affixed to the rear side windows, rear window or windows of a motor vehicle any sticker 5116 or stickers, regardless of size; or

5117 3. To drive a motor vehicle when the driver's clear view of the highway through the rear window or 5118 windows is otherwise obstructed.

5119 C. Except as provided in § 46.2-1053, but notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section,
5120 no sun-shading or tinting film may be applied or affixed to any window of a motor vehicle unless such
5121 motor vehicle is equipped with a mirror on each side of such motor vehicle, so located as to reflect to
5122 the driver of the vehicle a view of the highway for at least 200 feet to the rear of such vehicle, and the
5123 sun-shading or tinting film is applied or affixed in accordance with the following:

5124 1. No sun-shading or tinting films may be applied or affixed to the rear side windows or rear
5125 window or windows of any motor vehicle operated on the highways of this the Commonwealth that
5126 reduce the total light transmittance of such window to less than 35 percent;

5127 2. No sun-shading or tinting films may be applied or affixed to the front side windows of any motor
5128 vehicle operated on the highways of this *the* Commonwealth that reduce total light transmittance of such window to less than 50 percent;

5130 3. No sun-shading or tinting films shall be applied or affixed to any window of a motor vehicle that5131 (i) have a reflectance of light exceeding 20 percent or (ii) produce a holographic or prism effect.

5132 Any person who operates a motor vehicle on the highways of this the Commonwealth with 5133 sun-shading or tinting films that (i) have a total light transmittance less than that required by 5134 subdivisions 1 and 2 of this subsection, (ii) have a reflectance of light exceeding 20 percent, or (iii) 5135 produce holographic or prism effects shall be is guilty of a traffic infraction but shall not be awarded 5136 any demerit points by the Commissioner for the violation.

5137 Any person or firm who applies or affixes to the windows of any motor vehicle in Virginia
5138 sun-shading or tinting films that (i) reduce the light transmittance to levels less than that allowed in
5139 subdivisions 1 and 2 of this subsection, (ii) have a reflectance of light exceeding 20 percent, or (iii)
5140 produce holographic or prism effects shall be *is* guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor for the first offense
5141 and of a Class 2 misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.

5142 D. The Division of Purchases and Supply, pursuant to § 2.2-1112, shall determine the proper
5143 standards for equipment or devices used to measure light transmittance through windows of motor
5144 vehicles. Law-enforcement officers shall use only such equipment or devices to measure light
5145 transmittance through windows that meet the standards established by the Division. Such measurements
5146 made by law-enforcement officers shall be given a tolerance of minus seven percentage points.

5147 E. No film or darkening material may be applied on the windshield except to replace the sunshield in 5148 the uppermost area as installed by the manufacturer of the vehicle.

5149 F. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the affixing to the rear window of a motor vehicle of a single sticker no larger than 20 square inches if such sticker is totally contained within the lower five inches of the glass of the rear window, nor shall subsection B of this section apply to a motor vehicle to which but one such sticker is so affixed.

5153 G. Nothing in this section shall prohibit applying to the rear side windows or rear window of any 5154 multipurpose passenger vehicle or pickup truck sun-shading or tinting films that reduce the total light 5155 transmittance of such window or windows below 35 percent.

5156 H. As used in this article:

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"Front side windows" means those windows located adjacent to and forward of the driver's seat;

5158 "Holographic effect" means a picture or image that may remain constant or change as the viewing 5159 angle is changed;

5160 "Multipurpose passenger vehicle" means any motor vehicle that is (i) designed to carry no more than
5161 10 persons and (ii) constructed either on a truck chassis or with special features for occasional off-road
5162 use;

5163 "Prism effect" means a visual, iridescent, or rainbow-like effect that separates light into various

5164 colored components that may change depending on viewing angle;

5165 "Rear side windows" means those windows located to the rear of the driver's seat;

"Rear window" or "rear windows" means those windows which are located to the rear of the 5166 passenger compartment of a motor vehicle and which are approximately parallel to the windshield. 5167

5168 I. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, sun-shading material which was applied 5169 or installed prior to July 1, 1987, in a manner and on which windows not then in violation of Virginia 5170 law, shall continue to be lawful, provided that it can be shown by appropriate receipts that such material 5171 was installed prior to July 1, 1987.

5172 J. Where a person is convicted within one year of a second or subsequent violation of this section 5173 involving the operation of the same vehicle having a tinted or smoked windshield, the court, in addition 5174 to any other penalty, may order the person so convicted to remove such tinted or smoked windshield 5175 from the vehicle.

5176 K. The provisions of this section shall not apply to law-enforcement vehicles.

5177 L. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the rear windows or rear side windows of any 5178 ambulance, rescue squad vehicle, or any other emergency medical services vehicle used to transport 5179 patients.

5180 M. The provisions of subdivision C 1 of this section shall not apply to sight-seeing carriers as 5181 defined in § 46.2-2000 and contract passenger carriers as defined in § 46.2-2000.

5182 § 46.2-1076. Lettering on certain vehicles.

5183 A. No person shall drive, cause to be driven, or permit the driving of a "for hire" motor vehicle on 5184 the highways in the Commonwealth unless the legal name or trade name of the motor carrier as defined 5185 in Chapter 20 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) or Chapter 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) operating the vehicle is plainly 5186 displayed on both sides of the vehicle. The letters and numerals in the display shall be of such size, 5187 shape, and color as to be readily legible during daylight hours from a distance of fifty 50 feet while the 5188 vehicle is not in motion. The display shall be kept legible and may take the form of a removable device 5189 which meets the identification and legibility requirements of this section.

5190 B. This section shall not apply to any motor vehicle:

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- 5191 1. Having a registered gross weight of less than 10,000 pounds;
- 5192 2. Which is used exclusively for wedding, ambulance, or funeral services; or

5193 3. Which is rented without chauffeur and operated under a valid lease which gives the lessee 5194 exclusive control of the vehicle; or 5195

4. Which is used exclusively as an emergency medical services vehicle.

5196 C. Subsection A of this section shall also apply to tow trucks used in providing service to the public 5197 for hire. For the purposes of this section, "tow truck" means any motor vehicle which is constructed and 5198 used primarily for towing, lifting, or otherwise moving disabled vehicles.

5199 D. No person shall drive on the highways in the Commonwealth a pickup or panel truck, tractor 5200 truck, trailer, or semitrailer bearing any name other than that of the vehicle's owner or lessee. However, 5201 the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to advertising material for another, displayed pursuant to 5202 a valid contract.

§ 46.2-1077.1. Mobile infrared transmitters; demerit points not to be awarded.

5204 A. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle on the highways of the 5205 Commonwealth when such vehicle is equipped with a mobile infrared transmitter or any other device or 5206 mechanism, passive or active, used to preempt or change the signal given by a traffic light so as to give 5207 the right-of-way to the vehicle equipped with such device. It shall be unlawful to use any such device or 5208 mechanism on any such motor vehicle on the highways. It shall be unlawful to sell any such device or mechanism in the Commonwealth, except for uses permitted under this section. In addition, the 5209 provisions of this section shall not apply to any law-enforcement, fire-fighting firefighting, life-saving, or 5210 5211 rescue vehicle or ambulance or emergency medical services vehicle responding to an emergency call or 5212 operating in an emergency situation or any vehicle providing public transportation service in a corridor 5213 approved for public transportation priority by the Virginia Department of Transportation or the 5214 governing body of any county, city, or town having control of the highways within its boundaries.

5215 This section shall not be construed to authorize the forfeiture to the Commonwealth of any such 5216 device or mechanism. Any such device or mechanism may be taken by the arresting officer if needed as 5217 evidence, and, when no longer needed, shall be returned to the person charged with a violation of this 5218 section, or at that person's request and his expense, mailed to an address specified by him. Any 5219 unclaimed devices may be destroyed on court order after six months have elapsed from the final date for 5220 filing an appeal.

Except as provided in subsection B of this section, the presence of any such prohibited device or 5221 5222 mechanism in or on a motor vehicle on the highways of the Commonwealth shall constitute prima facie 5223 evidence of the violation of this section. The Commonwealth need not prove that the device or 5224 mechanism in question was in an operative condition or being operated.

5225 B. A person shall not be guilty of a violation of this section when the device or mechanism in 5226 question, at the time of the alleged offense, had no power source and was not readily accessible for use 5227 by the driver or any passenger in the vehicle. 5228

C. No demerit points shall be awarded by the Commissioner for violations of this section.

5229 § 46.2-1078.1. Use of handheld personal communications devices in certain motor vehicles; 5230 exceptions; penalty.

5231 A. It is unlawful for any person to operate a moving motor vehicle on the highways in the 5232 Commonwealth while using any handheld personal communications device to:

5233 1. Manually enter multiple letters or text in the device as a means of communicating with another 5234 person; or

5235 2. Read any email or text message transmitted to the device or stored within the device, provided 5236 that this prohibition shall not apply to any name or number stored within the device nor to any caller 5237 identification information. 5238

B. The provisions of this section shall not apply to:

5239 1. The operator of any emergency vehicle while he is engaged in the performance of his official 5240 duties: 5241

2. An operator who is lawfully parked or stopped;

3. The use of factory-installed or aftermarket global positioning systems (GPS) or wireless 5242 5243 communications devices used to transmit or receive data as part of a digital dispatch system; or 5244

4. Any person using a handheld personal communications device to report an emergency.

5245 C. A violation of this section is a traffic infraction punishable, for a first offense, by a fine of \$125 5246 and, for a second or subsequent offense, by a fine of \$250. 5247

For the purposes of this section, "emergency vehicle" means:

1. Any law-enforcement vehicle operated by or under the direction of a federal, state, or local 5248 5249 law-enforcement officer;

5250 2. Any regional detention center vehicle operated by or under the direction of a correctional officer 5251 responding to an emergency call or operating in an emergency situation;

3. Any vehicle used to fight fire, including publicly owned state forest warden vehicles, when 5252 5253 traveling in response to a fire alarm or emergency call;

5254 4. Any ambulance, rescue, or life-saving emergency medical services vehicle designed or used for the 5255 principal purpose of supplying resuscitation or emergency relief emergency medical services where 5256 human life is endangered;

5257 5. Any Department of Emergency Management vehicle or Office of Emergency Medical Services 5258 vehicle, when responding to an emergency call or operating in an emergency situation;

5259 6. Any Department of Corrections vehicle designated by the Director of the Department of 5260 Corrections, when (i) responding to an emergency call at a correctional facility, (ii) participating in a 5261 drug-related investigation, (iii) pursuing escapees from a correctional facility, or (iv) responding to a request for assistance from a law-enforcement officer; and 5262

5263 7. Any vehicle authorized to be equipped with alternating, blinking, or flashing red or red and white secondary warning lights pursuant to \$ 46.2-1029.2. 5264

§ 46.2-1239. Parking in certain locations; penalty.

No person shall park a vehicle or permit it to stand, whether attended or unattended, on a highway in 5266 5267 front of a private driveway, within fifteen 15 feet of a fire hydrant or the entrance to a fire station, within fifteen 15 feet of the entrance to a plainly designated building housing rescue squad equipment or 5268 5269 ambulances emergency medical services agency, or within twenty 20 feet from the intersection of curb 5270 lines or, if none, then within fifteen 15 feet of the intersection of property lines at any highway 5271 intersection.

§ 46.2-1900. Definitions.

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5273 Unless the context otherwise requires, the following words and terms for the purpose of this chapter 5274 shall have the following meanings:

5275 "Certificate of origin" means the document provided by the manufacturer of a new T&M vehicle, or 5276 its distributor, which is the only valid indication of ownership between the manufacturer, its distributor, 5277 its franchised T&M vehicle dealers, and the original purchaser not for resale.

"Dealer-operator" means the individual who works at the established place of business of a dealer 5278 5279 and who is responsible for and in charge of day-to-day operations of that place of business.

5280 "Distributor" means a person who sells or distributes new T&M vehicles pursuant to a written 5281 agreement with the manufacturer, to franchised T&M vehicle dealers in the Commonwealth.

5282 "Distributor branch" means a branch office maintained by a distributor for the sale of T&M vehicles 5283 to T&M vehicle dealers or for directing or supervising, in whole or in part, its representatives in the 5284 Commonwealth.

5285 "Distributor representative" means a person employed by a distributor or by a distributor branch, for 5286 the purpose of making or promoting the sale of T&M vehicles or for supervising or contacting its

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5287 dealers, prospective dealers, or representatives in the Commonwealth.

5288 "Factory branch" means a branch office maintained by a person for the sale of T&M vehicles to 5289 distributors or for the sale of T&M vehicles to T&M vehicle dealers, or for directing or supervising, in 5290 whole or in part, its representatives in the Commonwealth.

5291 "Factory representative" means a person employed by a person who manufactures or assembles T&M 5292 vehicles, or by a factory branch for the purpose of making or promoting the sale of its T&M vehicles, 5293 or for supervising or contacting its dealers, prospective dealers, or representatives in the Commonwealth.

5294 "Factory repurchase T&M vehicle" means a T&M vehicle sold, leased, rented, consigned, or 5295 otherwise transferred to a person under an agreement that the T&M vehicle will be resold or otherwise 5296 retransferred only to the manufacturer or distributor of the T&M vehicle, and which is reacquired by the 5297 manufacturer or distributor, or its agents.

5298 "Family member" means a person who either (i) is the spouse, child, grandchild, spouse of a child, 5299 spouse of a grandchild, brother, sister, or parent of the dealer or owner, or (ii) has been employed 5300 continuously by the dealer for at least five years.

5301 "Franchise" means a written contract or agreement between two or more persons whereby one 5302 person, the franchisee, is granted the right to engage in the business of offering and selling, servicing, or 5303 offering, selling, and servicing new T&M vehicles of a particular line-make or late model or factory 5304 repurchase T&M vehicles of a particular line-make manufactured or distributed by the grantor of the 5305 right, the franchisor, and where the operation of the franchisee's business is substantially associated with 5306 the franchisor's trademark, trade name, advertising, or other commercial symbol designating the 5307 franchisor, the T&M vehicle or its manufacturer or distributor. The term shall include any severable part 5308 or parts of a franchise agreement which separately provides for selling and servicing different line-makes 5309 of the franchisor.

5310 "Franchised late model or factory repurchase T&M vehicle dealer" means a dealer in late model or 5311 factory repurchase T&M vehicles, including a franchised new T&M vehicle dealer, that has a franchise 5312 agreement with a manufacturer or distributor of the line-make of the late model or factory repurchase 5313 T&M vehicles.

5314 "Franchised T&M vehicle dealer" or "franchised dealer" means a dealer in new T&M vehicles that 5315 has a franchise agreement with a manufacturer or distributor of new T&M vehicles.

5316 "Independent T&M vehicle dealer" means a dealer in used T&M vehicles.

5317 "Late model T&M vehicle" means a T&M vehicle of the current model year and the immediately 5318 preceding model year.

5319 "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the business of constructing or assembling new T&M 5320 vehicles or a person engaged in the business of manufacturing engines, power trains, or rear axles, when 5321 such engines, power trains, or rear axles are not warranted by the final manufacturer or assembler of the 5322 motor home.

5323 "Motor home" means a motor vehicle with a normal seating capacity of not more than ten persons, 5324

including the driver, designed primarily for use as living quarters for human beings. "Motor vehicle dealer," "motor vehicle manufacturer," "motor vehicle factory branch," "motor vehicle 5325 5326 distributor," "motor vehicle distributor branch," "motor vehicle factory representative," and "motor 5327 vehicle distributor representative" mean the same as provided in § 46.2-1500.

5328 "New T&M vehicle" means any T&M vehicle which (i) has not been previously sold except in good 5329 faith for the purpose of resale, (ii) has not been used as a rental, driver education, or demonstration 5330 T&M vehicle, or for the personal and business transportation of the manufacturer, distributor, dealer, or 5331 any of his employees, (iii) has not been used except for limited use necessary in moving or road testing the T&M vehicle prior to delivery to a customer, (iv) is transferred by a certificate of origin, and (v) has 5332 5333 the manufacturer's certification that it conforms to all applicable federal T&M vehicle safety and 5334 emission standards. Notwithstanding provisions (i) and (iii), a T&M vehicle that has been previously 5335 sold but not titled shall be deemed a new T&M vehicle if it meets the requirements of provisions (ii), 5336 (iv), and (v) of this definition.

5337 "Original license" means a T&M vehicle dealer license issued to an applicant who has never been 5338 licensed as a T&M vehicle dealer in Virginia or whose Virginia T&M vehicle dealer license has been 5339 expired for more than thirty days. 5340

"Relevant market area" means as follows:

5341 1. In metropolitan localities with a population of 250,000, the relevant market area shall be a circular 5342 area around an existing franchised dealer not to exceed a radius of ten miles, but in no case less than 5343 seven miles.

5344 2. If the population in an area within a radius of ten miles around an existing franchised dealer is 5345 less than 250,000, but the population in an area within a radius of fifteen miles around an existing 5346 franchised dealer is 150,000 or more, the relevant market area shall be that area within the fifteen-mile 5347 radius.

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5348 3. In all other cases the relevant market area shall be an area within a radius of twenty miles around 5349 an existing franchised dealer or the area of responsibility defined in the franchise, whichever is greater. 5350 In any case where the franchise agreement is silent as to area responsibility, the relevant market area 5351 shall be the greater of an area within a radius of twenty miles around an existing franchised dealer or 5352 that area in which the franchisor otherwise requires the franchisee to make significant retail sales or 5353 sales efforts.

5354 In determining population for this definition, the most recent census by the U.S. Bureau of the 5355 Census or the most recent population update, either from the National Planning Data Corporation or other similar recognized source, shall be accumulated for all census tracts either wholly or partially 5356 5357 within the relevant market area.

5358 "Retail installment sale" means every sale of one or more T&M vehicles to a buyer for his use and 5359 not for resale, in which the price of the T&M vehicle is payable in one or more installments and in 5360 which the seller has either retained title to the goods or has taken or retained a security interest in the 5361 goods under form of contract designated either as a security agreement, conditional sale, bailment lease, 5362 chattel mortgage, or otherwise.

5363 "Sale at retail" or "retail sale" means the act or attempted act of selling, bartering, exchanging, or 5364 otherwise disposing of a T&M vehicle to a buyer for his personal use and not for resale.

"Sale at wholesale" or "wholesale" means a sale to T&M vehicle dealers or wholesalers other than to 5365 5366 consumers, or a sale to one who intends to resell.

"T&M vehicle" means motor homes and travel trailers as defined in this section. 5368

"T&M vehicle dealer" or "dealer" means any person who:

5369 1. For commission, money, or other thing of value, buys, sells, exchanges, either outright or on 5370 conditional sale, bailment lease, chattel mortgage, or otherwise or arranges or offers or attempts to solicit or negotiate on behalf of others a sale, purchase, or exchange of an interest in new T&M vehicles, new and used T&M vehicles, or used T&M vehicles alone, whether or not the T&M vehicles 5371 5372 5373 are owned by him;

5374 2. Is wholly or partly engaged in the business of selling new T&M vehicles, new and used T&M 5375 vehicles, or used T&M vehicles only, whether or not the T&M vehicles are owned by him; or

5376 3. Offers to sell, sells, displays, or permits the display for sale, of five or more T&M vehicles within 5377 any twelve consecutive months. 5378

The term "T&M vehicle dealer" does not include:

5379 1. Receivers, trustees, administrators, executors, guardians, conservators or other persons appointed 5380 by or acting under judgment or order of any court or their employees when engaged in the specific 5381 performance of their duties as employees. 5382

2. Public officers, their deputies, assistants, or employees, while performing their official duties.

5383 3. Persons other than business entities primarily engaged in the leasing or renting of T&M vehicles 5384 to others when selling or offering such vehicles for sale at retail, disposing of T&M vehicles acquired 5385 for their own use and actually so used, when the T&M vehicles have been so acquired and used in good 5386 faith and not for the purpose of avoiding the provisions of this chapter.

5387 4. Persons dealing solely in the sale and distribution of fire-fighting equipment, 5388 ambulancesemergency medical services vehciles, and funeral vehicles, including T&M vehicles adapted 5389 therefor; however, this exemption shall not exempt any person from the provisions of §§ 46.2-1919, 5390 46.2-1920 and 46.2-1949.

5391 5. Any financial institution chartered or authorized to do business under the laws of the 5392 Commonwealth or the United States which may have received title to a T&M vehicle in the normal 5393 course of its business by reason of a foreclosure, other taking, repossession, or voluntary reconveyance 5394 to that institution occurring as a result of any loan secured by a lien on the T&M vehicle.

5395 6. An employee of an organization arranging for the purchase or lease by the organization of T&M 5396 vehicles for use in the organization's business.

5397 7. Any person licensed to sell real estate who sells a manufactured home or similar vehicle in 5398 conjunction with the sale of the parcel of land on which the manufactured home or similar vehicle is 5399 located.

5400 8. Any person who permits the operation of a T&M vehicle show or permits the display of T&M 5401 vehicles for sale by any T&M vehicle dealer licensed under this chapter.

5402 9. An insurance company authorized to do business in the Commonwealth that sells or disposes of 5403 T&M vehicles under a contract with its insured in the regular course of business.

5404 10. Any publication, broadcast, or other communications media when engaged in the business of 5405 advertising, but not otherwise arranging for the sale of T&M vehicles owned by others.

5406 11. Any person dealing solely in the sale or lease of T&M vehicles designed exclusively for off-road 5407 use.

12. Any credit union authorized to do business in Virginia, provided the credit union does not 5408 5409 receive a commission, money, or other thing of value directly from a T&M vehicle dealer.

5410 13. Any person licensed as a manufactured home dealer, broker, manufacturer, or salesperson under 5411 Chapter 4.2 (§ 36-85.16 et seq.) of Title 36.

5412 "T&M vehicle salesperson" or "salesperson" means any person who is licensed as and employed as a 5413 salesperson by a T&M vehicle dealer to sell or exchange T&M vehicles.

5414 "T&M vehicle show" means a display of T&M vehicles to the general public at a location other than 5415 a dealer's location licensed under this chapter where the T&M vehicles are not being offered for sale or 5416 exchange during or as part of the display.

5417 "Travel trailer" means a vehicle designed to provide temporary living quarters of such size or weight 5418 as not to require special highway movement permits when towed by a motor vehicle and having a gross 5419 trailer area less than 320 square feet.

5420 "Used T&M vehicle" means any T&M vehicle other than a new T&M vehicle as defined in this 5421 section.

5422 "Wholesale auction" means an auction of T&M vehicles restricted to sales at wholesale.

5423 § 46.2-2000.1. Vehicles excluded from operation of chapter.

5424 This chapter shall not be construed to include:

5425 1. Motor vehicles employed solely in transporting school children and teachers;

5426 2. Taxicabs, or other motor vehicles performing bona fide taxicab service, having a seating capacity 5427 of not more than six passengers, excluding the driver, while operating in a county, city, or town which 5428 has or adopts an ordinance regulating and controlling taxicabs and other vehicles performing a bona fide 5429 taxicab service, and not operating on a regular route or between fixed termini;

5430 3. Motor vehicles owned or operated by or on behalf of hotels while used exclusively for the 5431 transportation of hotel patronage between hotels and local railroad or other common carrier stations;

5432 4. Motor vehicles owned and operated by the United States, the District of Columbia, or any state, or 5433 any municipality or any other political subdivision of this Commonwealth, including passenger-carrying 5434 motor vehicles while being operated under an exclusive contract with the United States;

5435 5. Any motor vehicle designed with a seating capacity for and used to transport not more than fifteen 5436 passengers, including the driver, if the driver and the passengers are engaged in a share-the-ride 5437 undertaking and if they share not more than the expenses of operation of the vehicle. Regular payments 5438 toward a capital recovery fund not exceeding the cost of the vehicle or used to pay for leasing the 5439 vehicle are to be considered eligible expenses of operation;

5440 6. Unless otherwise provided, motor vehicles while used exclusively in the transportation of 5441 passengers within the corporate limits of incorporated cities or towns, and motor vehicles used 5442 exclusively in the regular transportation of passengers within the boundaries of such cities or towns and 5443 adjacent counties where such vehicles are being operated by such county or pursuant to a contract with 5444 the board of supervisors of such county;

5445 7. Motor vehicles while operated under the exclusive regulatory control of a transportation district 5446 commission acting pursuant to Chapter 45 (§ 15.2-4500 et seq.) of Title 15.2;

5447 8. Motor vehicles used for the transportation of passengers by nonprofit, nonstock corporations 5448 funded solely by federal, state or local subsidies, the use of which motor vehicles are restricted as to 5449 regular and irregular routes to contracts with four or more counties and, at the commencement of the 5450 operation, no certificated carrier provides the same or similar services within such counties; and 5451

9. AmbulancesEmergency medical services vehciles as defined in § 32.1-111.1.

§ 51.1-153. Service retirement.

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5453 A. Normal retirement. - Any member in service at his normal retirement date with five or more years 5454 of creditable service may retire at any time upon written notification to the Board setting forth the date 5455 the retirement is to become effective. Any member in service who was denied membership prior to July 5456 1, 1987, as a result of being age 60 or over when first employed may retire at any time after his normal 5457 retirement date and the requirement of having five or more years of service shall not apply.

5458 B. Early retirement. - 1. Any member in service who has attained his fifty-fifth birthday with five or 5459 more years of creditable service may retire prior to his normal retirement date upon written notification 5460 to the Board setting forth the date the retirement is to become effective.

5461 However, a person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, or a member who does not 5462 have at least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013, under this chapter shall be allowed 5463 to retire under this subdivision prior to his normal retirement date only if the person is in service and 5464 has attained his sixtieth birthday with five or more years of creditable service, and the benefit for such 5465 person shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of subdivision A 3 of § 51.1-155.

5466 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 3, any state employee, teacher, or employee of a political 5467 subdivision who is a member of the retirement system may retire prior to his normal retirement date 5468 after attaining age 50 and 30 years of creditable service, upon written notification to the Board setting 5469 forth the date the retirement is to become effective. The benefit for such member shall be calculated in 5470 accordance with the provisions of subdivision A 1 of § 51.1-155.

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5471 3. A person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, or a member who does not have at 5472 least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013, as a state employee, teacher, or employee of a political subdivision may retire prior to his normal retirement date after the sum of his age and years 5473 5474 of creditable service equals 90, upon written notification to the Board setting forth the date the 5475 retirement is to become effective. The benefit for such member shall be calculated in accordance with 5476 the provisions of subdivision A 1 of § 51.1-155.

5477 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a political subdivision by legally adopted resolution may declare to 5478 the Board that, for purposes of subdivisions B 1 and B 3 and subsection D, and subdivision A 3 of 5479 § 51.1-155, any person who is employed as a firefighter, emergency medical technician services 5480 personnel, or law-enforcement officer as those terms are defined in § 15.2-1512.2 (i) shall not be considered a person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, and (ii) shall be deemed to have 5481 at least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013. Such resolution shall be irrevocable. 5482

5483 C. Deferred retirement for members terminating service. - Any member who terminates service after 5484 five or more years of creditable service, regardless of termination date, may retire under the provisions 5485 of subsection A, B, or D of this section if he has not withdrawn his accumulated contributions prior to 5486 the effective date of his retirement or if he has five or more years of creditable service for which his 5487 employer has paid the contributions and such contributions cannot be withdrawn. For the purposes of 5488 this subsection, any requirements as to the member being in service shall not apply.

5489 D. 50/10 retirement. - Any member in service on or after January 1, 1994, who has attained his 5490 fiftieth birthday with 10 or more years of creditable service may retire prior to his normal retirement 5491 date upon written notification to the Board setting forth the date the retirement is to become effective. A 5492 person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, or a member who does not have at least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013, shall not be allowed to retire pursuant to this 5493 5494 subsection.

5495 E. Effective date of retirement. - The effective date of retirement shall be after the last day of service 5496 of the member, but shall not be more than 90 days prior to the filing of the notice of retirement.

5497 F. Notification on behalf of member. - If the member is physically or mentally unable to submit 5498 written notification of his intention to retire, the member's appointing authority may submit notification 5499 on his behalf. 5500

§ 51.1-155. Service retirement allowance.

5501 A. Retirement allowance. - A member shall receive an annual retirement allowance, payable for life, 5502 as follows:

5503 1. Normal retirement. - The allowance shall equal 1.70 percent of his average final compensation 5504 multiplied by the amount of his creditable service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, for a member who (i) 5505 is a person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, or (ii) does not have at least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013, the allowance shall equal the sum of (a) 1.65 percent of his 5506 5507 average final compensation multiplied by the amount of his creditable service performed or purchased 5508 on or after January 1, 2013, and (b) 1.70 percent of his average final compensation multiplied by the 5509 amount of all other creditable service.

5510 2. Early retirement; applicable to teachers, state employees, and certain others. - The allowance shall 5511 be determined in the same manner as for normal retirement with creditable service and average final 5512 compensation being determined as of the date of actual retirement. If the member has less than 30 years 5513 of service at retirement, the amount of the retirement allowance shall be reduced on an actuarial 5514 equivalent basis for the period by which the actual retirement date precedes the earlier of (i) his normal 5515 retirement date or (ii) the first date on which he would have completed a total of 30 years of creditable 5516 service. The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to teachers and state employees. These provisions 5517 shall also apply to employees of any political subdivision that participates in the retirement system if the 5518 political subdivision makes the election provided in subdivision 3.

5519 3. Early retirement; applicable to employees of certain political subdivisions, any person who 5520 becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, and any member who does not have at least 60 months of 5521 creditable service as of January 1, 2013. - The allowance shall be determined in the same manner as for 5522 normal retirement with creditable service and average final compensation being determined as of the 5523 date of actual retirement. If the creditable service of the member equals 30 or more years but the sum of 5524 his age at retirement plus his creditable service at retirement is less than 90, the amount of the 5525 retirement allowance shall be reduced on an actuarial equivalent basis for the period by which the actual 5526 retirement date precedes the earlier of (i) his normal retirement date or (ii) the first date on which the sum of his then attained age plus his then creditable service would have been equal to 90 or more had 5527 he remained in service until such date. If the member has less than 30 years of creditable service, the 5528 5529 retirement allowance shall be reduced for the period by which the actual retirement date precedes the earlier of (i) his normal retirement date or (ii) the first date on which he would have completed a total 5530 of at least 30 years of creditable service and his then creditable service plus his then attained age would 5531 5532 have been equal to 90 or more.

5533 The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to the employees of any political subdivision that 5534 participates in the retirement system and any other employees as provided by law. The participating 5535 political subdivision may, however, elect to provide its employees with the early retirement allowance 5536 set forth in subdivision 2. No such election shall be made for a person who becomes a member on or 5537 after July 1, 2010, or a member who does not have at least 60 months of creditable service as of 5538 January 1, 2013. Any election pursuant to this subdivision shall be set forth in a legally adopted 5539 resolution.

5540 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a political subdivision by legally adopted resolution may declare to 5541 the Board that, for purposes of this subdivision, subdivisions B 1 and B 3 and subsection D of 5542 § 51.1-153, any person who is employed as a firefighter, emergency medical technician services 5543 personnel, or law-enforcement officer as those terms are defined in § 15.2-1512.2 (i) shall not be 5544 considered a person who becomes a member on or after July 1, 2010, and (ii) shall be deemed to have 5545 at least 60 months of creditable service as of January 1, 2013. Such resolution shall be irrevocable.

5546 4. Additional allowance. - In addition to the allowance payable under subdivisions 1, 2, and 3, a 5547 member shall receive an additional allowance which shall be the actuarial equivalent, for his attained 5548 age at the time of retirement, of the excess of his accumulated contributions transferred from the 5549 abolished system to the retirement system, including interest credited at the rate of two percent 5550 compounded annually since the transfer to the date of retirement, over the annual amounts equal to four 5551 percent of his annual creditable compensation at the date of abolishment for a period equal to his period 5552 of membership in the abolished system.

5553 5. 50/10 retirement. - The allowance shall be payable in a monthly stream of payments equal to the 5554 greater of (i) the actuarial equivalent of the benefit the member would have received had he terminated 5555 service and deferred retirement to age 55 or (ii) the actuarially calculated present value of the member's 5556 accumulated contributions, including accrued interest.

B. Beneficiary serving in position covered by this title.

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5558 1. Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and 3, if a beneficiary of a service retirement allowance 5559 under this chapter or the provisions of Chapters 2 (§ 51.1-200 et seq.), 2.1 (§ 51.1-211 et seq.), or 3 (§ 51.1-300 et seq.) is at any time in service as an employee in a position covered for retirement 5560 5561 purposes under the provisions of this or any chapter other than Chapter 6 (§ 51.1-600 et seq.), 6.1 5562 (§ 51.1-607 et seq.), or 7 (§ 51.1-700 et seq.), his retirement allowance shall cease while so employed. 5563 Any member who retires and later returns to covered employment shall not be entitled to select a 5564 different retirement option for a subsequent retirement.

5565 2. Active members of the General Assembly who are eligible to receive a retirement allowance under 5566 this title, excluding their service as a member of the General Assembly, shall be eligible to receive a 5567 retirement allowance based on their creditable service and average final compensation for service other 5568 than as a member of the General Assembly. Such members of the General Assembly shall continue to 5569 be reported as any other members of the retirement system. Upon ceasing to serve in the General 5570 Assembly, members of the General Assembly receiving a retirement allowance based on their creditable 5571 service and average final compensation for service other than as a member of the General Assembly 5572 shall have their retirement allowance recomputed prospectively to include their service as a member of 5573 the General Assembly. Active members of the General Assembly shall be prohibited from receiving a 5574 service retirement allowance under this title based solely on their service as a member of the General 5575 Assembly.

5576 3. (Expires July 1, 2015) Any person receiving a service retirement allowance under this chapter, 5577 who is hired as a local school board instructional or administrative employee required to be licensed by the Board of Education, may elect to continue to receive the retirement allowance during such 5578 5579 employment, under the following conditions:

5580 (a) The person has been receiving such retirement allowance for a certain period of time preceding 5581 his employment as provided by law;

5582 (b) The person is not receiving a retirement benefit pursuant to an early retirement incentive program 5583 from any local school division within the Commonwealth; and

5584 (c) At the time the person is employed, the position to which he is assigned is among those 5585 identified by the Superintendent of Public Instruction pursuant to subdivision 4 of § 22.1-23, by the 5586 relevant division superintendent, pursuant to § 22.1-70.3, or by the relevant local school board, pursuant 5587 to subdivision 9 of § 22.1-79.

5588 If the person elects to continue to receive the retirement allowance during the period of such 5589 employment, then his service performed and compensation received during such period of time will not 5590 increase, decrease, or affect in any way his retirement benefits before, during, or after such employment. 5591

§ 51.1-169. Hybrid retirement program.

5592 A. For purposes of this section, "hybrid retirement program" or "program" means a hybrid retirement 5593 program covering any employee in a position covered for retirement purposes under the provisions of

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5594 Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.) for retirement purposes other than the Virginia Retirement System 5595 defined benefit retirement plan established under Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.). Except as provided in § 51.1-302, persons who are participants in, or eligible to be participants in, the retirement plans under 5596 5597 the provisions of Chapter 2 (§ 51.1-200 et seq.), Chapter 2.1 (§ 51.1-211 et seq.), Chapter 3 (§ 51.1-300 5598 et seq.), the optional retirement plans established under §§ 51.1-126.1, 51.1-126.3, 51.1-126.4, and 5599 51.1-126.7, or a person eligible to earn the benefits permitted by § 51.1-138 shall not be eligible to 5600 participate in the hybrid retirement program. Any person who is employed as a firefighter, emergency medical technician services personnel, or law-enforcement officer as those terms are defined in 5601 § 15.2-1512.2 and whose employing political subdivision has legally adopted an irrevocable resolution as 5602 described in subdivision B 4 of § 51.1-153 and subdivision A 3 of § 51.1-155 shall not be eligible to 5603 participate in the hybrid retirement program. 5604

The Board shall maintain the hybrid retirement program established by this section, and any 5605 5606 employer is authorized to make contributions under such program for the benefit of its employees 5607 participating in such program. Every person who is otherwise eligible to participate in the program but is not a member of a retirement plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System the first time he is 5608 5609 hired on or after January 1, 2014, in a covered position, shall participate in the hybrid retirement 5610 program established by this section.

A person who participates in the otherwise applicable defined benefit retirement plan established by 5611 5612 this title and administered by the Virginia Retirement System under this chapter may make an 5613 irrevocable election to participate in the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section. Such 5614 election shall be exercised no later than April 30, 2014. If an election is not made by April 30, 2014, 5615 such employee shall be deemed to have elected not to participate in the hybrid retirement program and 5616 shall continue to participate in his current retirement plan.

5617 B. 1. The employer shall make contributions to the defined benefit component of the program in 5618 accordance with § 51.1-145.

5619 2. The employer shall make a mandatory contribution to the defined contribution component of the 5620 program on behalf of an employee participating in the program in the amount of one percent of 5621 creditable compensation. In addition, the employer shall make a matching contribution on behalf of the 5622 employee based on the employee's voluntary contributions under the defined contribution component of 5623 the program to the deferred compensation plan established under § 51.1-602, up to a maximum of 2.5 5624 percent of creditable compensation for the payroll period, as follows: (i) 100 percent of the first one percent of creditable compensation contributed by the employee to the defined contribution component 5625 5626 of the program under subdivision C 2 for the payroll period, and (ii) 50 percent of the next three 5627 percent of creditable compensation contributed by the employee to the defined contribution component of the program under subdivision C 2 for the payroll period. The matching contribution by the employer 5628 5629 shall be made to the appropriate cash match plan established for the employee under § 51.1-608.

5630 3. The total amount contributed by the employer under subdivision 2 shall vest to the employee's 5631 benefit according to the following schedule: 5632

a. Upon completion of two years of continuous participation in the program, 50 percent.

b. Upon completion of three years of continuous participation in the program, 75 percent.

c. Upon completion of four years of continuous participation in the program, 100 percent.

5635 If an employee terminates employment with an employer prior to achieving 100 percent vesting, 5636 contributions made by an employer on behalf of the employee under subdivision 2 that are not vested, 5637 shall be forfeited. The Board may establish a forfeiture account and may specify the uses of the 5638 forfeiture account.

5639 4. An employee may direct the investment of contributions made by an employer under subdivision 5640 B 2.

5641 5. No loans or hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by an employer 5642 under subdivision B 2.

5643 C. 1. An employee participating in the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section shall, pursuant to procedures established by the Board, make mandatory contributions on a salary reduction 5644 5645 basis in accordance with § 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code (i) to the defined benefit component of 5646 the program in the amount of four percent of creditable compensation in lieu of the amount described in 5647 subsection A of § 51.1-144 and (ii) to the defined contribution component of the program in the amount 5648 of one percent of creditable compensation.

5649 2. An employee participating in the hybrid retirement program may also make voluntary 5650 contributions to the defined contribution component of the program of up to four percent of creditable compensation or the limit on elective deferrals pursuant to § 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, 5651 whichever is less. The contribution by the employee shall be made to the appropriate deferred 5652 5653 compensation plan established by the employee under § 51.1-602.

5654 3. If an employee's voluntary contributions under subdivision C 2 are less than four percent of 5655 creditable compensation, the contribution will increase by one-half of one percent, beginning on January

5656 1, 2017, and every three years thereafter, until the employee's voluntary contributions under subdivision C 2 reach four percent of creditable compensation. The increase will be effective beginning with the 5657 5658 first pay period that begins in such calendar year unless the employee elects not to increase the 5659 voluntary contribution in a manner prescribed by the Board.

5660 4. No loans or hardship distributions shall be available from contributions made by an employee 5661 under this subsection.

5662 D. 1. The amount of the service retirement allowance under the defined benefit component of the 5663 program shall be governed by § 51.1-155, except that the allowance shall equal one percent of a 5664 member's average final compensation multiplied by the amount of his creditable service while in the 5665 program. For judges who are participating in the hybrid retirement program, creditable service shall be 5666 determined as provided in § 51.1-303. 5667

2. No member shall retire for disability under the defined benefit component of the program.

5668 3. In all other respects, administration of the defined benefit component of the program shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.). 5669

5670 E. With respect to any employee who elects, pursuant to subsection A, to participate in the otherwise 5671 applicable defined benefit retirement plan established by this title and administered by the Virginia 5672 Retirement System, the employer shall collect and pay all employee and employer contributions to the 5673 Virginia Retirement System for retirement and group life insurance in accordance with the provisions of 5674 Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.) for such employee.

5675 F. 1. The Board shall develop policies and procedures for administering the hybrid retirement 5676 program it maintains, including the establishment of guidelines for employee elections and deferrals 5677 under the program.

5678 2. No employee who is an active member in the hybrid retirement program maintained under this 5679 section shall also be an active member of any other optional retirement plan maintained under the 5680 provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.).

5681 3. If a member of the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section is at any time in 5682 service as an employee in a position covered for retirement purposes under the provisions of Chapter 1 5683 (§ 51.1-124.1 et seq.), 2 (§ 51.1-200 et seq.), 2.1 (§ 51.1-211 et seq.), or 3 (§ 51.1-300 et seq.), his 5684 benefit payments under the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section shall be suspended 5685 while so employed; provided, however, reemployment shall have no effect on a payment under the 5686 defined contribution component of the program if the benefit is being paid in an annuity form under an 5687 annuity contract purchased with the member's account balance.

5688 4. Any administrative fee imposed pursuant to subdivision A 13 of § 51.1-124.22 on any employer 5689 for administering and overseeing the hybrid retirement program maintained under this section shall be 5690 charged for each employee participating in such program and shall be for costs incurred by the Virginia 5691 Retirement System that are directly related to the administration and oversight of such program.

5692 5. The creditable compensation for any employee on whose behalf employee or employer 5693 contributions are made into the hybrid retirement program shall not exceed the limit on compensation as 5694 adjusted by the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service pursuant to the transition provisions 5695 applicable to eligible participants under state and local governmental plans under § 401(a)(17) of the 5696 Internal Revenue Code as amended in 1993 and as contained in § 13212(d)(3) of the Omnibus Budget 5697 Reconciliation Act of 1993 (P.L. 103-66).

5698 6. The Board may contract with private corporations or institutions, subject to the standards set forth 5699 in § 51.1-124.30, to provide investment products as well as any other goods and services related to the 5700 administration of the hybrid retirement program. The Virginia Retirement System is hereby authorized to perform related services, including but not limited to, providing consolidated billing, individual and 5701 5702 collective recordkeeping and accountings, and asset purchase, control, and safekeeping.

5703 § 51.1-1200. Fund established; administration and management; Volunteer Firefighters' and 5704 **Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund Board.**

5705 There is hereby created a fund to be known and designated as the "Volunteer Firefighters' and 5706 Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund" (the Fund). The Fund is established to provide service 5707 awards to eligible volunteer firefighters and rescue squad workers volunteer emergency medical services 5708 personnel who elect to become members of the Fund. The Volunteer Firefighters' and Rescue Squad 5709 Workers' Service Award Fund Board (the Board) shall utilize the assistance of the Virginia Retirement System in establishing, investing, and maintaining the Fund. The Board of Trustees of the Virginia 5710 5711 Retirement System shall administer and manage the investment of the Fund as custodian and provide 5712 staff to further carry out the provisions of this chapter. The Virginia Retirement System shall invest the 5713 Funds in accordance with Article 3.1 (§ 51.1-124.30 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of this title. The Fund shall annually reimburse the Virginia Retirement System for all costs incurred and associated, directly and 5714 5715 indirectly, with the administration of this chapter and management and investment of the Fund.

§ 51.1-1201. Volunteer Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund Board. 5716

5717 A. The Volunteer Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Service Award Fund Board is hereby 5718 created and is to be composed of 10 members. The Director of the Virginia Retirement System shall be a member and act as chairman. The Governor shall appoint three members of the Board from a list 5719 5720 provided by the Virginia State Firefighter's Firefighters Association and three members from a list 5721 provided by the Virginia Association of Volunteer Rescue Squads. Such appointees shall be confirmed 5722 by the General Assembly and shall serve for six-year terms. No Board member appointed by the 5723 Governor shall serve more than two full consecutive terms. The Speaker of the House of Delegates shall 5724 appoint two members of the House of Delegates and the Senate Committee on Rules shall appoint one 5725 member of the Senate. Legislative members shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office.

5726 B. The Director of the Virginia Retirement System with the consent of the Board shall immediately declare the office of any nonlegislative member of the Board vacant when he finds that the member is 5727 5728 unable to perform the duties of his office or for any reason does not meet the qualifications of this 5729 section. The Governor shall appoint a new member, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly, to 5730 serve for a full or unexpired term whenever the office of a nonlegislative member becomes or is 5731 declared vacant. In any case where a new appointment is made, the person receiving the appointment 5732 shall be a (i) volunteer firefighter representative if his predecessor was a volunteer firefighter 5733 representative or (ii) volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services personnel representative if his 5734 predecessor was a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services personnel representative.

5735 C. The members of the Board shall serve without compensation; however, the nongovernmental 5736 members may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incurred in attending meetings of the Board 5737 or in acting in an official capacity for the Board.

5738 D. The first Board appointed shall meet as soon as practicable for the purpose of organizing and 5739 electing officers. Officers other than the chairman shall be elected for one-year terms. The Board shall adopt a general statement of policy and procedures. The Board shall meet at least quarterly and at such 5740 5741 special meetings as the chairman may call. The chairman may call a special meeting at any time and 5742 shall call a special meeting when requested by three or more members of the Board. No meeting shall 5743 be deemed a regular or special meeting unless a quorum is present.

5744 E. Members of the Board shall be subject to removal from office only as set forth in Article 7 5745 (§ 24.2-230 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of Title 24.2. The Circuit Court of the City of Richmond shall have 5746 exclusive jurisdiction over such removal proceedings. 5747

§ 51.1-1203. Definitions.

For purposes of this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

5749 "Creditable service" means service as an eligible volunteer plus any service credited pursuant to 5750 § 51.1-1207.

5751 "Eligible volunteer" means any volunteer rescue squad member emergency medical services 5752 *personnel*, or *any* volunteer firefighter who is a member of a bona fide volunteer rescue or emergency 5753 medical squad or fire department and who is otherwise eligible pursuant to the criteria established by the 5754 Board. 5755

"Member" means an eligible volunteer.

5756 § 51.1-1204. Application for membership in Fund; quarterly payments by members; matching 5757 payments from the general fund; payments credited to separate accounts of members.

5758 Eligible volunteers, and all persons who subsequently become eligible volunteers, may apply to the 5759 Board for membership in the Fund. Upon becoming a member of the Fund, each eligible volunteer shall 5760 pay an amount to be set by the Board per quarter into the Fund. Each quarterly payment made by a 5761 member shall be supplemented by such contribution from the general fund of the state treasury for a period not to exceed twenty 20 years as shall be determined by the Board and as may be appropriated by the general appropriation act. The quarterly payments shall be credited to the separate accounts of the 5762 5763 members, and the matching contributions shall be credited to the Fund. The member contribution or any 5764 5765 additional contribution to the Fund may be made by (i) the individual fire department or rescue squad 5766 emergency medical services agency, provided it is paid for all eligible members of the Fund within the 5767 particular fire department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency; (ii) local government, 5768 provided it is paid for all eligible members of the Fund who are volunteers for fire departments or 5769 rescue squads emergency medical services agencies within the jurisdiction of the local government; or 5770 (iii) any other source provided it is paid for all eligible members of the Fund. Such accounts shall be 5771 kept so that they are available for payment on withdrawal from membership or upon receipt of the 5772 service award. No eligible volunteer shall maintain more than one membership in the Fund. In the event 5773 an eligible volunteer is in more than one eligible position, he must choose the position upon which his 5774 membership will be determined.

§ 51.1-1206. Other distributions.

5776 The Board shall direct payment in lump sums from the Fund as follows:

1. To any eligible volunteer firefighter or eligible volunteer rescue squad worker emergency medical 5777 5778 services personnel upon attaining age sixty 60 who has at least five but less than ten 10 years of

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5779 creditable service as an eligible volunteer, an amount equal to (i) the amount paid into the Fund by him 5780 plus (ii) the amount paid into the Fund on his behalf by his fire department or rescue squad emergency 5781 medical services agency plus (iii) the amount paid into the Fund on his behalf by his local government 5782 plus (iv) the amount paid into the Fund on his behalf by any other source plus (v) a portion of the amount paid into the Fund, on his behalf, from the general fund of the state treasury pursuant to 5783 5784 § 51.1-1204 plus (vi) any investment gains less any losses on the amounts paid into the Fund described 5785 under clauses (i) through (v). The portion of the amount paid from the general fund on behalf of such 5786 person that shall be paid to such person shall be based upon such person's years of creditable service as 5787 follows:

5788 Years of creditable Portion of general fund contributions 5789 5790 service to be paid 5791 At least five but 5792 5793 Five percent of general fund contributions less than six 5794 At least six but 5795 5796 less than seven Ten percent of general fund contributions 5797 At least seven but 5798 5799 less than eight Twenty-five percent of general fund contributions 5800 At least eight but 5801 5802 less than nine Forty-five percent of general fund contributions 5803 At least nine but

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less than ten Seventy percent of general fund contributions

5805 In any case where the person shall be paid less than 100 percent of the general fund contributions 5806 made on his behalf, the investment gain or investment loss applicable to such contributions that shall be 5807 paid, or subtracted from any payment otherwise required, to such person shall equal the amount of the investment gain or investment loss, applicable to such contributions at the time of payment, multiplied 5809 by the percentage of such general fund contributions to be paid to the person as determined under this 5810

5811 2. If the eligible volunteer firefighter or volunteer rescue squad member emergency medical services
5812 personnel ceases to serve as a volunteer and has less than five years of creditable service upon attaining
5813 age sixty 60, such person shall not be paid, nor have any right or interest in, the amount paid into the
5814 Fund on his behalf (i) by his fire department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency, (ii)
5815 from the general fund of the state treasury pursuant to § 51.1-1204, or (iii) by any local government.
5816 Such person shall, however, be paid all contributions to the Fund that he has made plus the applicable
5817 portion of any investment gains or losses thereon.

5818 The amount paid into the Fund on his behalf by his fire department or rescue squad emergency 5819 medical services agency shall remain in the Fund and shall be deemed additional contributions made by 5820 such fire department or rescue squad emergency medical services agency. The amount paid into the 5821 Fund on his behalf from the general fund of the state treasury shall remain in the Fund and shall be 5822 deemed additional contributions made from the general fund of the state treasury. The amount paid into 5823 the Fund on his behalf from a local government shall remain in the Fund and shall be deemed additional 5824 contributions from such local government.

3. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to preclude any eligible volunteer firefighter
or eligible volunteer rescue squad worker emergency medical services personnel from completing the
requisite number of years of active service, after attaining the age of sixty 60, necessary to entitle him
to the distribution provided for in § 51.1-1205.

5829 4. If an eligible volunteer firefighter or eligible volunteer rescue squad worker emergency medical 5830 services personnel dies before a service award is otherwise paid to him under the provisions of this 5831 chapter and while he is an eligible volunteer, there shall be paid to his beneficiary an amount equal to 5832 the contributions he has made, the matching contributions made on his behalf, and any investment gains 5833 on such contributions less any losses. If an eligible volunteer firefighter or eligible volunteer rescue 5834 squad worker emergency medical services personnel dies before a service award is otherwise paid to 5835 him under the provisions of this chapter and while he is no longer an eligible volunteer, there shall be 5836 paid to his beneficiary an amount equal to the amount paid into the Fund by the volunteer and any 5837 investment gains on that amount, less any losses. For purposes of this section, a member's beneficiary is 5838 the person or persons the member may name on a form prepared by the Board, signed by the member

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5839 and filed in a manner prescribed by the Board. If there are no such persons, then his beneficiary shall be 5840 his spouse; if there is no spouse, then his living children equally; if there are no children, then his 5841 heirs-at-law as may be determined by the Board; or if there are no heirs, then his estate, if it is 5842 administered.

5843 5. To any firefighter or rescue squad worker emergency medical services personnel withdrawing from 5844 the Fund, upon proper application, all moneys he contributed to the Fund less any investment losses, 5845 and an administrative fee of twenty-five dollars \$25.

5846 § 51.1-1207. Determination of prior creditable service; information furnished by applicants for 5847 membership.

5848 Any member with eligible service prior to the effective date of membership may purchase up to ten 5849 10 years of such service upon certification of his fire department or rescue squad emergency medical 5850 services agency. Such purchase shall be prorated at the rate of one year for every two years of eligible 5851 service. The cost of such service shall be an amount as established by the Board. Notwithstanding any 5852 other provisions of this chapter, the Board may grant qualified prior service credits to an eligible 5853 volunteer firefighter or eligible rescue squad worker volunteer emergency medical services personnel, 5854 under such terms and conditions that the Board may adopt, if the Board determines that such volunteer 5855 has been denied such prior service credit through no fault of his own.

§ 51.1-1208. Length of service not affected by serving in more than one department or agency; 5856 5857 transfer from one department or agency to another.

5858 An eligible volunteer firefighter's or eligible volunteer rescue squad worker's emergency services 5859 personnel's length of service shall not be affected by the fact that he may have served with more than 5860 one department or squad agency, and upon transfer from one department or squad agency to another, 5861 notice of the fact shall be given to the Board.

§ 53.1-47. Purchases by agencies, localities, and certain nonprofit organizations.

Articles and services produced or manufactured by persons confined in state correctional facilities:

5864 1. Shall be purchased by all departments, institutions, and agencies of the Commonwealth which that 5865 are supported in whole or in part with funds from the state treasury for their use or the use of persons 5866 whom they assist financially. Except as provided in § 53.1-48, no such articles or services shall be purchased by any department, institution, or agency of the Commonwealth from any other source; and 5867

5868 2. May be purchased by any county, district of any county, city, or town and by any nonprofit 5869 organization, including volunteer lifesaving or first aid crews, rescue squads emergency medical services 5870 agencies, fire departments, sheltered workshops, and community service organizations. 5871

§ 53.1-133.8. Purchases by agencies, localities, and certain nonprofit organizations.

Articles and services produced or manufactured by participants in jail industry programs:

5873 1. May be purchased by all departments, institutions, and agencies of the Commonwealth which that 5874 are supported in whole or in part with funds from the state treasury for their use or the use of persons 5875 whom they assist financially, provided such purchase is not in conflict with the provisions of Article 3 5876 (§ 53.1-41 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of this title.

5877 2. May be purchased by any county, district of any county, city, or town and by any nonprofit, 5878 volunteer lifesaving or first aid crews, rescue squads emergency medical services agencies, fire 5879 departments, sheltered workshops, and community service organizations.

5880 § 54.1-829. License required; bond; physical examination; emergency medical services vehicles; 5881 physician; and health insurance.

5882 A. Unless exempted by § 54.1-830, no person shall promote or conduct a boxing, martial arts, or 5883 wrestling event in the Commonwealth without first having obtained a license for such event from the 5884 Department. No such license shall be granted except to a licensed promoter.

B. Unless exempted by § 54.1-830, no person shall act as a promoter, matchmaker, trainer, boxer or 5885 wrestler in the Commonwealth without first having obtained a license for such activity from the 5886 5887 Department and such license remains in full force and effect.

5888 C. No license to act as a promoter shall be granted unless the applicant executes and files with the 5889 Department a bond, in such penalty as the Department shall determine through regulation, conditioned 5890 on the payment of the fees and penalties imposed by this chapter and for the fulfillment of contracts 5891 made with boxers and wrestlers in accordance with Department regulations.

5892 D. Each boxer shall, and each wrestler may, be examined prior to entering the ring by a physician 5893 who has been licensed to practice medicine in the Commonwealth for at least five years. The physician 5894 shall be appointed by the Department and shall certify in writing that the contestant's physical condition 5895 is such that he is physically able to engage in the contest.

5896 E. No boxing event shall be conducted without the continuous presence at ringside of a physician 5897 who has been licensed to practice medicine in the Commonwealth for at least five years, and unless an 5898 ambulance emergency medical services vehicle is at the site of the boxing event.

F. No boxer shall participate in any event unless covered by a health insurance policy with minimum 5899 5900 coverage in an amount determined by Department regulation.

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5901 § 54.1-3408. Professional use by practitioners.

A. A practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine or a licensed
nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01, a licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, or
a TPA-certified optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32 shall only
prescribe, dispense, or administer controlled substances in good faith for medicinal or therapeutic
purposes within the course of his professional practice.

5907 B. The prescribing practitioner's order may be on a written prescription or pursuant to an oral prescription as authorized by this chapter. The prescriber may administer drugs and devices, or he may cause drugs or devices to be administered by:

5910 1. A nurse, physician assistant, or intern under his direction and supervision;

5911 2. Persons trained to administer drugs and devices to patients in state-owned or state-operated
5912 hospitals or facilities licensed as hospitals by the Board of Health or psychiatric hospitals licensed by
5913 the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services who administer drugs under the
5914 control and supervision of the prescriber or a pharmacist;

5915 3. Emergency medical services personnel certified and authorized to administer drugs and devices
5916 pursuant to regulations of the Board of Health who act within the scope of such certification and
5917 pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol; or

5918 4. A licensed respiratory care practitioner as defined in § 54.1-2954 who administers by inhalation controlled substances used in inhalation or respiratory therapy.

5920 C. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol, the prescriber, who is authorized by
5921 state or federal law to possess and administer radiopharmaceuticals in the scope of his practice, may
5922 authorize a nuclear medicine technologist to administer, under his supervision, radiopharmaceuticals used
5923 in the diagnosis or treatment of disease.

5924 D. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the 5925 course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses and licensed practical 5926 nurses to possess (i) epinephrine and oxygen for administration in treatment of emergency medical 5927 conditions and (ii) heparin and sterile normal saline to use for the maintenance of intravenous access 5928 lines.

5929 Pursuant to the regulations of the Board of Health, certain emergency medical services technicians5930 may possess and administer epinephrine in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

5931 Pursuant to an order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his
5932 professional practice, any school nurse, school board employee, employee of a local governing body, or
5933 employee of a local health department who is authorized by a prescriber and trained in the
5934 administration of epinephrine may possess and administer epinephrine.

5935 Pursuant to an order issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, an
5936 employee of a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or
5937 a person providing services pursuant to a contract with a provider licensed by the Department of
5938 Behavioral Health and Developmental Services may possess and administer epinephrine, provided such
5939 person is authorized and trained in the administration of epinephrine.

5940 E. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course
5941 of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed physical therapists to possess and
5942 administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, and any other Schedule VI topical drug.

5943 F. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course
5944 of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize licensed athletic trainers to possess and
5945 administer topical corticosteroids, topical lidocaine, or other Schedule VI topical drugs, or to possess and
5946 administer epinephrine for use in emergency cases of anaphylactic shock.

5947 G. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the 5948 course of his professional practice, and in accordance with policies and guidelines established by the 5949 Department of Health pursuant to § 32.1-50.2, such prescriber may authorize registered nurses or 5950 licensed practical nurses under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse to possess and 5951 administer tuberculin purified protein derivative (PPD) in the absence of a prescriber. The Department of 5952 Health's policies and guidelines shall be consistent with applicable guidelines developed by the Centers 5953 for Disease Control and Prevention for preventing transmission of mycobacterium tuberculosis and shall 5954 be updated to incorporate any subsequently implemented standards of the Occupational Safety and 5955 Health Administration and the Department of Labor and Industry to the extent that they are inconsistent 5956 with the Department of Health's policies and guidelines. Such standing protocols shall explicitly describe 5957 the categories of persons to whom the tuberculin test is to be administered and shall provide for 5958 appropriate medical evaluation of those in whom the test is positive. The prescriber shall ensure that the 5959 nurse implementing such standing protocols has received adequate training in the practice and principles 5960 underlying tuberculin screening.

5961 The Health Commissioner or his designee may authorize registered nurses, acting as agents of the

5962 Department of Health, to possess and administer, at the nurse's discretion, tuberculin purified protein5963 derivative (PPD) to those persons in whom tuberculin skin testing is indicated based on protocols and5964 policies established by the Department of Health.

5965 H. Pursuant to a written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his 5966 professional practice, such prescriber may authorize, with the consent of the parents as defined in 5967 § 22.1-1, an employee of a school board who is trained in the administration of insulin and glucagon to 5968 assist with the administration of insulin or administer glucagon to a student diagnosed as having diabetes 5969 and who requires insulin injections during the school day or for whom glucagon has been prescribed for 5970 the emergency treatment of hypoglycemia. Such authorization shall only be effective when a licensed 5971 nurse, nurse practitioner, physician, or physician assistant is not present to perform the administration of 5972 the medication.

5973 Pursuant to a written order issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, 5974 such prescriber may authorize an employee of a provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral 5975 Health and Developmental Services or a person providing services pursuant to a contract with a provider 5976 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to assist with the 5977 administration of insulin or to administer glucagon to a person diagnosed as having diabetes and who 5978 requires insulin injections or for whom glucagon has been prescribed for the emergency treatment of 5979 hypoglycemia, provided such employee or person providing services has been trained in the 5980 administration of insulin and glucagon.

5981 I. A prescriber may authorize, pursuant to a protocol approved by the Board of Nursing, the administration of vaccines to adults for immunization, when a practitioner with prescriptive authority is 5982 5983 not physically present, by (i) licensed pharmacists, (ii) registered nurses, or (iii) licensed practical nurses 5984 under the immediate and direct supervision of a registered nurse. A prescriber acting on behalf of and in 5985 accordance with established protocols of the Department of Health may authorize the administration of 5986 vaccines to any person by a pharmacist, nurse, certified emergency medical technician-intermediate, or 5987 designated emergency medical technician-paramedic services provider who holds an emergency medical 5988 technician intermediate or emergency medical technician paramedic certification issued by the Office of 5989 *Emergency Medical Services* under the direction of an operational medical director when the prescriber 5990 is not physically present. Emergency medical services personnel providers shall provide documentation 5991 of the vaccines to be recorded in the Virginia Immunization Information System.

5992 J. A dentist may cause Schedule VI topical drugs to be administered under his direction and 5993 supervision by either a dental hygienist or by an authorized agent of the dentist.

Further, pursuant to a written order and in accordance with a standing protocol issued by the dentist
in the course of his professional practice, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his general
supervision, as defined in § 54.1-2722, to possess and administer topical oral fluorides, topical oral
anesthetics, topical and directly applied antimicrobial agents for treatment of periodontal pocket lesions,
as well as any other Schedule VI topical drug approved by the Board of Dentistry.

5999 In addition, a dentist may authorize a dental hygienist under his direction to administer Schedule VI 6000 nitrous oxide and oxygen inhalation analgesia and, to persons 18 years of age or older, Schedule VI 6001 local anesthesia.

K. Pursuant to an oral or written order or standing protocol issued by the prescriber within the course of his professional practice, such prescriber may authorize registered professional nurses certified as sexual assault nurse examiners-A (SANE-A) under his supervision and when he is not physically present to possess and administer preventive medications for victims of sexual assault as recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

6007 L. This section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person who has satisfactorily completed a training program for this purpose approved by the Board of Nursing and who administers 6008 such drugs in accordance with a prescriber's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of 6009 6010 administration, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy relating to 6011 security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be normally self-administered by (i) an 6012 individual receiving services in a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 6013 Developmental Services; (ii) a resident of the Virginia Rehabilitation Center for the Blind and Vision 6014 Impaired; (iii) a resident of a facility approved by the Board or Department of Juvenile Justice for the 6015 placement of children in need of services or delinquent or alleged delinquent youth; (iv) a program 6016 participant of an adult day-care center licensed by the Department of Social Services; (v) a resident of any facility authorized or operated by a state or local government whose primary purpose is not to 6017 provide health care services; (vi) a resident of a private children's residential facility, as defined in 6018 § 63.2-100 and licensed by the Department of Social Services, Department of Education, or Department 6019 of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; or (vii) a student in a school for students with 6020 6021 disabilities, as defined in § 22.1-319 and licensed by the Board of Education.

6022 In addition, this section shall not prevent a person who has successfully completed a training 6023 program for the administration of drugs via percutaneous gastrostomy tube approved by the Board of

Nursing and been evaluated by a registered nurse as having demonstrated competency in administration of drugs via percutaneous gastrostomy tube from administering drugs to a person receiving services from a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services to such person via percutaneous gastrostomy tube. The continued competency of a person to administer drugs via percutaneous gastrostomy tube shall be evaluated semiannually by a registered nurse.

6029 M. Medication aides registered by the Board of Nursing pursuant to Article 7 (§ 54.1-3041 et seq.) 6030 of Chapter 30 may administer drugs that would otherwise be self-administered to residents of any 6031 assisted living facility licensed by the Department of Social Services. A registered medication aide shall 6032 administer drugs pursuant to this section in accordance with the prescriber's instructions pertaining to 6033 dosage, frequency, and manner of administration; in accordance with regulations promulgated by the 6034 Board of Pharmacy relating to security and recordkeeping; in accordance with the assisted living 6035 facility's Medication Management Plan; and in accordance with such other regulations governing their 6036 practice promulgated by the Board of Nursing.

N. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person who administers
such drugs in accordance with a physician's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of
administration and with written authorization of a parent, and in accordance with school board
regulations relating to training, security and record keeping, when the drugs administered would be
normally self-administered by a student of a Virginia public school. Training for such persons shall be
accomplished through a program approved by the local school boards, in consultation with the local
departments of health.

6044 O. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration of drugs by a person to (i) a child in 6045 a child day program as defined in § 63.2-100 and regulated by the State Board of Social Services or a 6046 local government pursuant to § 15.2-914, or (ii) a student at a private school that complies with the 6047 accreditation requirements set forth in § 22.1-19 and is accredited by the Virginia Council for Private Education, provided such person (a) has satisfactorily completed a training program for this purpose 6048 approved by the Board of Nursing and taught by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, doctor of 6049 6050 medicine or osteopathic medicine, or pharmacist; (b) has obtained written authorization from a parent or 6051 guardian; (c) administers drugs only to the child identified on the prescription label in accordance with 6052 the prescriber's instructions pertaining to dosage, frequency, and manner of administration; and (d) 6053 administers only those drugs that were dispensed from a pharmacy and maintained in the original, 6054 labeled container that would normally be self-administered by the child or student, or administered by a 6055 parent or guardian to the child or student.

6056 P. In addition, this section shall not prevent the administration or dispensing of drugs and devices by 6057 persons if they are authorized by the State Health Commissioner in accordance with protocols 6058 established by the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-42.1 when (i) the Governor has 6059 declared a disaster or a state of emergency or the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services 6060 has issued a declaration of an actual or potential bioterrorism incident or other actual or potential public 6061 health emergency; (ii) it is necessary to permit the provision of needed drugs or devices; and (iii) such 6062 persons have received the training necessary to safely administer or dispense the needed drugs or 6063 devices. Such persons shall administer or dispense all drugs or devices under the direction, control, and 6064 supervision of the State Health Commissioner.

6065 Q. Nothing in this title shall prohibit the administration of normally self-administered drugs by unlicensed individuals to a person in his private residence.

R. This section shall not interfere with any prescriber issuing prescriptions in compliance with his authority and scope of practice and the provisions of this section to a Board agent for use pursuant to subsection G of § 18.2-258.1. Such prescriptions issued by such prescriber shall be deemed to be valid prescriptions.

6071 S. Nothing in this title shall prevent or interfere with dialysis care technicians or dialysis patient care 6072 technicians who are certified by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions or persons 6073 authorized for provisional practice pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.), in the ordinary 6074 course of their duties in a Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility, from administering heparin, topical 6075 needle site anesthetics, dialysis solutions, sterile normal saline solution, and blood volumizers, for the 6076 purpose of facilitating renal dialysis treatment, when such administration of medications occurs under the 6077 orders of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant and under the immediate and 6078 direct supervision of a licensed registered nurse. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a 6079 patient care dialysis technician trainee from performing dialysis care as part of and within the scope of the clinical skills instruction segment of a supervised dialysis technician training program, provided such 6080 6081 trainee is identified as a "trainee" while working in a renal dialysis facility.

6082 The dialysis care technician or dialysis patient care technician administering the medications shall
6083 have demonstrated competency as evidenced by holding current valid certification from an organization
6084 approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.).

6085 T. Persons who are otherwise authorized to administer controlled substances in hospitals shall be 6086 authorized to administer influenza or pneumococcal vaccines pursuant to § 32.1-126.4.

6087 U. Pursuant to a specific order for a patient and under his direct and immediate supervision, a 6088 prescriber may authorize the administration of controlled substances by personnel who have been 6089 properly trained to assist a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine, provided the method does not 6090 include intravenous, intrathecal, or epidural administration and the prescriber remains responsible for 6091 such administration.

6092 V. A nurse or a dental hygienist may possess and administer topical fluoride varnish to the teeth of 6093 children aged six months to three years pursuant to an oral or written order or a standing protocol issued 6094 by a doctor of medicine, osteopathic medicine, or dentistry that conforms to standards adopted by the 6095 Virginia Department of Health.

W. A prescriber, acting in accordance with guidelines developed pursuant to § 32.1-46.02, may 6096 6097 authorize the administration of influenza vaccine to minors by a licensed pharmacist, registered nurse, 6098 licensed practical nurse under the direction and immediate supervision of a registered nurse, certified 6099 emergency medical technician-intermediate, or emergency medical technician-paramedic services 6100 provider who holds an emergency medical technician intermediate or emergency medical technician 6101 paramedic certification issued by the Office of Emergency Medical Services when the prescriber is not 6102 physically present.

6103 X. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 54.1-3303 and only for the purpose of participation in pilot 6104 programs conducted by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, a person may 6105 obtain a prescription for a family member or a friend and may possess and administer naloxone for the 6106 purpose of counteracting the effects of opiate overdose. 6107

§ 56-484.14. Powers and duties of E-911 Services Board.

The E-911 Services Board shall have the power and duty to:

6109 1. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its 6110 duties and the execution of its powers, including purchase agreements payable from (i) the Wireless E-911 Fund and (ii) other moneys appropriated for the provision of enhanced 9-1-1 services. 6111

2. Pursue all legal remedies to enforce any provision of this article, or any contract entered into 6112 pursuant to this article. 6113

3. Develop a comprehensive, statewide enhanced 9-1-1 plan for wireless E-911, VoIP E-911, and any 6114 6115 other future communications technologies accessing E-911 for emergency purposes. In constructing and 6116 periodically updating this plan as appropriate, the Board shall monitor trends and advances in enhanced wireless, VoIP, and other emergency telecommunications technologies, plan and forecast future needs for 6117 these enhanced technologies, and formulate strategies for the efficient and effective delivery of enhanced 6118 6119 9-1-1 services in the future with the exclusion of traditional circuit-switched wireline 9-1-1 service.

6120 4. Grant such extensions of time for compliance with the provisions of § 56-484.16 as the Board 6121 deems appropriate.

5. Take all steps necessary to inform the public of the use of the digits "9-1-1" as the designated 6122 emergency telephone number and the use of the digits "#-7-7" as a designated non-emergency telephone 6123 6124 number.

6. Report annually to the Governor, the Senate Committee on Finance and the House Committee on 6125 6126 Appropriations, and the Virginia State Crime Commission on (i) the state of enhanced 9-1-1 services in 6127 the Commonwealth, (ii) the impact of, or need for, legislation affecting enhanced 9-1-1 services in the Commonwealth, and (iii) the need for changes in the E-911 funding mechanism provided to the Board, 6128 6129 as appropriate.

6130 7. Provide advisory technical assistance to PSAPs and state and local law enforcement, and fire and 6131 emergency medical service services agencies, upon request.

8. Collect, distribute, and withhold moneys from the Wireless E-911 Fund as provided in this article.

6133 9. Develop a comprehensive single, statewide electronic addressing database to support geographic 6134 data and statewide base map data programs pursuant to § 2.2-2027.

6135 10. Receive such funds as may be appropriated for purposes consistent with this article and such 6136 gifts, donations, grants, bequests, or other funds as may be received from, applied for or offered by 6137 either public or private sources.

11. Manage other moneys appropriated for the provision of enhanced emergency telecommunications 6138 6139 services. 6140

12. Perform all acts necessary, convenient, or desirable to carrying out the purposes of this article.

6141 13. Drawing from the work of E-911 professional organizations, in its sole discretion, publish best practices for PSAPs. These best practices shall be voluntary and recommended by a subcommittee 6142 6143 composed of PSAP representatives.

14. Monitor developments in enhanced 9-1-1 service and multiline telephone systems and the impact 6144 6145 of such technologies upon the implementation of Article 8 (§ 56-484.19 et seq.). The Board shall include 6146 its assessment of such impact in the annual report filed pursuant to subdivision 6.

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6147 § 57-60. Exemptions.

6148 A. The following persons shall be exempt from the registration requirements of § 57-49, but shall otherwise be subject to the provisions of this chapter:

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Educational institutions that are accredited by the Board of Education, by a regional accrediting
6151 association or by an organization affiliated with the National Commission on Accrediting, the
6152 Association Montessori Internationale, the American Montessori Society, the Virginia Independent
6153 Schools Association, or the Virginia Association of Independent Schools, any foundation having an
6154 established identity with any of the aforementioned educational institutions, and any other educational
6155 institution confining its solicitation of contributions to its student body, alumni, faculty and trustees, and

6157 2. Persons requesting contributions for the relief of any individual specified by name at the time of6158 the solicitation when all of the contributions collected without any deductions whatsoever are turned6159 over to the named beneficiary for his use.

3. Charitable organizations that do not intend to solicit and receive, during a calendar year, and have 6160 6161 not actually raised or received, during any of the three next preceding calendar years, contributions from the public in excess of \$5,000, if all of their functions, including fund-raising activities, are carried on 6162 6163 by persons who are unpaid for their services and if no part of their assets or income inures to the benefit of or is paid to any officer or member. Nevertheless, if the contributions raised from the public, 6164 whether all of such are or are not received by any charitable organization during any calendar year, shall 6165 be in excess of \$5,000, it shall, within 30 days after the date it has received total contributions in excess 6166 6167 of \$5,000, register with and report to the Commissioner as required by this chapter.

6168 4. Organizations that solicit only within the membership of the organization by the members thereof.

6169 5. Organizations that have no office within the Commonwealth, that solicit in the Commonwealth
6170 from without the Commonwealth solely by means of telephone or telegraph, direct mail or advertising in
6171 national media, and that have a chapter, branch, or affiliate within the Commonwealth that has registered
6172 with the Commissioner.

6173 6. Organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue 6174 Code and that are organized wholly as Area Health Education Centers in accordance with § 32.1-122.7.

6175 7. Health care institutions defined herein as any facilities that have been granted tax-exempt status 6176 under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and that are (i) licensed by the Department of Health or 6177 the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services; (ii) designated by the Health Care 6178 Financing Administration (HCFA) as federally qualified health centers; (iii) certified by the HCFA as 6179 rural health clinics; or (iv) wholly organized for the delivery of health care services without charge; and 6180 any supporting organization that exists solely to support any such health care institutions. For the 6181 purposes of clause (iv), "delivery of health care services without charge" includes the delivery of dental, 6182 medical or other health services where a reasonable minimum fee is charged to cover administrative 6183 costs.

6184 8. Civic organizations as defined herein.

6185 9. Agencies providing or offering to provide debt management plans for consumers that are licensed 6186 pursuant to Chapter 20 (§ 6.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 6.2.

6187 10. Agencies designated by the Virginia Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services pursuant6188 to subdivision A 6 of § 51.5-135 as area agencies on aging.

6189 11. Labor unions, labor associations and labor organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

6191 12. Trade associations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501(c)(6) of the Internal6192 Revenue Code.

6193 13. Organizations that have been granted tax-exempt status under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue **6194** Code and that are organized wholly as regional emergency medical services councils in accordance with § 32.1-111.1132.1-111.4:2.

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B. A charitable organization shall be subject to the provisions of §§ 57-57 and 57-59, but shall otherwise be exempt from the provisions of this chapter for any year in which it confines its solicitations in the Commonwealth to five or fewer contiguous cities and counties, and in which it has registered under the charitable solicitations ordinance, if any, of each such city and county. No organization shall be exempt under this subsection if, during its next preceding fiscal year, more than 10 percent of its gross receipts were paid to any person or combination of persons, located outside the boundaries of such cities and counties, other than for the purchase of real property, or tangible personal

6208 property or personal services to be used within such localities. An organization that is otherwise 6209 qualified for exemption under this subsection that solicits by means of a local publication, or radio or 6210 television station, shall not be disqualified solely because the circulation or range of such medium 6211 extends beyond the boundaries of such cities or counties.

C. No charitable or civic organization shall be exempt under this section unless it submits to the 6212 6213 Commissioner, who in his discretion may extend such filing deadline prospectively or retrospectively for 6214 good cause shown, on forms to be prescribed by him, the name, address and purpose of the organization 6215 and a statement setting forth the reason for the claim for exemption. Parent organizations may file consolidated applications for exemptions for any chapters, branches, or affiliates that they believe to be 6216 exempt from the registration provisions of this chapter. If the organization is exempted, the 6217 6218 Commissioner shall issue a letter of exemption, which may be exhibited to the public. A registration fee 6219 of \$10 shall be required of every organization requesting an exemption after June 30, 1984. The letter of 6220 exemption shall remain in effect as long as the organization continues to solicit in accordance with its 6221 claim for exemption.

6222 D. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as being applicable to the American Red Cross or any 6223 of its local chapters. 6224

§ 58.1-1404. (Effective until July 1, 2014) Exemptions.

A. Any watercraft sold to or used by the United States or any of the governmental agencies thereof, 6225 6226 the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof or sold to an insurance company for 6227 the sole purpose of disposition when such insurance company has paid the registered owner of such 6228 watercraft on a total loss claim, shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

6229 B. Any person who was the owner of a watercraft which was not required to be titled prior to January 1, 1998, shall apply for a title for such watercraft without incurring liability for the tax imposed 6230 6231 under this chapter.

6232 C. Any watercraft constructed by a commercial waterman for his own use shall be exempt from the 6233 tax imposed under this chapter.

6234 D. Any registered dealer in watercraft shall be exempt from the tax imposed by subdivisions 1 and 2 6235 of § 58.1-1402. Such dealer shall also be exempt from the titling requirement in § 29.1-713.

6236 E. Any watercraft purchased by and for the use of a volunteer sea rescue squad, volunteer fire 6237 department or a volunteer rescue squad, emergency medical services agency not conducted for profit 6238 shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this chapter.

6239 F. Any watercraft transferred to trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the owners of the 6240 watercraft and the beneficiaries of the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other 6241 beneficiaries may also be named in the trust instrument, or transferred by trustees of such a trust to 6242 beneficiaries of the trust following the death of the grantor, when no consideration has passed between 6243 the grantor and the beneficiaries in either case, shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this chapter.

§ 58.1-1404. (Effective July 1, 2014) Exemptions.

6245 A. Any watercraft sold to or used by the United States or any of the governmental agencies thereof 6246 or the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof or sold to an insurance company 6247 for the sole purpose of disposition when such insurance company has paid the registered owner of such 6248 watercraft on a total loss claim shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

B. Any person who was the owner of a watercraft that was not required to be titled prior to January 6249 6250 1, 1998, shall apply for a title for such watercraft without incurring liability for the tax imposed under 6251 this chapter.

6252 C. Any watercraft constructed by a commercial waterman for his own use shall be exempt from the 6253 tax imposed under this chapter.

6254 D. Any registered dealer in watercraft shall be exempt from the tax imposed by subdivisions 1 and 2 6255 of § 58.1-1402. Such dealer shall also be exempt from titling requirements as provided in § 29.1-733.6.

6256 E. Any watercraft purchased by and for the use of a volunteer sea rescue squad, volunteer fire 6257 department, or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency not conducted for profit shall 6258 be exempt from the tax imposed under this chapter.

6259 F. Any watercraft transferred to trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the owners of the 6260 watercraft and the beneficiaries of the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other 6261 beneficiaries may also be named in the trust instrument, or transferred by trustees of such a trust to 6262 beneficiaries of the trust following the death of the grantor, when no consideration has passed between 6263 the grantor and the beneficiaries in either case, shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this chapter. 6264 § 58.1-1505. Exemptions.

6265 A. Any aircraft sold to or used by (i) the United States or any of the governmental agencies thereof, (ii) the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof, (iii) any air carrier operating in 6266 6267 intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce providing scheduled air service as defined in § 58.1-1501, (iv) 6268 any nonprofit charitable organization which that is exempt from taxation under § 501(c) (3) of the 6269 Internal Revenue Code and which that is organized and operated exclusively for the purpose of

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providing charitable, long-distance, advanced life-support, air ambulance transportation services using an *emergency medical services vehicle* for low-income medical patients in the Commonwealth, or (v) an
organization which that is exempt from taxation under § 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and
which that is organized for the primary purpose of distributing food, clothing, medicines and other
necessities of life to, and providing shelter for, needy persons in the United States and throughout the
world shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

B. Aircraft that are (i) considered Warbirds, manufactured and intended for military use, excluding
those manufactured after 1954, and (ii) used only for (a) exhibit or display to the general public and
otherwise used for educational purposes (including such flights as are necessary for testing, maintaining,
or preparing such aircraft for safe operation), or (b) airshow and flight demonstrations (including such
flights necessary for testing, maintaining, or preparing such aircraft for safe operation), but not including
any aircraft used for commercial purposes, including transportation and other services for a fee, shall be
exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

6283 C. (See Editor's note) Beginning July 1, 2011, and ending December 31, 2014, any aircraft purchased 6284 or used by a qualified company shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. For purposes of 6285 this subsection, a qualified company shall be an aviation-related company, limited liability company, 6286 partnership, or a combination of such entities that have a common ownership interest through a parent, 6287 as a direct or indirect subsidiary of a parent, or as affiliated brother-sister entities that (i) is 6288 headquartered in the Commonwealth, (ii) between January 1, 2010, and December 31, 2014, makes a 6289 new capital investment of at least \$4 million in aviation-related real estate and real estate improvements 6290 in the Commonwealth on publicly-owned, public-use airports, (iii) between January 1, 2010, and 6291 December 31, 2014, creates in the Commonwealth at least 50 new jobs that pay at least one and a half 6292 times the prevailing average wage in the locality in which the jobs are located, (iv) owns or uses aircraft 6293 that are used primarily for intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce, and (v) has entered into a 6294 memorandum of understanding with the Virginia Economic Development Partnership, after consultation 6295 with the Virginia Department of Aviation, on or before December 31, 2014, that at a minimum provides 6296 the details for determining the amount of capital investment made and the number of new jobs created, 6297 the timeline for achieving the capital investment and new job goals, the repayment obligations should 6298 those goals not be achieved, and any conditions under which repayment by the qualifying person 6299 claiming the exemption may be required.

6300 D. Any aircraft sold in the Commonwealth as evidenced by Federal Aviation Administration Bill of 6301 Sale AC Form 8050-2 and registered outside of the Commonwealth as evidenced by Federal Aviation 6302 Administration Aircraft Registration AC Form 8050-1 shall be exempt from the sales tax imposed by 6303 this chapter, so long as the aircraft is removed from the Commonwealth within 60 days of the date of 6304 purchase on the Bill of Sale. If the aircraft is removed from the Commonwealth within 60 days of the 6305 date of purchase, the time between the date of purchase and the removal of the aircraft shall not be 6306 counted for purposes of determining whether the aircraft is subject to the use tax imposed by this 6307 chapter on aircraft that are based in the Commonwealth for over 60 days in any 12 month period.

§ 58.1-2226. Exemptions from tax.

6309 No tax shall be levied or collected pursuant to this chapter on:

6310 1. Motor fuel sold and delivered to a governmental entity for the exclusive use by the governmental
6311 entity. This exemption shall not apply with respect to fuel sold or delivered to any person operating
6312 under contract with the governmental entity;

6313 2. Motor fuel sold and delivered to a nonprofit charitable organization which that is exempt from
6314 taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which is organized and operated
6315 exclusively for the purpose of providing charitable, long-distance, advanced life-support, air ambulance
6316 transportation services using emergency medical services vehicles for low-income medical patients in the
6317 Commonwealth, for the exclusive use of such organization in the operation of an aircraft;

6318 3. Bonded aviation jet fuel;

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6319 4. Dyed diesel fuel, except as provided in subdivision A 1 of § 58.1-2225;

6320 5. Motor fuel removed, by transport truck or another means of transfer outside the terminal transfer6321 system, from a terminal for export, if the supplier of the motor fuel collects tax on the fuel at the rate of6322 the motor fuel's destination state; or

6323 6. Heating oil, as defined in § 58.1-2201.

§ 58.1-2235. Information required on return filed by supplier.

6325 A. A return of a supplier shall list all of the following information and any other information 6326 required by the Commissioner:

6327 1. The number of gallons of tax-paid motor fuel received by the supplier during the month, sorted by6328 type of fuel, seller, point of origin, destination state, and carrier;

6329 2. The number of gallons of motor fuel removed at a terminal rack during the month from the 6330 account of the supplier, sorted by type of fuel, person receiving the fuel, terminal code, and carrier;

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6331 3. The number of gallons of motor fuel removed during the month for export, sorted by type of fuel, 6332 person receiving the fuel, terminal code, destination state, and carrier;

6333 4. The number of gallons of motor fuel removed during the month from a terminal located in another 6334 state for conveyance to Virginia, as indicated on the shipping document for the fuel, sorted by type of fuel, person receiving the fuel, terminal code, and carrier; 6335

6336 5. The number of gallons of motor fuel the supplier sold during the month to the following, sorted 6337 by type of fuel, exempt entity, person receiving the fuel, terminal code, and carrier:

6338 a. A governmental entity whose use of fuel is exempt from the tax;

6339 b. A licensed aviation consumer purchasing aviation jet fuel;

6340 c. A licensed distributor or importer who resold the motor fuel to a governmental unit whose use of 6341 fuel is exempt from the tax, as indicated by the distributor or importer;

6342 d. A licensed distributor or importer who resold aviation jet fuel to a licensed aviation consumer as 6343 indicated by the distributor or importer;

6344 e. A licensed exporter who resold the motor fuel to a person whose use of the fuel is exempt from tax in the destination state, as indicated by the exporter; 6345

6346 f. A nonprofit charitable organization which is exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal 6347 Revenue Code and which is organized and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing charitable, 6348 long-distance, advanced life-support, air ambulance transportation services using emergency medical 6349 services vehicles for low-income medical patients in the Commonwealth, for the exclusive use of such 6350 organization in the operation of an aircraft; and

6351 g. A licensed distributor or importer who resold the motor fuel to a nonprofit charitable organization which is exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which is organized 6352 6353 and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing charitable, long-distance, advanced life-support, air 6354 ambulance transportation services using emergency medical services vehicles for low-income medical 6355 patients in the Commonwealth, for the exclusive use of such organization in the operation of an aircraft; 6356 and

6. The amount of discounts allowed under subsection C of § 58.1-2233 on motor fuel sold during the 6357 6358 month to licensed distributors or licensed importers.

6359 B. Suppliers shall not require information identifying who purchased exempt fuel from persons 6360 licensed under this chapter. 6361

§ 58.1-2250. Exemptions from tax.

No tax shall be levied or collected pursuant to this article on:

1. Alternative fuel sold and delivered to a governmental entity for the exclusive use by the 6363 governmental entity. This exemption shall not apply with respect to alternative fuel sold or delivered to 6364 any person operating under contract with the governmental entity; 6365

2. Alternative fuel sold and delivered to a nonprofit charitable organization which is exempt from 6366 6367 taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which is organized and operated 6368 exclusively for the purpose of providing charitable, long-distance, advanced life-support, air ambulance transportation services using emergency medical services vehicles for low-income medical patients in the 6369 6370 Commonwealth, for the exclusive use of such organization in the operation of an aircraft; or

6371 3. Alternative fuel produced by the owner or lessee of an agricultural operation, as defined in § 3.2-300, and used (i) exclusively for farm use by the owner or lessee or (ii) in any motor vehicles 6372 6373 operated by the producer of such fuel. 6374

§ 58.1-2259. Fuel uses eligible for refund of taxes paid for motor fuels.

6375 A. A refund of the tax paid for the purchase of fuel in quantities of five gallons or more at any time 6376 shall be granted in accordance with the provisions of § 58.1-2261 to any person who establishes to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that such person has paid the tax levied pursuant to this chapter upon 6377 6378 any fuel: 6379

1. Sold and delivered to a governmental entity for its exclusive use;

6380 2. Used by a governmental entity, provided persons operating under contract with a governmental 6381 entity shall not be eligible for such refund;

6382 3. Sold and delivered to an organization described in subdivision 2 of § 58.1-2226 or subdivision 2 6383 of § 58.1-2250 for its exclusive use in the operation of an aircraft;

4. Used by an organization described in subdivision 2 of § 58.1-2226 or subdivision 2 of § 58.1-2250 6384 6385 for its exclusive use in the operation of an aircraft, provided persons operating under contract with such 6386 an organization shall not be eligible for such refund;

6387 5. Purchased by a licensed exporter and subsequently transported and delivered by such licensed 6388 exporter to another state for sales or use outside the boundaries of the Commonwealth if the tax 6389 applicable in the destination state has been paid, provided a refund shall not be granted pursuant to this 6390 section on any fuel which is transported and delivered outside of the Commonwealth in the fuel supply 6391 tank of a highway vehicle or an aircraft;

6392 6. Used by any person performing transportation under contract or lease with any transportation

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6393 district for use in a highway vehicle controlled by a transportation district created under the 6394 Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 15.2-4500 et seq.) and used in providing transit service by the 6395 transportation district by contract or lease, provided the refund shall be paid to the person performing 6396 such transportation;

6397 7. Used by any private, nonprofit agency on aging, designated by the Department for Aging and 6398 Rehabilitative Services, providing transportation services to citizens in highway vehicles owned, operated 6399 or under contract with such agency;

6400 8. Used in operating or propelling highway vehicles owned by a nonprofit organization that provides 6401 specialized transportation to various locations for elderly or disabled individuals to secure essential 6402 services and to participate in community life according to the individual's interest and abilities;

6403 9. Used in operating or propelling buses owned and operated by a county or the school board thereof 6404 while being used to transport children to and from public school or from school to and from educational 6405 or athletic activities;

6406 10. Used by buses owned or solely used by a private, nonprofit, nonreligious school while being 6407 used to transport children to and from such school or from such school to and from educational or 6408 athletic activities;

6409 11. Used by any county or city school board or any private, nonprofit, nonreligious school 6410 contracting with a private carrier to transport children to and from public schools or any private, 6411 nonprofit, nonreligious school, provided the tax shall be refunded to the private carrier performing such 6412 transportation;

6413 12. Used in operating or propelling the equipment of volunteer firefighting companies and of 6414 volunteer rescue squadsemergency medical services agencies within the Commonwealth used actually 6415 and necessarily for firefighting and rescueemergency medical services purposes;

6416 13. Used in operating or propelling motor equipment belonging to counties, cities and towns, if 6417 actually used in public activities;

6418 14. Used for a purpose other than in operating or propelling highway vehicles, watercraft or aircraft; 6419 15. Used off-highway in self-propelled equipment manufactured for a specific off-road purpose, 6420 which is used on a job site and the movement of which on any highway is incidental to the purpose for

6421 which it was designed and manufactured; 6422 16. Proven to be lost by accident, including the accidental mixing of (i) dyed diesel fuel with 6423 tax-paid motor fuel, (ii) gasoline with diesel fuel, or (iii) undyed diesel fuel with dyed kerosene, but 6424 excluding fuel lost through personal negligence or theft;

17. Used in operating or propelling vehicles used solely for racing other vehicles on a racetrack;

6426 18. Used in operating or propelling unlicensed highway vehicles and other unlicensed equipment 6427 used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural purposes on lands owned or leased by the owner or 6428 lessee of such vehicles and not operated on or over any highway for any purpose other than to move it 6429 in the manner and for the purpose mentioned. The amount of refund shall be equal to the amount of the 6430 taxes paid less one-half cent per gallon on such fuel so used which shall be paid by the Commissioner 6431 into the state treasury to the credit of the Virginia Agricultural Foundation Fund;

19. Used in operating or propelling commercial watercraft. The amount of refund shall be equal to 6432 6433 the amount of the taxes paid less one and one-half cents per gallon on such fuel so used which shall be 6434 paid by the Commissioner into the state treasury to be credited as provided in subsection D of 6435 § 58.1-2289. If any applicant so requests, the Commissioner shall pay into the state treasury, to the 6436 credit of the Game Protection Fund, the entire tax paid by such applicant for the purposes specified in 6437 subsection D of § 58.1-2289. If any applicant who is an operator of commercial watercraft so requests, 6438 the Commissioner shall pay into the state treasury, to the credit of the Marine Fishing Improvement 6439 Fund, the entire tax paid by such applicant for the purposes specified in § 28.2-208;

6440 20. Used in operating stationary engines, or pumping or mixing equipment on a highway vehicle if 6441 the fuel used to operate such equipment is stored in an auxiliary tank separate from the fuel tank used to 6442 propel the highway vehicle, and the highway vehicle is mechanically incapable of self-propulsion while 6443 fuel is being used from the auxiliary tank; or 6444

21. Used in operating or propelling recreational and pleasure watercraft.

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6445 B. 1. Any person purchasing fuel for consumption in a solid waste compacting or ready-mix concrete 6446 highway vehicle, or a bulk feed delivery truck, where the vehicle's equipment is mechanically or 6447 hydraulically driven by an internal combustion engine that propels the vehicle, is entitled to a refund in 6448 an amount equal to 35 percent of the tax paid on such fuel. For purposes of this section, a "bulk feed 6449 delivery truck" means bulk animal feed delivery trucks utilizing power take-off (PTO) driven auger or 6450 air feed discharge systems for off-road deliveries of animal feed.

6451 2. Any person purchasing fuel for consumption in a vehicle designed or permanently adapted solely 6452 and exclusively for bulk spreading or spraying of agricultural liming materials, chemicals, or fertilizer, where the vehicle's equipment is mechanically or hydraulically driven by an internal combustion engine 6453

6454 that propels the vehicle, is entitled to a refund in an amount equal to 55 percent of the tax paid on such fuel. 6455

6456 C. Any person purchasing any fuel on which tax imposed pursuant to this chapter has been paid may apply for a refund of the tax if such fuel was consumed by a highway vehicle used in operating an 6457 urban or suburban bus line or a taxicab service. This refund also applies to a common carrier of 6458 6459 passengers which has been issued a certificate pursuant to § 46.2-2075 or 46.2-2099.4 providing regular 6460 route service over the highways of the Commonwealth. No refund shall be granted unless the majority 6461 of the passengers using such bus line, taxicab service or common carrier of passengers do so for travel 6462 of a distance of not more than 40 miles, one way, in a single day between their place of abode and their 6463 place of employment, shopping areas or schools.

If the applicant for a refund is a taxicab service, he shall hold a valid permit from the Department to 6464 6465 engage in the business of a taxicab service. No applicant shall be denied a refund by reason of the fee 6466 arrangement between the holder of the permit and the driver or drivers, if all other conditions of this 6467 section have been met.

Under no circumstances shall a refund be granted more than once for the same fuel. The amount of 6468 6469 refund under this subsection shall be equal to the amount of the taxes paid, except refunds granted on 6470 the tax paid on fuel used by a taxicab service shall be in an amount equal to the tax paid less \$0.01 per 6471 gallon on the fuel used.

6472 Any refunds made under this subsection shall be deducted from the urban highway funds allocated to 6473 the highway construction district, pursuant to Article 1.1 (§ 33.1-23.01 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 33.1, in which the recipient has its principal place of business. 6474

6475 Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all provisions of law applicable to the refund of fuel 6476 taxes by the Commissioner generally shall apply to the refunds authorized by this subsection. Any county having withdrawn its roads from the secondary system of state highways under provisions of 6477 6478 § 11 Chapter 415 of the Acts of 1932 shall receive its proportionate share of such special funds as is 6479 now provided by law with respect to other fuel tax receipts.

6480 D. Any person purchasing fuel for consumption in a vehicle designed or permanently adapted solely 6481 and exclusively for bulk spreading or spraying of agricultural liming materials, chemicals, or fertilizer, where the vehicle's equipment is mechanically or hydraulically driven by an internal combustion engine 6482 6483 that propels the vehicle, is entitled to a refund in an amount equal to 55 percent of the tax paid on such 6484 fuel.

6485 E. Any person purchasing diesel fuel used in operating or propelling a passenger car, a pickup or 6486 panel truck, or a truck having a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less is entitled to a 6487 refund of a portion of the taxes paid in an amount equal to the difference between the rate of tax on diesel fuel and the rate of tax on gasoline and gasohol pursuant to § 58.1-2217. For purposes of this 6488 subsection, "passenger car," "pickup or panel truck," and "truck" shall have the meaning given in 6489 6490 § 46.2-100. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, diesel fuel used in a vehicle upon which the 6491 fuels tax has been refunded pursuant to this subsection shall be exempt from the tax imposed under 6492 Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.).

6493 F. Refunds resulting from any fuel shipments diverted from Virginia shall be based on the amount of 6494 tax paid for the fuel less discounts allowed by § 58.1-2233.

6495 G. Any person who is required to be licensed under this chapter and is applying for a refund shall 6496 not be eligible for such refund if the applicant was not licensed at the time the refundable transaction 6497 was conducted. 6498

§ 58.1-2403. Exemptions.

6499 No tax shall be imposed as provided in § 58.1-2402 if the vehicle is:

6500 1. Sold to or used by the United States government or any governmental agency thereof;

6501 2. Sold to or used by the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof;

6502 3. Registered in the name of a volunteer fire department or rescue squad volunteer emergency 6503 *medical services agency* not operated for profit;

6504 4. Registered to any member of the Mattaponi, Pamunkey, or Chickahominy Indian tribes or any 6505 other recognized Indian tribe of the Commonwealth living on the tribal reservation;

6506 5. Transferred incidental to repossession under a recorded lien and ownership is transferred to the 6507 lienholder: 6508

6. A manufactured home permanently attached to real estate and included in the sale of real estate;

6509 7. A gift to the spouse, son, or daughter of the transferor. With the exception of a gift to a spouse, 6510 this exemption shall not apply to any unpaid obligation assumed by the transferee incidental to the 6511 transfer;

8. Transferred from an individual or partnership to a corporation or limited liability company or from 6512 6513 a corporation or limited liability company to an individual or partnership if the transfer is incidental to the formation, organization or dissolution of a corporation or limited liability company in which the 6514 individual or partnership holds the majority interest; 6515

6516 9. Transferred from a wholly owned subsidiary to the parent corporation or from the parent 6517 corporation to a wholly owned subsidiary;

6518 10. Being registered for the first time in the Commonwealth and the applicant holds a valid, assignable title or registration issued to him by another state or a branch of the United States Armed 6519 6520 Forces and (i) has owned the vehicle for longer than 12 months or (ii) has owned the vehicle for less 6521 than 12 months and provides evidence of a sales tax paid to another state. However, when a vehicle has 6522 been purchased by the applicant within the last 12 months and the applicant is unable to provide 6523 evidence of a sales tax paid to another state, the applicant shall pay the Virginia sales tax based on the 6524 fair market value of the vehicle at the time of registration in Virginia; 6525

11. a. Titled in a Virginia or non-Virginia motor vehicle dealer's name for resale; or

6526 b. Titled in the name of an automotive manufacturer having its headquarters in Virginia, except for 6527 any commercially leased vehicle that is not described under subdivision 3 of § 46.2-602.2. For purposes of this subdivision, "automotive manufacturer" and "headquarters" means the same as such terms are 6528 6529 defined in § 46.2-602.2;

6530 12. A motor vehicle having seats for more than seven passengers and sold to an urban or suburban 6531 bus line the majority of whose passengers use the buses for traveling a distance of less than 40 miles, 6532 one way, on the same day;

6533 13. Purchased in the Commonwealth by a nonresident and a Virginia title is issued for the sole 6534 purpose of recording a lien against the vehicle if the vehicle will be registered in a state other than 6535 Virginia;

6536 14. A motor vehicle designed for the transportation of 10 or more passengers, purchased by and for 6537 the use of a church conducted not for profit;

6538 15. Loaned or leased to a private nonprofit institution of learning, for the sole purpose of use in the 6539 instruction of driver's education when such education is a part of such school's curriculum for full-time 6540 students;

6541 16. Sold to an insurance company or local government group self-insurance pool, created pursuant to 6542 § 15.2-2703, for the sole purpose of disposition when such company or pool has paid the registered 6543 owner of such vehicle a total loss claim;

6544 17. Owned and used for personal or official purposes by accredited consular or diplomatic officers of 6545 foreign governments, their employees or agents, and members of their families, if such persons are 6546 nationals of the state by which they are appointed and are not citizens of the United States;

6547 18. A self-contained mobile computerized axial tomography scanner sold to, rented or used by a 6548 nonprofit hospital or a cooperative hospital service organization as described in § 501(e) of the United 6549 States Internal Revenue Code;

6550 19. A motor vehicle having seats for more than seven passengers and sold to a restricted common 6551 carrier or common carrier of passengers;

6552 20. Beginning July 1, 1989, a self-contained mobile unit designed exclusively for human diagnostic 6553 or therapeutic service, sold to, rented to, or used by a nonprofit hospital, or a cooperative hospital 6554 service organization as described in § 501(e) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, or a nonprofit corporation as defined in § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, established for research in, diagnosis 6555 6556 of, or therapy for human ailments;

6557 21. Transferred, as a gift or through a sale to an organization exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) 6558 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided the motor vehicle is not titled and tagged for use by such 6559 organization;

6560 22. A motor vehicle sold to an organization which is exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) of the 6561 Internal Revenue Code and which is organized for the primary purpose of distributing food, clothing, 6562 medicines and other necessities of life to, and providing shelter for, needy persons in the United States 6563 and throughout the world;

6564 23. Transferred to the trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the individual titleholder of a 6565 Virginia titled motor vehicle and the beneficiaries of the trust are the same persons, regardless of 6566 whether other beneficiaries of the trust may also be named in the trust instrument, when no consideration has passed between the titleholder and the beneficiaries; and transferred to the original 6567 6568 titleholder from the trustees holding title to the motor vehicle;

6569 24. Transferred to trustees of a revocable inter vivos trust, when the owners of the vehicle and the 6570 beneficiaries of the trust are the same persons, regardless of whether other beneficiaries may also be 6571 named in the trust instrument, or transferred by trustees of such a trust to beneficiaries of the trust 6572 following the death of the grantor, when no consideration has passed between the grantor and the 6573 beneficiaries in either case;

6574 25. Sold by a vehicle's lessor to its lessee upon the expiration of the term of the vehicle's lease, if 6575 the lessee is a natural person and this natural person has paid the tax levied pursuant to this chapter with 6576 respect to the vehicle when he leased it from the lessor, and if the lessee presents an original copy of

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6577 the lease upon request of the Department of Motor Vehicles or other evidence that the sales tax has 6578 been paid to the Commonwealth by the lessee purchasing the vehicle;

6579 26. Titled in the name of a deceased person and transferred to the spouse or heir, or under the will, 6580 of such deceased person; or

6581 27. An all-terrain vehicle, moped, or off-road motorcycle all as defined in § 46.2-100. Such 6582 all-terrain vehicles, mopeds, or off-road motorcycles shall not be deemed a motor vehicle or other 6583 vehicle subject to the tax imposed under this chapter.

§ 58.1-3506. Other classifications of tangible personal property for taxation.

A. The items of property set forth below are each declared to be a separate class of property and 6585 6586 shall constitute a classification for local taxation separate from other classifications of tangible personal 6587 property provided in this chapter: 6588

1. a. Boats or watercraft weighing five tons or more, not used solely for business purposes;

b. Boats or watercraft weighing less than five tons, not used solely for business purposes;

6590 2. Aircraft having a maximum passenger seating capacity of no more than 50 that are owned and 6591 operated by scheduled air carriers operating under certificates of public convenience and necessity issued 6592 by the State Corporation Commission or the Civil Aeronautics Board;

6593 3. Aircraft having a registered empty gross weight equal to or greater than 20,000 pounds that are 6594 not owned or operated by scheduled air carriers recognized under federal law, but not including any 6595 aircraft described in subdivision 4;

6596 4. Aircraft that are (i) considered Warbirds, manufactured and intended for military use, excluding 6597 those manufactured after 1954, and (ii) used only for (a) exhibit or display to the general public and 6598 otherwise used for educational purposes (including such flights as are necessary for testing, maintaining, or preparing such aircraft for safe operation), or (b) airshow and flight demonstrations (including such 6599 flights necessary for testing, maintaining, or preparing such aircraft for safe operation), shall constitute a 6600 6601 new class of property. Such class of property shall not include any aircraft used for commercial 6602 purposes, including transportation and other services for a fee;

5. All other aircraft not included in subdivisions A 2, A 3, or A 4 and flight simulators;

6604 6. Antique motor vehicles as defined in § 46.2-100 which may be used for general transportation purposes as provided in subsection C of § 46.2-730; 6605

7. Tangible personal property used in a research and development business:

6607 8. Heavy construction machinery not used for business purposes, including but not limited to land 6608 movers, bulldozers, front-end loaders, graders, packers, power shovels, cranes, pile drivers, forest harvesting and silvicultural activity equipment and ditch and other types of diggers; 6609

6610 9. Generating equipment purchased after December 31, 1974, for the purpose of changing the energy source of a manufacturing plant from oil or natural gas to coal, wood, wood bark, wood residue, or any 6611 6612 other alternative energy source for use in manufacturing and any cogeneration equipment purchased to 6613 achieve more efficient use of any energy source. Such generating equipment and cogeneration equipment shall include, without limitation, such equipment purchased by firms engaged in the business of 6614 6615 generating electricity or steam, or both;

10. Vehicles without motive power, used or designed to be used as manufactured homes as defined 6616 6617 in § 36-85.3;

6618 11. Computer hardware used by businesses primarily engaged in providing data processing services 6619 to other nonrelated or nonaffiliated businesses;

6620 12. Privately owned pleasure boats and watercraft, 18 feet and over, used for recreational purposes 6621 only;

6622 13. Privately owned vans with a seating capacity of not less than seven nor more than 15 persons, 6623 including the driver, used exclusively pursuant to a ridesharing arrangement as defined in § 46.2-1400;

14. Motor vehicles specially equipped to provide transportation for physically handicapped 6624 6625 individuals;

6626 15. Motor vehicles (i) owned by members of a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 6627 personnel or a member of a volunteer fire department or (ii) leased by members of a volunteer rescue 6628 squad emergency medical services personnel or a member of a volunteer fire department if the member volunteer is obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor 6629 6630 vehicle. One motor vehicle that is owned by each volunteer rescue squad member emergency medical services personnel or volunteer fire department member, or leased by each volunteer rescue squad 6631 6632 member emergency medical services personnel or volunteer fire department member if the member volunteer is obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor 6633 vehicle, may be specially classified under this section, provided the volunteer rescue squad member 6634 emergency medical services personnel or volunteer fire department member regularly responds to 6635 emergency calls. The volunteer shall furnish the commissioner of revenue, or other assessing officer, 6636 with a certification by the chief or headdirector of the volunteer organization, that the volunteer is a 6637 member of the volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency or volunteer fire department 6638

6639 who regularly responds to calls or regularly performs other duties for the rescue squad emergency 6640 medical services agency or fire department, and the motor vehicle owned or leased by the volunteer rescue squad member emergency medical services personnel or volunteer fire department member is 6641 6642 identified. The certification shall be submitted by January 31 of each year to the commissioner of 6643 revenue or other assessing officer; however, the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer shall 6644 be authorized, in his discretion, and for good cause shown and without fault on the part of the member 6645 volunteer, to accept a certification after the January 31 deadline. In any county that prorates the 6646 assessment of tangible personal property pursuant to § 58.1-3516, a replacement vehicle may be certified 6647 and classified pursuant to this subsection when the vehicle certified as of the immediately prior January 6648 date is transferred during the tax year;

6649 16. Motor vehicles (i) owned by auxiliary members of a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical 6650 services agency or volunteer fire department or (ii) leased by auxiliary members of a volunteer rescue 6651 squad emergency medical services agency or volunteer fire department if the auxiliary member is 6652 obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor vehicle. One 6653 motor vehicle that is regularly used by each auxiliary volunteer fire department or rescue squad 6654 emergency medical services agency member may be specially classified under this section. The auxiliary 6655 member shall furnish the commissioner of revenue, or other assessing officer, with a certification by the 6656 ehief or headdirector of the volunteer organization, that the volunteer is an auxiliary member of the 6657 volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services agency or fire department who regularly performs 6658 duties for the rescue squad emergency medical services agency or fire department, and the motor vehicle 6659 is identified as regularly used for such purpose; however, if a volunteer rescue squad emergency medical 6660 services agency or fire department member and an auxiliary member are members of the same 6661 household, that household shall be allowed no more than two special classifications under this 6662 subdivision or subdivision 15. The certification shall be submitted by January 31 of each year to the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer; however, the commissioner of revenue or other 6663 6664 assessing officer shall be authorized, in his discretion, and for good cause shown and without fault on 6665 the part of the *auxiliary* member, to accept a certification after the January 31 deadline;

6666 17. Motor vehicles owned by a nonprofit organization and used to deliver meals to homebound
 6667 persons or provide transportation to senior or handicapped citizens in the community to carry out the
 6668 purposes of the nonprofit organization;

6669 18. Privately owned camping trailers as defined in § 46.2-100, and privately owned travel trailers as
6670 defined in § 46.2-1900, which are used for recreational purposes only, and privately owned trailers as
6671 defined in § 46.2-100 which are designed and used for the transportation of horses except those trailers
6672 described in subdivision A 11 of § 58.1-3505;

6673 19. One motor vehicle owned and regularly used by a veteran who has either lost, or lost the use of,
6674 one or both legs, or an arm or a hand, or who is blind or who is permanently and totally disabled as
6675 certified by the Department of Veterans Services. In order to qualify, the veteran shall provide a written
6676 statement to the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer from the Department of Veterans
6677 Services that the veteran has been so designated or classified by the Department of Veterans Services as
6678 to meet the requirements of this section, and that his disability is service-connected. For purposes of this
6679 section, a person is blind if he meets the provisions of § 46.2-100;

6680 20. Motor vehicles (i) owned by persons who have been appointed to serve as auxiliary police 6681 officers pursuant to Article 3 (§ 15.2-1731 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2 or (ii) leased by persons 6682 who have been so appointed to serve as auxiliary police officers if the person is obligated by the terms 6683 of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor vehicle. One motor vehicle that is 6684 regularly used by each auxiliary police officer to respond to auxiliary police duties may be specially 6685 classified under this section. In order to qualify for such classification, any auxiliary police officer who 6686 applies for such classification shall identify the vehicle for which this classification is sought, and shall 6687 furnish the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer with a certification from the governing 6688 body that has appointed such auxiliary police officer or from the official who has appointed such 6689 auxiliary officers. That certification shall state that the applicant is an auxiliary police officer who 6690 regularly uses a motor vehicle to respond to auxiliary police duties, and it shall state that the vehicle for 6691 which the classification is sought is the vehicle that is regularly used for that purpose. The certification 6692 shall be submitted by January 31 of each year to the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer; 6693 however, the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer shall be authorized, in his discretion, 6694 and for good cause shown and without fault on the part of the member, to accept a certification after the 6695 January 31 deadline:

6696 21. Until the first to occur of June 30, 2019, or the date that a special improvements tax is no longer
6697 levied under § 15.2-4607 on property within a Multicounty Transportation Improvement District created
6698 pursuant to Chapter 46 (§ 15.2-4600 et seq.) of Title 15.2, tangible personal property that is used in
6699 manufacturing, testing, or operating satellites within a Multicounty Transportation Improvement District,

6700 provided that such business personal property is put into service within the District on or after July 1, 6701 1999:

6702 22. Motor vehicles which use clean special fuels as defined in § 46.2-749.3, which shall not include 6703 any vehicle described in subdivision 38 or 40;

23. Wild or exotic animals kept for public exhibition in an indoor or outdoor facility that is properly 6704 6705 licensed by the federal government, the Commonwealth, or both, and that is properly zoned for such 6706 use. "Wild animals" means any animals that are found in the wild, or in a wild state, within the boundaries of the United States, its territories or possessions. "Exotic animals" means any animals that 6707 6708 are found in the wild, or in a wild state, and are native to a foreign country;

6709 24. Furniture, office, and maintenance equipment, exclusive of motor vehicles, that are owned and 6710 used by an organization whose real property is assessed in accordance with § 58.1-3284.1 and that is used by that organization for the purpose of maintaining or using the open or common space within a 6711 6712 residential development;

6713 25. Motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers with a gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or more 6714 used to transport property for hire by a motor carrier engaged in interstate commerce;

6715 26. All tangible personal property employed in a trade or business other than that described in subdivisions A 1 through A 19, except for subdivision A 17, of § 58.1-3503; 6716 6717

27. Programmable computer equipment and peripherals employed in a trade or business;

6718 28. Privately owned pleasure boats and watercraft, motorized and under 18 feet, used for recreational 6719 purposes only;

6720 29. Privately owned pleasure boats and watercraft, nonmotorized and under 18 feet, used for 6721 recreational purposes only;

6722 30. Privately owned motor homes as defined in § 46.2-100 that are used for recreational purposes 6723 only;

6724 31. Tangible personal property used in the provision of Internet services. For purposes of this subdivision, "Internet service" means a service, including an Internet Web-hosting service, that enables 6725 6726 users to access content, information, electronic mail, and the Internet as part of a package of services 6727 sold to customers;

32. Motor vehicles (i) owned by persons who serve as auxiliary, reserve, volunteer, or special deputy 6728 6729 sheriffs or (ii) leased by persons who serve as auxiliary, reserve, volunteer, or special deputy sheriffs if 6730 the person is obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the motor vehicle. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "auxiliary deputy sheriff" means auxiliary, reserve, 6731 6732 volunteer, or special deputy sheriff. One motor vehicle that is regularly used by each auxiliary deputy 6733 sheriff to respond to auxiliary deputy sheriff duties may be specially classified under this section. In 6734 order to qualify for such classification, any auxiliary deputy sheriff who applies for such classification 6735 shall identify the vehicle for which this classification is sought, and shall furnish the commissioner of 6736 revenue or other assessing officer with a certification from the governing body that has appointed such auxiliary deputy sheriff or from the official who has appointed such auxiliary deputy sheriff. That 6737 6738 certification shall state that the applicant is an auxiliary deputy sheriff who regularly uses a motor 6739 vehicle to respond to such auxiliary duties, and it shall state that the vehicle for which the classification 6740 is sought is the vehicle that is regularly used for that purpose. The certification shall be submitted by 6741 January 31 of each year to the commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer; however, the 6742 commissioner of revenue or other assessing officer shall be authorized, in his discretion, and for good 6743 cause shown and without fault on the part of the member, to accept a certification after the January 31 6744 deadline: 6745

33. Forest harvesting and silvicultural activity equipment;

34. Equipment used primarily for research, development, production, or provision of biotechnology 6746 6747 for the purpose of developing or providing products or processes for specific commercial or public 6748 purposes, including, but not limited to, medical, pharmaceutical, nutritional, and other health-related 6749 purposes; agricultural purposes; or environmental purposes but not for human cloning purposes as 6750 defined in § 32.1-162.21 or for products or purposes related to human embryo stem cells. For purposes 6751 of this section, biotechnology equipment means equipment directly used in activities associated with the 6752 science of living things:

6753 35. Boats or watercraft weighing less than five tons, used for business purposes only;

6754 36. Boats or watercraft weighing five tons or more, used for business purposes only;

6755 37. Tangible personal property which is owned and operated by a service provider who is not a 6756 CMRS provider and is not licensed by the FCC used to provide, for a fee, wireless broadband Internet service. For purposes of this subdivision, "wireless broadband Internet service" means a service that 6757 6758 enables customers to access, through a wireless connection at an upload or download bit rate of more 6759 than one megabyte per second, Internet service, as defined in § 58.1-602, as part of a package of 6760 services sold to customers;

6761 38. Low-speed vehicles as defined in § 46.2-100;

- 6762 39. Motor vehicles with a seating capacity of not less than 30 persons, including the driver; 6763
 - 40. Motor vehicles powered solely by electricity;

6764 41. Tangible personal property designed and used primarily for the purpose of manufacturing a product from renewable energy as defined in § 56-576; 6765

6766 42. Motor vehicles leased by a county, city, town, or constitutional officer if the locality or 6767 constitutional officer is obligated by the terms of the lease to pay tangible personal property tax on the 6768 motor vehicle; and

6769 43. Computer equipment and peripherals used in a data center. For purposes of this subdivision, 6770 "data center" means a facility whose primary services are the storage, management, and processing of digital data and is used to house (i) computer and network systems, including associated components 6771 6772 such as servers, network equipment and appliances, telecommunications, and data storage systems; (ii) 6773 systems for monitoring and managing infrastructure performance; (iii) equipment used for the 6774 transformation, transmission, distribution, or management of at least one megawatt of capacity of 6775 electrical power and cooling, including substations, uninterruptible power supply systems, all electrical 6776 plant equipment, and associated air handlers; (iv) Internet-related equipment and services; (v) data 6777 communications connections; (vi) environmental controls; (vii) fire protection systems; and (viii) security 6778 systems and services.

6779 B. The governing body of any county, city, or town may levy a tax on the property enumerated in 6780 subsection A at different rates from the tax levied on other tangible personal property. The rates of tax 6781 and the rates of assessment shall (i) for purposes of subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 11 through 20, 22 6782 through 24, and 26 through 43 of subsection A, not exceed that applicable to the general class of 6783 tangible personal property, (ii) for purposes of subdivisions A 7, A 9, A 21, and A 25, not exceed that 6784 applicable to machinery and tools, and (iii) for purposes of subdivision A 10, equal that applicable to 6785 real property. If a motor vehicle is included in multiple classifications under subsection A, then the rate 6786 of tax shall be the lowest rate assigned to such classifications. If computer equipment and peripherals 6787 used in a data center could be included in classifications set forth in subdivision A 11, 26, 27, or 43, 6788 then the computer equipment and peripherals used in a data center shall be taxed at the lowest rate 6789 available under subdivision A 11, 26, 27, or 43.

6790 C. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, for any qualifying vehicle, as such term is 6791 defined in § 58.1-3523, (i) included in any separate class of property in subsection A and (ii) assessed 6792 for tangible personal property taxes by a county, city, or town receiving a payment from the 6793 Commonwealth under Chapter 35.1 (§ 58.1-3523 et seq.) for providing tangible personal property tax 6794 relief, the county, city, or town may levy the tangible personal property tax on such qualifying vehicle 6795 at a rate not to exceed the rates of tax and rates of assessment required under such chapter. 6796

§ 58.1-3610. Volunteer fire departments and volunteer emergency medical services agencies.

6797 Volunteer fire departments and volunteer rescue squadsemergency medical services agencies which 6798 operate exclusively for the benefit of the general public without charge are hereby classified as 6799 charitable organizations. 6800

§ 58.1-3833. County food and beverage tax.

6801 A. Any county is hereby authorized to levy a tax on food and beverages sold, for human 6802 consumption, by a restaurant, as such term is defined in subdivision 9 of § 35.1-1, not to exceed four percent of the amount charged for such food and beverages. Such tax shall not be levied on food and 6803 6804 beverages sold through vending machines or by: (i) boardinghouses that do not accommodate transients; 6805 (ii) cafeterias operated by industrial plants for employees only; (iii) restaurants to their employees as part 6806 of their compensation when no charge is made to the employee; (iv) volunteer fire departments and 6807 rescue squadsvolunteer emergency medical services agencies; nonprofit churches or other religious 6808 bodies; educational, charitable, fraternal, or benevolent organizations, on an occasional basis, not 6809 exceeding three times per calendar year as a fundraising activity, the gross proceeds of which are to be 6810 used by such church, religious body or organization exclusively for nonprofit educational, charitable, 6811 benevolent, or religious purposes; (v) churches that serve meals for their members as a regular part of 6812 their religious observances; (vi) public or private elementary or secondary schools, colleges, and 6813 universities to their students or employees; (vii) hospitals, medical clinics, convalescent homes, nursing 6814 homes, or other extended care facilities to patients or residents thereof; (viii) day care centers; (ix) homes for the aged, infirm, handicapped, battered women, narcotic addicts, or alcoholics; or (x) 6815 6816 age-restricted apartment complexes or residences with restaurants, not open to the public, where meals 6817 are served and fees are charged for such food and beverages and are included in rental fees. Also, the 6818 tax shall not be levied on food and beverages: (a) when used or consumed and paid for by the 6819 Commonwealth, any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or the United States; or (b) provided 6820 by a public or private nonprofit charitable organization or establishment to elderly, infirm, blind, handicapped, or needy persons in their homes, or at central locations; or (c) provided by private 6821 6822 establishments that contract with the appropriate agency of the Commonwealth to offer food, food

6823 products, or beverages for immediate consumption at concession prices to elderly, infirm, blind,6824 handicapped, or needy persons in their homes or at central locations.

6825 Grocery stores and convenience stores selling prepared foods ready for human consumption at a
6826 delicatessen counter shall be subject to the tax, for that portion of the grocery store or convenience store
6827 selling such items.

6828 This tax shall be levied only if the tax is approved in a referendum within the county which shall be 6829 held in accordance with § 24.2-684 and initiated either by a resolution of the board of supervisors or on 6830 the filing of a petition signed by a number of registered voters of the county equal in number to 10 percent of the number of voters registered in the county, as appropriate on January 1 of the year in 6831 which the petition is filed with the court of such county. The clerk of the circuit court shall publish 6832 notice of the election in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for three 6833 consecutive weeks prior to the election. If the voters affirm the levy of a local meals tax, the tax shall 6834 be effective in an amount and on such terms as the governing body may by ordinance prescribe. If such 6835 6836 resolution of the board of supervisors or such petition states for what projects and/or purposes the revenues collected from the tax are to be used, then the question on the ballot for the referendum shall 6837 6838 include language stating for what projects and/or purposes the revenues collected from the tax are to be 6839 used.

6840 The term "beverage" as set forth herein shall mean alcoholic beverages as defined in § 4.1-100 and
6841 nonalcoholic beverages served as part of a meal. The tax shall be in addition to the sales tax currently
6842 imposed by the county pursuant to the authority of Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of this title. Collection
6843 of such tax shall be in a manner prescribed by the governing body.

6844 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A of this section, Roanoke County, Rockbridge 6845 County, Frederick County, Arlington County, and Montgomery County, are hereby authorized to levy a 6846 tax on food and beverages sold for human consumption by a restaurant, as such term is defined in 6847 § 35.1-1 and as modified in subsection A above and subject to the same exemptions, not to exceed four 6848 percent of the amount charged for such food and beverages, provided that the governing body of the 6849 respective county holds a public hearing before adopting a local food and beverage tax, and the 6850 governing body by unanimous vote adopts such tax by local ordinance. The tax shall be effective in an 6851 amount and on such terms as the governing body may by ordinance prescribe.

C. Nothing herein contained shall affect any authority heretofore granted to any county, city or town to levy a meals tax. The county tax limitations imposed pursuant to § 58.1-3711 shall apply to any tax levied under this section, mutatis mutandis. All food and beverage tax collections and all meals tax collections shall be deemed to be held in trust for the county, city or town imposing the applicable tax. The wrongful and fraudulent use of such collections other than remittance of the same as provided by law shall constitute embezzlement pursuant to § 18.2-111.

6858 D. No county which has heretofore adopted an ordinance pursuant to subsection A of this section shall be required to submit an amendment to its meals tax ordinance to the voters in a referendum.

6860 E. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no locality shall levy any tax under this section upon (i) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a discretionary gratuity in addition 6861 6862 to the sales price; (ii) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a mandatory gratuity or 6863 service charge added by the restaurant in addition to the sales price, but only to the extent that such 6864 mandatory gratuity or service charge does not exceed 20% of the sales price; or (iii) alcoholic beverages 6865 sold in factory sealed containers and purchased for off-premises consumption or food purchased for human consumption as "food" is defined in the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. § 2012, as amended, 6866 6867 and federal regulations adopted pursuant to that act, except for the following items: sandwiches, salad 6868 bar items sold from a salad bar, prepackaged single-serving salads consisting primarily of an assortment 6869 of vegetables, and nonfactory sealed beverages.

§ 58.1-3840. Certain excise taxes permitted.

6871 A. The provisions of Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of this title to the contrary notwithstanding, any 6872 city or town having general taxing powers established by charter pursuant to or consistent with the 6873 provisions of § 15.2-1104 may impose excise taxes on cigarettes, admissions, transient room rentals, 6874 meals, and travel campgrounds. No such taxes on meals may be imposed on (i) that portion of the **6875** amount paid by the purchaser as a discretionary gratuity in addition to the sales price of the meal; (ii) 6876 that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a mandatory gratuity or service charge added by the 6877 restaurant in addition to the sales price of the meal, but only to the extent that such mandatory gratuity or service charge does not exceed 20% of the sales price; or (iii) food and beverages sold through 6878 vending machines or on any tangible personal property purchased with food coupons issued by the United States Department of Agriculture under the Food Stamp Program or drafts issued through the 6879 6880 Virginia Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children. No such taxes on meals **6881** 6882 may be imposed when sold or provided by: (a) restaurants, as such term is defined in subdivision 9 a of 6883 § 35.1-1, to their employees as part of their compensation when no charge is made to the employee; (b) 6884 volunteer fire departments and rescue squadsvolunteer emergency medical services agencies; nonprofit

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6885 churches or other religious bodies; educational, charitable, fraternal, or benevolent organizations, on an 6886 occasional basis, not exceeding three times per calendar year as a fundraising activity, the gross 6887 proceeds of which are to be used by such church, religious body or organization exclusively for 6888 nonprofit educational, charitable, benevolent, or religious purposes; (c) churches that serve meals for 6889 their members as a regular part of their religious observances; (d) public or private elementary or 6890 secondary schools, or public or private colleges and universities, to their students or employees; (e) 6891 hospitals, medical clinics, convalescent homes, nursing homes, or other extended care facilities to 6892 patients or residents thereof; (f) day care centers; (g) homes for the aged, infirm, handicapped, battered 6893 women, narcotic addicts, or alcoholics; or (h) age-restricted apartment complexes or residences with 6894 restaurants, not open to the public, where meals are served and fees are charged for such food and 6895 beverages and are included in rental fees.

Also, the tax shall not be levied on meals: (a) when used or consumed and paid for by the
Commonwealth, any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or the United States; or (b) provided
by a public or private nonprofit charitable organization or establishment to elderly, infirm, blind,
handicapped, or needy persons in their homes, or at central locations; or (c) provided by private
establishments that contract with the appropriate agency of the Commonwealth to offer food, food
products, or beverages for immediate consumption at concession prices to elderly, infirm, blind,
handicapped, or needy persons in their homes or at central locations.

6903 In addition, as set forth in § 51.5-98, no blind person operating a vending stand or other business
6904 enterprise under the jurisdiction of the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired and located on
6905 property acquired and used by the United States for any military or naval purpose shall be required to
6906 collect and remit meals taxes.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no city or town shall levy any tax under this section upon alcoholic beverages sold in factory sealed containers and purchased for off-premises consumption or food purchased for human consumption as "food" is defined in the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. § 2012, as amended, and federal regulations adopted pursuant to that act, except for the following items: sandwiches, salad bar items sold from a salad bar, prepackaged single-serving salads consisting primarily of an assortment of vegetables, and nonfactory sealed beverages.

6913 C. Any city or town that is authorized to levy a tax on admissions may levy the tax on admissions
6914 paid for any event held at facilities that are not owned by the city or town at a lower rate than the rate
6915 levied on admissions paid for any event held at its city- or town-owned civic centers, stadiums and
6916 amphitheatres.

6917 D. [Expired.]

6918 § 63.2-100. Definitions.

6919 As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning:

6920 "Abused or neglected child" means any child less than 18 years of age:

6921 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 6922 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 6923 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or impairment of bodily or mental 6924 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 6925 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 6926 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 6927 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 6928 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

6929 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 6930 necessary for his health. However, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 6931 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 6932 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child. Further, a 6933 decision by parents who have legal authority for the child or, in the absence of parents with legal 6934 authority for the child, any person with legal authority for the child, who refuses a particular medical 6935 treatment for a child with a life-threatening condition shall not be deemed a refusal to provide necessary 6936 care if (i) such decision is made jointly by the parents or other person with legal authority and the child; 6937 (ii) the child has reached 14 years of age and is sufficiently mature to have an informed opinion on the 6938 subject of his medical treatment; (iii) the parents or other person with legal authority and the child have 6939 considered alternative treatment options; and (iv) the parents or other person with legal authority and the 6940 child believe in good faith that such decision is in the child's best interest. Nothing in this subdivision 6941 shall be construed to limit the provisions of § 16.1-278.4;

6942 3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any act of sexual exploitation or any sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or

6946 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian or other person standing in loco6947 parentis; or

6948
6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55-79.2, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a minor for which registration is required as a violent sexual offender pursuant to § 9.1-902.

If a civil proceeding under this title is based solely on the parent having left the child at a hospital or rescue squad, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended rescue squad that employs emergency medical technicians, within 14 days of the child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

6959 "Adoptive home" means any family home selected and approved by a parent, local board or a6960 licensed child-placing agency for the placement of a child with the intent of adoption.

6961 "Adoptive placement" means arranging for the care of a child who is in the custody of a 6962 child-placing agency in an approved home for the purpose of adoption.

6963 "Adult abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain, injury or mental anguish or unreasonable6964 confinement of an adult.

6965 "Adult day care center" means any facility that is either operated for profit or that desires licensure 6966 and that provides supplementary care and protection during only a part of the day to four or more aged, 6967 infirm or disabled adults who reside elsewhere, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by 6968 the State Board of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, and (ii) 6969 the home or residence of an individual who cares for only persons related to him by blood or marriage. 6970 Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or institutions owned, operated or controlled by a single entity and providing such supplementary care and protection to a combined total 6971 of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. 6972

6973 "Adult exploitation" means the illegal use of an incapacitated adult or his resources for another's profit or advantage.

6975 "Adult foster care" means room and board, supervision, and special services to an adult who has a6976 physical or mental condition. Adult foster care may be provided by a single provider for up to three6977 adults.

6978 "Adult neglect" means that an adult is living under such circumstances that he is not able to provide
6979 for himself or is not being provided services necessary to maintain his physical and mental health and
6980 that the failure to receive such necessary services impairs or threatens to impair his well-being.
6981 However, no adult shall be considered neglected solely on the basis that such adult is receiving religious
6982 nonmedical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing care in lieu of medical care, provided that such
6983 treatment or care is performed in good faith and in accordance with the religious practices of the adult
6984 and there is a written or oral expression of consent by that adult.

6985 "Adult protective services" means services provided by the local department that are necessary to6986 protect an adult from abuse, neglect or exploitation.

6987 "Assisted living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults who
6988 may have physical or mental impairments and require at least a moderate level of assistance with
6989 activities of daily living.

6990 "Assisted living facility" means any congregate residential setting that provides or coordinates 6991 personal and health care services, 24-hour supervision, and assistance (scheduled and unscheduled) for 6992 the maintenance or care of four or more adults who are aged, infirm or disabled and who are cared for 6993 in a primarily residential setting, except (i) a facility or portion of a facility licensed by the State Board 6994 of Health or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, but including any 6995 portion of such facility not so licensed; (ii) the home or residence of an individual who cares for or 6996 maintains only persons related to him by blood or marriage; (iii) a facility or portion of a facility 6997 serving infirm or disabled persons between the ages of 18 and 21, or 22 if enrolled in an educational 6998 program for the handicapped pursuant to § 22.1-214, when such facility is licensed by the Department as 6999 a children's residential facility under Chapter 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.), but including any portion of the 7000 facility not so licensed; and (iv) any housing project for persons 62 years of age or older or the disabled that provides no more than basic coordination of care services and is funded by the U.S. Department of 7001 Housing and Urban Development, by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, or by the Virginia Housing 7002 Development Authority. Included in this definition are any two or more places, establishments or 7003 7004 institutions owned or operated by a single entity and providing maintenance or care to a combined total of four or more aged, infirm or disabled adults. Maintenance or care means the protection, general 7005 7006 supervision and oversight of the physical and mental well-being of an aged, infirm or disabled 7007 individual.

7008 "Auxiliary grants" means cash payments made to certain aged, blind or disabled individuals who 7009 receive benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended, or would be eligible to receive 7010 these benefits except for excess income.

7011 "Birth family" or "birth sibling" means the child's biological family or biological sibling.

7012 "Birth parent" means the child's biological parent and, for purposes of adoptive placement, means 7013 parent(s) by previous adoption.

7014 "Board" means the State Board of Social Services.

7015 "Child" means any natural person under 18 years of age.

7016 "Child day center" means a child day program offered to (i) two or more children under the age of 7017 13 in a facility that is not the residence of the provider or of any of the children in care or (ii) 13 or 7018 more children at any location.

7019 "Child day program" means a regularly operating service arrangement for children where, during the 7020 absence of a parent or guardian, a person or organization has agreed to assume responsibility for the 7021 supervision, protection, and well-being of a child under the age of 13 for less than a 24-hour period.

"Child-placing agency" means any person who places children in foster homes, adoptive homes or independent living arrangements pursuant to § 63.2-1819 or a local board that places children in foster 7022 7023 7024 homes or adoptive homes pursuant to §§ 63.2-900, 63.2-903, and 63.2-1221. Officers, employees, or 7025 agents of the Commonwealth, or any locality acting within the scope of their authority as such, who 7026 serve as or maintain a child-placing agency, shall not be required to be licensed.

7027 "Child-protective services" means the identification, receipt and immediate response to complaints 7028 and reports of alleged child abuse or neglect for children under 18 years of age. It also includes 7029 assessment, and arranging for and providing necessary protective and rehabilitative services for a child 7030 and his family when the child has been found to have been abused or neglected or is at risk of being 7031 abused or neglected.

7032 "Child support services" means any civil, criminal or administrative action taken by the Division of 7033 Child Support Enforcement to locate parents; establish paternity; and establish, modify, enforce, or 7034 collect child support, or child and spousal support.

7035 "Child-welfare agency" means a child day center, child-placing agency, children's residential facility, 7036 family day home, family day system, or independent foster home.

7037 "Children's residential facility" means any facility, child-caring institution, or group home that is 7038 maintained for the purpose of receiving children separated from their parents or guardians for full-time 7039 care, maintenance, protection and guidance, or for the purpose of providing independent living services 7040 to persons between 18 and 21 years of age who are in the process of transitioning out of foster care. 7041 Children's residential facility shall not include:

7042 1. A licensed or accredited educational institution whose pupils, in the ordinary course of events, 7043 return annually to the homes of their parents or guardians for not less than two months of summer 7044 vacation;

7045 2. An establishment required to be licensed as a summer camp by § 35.1-18; and

7046 3. A licensed or accredited hospital legally maintained as such.

7047 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department, his designee or authorized 7048 representative. 7049

"Department" means the State Department of Social Services.

7050 "Department of Health and Human Services" means the Department of Health and Human Services 7051 of the United States government or any department or agency thereof that may hereafter be designated 7052 as the agency to administer the Social Security Act, as amended.

7053 "Disposable income" means that part of the income due and payable of any individual remaining 7054 after the deduction of any amount required by law to be withheld.

7055 "Energy assistance" means benefits to assist low-income households with their home heating and 7056 cooling needs, including, but not limited to, purchase of materials or substances used for home heating, repair or replacement of heating equipment, emergency intervention in no-heat situations, purchase or 7057 7058 repair of cooling equipment, and payment of electric bills to operate cooling equipment, in accordance 7059 with § 63.2-805, or provided under the Virginia Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (Title XXVI of Public Law 97-35), as amended. 7060

7061 "Family day home" means a child day program offered in the residence of the provider or the home 7062 of any of the children in care for one through 12 children under the age of 13, exclusive of the 7063 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, when at least one child receives care 7064 for compensation. The provider of a licensed or registered family day home shall disclose to the parents 7065 or guardians of children in their care the percentage of time per week that persons other than the provider will care for the children. Family day homes serving six through 12 children, exclusive of the 7066 7067 provider's own children and any children who reside in the home, shall be licensed. However, no family 7068 day home shall care for more than four children under the age of two, including the provider's own

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children and any children who reside in the home, unless the family day home is licensed or voluntarilyregistered. However, a family day home where the children in care are all grandchildren of the providershall not be required to be licensed.

"Family day system" means any person who approves family day homes as members of its system;
who refers children to available family day homes in that system; and who, through contractual arrangement, may provide central administrative functions including, but not limited to, training of operators of member homes; technical assistance and consultation to operators of member homes;
inspection, supervision, monitoring, and evaluation of member homes; and referral of children to available health and social services.

7078 "Foster care placement" means placement of a child through (i) an agreement between the parents or guardians and the local board where legal custody remains with the parents or guardians or (ii) an entrustment or commitment of the child to the local board or licensed child-placing agency.

7081 "Foster home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which any child, other than a child by birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household.

7083 "General relief" means money payments and other forms of relief made to those persons mentioned
7084 in § 63.2-802 in accordance with the regulations of the Board and reimbursable in accordance with
7085 § 63.2-401.

"Independent foster home" means a private family home in which any child, other than a child by
birth or adoption of such person, resides as a member of the household and has been placed therein
independently of a child-placing agency except (i) a home in which are received only children related by
birth or adoption of the person who maintains such home and children of personal friends of such
person and (ii) a home in which is received a child or children committed under the provisions of
subdivision A 4 of § 16.1-278.2, subdivision 6 of § 16.1-278.4, or subdivision A 13 of § 16.1-278.8.

7092 "Independent living" means a planned program of services designed to assist a child age 16 and over7093 and persons who are former foster care children between the ages of 18 and 21 in transitioning to7094 self-sufficiency.

7095 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency and has been placed by the local board or licensed child-placing agency in a living arrangement in which he does not have daily substitute parental supervision.

7099 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 7100 of age or older who was committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services and 7101 activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet reached 7102 the age of 21 years or (ii) is at least 18 years of age but who has not yet reached 21 years of age and 7103 who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of 7104 7105 a local board of social services. Such services shall include counseling, education, housing, employment, 7106 and money management skills development, access to essential documents, and other appropriate 7107 services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

7108 "Independent physician" means a physician who is chosen by the resident of the assisted living
7109 facility and who has no financial interest in the assisted living facility, directly or indirectly, as an
7110 owner, officer, or employee or as an independent contractor with the residence.

7111 "Intercountry placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home or foster
7112 care placement into or out of the Commonwealth by a licensed child-placing agency, court, or other
7113 entity authorized to make such placements in accordance with the laws of the foreign country under
7114 which it operates.

7115 "Interstate placement" means the arrangement for the care of a child in an adoptive home, foster care
7116 placement or in the home of the child's parent or with a relative or nonagency guardian, into or out of
7117 the Commonwealth, by a child-placing agency or court when the full legal right of the child's parent or
7118 nonagency guardian to plan for the child has been voluntarily terminated or limited or severed by the
7119 action of any court.

7120 "Kinship care" means the full-time care, nurturing, and protection of children by relatives.

7121 "Local board" means the local board of social services representing one or more counties or cities.

7122 "Local department" means the local department of social services of any county or city in this7123 Commonwealth.

7124 "Local director" means the director or his designated representative of the local department of the 7125 city or county.

7126 "Merit system plan" means those regulations adopted by the Board in the development and operation
7127 of a system of personnel administration meeting requirements of the federal Office of Personnel
7128 Management.

7129 "Parental placement" means locating or effecting the placement of a child or the placing of a child in7130 a family home by the child's parent or legal guardian for the purpose of foster care or adoption.

7131 "Public assistance" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); auxiliary grants to the 7132 aged, blind and disabled; medical assistance; energy assistance; food stamps; employment services; child 7133 care; and general relief.

"Qualified assessor" means an entity contracting with the Department of Medical Assistance Services 7134 7135 to perform nursing facility pre-admission screening or to complete the uniform assessment instrument for 7136 a home and community-based waiver program, including an independent physician contracting with the 7137 Department of Medical Assistance Services to complete the uniform assessment instrument for residents 7138 of assisted living facilities, or any hospital that has contracted with the Department of Medical 7139 Assistance Services to perform nursing facility pre-admission screenings.

7140 "Registered family day home" means any family day home that has met the standards for voluntary 7141 registration for such homes pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board and that has obtained a 7142 certificate of registration from the Commissioner.

7143 "Residential living care" means a level of service provided by an assisted living facility for adults 7144 who may have physical or mental impairments and require only minimal assistance with the activities of daily living. The definition of "residential living care" includes the services provided by independent 7145 7146 living facilities that voluntarily become licensed.

7147 "Social services" means foster care, adoption, adoption assistance, child-protective services, domestic 7148 violence services, or any other services program implemented in accordance with regulations adopted by 7149 the Board. Social services also includes adult services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 51.5-144 et seq.) of 7150 Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 and adult protective services pursuant to Article 5 (§ 51.5-148) of Chapter 14 7151 of Title 51.5 provided by local departments of social services in accordance with regulations and under 7152 the supervision of the Commissioner for Aging and Rehabilitative Services.

7153 "Special order" means an order imposing an administrative sanction issued to any party licensed 7154 pursuant to this title by the Commissioner that has a stated duration of not more than 12 months. A 7155 special order shall be considered a case decision as defined in § 2.2-4001.

"Temporary Assistance for Needy Families" or "TANF" means the program administered by the 7156 7157 Department through which a relative can receive monthly cash assistance for the support of his eligible 7158 children.

7159 "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Unemployed Parent" or "TANF-UP" means the 7160 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program for families in which both natural or adoptive 7161 parents of a child reside in the home and neither parent is exempt from the Virginia Initiative for Employment Not Welfare (VIEW) participation under § 63.2-609. 7162

7163 "Title IV-E Foster Care" means a federal program authorized under §§ 472 and 473 of the Social 7164 Security Act, as amended, and administered by the Department through which foster care is provided on 7165 behalf of qualifying children. 7166

§ 63.2-1515. Central registry; disclosure of information.

7167 The central registry shall contain such information as shall be prescribed by Board regulation; 7168 however, when the founded case of abuse or neglect does not name the parents or guardians of the child 7169 as the abuser or neglector, and the abuse or neglect occurred in a licensed or unlicensed child day 7170 center, a licensed, registered or approved family day home, a private or public school, or a children's 7171 residential facility, the child's name shall not be entered on the registry without consultation with and 7172 permission of the parents or guardians. If a child's name currently appears on the registry without 7173 consultation with and permission of the parents or guardians for a founded case of abuse and neglect that does not name the parents or guardians of the child as the abuser or neglector, such parents or 7174 7175 guardians may have the child's name removed by written request to the Department. The information 7176 contained in the central registry shall not be open to inspection by the public. However, appropriate 7177 disclosure may be made in accordance with Board regulations.

7178 The Department shall respond to requests for a search of the central registry made by (i) local 7179 departments and (ii) local school boards regarding applicants for employment, pursuant to § 22.1-296.4, 7180 in cases where there is no match within the central registry within 10 business days of receipt of such requests. In cases where there is a match within the central registry regarding applicants for 7181 7182 employment, the Department shall respond to requests made by local departments and local school 7183 boards within 30 business days of receipt of such requests. The response may be by first-class mail or 7184 facsimile transmission.

7185 Any central registry check of a person who has applied to be a volunteer with a (a) Virginia affiliate 7186 of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America, (b) Virginia affiliate of Compeer, (c) Virginia affiliate of 7187 Childhelp USA/rs, (d) volunteer fire company or volunteer rescue squad emergency medical services 7188 agency, or (e) with a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant to § 9.1-153 shall be conducted 7189 at no charge.

7190 § 65.2-101. Definitions.

7191 As used in this title: HB58

7192 "Average weekly wage" means:

7193 1. a. The earnings of the injured employee in the employment in which he was working at the time 7194 of the injury during the period of 52 weeks immediately preceding the date of the injury, divided by 52; 7195 but if the injured employee lost more than seven consecutive calendar days during such period, although 7196 not in the same week, then the earnings for the remainder of the 52 weeks shall be divided by the 7197 number of weeks remaining after the time so lost has been deducted. When the employment prior to the 7198 injury extended over a period of less than 52 weeks, the method of dividing the earnings during that period by the number of weeks and parts thereof during which the employee earned wages shall be 7199 7200 followed, provided that results fair and just to both parties will be thereby obtained. When, by reason of 7201 a shortness of time during which the employee has been in the employment of his employer or the casual nature or terms of his employment, it is impractical to compute the average weekly wages as 7202 above defined, regard shall be had to the average weekly amount which during the 52 weeks previous to 7203 7204 the injury was being earned by a person of the same grade and character employed in the same class of 7205 employment in the same locality or community.

7206 b. When for exceptional reasons the foregoing would be unfair either to the employer or employee, 7207 such other method of computing average weekly wages may be resorted to as will most nearly 7208 approximate the amount which the injured employee would be earning were it not for the injury.

7209 2. Whenever allowances of any character made to an employee in lieu of wages are a specified part 7210 of the wage contract, they shall be deemed a part of his earnings. For the purpose of this title, the 7211 average weekly wage of the members of the Virginia National Guard, the Virginia Naval Militia and the 7212 Virginia Defense Force, registered members on duty or in training of the United States Civil Defense 7213 Corps of this the Commonwealth, volunteer firefighters engaged in firefighting activities under the supervision and control of the Department of Forestry, and forest wardens shall be deemed to be such 7214 amount as will entitle them to the maximum compensation payable under this title; however, any award 7215 7216 entered under the provisions of this title on behalf of members of the National Guard, the Virginia 7217 Naval Militia or their dependents, or registered members on duty or in training of the United States 7218 Civil Defense Corps of this the Commonwealth or their dependents, shall be subject to credit for 7219 benefits paid them under existing or future federal law on account of injury or occupational disease 7220 covered by the provisions of this title.

3. Whenever volunteer firefighters, volunteer lifesaving or volunteer rescue squad members 7221 7222 emergency medical services personnel, volunteer law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary or reserve police, 7223 auxiliary or reserve deputy sheriffs, volunteer emergency medical technicians, members of volunteer 7224 search and rescue organizations, volunteer members of community emergency response teams, and 7225 volunteer members of medical reserve corps are deemed employees under this title, their average weekly 7226 wage shall be deemed sufficient to produce the minimum compensation provided by this title for injured 7227 workers or their dependents. For the purposes of workers' compensation insurance premium calculations, 7228 the monthly payroll for each volunteer firefighter or volunteer lifesaving or volunteer rescue squad 7229 member emergency medical services personnel shall be deemed to be \$300 \$500.

7230 4. The average weekly wage of persons, other than those covered in subdivision 3 of this definition, 7231 who respond to a hazardous materials incident at the request of the Department of Emergency 7232 Management shall be based upon the earnings of such persons from their primary employers.

7233 "Award" means the grant or denial of benefits or other relief under this title or any rule adopted 7234 pursuant thereto.

7235 "Change in condition" means a change in physical condition of the employee as well as any change 7236 in the conditions under which compensation was awarded, suspended, or terminated which would affect 7237 the right to, amount of, or duration of compensation.

7238 "Client company" means any person that enters into an agreement for professional employer services 7239 with a professional employer organization.

7240 "Coemployee" means an employee performing services pursuant to an agreement for professional 7241 employer services between a client company and a professional employer organization.

'Commission" means the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission as well as its former 7242 7243 designation as the Virginia Industrial Commission. 7244

"Employee" means:

7245 1. a. Every person, including aliens and minors, in the service of another under any contract of hire 7246 or apprenticeship, written or implied, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed, except (i) one whose 7247 employment is not in the usual course of the trade, business, occupation or profession of the employer or (ii) as otherwise provided in subdivision 2 of this definition. 7248

7249 b. Any apprentice, trainee, or retrainee who is regularly employed while receiving training or 7250 instruction outside of regular working hours and off the job, so long as the training or instruction is 7251 related to his employment and is authorized by his employer.

7252 c. Members of the Virginia National Guard and the Virginia Naval Militia, whether on duty in a paid 7253 or unpaid status or when performing voluntary service to their unit in a nonduty status at the request of

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their commander.

7255 Income benefits for members of the National Guard or Naval Militia shall be terminated when they 7256 are able to return to their customary civilian employment or self-employment. If they are neither 7257 employed nor self-employed, those benefits shall terminate when they are able to return to their military 7258 duties. If a member of the National Guard or Naval Militia who is fit to return to his customary civilian 7259 employment or self-employment remains unable to perform his military duties and thereby suffers loss 7260 of military pay which he would otherwise have earned, he shall be entitled to one day of income 7261 benefits for each unit training assembly or day of paid training which he is unable to attend.

d. Members of the Virginia Defense Force.

e. Registered members of the United States Civil Defense Corps of this *the* Commonwealth, whether on duty or in training.

f. Except as provided in subdivision 2 of this definition, all officers and employees of the Commonwealth, including (i) forest wardens; (ii) judges, clerks, deputy clerks and employees of juvenile and domestic relations district courts and general district courts; and (iii) secretaries and administrative assistants for officers and members of the General Assembly employed pursuant to § 30-19.4 and compensated as provided in the general appropriation act, who shall be deemed employees of the Commonwealth.

g. Except as provided in subdivision 2 of this definition, all officers and employees of a municipalcorporation or political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

h. Except as provided in subdivision 2 of this definition, (i) every executive officer, including
president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer or other officer, elected or appointed in accordance with the
charter and bylaws of a corporation, municipal or otherwise and (ii) every manager of a limited liability
company elected or appointed in accordance with the articles of organization or operating agreement of
the limited liability company.

7278 i. Policemen and firefighters, sheriffs and their deputies, town sergeants and their deputies, county 7279 and city commissioners of the revenue, county and city treasurers, attorneys for the Commonwealth, 7280 clerks of circuit courts and their deputies, officers and employees, and electoral board members 7281 appointed in accordance with § 24.2-106, who shall be deemed employees of the respective cities, 7282 counties and towns in which their services are employed and by whom their salaries are paid or in 7283 which their compensation is earnable. However, notwithstanding the foregoing provision of this 7284 subdivision, such individuals who would otherwise be deemed to be employees of the city, county, or 7285 town in which their services are employed and by whom their salaries are paid or in which their 7286 compensation is earnable shall be deemed to be employees of the Commonwealth while rendering aid 7287 outside of the Commonwealth pursuant to a request, approved by the Commonwealth, under the 7288 Emergency Management Assistance Compact enacted pursuant to § 44-146.28:1.

j. Members of the governing body of any county, city, or town in the Commonwealth, whenevercoverage under this title is extended to such members by resolution or ordinance duly adopted.

k. Volunteers, officers and employees of any commission or board of any authority created or
controlled by a local governing body, or any local agency or public service corporation owned, operated
or controlled by such local governing body, whenever coverage under this title is authorized by
resolution or ordinance duly adopted by the governing board of any county, city, town, or any political
subdivision thereof.

7296 1. Except as provided in subdivision 2 of this definition, volunteer firefighters, members of a 7297 volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad members emergency medical services agency, volunteer 7298 law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary or reserve police, auxiliary or reserve deputy sheriffs, volunteer 7299 emergency medical technicians, members of volunteer search and rescue organizations, volunteer 7300 members of regional hazardous materials emergency response teams, volunteer members of community 7301 emergency response teams, and volunteer members of medical reserve corps, who shall be deemed 7302 employees of (i) the political subdivision or state institution of higher education in which the principal 7303 office of such volunteer fire company, members of a volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad emergency 7304 medical services agency, volunteer law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary or reserve police force, auxiliary 7305 or reserve deputy sheriff force, volunteer emergency medical technicians, volunteer search and rescue 7306 organization, regional hazardous materials emergency response team, community emergency response 7307 team, or medical reserve corps is located if the governing body of such political subdivision or state 7308 institution of higher education has adopted a resolution acknowledging those persons as employees for 7309 the purposes of this title or (ii) in the case of volunteer firefighters or volunteer lifesaving or rescue 7310 squad members emergency medical services personnel, the fire companies or squads emergency medical 7311 services agencies for which volunteer services are provided whenever such companies or squads elect to 7312 be included as an employer under this title.

7313 m. (1) Volunteer firefighters, *members of* volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad members emergency 7314 *medical services agencies*, volunteer law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary or reserve police, auxiliary or

7315 reserve deputy sheriffs, volunteer emergency medical technicians, members of volunteer search and 7316 rescue organizations and any other persons who respond to an incident upon request of the Department of Emergency Management, who shall be deemed employees of the Department of Emergency 7317 7318 Management for the purposes of this title.

7319 (2) Volunteer firefighters when engaged in firefighting activities under the supervision and control of 7320 the Department of Forestry, who shall be deemed employees of the Department of Forestry for the 7321 purposes of this title.

7322 n. Any sole proprietor, shareholder of a stock corporation having only one shareholder, member of a 7323 limited liability company having only one member, or all partners of a business electing to be included 7324 as an employee under the workers' compensation coverage of such business if the insurer is notified of this election. Any sole proprietor, shareholder or member or the partners shall, upon such election, be 7325 7326 entitled to employee benefits and be subject to employee responsibilities prescribed in this title.

7327 When any partner or sole shareholder, member or proprietor is entitled to receive coverage under this title, such person shall be subject to all provisions of this title as if he were an employee; however, the 7328 7329 notices required under §§ 65.2-405 and 65.2-600 of this title shall be given to the insurance carrier, and 7330 the panel of physicians required under § 65.2-603 shall be selected by the insurance carrier.

7331 o. The independent contractor of any employer subject to this title at the election of such employer 7332 provided (i) the independent contractor agrees to such inclusion and (ii) unless the employer is 7333 self-insured, the employer's insurer agrees in writing to such inclusion. All or part of the cost of the 7334 insurance coverage of the independent contractor may be borne by the independent contractor.

7335 When any independent contractor is entitled to receive coverage under this section, such person shall 7336 be subject to all provisions of this title as if he were an employee, provided that the notices required 7337 under §§ 65.2-405 and 65.2-600 are given either to the employer or its insurance carrier.

7338 However, nothing in this title shall be construed to make the employees of any independent 7339 contractor the employees of the person or corporation employing or contracting with such independent 7340 contractor.

7341 p. The legal representative, dependents and any other persons to whom compensation may be payable 7342 when any person covered as an employee under this title shall be deceased.

7343 q. Jail officers and jail superintendents employed by regional jails or jail farm boards or authorities, whether created pursuant to Article 3.1 (§ 53.1-95.2 et seq.) or Article 5 (§ 53.1-105 et seq.) of Chapter 7344 7345 3 of Title 53.1, or an act of assembly.

7346 r. AmeriCorps members who receive stipends in return for volunteering in local, state and nonprofit 7347 agencies in the Commonwealth, who shall be deemed employees of the Commonwealth for the purposes 7348 of this title.

7349 s. Food Stamp recipients participating in the work experience component of the Food Stamp 7350 Employment and Training Program, who shall be deemed employees of the Commonwealth for the 7351 purposes of this title.

7352 t. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families recipients not eligible for Medicaid participating in the 7353 work experience component of the Virginia Initiative for Employment Not Welfare Program, who shall 7354 be deemed employees of the Commonwealth for the purposes of this title. 7355

2. "Employee" shall not mean:

a. Officers and employees of the Commonwealth who are elected by the General Assembly, or 7356 7357 appointed by the Governor, either with or without the confirmation of the Senate. This exception shall not apply to any "state employee" as defined in § 51.1-124.3 nor to Supreme Court Justices, judges of 7358 7359 the Court of Appeals, judges of the circuit or district courts, members of the Workers' Compensation 7360 Commission and the State Corporation Commission, or the Superintendent of State Police.

7361 b. Officers and employees of municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the Commonwealth who are elected by the people or by the governing bodies, and who act in purely administrative 7362 7363 capacities and are to serve for a definite term of office.

7364 c. Any person who is a licensed real estate salesperson, or a licensed real estate broker associated 7365 with a real estate broker, if (i) substantially all of the salesperson's or associated broker's remuneration is 7366 derived from real estate commissions, (ii) the services of the salesperson or associated broker are 7367 performed under a written contract specifying that the salesperson is an independent contractor, and (iii) 7368 such contract includes a provision that the salesperson or associated broker will not be treated as an 7369 employee for federal income tax purposes.

7370 d. Any taxicab or executive sedan driver, provided the Commission is furnished evidence that such 7371 individual is excluded from taxation by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

7372 e. Casual employees. 7373

f. Domestic servants.

7374 g. Farm and horticultural laborers, unless the employer regularly has in service more than three 7375 full-time employees.

7376 h. Employees of any person, firm or private corporation, including any public service corporation,

that has regularly in service less than three employees in the same business within this Commonwealth,
unless such employees and their employers voluntarily elect to be bound by this title. However, this
exemption shall not apply to the operators of underground coal mines or their employees. An executive officer who is not paid salary or wages on a regular basis at an agreed upon amount and who rejects
coverage under this title pursuant to § 65.2-300 shall not be included as an employee for purposes of this subdivision.

7383 i. Employees of any common carrier by railroad engaging in commerce between any of the several 7384 states or territories or between the District of Columbia and any of the states or territories and any 7385 foreign nation or nations, and any person suffering injury or death while he is employed by such carrier in such commerce. This title shall not be construed to lessen the liability of any such common carrier or 7386 7387 to diminish or take away in any respect any right that any person so employed, or the personal 7388 representative, kindred or relation, or dependent of such person, may have under the act of Congress 7389 relating to the liability of common carriers by railroad to their employees in certain cases, approved 7390 April 22, 1908, or under §§ 8.01-57 through 8.01-62 or § 56-441.

j. Employees of common carriers by railroad who are engaged in intrastate trade or commerce.
However, this title shall not be construed to lessen the liability of such common carriers or take away or
diminish any right that any employee or, in case of his death, the personal representative of such
employee of such common carrier may have under §§ 8.01-57 through 8.01-61 or § 56-441.

k. Except as provided in subdivision 1 of this definition, a member of a volunteer fire fighting,
lifesaving or rescue squad fire department or emergency medical services agency when engaged in
activities related principally to participation as an emergency medical services personnel or a member of
such squad fire department whether or not the volunteer continues to receive compensation from his
employer for time away from the job.

7400 1. Except as otherwise provided in this title, noncompensated employees and noncompensated
7401 directors of corporations exempt from taxation pursuant to § 501(c)(3) of Title 26 of the United States
7402 Code (Internal Revenue Code of 1954).

m. Any person performing services as a sports official for an entity sponsoring an interscholastic or
intercollegiate sports event or any person performing services as a sports official for a public entity or a
private, nonprofit organization which sponsors an amateur sports event. For the purposes of this
subdivision, "sports official" includes an umpire, referee, judge, scorekeeper, timekeeper or other person
who is a neutral participant in a sports event. This shall not include any person, otherwise employed by
an organization or entity sponsoring a sports event, who performs services as a sports official as part of
his regular employment.

n. Any person who suffers an injury on or after July 1, 2012, for which there is jurisdiction under
either the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, 33 U.S.C. § 901 et seq., and its
extensions, or the Merchant Marine Act of 1920, 46 U.S.C. § 30104 et seq. However, this title shall not
be construed to eliminate or diminish any right that any person or, in the case of the person's death, his
personal representative, may have under either the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act,
33 U.S.C. § 901 et seq., and its extensions, or the Merchant Marine Act of 1920, 46 U.S.C. § 30104 et seq.

⁷⁴¹⁷ "Employer" includes (i) any person, the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof and any
⁷⁴¹⁸ individual, firm, association or corporation, or the receiver or trustee of the same, or the legal
⁷⁴¹⁹ representative of a deceased employer, using the service of another for pay and (ii) any volunteer fire
⁷⁴²⁰ company or volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad emergency medical services agency electing to be
⁷⁴²¹ included and maintaining coverage as an employer under this title. If the employer is insured, it includes
⁷⁴²² his insurer so far as applicable.

"Executive officer" means (i) the president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer or other officer,
elected or appointed in accordance with the charter and bylaws of a corporation and (ii) the managers
elected or appointed in accordance with the articles of organization or operating agreement of a limited
liability company. However, such term does not include noncompensated officers of corporations exempt
from taxation pursuant to § 501(c)(3) of Title 26 of the United States Code (Internal Revenue Code of
1954).

7429 "Filed" means hand delivered to the Commission's office in Richmond or any regional office
7430 maintained by the Commission; sent by telegraph, electronic mail or other means of electronic
7431 transmission approved by the Commission or facsimile transmission; or posted at any post office of the
7432 United States Postal Service by certified or registered mail. Filing by first-class mail, telegraph,
relectronic mail or other means of electronic transmission or facsimile transmission shall be deemed
registered only when the document or other material transmitted reaches the Commission or its
registered agent.

7436 "Injury" means only injury by accident arising out of and in the course of the employment or occupational disease as defined in Chapter 4 (§ 65.2-400 et seq.) of this title and does not include a

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7438 disease in any form, except when it results naturally and unavoidably from either of the foregoing 7439 causes. Such term shall not include any injury, disease or condition resulting from an employee's 7440 voluntary:

7441 1. Participation in employer-sponsored off-duty recreational activities which are not part of the 7442 employee's duties; or

7443 2. Use of a motor vehicle that was provided to the employee by a motor vehicle dealer as defined by 7444 § 46.2-1500 and bears a dealer's license plate as defined by § 46.2-1550 for (i) commuting to or from 7445 work or (ii) any other nonwork activity. 7446

Such term shall include any injury, disease or condition:

7447 1. Arising out of and in the course of the employment of (a) an employee of a hospital as defined in § 32.1-123; (b) an employee of a health care provider as defined in § 8.01-581.1; (c) an employee of the 7448 7449 Department of Health or a local department of health; (d) a member of a search and rescue organization; 7450 or (e) any person described in clauses (i) through (iv), (vi), and (ix) of subsection A of § 65.2-402.1 7451 otherwise subject to the provisions of this title; and

7452 2. Resulting from (a) the administration of vaccinia (smallpox) vaccine, Cidofivir and derivatives 7453 thereof, or Vaccinia Immune Globulin as part of federally initiated smallpox countermeasures, or (b) 7454 transmission of vaccinia in the course of employment from an employee participating in such 7455 countermeasures to a coemployee of the same employer.

7456 "Professional employer organization" means any person that enters into a written agreement with a 7457 client company to provide professional employer services.

7458 "Professional employer services" means services provided to a client company pursuant to a written 7459 agreement with a professional employer organization whereby the professional employer organization 7460 initially employs all or a majority of a client company's workforce and assumes responsibilities as an employer for all coemployees that are assigned, allocated, or shared by the agreement between the 7461 7462 professional employer organization and the client company.

7463 "Staffing service" means any person, other than a professional employer organization, that hires its 7464 own employees and assigns them to a client to support or supplement the client's workforce. It includes 7465 temporary staffing services that supply employees to clients in special work situations such as employee 7466 absences, temporary skill shortages, seasonal workloads, and special assignments and projects. 7467

§ 65.2-102. Coverage of firefighters and law-enforcement officers in off-duty capacity.

7468 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a claim for workers' compensation benefits shall be 7469 deemed to be in the course of employment of any firefighter or law-enforcement officer who, in an 7470 off-duty capacity or outside an assigned shift or work location, undertakes any law-enforcement or 7471 rescue activity. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an employer from using any defense otherwise 7472 available under this title. 7473

B. For purposes of this section:

7474 "Firefighter" means all (i) salaried firefighters, including special forest wardens designated pursuant 7475 to § 10.1-1135, emergency medical technicians, lifesaving and rescue squad members services personnel, 7476 and arson investigators and (ii) volunteer firefighters and lifesaving or rescue squad members emergency 7477 medical services personnel, if the governing body of the political subdivision in which the principal 7478 office of such volunteer fire company or volunteer lifesaving or rescue squad emergency medical 7479 services agency is located has adopted a resolution acknowledging such volunteer fire company or 7480 volunteer lifesaving and rescue squad emergency medical services agency as employees for purposes of 7481 this title.

7482 "Law-enforcement officer" means all (i) members of county, city, town, or authority police departments, (ii) sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, (iii) auxiliary or reserve police and auxiliary or reserve 7483 7484 deputy sheriffs, if the governing body of the political subdivision in which the principal office of such 7485 auxiliary or reserve police and auxiliary or reserve deputy sheriff force is located has adopted a 7486 resolution acknowledging such auxiliary or reserve police and auxiliary or reserve deputy sheriffs as employees for purposes of this title, (iv) members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System, and 7487 7488 (v) members of the Capitol Police as described in § 30-34.2:1.

7489 § 65.2-402. Presumption as to death or disability from respiratory disease, hypertension or 7490 heart disease, cancer.

7491 A. Respiratory diseases that cause (i) the death of volunteer or salaried firefighters or Department of 7492 Emergency Management hazardous materials officers or (ii) any health condition or impairment of such 7493 firefighters or Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officers resulting in total or 7494 partial disability shall be presumed to be occupational diseases, suffered in the line of duty, that are 7495 covered by this title unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to 7496 the contrary.

7497 B. Hypertension or heart disease causing the death of, or any health condition or impairment 7498 resulting in total or partial disability of (i) salaried or volunteer firefighters, (ii) members of the State 7499 Police Officers' Retirement System, (iii) members of county, city, or town police departments, (iv)

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sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, (v) Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officers, 7500 7501 (vi) city sergeants or deputy city sergeants of the City of Richmond, (vii) Virginia Marine Police 7502 officers, (viii) conservation police officers who are full-time sworn members of the enforcement division 7503 of the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, (ix) Capitol Police officers, (x) special agents of the 7504 Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control appointed under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et 7505 seq.) of Title 4.1, (xi) for such period that the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority voluntarily 7506 subjects itself to the provisions of this chapter as provided in § 65.2-305, officers of the police force 7507 established and maintained by the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, (xii) officers of the 7508 police force established and maintained by the Norfolk Airport Authority, (xiii) sworn officers of the 7509 police force established and maintained by the Virginia Port Authority, and (xiv) campus police officers appointed under Chapter 17 (§ 23-232 et seq.) of Title 23 and employed by any public institution of 7510 7511 higher education shall be presumed to be occupational diseases, suffered in the line of duty, that are 7512 covered by this title unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to 7513 the contrary.

7514 C. Leukemia or pancreatic, prostate, rectal, throat, ovarian or breast cancer causing the death of, or any health condition or impairment resulting in total or partial disability of, any volunteer or salaried 7515 7516 firefighter, Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer, commercial vehicle enforcement officer or motor carrier safety trooper employed by the Department of State Police, or 7517 7518 full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles having 7519 completed twelve 12 years of continuous service who has a contact with a toxic substance encountered 7520 in the line of duty shall be presumed to be an occupational disease, suffered in the line of duty, that is 7521 covered by this title, unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to 7522 the contrary. For the purposes of this section, a "toxic substance" is one which is a known or suspected 7523 carcinogen, as defined by the International Agency for Research on Cancer, and which causes, or is 7524 suspected to cause, leukemia or pancreatic, prostate, rectal, throat, ovarian or breast cancer.

7525 D. The presumptions described in subsections A, B, and C shall only apply if persons entitled to 7526 invoke them have, if requested by the private employer, appointing authority or governing body 7527 employing them, undergone preemployment physical examinations that (i) were conducted prior to the 7528 making of any claims under this title that rely on such presumptions, (ii) were performed by physicians 7529 whose qualifications are as prescribed by the private employer, appointing authority or governing body 7530 employing such persons, (iii) included such appropriate laboratory and other diagnostic studies as the 7531 private employer, appointing authorities or governing bodies may have prescribed, and (iv) found such 7532 persons free of respiratory diseases, hypertension, cancer or heart disease at the time of such 7533 examinations.

7534 E. Persons making claims under this title who rely on such presumptions shall, upon the request of 7535 private employers, appointing authorities or governing bodies employing such persons, submit to 7536 physical examinations (i) conducted by physicians selected by such employers, authorities, bodies or 7537 their representatives and (ii) consisting of such tests and studies as may reasonably be required by such 7538 physicians. However, a qualified physician, selected and compensated by the claimant, may, at the 7539 election of such claimant, be present at such examination.

7540 F. Whenever a claim for death benefits is made under this title and the presumptions of this section 7541 are invoked, any person entitled to make such claim shall, upon the request of the appropriate private 7542 employer, appointing authority or governing body that had employed the deceased, submit the body of 7543 the deceased to a postmortem examination as may be directed by the Commission. A qualified 7544 physician, selected and compensated by the person entitled to make the claim, may, at the election of 7545 such claimant, be present at such postmortem examination.

7546 G. Volunteer lifesaving and rescue squad members emergency medical services personnel, volunteer 7547 law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary and reserve deputy sheriffs, and auxiliary and reserve police are not 7548 included within the coverage of this section.

7549 H. For purposes of this section, the term "firefighter" shall include special forest wardens designated 7550 pursuant to § 10.1-1135 and any persons who are employed by or contract with private employers 7551 primarily to perform firefighting services. 7552

§ 65.2-402.1. Presumption as to death or disability from infectious disease.

7553 A. Hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV causing the death of, or any health 7554 condition or impairment resulting in total or partial disability of, any (i) salaried or volunteer firefighter, 7555 paramedic or salaried or volunteer emergency medical technician services personnel, (ii) member of the 7556 State Police Officers' Retirement System, (iii) member of county, city, or town police departments, (iv) 7557 sheriff or deputy sheriff, (v) Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer, (vi) 7558 city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the City of Richmond, (vii) Virginia Marine Police officer, (viii) conservation police officer who is a full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the 7559 Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, (ix) Capitol Police officer, (x) special agent of the 7560

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7561 Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control appointed under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et 7562 seq.) of Title 4.1, (xi) for such period that the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority voluntarily subjects itself to the provisions of this chapter as provided in § 65.2-305, officer of the police force 7563 7564 established and maintained by the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, (xii) officer of the police force established and maintained by the Norfolk Airport Authority, (xiii) conservation officer of the 7565 7566 Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115, (xiv) sworn officer of 7567 the police force established and maintained by the Virginia Port Authority, or (xv) any campus police officer appointed under Chapter 17 (§ 23-232 et seq.) of Title 23 and employed by any public institution 7568 7569 of higher education, who has a documented occupational exposure to blood or body fluids shall be 7570 presumed to be occupational diseases, suffered in the line of government duty, that are covered by this 7571 title unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to the contrary. For purposes of this section, an occupational exposure occurring on or after July 1, 2002, shall be 7572 7573 deemed "documented" if the person covered under this section gave notice, written or otherwise, of the 7574 occupational exposure to his employer, and an occupational exposure occurring prior to July 1, 2002, 7575 shall be deemed "documented" without regard to whether the person gave notice, written or otherwise, 7576 of the occupational exposure to his employer. 7577

B. As used in this section:

7578 "Blood or body fluids" means blood and body fluids containing visible blood and other body fluids 7579 to which universal precautions for prevention of occupational transmission of blood-borne pathogens, as 7580 established by the Centers for Disease Control, apply. For purposes of potential transmission of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis, or HIV the term "blood or body fluids" includes respiratory, 7581 7582 salivary, and sinus fluids, including droplets, sputum, saliva, mucous, and any other fluid through which 7583 infectious airborne or blood-borne organisms can be transmitted between persons.

"Hepatitis" means hepatitis A, hepatitis B, hepatitis non-A, hepatitis non-B, hepatitis C or any other 7584 7585 strain of hepatitis generally recognized by the medical community.

7586 "HIV" means the medically recognized retrovirus known as human immunodeficiency virus, type I or 7587 type II, causing immunodeficiency syndrome.

7588 "Occupational exposure," in the case of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV, means an exposure that occurs during the performance of job duties that places a covered employee at 7589 7590 risk of infection.

7591 C. Persons covered under this section who test positive for exposure to the enumerated occupational 7592 diseases, but have not yet incurred the requisite total or partial disability, shall otherwise be entitled to 7593 make a claim for medical benefits pursuant to § 65.2-603, including entitlement to an annual medical 7594 examination to measure the progress of the condition, if any, and any other medical treatment, 7595 prophylactic or otherwise.

D. Whenever any standard, medically-recognized vaccine or other form of immunization or 7596 7597 prophylaxis exists for the prevention of a communicable disease for which a presumption is established 7598 under this section, if medically indicated by the given circumstances pursuant to immunization policies 7599 established by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health 7600 Service, a person subject to the provisions of this section may be required by such person's employer to undergo the immunization or prophylaxis unless the person's physician determines in writing that the 7601 immunization or prophylaxis would pose a significant risk to the person's health. Absent such written 7602 7603 declaration, failure or refusal by a person subject to the provisions of this section to undergo such 7604 immunization or prophylaxis shall disqualify the person from any presumption established by this 7605 section.

7606 E. The presumptions described in subsection A shall only apply if persons entitled to invoke them 7607 have, if requested by the appointing authority or governing body employing them, undergone 7608 preemployment physical examinations that (i) were conducted prior to the making of any claims under 7609 this title that rely on such presumptions, (ii) were performed by physicians whose qualifications are as 7610 prescribed by the appointing authority or governing body employing such persons, (iii) included such 7611 appropriate laboratory and other diagnostic studies as the appointing authorities or governing bodies may 7612 have prescribed, and (iv) found such persons free of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or 7613 HIV at the time of such examinations. The presumptions described in subsection A shall not be effective 7614 until six months following such examinations, unless such persons entitled to invoke such presumption 7615 can demonstrate a documented exposure during the six-month period.

7616 F. Persons making claims under this title who rely on such presumption shall, upon the request of 7617 appointing authorities or governing bodies employing such persons, submit to physical examinations (i) conducted by physicians selected by such appointing authorities or governing bodies or their 7618 7619 representatives and (ii) consisting of such tests and studies as may reasonably be required by such 7620 physicians. However, a qualified physician, selected and compensated by the claimant, may, at the election of such claimant, be present at such examination. 7621

7622 § 66-25.1. Work programs.

A. The Director or his designee may enter into an agreement with a public or private entity for the operation of a work program for juveniles committed to the Department.

7625 B. The primary purpose of such work program shall be the training of such juveniles, not the production of goods or the rendering of service by juveniles committed to the Department. Such work programs also shall not interfere with or impact a juvenile's education program where the goal is achieving a high school diploma or its equivalent. The Board shall promulgate regulations governing the form and review process for proposed agreements.

C. Articles produced or manufactured and services provided by juveniles participating in such a work
program may be purchased by any county, district of any county, city, or town and by any nonprofit
organization, including volunteer lifesaving or first aid crews, rescue squads emergency medical services *agency*, fire departments, sheltered workshops and community service organizations. Such articles and
services may also be bought, sold or acquired by exchange on the open market through the participating
public or private entity.

7636 D. Revenues received from the sale of articles, as provided in subsection C, shall be deposited into a
7637 special fund established in the state treasury. Such funds shall be expended to support work programs
7638 for juveniles committed to the Department.

7639 2. That §§ 27-6.2, 27-8.1, 27-19, 27-23.6, 32.1-111.10, and 32.1-111.11 of the Code of Virginia are repealed.