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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 2004
2	Offered January 14, 2015
3	Prefiled January 14, 2015
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 22.1-253.13:2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the divisionwide ratio
5	of school nurses to students in average daily membership.
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8 9	Referred to Committee on Education
9 10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That § 22.1-253.13:2 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 22.1-253.13:2. Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel.
13	A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents,
14	and other professional personnel.
15	B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas.
16	C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces
17	divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions,
18	excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, counselors, and librarians, that are
19	not greater than the following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29
20	students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time
21	teacher's aide shall be assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class
22	being larger than 30 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 25 students; and (iii) 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12
23 24	35 students; and (iv) 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher
25	ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained
<b>2</b> 6	classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.
27	Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide
28	ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in
29	middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with
30	one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.
31	D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and
32	career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional
33 24	personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation
34 35	act. Calculations of kindergarten positions shall be based on full-day kindergarten programs. Beginning with the March 31 report of average daily membership, those school divisions offering half-day
36	kindergarten with pupil/teacher ratios that exceed 30 to one shall adjust their average daily membership
37	for kindergarten to reflect 85 percent of the total kindergarten average daily memberships, as provided in
38	the appropriation act.
39	E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs
40	of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be
41	provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K
42	through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State
43 44	funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and the appropriate programs for advectionally at rick students as identified by
44 45	the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by the local school boards.
<b>4</b> 6	To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may
47	employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services.
48	School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner
49	shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.
50	F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year
51	programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act,
52	shall be provided to support 17 full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students
53 54	identified as having limited English proficiency.
54 55	To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English
55 56	proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to
50 57	employ additional English language learner teachers to provide instruction to identified limited English
58	proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to supplement the instructional
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services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ Prevention, Intervention, and
 Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of
 Education.

62 G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local
63 school board shall employ the following reading specialists in elementary schools, one full-time in each
64 elementary school at the discretion of the local school board.

To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ
reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early
Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed
by the Board of Education.

69 H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positions70 for any school that reports fall membership, according to the type of school and student enrollment:

71 1. Principals in elementary schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
72 principals in middle schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis; principals in high schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900 students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals in high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools are elementary, middle, or secondary;

3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

4. Guidance counselors in elementary schools, one hour per day per 100 students, one full-time at 86 500 students, one hour per day additional time per 100 students or major fraction thereof; guidance 87 88 counselors in middle schools, one period per 80 students, one full-time at 400 students, one additional 89 period per 80 students or major fraction thereof; guidance counselors in high schools, one period per 70 90 students, one full-time at 350 students, one additional period per 70 students or major fraction thereof. 91 Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of guidance counselors to meet this staffing 92 requirement may assign guidance counselors to schools within the division according to the area of 93 greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary.

94 I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades95 kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

96 J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
97 kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional
98 technology resource teacher.

99 To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology 100 resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher 101 position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator 102 position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data 103 analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data 104 management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner 105 shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

106 K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing
 107 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the
 108 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except for guidance counselors, and shall be based on the school's total enrollment; guidance counselor staff requirements shall, however, be based on the enrollment at the various school organization levels, i.e., elementary, middle, or high school. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before January 1, report to the public the actual
pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms by school for the current school year. Such actual
ratios shall include only the teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall
exclude resource personnel. School boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers
in the same annual report. Any classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade

121 class size reduction program shall be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed 122 the requirements of this subsection shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data 123 shall be compiled in a manner to ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

124 N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in the 125 relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 126 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 127 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 128 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 129 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 130 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 131 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 132 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 133 courses.

134 O. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 135 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

136 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall 137 include the following:

138 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and 139 assistant superintendents; 140

2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

141 3. Student support positions, including (i) social workers and social work administrative positions; (ii) 142 guidance administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii) homebound administrative 143 positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to truancy and dropout 144 prevention; and (v) health and behavioral positions, including school nurses and school psychologists. 145 Local school boards shall employ at least one school nurse per 750 students in average daily 146 membership in grades kindergarten through 12;

147 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 148 media positions not included in subdivision H 3;

149 5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

150 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation 151 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

152 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional 153 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

154 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 155 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 156 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 157 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 158 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 159 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 160 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 161 elementary, middle, or secondary.

162 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

163 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 164 instructional services.

165 P. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of instructional and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be required to 166 include full-time students of approved virtual school programs. 167