2014 SESSION

ENROLLED

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact § 2.2-4302.2, as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, relating 3 to the Virginia Public Procurement Act; competitive negotiation; limitation of certain term contracts; 4 exception.

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Approved

[H 948]

7 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

8 1. That § 2.2-4302.2, as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted 9 as follows: 10

§ 2.2-4302.2. (Effective July 1, 2014) Process for competitive negotiation.

A. The process for competitive negotiation shall include the following:

12 1. Issuance of a written Request for Proposal indicating in general terms that which is sought to be procured, specifying the factors that will be used in evaluating the proposal and containing or 13 incorporating by reference the other applicable contractual terms and conditions, including any unique 14 15 capabilities, specifications or qualifications that will be required;

2. Public notice of the Request for Proposal at least 10 days prior to the date set for receipt of 16 proposals by posting on the Department of General Services' central electronic procurement website or 17 other appropriate websites. Additionally, public bodies shall publish in a newspaper of general 18 19 circulation in the area in which the contract is to be performed so as to provide reasonable notice to the maximum number of offerors that can be reasonably anticipated to submit proposals in response to the 20 21 particular request. Posting on the Department of General Services' central electronic procurement website shall be required of any state public body. Local public bodies are encouraged to utilize the Department 22 23 of General Services' central electronic procurement website to provide the public with centralized 24 visibility and access to the Commonwealth's procurement opportunities. In addition, proposals may be 25 solicited directly from potential contractors. Any additional solicitations shall include certified businesses 26 selected from a list made available by the Department of Small Business and Supplier Diversity; and

27 3. For goods, nonprofessional services, and insurance, selection shall be made of two or more offerors deemed to be fully qualified and best suited among those submitting proposals, on the basis of 28 29 the factors involved in the Request for Proposal, including price if so stated in the Request for Proposal. 30 Negotiations shall then be conducted with each of the offerors so selected. Price shall be considered, but 31 need not be the sole or primary determining factor. After negotiations have been conducted with each offeror so selected, the public body shall select the offeror which, in its opinion, has made the best 32 33 proposal and provides the best value, and shall award the contract to that offeror. When the terms and 34 conditions of multiple awards are so provided in the Request for Proposal, awards may be made to more than one offeror. Should the public body determine in writing and in its sole discretion that only one 35 offeror is fully qualified, or that one offeror is clearly more highly qualified than the others under 36 37 consideration, a contract may be negotiated and awarded to that offeror; or

38 4. For professional services, the public body shall engage in individual discussions with two or more 39 offerors deemed fully qualified, responsible and suitable on the basis of initial responses and with 40 emphasis on professional competence, to provide the required services. Repetitive informal interviews 41 shall be permissible. The offerors shall be encouraged to elaborate on their qualifications and 42 performance data or staff expertise pertinent to the proposed project, as well as alternative concepts. In 43 addition, offerors shall be informed of any ranking criteria that will be used by the public body in addition to the review of the professional competence of the offeror. The Request for Proposal shall not, 44 45 however, request that offerors furnish estimates of man-hours or cost for services. At the discussion stage, the public body may discuss nonbinding estimates of total project costs, including, but not limited 46 47 to, life-cycle costing, and where appropriate, nonbinding estimates of price for services. In accordance with § 2.2-4342, proprietary information from competing offerors shall not be disclosed to the public or 48 49 to competitors. At the conclusion of discussion, outlined in this subdivision, on the basis of evaluation 50 factors published in the Request for Proposal and all information developed in the selection process to this point, the public body shall select in the order of preference two or more offerors whose 51 professional qualifications and proposed services are deemed most meritorious. 52

53 Negotiations shall then be conducted, beginning with the offeror ranked first. If a contract 54 satisfactory and advantageous to the public body can be negotiated at a price considered fair and 55 reasonable, the award shall be made to that offeror. Otherwise, negotiations with the offeror ranked first 56 shall be formally terminated and negotiations conducted with the offeror ranked second, and so on until

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such a contract can be negotiated at a fair and reasonable price. 57

58 Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the terms and conditions for multiple awards are included in the 59 Request for Proposal, a public body may award contracts to more than one offeror.

60 Should the public body determine in writing and in its sole discretion that only one offeror is fully 61 qualified or that one offeror is clearly more highly qualified and suitable than the others under consideration, a contract may be negotiated and awarded to that offeror. 62

B. For multiple projects, a contract for architectural or professional engineering services relating to 63 64 construction projects, or a contract for job order contracting, may be negotiated by a public body, provided (i) the projects require similar experience and expertise, (ii) the nature of the projects is clearly 65 66 identified in the Request for Proposal, and (iii) the contract is limited to a one-year term or when the 67 cumulative total project fees reach the maximum cost authorized in this subsection, whichever occurs 68 first.

69 Such contracts may be renewable for four additional one-year terms at the option of the public body. 70 The fair and reasonable prices as negotiated shall be used in determining the cost of each project 71 performed and the sum of all projects performed in a one-year contract term shall not exceed \$500,000, 72 except that for:

73 1. A state agency, as defined in § 2.2-4347, the sum of all projects performed in a one-year contract 74 term shall not exceed \$1 million as may be determined by the Director of the Department of General 75 Services;

76 2. Any locality or any authority, sanitation district, metropolitan planning organization or planning 77 district commission with a population in excess of 80,000, or any city within Planning District 8, the 78 sum of all projects performed in a one-year contract term shall not exceed \$5 million and those awarded 79 for any airport as defined in § 5.1-1 and aviation transportation projects, the sum of all such projects 80 shall not exceed \$1.5 million;

81 3. Architectural and engineering services for rail and public transportation projects by the Director of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation, the sum of all projects in a one-year contract term 82 83 shall not exceed \$2 million. Such contract may be renewable for two additional one-vear terms at the 84 option of the Director;

4. Environmental, location, design, and inspection work regarding highways and bridges by the 85 Commissioner of Highways, the initial contract term shall be limited to two years or when the 86 cumulative total project fees reach \$5 million, whichever occurs first. Such contract may be renewable 87 88 for two additional one-year terms at the option of the Commissioner, and the sum of all projects in each 89 one-year contract term shall not exceed \$5 million; and

90 5. Job order contracting, the sum of all projects performed in a one-year contract term shall not 91 exceed \$2 million.

92 Competitive negotiations for such contracts may result in awards to more than one offeror provided 93 (i) the Request for Proposal so states and (ii) the public body has established procedures for distributing 94 multiple projects among the selected contractors during the contract term.

95 C. For any single project, for (i) architectural or professional engineering services relating to construction projects, or (ii) job order contracting, the project fee shall not exceed \$100,000, or for 96 97 architectural or engineering services for airports as defined in § 5.1-1 and aviation transportation 98 projects, the project fee of any single project shall not exceed \$500,000, except that for:

99 1. A state agency as defined in § 2.2-4347, the project fee shall not exceed \$200,000, as may be 100 determined by the Director of the Department of General Services;

2. Any locality or any authority or sanitation district with a population in excess of 80,000, or any 101 102 city within Planning District 8, the project fee shall not exceed \$2 million; and 103

3. Job order contracting, the project fee shall not exceed \$400,000.

104 The limitations imposed upon single project fees pursuant to this subsection shall not apply to environmental, location, design, and inspection work regarding highways and bridges by the 105 Commissioner of Highways or architectural and engineering services for rail and public transportation 106 projects by the Director of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation. D. For the purposes of subsections B and C, any unused amounts from the first contract term shall 107

108 109 not be carried forward to the additional term.

110 E. Multiphase professional services contracts satisfactory and advantageous to the completion of large, phased, or long term projects may be negotiated and awarded based on a fair and reasonable price 111 for the first phase only, where the completion of the earlier phases is necessary to provide information 112 critical to the negotiation of a fair and reasonable price for succeeding phases. Prior to the entering into 113 114 any such contract, the public body shall (i) state the anticipated intended total scope of the project and (ii) determine in writing that the nature of the work is such that the best interests of the public body 115 116 require awarding the contract.