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1	SENATE BILL NO. 423
2 3	Offered January 8, 2014
3	Prefiled January 7, 2014
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 62.1-44.15:24, 62.1-44.15:25, and 62.1-44.15:34 of the Code of
5	Virginia, relating to stormwater management programs.
6	Patron—Hanger
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8 9	Referred to Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Natural Resources
10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That §§ 62.1-44.15:24, 62.1-44.15:25, and 62.1-44.15:34 of the Code of Virginia are amended and
12	reenacted as follows:
13	§ 62.1-44.15:24. Definitions.
14 15	As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:
15 16	"Agreement in lieu of a permit" means a contract between the VSMP authority and the permittee that specifies conservation measures that shall be implemented in the construction of a single-family
17	residence; such contract may be executed by the VSMP authority in lieu of a Virginia Stormwater
18	Management Program permit.
19	"Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act land-disturbing activity" means a land-disturbing activity including
20	clearing, grading, or excavation that results in a land disturbance equal to or greater than 2,500 square
21	feet and less than one acre in all areas of jurisdictions designated as subject to the regulations adopted
22 23	pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation provisions of this chapter. "CWA" means the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.), formerly referred to as the
23 24	Federal Water Pollution Control Act or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, P.L.
25	92-500, as amended by P.L. 95-217, P.L. 95-576, P.L. 96-483, and P.L. 97-117, or any subsequent
26	revisions thereto.
27	"Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.
28	"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.
29 30	"Flooding" means a volume of water that is too great to be confined within the banks or walls of the
30 31	stream, water body, or conveyance system and that overflows onto adjacent lands, thereby causing or threatening damage.
32	"Land disturbance" or "land-disturbing activity" means a man-made change to the land surface that
33	potentially changes its runoff characteristics including clearing, grading, or excavation, except that the
34	term shall not include those exemptions specified in § 62.1-44.15:34.
35	"Municipal separate storm sewer" means a conveyance or system of conveyances otherwise known as
36 37	a municipal separate storm sewer system or "MS4," including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains:
38	1. Owned or operated by a federal, state, city, town, county, district, association, or other public
<b>39</b>	body, created by or pursuant to state law, having jurisdiction or delegated authority for erosion and
40	sediment control and stormwater management, or a designated and approved management agency under
41	§ 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters;
42	2. Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;
43 44	3. That is not a combined sewer; and 4. That is not part of a publicly owned treatment works.
45	"Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Management Program" means a management program
46	covering the duration of a state permit for a municipal separate storm sewer system that includes a
47	comprehensive planning process that involves public participation and intergovernmental coordination, to
<b>48</b>	reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to
<b>49</b>	satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the CWA and regulations, and this article and its
50 51	attendant regulations, using management practices, control techniques, and system, design, and
51 52	engineering methods, and such other provisions that are appropriate. "Nonpoint source pollution" means pollution such as sediment, nitrogen, phosphorus, hydrocarbons,
52 53	heavy metals, and toxics whose sources cannot be pinpointed but rather are washed from the land
54	surface in a diffuse manner by stormwater runoff.
55	"Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a prescribed design storm at a
56 57	particular location. "Permit" or "VSMP authority permit" means an approval to conduct a land disturbing activity issued
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57 "Permit" or "VSMP authority permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued
58 by the VSMP authority for the initiation of a land-disturbing activity after evidence of state VSMP

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59 general permit coverage has been provided where applicable.

60 "Permittee" means the person to which the permit or state permit is issued.

"Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a 61 62 prescribed storm event.

63 "State permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued by the Board in the 64 form of a state stormwater individual permit or coverage issued under a state general permit or an approval issued by the Board for stormwater discharges from an MS4. Under these permits, the 65 Commonwealth imposes and enforces requirements pursuant to the federal Clean Water Act and 66 regulations and this article and its attendant regulations. 67

"Stormwater" means precipitation that is discharged across the land surface or through conveyances 68 69 to one or more waterways and that may include stormwater runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff 70 and drainage.

71 "Stormwater management plan" means a document containing material describing methods for complying with the requirements of a VSMP. 72 73

"Subdivision" means the same as defined in § 15.2-2201.

74 "Virginia Stormwater Management Program" or "VSMP" means a program approved by the Soil and 75 Water Conservation Board after September 13, 2011, and until June 30, 2013, or the State Water Control Board on and after June 30, 2013, that has been established by a VSMP authority to manage the 76 77 quality and quantity of runoff resulting from land-disturbing activities and shall include such items as 78 local ordinances, rules, permit requirements, annual standards and specifications, policies and guidelines, 79 technical materials, and requirements for plan review, inspection, enforcement, where authorized in this 80 article, and evaluation consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations.

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program authority" or "VSMP authority" means an authority approved by the Board after September 13, 2011, to operate a Virginia Stormwater Management Program or, until such approval is given, the Department. An authority may include a locality; state 81 82 83 entity, including the Department; federal entity; or, for linear projects subject to annual standards and 84 specifications in accordance with subsection B of § 62.1-44.15:31, electric, natural gas, and telephone 85 utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or 86 87 authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102.

88 "Water quality volume" means the volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the 89 impervious surface of the land development project.

90 "Watershed" means a defined land area drained by a river or stream, karst system, or system of 91 connecting rivers or streams such that all surface water within the area flows through a single outlet. In 92 karst areas, the karst feature to which water drains may be considered the single outlet for the 93 watershed. 94

## § 62.1-44.15:25. Further powers and duties of the State Water Control Board.

95 In addition to other powers and duties conferred upon the Board, it shall permit, regulate, and control 96 stormwater runoff in the Commonwealth. The Board may issue, deny, revoke, terminate, or amend state 97 stormwater individual permits or coverage issued under state general permits; adopt regulations; approve 98 and periodically review Virginia Stormwater Management Programs and management programs 99 developed in conjunction with a state municipal separate storm sewer permit; enforce the provisions of this article; and otherwise act to ensure the general health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of the 100 101 Commonwealth as well as protect the quality and quantity of state waters from the potential harm of 102 unmanaged stormwater. The Board may:

103 1. Issue, deny, amend, revoke, terminate, and enforce state permits for the control of stormwater discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems and land-disturbing activities. 104

2. Take administrative and legal actions to ensure compliance with the provisions of this article by 105 any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article, and those entities 106 107 with an approved Virginia Stormwater Management Program and management programs developed in 108 conjunction with a state municipal separate storm sewer system permit, including the proper enforcement 109 and implementation of, and continual compliance with, this article.

110 3. In accordance with procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), amend or 111 revoke any state permit issued under this article on the following grounds or for good cause as may be 112 provided by the regulations of the Board:

113 a. Any person subject to state permit requirements under this article has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any order or regulation of the Board, any order, notice, or requirement of the 114 115 Department, any condition of a state permit, any provision of this article, or any order of a court, where such violation results in the unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality, stream channels, and 116 other natural resources, or the violation is representative of a pattern of serious or repeated violations, 117 including the disregard for or inability to comply with applicable laws, regulations, permit conditions, 118 119 orders, rules, or requirements;

120 b. Any person subject to state permit requirements under this article has failed to disclose fully all relevant material facts or has misrepresented a material fact in applying for a state permit, or in anyother report or document required under this law or under the regulations of the Board;

c. The activity for which the state permit was issued causes unreasonable degradation of properties,
 water quality, stream channels, and other natural resources; or

d. There exists a material change in the basis on which the state permit was issued that requires
 either a temporary or a permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge or land-disturbing activity
 controlled by the state permit necessary to prevent unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality,
 stream channels, and other natural resources.

4. Cause investigations and inspections to ensure compliance with any state or VSMP authority
permits, conditions, policies, rules, regulations, rulings, and orders which it may adopt, issue, or
establish and to furnish advice, recommendations, or instructions for the purpose of obtaining such
compliance.

5. In accordance with procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), adopt rules governing (i) hearings, (ii) the filing of reports, (iii) the issuance of permits and special orders, and (iv) all other matters relating to procedure, and amend or cancel any rule adopted.

6. Issue special orders to any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under 136 137 this article (i) who is permitting or causing the unreasonable degradation of properties, water quality, 138 stream channels, and other natural resources to cease and desist from such activities; (ii) who has failed 139 to construct facilities in accordance with final approved plans and specifications to construct such 140 facilities; (iii) who has violated the terms and provisions of a state or VSMP authority permit issued by 141 the Board or VSMP authority to comply with the provisions of the state or VSMP authority permit, this 142 article, and any decision of the VSMP authority, the Department, or the Board; or (iv) who has violated 143 the terms of an order issued by the court, the VSMP authority, the Department, or the Board to comply with the terms of such order, and also to issue orders to require any person subject to state or VSMP 144 145 authority permit requirements under this article to comply with the provisions of this article and any 146 decision of the Board.

147 Such special orders are to be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and shall become effective not less than 15 days after the date of mailing with 148 149 confirmation of delivery of the notice to the last known address of any person subject to state or VSMP 150 authority permit requirements under this article, provided that if the Board finds that any such person 151 subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article is grossly affecting or presents 152 an imminent and substantial danger to (i) the public health, safety, or welfare or the health of animals, 153 fish, or aquatic life; (ii) a public water supply; or (iii) recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural, 154 or other reasonable uses, it may issue, without advance notice or hearing, an emergency special order 155 directing any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article to cease 156 such pollution or discharge immediately, and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, after reasonable notice as to the time and place thereof to any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit 157 158 requirements under this article, to affirm, modify, amend, or cancel such emergency special order. If any 159 person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this article who has been issued 160 such a special order or an emergency special order is not complying with the terms thereof, the Board may proceed in accordance with § 62.1-44.15:48, and where the order is based on a finding of an 161 imminent and substantial danger, the court shall issue an injunction compelling compliance with the 162 emergency special order pending a hearing by the Board. If an emergency special order requires 163 164 cessation of a discharge, the recipient of the order may appeal its issuance to the circuit court of the 165 jurisdiction wherein the discharge was alleged to have occurred.

166 The provisions of this section notwithstanding, the Board may proceed directly under § 62.1-44.15:48167 for any past violation or violations of any provision of this article or any regulation duly adopted168 hereunder.

With the consent of any person subject to state or VSMP authority permit requirements under this 169 170 article who has violated or failed, neglected, or refused to obey any regulation or order of the Board, 171 any order, notice, or requirement of the Department or VSMP authority, any condition of a state or VSMP authority permit, or any provision of this article, the Board may provide, in an order issued by 172 173 the Board against such person, for the payment of civil charges for violations in specific sums not to 174 exceed the limit specified in subsection A of § 62.1-44.15:48. Such civil charges shall be collected in 175 lieu of any appropriate civil penalty that could be imposed pursuant to subsection A of § 62.1-44.15:48 176 and shall not be subject to the provisions of § 2.2-514. Such civil charges shall be paid into the state 177 treasury and deposited by the State Treasurer into the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund 178 established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29.

**179** 7. Adopt regulations pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:28 that provide:

a. A procedure by which a stormwater plan that is approved along with a common plan of
 development shall govern the development of the individual parcels that are subject to the common plan

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under subsequent owners. The regulations shall, by an efficient method including permit-by-rule or other
method, allow for the extension of any required VSMP permit coverage from the original developer to
the buyers of the parcels. The original developer shall be required to have obtained the original VSMP
permit, maintained all permit documentation, and completed all of his obligations, and any remaining
undeveloped parcels within the common plan of development shall have been sold or transferred in
order for the transition to occur.

188 b. A General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities that shall not include
189 a requirement that the permittee supply information regarding post-construction standards for water
190 quality where such information is otherwise required by VSMP regulations.

191 c. Reciprocity with programs in other states for the certification of proprietary best management 192 practices.

## 193 § 62.1-44.15:34. Regulated activities; submission and approval of a permit application; security 194 for performance; exemptions.

195 A. A person shall not conduct any land-disturbing activity until he has submitted a permit application 196 to the VSMP authority that includes a state VSMP permit registration statement and, after July 1, 2014, 197 a stormwater management plan, and has obtained VSMP authority approval to begin land disturbance. 198 Upon the development of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than July 1, 2014, 199 a VSMP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of VSMP permit coverage where it is required 200 prior to providing approval to begin land disturbance. The VSMP authority shall act on any permit 201 application within 60 days after it has been determined by the VSMP authority to be a complete application. The VSMP authority may either issue project approval or denial and shall provide written 202 rationale for the denial. The VSMP authority shall act on any permit application that has been 203 previously disapproved within 45 days after the application has been revised, resubmitted for approval, 204 and deemed complete. Prior to issuance of any approval, the VSMP authority may also require an 205 206 applicant, excluding state and federal entities, to submit a reasonable performance bond with surety, cash 207 escrow, letter of credit, any combination thereof, or such other legal arrangement acceptable to the 208 VSMP authority, to ensure that measures could be taken by the VSMP authority at the applicant's 209 expense should he fail, after proper notice, within the time specified to initiate or maintain appropriate 210 actions that may be required of him by the permit conditions as a result of his land-disturbing activity. 211 If the VSMP authority takes such action upon such failure by the applicant, the VSMP authority may 212 collect from the applicant the difference should the amount of the reasonable cost of such action exceed 213 the amount of the security held. Within 60 days of the completion of the requirements of the permit 214 conditions, such bond, cash escrow, letter of credit, or other legal arrangement, or the unexpended or 215 unobligated portion thereof, shall be refunded to the applicant or terminated. These requirements are in addition to all other provisions of law relating to the issuance of permits and are not intended to 216 217 otherwise affect the requirements for such permits.

B. A Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act Land-Disturbing Activity shall be subject to coverage under
the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater
from Construction Activities until July 1, 2014, at which time it shall no longer be considered a small
construction activity but shall be then regulated under the requirements of this article by a VSMP
authority.

C. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the following activities are exempt, unlessotherwise required by federal law:

1. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projectsconducted under the provisions of Title 45.1;

227 2. Clearing of lands specifically for agricultural purposes and the management, tilling, planting, or 228 harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops, livestock feedlot operations, or as additionally set 229 forth by the Board in regulations, including engineering operations as follows: construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds, ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation; however, this exception shall 230 231 232 not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which harvesting occurs is reforested 233 artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) or is 234 converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as described in subsection B of § 235 10.1-1163:

3. Single-family residences separately built and disturbing less than one acre and not part of a larger common plan of development or sale, including additions or modifications to existing single-family detached residential structures. However, localities subject to the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) may regulate these single-family residences where land disturbance exceeds 2,500 square feet;

4. Land-disturbing activities that disturb less than one acre of land area except for land-disturbing
activity exceeding an area of 2,500 square feet in all areas of the jurisdictions designated as subject to
the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management Regulations adopted pursuant to

the provisions of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) or activities that are
part of a larger common plan of development or sale that is one acre or greater of disturbance; however,
the governing body of any locality that administers a VSMP may reduce this exception to a smaller area
of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this exception shall apply;

**248** 5. Discharges to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system;

6. Activities under a state or federal reclamation program to return an abandoned property to an agricultural or open land use;

7. Routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity,
or original construction of the project. The paving of an existing road with a compacted or impervious
surface and reestablishment of existing associated ditches and shoulders shall be deemed routine
maintenance if performed in accordance with this subsection; and

8. Conducting land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work
requires immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment.
In such situations, the VSMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of
commencing the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of
subsection A is required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity.

D. Where land-disturbing activity results from the construction of a single-family residence, an
 agreement in lieu of a permit may be substituted for a Virginia Stormwater Management Program
 permit if executed by the VSMP authority.