INTRODUCED

SB459

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 459			
2	Offered January 8, 2014			
2 3	Prefiled January 7, 2014			
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to electric utility regulation;			
5	recovery of nuclear refueling costs.			
6				
	Patron—Stosch			
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8	Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor			
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12	§ 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or			
13	expire.			
14	A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for			
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16	distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such			
17	proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified			
18	herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity			
19	applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use			
20	any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return			
21	shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and			
22 23	Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by not			
23 24	less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other			
24 25	investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return			
25 26	more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined			
27 27	rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service,			
28	and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the			
2 9	Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine			
3 0	the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the			
31	utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined			
32	rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to			
33	provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less			
34	than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on			
35	common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall			
36	be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the			
37	Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the			
38	utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than			
39	the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to			
40	direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above			
41	the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event			
42	such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the			
43	Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer			
44 45	classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target			
45 46	rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design			
46 47	base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall conduct biennial reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution			
47 48	and transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following			
40 49	provisions:			
49 50	1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis,			
	1. Rules, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis,			

1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. The first such review shall utilize the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010. However, the Commission may, in its discretion, elect to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities by utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, and utilizing the two successive test periods ending December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility, with subsequent proceedings utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case

9/8/22 5:58

settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and aPhase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

61 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, fair rates of return on common equity applicable
62 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
63 combined, shall be determined by the Commission during each such biennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the
public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity
reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which
such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in
subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such
biennial review, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such
average.

71 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities, the Commission shall first remove from such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported returns of 72 73 the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported returns of the group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining in such peer group. In 74 75 its final order regarding such biennial review, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an 76 77 investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its principal operations are 78 conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in either the states of West 79 Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee, (ii) it is a 80 vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and distribution services whose 81 facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state where its principal operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of 82 83 at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such biennial review, and (iv) it is not an affiliate of the utility subject to such biennial review. 84

c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the
enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease the utility's
combined rate of return based on the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance.

88 d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 89 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a 90 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 91 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 92 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 93 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current 94 Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall 95 be made without regard to any enhanced rate of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the 96 provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration 97 of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and 98 industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of 99 goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other 100 101 factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, 102 103 then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a 104 percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 105 106 107 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined 108 the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

"Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that
require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for
a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial
Return for such utility.

"Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for any Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

"Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility
by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection
pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and
 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to
 facilities described in subdivision 6.

124 g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by the generation and distribution 125 services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined or, for any test 126 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 127 Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined, 128 such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for 129 any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31, 130 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, earned 131 below the return as so determined, whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the 132 return as so determined, the utility may petition the Commission for approval of an increase in rates in 133 accordance with the provisions of clause (i) of subdivision A 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis 134 points below a fair combined rate of return, and such proceeding shall otherwise be conducted in 135 accordance with the provisions of this section.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent biennial review.

139 3. Each such utility shall make a biennial filing by March 31 of every other year, beginning in 2011, 140 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 141 applications; however, if the Commission elects to stagger the dates of the biennial reviews of utilities 142 as provided in subdivision 1, then Phase I utilities shall commence biennial filings in 2011 and Phase II 143 utilities shall commence biennial filings in 2012. Such filing shall encompass the two successive 144 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is 145 conducted, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates 146 147 should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate 148 adjustment clauses previously implemented pursuant to subdivision 5 or those related to facilities 149 utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the 150 utility's costs, revenues and investments until the amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment 151 clauses are fully recovered. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues 152 and investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or 153 credits to customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein 154 specified, they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the 155 purposes of future biennial review proceedings. A Phase I utility shall delay for one year the filing of its 156 biennial review from March 31, 2013, to March 31, 2014, and shall not defer on its books for future 157 recovery any costs incurred during calendar year 2011, other than as provided in subdivision A 7 of this 158 section or § 56-249.6, and its subsequent biennial filing shall be made by March 31, 2016, and every 159 two years thereafter.

160 4. The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for 161 transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a 162 member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy 163 Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response 164 programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and administered by the regional 165 transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the 166 167 Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission facilities, 168 administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, shall be 169 170 recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall be 171 designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than
once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment
clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1,
2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring
such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of §
56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that comply
with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shavingprograms. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public

182 interest; provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable;

183 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency 184 programs, including a margin to be recovered on operating expenses, which margin for the purposes of 185 this section shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in 186 subdivision A 2 of this section. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the 187 program is in the public interest. As part of such cost recovery, the Commission, if requested by the 188 utility, shall allow for the recovery of revenue reductions related to energy efficiency programs. The 189 Commission shall only allow such recovery to the extent that the Commission determines such revenue 190 has not been recovered through margins from incremental off-system sales as defined in § 56-249.6 that 191 are directly attributable to energy efficiency programs.

192 None of the costs of new energy efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of 193 revenue reductions, shall be assigned to any customer that has a verifiable history of having used more 194 than 10 megawatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. Nor shall any of the costs of new energy 195 efficiency programs of an electric utility, including recovery of revenue reductions, be incurred by any 196 large general service customer as defined herein that has notified the utility of non-participation in such 197 energy efficiency program or programs. A large general service customer is a customer that has a 198 verifiable history of having used more than 500 kilowatts of demand from a single meter of delivery. 199 Non-participation in energy efficiency programs shall be allowed by the Commission if the large general 200 service customer has, at the customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have 201 produced or will produce measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other regulatory criteria stated in this section. The Commission shall, no later than November 15, 2009, 202 203 promulgate rules and regulations to accommodate the process under which such large general service customers shall file notice for such an exemption and (i) establish the administrative procedures by 204 205 which eligible customers will notify the utility and (ii) define the standard criteria that must be satisfied 206 by an applicant in order to notify the utility. In promulgating such rules and regulations, the 207 Commission may also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking 208 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process as well as its administration of 209 energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. The notice of 210 non-participation by a large general service customer, to be given by March 1 of a given year, shall be 211 for the duration of the service life of the customer's energy efficiency program. The Commission on its 212 own motion may initiate steps necessary to verify such non-participants' achievement of energy 213 efficiency if the Commission has a body of evidence that the non-participant has knowingly 214 misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement. A utility shall not charge such large general service 215 customer, as defined by the Commission, for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond 216 what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the 217 customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant 218 proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic 219 development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of participation in a renewable energy portfolio standard program
pursuant to § 56-585.2 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
a petition allowing the recovery of such costs as are provided for in a program approved pursuant to
§ 56-585.2; and

e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to comply with
state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the
utility's native load obligations. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs
are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations.

228 The Commission shall have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any229 adjustment clause approved under this subdivision.

230 6. To ensure a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the utility's projected native load 231 obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any time, after the expiration or 232 termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate adjustment clause for 233 recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a coal-fueled generation 234 facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth, as 235 described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or without the utility's 236 service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, or (iii) one or more major unit 237 modifications of generation facilities; however, such a petition concerning facilities described in clause 238 (ii) that utilize nuclear power, facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be built by a 239 Phase I utility, or facilities described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or termination 240 of capped rates. A utility that constructs any such facility shall have the right to recover the costs of the facility, as accrued against income, through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, 241 242 and any associated allowance for funds used during construction, planning, development and 243 construction costs, life-cycle costs, and costs of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive

INTRODUCED

SB459

244 to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate of return on common equity calculated as specified below. 245 A utility seeking approval to construct a generating facility shall demonstrate that it has considered and 246 weighed alternative options, including third-party market alternatives, in its selection process. The costs 247 of the facility, other than return on projected construction work in progress and allowance for funds 248 used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date the facility begins commercial 249 operation. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used 250 during construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility and shall thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the 251 252 facility. The first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the 253 Commission shall determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the 254 range specified in the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and 255 shall reflect the Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the 256 energy needs of the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the 257 facility. After the first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of 258 return shall be applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service 259 life of the facility shall be deemed to begin on the date the facility begins commercial operation, and 260 such service life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by 261 adding the basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such 262 enhanced rate of return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. 263 264 Allowance for funds used during construction shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the 265 utility's actual capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an enhanced rate of return on 266 common equity as determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. The construction of any facility described in clause (i) is in the public interest, and in 267 268 determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate 269 270 of return on common equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced 271 rate of return shall be applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table: 272 Type of Generation Facility Basis Points First Portion of Service Life

273			
274	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
275			
276	Carbon capture compatible,	200	Between 10 and 20 years
277	clean-coal powered		
278			
279	Renewable powered, other than	200	Between 5 and 15 years
280	landfill gas powered		
281			
282	Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years
283			
284	Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
285	~	1.0.0	
286	Conventional coal or	100	Between 10 and 20 years
287	combined-cycle combustion		
288	turbine		

For generating facilities other than those utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, as of July 1, 2013, only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was filed with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return on common equity as specified in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life.

295 For generating facilities within the Commonwealth utilizing nuclear power or those utilizing energy 296 derived from offshore wind projects located in waters off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, such 297 facilities shall continue to be eligible for an enhanced rate of return on common equity during the 298 construction phase of the facility and the approved first portion of its service life of between 12 and 25 299 years in the case of a facility utilizing nuclear power and for a service life of between 5 and 15 years in 300 the case of a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind, provided, however, that, as of July 1, 301 2013, the enhanced return for such facilities shall be 100 basis points, which shall be added to the 302 utility's general rate of return as determined under subdivision 2.

303 Generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines shall not

receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described herein, but instead shall receive the
 utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the facility and, thereafter, for the entire
 service life of the facility.

307 As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (a) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility 308 is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.1-361.1, produced 309 from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (b) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by 310 methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. 311 312 A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from 313 314 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is 315 combusted.

For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity as it is determined by the Commission from time to time for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2. In any proceeding under this subdivision conducted prior to the conclusion of the first biennial review for such utility, the Commission shall determine a general rate of return for such utility in the same manner as it would in a biennial review proceeding.

321 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the biennial 322 review conducted for a Phase II utility in 2018 that such utility has not filed applications for all 323 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 324 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the 325 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 326 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 327 328 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 329 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 330 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 331 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 332 subdivision.

333 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a 334 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any 335 costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the 336 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to elause (a) of 337 subdivision 5 a, or that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, shall 338 be deferred on the books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or 339 340 341 during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and 342 that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear 343 power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled 344 facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until 345 the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate 346 adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters described in subdivisions subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be deferred 347 348 beginning only upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, provided, however, that no provision 349 of this act shall affect the rights of any parties with respect to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 109 350 351 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a regulatory asset for regulatory accounting and 352 ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its operation and maintenance costs incurred in 353 connection with (a) the refueling of any nuclear-powered generating plant and (b) other work at such 354 plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The utility shall amortize such deferred costs over 355 the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, beginning with the month in which such plant resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling cycle shall be the applicable period of time 356 357 between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of January 1, 2014, such amortized costs are a 358 component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only ratably over the refueling cycle rather than 359 when such outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling costs recoverable in base rates. This 360 provision shall apply to any nuclear-powered generating plant refueling outage commencing after 361 December 31, 2013, and the Commission shall treat the deferred and amortized costs of such regulatory asset as part of the utility's costs for the purpose of proceedings conducted (1) with respect to biennial 362 filings under subdivision 3 made on and after July 1, 2014, and (2) pursuant to § 56-245 or the 363 Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications as provided in subsection B. This 364 365 provision shall not be deemed to change or reset base rates.

SB459

The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

371 8. In any biennial review proceeding, the following utility generation and distribution costs not 372 proposed for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the 373 utility for financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods 374 under review: costs associated with asset impairments related to early retirement determinations made by the utility prior to December 31, 2012, for utility generation plant; costs associated with severe weather 375 376 events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to have been recovered 377 from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect during the test periods 378 under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the utility's other costs, 379 revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, result in 380 the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under 381 review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under 382 subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase 383 II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to fall more than 70 basis points below the 384 fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods. In such cases, the 385 Commission shall, in such biennial review proceeding, authorize deferred recovery of such costs and 386 allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over future periods as determined by the Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not exceed an amount that would, 387 388 together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for 389 generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution 390 services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2, less 50 basis points, for the 391 combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a 392 Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed the fair rate of return 393 authorized under subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall limit the Commission's 394 authority, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2, 395 following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a biennial review, for 396 normalization of nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, in 397 determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution 398 services pursuant to clause (i) subdivision 8 a or (iii) c.

399 If the Commission determines as a result of such biennial review that:

400 (i). a. The utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 401 more than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 402 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after 403 December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of 404 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 405 406 6, the Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully 407 recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair combined rate of 408 return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the amount of 409 the rate increase necessary. However, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds 410 that the resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation 411 412 and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently 413 414 ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate increase under the 415 standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof;

416 (ii). b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, 417 earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 418 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after 419 December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of 420 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any 421 return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 422 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9, direct that 60 percent of the amount 423 of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing after 424 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 70 425 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined 426 rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be credited to

427 customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at
428 the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, and shall be
429 allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of
430 return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation
431 of revenues used to design base rates; or

432 (iii). c. Such biennial review is the second consecutive biennial review in which the utility has, 433 during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis 434 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test 435 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 436 Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 437 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, 438 439 subject to the provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the actions authorized in elause (ii) of this 440 subdivision b, also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. However, the Commission 441 may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the 442 opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined 443 rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard 444 to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in 445 subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the 446 permissibility of any rate reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof.

447 The Commission's final order regarding such biennial review shall be entered not more than eight 448 months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more 449 than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined 450 pursuant to subdivision 2 in such biennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's 451 earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire two successive 12-month test 452 periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent biennial review 453 filing under subdivision 3.

454 9. If, as a result of a biennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to 455 any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 456 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later 457 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the 458 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 459 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis 460 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 461 462 Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 463 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 464 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently-ended 12-month test period exceeded the 465 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 466 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, 467 468 compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as 469 determined pursuant to the biennial review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless 470 it finds that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iii) of 471 subdivision subdivisions 8 b and c are more consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods under review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 472 basis points, or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and 473 after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate 474 475 of return shall be credited to customers' bills, in lieu of the provisions of clauses (ii) and (iii) of 476 subdivision subdivisions 8 b and c. Any such credits shall be amortized and allocated among customer 477 classes in the manner provided by elause (ii) of subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected
to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December
31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test
period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this
subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to clause (i) of
subdivision 8 *a*; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility
rate increase applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates

489 in effect as of July 1, 2009.

490 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any 491 utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital 492 structure and cost of capital of such utility, unless the Commission finds that the debt to equity ratio of 493 such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may utilize a debt 494 to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate adjustment pursuant 495 to clauses (i) and (iii) of subdivision subdivisions 8 a and c, and without regard to the cost of capital, 496 capital structure, revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be 497 affiliated. In particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state 498 income tax costs for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) 499 such utility's apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory 500 rate, as if the utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal 501 income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall 502 exclude any consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss 503 of its affiliates.

B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying
for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined
pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and
purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

509 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the
510 rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation,
511 transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the
512 provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

513 D. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Commission from determining, during any proceeding 514 authorized or required by this section, the reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected 515 to be incurred, by a utility in connection with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the 516 Commission regarding the reasonableness or prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to 517 518 the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a 519 utility providing energy and capacity to its customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission 520 shall consider the extent to which such renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by 521 contract, further the objectives of the Commonwealth Energy Policy set forth in §§ 67-101 and 67-102, 522 and shall also consider whether the costs of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases 523 in rates paid by consumers.

524 E. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement525 the provisions of this section.

SB459