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SENATE BILL NO. 19

Offered January 8, 2014

Prefiled December 6, 2013

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-204, 2.2-3705.3, 2.2-3711, 4.1-100, 4.1-210, 4.1-231, and 4.1-233 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 3 of Title 11 a section numbered 11-16.1, by adding a section numbered 18.2-334.5, by adding in Article 15 of Chapter 1 of Title 33.1 a section numbered 33.1-223.2:30, and by adding in Title 59.1 a chapter numbered 50, containing articles numbered 1 through 8, consisting of sections numbered 59.1-550 through 59.1-585, relating to the Virginia Toll Relief Act; Virginia Casino Gaming Commission; penalties.

Patron—Lucas

Referred to Committee on General Laws and Technology

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 2.2-204, 2.2-3705.3, 2.2-3711, 4.1-100, 4.1-210, 4.1-231, and 4.1-233 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 3 of Title 11 a section numbered 11-16.1, by adding a section numbered 18.2-334.5, by adding in Article 15 of Chapter 1 of Title 33.1 a section numbered 33.1-223.2:30, and by adding in Title 59.1 a chapter numbered 50, containing articles numbered 1 through 8, consisting of sections numbered 59.1-550 through 59.1-585, as follows:

§ 2.2-204. Position established; agencies for which responsible; additional duties.

The position of Secretary of Commerce and Trade (the Secretary) is created. The Secretary shall be responsible to the Governor for the following agencies: Virginia Economic Development Partnership Authority, Virginia Tourism Authority, Department of Labor and Industry, Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy, Virginia Employment Commission, Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, Department of Housing and Community Development, Department of Small Business and Supplier Diversity, Virginia Housing Development Authority, Virginia Resources Authority, Virginia Racing Commission, *Virginia Casino Gaming Commission*, Tobacco Indemnification and Community Revitalization Commission, and Board of Accountancy. The Governor, by executive order, may assign any state executive agency to the Secretary, or reassign any agency listed in this section to another Secretary.

The Secretary shall implement the provisions of the Virginia Biotechnology Research Act (§ 2.2-5500 et seq.).

§ 2.2-3705.3. Exclusions to application of chapter; records relating to administrative investigations.

The following records are excluded from the provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law:

1. Confidential records of all investigations of applications for licenses and permits, and of all licensees and permittees, made by or submitted to the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, the State Lottery Department, the Virginia Racing Commission, *the Virginia Casino Gaming Commission*, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services relating to investigations and applications pursuant to Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2, or the Private Security Services Unit of the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

2. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Health Professions or by any health regulatory board in the Commonwealth.

3. Investigator notes, and other correspondence and information, furnished in confidence with respect to an active investigation of individual employment discrimination complaints made to the Department of Human Resource Management or to such personnel of any local public body, including local school boards as are responsible for conducting such investigations in confidence. However, nothing in this section shall prohibit the disclosure of information taken from inactive reports in a form that does not reveal the identity of charging parties, persons supplying the information or other individuals involved in the investigation.

4. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Medical Assistance Services pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 32.1-323 et seq.) of Title 32.1.

5. Investigative notes and other correspondence and information furnished in confidence with respect to an investigation or conciliation process involving an alleged unlawful discriminatory practice under the Virginia Human Rights Act (§ 2.2-3900 et seq.) or under any local ordinance adopted in accordance

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59 with the authority specified in § 2.2-524, or adopted pursuant to § 15.2-965, or adopted prior to July 1,
60 1987, in accordance with applicable law, relating to local human rights or human relations commissions.
61 However, nothing in this section shall prohibit the distribution of information taken from inactive reports
62 in a form that does not reveal the identity of the parties involved or other persons supplying
63 information.

64 6. Records of studies and investigations by the State Lottery Department of (i) lottery agents, (ii)
65 lottery vendors, (iii) lottery crimes under §§ 58.1-4014 through 58.1-4018, (iv) defects in the law or
66 regulations that cause abuses in the administration and operation of the lottery and any evasions of such
67 provisions, or (v) the use of the lottery as a subterfuge for organized crime and illegal gambling where
68 such official records have not been publicly released, published or copyrighted. All studies and
69 investigations referred to under clauses (iii), (iv), and (v) shall be open to inspection and copying upon
70 completion of the study or investigation.

71 7. Investigative notes, correspondence and information furnished in confidence, and records otherwise
72 exempted by this chapter or any Virginia statute, provided to or produced by or for (i) the Auditor of
73 Public Accounts; (ii) the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission; (iii) an appropriate authority
74 as defined in § 2.2-3010 with respect to an allegation of wrongdoing or abuse under the Fraud and
75 Abuse Whistle Blower Protection Act (§ 2.2-3009 et seq.); (iv) the Office of the State Inspector General
76 with respect to an investigation initiated through the Fraud, Waste and Abuse Hotline or an investigation
77 initiated pursuant to Chapter 3.2 (§ 2.2-307 et seq.); (v) the committee or the auditor with respect to an
78 investigation or audit conducted pursuant to § 15.2-825; or (vi) the auditors, appointed by the local
79 governing body of any county, city or town or a school board, who by charter, ordinance, or statute
80 have responsibility for conducting an investigation of any officer, department or program of such body.
81 Records of completed investigations shall be disclosed in a form that does not reveal the identity of the
82 complainants or persons supplying information to investigators. Unless disclosure is prohibited by this
83 section, the records disclosed shall include, but not be limited to, the agency involved, the identity of
84 the person who is the subject of the complaint, the nature of the complaint, and the actions taken to
85 resolve the complaint. If an investigation does not lead to corrective action, the identity of the person
86 who is the subject of the complaint may be released only with the consent of the subject person. Local
87 governing bodies shall adopt guidelines to govern the disclosure required by this subdivision.

88 8. Information furnished in confidence to the Department of Human Resource Management with
89 respect to an investigation, consultation, or mediation under § 2.2-1202.1, and memoranda,
90 correspondence and other records resulting from any such investigation, consultation or mediation.
91 However, nothing in this section shall prohibit the distribution of information taken from inactive reports
92 in a form that does not reveal the identity of the parties involved or other persons supplying
93 information.

94 9. The names, addresses and telephone numbers of complainants furnished in confidence with respect
95 to an investigation of individual zoning enforcement complaints or complaints relating to the Uniform
96 Statewide Building Code (§ 36-97 et seq.) or the Statewide Fire Prevention Code (§ 27-94 et seq.) made
97 to a local governing body.

98 10. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Criminal Justice Services
99 pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.), Article 4.1 (§ 9.1-150.1 et seq.), Article 11 (§ 9.1-185 et seq.),
100 and Article 12 (§ 9.1-186 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1.

101 11. Records furnished to or prepared by the Board of Education pursuant to subsection D of
102 § 22.1-253.13:3 in connection with the review or investigation of any alleged breach in security,
103 unauthorized alteration, or improper administration of tests by local school board employees responsible
104 for the distribution or administration of the tests. However, this section shall not prohibit the disclosure
105 of records to (i) a local school board or division superintendent for the purpose of permitting such board
106 or superintendent to consider or to take personnel action with regard to an employee or (ii) any
107 requester, after the conclusion of a review or investigation, in a form that (a) does not reveal the identity
108 of any person making a complaint or supplying information to the Board on a confidential basis and (b)
109 does not compromise the security of any test mandated by the Board.

110 12. Investigator notes, and other correspondence and information, furnished in confidence with
111 respect to an active investigation conducted by or for the Board of Education related to the denial,
112 suspension, or revocation of teacher licenses. However, this subdivision shall not prohibit the disclosure
113 of records to a local school board or division superintendent for the purpose of permitting such board or
114 superintendent to consider or to take personnel action with regard to an employee. Records of completed
115 investigations shall be disclosed in a form that does not reveal the identity of any complainant or person
116 supplying information to investigators. The records disclosed shall include information regarding the
117 school or facility involved, the identity of the person who was the subject of the complaint, the nature
118 of the complaint, and the actions taken to resolve the complaint. If an investigation fails to support a
119 complaint or does not lead to corrective action, the identity of the person who was the subject of the
120 complaint may be released only with the consent of the subject person. No personally identifiable

information in the records regarding a current or former student shall be released except as permitted by state or federal law.

13. Records, notes and information provided in confidence and related to an investigation by the Attorney General under Article 1 (§ 3.2-4200 et seq.) or Article 3 (§ 3.2-4204 et seq.) of Chapter 42 of Title 3.2, Article 10 (§ 18.2-246.6 et seq.) of Chapter 6 or Chapter 13 (§ 18.2-512 et seq.) of Title 18.2, or Article 1 (§ 58.1-1000) of Chapter 10 of Title 58.1. However, records related to an investigation that has been inactive for more than six months shall, upon request, be disclosed provided such disclosure is not otherwise prohibited by law and does not reveal the identity of charging parties, complainants, persons supplying information, witnesses or other individuals involved in the investigation.

§ 2.2-3711. Closed meetings authorized for certain limited purposes.

A. Public bodies may hold closed meetings only for the following purposes:

1. Discussion, consideration, or interviews of prospective candidates for employment; assignment, appointment, promotion, performance, demotion, salaries, disciplining, or resignation of specific public officers, appointees, or employees of any public body; and evaluation of performance of departments or schools of public institutions of higher education where such evaluation will necessarily involve discussion of the performance of specific individuals. Any teacher shall be permitted to be present during a closed meeting in which there is a discussion or consideration of a disciplinary matter that involves the teacher and some student and the student involved in the matter is present, provided the teacher makes a written request to be present to the presiding officer of the appropriate board.

2. Discussion or consideration of admission or disciplinary matters or any other matters that would involve the disclosure of information contained in a scholastic record concerning any student of any Virginia public institution of higher education or any state school system. However, any such student, legal counsel and, if the student is a minor, the student's parents or legal guardians shall be permitted to be present during the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence at a closed meeting, if such student, parents, or guardians so request in writing and such request is submitted to the presiding officer of the appropriate board.

3. Discussion or consideration of the acquisition of real property for a public purpose, or of the disposition of publicly held real property, where discussion in an open meeting would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body.

4. The protection of the privacy of individuals in personal matters not related to public business.

5. Discussion concerning a prospective business or industry or the expansion of an existing business or industry where no previous announcement has been made of the business' or industry's interest in locating or expanding its facilities in the community.

6. Discussion or consideration of the investment of public funds where competition or bargaining is involved, where, if made public initially, the financial interest of the governmental unit would be adversely affected.

7. Consultation with legal counsel and briefings by staff members or consultants pertaining to actual or probable litigation, where such consultation or briefing in open meeting would adversely affect the negotiating or litigating posture of the public body; and consultation with legal counsel employed or retained by a public body regarding specific legal matters requiring the provision of legal advice by such counsel. For the purposes of this subdivision, "probable litigation" means litigation that has been specifically threatened or on which the public body or its legal counsel has a reasonable basis to believe will be commenced by or against a known party. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to permit the closure of a meeting merely because an attorney representing the public body is in attendance or is consulted on a matter.

8. In the case of boards of visitors of public institutions of higher education, discussion or consideration of matters relating to gifts, bequests and fund-raising activities, and grants and contracts for services or work to be performed by such institution. However, the terms and conditions of any such gifts, bequests, grants, and contracts made by a foreign government, a foreign legal entity, or a foreign person and accepted by a public institution of higher education in Virginia shall be subject to public disclosure upon written request to the appropriate board of visitors. For the purpose of this subdivision, (i) "foreign government" means any government other than the United States government or the government of a state or a political subdivision thereof; (ii) "foreign legal entity" means any legal entity created under the laws of the United States or of any state thereof if a majority of the ownership of the stock of such legal entity is owned by foreign governments or foreign persons or if a majority of the membership of any such entity is composed of foreign persons or foreign legal entities, or any legal entity created under the laws of a foreign government; and (iii) "foreign person" means any individual who is not a citizen or national of the United States or a trust territory or protectorate thereof.

9. In the case of the boards of trustees of the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts, the Virginia Museum of Natural History, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, and The Science Museum of Virginia, discussion or consideration of matters relating to specific gifts, bequests, and grants.

10. Discussion or consideration of honorary degrees or special awards.

11. Discussion or consideration of tests, examinations, or other records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 4 of § 2.2-3705.1.

12. Discussion, consideration, or review by the appropriate House or Senate committees of possible disciplinary action against a member arising out of the possible inadequacy of the disclosure statement filed by the member, provided the member may request in writing that the committee meeting not be conducted in a closed meeting.

13. Discussion of strategy with respect to the negotiation of a hazardous waste siting agreement or to consider the terms, conditions, and provisions of a hazardous waste siting agreement if the governing body in open meeting finds that an open meeting will have an adverse effect upon the negotiating position of the governing body or the establishment of the terms, conditions and provisions of the siting agreement, or both. All discussions with the applicant or its representatives may be conducted in a closed meeting.

14. Discussion by the Governor and any economic advisory board reviewing forecasts of economic activity and estimating general and nongeneral fund revenues.

15. Discussion or consideration of medical and mental health records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.5.

16. Deliberations of the State Lottery Board in a licensing appeal action conducted pursuant to subsection D of § 58.1-4007 regarding the denial or revocation of a license of a lottery sales agent; and discussion, consideration or review of State Lottery Department matters related to proprietary lottery game information and studies or investigations exempted from disclosure under subdivision 6 of § 2.2-3705.3 and subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.7.

17. Those portions of meetings by local government crime commissions where the identity of, or information tending to identify, individuals providing information about crimes or criminal activities under a promise of anonymity is discussed or disclosed.

18. Those portions of meetings in which the Board of Corrections discusses or discloses the identity of, or information tending to identify, any prisoner who (i) provides information about crimes or criminal activities, (ii) renders assistance in preventing the escape of another prisoner or in the apprehension of an escaped prisoner, or (iii) voluntarily or at the instance of a prison official renders other extraordinary services, the disclosure of which is likely to jeopardize the prisoner's life or safety.

19. Discussion of plans to protect public safety as it relates to terrorist activity and briefings by staff members, legal counsel, or law-enforcement or emergency service officials concerning actions taken to respond to such activity or a related threat to public safety; or discussion of reports or plans related to the security of any governmental facility, building or structure, or the safety of persons using such facility, building or structure.

20. Discussion by the Board of the Virginia Retirement System, acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, or of any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, or of the Rector and Visitors of the University of Virginia, acting pursuant to § 23-76.1, or by the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan, acting pursuant to § 23-38.80, regarding the acquisition, holding or disposition of a security or other ownership interest in an entity, where such security or ownership interest is not traded on a governmentally regulated securities exchange, to the extent that such discussion (i) concerns confidential analyses prepared for the Rector and Visitors of the University of Virginia, prepared by the retirement system or by the Virginia College Savings Plan or provided to the retirement system or the Virginia College Savings Plan under a promise of confidentiality, of the future value of such ownership interest or the future financial performance of the entity, and (ii) would have an adverse effect on the value of the investment to be acquired, held or disposed of by the retirement system, the Rector and Visitors of the University of Virginia, or the Virginia College Savings Plan. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information relating to the identity of any investment held, the amount invested or the present value of such investment.

21. Those portions of meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by the State Child Fatality Review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.1, and those portions of meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by a regional or local child fatality review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.2, and those portions of meetings in which individual death cases are discussed by family violence fatality review teams established pursuant to § 32.1-283.3.

22. Those portions of meetings of the University of Virginia Board of Visitors or the Eastern Virginia Medical School Board of Visitors, as the case may be, and those portions of meetings of any persons to whom management responsibilities for the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, have been delegated, in which there is discussed proprietary, business-related information pertaining to the operations of the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, including business development or marketing strategies and activities with existing or future joint venturers, partners, or other parties with whom the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case

may be, has formed, or forms, any arrangement for the delivery of health care, if disclosure of such information would adversely affect the competitive position of the Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be.

23. In the case of the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority, discussion or consideration of any of the following: the acquisition or disposition of real or personal property where disclosure would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the Authority; operational plans that could affect the value of such property, real or personal, owned or desirable for ownership by the Authority; matters relating to gifts, bequests and fund-raising activities; grants and contracts for services or work to be performed by the Authority; marketing or operational strategies where disclosure of such strategies would adversely affect the competitive position of the Authority; members of its medical and teaching staffs and qualifications for appointments thereto; and qualifications or evaluations of other employees.

24. Those portions of the meetings of the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program Committee within the Department of Health Professions to the extent such discussions identify any practitioner who may be, or who actually is, impaired pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

25. Meetings or portions of meetings of the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan wherein personal information, as defined in § 2.2-3801, which has been provided to the Board or its employees by or on behalf of individuals who have requested information about, applied for, or entered into prepaid tuition contracts or savings trust account agreements pursuant to Chapter 4.9 (§ 23-38.75 et seq.) of Title 23 is discussed.

26. Discussion or consideration, by the Wireless Carrier E-911 Cost Recovery Subcommittee created pursuant to § 56-484.15, of trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), submitted by CMRS providers as defined in § 56-484.12, related to the provision of wireless E-911 service.

27. Those portions of disciplinary proceedings by any regulatory board within the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, Department of Health Professions, or the Board of Accountancy conducted pursuant to § 2.2-4019 or 2.2-4020 during which the board deliberates to reach a decision or meetings of health regulatory boards or conference committees of such boards to consider settlement proposals in pending disciplinary actions or modifications to previously issued board orders as requested by either of the parties.

28. Discussion or consideration of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.6 by a responsible public entity or an affected local jurisdiction, as those terms are defined in § 56-557, or any independent review panel appointed to review information and advise the responsible public entity concerning such records.

29. Discussion of the award of a public contract involving the expenditure of public funds, including interviews of bidders or offerors, and discussion of the terms or scope of such contract, where discussion in an open session would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body.

30. Discussion or consideration of grant or loan application records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 17 of § 2.2-3705.6 by (i) the Commonwealth Health Research Board or (ii) the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority or the Research and Technology Investment Advisory Committee appointed to advise the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority.

31. Discussion or consideration by the Commitment Review Committee of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 9 of § 2.2-3705.2 relating to individuals subject to commitment as sexually violent predators under Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2.

32. [Expired.]

33. Discussion or consideration of confidential proprietary records and trade secrets excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 18 of § 2.2-3705.6.

34. Discussion or consideration by a local authority created in accordance with the Virginia Wireless Service Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5431.1 et seq.) of confidential proprietary records and trade secrets excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 19 of § 2.2-3705.6.

35. Discussion or consideration by the State Board of Elections or local electoral boards of voting security matters made confidential pursuant to § 24.2-625.1.

36. Discussion or consideration by the Forensic Science Board or the Scientific Advisory Committee created pursuant to Article 2 (§ 9.1-1109 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 9.1 of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision A 2 a of § 2.2-3706.

37. Discussion or consideration by the Brown v. Board of Education Scholarship Program Awards Committee of records or confidential matters excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 3 of § 2.2-3705.4, and meetings of the Committee to deliberate concerning the annual maximum scholarship award, review and consider scholarship applications and requests for scholarship award renewal, and cancel, rescind, or recover scholarship awards.

38. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Port Authority of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.6.

39. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Virginia Retirement System acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, by the Investment Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 51.1-124.26, by any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, by the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan acting pursuant to § 23-38.80, or by the Virginia College Savings Plan's Investment Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 23-38.79:1 of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 25 of § 2.2-3705.7.

40. Discussion or consideration of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 3 of § 2.2-3705.6.

41. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Education of records relating to the denial, suspension, or revocation of teacher licenses excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 12 of § 2.2-3705.3.

42. Those portions of meetings of the Virginia Military Advisory Council or any commission created by executive order for the purpose of studying and making recommendations regarding preventing closure or realignment of federal military and national security installations and facilities located in Virginia and relocation of such facilities to Virginia, or a local or regional military affairs organization appointed by a local governing body, during which there is discussion of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 12 of § 2.2-3705.2.

43. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Veterans Services Foundation of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 29 of § 2.2-3705.7.

44. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Tobacco Indemnification and Community Revitalization Commission of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 23 of § 2.2-3705.6.

45. Discussion or consideration by the board of directors of the Commercial Space Flight Authority of records excluded from this chapter pursuant to subdivision 24 of § 2.2-3705.6.

46. *Deliberations of the Virginia Casino Gaming Commission in a licensing appeal action conducted pursuant to § 59.1-558 regarding the denial or revocation of a license of a casino gaming operator and discussion, consideration, or review of matters related to investigations exempted from disclosure under subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.3.*

B. No resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation or motion adopted, passed or agreed to in a closed meeting shall become effective unless the public body, following the meeting, reconvenes in open meeting and takes a vote of the membership on such resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation, or motion that shall have its substance reasonably identified in the open meeting.

C. Public officers improperly selected due to the failure of the public body to comply with the other provisions of this section shall be de facto officers and, as such, their official actions are valid until they obtain notice of the legal defect in their election.

D. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the holding of conferences between two or more public bodies, or their representatives, but these conferences shall be subject to the same procedures for holding closed meetings as are applicable to any other public body.

E. This section shall not be construed to (i) require the disclosure of any contract between the Department of Health Professions and an impaired practitioner entered into pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1 or (ii) require the board of directors of any authority created pursuant to the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act (§ 15.2-4900 et seq.), or any public body empowered to issue industrial revenue bonds by general or special law, to identify a business or industry to which subdivision A 5 applies. However, such business or industry shall be identified as a matter of public record at least 30 days prior to the actual date of the board's authorization of the sale or issuance of such bonds.

§ 4.1-100. Definitions.

As used in this title unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Alcohol" means the product known as ethyl or grain alcohol obtained by distillation of any fermented liquor, rectified either once or more often, whatever the origin, and shall include synthetic ethyl alcohol, but shall not include methyl alcohol and alcohol completely denatured in accordance with formulas approved by the government of the United States.

"Alcohol vaporizing device" means any device, machine, or process that mixes any alcoholic beverages with pure oxygen or other gas to produce a vaporized product for the purpose of consumption by inhalation.

"Alcoholic beverages" includes alcohol, spirits, wine, and beer, and any one or more of such varieties containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume, including mixed alcoholic beverages, and every liquid or solid, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine, or beer and capable of being consumed by a human being. Any liquid or solid containing more than one of the four varieties shall be considered as belonging to that variety which has the higher percentage of alcohol, however obtained,

according to the order in which they are set forth in this definition; except that beer may be manufactured to include flavoring materials and other nonbeverage ingredients containing alcohol, as long as no more than 49 percent of the overall alcohol content of the finished product is derived from the addition of flavors and other nonbeverage ingredients containing alcohol for products with an alcohol content of no more than six percent by volume; or, in the case of products with an alcohol content of more than six percent by volume, as long as no more than one and one-half percent of the volume of the finished product consists of alcohol derived from added flavors and other nonbeverage ingredients containing alcohol.

"Barrel" means any container or vessel having a capacity of more than 43 ounces.

"Bed and breakfast establishment" means any establishment (i) having no more than 15 bedrooms; (ii) offering to the public, for compensation, transitory lodging or sleeping accommodations; and (iii) offering at least one meal per day, which may but need not be breakfast, to each person to whom overnight lodging is provided.

"Beer" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of an infusion or decoction of barley, malt, and hops or of any similar products in drinkable water and containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume.

"Board" means the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Board.

"Bottle" means any vessel intended to contain liquids and having a capacity of not more than 43 ounces.

"Canal boat operator" means any nonprofit organization that operates tourism-oriented canal boats for recreational purposes on waterways declared nonnavigable by the United States Congress pursuant to 33 U.S.C. § 59ii.

"Casino gaming" means baccarat, blackjack, twenty-one, poker, craps, dice, slot machine, roulette wheel, klondike table, punchboard, faro layout, keno layout, numbers ticket, push card, jar ticket, or pull tab and any other activity that is authorized by the Virginia Casino Gaming Commission as a wagering game or device under Chapter 50 (§ 59.1-550 et seq.) of Title 59.1.

"Club" means any private nonprofit corporation or association which is the owner, lessee, or occupant of an establishment operated solely for a national, social, patriotic, political, athletic, or other like purpose, but not for pecuniary gain, the advantages of which belong to all of the members. It also means the establishment so operated. A corporation or association shall not lose its status as a club because of the conduct of charitable gaming conducted pursuant to Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2 in which nonmembers participate frequently or in large numbers, provided that no alcoholic beverages are served or consumed in the room where such charitable gaming is being conducted while such gaming is being conducted and that no alcoholic beverages are made available upon the premises to any person who is neither a member nor a bona fide guest of a member.

Any such corporation or association which has been declared exempt from federal and state income taxes as one which is not organized and operated for pecuniary gain or profit shall be deemed a nonprofit corporation or association.

"Container" means any barrel, bottle, carton, keg, vessel or other receptacle used for holding alcoholic beverages.

"Contract winemaking facility" means the premises of a licensed winery or farm winery that obtains grapes, fruits, and other agricultural products from a person holding a farm winery license and crushes, processes, ferments, bottles, or provides any combination of such services pursuant to an agreement with the farm winery licensee. For all purposes of this title, wine produced by a contract winemaking facility for a farm winery shall be considered to be wine owned and produced by the farm winery that supplied the grapes, fruits, or other agricultural products used in the production of the wine. The contract winemaking facility shall have no right to sell the wine so produced but may charge the farm winery for its services.

"Convenience grocery store" means an establishment which (i) has an enclosed room in a permanent structure where stock is displayed and offered for sale and (ii) maintains an inventory of edible items intended for human consumption consisting of a variety of such items of the types normally sold in grocery stores.

"Day spa" means any commercial establishment that offers to the public both massage therapy, performed by persons certified in accordance with § 54.1-3029, and barbering or cosmetology services performed by persons licensed in accordance with Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

"Designated area" means a room or area approved by the Board for on-premises licensees.

"Dining area" means a public room or area in which meals are regularly served.

"Establishment" means any place where alcoholic beverages of one or more varieties are lawfully manufactured, sold, or used.

"Farm winery" means an establishment (i) located on a farm in the Commonwealth with a producing vineyard, orchard, or similar growing area and with facilities for fermenting and bottling wine on the

premises where the owner or lessee manufactures wine that contains not more than 18 percent alcohol by volume or (ii) located in the Commonwealth with a producing vineyard, orchard, or similar growing area or agreements for purchasing grapes or other fruits from agricultural growers within the Commonwealth, and with facilities for fermenting and bottling wine on the premises where the owner or lessee manufactures wine that contains not more than 18 percent alcohol by volume. As used in this definition, the terms "owner" and "lessee" shall include a cooperative formed by an association of individuals for the purpose of manufacturing wine. In the event such cooperative is licensed as a farm winery, the term "farm" as used in this definition includes all of the land owned or leased by the individual members of the cooperative as long as such land is located in the Commonwealth.

"Gift shop" means any bona fide retail store selling, predominantly, gifts, books, souvenirs, specialty items relating to history, original and handmade arts and products, collectibles, crafts, and floral arrangements, which is open to the public on a regular basis. Such shop shall be a permanent structure where stock is displayed and offered for sale and which has facilities to properly secure any stock of wine or beer. Such shop may be located (i) on the premises or grounds of a government registered national, state or local historic building or site or (ii) within the premises of a museum. The Board shall consider the purpose, characteristics, nature, and operation of the shop in determining whether it shall be considered a gift shop.

"Gourmet brewing shop" means an establishment which sells to persons to whom wine or beer may lawfully be sold; ingredients for making wine or brewing beer, including packaging, and rents to such persons facilities for manufacturing, fermenting and bottling such wine or beer.

"Gourmet shop" means an establishment provided with adequate inventory, shelving, and storage facilities, where, in consideration of payment, substantial amounts of domestic and imported wines and beers of various types and sizes and related products such as cheeses and gourmet foods are habitually furnished to persons.

"Government store" means a store established by the Board for the sale of alcoholic beverages.

"Hotel" means any duly licensed establishment, provided with special space and accommodation, where, in consideration of payment, food and lodging are habitually furnished to persons, and which has four or more bedrooms. It shall also mean the person who operates such hotel.

"Interdicted person" means a person to whom the sale of alcoholic beverages is prohibited by order pursuant to this title.

"Internet wine retailer" means a person who owns or operates an establishment with adequate inventory, shelving, and storage facilities, where, in consideration of payment, ~~internet~~ Internet or telephone orders are taken and shipped directly to consumers and which establishment is not a retail store open to the public.

"Intoxicated" means a condition in which a person has drunk enough alcoholic beverages to observably affect his manner, disposition, speech, muscular movement, general appearance or behavior.

"Licensed" means the holding of a valid license issued by the Board.

"Licensee" means any person to whom a license has been granted by the Board.

"Liqueur" means any of a class of highly flavored alcoholic beverages that do not exceed an alcohol content of 25 percent by volume.

"Low alcohol beverage cooler" means a drink containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume, but not more than seven and one-half percent alcohol by volume, and consisting of spirits mixed with nonalcoholic beverages or flavoring or coloring materials; it may also contain water, fruit juices, fruit adjuncts, sugar, carbon dioxide, preservatives or other similar products manufactured by fermenting fruit or fruit juices. Low alcohol beverage coolers shall be treated as wine for all purposes of this title; except that low alcohol beverage coolers shall not be sold in localities that have not approved the sale of mixed beverages pursuant to § 4.1-124. In addition, low alcohol beverage coolers shall not be sold for on-premises consumption other than by mixed beverage licensees.

"Meal-assembly kitchen" means any commercial establishment that offers its customers, for off-premises consumption, ingredients for the preparation of meals and entrees in professional kitchen facilities located at the establishment.

"Meals" means, for a mixed beverage license, an assortment of foods commonly ordered in bona fide, full-service restaurants as principal meals of the day. Such restaurants shall include establishments specializing in full course meals with a single substantial entree.

"Member of a club" means (i) a person who maintains his membership in the club by the payment of monthly, quarterly, or annual dues in the manner established by the rules and regulations thereof or (ii) a person who is a member of a bona fide auxiliary, local chapter, or squadron composed of direct lineal descendants of a bona fide member, whether alive or deceased, of a national or international organization to which an individual lodge holding a club license is an authorized member in the same locality. It shall also mean a lifetime member whose financial contribution is not less than 10 times the annual dues of resident members of the club, the full amount of such contribution being paid in advance in a lump sum.

"Mixed beverage" or "mixed alcoholic beverage" means a drink composed in whole or in part of spirits.

"Mixer" means any prepackaged ingredients containing beverages or flavoring or coloring materials, and which may also contain water, fruit juices, fruit adjuncts, sugar, carbon dioxide, or preservatives which are not commonly consumed unless combined with alcoholic beverages, whether or not such ingredients contain alcohol. Such specialty beverage product shall be manufactured or distributed by a Virginia corporation.

"Place or premises" means the real estate, together with any buildings or other improvements thereon, designated in the application for a license as the place at which the manufacture, bottling, distribution, use or sale of alcoholic beverages shall be performed, except that portion of any such building or other improvement actually and exclusively used as a private residence.

"Public place" means any place, building, or conveyance to which the public has, or is permitted to have, access, including restaurants, soda fountains, hotel dining areas, lobbies and corridors of hotels, and any park, place of public resort or amusement, highway, street, lane, or sidewalk adjoining any highway, street, or lane.

The term shall not include (i) hotel or restaurant dining areas or ballrooms while in use for private meetings or private parties limited in attendance to members and guests of a particular group, association or organization; (ii) restaurants licensed by the Board in office buildings or industrial or similar facilities while such restaurant is closed to the public and in use for private meetings or parties limited in attendance to employees and nonpaying guests of the owner or a lessee of all or part of such building or facility; (iii) offices, office buildings or industrial facilities while closed to the public and in use for private meetings or parties limited in attendance to employees and nonpaying guests of the owner or a lessee of all or part of such building or facility; or (iv) private recreational or chartered boats which are not licensed by the Board and on which alcoholic beverages are not sold.

"Residence" means any building or part of a building or structure where a person resides, but does not include any part of a building which is not actually and exclusively used as a private residence, nor any part of a hotel or club other than a private guest room thereof.

"Resort complex" means a facility (i) with a hotel owning year-round sports and recreational facilities located contiguously on the same property or (ii) owned by a nonstock, nonprofit, taxable corporation with voluntary membership which, as its primary function, makes available golf, ski and other recreational facilities both to its members and the general public. The hotel or corporation shall have a minimum of 140 private guest rooms or dwelling units contained on not less than 50 acres. The Board may consider the purpose, characteristics, and operation of the applicant establishment in determining whether it shall be considered as a resort complex. All other pertinent qualifications established by the Board for a hotel operation shall be observed by such licensee.

"Restaurant" means, for a beer, or wine and beer license or a limited mixed beverage restaurant license, any establishment provided with special space and accommodation, where, in consideration of payment, meals or other foods prepared on the premises are regularly sold.

"Restaurant" means, for a mixed beverage license other than a limited mixed beverage restaurant license, an established place of business (i) where meals with substantial entrees are regularly sold and (ii) which has adequate facilities and sufficient employees for cooking, preparing, and serving such meals for consumption at tables in dining areas on the premises, and includes establishments specializing in full course meals with a single substantial entree.

"Sale" and "sell" includes soliciting or receiving an order for; keeping, offering or exposing for sale; peddling, exchanging or bartering; or delivering otherwise than gratuitously, by any means, alcoholic beverages.

"Sangria" means a drink consisting of red or white wine mixed with some combination of sweeteners, fruit, fruit juice, soda, or soda water that may also be mixed with brandy, triple sec, or other similar spirits.

"Special agent" means an employee of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control whom the Board has designated as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to § 4.1-105.

"Special event" means an event sponsored by a duly organized nonprofit corporation or association and conducted for an athletic, charitable, civic, educational, political, or religious purpose.

"Spirits" means any beverage which contains alcohol obtained by distillation mixed with drinkable water and other substances, in solution, and includes, among other things, brandy, rum, whiskey, and gin, or any one or more of the last four named ingredients; but shall not include any such liquors completely denatured in accordance with formulas approved by the United States government.

"Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of the natural sugar content of fruits or other agricultural products containing (i) sugar, including honey and milk, either with or without additional sugar; (ii) one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume; and (iii) no product of distillation. The term includes any wine to which wine spirits have been added, as provided in the

551 Internal Revenue Code, to make products commonly known as "fortified wine" which do not exceed an
552 alcohol content of 21 percent by volume.

553 "Wine cooler" means a drink containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume, and
554 not more than three and two-tenths percent of alcohol by weight or four percent by volume consisting of
555 wine mixed with nonalcoholic beverages or flavoring or coloring materials, and which may also contain
556 water, fruit juices, fruit adjuncts, sugar, carbon dioxide, or preservatives and shall include other similar
557 products manufactured by fermenting fruit or fruit juices. Wine coolers and similar fermented fruit juice
558 beverages shall be treated as wine for all purposes except for taxation under § 4.1-236.

559 "With or without meals" means the selling and serving of alcoholic beverages by retail licensees for
560 on-premises consumption whether or not accompanied by food so long as the total food-beverage ratio
561 required by § 4.1-210, or the monthly food sale requirement established by Board regulation, is met by
562 such retail licensee.

563 **§ 4.1-210. Mixed beverages licenses.**

564 A. Subject to the provisions of § 4.1-124, the Board may grant the following licenses relating to
565 mixed beverages:

566 1. Mixed beverage restaurant licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed
567 beverages for consumption in dining areas and other designated areas of such restaurant. Such license
568 may be granted only to persons (i) who operate a restaurant and (ii) whose gross receipts from the sale
569 of food cooked or prepared, and consumed on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the
570 premises, after issuance of such license, amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale
571 of mixed beverages and food. For the purposes of this paragraph, other designated areas shall include
572 outdoor dining areas, whether or not contiguous to the licensed premises, which outdoor dining areas
573 may have more than one means of ingress and egress to an adjacent public thoroughfare, provided such
574 areas are under the control of the licensee and approved by the Board.

575 If the restaurant is located on the premises of a hotel or motel with not less than four permanent
576 bedrooms where food and beverage service is customarily provided by the restaurant in designated areas,
577 bedrooms and other private rooms of such hotel or motel, such licensee may ~~(i)~~ (a) sell and serve mixed
578 beverages for consumption in such designated areas, bedrooms and other private rooms and ~~(ii)~~ (b) sell
579 spirits packaged in original closed containers purchased from the Board for on-premises consumption to
580 registered guests and at scheduled functions of such hotel or motel only in such bedrooms or private
581 rooms. However, with regard to a hotel classified as a resort complex, the Board may authorize the sale
582 and on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages in all areas within the resort complex deemed
583 appropriate by the Board. Nothing herein shall prohibit any person from keeping and consuming his own
584 lawfully acquired spirits in bedrooms or private rooms.

585 If the restaurant is located on the premises of and operated by a private, nonprofit or profit club
586 exclusively for its members and their guests, or members of another private, nonprofit or profit club in
587 another city with which it has an agreement for reciprocal dining privileges, such license shall also
588 authorize the licensees to sell and serve mixed beverages for on-premises consumption. Where such club
589 prepares no food in its restaurant but purchases its food requirements from a restaurant licensed by the
590 Board and located on another portion of the premises of the same hotel or motel building, this fact shall
591 not prohibit the granting of a license by the Board to such club qualifying in all other respects. The
592 club's gross receipts from the sale of nonalcoholic beverages consumed on the premises and food resold
593 to its members and guests and consumed on the premises shall amount to at least 45 percent of its gross
594 receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food. The food sales made by a restaurant to such a club
595 shall be excluded in any consideration of the qualifications of such restaurant for a license from the
596 Board.

597 2. Mixed beverage caterer's licenses, which may be granted only to a person regularly engaged in the
598 business of providing food and beverages to others for service at private gatherings or at special events,
599 which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption.
600 The annual gross receipts from the sale of food cooked and prepared for service and nonalcoholic
601 beverages served at gatherings and events referred to in this subdivision shall amount to at least 45
602 percent of the gross receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food.

603 3. Mixed beverage limited caterer's licenses, which may be granted only to a person regularly
604 engaged in the business of providing food and beverages to others for service at private gatherings or at
605 special events, not to exceed 12 gatherings or events per year, which shall authorize the licensee to sell
606 and serve alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption. The annual gross receipts from the sale of
607 food cooked and prepared for service and nonalcoholic beverages served at gatherings and events
608 referred to in this subdivision shall amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale of
609 mixed beverages and food.

610 4. Mixed beverage special events licenses, to a duly organized nonprofit corporation or association in
611 charge of a special event, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed beverages for
612 on-premises consumption in areas approved by the Board on the premises of the place designated in the

license. A separate license shall be required for each day of each special event.

5. Annual mixed beverage special events licenses to (i) a duly organized nonprofit corporation or association operating a performing arts facility, (ii) a nonprofit corporation or association chartered by Congress for the preservation of sites, buildings and objects significant in American history and culture, or (iii) a duly organized nonprofit corporation that has been granted an exemption from federal taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that owns any rural event and entertainment park or similar facility that has a minimum of 60,000 square feet of indoor exhibit space and equine and other livestock show areas. The operation in all cases shall be upon premises owned by such licensee or occupied under a bona fide lease the original term of which was for more than one year's duration. Such license shall authorize the sale, on the dates of performances or events in furtherance of the purposes of the nonprofit corporation or association, of alcoholic beverages, for on-premises consumption in areas upon the licensed premises approved by the Board.

6. Mixed beverage carrier licenses to persons operating a common carrier of passengers by train, boat or airplane, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed beverages anywhere in the Commonwealth to passengers while in transit aboard any such common carrier, and in designated rooms of establishments of air carriers at airports in the Commonwealth.

7. Mixed beverage club events licenses, which shall authorize a club holding a beer or wine and beer club license to sell and serve mixed beverages for on-premises consumption by club members and their guests in areas approved by the Board on the club premises. A separate license shall be required for each day of each club event. No more than 12 such licenses shall be granted to a club in any calendar year.

8. Annual mixed beverage amphitheater licenses to persons operating food concessions at any outdoor performing arts amphitheater, arena or similar facility that has seating for more than 20,000 persons and is located in Prince William County or the City of Virginia Beach. Such license shall authorize the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages during the performance of any event, in paper, plastic or similar disposable containers to patrons within all seating areas, concourses, walkways, concession areas, or similar facilities, for on-premises consumption.

9. Annual mixed beverage amphitheater licenses to persons operating food concessions at any outdoor performing arts amphitheater, arena or similar facility that has seating for more than 5,000 persons and is located in the City of Alexandria or the City of Portsmouth. Such license shall authorize the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages during the performance of any event, in paper, plastic or similar disposable containers to patrons within all seating areas, concourses, walkways, concession areas, or similar facilities, for on-premises consumption.

10. Annual mixed beverage motor sports facility license to persons operating food concessions at any outdoor motor sports road racing club facility, of which the track surface is 3.27 miles in length, on 1,200 acres of rural property bordering the Dan River, which shall authorize the licensee to sell mixed beverages, in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers during scheduled events, as well as events or performances immediately subsequent thereto, to patrons in all dining facilities, seating areas, viewing areas, walkways, concession areas or similar facilities, for on-premises consumption. Upon authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises in all areas and locations covered by the license.

11. Annual mixed beverage banquet licenses to duly organized private nonprofit fraternal, patriotic or charitable membership organizations that are exempt from state and federal taxation and in charge of banquets conducted exclusively for its members and their guests, which shall authorize the licensee to serve mixed beverages for on-premises consumption in areas approved by the Board on the premises of the place designated in the license. Such license shall authorize the licensee to conduct no more than 12 banquets per calendar year.

12. Limited mixed beverage restaurant licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve dessert wines as defined by Board regulation and no more than six varieties of liqueurs, which liqueurs shall be combined with coffee or other nonalcoholic beverages, for consumption in dining areas of the restaurant. Such license may be granted only to persons who operate a restaurant and in no event shall the sale of such wine or liqueur-based drinks exceed 10 percent of the total annual gross sales.

13. Annual mixed beverage motor sports facility licenses to persons operating concessions at an outdoor motor sports facility that hosts a NASCAR national touring race, which shall authorize the licensee to sell mixed beverages, in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers during scheduled events, as well as events or performances immediately subsequent thereto, to patrons in all dining facilities, seating areas, viewing areas, walkways, concession areas or similar facilities, for on-premises consumption.

14. Annual mixed beverage performing arts facility license to corporations or associations operating a performing arts facility, provided the performing arts facility (i) is owned by a governmental entity; (ii) is occupied by a for-profit entity under a bona fide lease, the original term of which was for more than

one year's duration; and (iii) has been rehabilitated in accordance with historic preservation standards. Such license shall authorize the sale, on the dates of performances or events, of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption in areas upon the licensed premises approved by the Board.

15. *Mixed beverage casino licenses to persons operating a casino gaming operation licensed by the Virginia Casino Gaming Commission pursuant to Chapter 50 (§ 59.1-550 et seq.) of Title 59.1, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed beverages for on-premises consumption in areas approved by the Commission on the premises of the place designated in the license.*

B. The granting of any license under subdivision 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, ~~or~~ 14, or 15 shall automatically include a license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption. The licensee shall pay the state and local taxes required by §§ 4.1-231 and 4.1-233.

§ 4.1-231. Taxes on state licenses.

A. The annual fees on state licenses shall be as follows:

1. Alcoholic beverage licenses. For each:

a. Distiller's license, if not more than 5,000 gallons of alcohol or spirits, or both, manufactured during the year in which the license is granted, \$450; and if more than 5,000 gallons manufactured during such year, \$3,725;

b. Fruit distiller's license, \$3,725;

c. Banquet facility license or museum license, \$190;

d. Bed and breakfast establishment license, \$35;

e. Tasting license, \$40 per license granted;

f. Equine sporting event license, \$130;

g. Motor car sporting event facility license, \$130;

h. Day spa license, \$100;

i. Delivery permit, \$120 if the permittee holds no other license under this title;

j. Meal-assembly kitchen license, \$100; and

k. Canal boat operator license, \$100.

2. Wine licenses. For each:

a. Winery license, if not more than 5,000 gallons of wine manufactured during the year in which the license is granted, \$189, and if more than 5,000 gallons manufactured during such year, \$3,725;

b. (1) Wholesale wine license, \$185 for any wholesaler who sells 30,000 gallons of wine or less per year, \$930 for any wholesaler who sells more than 30,000 gallons per year but not more than 150,000 gallons of wine per year, \$1,430 for any wholesaler who sells more than 150,000 but not more than 300,000 gallons of wine per year, and, \$1,860 for any wholesaler who sells more than 300,000 gallons of wine per year;

(2) Wholesale wine license, including that granted pursuant to § 4.1-207.1, applicable to two or more premises, the annual state license tax shall be the amount set forth in subdivision b (1), multiplied by the number of separate locations covered by the license;

c. Wine importer's license, \$370;

d. Retail off-premises winery license, \$145, which shall include a delivery permit;

e. Farm winery license, \$190 for any Class A license and \$3,725 for any Class B license, each of which shall include a delivery permit;

f. Wine shipper's license, \$95; and

g. Internet wine retailer license, \$150.

3. Beer licenses. For each:

a. Brewery license, if not more than 10,000 barrels of beer manufactured during the year in which the license is granted, \$2,150, and if more than 10,000 barrels manufactured during such year, \$4,300;

b. Bottler's license, \$1,430;

c. (1) Wholesale beer license, \$930 for any wholesaler who sells 300,000 cases of beer a year or less, and \$1,430 for any wholesaler who sells more than 300,000 but not more than 600,000 cases of beer a year, and \$1,860 for any wholesaler who sells more than 600,000 cases of beer a year;

(2) Wholesale beer license applicable to two or more premises, the annual state license tax shall be the amount set forth in subdivision c (1), multiplied by the number of separate locations covered by the license;

d. Beer importer's license, \$370;

e. Retail on-premises beer license to a hotel, restaurant, club or other person, except a common carrier of passengers by train or boat, \$145; for each such license to a common carrier of passengers by train or boat, \$145 per annum for each of the average number of boats, dining cars, buffet cars or club cars operated daily in the Commonwealth;

f. Retail off-premises beer license, \$120, which shall include a delivery permit;

g. Retail on-and-off premises beer license to a hotel, restaurant, club or grocery store located in a town or in a rural area outside the corporate limits of any city or town, \$300, which shall include a delivery permit;

- h. Beer shipper's license, \$95; and
- i. Retail off-premises brewery license, \$120, which shall include a delivery permit.
4. Wine and beer licenses. For each:
- a. Retail on-premises wine and beer license to a hotel, restaurant, club or other person, except a common carrier of passengers by train, boat or airplane, \$300; for each such license to a common carrier of passengers by train or boat, \$300 per annum for each of the average number of boats, dining cars, buffet cars or club cars operated daily in the Commonwealth, and for each such license granted to a common carrier of passengers by airplane, \$750;
- b. Retail on-premises wine and beer license to a hospital, \$145;
- c. Retail off-premises wine and beer license, including each gift shop, gourmet shop and convenience grocery store license, \$230, which shall include a delivery permit;
- d. Retail on-and-off premises wine and beer license to a hotel, restaurant or club, \$600, which shall include a delivery permit;
- e. Banquet license, \$40 per license granted by the Board, except for banquet licenses granted by the Board pursuant to subsection A of § 4.1-215 for events occurring on more than one day, which shall be \$100 per license;
- f. Gourmet brewing shop license, \$230;
- g. Wine and beer shipper's license, \$95;
- h. Annual banquet license, \$150;
- i. Fulfillment warehouse license, \$120;
- j. Marketing portal license, \$150; and
- k. Gourmet oyster house license, \$230.
5. Mixed beverage licenses. For each:
- a. Mixed beverage restaurant license granted to persons operating restaurants, including restaurants located on premises of and operated by hotels or motels, or other persons:
- (i) With a seating capacity at tables for up to 100 persons, \$560;
- (ii) With a seating capacity at tables for more than 100 but not more than 150 persons, \$975; and
- (iii) With a seating capacity at tables for more than 150 persons, \$1,430.
- b. Mixed beverage restaurant license for restaurants located on the premises of and operated by private, nonprofit clubs:
- (i) With an average yearly membership of not more than 200 resident members, \$750;
- (ii) With an average yearly membership of more than 200 but not more than 500 resident members, \$1,860; and
- (iii) With an average yearly membership of more than 500 resident members, \$2,765.
- c. Mixed beverage caterer's license, \$1,860;
- d. Mixed beverage limited caterer's license, \$500;
- e. Mixed beverage special events license, \$45 for each day of each event;
- f. Mixed beverage club events licenses, \$35 for each day of each event;
- g. Annual mixed beverage special events license, \$560;
- h. Mixed beverage carrier license:
- (i) \$190 for each of the average number of dining cars, buffet cars or club cars operated daily in the Commonwealth by a common carrier of passengers by train;
- (ii) \$560 for each common carrier of passengers by boat; *and*
- (iii) \$1,475 for each license granted to a common carrier of passengers by airplane.
- i. Annual mixed beverage amphitheater license, \$560;
- j. Annual mixed beverage motor sports race track license, \$560;
- k. Annual mixed beverage banquet license, \$500;
- l. Limited mixed beverage restaurant license:
- (i) With a seating capacity at tables for up to 100 persons, \$460;
- (ii) With a seating capacity at tables for more than 100 but not more than 150 persons, \$875; *and*
- (iii) With a seating capacity at tables for more than 150 persons, \$1,330;
- m. Annual mixed beverage motor sports facility license, \$560; *and*
- n. Annual mixed beverage performing arts facility license, \$560; *and*
- o. *Mixed beverage casino license granted to persons operating a casino gaming establishment licensed pursuant to Chapter 50 (§ 59.1-550 et seq.) of Title 59.1, \$2 per gaming station.*
6. Temporary licenses. For each temporary license authorized by § 4.1-211, one-half of the tax imposed by this section on the license for which the applicant applied.
- B. The tax on each such license, except banquet and mixed beverage special events licenses, shall be subject to proration to the following extent: If the license is granted in the second quarter of any year, the tax shall be decreased by one-fourth; if granted in the third quarter of any year, the tax shall be decreased by one-half; and if granted in the fourth quarter of any year, the tax shall be decreased by

three-fourths.

If the license on which the tax is prorated is a distiller's license to manufacture not more than 5,000 gallons of alcohol or spirits, or both, during the year in which the license is granted, or a winery license to manufacture not more than 5,000 gallons of wine during the year in which the license is granted, the number of gallons permitted to be manufactured shall be prorated in the same manner.

Should the holder of a distiller's license or a winery license to manufacture not more than 5,000 gallons of alcohol or spirits, or both, or wine, apply during the license year for an unlimited distiller's or winery license, such person shall pay for such unlimited license a license tax equal to the amount that would have been charged had such license been applied for at the time that the license to manufacture less than 5,000 gallons of alcohol or spirits or wine, as the case may be, was granted, and such person shall be entitled to a refund of the amount of license tax previously paid on the limited license.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the tax on each license granted or reissued for a period of less than 12 months shall be equal to one-twelfth of the taxes required by subsection A computed to the nearest cent, multiplied by the number of months in the license period.

C. Nothing in this chapter shall exempt any licensee from any state merchants' license or state restaurant license or any other state tax. Every licensee, in addition to the taxes imposed by this chapter, shall be liable to state merchants' license taxation and state restaurant license taxation and other state taxation the same as if the alcoholic beverages were nonalcoholic. In ascertaining the liability of a beer wholesaler to merchants' license taxation, however, and in computing the wholesale merchants' license tax on a beer wholesaler, the first \$163,800 of beer purchases shall be disregarded; and in ascertaining the liability of a wholesale wine distributor to merchants' license taxation, and in computing the wholesale merchants' license tax on a wholesale wine distributor, the first \$163,800 of wine purchases shall be disregarded.

§ 4.1-233. Taxes on local licenses.

A. In addition to the state license taxes, the annual local license taxes which may be collected shall not exceed the following sums:

1. Alcoholic beverages. - For each:

a. Distiller's license, \$1,000; no local license shall be required for any person who manufactures not more than 5,000 gallons of alcohol or spirits, or both, during such license year;

b. Fruit distiller's license, \$1,500;

c. Bed and breakfast establishment license, \$40;

d. Museum license, \$10;

e. Tasting license, \$5 per license granted;

f. Equine sporting event license, \$10;

g. Day spa license, \$20;

h. Motor car sporting event facility license, \$10;

i. Meal-assembly kitchen license, \$20; and

j. Canal boat operator license, \$20.

2. Beer. - For each:

a. Brewery license, \$1,000;

b. Bottler's license, \$500;

c. Wholesale beer license, in a city, \$250, and in a county or town, \$75;

d. Retail on-premises beer license for a hotel, restaurant or club and for each retail off-premises beer license in a city, \$100, and in a county or town, \$25; and

e. Beer shipper's license, \$10.

3. Wine. - For each:

a. Winery license, \$50;

b. Wholesale wine license, \$50;

c. Farm winery license, \$50; and

d. Wine shipper's license, \$10.

4. Wine and beer. - For each:

a. Retail on-premises wine and beer license for a hotel, restaurant or club; and for each retail off-premises wine and beer license, including each gift shop, gourmet shop and convenience grocery store license, in a city, \$150, and in a county or town, \$37.50;

b. Hospital license, \$10;

c. Banquet license, \$5 for each license granted, except for banquet licenses granted by the Board pursuant to subsection A of § 4.1-215 for events occurring on more than one day, which shall be \$20 per license;

d. Gourmet brewing shop license, \$150;

e. Wine and beer shipper's license, \$10;

f. Annual banquet license, \$15; and

g. Gourmet oyster house license, in a city, \$150, and in a county or town, \$37.50.

5. Mixed beverages. - For each:
- a. Mixed beverage restaurant license, including restaurants located on the premises of and operated by hotels or motels, or other persons:
 - (i) With a seating capacity at tables for up to 100 persons, \$200;
 - (ii) With a seating capacity at tables for more than 100 but not more than 150 persons, \$350; and
 - (iii) With a seating capacity at tables for more than 150 persons, \$500.
 - b. Private, nonprofit club operating a restaurant located on the premises of such club, \$350;
 - c. Mixed beverage caterer's license, \$500;
 - d. Mixed beverage limited caterer's license; \$100;
 - e. Mixed beverage special events licenses, \$10 for each day of each event;
 - f. Mixed beverage club events licenses, \$10 for each day of each event;
 - g. Annual mixed beverage amphitheater license, \$300;
 - h. Annual mixed beverage motor sports race track license, \$300;
 - i. Annual mixed beverage banquet license, \$75;
 - j. Limited mixed beverage restaurant license:
 - (i) With a seating capacity at tables for up to 100 persons, \$100;
 - (ii) With a seating capacity at tables for more than 100 but not more than 150 persons, \$250; and
 - (iii) With a seating capacity at tables for more than 150 persons, \$400;
 - k. Annual mixed beverage motor sports facility license, \$300; ~~and~~
 - l. Annual mixed beverage performing arts facility license; \$300; ~~and~~
 - m. *Mixed beverage casino license granted to persons operating a casino gaming establishment licensed pursuant to Chapter 50 (§ 59.1-550 et seq.) of Title 59.1, \$1 per gaming station.*
- B. Common carriers. - No local license tax shall be either charged or collected for the privilege of selling alcoholic beverages in (i) passenger trains, boats or airplanes and (ii) rooms designated by the Board of establishments of air carriers of passengers at airports in the Commonwealth for on-premises consumption only.
- C. Merchants' and restaurants' license taxes. - The governing body of each county, city or town in the Commonwealth, in imposing local wholesale merchants' license taxes measured by purchases, local retail merchants' license taxes measured by sales, and local restaurant license taxes measured by sales, may include alcoholic beverages in the base for measuring such local license taxes the same as if the alcoholic beverages were nonalcoholic. No local alcoholic beverage license authorized by this chapter shall exempt any licensee from any local merchants' or local restaurant license tax, but such local merchants' and local restaurant license taxes may be in addition to the local alcoholic beverage license taxes authorized by this chapter.
- The governing body of any county, city or town, in adopting an ordinance under this section, shall provide that in ascertaining the liability of (i) a beer wholesaler to local merchants' license taxation under the ordinance, and in computing the local wholesale merchants' license tax on such beer wholesaler, purchases of beer up to a stated amount shall be disregarded, which stated amount shall be the amount of beer purchases which would be necessary to produce a local wholesale merchants' license tax equal to the local wholesale beer license tax paid by such wholesaler and (ii) a wholesale wine licensee to local merchants' license taxation under the ordinance, and in computing the local wholesale merchants' license tax on such wholesale wine licensee, purchases of wine up to a stated amount shall be disregarded, which stated amount shall be the amount of wine purchases which would be necessary to produce a local wholesale merchants' license tax equal to the local wholesale wine licensee license tax paid by such wholesale wine licensee.
- D. Delivery. - No county, city or town shall impose any local alcoholic beverages license tax on any wholesaler for the privilege of delivering alcoholic beverages in the county, city or town when such wholesaler maintains no place of business in such county, city or town.
- E. Application of county tax within town. - Any county license tax imposed under this section shall not apply within the limits of any town located in such county, where such town now, or hereafter, imposes a town license tax on the same privilege.
- § 11-16.1. Exemption from the chapter.**
This chapter shall not apply to any bet, wager, or casino gaming permitted by Chapter 50 (§ 59.1-550 et seq.) of Title 59.1 or to any contract, conduct, and transaction arising from conduct lawful thereunder.
- § 18.2-334.5. Exemptions to article; certain casino gaming operations.**
Nothing in this article shall be construed to make it illegal to participate in any casino gaming operation conducted in accordance with Chapter 50 (§ 59.1-550 et seq.) of Title 59.1.
- § 33.1-223.2:30. Toll Mitigation Fund established.**
There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Toll Mitigation Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on the books of the

920 *Comptroller. All moneys required to be deposited into the Fund pursuant to Chapter 50 (§ 59.1-550 et*
 921 *seq.) of Title 59.1 shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on*
 922 *moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund,*
 923 *including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall*
 924 *remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the purposes of mitigating the tolls*
 925 *established to support construction and maintenance for (i) the Dominion Boulevard Bridge and*
 926 *Roadway Improvement Project and (ii) the Downtown Tunnel/Midtown Tunnel/Martin Luther King*
 927 *Freeway Extension Project. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State*
 928 *Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Secretary of*
 929 *Transportation.*

930 *CHAPTER 50.*
 931 *CASINO GAMING.*

932 *Article 1.*

933 *General Provisions.*

934 **§ 59.1-550. Definitions.**

935 *As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:*

936 *"Adjusted gross receipts" means the gross receipts from casino gaming less winnings paid to*
 937 *winners.*

938 *"Casino gaming" and "game" include, but are not limited to, baccarat, blackjack, twenty-one, poker,*
 939 *craps, dice, slot machine, roulette wheel, klondike table, punchboard, faro layout, keno layout, numbers*
 940 *ticket, push card, jar ticket, or pull tab and any other activity that is authorized by the Commission as a*
 941 *wagering game or device under this chapter.*

942 *"Casino gaming establishment" means the premises upon which lawful gaming is authorized and*
 943 *licensed as provided in this chapter.*

944 *"Cheat" means to alter the selection criteria that determine the result of a game or the amount or*
 945 *frequency of payment in a game for the purpose of obtaining an advantage for one or more participants*
 946 *in a game over other participants in a game.*

947 *"Commission" means the Virginia Casino Gaming Commission created pursuant to § 59.1-552.*

948 *"Entity" means a person that is not a natural person.*

949 *"Gaming operation" means the conduct of authorized casino gaming within a casino gaming*
 950 *establishment.*

951 *"Gross receipts" means the total amount of money exchanged for the purchase of chips, tokens, or*
 952 *electronic cards by casino gaming patrons.*

953 *"Licensee" or "license holder" includes any person holding an operator's license under § 59.1-564.*

954 *"Permit holder" includes any person holding a supplier or service permit pursuant to this chapter.*

955 *"Person" means a natural person, partnership, joint venture, association, limited liability company,*
 956 *stock corporation, or nonstock corporation and includes any person that directly or indirectly controls*
 957 *or is under common control with another person.*

958 *"Principal" means any person who individually or together with his spouse and immediate family*
 959 *members (i) owns or controls, directly or indirectly, five percent or more of the pecuniary interest in*
 960 *any entity that is a licensee or (ii) has the power to vote or cause the vote of five percent or more of*
 961 *the voting securities or other ownership interests of such entity, and any person who manages a casino*
 962 *gaming operation on behalf of a licensee.*

963 *"Security" shall have the meaning prescribed by § 13.1-501. If the Commission finds that any*
 964 *obligation, stock, or other equity interest creates control of or voice in the management operations of an*
 965 *entity in the manner of a security, then such interest shall be considered a security.*

966 *"Supplier" means any person that sells or leases, or contracts to sell or lease, any gaming*
 967 *equipment, devices, or supplies, or provides any management services, to a licensee.*

968 **§ 59.1-551. Regulation and control of casino gaming; prerequisites for approval.**

969 *A. Casino gaming shall be licensed and permitted as herein provided to benefit the people of the*
 970 *Commonwealth. The Commission established under this chapter is vested with control of all casino*
 971 *gaming in the Commonwealth, with authority to prescribe regulations and conditions under this chapter.*
 972 *The purposes of this chapter are to assist economic development, promote tourism, and provide for the*
 973 *implementation of gaming operations of the highest quality, honesty, and integrity and free of any*
 974 *corrupt, incompetent, dishonest, or unprincipled practices.*

975 *B. The conduct of casino gaming shall be limited to localities in which at least 40 percent of the*
 976 *assessed value of all real estate situated in the locality is exempt from local property taxation pursuant*
 977 *to federal law or Article X, Section 6 or 6-A of the Constitution of Virginia.*

978 *C. This chapter does not permit gaming or wagering in any manner not provided for herein.*

979 **§ 59.1-552. Virginia Casino Gaming Commission created; members.**

980 *A. The Virginia Casino Gaming Commission is created and shall consist of five members appointed*
 981 *by the Governor for five-year terms and confirmed by a majority of those elected to each house of the*

General Assembly at the next regular session following any such appointment. Each Commissioner shall have been a resident of the Commonwealth for a period of at least three years next preceding his appointment, and his continued residency shall be a condition of his tenure in office. A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled for the unexpired term. Each Commissioner shall be eligible for reappointment for a second consecutive term at the discretion of the Governor. Persons who are first appointed to initial terms of less than five years shall thereafter be eligible for reappointment to two consecutive terms of five years each. The Commission shall elect a chairman from among its members. No member of the General Assembly while serving as a member shall be eligible for appointment to the Commission.

B. The members of the Commission shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

C. The Commission shall establish and maintain a general business office within the Commonwealth for the transaction of its business at a place to be determined by the Commission. The Commission shall meet at such times and places within the Commonwealth as it shall determine. A majority of the Commissioners shall constitute a quorum for the convening of a meeting, but the performance of any duty or the exercise of any power of the Commission shall require a majority of the entire Commission.

§ 59.1-553. Financial interests of Commission members, employees, and family members prohibited.

No member or employee of the Commission and no spouse or immediate family member of any such member or employee shall have any financial interest, direct or indirect, (i) in any casino gaming operation or other enterprise subject to the provisions of this chapter or in any entity that has submitted an application for a license or permit under this chapter or (ii) in any horse racetrack, satellite facility, or operation incident thereto subject to the provisions of Chapter 29 (§ 59.1-364 et seq.), in any entity that has submitted an application for a license under Article 2 (§ 59.1-375 et seq.) of Chapter 29, in the operation of any such track or satellite facility within the Commonwealth, or in the operation of any wagering authorized under Chapter 29.

No member of the Commission and no spouse or immediate family member of a Commission member shall participate as a principal or owner of a casino gaming operation, or have any pecuniary interest in the winnings from any casino gaming operation, or participate as owner of a horse or otherwise as a contestant in any race subject to the jurisdiction of the Virginia Racing Commission, or have any pecuniary interest in the purse or prize contested for in any such race.

No member of the Commission and no spouse or immediate family member of a Commission member shall make any contribution to a candidate for office or office holder on the local or state level or cause a contribution to be made on his behalf.

§ 59.1-554. Powers and duties of the Commission.

A. The Commission shall have the power and duty to:

1. Issue permits and licenses under this chapter and supervise all casino gaming operations licensed under the provisions of this chapter, including all persons conducting or participating in any casino gaming operation. The Commission shall employ such persons to be present during the conduct of casino gaming operations as are necessary to ensure that such operations are conducted with order and the highest degree of integrity. The Commission may eject or exclude from a casino establishment any person, whether or not he possesses a license or permit, whose conduct or reputation is such that his presence may, in the opinion of the Commission, reflect on the honesty and integrity of casino gaming or interfere with the orderly conduct of casino gaming.

2. Promulgate regulations regarding the conditions under which casino gaming shall be conducted in the Commonwealth and all such other regulations it deems necessary and appropriate to further the purposes of this chapter.

3. Issue an operator's license only to a person who meets the criteria of § 59.1-564.

4. Inspect, investigate, and have free access to the office, facilities, or other places of business of any licensee or permit holder and may compel the production of any of the books, documents, records, or memoranda of any licensee or permit holder for the purpose of satisfying itself that this chapter and Commission regulations are strictly complied with. The Commission may require the production of the annual balance sheets and operating statements of any person licensed or granted a permit pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and may require the production of any contract to which such person is or may be a party.

5. Issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses before the Commission, administer oaths, and compel production of records or other documents and testimony of such witnesses whenever in the judgment of the Commission it is necessary to do so for the effectual discharge of its duties.

6. Compel any person holding a license or permit to file with the Commission such information as shall appear to the Commission to be necessary for the performance of its duties, including, but not limited to, financial statements and information relative to principals and all others with any pecuniary interest in such person. The Commission may prescribe the manner in which books and records of such

1043 persons shall be kept.

1044 7. Enter into arrangements with any foreign or domestic governmental agency for the purposes of
1045 exchanging information or performing any other act to better ensure the proper conduct of casino
1046 gaming operations or the efficient conduct of the Commission's duties.

1047 8. Order such audits, in addition to those required by § 59.1-556, as it deems necessary and
1048 desirable.

1049 9. Provide for the withholding of the applicable amount of state and federal income tax of persons
1050 claiming a prize or payoff for winning a game and establish the thresholds for such withholdings.

1051 10. Submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly, including a financial
1052 statement of the operation of the Commission.

1053 B. The Commission and its Executive Secretary shall have the power, authority, and duties of peace
1054 officers for the purposes of enforcing the provisions of this chapter. Upon the receipt of a credible
1055 complaint of an alleged criminal violation of this chapter, the Commission shall immediately report the
1056 complaint to the Attorney General and the State Police for appropriate action.

1057 **§ 59.1-555. Executive Secretary; staff.**

1058 A. The Commission shall appoint an Executive Secretary and such other employees as it deems
1059 necessary to perform its duties under this chapter, who shall possess such authority and perform such
1060 duties as the Commission shall prescribe or delegate to them. Such employees may include inspectors,
1061 accountants, guards, and such other employees deemed by the Commission to be necessary for the
1062 supervision and the proper conduct of the highest standard of casino gaming. Such employees shall be
1063 compensated as provided by the Commission.

1064 B. The Executive Secretary, in addition to any other duties prescribed by the Commission, shall keep
1065 a true and complete record of all proceedings of the Commission and preserve at the Commission's
1066 general office all books, documents, and papers of the Commission. Neither the Executive Secretary nor
1067 the spouse or any member of the immediate family of the Executive Secretary shall make any
1068 contribution to a candidate for office or office holder at the local or state level or cause such a
1069 contribution to be made on his behalf.

1070 **§ 59.1-556. Audit required.**

1071 A regular post-audit shall be conducted of all accounts and transactions of the Commission. An
1072 annual audit of a fiscal and compliance nature of the accounts and transactions of the Commission
1073 shall be conducted by the Auditor of Public Accounts on or before September 30 of each year. The cost
1074 of the annual audit and post-audit examinations shall be borne by the Commission.

1075 **§ 59.1-557. Fingerprints and background investigations.**

1076 The Commission shall fingerprint and require a background investigation, including a criminal
1077 history record information check, of the following persons by a representative of an appropriate
1078 law-enforcement agency of the Commonwealth or federal government: (i) every person applying for a
1079 license or permit pursuant to this chapter; (ii) every person who is an officer, director, or principal of a
1080 licensee or applicant for a license and every employee of the licensee who conducts gaming operations;
1081 (iii) all security personnel of any licensee; (iv) employees of the Commission; (v) all permit holders, and
1082 officers, directors, principals, and employees of permit holders whose duties relate to casino gaming
1083 operations in Virginia; and (vi) any other person who the Commission determines actively participates
1084 in the casino gaming activities of any licensee or permit holder or applicant for a license or permit.

1085 **§ 59.1-558. Hearing and appeal.**

1086 Any person aggrieved by a refusal of the Commission to issue any license or permit, the suspension
1087 or revocation of a license or permit, the imposition of a fine, or any other action of the Commission
1088 may seek review of such action in accordance with Article 5 (§ 2.2-4025 et seq.) of the Administrative
1089 Process Act in the Circuit Court of the City of Richmond. Further appeals shall also be in accordance
1090 with Article 5 (§ 2.2-4025 et seq.) of the Administrative Process Act.

1091 **§ 59.1-559. Injunction.**

1092 Whenever it appears to the Commission that any person has violated or may violate any provision of
1093 this chapter or any regulation or final decision of the Commission, it may apply to the appropriate
1094 circuit court for an injunction against such person. The order granting or refusing such injunction shall
1095 be subject to appeal as in other cases in equity.

1096 **§ 59.1-560. Casino Gaming Commission Operations Fund.**

1097 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Casino
1098 Gaming Commission Operations Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund." The Fund shall be
1099 established on the books of the Comptroller. All revenues received by the Commission under this
1100 chapter for deposit into the Fund shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest
1101 earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in
1102 the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund
1103 but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used by the Commission to fund its
1104 operations as it relates to the administration and regulation of casino gaming pursuant to this chapter.

Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Chairman of the Commission.

Article 2.

Licenses.

§ 59.1-561. Operator's license required; license not transferable.

A. No person shall operate a casino gaming operation unless he has obtained an operator's license issued by the Commission in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

B. No license issued under the provisions of this chapter shall be transferable.

§ 59.1-562. Application for operator's license; penalty.

A. Any person desiring to operate a casino gaming operation shall file with the Commission an application for an operator's license. Such application shall be filed at the place prescribed by the Commission and shall be in such form and contain such information as prescribed by the Commission, including but not limited to the following:

1. The name and address of such person; if a corporation, the state of its incorporation, the full name and address of each officer and director thereof, and, if a foreign corporation, whether it is qualified to do business in the Commonwealth; if a partnership or joint venture, the name and address of each general partner thereof; if a limited liability company, the name and address of each manager thereof; or if another entity, the name and address of each person performing duties similar to those of officers, directors, and general partners;

2. The name and address of each principal and of each person who has contracted to become a principal in the applicant, including providing management services with respect to any part of gaming operations; the nature and cost of such principal's interest; and the name and address of each person who has agreed to lend money to the applicant;

3. Such information as the Commission considers appropriate regarding the character, background, and responsibility of the applicant and the principals, officers, and directors of the applicant;

4. A description of the casino gaming establishment in which such gaming operations are to be conducted and the city or county where such facility will be located. The Commission shall require such information about a casino gaming operation and its location as it deems necessary and appropriate to determine whether it complies with the minimum standards provided in this chapter and whether the conduct of casino gaming operations at such location will be in furtherance of the purposes of this chapter;

5. Such information relating to the financial responsibility of the applicant and the applicant's ability to perform under its license as the Commission considers appropriate;

6. If any of the facilities necessary for the conduct of casino gaming operations are to be leased, the terms of such lease;

7. Evidence of compliance by the applicant with the economic development and land use plans and design review criteria of the local governing body of the locality in which the casino gaming establishment is proposed to be located; and

8. Any other information that the Commission in its discretion considers appropriate.

B. Any application filed hereunder shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the applicant and shall be accompanied by the application fee provided for herein.

C. A nonrefundable application fee of \$50,000 shall be paid at the time of filing to defray the costs associated with the background investigation conducted by the Commission. If the costs of the investigation exceed \$50,000, the applicant shall pay the additional amount to the Commission. The Commission may establish regulations calculating the costs to the Commission in performing its functions under this chapter and allocating such costs to the applicants for licensure.

D. The licensed operator shall be the person primarily responsible for the casino gaming operation and compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

E. Any person who knowingly makes a false statement on an application is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

§ 59.1-563. Notice to local governing body; local impact.

A. The Commission shall notify the local governing body of the locality where a proposed casino gaming establishment will be located within 15 days of the filing of the application. Such notification shall be made through the county or city attorney or the chief law-enforcement officer of the locality. Within 30 days of receipt of the notification from the Commission, the local governing body shall submit its basis for supporting or objecting to the granting of a license.

B. The Commission shall consider the support of the local governing body and the compatibility of the applicant's proposed operations with the economic development and land use plans and design review criteria of the local governing body.

§ 59.1-564. Issuance of operator's license.

A. The Commission may issue an operator's license to a person only if it finds that:

1. The casino gaming establishment the applicant proposes to use on a permanent basis is or will be appropriate for the finest quality of casino gaming operations consistent with the purposes of this chapter;

2. The casino gaming establishment is situated in a locality in which at least 40 percent of the assessed value of all real estate situated in such locality is exempt from local property taxation pursuant to federal law or Article X, Section 6 or 6-A of the Constitution of Virginia;

3. If the applicant is an entity, its securities are fully paid and, in the case of stock, nonassessable and have been subscribed and will be paid for only in cash or property to the exclusion of past services;

4. All principals meet the criteria of this subsection and have submitted to the jurisdiction of the Virginia courts, and all nonresident principals have designated the Executive Secretary of the Commission as their agent for receipt of process;

5. If the applicant is an entity, it has the right to purchase at fair market value the securities of, and require the resignation of, any person who is or becomes disqualified under subsection B;

6. The applicant meets the criteria established by this chapter and the Commission for the granting of an operator's license;

7. The applicant is qualified to do business in Virginia or is subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of the Commonwealth; and

8. The applicant has not previously been denied a license pursuant to subsection B.

B. The Commission shall deny a license to an applicant if it finds that for any reason the issuance of a license to the applicant would reflect adversely on the honesty and integrity of the casino gaming industry in the Commonwealth or that the applicant, or any officer, principal, manager, or director of the applicant:

1. Is or has been guilty of any illegal, corrupt, or fraudulent act, conduct, or practice in connection with gaming operations in this or any other state, has knowingly failed to comply with the provisions of this chapter or Commission regulations, or has been convicted of a felony;

2. Has had a license or permit to hold or conduct a gaming operation denied for cause, suspended, or revoked, in this or any other state or country, unless the license or permit was subsequently granted or reinstated;

3. Has at any time during the previous five years knowingly failed to comply with the provisions of this chapter or any Commission regulation;

4. Has knowingly made a false statement of material fact to the Commission or has deliberately failed to disclose any information requested by the Commission;

5. Has defaulted in the payment of any obligation or debt due to the Commonwealth and has not cured such default; or

6. Has operated or caused to be operated a casino gaming establishment for which a license is required under this chapter without obtaining such license.

C. No operator shall be granted more than one license, and no principal of a licensee shall at the same time be a principal of any other licensee.

§ 59.1-565. Duration and form of operator's license; bond.

A. A license issued under this chapter shall be for the period set by the Commission, not to be less than 10 years, but shall be reviewed no less frequently than annually to determine compliance with this chapter and Commission regulations. The Commission shall establish criteria and procedures for license renewal and for amending licenses to conform to changes in a licensee's operations. Renewal shall not be unreasonably refused.

B. The Commission shall require a bond with surety acceptable to it, and in an amount determined by it, to be sufficient to cover any indebtedness incurred by the licensee to the Commonwealth.

§ 59.1-566. Records to be kept; reports.

A. A licensed operator shall keep his books and records so as to show clearly the following:

1. The amount received daily from admission fees;

2. The total amount of gross receipts; and

3. The total amount of adjusted gross receipts.

B. The licensed operator shall furnish to the Commission reports and information as the Commission may require with respect to its activities on forms designated and supplied for such purpose by the Commission.

C. The books and records required under this section to be kept by a licensed operator are public records and the examination, publication, and dissemination of the books and records are governed by the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.).

§ 59.1-567. Audit of licensed operations.

Within 90 days after the end of each year, the licensed operator shall transmit to the Commission an audit of the financial transactions and condition of the licensee's total operations. All audits required by this section shall conform to Commission regulations.

Article 3.

Supplier's Permits.

§ 59.1-568. Supplier's permits; penalty.

A. The Commission may issue a supplier's permit to persons upon application therefor and the payment of a nonrefundable application fee set by the Commission, upon a determination by the Commission that the applicant is eligible for a supplier's permit and upon payment of a \$5,000 initial permit fee. A supplier's permit must be renewed annually at a fee to be determined by the Commission, not to exceed \$5,000, and is not transferable.

B. The holder of a supplier's permit may sell or lease, or contract to sell or lease, gaming equipment and supplies, or provide management services, to any licensee involved in the ownership or management of gaming operations to the extent provided in the permit.

C. Gaming supplies and equipment may not be distributed unless supplies and equipment conform to standards adopted by the Commission.

D. A person is ineligible to receive a supplier's permit if:

1. The person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the Commonwealth or any other state or of the United States;

2. The person has submitted an application for a license under this chapter that contains false information;

3. The person is a member or employee of the Commission;

4. The person is an entity in which a person defined in subdivision 1, 2, or 3 is an officer, director, principal, or managerial employee;

5. The firm or corporation employs a person who participates in the management or operation of casino gaming authorized under this chapter; or

6. The permit issued to such person under this chapter, or a license or permit to own or operate gaming facilities or supply goods or services to a gaming operation in any other jurisdiction, has been revoked.

E. Any person that supplies any gaming equipment, devices, or supplies to a licensed casino gaming operation or manages any operation, including a computerized network, of a casino shall first obtain a supplier's permit. A supplier shall furnish to the Commission a list of all management services, equipment, devices, and supplies offered for sale or lease in connection with the games authorized under this chapter. A supplier shall keep books and records for the furnishing of equipment, devices, and supplies to gaming operations separate and distinct from any other business that the supplier might operate. A supplier shall file a quarterly return with the Commission listing all sales and leases for which a permit is required. A supplier shall permanently affix its name to all its equipment, devices, and supplies for gaming operations. Any supplier's equipment, devices, or supplies that are used by any person in an unauthorized gaming operation shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth. A licensed operator may operate its own equipment, devices, and supplies and may utilize gaming equipment, devices, and supplies at such locations as may be approved by the Commission for the purpose of training enrollees in a school operated by the licensee to train persons who desire to become qualified for employment or promotion in gaming operations. The Commission may establish rules for the conduct of any such schools. Each holder of an operator's license under this chapter shall file an annual report listing its inventories of gaming equipment, devices, and supplies related to its operations in Virginia.

F. Any person who knowingly makes a false statement on an application is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

§ 59.1-569. Denial of permit final.

The denial of a supplier's permit by the Commission shall be final unless appealed under § 59.1-558, and a permit may not be applied for again for a period of five years from the date of denial without the permission of the Commission.

Article 4.

Suspension and Revocation of Licenses and Supplier's Permits; Acquisition of Interest in Licensee or Holder of Supplier's Permit.

§ 59.1-570. Suspension or revocation of license or permit.

After a hearing, with 15 days' notice, the Commission may suspend or revoke any license or supplier's permit, or assess a civil penalty against the holder thereof in a sum not to exceed \$100,000, in any case where it has reason to believe that any provision of this chapter, or any regulation or condition of the Commission, has not been complied with or has been violated. The Commission may revoke or suspend such license or permit if it finds that facts not known by it at the time it considered the application indicate that such license or permit should not have been issued. Deliberations of the Commission hereunder shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). If any such license or permit is suspended or revoked, the Commission shall state its reasons for doing so, which shall be entered of record. Such action shall be

final unless appealed in accordance with § 59.1-558. Suspension or revocation of a license or permit by the Commission for any violation shall not preclude criminal liability for such violation.

§ 59.1-571. Acquisition of interest in licensee or permit holder.

The Commission shall require any person desiring to become a principal of, or other investor in, any licensee or holder of a supplier's permit to apply to the Commission for approval and may demand such information of the applicant as it finds necessary. The Commission shall consider such application within 60 days of its receipt and if in its judgment the acquisition by the applicant would be detrimental to the public interest, to the honesty and integrity of casino gaming operations, or to its reputation, the application shall be denied.

Article 5.

Service Permits.

§ 59.1-572. Permit required.

No person shall participate in any casino gaming operations as a casino gaming employee, concessionaire or employee thereof, or other occupation the Commission considers necessary to regulate in order to ensure the integrity of casino gaming in the Commonwealth unless such person possesses a permit to perform such occupation issued by the Commission and complies with the provisions of this chapter and all Commission regulations. No permit issued under the provisions of this chapter shall be transferable.

§ 59.1-573. Application for permit.

A. Any person desiring to obtain a permit as required by this chapter shall apply on a form prescribed by the Commission. The application shall be accompanied by a fee prescribed by the Commission.

B. Any application filed hereunder shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the applicant.

§ 59.1-574. Consideration of application.

A. The Commission shall promptly consider any application for a service permit and issue or deny such permit based on the information in the application and all other information before it, including any investigation it considers appropriate. If an application for a permit is approved, the Commission shall issue a permit, containing such information as the Commission considers appropriate. Such permit shall be valid for one year. The Commission shall establish criteria and procedures for permit renewal.

B. The Commission shall deny the application and refuse to issue the permit, which denial shall be final unless an appeal is taken under § 59.1-558, if it finds that the issuance of such permit to such applicant would not be in the best interests of the Commonwealth or would reflect on the honesty and integrity of casino gaming in the Commonwealth or that the applicant:

1. Has knowingly made a false statement of a material fact in the application or has deliberately failed to disclose any information requested by the Commission;

2. Is or has been guilty of any corrupt or fraudulent practice or conduct in connection with gaming operations in this or any other state;

3. Has knowingly failed to comply with the provisions of this chapter or the regulations of the Commission;

4. Has had a permit to engage in activity related to casino gaming denied for cause, suspended, or revoked in this or any other state, and such denial, suspension, or revocation is still in effect;

5. Is unqualified to perform the duties required for the permit sought; or

6. Has been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony involving unlawful conduct of wagering, fraudulent use of a gaming credential, unlawful transmission of information, touting, bribery, embezzlement, administration or possession of drugs, or any crime considered by the Commission to be detrimental to casino gaming in the Commonwealth.

C. The Commission may refuse to issue a service permit if for any reason it feels the granting of such permit is not consistent with the provisions of this chapter or its responsibilities or any regulations promulgated by any other agency of the Commonwealth.

§ 59.1-575. Suspension or revocation of service permit; civil penalty.

The Commission may suspend or revoke a service permit issued under this chapter or assess a civil penalty against the holder of such permit in a sum not to exceed \$10,000, after a hearing for which proper notice has been given to the permit holder, in any case where it has reason to believe that any provision of this chapter or any regulation, order, or condition of the Commission has not been complied with or has been violated. The Commission may revoke or suspend such permit, after such hearing, if it finds that facts not known by it at the time it was considering the application indicate that such permit should not have been issued. If any permit is suspended or revoked, the Commission shall state its reasons for doing so, which shall be entered of record. Such action shall be final unless an appeal is taken in accordance with § 59.1-558. Suspension or revocation of a permit by the Commission for any violation shall not preclude criminal liability for such violation.

Article 6.

Conduct of Casino Gaming.

§ 59.1-576. Conduct of casino gaming.

A. Gaming may be conducted by licensed operators, subject to the following standards:

1. Minimum and maximum wagers on games shall be set by the licensee.
2. Agents of the Commission and the Department of State Police may enter any casino gaming establishment and inspect such facility at any time for the purpose of determining compliance with this chapter.
3. Employees of the Commission shall have the right to be present in any facilities under the control of the licensee.
4. Gaming equipment and supplies customarily used in conducting casino gaming shall be purchased or leased only from suppliers holding permits for such purpose under this chapter.
5. Persons licensed under this chapter shall permit no form of wagering on games except as permitted by this chapter.
6. Wagers may be received only from a person present at the licensed gaming establishment. No person present at such facility shall place or attempt to place a wager on behalf of another person who is not present at the facility.
7. No person under age 21 shall be permitted to be present where gaming is being conducted. No person under age 21 shall be permitted to make a wager under this chapter.
8. Casino gaming wagers shall be conducted only with tokens, chips, or electronic cards purchased from a licensed casino gaming operator. Such tokens, chips, or electronic cards may be used only for the purpose of making wagers on games.
9. No licensee or permit holder shall accept postdated checks in payment for participation in any gaming operation. No licensee or permit holder, or any person on the premises of a casino gaming establishment, shall extend lines of credit or accept any credit card or other electronic fund transfer in payment for participation in any gaming operation.

B. Gaming shall be conducted in accordance with all Commission regulations.

Article 7.**Taxation and Audit.****§ 59.1-577. Wagering tax; rate; distribution.**

A. A tax at the rate of 20 percent is imposed on the adjusted gross receipts of each licensed operator received from games authorized under this chapter. The taxes imposed by this section shall be paid by the licensed operator to the Commission no later than the close of the business day following the day when the adjusted gross receipts were received and shall be accompanied by forms and returns prescribed by the Commission. The Commission may suspend or revoke the license of an operator for willful failure to submit the wagering tax payment or the return within the specified time.

B. The proceeds of the tax imposed pursuant to subsection A shall be deposited by the Comptroller as follows:

1. Ninety percent shall be paid to the Toll Mitigation Fund established under § 33.1-223.2:30.
2. Ten percent shall be paid to the State Local Casino Gaming Proceeds Fund established pursuant to § 59.1-580.

§ 59.1-578. Admission tax; fees; distribution.

A. A tax is imposed upon admissions to gaming excursions authorized pursuant to this chapter at a rate of \$2 per person admitted. This admission tax is imposed upon the licensed operator.

1. If free passes or complimentary admission tickets are issued, the licensee shall pay the same tax upon these passes or complimentary tickets as if they were sold at the regular and usual admission rate.
2. The licensee may issue tax-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the licensee or other persons actually working in the casino gaming establishment.

3. The number and issuance of tax-free passes is subject to regulations of the Commission, and a list of all persons to whom the tax-free passes are issued shall be filed with the Commission.

B. From the \$2 tax imposed under subsection A:

1. Ninety percent shall be paid to the Toll Mitigation Fund established under § 33.1-223.2:30.
2. Ten percent shall be paid to the Local Casino Gaming Proceeds Fund established pursuant to § 59.1-580.

C. The licensed operator shall pay the entire admission tax to the Commission. Such payments shall be made at the time prescribed for paying the wagering tax. Accompanying each payment shall be a return on forms provided by the Commission that shall include other information regarding admissions as the Commission may require.

D. The Commission may suspend or revoke the license of an operator for willful failure to submit either the payment or the return within the specified time.

§ 59.1-579. Operations of the Commission.

From the amounts to be deposited to the Toll Mitigation Fund pursuant to this chapter, the Comptroller shall, on a monthly basis, deposit one-twelfth of the amount provided in the general

appropriation act for the operation and administration of the Commission into the Casino Gaming Commission Operations Fund established pursuant to § 59.1-560.

§ 59.1-580. State Local Casino Gaming Proceeds Fund.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the State Local Casino Gaming Proceeds Fund, hereafter referred to as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller. All moneys required to be deposited into the Fund pursuant to this chapter shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Expenditures from the Fund shall be made as follows:

1. For adjusted gross receipts tax established pursuant to § 59.1-577, payments shall be made to each locality in which casino gaming establishments are located in proportion to the quarterly adjusted gross receipts tax by the Comptroller no later than the twentieth day of the month immediately following the end of the calendar quarter. To facilitate such payments, the Commission shall provide a written certificate to the Comptroller reporting the most recent quarterly adjusted gross receipts generated in each locality not later than the tenth day of the month immediately following the end of the calendar quarter.

2. For the admission tax established pursuant to § 59.1-578, payments shall be made to the locality in which the admission tax was collected. Such payment shall be paid quarterly by the Commonwealth to the treasurer of such locality.

Article 8.

Prohibited Acts; Penalties.

§ 59.1-581. Illegal operation; penalty.

A. No person shall:

1. Operate casino gaming where wagering is used or to be used without a license issued by the Commission.

2. Operate casino gaming where wagering is permitted other than in the manner specified by this chapter.

3. Offer, promise, or give anything of value or benefit to a person who is connected with a casino gaming operation, including, but not limited to, an officer or employee of a licensed operator or permit holder, pursuant to an agreement or arrangement or with the intent that the promise or thing of value or benefit will influence the actions of the person to whom the offer, promise, or gift was made in order to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a game, or to influence official action of a member of the Commission or a local governing body.

4. Solicit or knowingly accept or receive a promise of anything of value or benefit while the person is connected with a casino gaming operation, including, but not limited to, an officer or employee of a licensed operator or permit holder, pursuant to an understanding or arrangement or with the intent that the promise or thing of value or benefit will influence the actions of the person to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a game, or to influence official action of a member of the Commission or a local governing body.

5. Use or possess with the intent to use a device to assist:

a. In projecting the outcome of a game;

b. In keeping track of the cards played;

c. In analyzing the probability of the occurrence of an event relating to a game; or

d. In analyzing the strategy for playing or betting to be used in a game except as permitted by the Commission.

6. Cheat at gaming.

7. Manufacture, sell, or distribute any cards, chips, dice, game, or device that is intended to be used to violate any provision of this chapter.

8. Alter or misrepresent the outcome of a game on which wagers have been made after the outcome is made sure but before it is revealed to the players.

9. Place a bet after acquiring knowledge, not available to all players, of the outcome of the gambling game that is the subject of the bet or to aid a person in acquiring the knowledge for the purpose of placing a bet contingent on that outcome.

10. Claim, collect, or take, or attempt to claim, collect, or take, money or anything of value in or from a game, with intent to defraud, without having made a wager contingent on winning the game, or claim, collect, or take an amount of money or thing of value of greater value than the amount won.

11. Use counterfeit chips or tokens in a game.

12. Possess any key or device designed for the purpose of opening, entering, or affecting the operation of a game, drop box, or electronic or mechanical device connected with the game or for removing coins, tokens, chips, or other contents of a game. This subdivision does not apply to a gaming licensee or employee of a gaming licensee acting in furtherance of the employee's employment.

13. Wager on the outcome of sporting events.

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 6 felony. In addition, any person convicted of a violation of subsection A shall be barred for life from casino gaming operations under the jurisdiction of the Commission.

§ 59.1-582. Fraudulent use of credential; penalty.

Any person other than the lawful holder thereof who has in his possession any credential, license, or permit issued by the Commission, or forged or simulated credential, license, or permit of the Commission, and who uses such credential, license, or permit for the purposes of misrepresentation, fraud, or touting is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

Any credential, license, or permit issued by the Commission, if used by the holder thereof for a purpose other than identification and in the performance of legitimate duties in a casino facility, shall be automatically revoked.

§ 59.1-583. Persons under 21 years of age prohibited; penalty.

No person shall wager on or conduct any wagering on the outcome of a game pursuant to the provisions of this chapter unless such person is 21 years of age or older. No person shall accept any wager from a person under age 21. Violation of this section is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 59.1-584. Conspiracies and attempts to commit violations; penalty.

A. Any person who conspires, confederates, or combines with another, either within or without the Commonwealth, to commit a felony prohibited by this chapter is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

B. Any person who attempts to commit any act prohibited by this article shall be guilty of a criminal offense and punished as provided in § 18.2-26, 18.2-27, or 18.2-28, as appropriate.

§ 59.1-585. Civil penalties.

Any person who conducts a gaming operation without first obtaining a license to do so, or who continues to conduct such games after revocation of his license, in addition to other penalties provided, shall be subject to a civil penalty equal to the amount of gross receipts derived from wagering on games, whether unauthorized or authorized, conducted on the day as well as confiscation and forfeiture of all gaming equipment used in the conduct of unauthorized games.

2. That the initial appointments to the Virginia Casino Gaming Commission as created by this act shall be as follows: one member for a term of one year, one member for a term of two years, one member for a term of three years, one member for a term of four years, and one member for a term of five years. Thereafter, all appointments shall be for terms of five years.

3. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 806 of the Acts of Assembly of 2013 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.