2015 SESSION

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1819
2	Offered January 14, 2015
3	Prefiled January 13, 2015
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 38.2-2206 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia
5	by adding in Article 7 of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01 a section numbered 8.01-66.1:1, relating to motor
6	vehicle accidents; settlement of underinsured motorist claims; subrogation claims by underinsured
7	motorist benefits insurer.
8	Detrop Vilcore
9	Patron—Kilgore
10	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
11	
12	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
13	1. That § 38.2-2206 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted and that the Code of
14	Virginia is amended by adding in Article 7 of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01 a section numbered
15	8.01-66.1:1 as follows:
16	§ 8.01-66.1:1. Subrogation claims by underinsured motorist benefits insurer.
17	A. Any insurer paying underinsured motorist benefits to an insured, by way of settlement or payment
18	pursuant to a judgment, shall have no right of subrogation against any individual or entity who settled
19	with the underinsured motorist benefits insurer's insured pursuant to subsection K of § 38.2-2206 unless
20	the underinsured motorist failed to reasonably cooperate in the defense of any lawsuit brought against
21 22	him. An underinsured motorist shall be presumed to have failed to reasonably cooperate if he fails or
$\frac{22}{23}$	refuses: 1. To attend his deposition or trial if subpoenaed to appear at least 21 days in advance of either
23 24	event;
25	2. To assist in responding to written discovery;
26	3. To meet with defense counsel for a reasonable period of time after reasonable notice, by phone or
27	in person, within 21 days of being served with any lawsuit and again prior to his deposition and trial;
28	or
29	4. To notify defense counsel of any change in address.
30	The underinsured motorist may rebut the presumption that he failed to reasonably cooperate. If the
31	court finds that the underinsured motorist's failure to cooperate was not unreasonable or that the
32	underinsured motorist otherwise acted in good faith in attempting to comply with his duty to cooperate
33 34	with the underinsured motorist benefits insurer, then the insurer will not regain its right of subrogation. B. The underinsured motorist benefits insurer seeking the cooperation of the underinsured motorist
35	shall pay the reasonable costs and expenses related to procuring such cooperation, including any travel
36	costs if the underinsured motorist resides more than 100 miles from the location of his deposition or
37	trial. Travel costs may be considered by the court in determining whether the underinsured motorist's
38	failure to cooperate was unreasonable or not.
39	C. If the court finds that the underinsured motorist satisfied his duty to cooperate with the
40	underinsured motorist benefits insurer or that his failure to do so was not unreasonable, then the court
41	may award him his costs in defending such subrogation action, including reasonable attorney fees.
42	§ 38.2-2206. Uninsured motorist insurance coverage.
43 44	A. Except as provided in subsection J of this section, no policy or contract of bodily injury or
44 45	property damage liability insurance relating to the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle shall be issued or delivered in this Commonwealth to the owner of such vehicle or shall be issued or
4 5 4 6	delivered by any insurer licensed in this Commonwealth upon any motor vehicle principally garaged or
47	used in this Commonwealth unless it contains an endorsement or provisions undertaking to pay the
48	insured all sums that he is legally entitled to recover as damages from the owner or operator of an
49	uninsured motor vehicle, within limits not less than the requirements of § 46.2-472. Those limits shall
50	equal but not exceed the limits of the liability insurance provided by the policy, unless any one named
51	insured rejects the additional uninsured motorist insurance coverage by notifying the insurer as provided
52	in subsection B of § 38.2-2202. This rejection of the additional uninsured motorist insurance coverage
53	by any one named insured shall be binding upon all insureds under such policy as defined in subsection
54	B of this section. The endorsement or provisions shall also obligate the insurer to make payment for
55	bodily injury or property damage caused by the operation or use of an underinsured motor vehicle to the
56 57	extent the vehicle is underinsured, as defined in subsection B of this section. The endorsement or
57 58	provisions shall also provide for at least \$20,000 coverage for damage or destruction of the property of the insured in any one accident but may provide an exclusion of the first \$200 of the loss or damage
30	the insured in any one accident but may provide an exclusion of the first \$200 of the loss of damage

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59 where the loss or damage is a result of any one accident involving an unidentifiable owner or operator 60 of an uninsured motor vehicle.

61 B. As used in this section, the term "bodily injury" includes death resulting from bodily injury.

"Insured" as used in subsections A, D, G, and H of this section means the named insured and, while 62 63 resident of the same household, the spouse of the named insured, and relatives, wards or foster children of either, while in a motor vehicle or otherwise, and any person who uses the motor vehicle to which 64 65 the policy applies, with the expressed or implied consent of the named insured, and a guest in the motor vehicle to which the policy applies or the personal representative of any of the above. 66

"Uninsured motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle for which (i) there is no bodily injury liability 67 insurance and property damage liability insurance in the amounts specified by § 46.2-472, (ii) there is 68 such insurance but the insurer writing the insurance denies coverage for any reason whatsoever, 69 70 including failure or refusal of the insured to cooperate with the insurer, (iii) there is no bond or deposit 71 of money or securities in lieu of such insurance, (iv) the owner of the motor vehicle has not qualified as a self-insurer under the provisions of § 46.2-368, or (v) the owner or operator of the motor vehicle is 72 73 immune from liability for negligence under the laws of the Commonwealth or the United States, in 74 which case the provisions of subsection F shall apply and the action shall continue against the insurer. A 75 motor vehicle shall be deemed uninsured if its owner or operator is unknown.

A motor vehicle is "underinsured" when, and to the extent that, the total amount of bodily injury and 76 77 property damage coverage applicable to the operation or use of the motor vehicle and available for payment for such bodily injury or property damage, including all bonds or deposits of money or securities made pursuant to Article 15 (§ 46.2-435 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 46.2, is less than the 78 79 80 total amount of uninsured motorist coverage afforded any person injured as a result of the operation or use of the vehicle. 81

"Available for payment" means the amount of liability insurance coverage applicable to the claim of 82 83 the injured person for bodily injury or property damage reduced by the payment of any other claims 84 arising out of the same occurrence.

85 If an injured person is entitled to underinsured motorist coverage under more than one policy, the 86 following order of priority of policies applies and any amount available for payment shall be credited 87 against such policies in the following order of priority: 88

1. The policy covering a motor vehicle occupied by the injured person at the time of the accident;

89 2. The policy covering a motor vehicle not involved in the accident under which the injured person 90 is a named insured;

91 3. The policy covering a motor vehicle not involved in the accident under which the injured person 92 is an insured other than a named insured.

93 Where there is more than one insurer providing coverage under one of the payment priorities set 94 forth, their liability shall be proportioned as to their respective underinsured motorist coverages.

95 Recovery under the endorsement or provisions shall be subject to the conditions set forth in this 96 section.

97 C. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a motor vehicle is uninsured if the Commissioner of 98 the Department of Motor Vehicles certifies that, from the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles, 99 it appears that: (i) there is no bodily injury liability insurance and property damage liability insurance in the amounts specified by § 46.2-472 covering the owner or operator of the motor vehicle; or (ii) no 100 101 bond has been given or cash or securities delivered in lieu of the insurance; or (iii) the owner or 102 operator of the motor vehicle has not qualified as a self-insurer in accordance with the provisions of 103 § 46.2-368.

104 D. If the owner or operator of any motor vehicle that causes bodily injury or property damage to the 105 insured is unknown, and if the damage or injury results from an accident where there has been no contact between that motor vehicle and the motor vehicle occupied by the insured, or where there has 106 107 been no contact with the person of the insured if the insured was not occupying a motor vehicle, then 108 for the insured to recover under the endorsement required by subsection A of this section, the accident 109 shall be reported promptly to either (i) the insurer or (ii) a law-enforcement officer having jurisdiction in the county or city in which the accident occurred. If it is not reasonably practicable to make the report 110 111 promptly, the report shall be made as soon as reasonably practicable under the circumstances.

E. If the owner or operator of any vehicle causing injury or damages is unknown, an action may be 112 instituted against the unknown defendant as "John Doe" and service of process may be made by 113 delivering a copy of the motion for judgment or other pleadings to the clerk of the court in which the 114 115 action is brought. Service upon the insurer issuing the policy shall be made as prescribed by law as though the insurer were a party defendant. The provisions of § 8.01-288 shall not be applicable to the 116 service of process required in this subsection. The insurer shall have the right to file pleadings and take 117 118 other action allowable by law in the name of John Doe.

119 F. If any action is instituted against the owner or operator of an uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle by any insured intending to rely on the uninsured or underinsured coverage provision or 120

121 endorsement of this policy under which the insured is making a claim, then the insured shall serve a 122 copy of the process upon this insurer in the manner prescribed by law, as though the insurer were a 123 party defendant. The provisions of § 8.01-288 shall not be applicable to the service of process required 124 in this subsection. The insurer shall then have the right to file pleadings and take other action allowable 125 by law in the name of the owner or operator of the uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle or in its 126 own name. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, the immunity from liability for negligence 127 of the owner or operator of a motor vehicle shall not be a bar to the insured obtaining a judgment 128 enforceable against the insurer for the negligence of the immune owner or operator, and shall not be a 129 defense available to the insurer to the action brought by the insured, which shall proceed against the 130 named defendant although any judgment obtained against an immune defendant shall be entered in the name of "Immune Defendant" and shall be enforceable against the insurer and any other nonimmune 131 132 defendant as though it were entered in the actual name of the named immune defendant. Nothing in this 133 subsection shall prevent the owner or operator of the uninsured motor vehicle from employing counsel 134 of his own choice and taking any action in his own interest in connection with the proceeding.

135 G. Any insurer paying a claim under the endorsement or provisions required by subsection A of this 136 section shall be subrogated to the rights of the insured to whom the claim was paid against the person 137 causing the injury, death, or damage and that person's insurer, although it may deny coverage for any 138 reason, to the extent that payment was made. The bringing of an action against the unknown owner or 139 operator as John Doe or the conclusion of such an action shall not bar the insured from bringing an 140 action against the owner or operator proceeded against as John Doe, or against the owner's or operator's 141 insurer denying coverage for any reason, if the identity of the owner or operator who caused the injury 142 or damages becomes known. The bringing of an action against an unknown owner or operator as John 143 Doe shall toll the statute of limitations for purposes of bringing an action against the owner or operator 144 who caused the injury or damages until his identity becomes known. In no event shall an action be 145 brought against an owner or operator who caused the injury or damages, previously filed against as John Doe, more than three years from the commencement of the action against the unknown owner or 146 147 operator as John Doe in a court of competent jurisdiction. Any recovery against the owner or operator, 148 or the insurer of the owner or operator shall be paid to the insurer of the injured party to the extent that 149 the insurer paid the named insured in the action brought against the owner or operator as John Doe. 150 However, the insurer shall pay its proportionate part of all reasonable costs and expenses incurred in 151 connection with the action, including reasonable attorney's fees. Nothing in an endorsement or provisions 152 made under this subsection nor any other provision of law shall prevent the joining in an action against 153 John Doe of the owner or operator of the motor vehicle causing the injury as a party defendant, and the 154 joinder is hereby specifically authorized. No action, verdict or release arising out of a suit brought under 155 this subsection shall give rise to any defenses in any other action brought in the subrogated party's 156 name, including res judicata and collateral estoppel.

H. No endorsement or provisions providing the coverage required by subsection A of this section
shall require arbitration of any claim arising under the endorsement or provisions, nor may anything be
required of the insured except the establishment of legal liability, nor shall the insured be restricted or
prevented in any manner from employing legal counsel or instituting legal proceedings.

I. Except as provided in § 65.2-309.1, the provisions of subsections A and B of § 38.2-2204 and the 161 provisions of subsection A of this section shall not apply to any policy of insurance to the extent that it 162 163 covers the liability of an employer under any workers' compensation law, or to the extent that it covers 164 liability to which the Federal Tort Claims Act applies. No provision or application of this section shall 165 limit the liability of an insurer of motor vehicles to an employee or other insured under this section who is injured by an uninsured motor vehicle; provided that in the event an employee of a self-insured 166 167 employer receives a workers' compensation award for injuries resulting from an accident with an uninsured motor vehicle, such award shall be set off against any judgment for damages awarded 168 169 pursuant to this section for personal injuries resulting from such accident.

170 J. Policies of insurance whose primary purpose is to provide coverage in excess of other valid and 171 collectible insurance or qualified self-insurance may include uninsured motorist coverage as provided in 172 subsection A of this section. Insurers issuing or providing liability policies that are of an excess or 173 umbrella type or which provide liability coverage incidental to a policy and not related to a specifically 174 insured motor vehicle, shall not be required to offer, provide or make available to those policies 175 uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle coverage as defined in subsection A of this section.

176 K. A liability insurance carrier providing coverage under a policy issued or renewed on or after July 177 1, 1988, may pay the entire amount of its available coverage without obtaining a release of a claim if 178 the claimant has underinsured insurance coverage in excess of the amount so paid. Any liability insurer 179 making a payment pursuant to this section shall promptly give notice to its insured and to the insurer 180 which provides the underinsured coverage that it has paid the full amount of its available coverage An 181 injured person or, in the case of death or disability his personal representative, may settle a claim with 182 (i) a liability insurer or insurers, including any insurer providing liability coverage through an excess or umbrella insurance policy or contract and (ii) the liability insurer's or insurers' insured for the limits of 183 184 the liability insurer's coverage. Upon settlement with the liability insurer or insurers, the injured party 185 or personal representative may proceed to execute a full release in favor of the underinsured motorist's 186 liability insurer and its insured and finalize the proposed settlement without prejudice to any 187 underinsured motorist benefits or claim. Upon payment of the liability insurer's limits to the injured 188 person or personal representative or his attorney, the liability insurer shall thereafter have no further 189 duties to its insured, including the duty to defend its insured if an action has been or is brought against 190 the liability insurer's insured, and the insurer providing applicable underinsured motorist coverage shall 191 have no right of subrogation or claim against the underinsured motorist. However, if the underinsured 192 motorist unreasonably fails to cooperate with the underinsured motorist benefits insurer in the defense 193 of any lawsuit brought by the injured person or his personal representative, he may again be subjected 194 to a claim for subrogation by the underinsured motorist benefits insurer pursuant to § 8.01-66.1:1.

195 L. If the liability insurer or insurers providing coverage to an underinsured motor vehicle owner or 196 operator make an irrevocable offer in writing, which may be contingent upon waiver of subrogation, to 197 pay the total amount of liability coverage available for payment with reference to a claim for property 198 damage or bodily injury, 60 days following written notice of the offer to any insurer or insurers 199 providing underinsured coverage that have been served pursuant to this section, the insurer or insurers 200 providing liability coverage shall be relieved of the cost of defending the owner or operator incurred 201 thereafter, including expenses as well as reasonable and necessary attorney fees, and the insurer or 202 insurers providing the underinsured motorist coverage shall reimburse the liability insurer or insurers for 203 the costs to defend the underinsured motor vehicle owner or operator to the date of the underinsured 204 motorist insurer's offer of its limit of coverage. The liability insurer or insurers shall nonetheless retain 205 the duty to defend their insured. If underinsured motorist coverage is provided by more than one insurer, 206 the cost to defend shall be assumed in the same order of priority as set forth in subsection B with 207 regard to the payment of underinsured benefits upon the offer of each underinsured motorist insurer's 208 limit of coverage. This subsection, including the liability insurer's irrevocable offer and the underinsured 209 insurer's liability for defense costs, shall not apply in the event of either a jury verdict being returned in 210 an amount equal to or less than the total liability coverage available for payment or a dispositive ruling 211 dismissing the plaintiff's complaint, including but not limited to the plaintiff taking a voluntary nonsuit. 212 This subsection shall not apply to costs incurred in connection with an appeal. Any settlement between 213 the injured person or his personal representative, any insurer providing liability coverage applicable to 214 the claim, and the underinsured motorist described in subsection K shall be in writing, signed by both 215 the injured person or his personal representative and the underinsured motorist, and shall include the 216 following notice to the underinsured motorist:

217 "NOTICE TO RELEASED PARTY: Your insurance company has agreed to pay the limits of its 218 insurance to settle certain claims on your behalf. This settlement secures a full release of you for all claims the claimant/plaintiff has against you, as well as ensuring that no judgment can ever be entered 219 220 against you by the claimant/plaintiff. This settlement also provides a full waiver of future subrogation 221 rights any underinsured motorist benefits insurer may have upon payment of any moneys to 222 claimant/plaintiff, provided you cooperate with any such insurer in the defense of any lawsuit brought 223 by claimant/plaintiff. Upon payment of the agreed settlement amount by your insurance company(ies), 224 it/they shall no longer owe you any duties, including any duty to defend you.

You are not required to consent to this settlement. If you do not consent to this settlement, your insurance company will still defend you in any lawsuit brought against you by the claimant/plaintiff, but you will no longer have the protections of a full release from the claimant/plaintiff. Judgment could be entered against you and may exceed your available insurance coverage, and any underinsured motorist benefits insurer would have a right of subrogation against you to recover any moneys it pays to claimant/plaintiff.

You are encouraged to discuss your rights and obligations related to this settlement with your
insurance company and/or an attorney. By signing this document, you agree to consent to this settlement
and to reasonably cooperate with the underinsured motorist benefits insurer in the defense of any
lawsuit brought by the claimant/plaintiff."

235 M. Any action brought by the injured person or his personal representative to recover underinsured 236 motorist benefits after payment of the liability insurer's limits pursuant to subsection K shall be brought 237 against the released defendant or defendants, and a copy of the complaint shall be served on any 238 insurer providing underinsured motorist benefits. If an action is pending at the time the liability 239 insurer's limits are paid to the injured person or personal representative or his attorney, then the action 240 shall remain pending against the named defendant or defendants who have been released. If such action 241 results in a verdict in favor of the injured person or his personal representative against a released 242 defendant, then judgment as to that defendant shall be entered in the name of "Released Defendant" and shall be enforceable against the underinsured motorist benefits insurer or insurers and against any 243

244 unreleased defendant, as though it were entered in the actual name of the released defendant.

245 N. Any proposed settlement between a liability insurer and a person under a disability or a personal 246 representative as permitted in subsection K that compromises in part a claim for personal injuries by 247 the person under a disability or for death by wrongful act pursuant to § 8.01-50 may be, but is not 248 required to be, approved pursuant to § 8.01-424 or 8.01-55, as applicable. If the personal representative 249 elects not to have the settlement with the liability insurer approved pursuant to § 8.01-55, then any payment made to the personal representative by the liability insurer shall be made payable to the 250 251 personal representative's attorney, to be held in trust, or paid into the court pursuant to § 8.01-600 if 252 the personal representative is not represented by an attorney, with no disbursements made therefrom 253 until the compromise is approved by the court pursuant to § 8.01-55. Approval by the court of a 254 settlement between the liability insurer and a person under a disability or the personal representative 255 pursuant to this subsection shall not prejudice the person's or personal representative's claim for 256 underinsured motorist benefits.