2015 SESSION

14103599D **HOUSE BILL NO. 1046** 1 Offered January 8, 2014 2 3 Prefiled January 8, 2014 4 5 A BILL to amend and reenact § 65.2-603 of the Code of Virginia; duty to furnish medical attention; licensed nurse practitioners. 6 Patron—Peace (By Request) 7 8 Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 65.2-603 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 11 § 65.2-603. Duty to furnish medical attention, etc., and vocational rehabilitation; effect of 12 13 refusal of employee to accept. 14 A. Pursuant to this section: 15 1. As long as necessary after an accident, the employer shall furnish or cause to be furnished, free of 16 charge to the injured employee, a physician chosen by the injured employee from a panel of at least three physicians selected by the employer and such other necessary medical attention. Where such 17 accident results in the amputation or loss of use of an arm, hand, leg, or foot or the enucleation of an 18 19 eye or the loss of any natural teeth or loss of hearing, the employer shall furnish prosthetic or orthotic 20 appliances, as well as wheelchairs, walkers, canes, or crutches, proper fitting and maintenance thereof, 21 and training in the use thereof, as the nature of the injury may require. In awards entered for incapacity 22 for work, under this title, upon determination by the treating physician and the Commission that the same is medically necessary, the Commission may require that the employer furnish and maintain (i) 23 modifications to or equipment for the employee's automobile or (ii) bedside lifts, adjustable beds, and 24 25 modification of the employee's principal home consisting of ramps, handrails, or any appliances prescribed by the treating physician and doorway alterations, provided that the aggregate cost of all such 26 27 items and modifications required to be furnished pursuant to clauses (i) and (ii) on account of any one accident shall not exceed \$42,000. The employee shall accept the attending physician, unless otherwise 28 29 ordered by the Commission, and in addition, such surgical and hospital service and supplies as may be 30 deemed necessary by the attending physician or the Commission. 31 2. The employer shall repair, if repairable, or replace dentures, artificial limbs, or other prosthetic or orthotic devices damaged in an accident otherwise compensable under workers' compensation, and 32 33 furnish proper fitting thereof. 34 3. The employer shall also furnish or cause to be furnished, at the direction of the Commission, 35 reasonable and necessary vocational rehabilitation services; however, the employer shall not be required 36 to furnish, or cause to be furnished, services under this subdivision to any injured employee not eligible 37 for lawful employment. Vocational rehabilitation services may include vocational evaluation, counseling, job coaching, job 38 39 development, job placement, on-the-job training, education, and retraining. Those vocational 40 rehabilitation services that involve the exercise of professional judgment as defined in § 54.1-3510 shall 41 be provided by a certified rehabilitation provider pursuant to Article 2 (§ 54.1-3510 et seq.) of Chapter 35 of Title 54.1 or by a person licensed by the Boards of Counseling; Medicine; Nursing; Optometry; 42 Psychology; or Social Work or, in accordance with subsection B of § 54.1-3513, by a person certified 43 by the Commission on Rehabilitation Counselor Certification (CRCC) as a certified rehabilitation 44 counselor (CRC) or a person certified by the Commission on Certification of Work Adjustment and 45 Vocational Evaluation Specialists (CCWAVES) as a Certified Vocational Evaluation Specialist (CVE). 46 In the event a dispute arises, any party may request a hearing and seek the approval of the Commission for the proposed services. Such services shall take into account the employee's preinjury 47 48 49 job and wage classifications; his age, aptitude, and level of education; the likelihood of success in the new vocation; and the relative costs and benefits to be derived from such services. 50 51 B. The unjustified refusal of the employee to accept such medical service or vocational rehabilitation 52 services when provided by the employer shall bar the employee from further compensation until such 53 refusal ceases and no compensation shall at any time be paid for the period of suspension unless, in the opinion of the Commission, the circumstances justified the refusal. In any such case the Commission 54 55 may order a change in the medical or hospital service or vocational rehabilitation services. C. If in an emergency or on account of the employer's failure to provide the medical care during the 56 57 period herein specified, or for other good reasons, a physician other than provided by the employer is called to treat the injured employee, during such period, the reasonable cost of such service shall be paid 58

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59 by the employer if ordered so to do by the Commission.

D. As used in this section and in § 65.2-604, the terms "medical attention," "medical service,"
"medical care," and "medical report" shall be deemed to include chiropractic service or treatment and, where appropriate, a chiropractic treatment report.

E. Whenever an employer furnishes an employee the names of three physicians pursuant to this section, and the employer also assumes all or part of the cost of providing health care coverage for the employee as a self-insured or under a group health insurance policy, health services plan or health care plan, upon the request of an employee, the employer shall also inform the employee whether each physician named is eligible to receive payment under the employee's health care coverage provided by the employer.

F. If the injured employee has an injury which may be treated within the scope of practice for a chiropractor, then the employer or insurer may include chiropractors on the panel provided the injured employee. of:

1. A chiropractor, then the employer or insurer may include chiropractors on the panel provided the injured employee; or

74 2. A nurse practitioner, then the employer or insurer may include a nurse practitioner on the panel
75 provided the injured employee. As used in this subdivision, "nurse practitioner" means an advanced
76 practice registered nurse who is jointly license by the Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing
77 pursuant to § 54.1-2957. If the injured employee chooses a nurse practitioner from the panel, then

78 "physician," as used in this section and §§ 65.2-605, 65.2-607, and 65.2-714, shall include the chosen

79 *nurse practitioner*.