14101707D 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 372** Offered January 8, 2014 2 3 Prefiled January 7, 2014 4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-199.1 and 22.1-253.13:1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to early 5 childhood education. 6 Patrons—Edwards; Delegate: Rasoul 7 8 Referred to Committee on Education and Health 9 10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 22.1-199.1 and 22.1-253.13:1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 11 12 follows: 13 § 22.1-199.1. Programs designed to promote educational opportunities. 14 A. The General Assembly finds that Virginia educational research supports the conclusion that poor 15 children are more at risk of educational failure than children from more affluent homes and that reduced 16 pupil/teacher ratios and class sizes result in improved academic performance among young children; to this end, the General Assembly establishes a long-term goal of reducing pupil/teacher ratios and class 17 sizes for grades K through three in those schools in the Commonwealth with high or moderate 18 19 concentrations of at-risk students. 20 With such funds as are provided in the appropriation act for this purpose, there is hereby established 21 the statewide voluntary pupil/teacher ratio and class size reduction program for the purpose of reaching the long-term goal of statewide voluntary pupil/teacher ratio and class size reductions for grades K 22 23 through three in schools with high or moderate concentrations of at-risk students, consistent with the 24 provisions provided in the appropriation act. 25 In order to facilitate these primary grade ratio and class size reductions, the Department of Education 26 shall calculate the state funding of these voluntary ratio and class size reductions based on the 27 incremental cost of providing the lower class sizes according to the greater of the division average 28 per-pupil cost of all divisions or the actual division per-pupil cost. Localities shall provide matching 29 funds for these voluntary ratio and class size reductions based on the composite index of local ability to 30 pay. School divisions shall notify the Department of Education of their intention to implement the 31 reduced ratios and class sizes in one or more of their qualifying schools by August 1 of each year. By March 31 of each year, school divisions shall forward data substantiating that each participating school 32 33 has a complying pupil/teacher ratio. 34 In developing each proposed biennium budget for public education, the Board of Education shall 35 include funding for these ratios and class sizes. These ratios and class sizes shall be included in the annual budget for public education. 36 37 B. The General Assembly finds that educational technology is one of the most important 38 components, along with highly skilled teachers, in ensuring the delivery of quality public school 39 education throughout the Commonwealth. Therefore, the Board of Education shall strive to incorporate 40 technological studies within the teaching of all disciplines. Further, the General Assembly notes that 41 educational technology can only be successful if teachers and administrators are provided adequate training and assistance. To this end, the following program is established. 42 With such funds as are appropriated for this purpose, the Board of Education shall award to the 43 several school divisions grants for expanded access to educational technology. Funding for educational 44 45 technology training for instructional personnel shall be provided as set forth in the appropriation act. Funds for improving the quality and capacity of educational technology shall also be provided as set 46 47 forth in the appropriation act, including, but not limited to, (i) funds for providing a technology resource assistant to serve every elementary school in this Commonwealth beginning on July 1, 1998, and (ii) 48 49 funds to maintain the currency of career and technical education programs. Any local school board 50 accepting funds to hire technology resource assistants or maintain currency of career and technical 51 education programs shall commit to providing the required matching funds, based on the composite 52 index of local ability to pay. Each qualifying school board shall establish an individualized technology plan, which shall be 53 approved by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for integrating technology into the classroom and 54 55 into schoolwide instructional programs, including career and technical education programs. The grants shall be prioritized as follows: 56 1. In the 1994 biennium, the first priority for these funds shall be to automate the library media 57 58 centers and provide network capabilities in Virginia's elementary, middle and high schools, or

59 combination thereof, in order to ensure access to the statewide library and other information networks. If 60 any elementary, middle or high school has already met this priority, the 1994 biennium grant shall be used to provide other educational technologies identified in the relevant division's approved technology 61 plan, such as multimedia and telecomputing packages, integrated learning systems, laptop computer loan 62 63 programs, career and technical education laboratories or other electronic techniques designed to enhance 64 public education and to facilitate teacher training in and implementation of effective instructional 65 technology. The Board shall also distribute, as provided in the appropriation act, funds to support the purchase of electronic reference materials for use in the statewide automated reference system. 66

2. In the 1996 biennium and thereafter, the first priority for funding shall be consistent with those 67 components of the Board of Education's revised six-year technology plan which focus on (i) retrofitting 68 and upgrading existing school buildings to efficiently use educational technology; (ii) providing (a) one 69 network-ready multimedia microcomputer for each classroom, (b) a five-to-one ratio of pupils to 70 71 network-ready microcomputers, (c) graphing calculators and relevant scientific probes/sensors as required by the Standards of Learning, and (d) training and professional development on available technologies 72 73 and software to all levels and positions, including professional development for personnel delivering 74 career and technical education at all levels and positions; and (iii) assisting school divisions in 75 developing integrated voice-, video-, and data-connectivity to local, national and international resources.

This funding may be used to implement a local school division's long-range technology plan, at the
discretion of the relevant school board, if the local plan meets or exceeds the goals and standards of the
Board's revised six-year technology plan and has been approved by the Superintendent of Public
Instruction.

3. The Departments of Education, Information Technology, and General Services shall coordinate
 master contracts for the purchase by local school boards of the aforementioned educational technologies
 and reference materials.

83 4. Beginning on July 1, 1998, a technology replacement program shall be, with such funds as may be 84 appropriated for this purpose, implemented to replace obsolete educational hardware and software. As provided in subsection D of § 22.1-129, school boards may donate obsolete educational technology 85 86 hardware and software which are being replaced. Any such donations shall be offered to other school 87 divisions and to preschool programs in the Commonwealth, or to public school students as provided in 88 guidelines to be promulgated by the Board of Education. Such guidelines shall include criteria for 89 determining student eligibility and need; a reporting system for the compilation of information 90 concerning the number and socioeconomic characteristics of recipient students; and notification of 91 parents of the availability of such donations of obsolete educational hardware and software.

92 5. In fiscal year 2000, the Board of Education shall, with such funds as are appropriated for this purpose, contract for the development or purchase of interactive educational software and other 93 instructional materials designed as tutorials to improve achievement on the Standards of Learning 94 95 assessments. Such interactive educational software and other instructional materials may be used in 96 media centers, computer laboratories, libraries, after-school or before-school programs or remedial 97 programs by teachers and other instructional personnel or provided to parents and students to be used in 98 the home. This interactive educational software and other instructional materials shall only be used as 99 supplemental tools for instruction, remediation, and acceleration of the learning required by the K 100 through 12 Standards of Learning objectives.

101 Consistent with school board policies designed to improve school-community communications and 102 guidelines for providing instructional assistance in the home, each school division shall strive to 103 establish a voice mail communication system after regular school hours for parents, families, and 104 teachers by the year 2000.

C. The General Assembly finds that effective prevention programs designed to assist children at risk 105 106 of school failure and dropout are practical mechanisms for reducing violent and criminal activity and for 107 ensuring that Virginia's children will reach adulthood with the skills necessary to succeed in the twenty-first century; to this end, the following program is hereby established. With such funds as are 108 109 appropriated for this purpose, the General Assembly hereby establishes a grant program to be disbursed 110 by the Department of Education to schools and community-based organizations to provide quality 111 preschool programs for at-risk four-year-olds who are unserved by Head Start programs and for at-risk 112 five-year-olds who are not eligible to attend kindergarten.

113 The grants shall be used to provide at least half-day services for the length of the school year for 114 at-risk four-year-old children who are unserved by Head Start programs and for at-risk five-year-olds 115 who are not eligible to attend kindergarten. The services shall include quality preschool education, health 116 services, social services, parental involvement including activities to promote family literacy, and 117 transportation.

118 The Department of Education, in cooperation with such other state agencies that may coordinate 119 child day care and early childhood programs, shall establish guidelines for quality preschool education 120 and criteria for the service components, consistent with the findings of the November 1993 study by the

SB372

121 Board of Education, the Department of Education, and the Council on Child Day Care and Early122 Childhood Programs.

123 The guidelines for quality preschool education and criteria for preschool education services may be 124 differentiated according to the agency providing the services in order to comply with various relevant 125 federal or state requirements. However, the guidelines for quality preschool education and the criteria for 126 preschool education services shall require when such services are being provided by the public schools 127 of the Commonwealth, and may require for other service providers, that (i) one teacher shall be 128 employed for any class of nine students or less, (ii) if the average daily membership in any class 129 exceeds nine students but does not exceed 18, a full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the class, 130 and (iii) the maximum class size shall be 18 students.

131 School divisions may apply for and be granted waivers from these guidelines by the Department of132 Education.

133 During the 1995-1996 fiscal year, the Board of Education shall, with such funds as are appropriated
134 for this purpose, distribute grants, based on an allocation formula providing the state share of the grant
135 per child, as specified in the appropriation act, for 30 percent of the unserved at-risk four-year-olds in
136 the Commonwealth pursuant to the funding provided in the appropriation act.

137 During the 1996-1997 fiscal year and thereafter, grants shall be distributed, with such funds as are 138 appropriated for this purpose, based on an allocation formula providing the state share of the grant per 139 child, as specified in the appropriation act, for at least 60 percent of the unserved at-risk four-year-olds 140 and five-year-olds who are not eligible to attend kindergarten in the Commonwealth, such 60 percent to 141 be calculated by adding services for 30 percent more of the unserved at-risk children to the 30 percent 142 of unserved at-risk children in each locality provided funding in the appropriation act.

Local school boards may elect to serve more than 60 percent of the at-risk four-year-olds and may
use federal funds or local funds for this expansion or may seek funding through this grant program for
such purposes. Grants may be awarded, if funds are available in excess of the funding for the 60 percent
allocation, to expand services to at-risk four-year-olds beyond the 60 percent goal.

147 In order for a locality to qualify for these grants, the local governing body shall commit to providing 148 the required matching funds, based on the composite index of local ability to pay. Localities may use, 149 for the purposes of meeting the local match, local or other nonstate expenditures for existing qualifying 150 programs and shall also continue to pursue and coordinate other funding sources, including child care 151 subsidies. Funds received through this program shall be used to supplement, not supplant, any local 152 funds currently provided for preschool programs within the locality.

153 On and after July 1, 2019, school boards shall be required to provide early childhood education 154 programs for four-year-olds and five-year-olds who are not eligible to attend kindergarten or at-risk 155 early childhood education programs and whose parents voluntarily wish to enroll them in such 156 programs. These mandated early childhood education programs shall be coordinated with the at-risk early childhood programs established herein, consistent with the Department's guidelines for early 157 childhood education, and meet the standards established by the Board of Education. The Board of 158 159 Education shall develop regulations to implement the orderly phase-in of these required programs with 160 the existing programs for at-risk four-year-olds and at-risk five-year-olds who are not eligible to attend 161 kindergarten.

162 D. The General Assembly finds that local autonomy in making decisions on local educational needs 163 and priorities results in effective grass-roots efforts to improve education in the Commonwealth's public 164 schools only when coupled with sufficient state funding; to this end, the following block grant program 165 is hereby established. With such funds as are provided in the appropriation act, the Department of 166 Education shall distribute block grants to localities to enable compliance with the Commonwealth's 167 requirements for school divisions in effect on January 1, 1995. Therefore, for the purpose of such 168 compliance, the block grant herein established shall consist of a sum equal to the amount appropriated in the appropriation act for the covered programs, including the at-risk add-on program; dropout 169 170 prevention, specifically Project YES; Project Discovery; English as a second language programs, 171 including programs for overage, nonschooled students; Advancement Via Individual Determination 172 (AVID); the Homework Assistance Program; programs initiated under the Virginia Guaranteed 173 Assistance Program, except that such funds shall not be used to pay any college expenses of 174 participating students; Reading Recovery; and school/community health centers. Each school board may 175 use any funds received through the block grant to implement the covered programs and other programs 176 designed to save the Commonwealth's children from educational failure.

177 É. In order to reduce pupil/teacher ratios and class sizes in elementary schools, from such funds as
178 may be appropriated for this purpose, each school board may employ additional classroom teachers,
179 remedial teachers, and reading specialists for each of its elementary schools over the requirements of the
180 Standards of Quality. State and local funding for such additional classroom teachers, remedial teachers,
181 and reading specialists shall be apportioned as provided in the appropriation act.

F. Pursuant to a turnaround specialist program administered by the Department of Education, local
school boards may enter into agreements with individuals to be employed as turnaround specialists to
address those conditions at the school that may impede educational progress and effectiveness and
academic success. Local school boards may offer such turnaround specialists or other administrative
personnel incentives such as increased compensation, improved retirement benefits in accordance with
Chapter 6.2 (§ 51.1-617 et seq.) of Title 51.1, increased deferred compensation in accordance with §
51.1-603, relocation expenses, bonuses, and other incentives as may be determined by the board.

189 G. The General Assembly finds that certain schools have particular difficulty hiring teachers for 190 certain subject areas and that the need for such teachers in these schools is particularly strong. 191 Accordingly in an effort to attract and retain high quality teachers, local school boards may offer 192 instructional personnel serving in such schools as a member of a middle school teacher corps administered by the Department of Education incentives such as increased compensation, improved 193 194 retirement benefits in accordance with Chapter 6.2 (§ 51.1-617 et seq.) of Title 51.1, increased deferred 195 compensation in accordance with § 51.1-603, relocation expenses, bonuses, and other incentives as may 196 be determined by the board.

197 For purposes of this subsection, "middle school teacher corps" means licensed instructional personnel 198 who are assigned to a local school division to teach in a subject matter in grades six, seven, or eight 199 where there is a critical need, as determined by the Department of Education. The contract between such 200 persons and the relevant local school board shall specify that the contract is for service in the middle 201 school teacher corps.

§ 22.1-253.13:1. Standard 1. Instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning and other educational objectives.

204 A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the 205 public schools of the Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are 206 necessary for success in school, preparation for life, and reaching their full potential. The General 207 Assembly and the Board of Education find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision 208 of (i) the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of 209 high-quality instructional personnel; (ii) the appropriate learning environment designed to promote 210 student achievement; (iii) quality instruction that enables each student to become a productive and educated citizen of Virginia and the United States of America; and (iv) the adequate commitment of 211 212 other resources. In keeping with this goal, the General Assembly shall provide for the support of public 213 education as set forth in Article VIII, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia.

B. The Board of Education shall establish educational objectives known as the Standards of
Learning, which shall form the core of Virginia's educational program, and other educational objectives,
which together are designed to ensure the development of the skills that are necessary for success in
school and for preparation for life in the years beyond. At a minimum, the Board shall establish
Standards of Learning for English, mathematics, science, and history and social science. The Standards
of Learning shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 2.2-4001.

The Board shall seek to ensure that the Standards of Learning are consistent with a high-quality foundation educational program. The Standards of Learning shall include, but not be limited to, the basic skills of communication (listening, speaking, reading, and writing); computation and critical reasoning, including problem solving and decision making; proficiency in the use of computers and related technology; and the skills to manage personal finances and to make sound financial decisions.

The English Standards of Learning for reading in kindergarten through grade three shall be based on
 components of effective reading instruction, to include, at a minimum, phonemic awareness, phonics,
 fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension.

The Standards of Learning in all subject areas shall be subject to regular review and revision to maintain rigor and to reflect a balance between content knowledge and the application of knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning. The Board of Education shall establish a regular schedule, in a manner it deems appropriate, for the review, and revision as may be necessary, of the Standards of Learning in all subject areas. Such review of each subject area shall occur at least once every seven years. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Board from conducting such review and revision on a more frequent basis.

To provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing revised Standards of Learning. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give notice of the date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise the Standards of Learning in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any revisions of the Standards of Learning.

In addition, the Department of Education shall make available and maintain a website, eitherseparately or through an existing website utilized by the Department of Education, enabling public

elementary, middle, and high school educators to submit recommendations for improvements relating to
the Standards of Learning, when under review by the Board according to its established schedule, and
related assessments required by the Standards of Quality pursuant to this chapter. Such website shall
facilitate the submission of recommendations by educators.

School boards shall implement the Standards of Learning or objectives specifically designed for their
school divisions that are equivalent to or exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected to
achieve the educational objectives established by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels.
The curriculum adopted by the local school division shall be aligned to the Standards of Learning.

The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for history and social science the
study of contributions to society of diverse people. For the purposes of this subsection, "diverse"
includes consideration of disability, ethnicity, race, and gender.

255 The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for health instruction in 256 emergency first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an automated external defibrillator, 257 including hands-on practice of the skills necessary to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Such 258 instruction shall be based on the current national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care 259 guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator, such as a 260 program developed by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross. No teacher who is in compliance with subdivision D 4 of § 22.1-298.1 shall be required to be certified as a trainer of 261 262 cardiopulmonary resuscitation to provide instruction for non-certification.

With such funds as are made available for this purpose, the Board shall regularly review and revise
the competencies for career and technical education programs to require the full integration of English,
mathematics, science, and history and social science Standards of Learning. Career and technical
education programs shall be aligned with industry and professional standard certifications, where they
exist.

268 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 269 12 that is aligned to the Standards of Learning and meets or exceeds the requirements of the Board of 270 Education. The program of instruction shall emphasize reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts 271 and computations, proficiency in the use of computers and related technology, and scientific concepts 272 and processes; essential skills and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of Virginia history and 273 world and United States history, economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health 274 and physical education, environmental issues, and geography necessary for responsible participation in 275 American society and in the international community; fine arts, which may include, but need not be 276 limited to, music and art, and practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further 277 education, gainful employment, or training in a career or technical field; and development of the ability 278 to apply such skills and knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning and to 279 achieve economic self-sufficiency.

Local school boards shall also develop and implement programs of prevention, intervention, or
 remediation for students who are educationally at risk including, but not limited to, those who fail to
 achieve a passing score on any Standards of Learning assessment in grades three through eight or who
 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs shall include
 components that are research-based.

285 Any student who achieves a passing score on one or more, but not all, of the Standards of Learning
286 assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight may be required to attend a
287 remediation program.

Any student who fails to achieve a passing score on all of the Standards of Learning assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight or who fails an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit shall be required to attend a remediation program or to participate in another form of remediation. Division superintendents shall require such students to take special programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation, which may include attendance in public summer school programs, in accordance with clause (ii) of subsection A of § 22.1-254 and § 22.1-254.01.

294 Remediation programs shall include, when applicable, a procedure for early identification of students 295 who are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three through eight or who 296 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs may also 297 include summer school for all elementary and middle school grades and for all high school academic 298 courses, as defined by regulations promulgated by the Board of Education, or other forms of 299 remediation. Summer school remediation programs or other forms of remediation shall be chosen by the 300 division superintendent to be appropriate to the academic needs of the student. Students who are required to attend such summer school programs or to participate in another form of remediation shall 301 302 not be charged tuition by the school division.

303 The requirement for remediation may, however, be satisfied by the student's attendance in a program 304 of prevention, intervention or remediation that has been selected by his parent, in consultation with the SB372

316

305 division superintendent or his designee, and is either (i) conducted by an accredited private school or (ii)

306 a special program that has been determined to be comparable to the required public school remediation 307 program by the division superintendent. The costs of such private school remediation program or other 308 special remediation program shall be borne by the student's parent.

The Board of Education shall establish standards for full funding of summer remedial programs that 309 310 shall include, but not be limited to, the minimum number of instructional hours or the equivalent thereof 311 required for full funding and an assessment system designed to evaluate program effectiveness. Based on the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil instructional costs, 312 313 state funds shall be provided for the full cost of summer and other remediation programs as set forth in the appropriation act, provided such programs comply with such standards as shall be established by the 314 Board, pursuant to § 22.1-199.2. 315

D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

317 1. Programs in grades K through three that emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to 318 enhance success.

319 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or remediation designed to increase the number of 320 students who earn a high school diploma and to prevent students from dropping out of school. Such 321 programs shall include components that are research-based. 322

3. Career and technical education programs incorporated into the K through 12 curricula that include:

323 a. Knowledge of careers and all types of employment opportunities, including, but not limited to, 324 apprenticeships, entrepreneurship and small business ownership, the military, and the teaching 325 profession, and emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills; 326

b. Career exploration opportunities in the middle school grades; and

327 c. Competency-based career and technical education programs that integrate academic outcomes, career guidance, and job-seeking skills for all secondary students. Programs shall be based upon labor 328 market needs and student interest. Career guidance shall include counseling about available employment 329 opportunities and placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and 330 331 implement a plan to ensure compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. Such plan shall be 332 developed with the input of area business and industry representatives and local community colleges and shall be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction in accordance with the timelines 333 334 established by federal law.

335 4. Educational objectives in middle and high school that emphasize economic education and financial 336 literacy pursuant to § 22.1-200.03.

337 5. Early identification of students with disabilities and enrollment of such students in appropriate 338 instructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

339 6. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately 340 differentiated instructional programs.

341 7. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere in these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance with 342 343 the regulations of the Board of Education.

344 8. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level. 345 Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative arrangement between the school board and other agencies. 346

347 9. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at risk a divisionwide priority 348 that shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students.

10. An agreement for postsecondary degree attainment with a community college in the 349 350 Commonwealth specifying the options for students to complete an associate's degree or a one-year Uniform Certificate of General Studies from a community college concurrent with a high school 351 352 diploma. Such agreement shall specify the credit available for dual enrollment courses and Advanced 353 Placement courses with qualifying exam scores of three or higher.

354 11. A plan to notify students and their parents of the availability of dual enrollment and advanced 355 placement classes, the International Baccalaureate Program, and Academic Year Governor's School Programs, the qualifications for enrolling in such classes and programs, and the availability of financial 356 assistance to low-income and needy students to take the advanced placement and International 357 358 Baccalaureate examinations. This plan shall include notification to students and parents of the agreement 359 with a community college in the Commonwealth to enable students to complete an associate's degree or 360 a one-year Uniform Certificate of General Studies concurrent with a high school diploma.

361 12. Identification of students with limited English proficiency and enrollment of such students in 362 appropriate instructional programs.

13. Early identification, diagnosis, and assistance for students with reading and mathematics problems 363 and provision of instructional strategies and reading and mathematics practices that benefit the 364 365 development of reading and mathematics skills for all students.

366 Local school divisions shall provide reading intervention services to students in kindergarten through

367 grade three who demonstrate deficiencies based on their individual performance on the Standards of 368 Learning reading test or any reading diagnostic test that meets criteria established by the Department of 369 Education. Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department of 370 Education on an annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. 371 Each student who receives early intervention reading services will be assessed again at the end of that 372 school year. The local school division, in its discretion, shall provide such reading intervention services 373 prior to promoting a student from grade three to grade four. Reading intervention services may include 374 the use of: special reading teachers; trained aides; volunteer tutors under the supervision of a certified 375 teacher; computer-based reading tutorial programs; aides to instruct in-class groups while the teacher 376 provides direct instruction to the students who need extra assistance; and extended instructional time in 377 the school day or school year for these students. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and 378 remediation; summer school remediation; at-risk; or early intervention reading may be used to meet the 379 requirements of this subdivision.

380 Local school divisions shall provide algebra readiness intervention services to students in grades six 381 through nine who are at risk of failing the Algebra I end-of-course test, as demonstrated by their 382 individual performance on any diagnostic test that has been approved by the Department of Education. 383 Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department of Education on 384 an annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Each student 385 who receives algebra readiness intervention services will be assessed again at the end of that school 386 year. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation; summer school remediation; 387 at-risk; or algebra readiness intervention services may be used to meet the requirements of this 388 subdivision.

389 14. Incorporation of art, music, and physical education as a part of the instructional program at the390 elementary school level.

391 15. A program of physical fitness available to all students with a goal of at least 150 minutes per
392 week on average during the regular school year. Such program may include any combination of (i)
393 physical education classes, (ii) extracurricular athletics, or (iii) other programs and physical activities
394 deemed appropriate by the local school board. Each local school board shall incorporate into its local
395 wellness policy a goal for the implementation of such program during the regular school year.

396 16. A program of student services for kindergarten through grade 12 that shall be designed to aid397 students in their educational, social, and career development.

398 17. The collection and analysis of data and the use of the results to evaluate and make decisions399 about the instructional program.

400 18. On and after July 1, 2019, early childhood education programs for four-year-olds and 401 five-year-olds who are not eligible to attend kindergarten and whose parents voluntarily wish to enroll 402 them in such programs. These mandated early childhood education programs shall be coordinated with 403 the current at-risk early childhood programs established pursuant to § 22.1-199.1, consistent with the 404 Department's guidelines for early childhood education, and meet the standards established by the Board 405 of Education. The Board of Education shall develop regulations to implement the orderly phase-in of 406 these required programs with the existing programs for at-risk four-year-olds and at-risk five-year-olds 407 who are not eligible to attend kindergarten.

408 E. From such funds as may be appropriated or otherwise received for such purpose, there shall be 409 established within the Department of Education a unit to (i) conduct evaluative studies; (ii) provide the 410 resources and technical assistance to increase the capacity for school divisions to deliver quality 411 instruction; and (iii) assist school divisions in implementing those programs and practices that will 412 enhance pupil academic performance and improve family and community involvement in the public 413 schools. Such unit shall identify and analyze effective instructional programs and practices and professional development initiatives; evaluate the success of programs encouraging parental and family 414 415 involvement; assess changes in student outcomes prompted by family involvement; and collect and 416 disseminate among school divisions information regarding effective instructional programs and practices, 417 initiatives promoting family and community involvement, and potential funding and support sources. 418 Such unit may also provide resources supporting professional development for administrators and 419 teachers. In providing such information, resources, and other services to school divisions, the unit shall 420 give priority to those divisions demonstrating a less than 70 percent passing rate on the Standards of 421 Learning assessments.

422 2. That the implementation and funding of the public school early childhood education programs 423 required by subdivision D 18 of § 22.1-253.13:1 pursuant to this act shall be as set forth in the 424 appropriation act. Further, in accordance with the appropriation act, early childhood education 425 programs for at-risk children that are conducted by public schools or other local agencies may 426 continue to be eligible for grants described in subsection C of § 22.1-199; however, funding for the 427 early childhood education programs required by subdivision D 18 of § 22.1-253.13:1 of the 428 Standards of Quality shall only be provided to public schools.