INTRODUCED

SB46

14103440D 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 461** 2 Offered January 8, 2014 3 Prefiled January 7, 2014 4 A BILL to amend and reenact § 2.2-4302.2, as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, 5 relating to the Virginia Public Procurement Act; competitive negotiation; limitation of certain term 6 contracts; exception. 7 Patron-Vogel 8 9 Referred to Committee on General Laws and Technology 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 11 1. That § 2.2-4302.2, as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted 12 13 as follows: 14 § 2.2-4302.2. (Effective July 1, 2014) Process for competitive negotiation. 15 A. The process for competitive negotiation shall include the following: 16 1. Issuance of a written Request for Proposal indicating in general terms that which is sought to be procured, specifying the factors that will be used in evaluating the proposal and containing or 17 incorporating by reference the other applicable contractual terms and conditions, including any unique 18 19 capabilities, specifications or qualifications that will be required; 20 2. Public notice of the Request for Proposal at least 10 days prior to the date set for receipt of 21 proposals by posting on the Department of General Services' central electronic procurement website or 22 other appropriate websites. Additionally, public bodies shall publish in a newspaper of general 23 circulation in the area in which the contract is to be performed so as to provide reasonable notice to the 24 maximum number of offerors that can be reasonably anticipated to submit proposals in response to the 25 particular request. Posting on the Department of General Services' central electronic procurement website shall be required of any state public body. Local public bodies are encouraged to utilize the Department 26 27 of General Services' central electronic procurement website to provide the public with centralized 28 visibility and access to the Commonwealth's procurement opportunities. In addition, proposals may be 29 solicited directly from potential contractors. Any additional solicitations shall include certified businesses 30 selected from a list made available by the Department of Small Business and Supplier Diversity; and 31 3. For goods, nonprofessional services, and insurance, selection shall be made of two or more offerors deemed to be fully qualified and best suited among those submitting proposals, on the basis of 32 33 the factors involved in the Request for Proposal, including price if so stated in the Request for Proposal. 34 Negotiations shall then be conducted with each of the offerors so selected. Price shall be considered, but 35 need not be the sole or primary determining factor. After negotiations have been conducted with each 36 offeror so selected, the public body shall select the offeror which, in its opinion, has made the best 37 proposal and provides the best value, and shall award the contract to that offeror. When the terms and 38 conditions of multiple awards are so provided in the Request for Proposal, awards may be made to more 39 than one offeror. Should the public body determine in writing and in its sole discretion that only one 40 offeror is fully qualified, or that one offeror is clearly more highly qualified than the others under 41 consideration, a contract may be negotiated and awarded to that offeror; or 42 4. For professional services, the public body shall engage in individual discussions with two or more offerors deemed fully qualified, responsible and suitable on the basis of initial responses and with 43 44 emphasis on professional competence, to provide the required services. Repetitive informal interviews shall be permissible. The offerors shall be encouraged to elaborate on their qualifications and 45 46 performance data or staff expertise pertinent to the proposed project, as well as alternative concepts. In 47 addition, offerors shall be informed of any ranking criteria that will be used by the public body in addition to the review of the professional competence of the offeror. The Request for Proposal shall not, 48 49 however, request that offerors furnish estimates of man-hours or cost for services. At the discussion stage, the public body may discuss nonbinding estimates of total project costs, including, but not limited 50 51 to, life-cycle costing, and where appropriate, nonbinding estimates of price for services. In accordance 52 with § 2.2-4342, proprietary information from competing offerors shall not be disclosed to the public or 53 to competitors. At the conclusion of discussion, outlined in this subdivision, on the basis of evaluation factors published in the Request for Proposal and all information developed in the selection process to 54 55 this point, the public body shall select in the order of preference two or more offerors whose professional qualifications and proposed services are deemed most meritorious. 56 Negotiations shall then be conducted, beginning with the offeror ranked first. If a contract 57

57 Negotiations shall then be conducted, beginning with the offeror ranked first. If a contract 58 satisfactory and advantageous to the public body can be negotiated at a price considered fair and

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reasonable, the award shall be made to that offeror. Otherwise, negotiations with the offeror ranked first 59 shall be formally terminated and negotiations conducted with the offeror ranked second, and so on until 60 such a contract can be negotiated at a fair and reasonable price. 61

62 Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the terms and conditions for multiple awards are included in the 63 Request for Proposal, a public body may award contracts to more than one offeror.

64 Should the public body determine in writing and in its sole discretion that only one offeror is fully 65 qualified or that one offeror is clearly more highly qualified and suitable than the others under consideration, a contract may be negotiated and awarded to that offeror. 66

B. For multiple projects, a contract for architectural or professional engineering services relating to 67 construction projects, or a contract for job order contracting, may be negotiated by a public body, 68 provided (i) the projects require similar experience and expertise. (ii) the nature of the projects is clearly 69 identified in the Request for Proposal, and (iii) the contract is limited to a one-year term or when the 70 71 cumulative total project fees reach the maximum cost authorized in this subsection, whichever occurs 72 first

73 Such contracts may be renewable for four additional one-year terms at the option of the public body. 74 The fair and reasonable prices as negotiated shall be used in determining the cost of each project 75 performed and the sum of all projects performed in a one-year contract term shall not exceed \$500,000, 76 except that for:

77 1. A state agency, as defined in § 2.2-4347, the sum of all projects performed in a one-year contract 78 term shall not exceed \$1 million as may be determined by the Director of the Department of General 79 Services:

80 2. Any locality or any authority, sanitation district, metropolitan planning organization or planning 81 district commission with a population in excess of 80,000, or any city within Planning District 8, the sum of all projects performed in a one-year contract term shall not exceed \$5 million and those awarded 82 83 for any airport as defined in § 5.1-1 and aviation transportation projects, the sum of all such projects 84 shall not exceed \$1.5 million;

85 3. Architectural and engineering services for rail and public transportation projects by the Director of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation, the sum of all projects in a one-year contract term 86 87 shall not exceed \$2 million. Such contract may be renewable for two additional one-vear terms at the 88 option of the Director:

89 4. Environmental location, design and inspection work regarding highways and bridges by the 90 Commissioner of Highways, the initial contract term shall be limited to two years or when the 91 cumulative total project fees reach \$5 million, whichever occurs first. Such contract may be renewable 92 for two additional one-year terms at the option of the Commissioner, and the sum of all projects in each one-year contract term shall not exceed \$5 million; and 93

94 5. Job order contracting, the sum of all projects performed in a one-year contract term shall not 95 exceed \$2 million.

96 Competitive negotiations for such contracts may result in awards to more than one offeror provided 97 (i) the Request for Proposal so states and (ii) the public body has established procedures for distributing 98 multiple projects among the selected contractors during the contract term.

99 C. For any single project, for (i) architectural or professional engineering services relating to construction projects, or (ii) job order contracting, the project fee shall not exceed \$100,000, or for 100 101 architectural or engineering services for airports as defined in § 5.1-1 and aviation transportation 102 projects, the project fee of any single project shall not exceed \$500,000, except that for:

1. A state agency as defined in § 2.2-4347, the project fee shall not exceed \$200,000, as may be 103 determined by the Director of the Department of General Services; 104

2. Any locality or any authority or sanitation district with a population in excess of 80,000, or any 105 city within Planning District 8, the project fee shall not exceed \$2 million; and 106 107

3. Job order contracting, the project fee shall not exceed \$400,000.

108 The limitations imposed upon single project fees pursuant to this subsection shall not apply to environmental, location, design, and inspection work regarding highways and bridges by the 109 Commissioner of Highways or architectural and engineering services for rail and public transportation 110 111 projects by the direct of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation.

D. For the purposes of subsections B and C, any unused amounts from the first contract term shall 112 113 not be carried forward to the additional term.

114 E. Multiphase professional services contracts satisfactory and advantageous to the completion of 115 large, phased, or long term projects may be negotiated and awarded based on a fair and reasonable price for the first phase only, where the completion of the earlier phases is necessary to provide information 116 critical to the negotiation of a fair and reasonable price for succeeding phases. Prior to the entering into 117 any such contract, the public body shall (i) state the anticipated intended total scope of the project and 118 119 (ii) determine in writing that the nature of the work is such that the best interests of the public body 120 require awarding the contract.